Disclosure Statement Pursuant to the Pink Basic Disclosure Guidelines

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC.

2245 Texas Drive, Ste 300 Sugar Land, Texas 77479 281-566-2500

https://solar-initiatives.com (Website) info@solar-initiatives.com (Email) SIC Code 7389

Annual Report

For the period ending July 31, 2023 (the "Reporting Period")

Outstanding Shares

The number of shares outstanding of our Common Stock was:

1,499,996,657 as of July 31, 2023

1,499,996,,657 as of July 31, 2022

•	heck mark whether the company is a shell company (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, Rule Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 15c2-11 of the Exchange Act of 1934):
Yes: □	No: ⊠
Indicate by ch	neck mark whether the company's shell status has changed since the previous reporting period:
Yes: □	No: ⊠
Change in C Indicate by ch	ontrol neck mark whether a Change in Control ¹ of the company has occurred over this reporting period:
Yes: □	No: ⊠

1) Name and address(es) of the issuer and its predecessors (if any)

The public company, NP Capital, Inc. was accepted for quotation on the NASDAQ Over the Counter Bulletin on July 15, 2008, under the symbol "NPCX". On August 21, 2008, the Company entered into a Website Purchase Agreement with Solar Energy, Inc. and on September 18, 2008, filed corporate amendments with the State of Delaware changing its name to Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. and on September 24, 2008, changed its symbol to "SNRY".

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, Inc. was formed as a Delaware corporation on June 20, 2006 for the purpose of operating acquired solar energy assets. Over the next several years, it formed or acquired several subsidiaries. By 2013, each of the subsidiaries was

dormant and were all closed.

Recognizing the limitations of the solar market as of 2013, the Company pursued plans of entertaining and hospitality industries. This re-direction of company resources never reached fruition, and since 2014, the Company has been virtually dormant.

Effective June 24, 2021, the Company was sold to Krisa Management who is currently researching an operating company to either merge or purchase the Company and reactivate the operations of the company.

The state of incorporation or registration of the issuer and of each of its predecessors (if any) during the past five years; Please also include the issuer's current standing in its state of incorporation (e.g. active, default, inactive):

Delaware - Active

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC concerning the issuer or its predecessors since inception:

None

List any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months:

As noted above, the company's controlling interest was acquired by Krisa Management

The address(es) of the issuer's principal executive office:

2245 Texas Drive, Ste300 Sugar Land, TX 77479

The address(es) of the issuer's principal place of business:

X Check if principal executive office and principal place of business are the same address:

Has the issuer or any of its predecessors been in bankruptcy, receivership, or any similar proceeding in the past five years?

No: ⊠ Yes: ☐ If Yes, provide additional details below:

2) Security Information

Transfer Agent

Name: Signature Stock Transfer

Phone: (972) 612-4120

Email: jason@signaturestocktransfer.com

Address: 14673 Midway Road, Suite 220, Addison, TX 75001

Publicly Quoted or Traded Securities:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the share information for its publicly quoted or traded equity securities. Use the fields below to provide the information, as applicable, for all outstanding classes of securities that are publicly traded/quoted.

Trading symbol: SNRY

Exact title and class of securities outstanding: Common

CUSIP: 83416P207 Par or stated value: 0.001

Total shares authorized: 1,500,000,000 as of July 31, 2023 Total shares outstanding: 1,499,996,657 as of July 31, 2023 Number of shares in the Public Float²: 1,477,961,648 as of July 31, 2023 Total number of shareholders of record: 391 as of July 31, 2023

Other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the share information for its other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities (e.g. preferred shares). Use the fields below to provide the information, as applicable, for all other authorized or outstanding equity securities.

Trading symbol:

Exact title and class of securities outstanding:

CUSIP:

Par or stated value:

None

Preferred

N/A

0.001

Total shares authorized: 10,000,000 as of July 31, 2023 Total shares outstanding: 1,000,000 as of July 31, 2023

Security Description:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the material rights and privileges of the securities issued by the company. Please provide the below information for each class of the company's equity securities, as applicable:

1. For common equity, describe any dividend, voting and preemption rights.

There are no dividend provisions, but common equity voting rights are 1 per 1 share

2. For preferred stock, describe the dividend, voting, conversion, and liquidation rights as well as redemption or sinking fund provisions.

If any dividend or other distribution payable in cash, securities or other property, including a dividend payable in shares of Common Stock, is declared on the Common Stock, each holder of shares of Convertible Preferred Stock on the record date for such dividend or distribution shall first be entitled to receive on the date of payment or distribution of such dividend or other distribution an amount equal to \$0.02 per share and thereafter shall be entitled to receive the same cash, securities or other property which such holder would have received on such record date if such holder was the holder of record of the number (including any fraction) of shares of Common Stock into which the shares of Convertible Preferred Stock then held by such holder are then convertible. No dividend or other distribution shall be declared or paid on the Common Stock unless the preferred dividend or other distribution that satisfies this Section 4 is first declared or paid on the Convertible Preferred Stock. Notwithstanding the foregoing, each share of the Convertible Preferred Stock shall be entitled to a cumulative

annual dividend equal to 20 percent of its Face Value on an annual basis, payable in arrears for each fiscal year ended July 31, with any amount due payable proportionately for any period of less than twelve months (the "Mandatory Dividend"). The Mandatory Dividend shall be paid by the Company on or before September 30 of the fiscal year following the fiscal year for which the Mandatory Dividend is due, and may be paid in cash, in Common Stock of the Company, or in a combination of cash and Common Stock, at the discretion of the Company. If paid in Common Stock of the Company, the number of shares of Common Stock to be issued shall

be determined based on the trailing 10-day volume weighted average trading price of the Common Stock on such exchange or other trading medium on which the Common Stock is then traded.

Describe any other material rights of common or preferred stockholders.

Except as otherwise required by law, the shares of Convertible Preferred Stock shall entitle the holders thereof to vote, on any matter submitted to a vote of the stockholders of the Corporation, with the holders of the Common Stock of the Corporation, provided that the holders of the Convertible Preferred Stock, as a class, shall be entitled collectively to 51 percent of the total vote of the issued and outstanding stock of the Corporation, Common or Preferred, on any matter on which the shareholders of the Corporation are entitled to vote.

4. Describe any material modifications to rights of holders of the company's securities that have occurred over the reporting period covered by this report.

None

3) Issuance History

A. Changes to the Number of Outstanding Shares

Indicate by check	mark whether there	were any changes	to the number of	f outstanding share	es within the past	two completed
fiscal years:						

No: X Yes: (If yes, you must complete the table below)

B. Promissory and Convertible Notes

Indicate by check mark whether there are any outstanding promissory, convertible notes, convertible debentures, or any other debt instruments that may be converted into a class of the issuer's equity securities:

No: \square Yes: $\boxed{\mathbf{X}}$ (If yes, you must complete the table below)

Use the space below to provide any additional details, including footnotes to the table above:

Date of Note Issuance	ng	Princip al Amount at Issuanc e (\$)	Interes t Accrue d (\$)	Maturi ty Date	Conversion Terms (e.g. pricing mechanism for determining conversion of instrument to shares)	Noteholder (entities must	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `
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						5 Star Consulting	Consulting
3/1/2014	135,000	135,000	-0-	None	None	LLC (bought from former owner) Brian Wilkinson -0- Investment control	•

4) Issuer's Business, Products and Services

Summarize the issuer's business operations

Summarize the issuer's business operations: On March 13, 2023, Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. executed a reseller agreement with Derezzed Inc. D/B/A ThreatGen to resell Threatgen services and develop, implement and update a Software As A Service (SaaS) sales strategy which focuses on approved ThreatGen SaaS products. The reseller agreement is part of the Company' overall strategy to become a leader in the cybersecurity industry that will include the acquisition of additional product offerings. The ThreatGen products allow Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc's. clients to establish a cyber program baseline and continuously monitor their progress through time by utilizing organizational situational analysis. The Company has updated its website highlighting the ThreatGen offerings that can be purchased online.

Please list any subsidiaries, parents, or affiliated companies.

None

Describe the issuers' principal products or services.

On March 13, 2023, Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. executed a reseller agreement with Derezzed Inc. D/B/A ThreatGen to resell Threatgen services and develop, implement and update a Software As A Service (SaaS) sales strategy which focuses on approved ThreatGen SaaS products. The reseller agreement is part of the Company' overall strategy to become a leader in the cybersecurity industry that will include the acquisition of additional product offerings. The ThreatGen products allow Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc's. clients to establish a cyberprogram baseline and continuously monitor their progress through time by utilizing organizational situational analysis. The Company has updated its website highlighting the ThreatGen offerings that can be purchased online.

5) Issuer's Facilities

The issuer's Corporate Headquarters are located at 2245 Texas Dr., Ste 300, Sugar Land, Texas 77479

6) Officers, Directors, and Control Persons

Name of Officer/Director or Control Person	Affiliation with Company (e.g. Officer Title /Director/Owner of more than 5%)	Residential Address (City / State Only)	Number of shares owned	Share type/class	Ownership Percentage of Class Outstanding	Note
Krisa Management	CEO/CFO/Chairman (Carey W. Cooley)	Sugar Land, Texas	1,000,000	Preferred	100 %	
SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW		SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	SEE BELOW	

Asher	Investor/former Creditor	Eau Claire, WI	107,764,706	Common	7.2%	
Enterprises,	(Chad M Asher,					
Inc	President)					

- a) Effective June 24, 2021, Krisa Management (Carey W. Cooley) purchased the preferred holdings of Michael Gelmon, and is submitting this report.
- b) The Voting rights of the authorized Preferred Shares, collectively, represent 51% of the voting rights of both classes combined.

7) Legal/Disciplinary History

- A. Identify whether any of the persons or entities listed above have, in the past 10 years, been the subject of:
 - 1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses):

NONE

2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;

NONE

 A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; or

NONE

4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended, or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.

NONE

B. Describe briefly any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the issuer or any of its subsidiaries is a party or of which any of their property is the subject. Include the name of the court or agency in which the proceedings are pending, the date instituted, the principal parties thereto, a description of the factual basis alleged to underlie the proceeding and the relief sought. Include similar information as to any such proceedings known to be contemplated by governmental authorities.

NONE

8) Third Party Service Providers

Provide the name, address, telephone number and email address of each of the following outside providers. You may add additional space as needed.

Securities Counsel

Name: Jonathan D. Leinwand, Esq.

Firm: Jonathan D. Leinwand, P.A. Address 1: 18305 Biscayne Blvd. Suite 200

Address 2: Aventura, FL 33160

Phone: 954-903-7856 Email: jonathan@jdlpa.com

Accountant

Name: Tyrus C. Young Firm: Factsco, LLC

Address 1: 1771 Holly Springs Rd. NE

Address 2: Marietta, GA 30062 Phone: 727 470-8684 Email: factsco@gmail.com

Other Service Providers

None

9) Financial Statements

A. The following financial statements were prepared in accordance with:

☐ IFRS

U.S. GAAP

B. The following financial statements were prepared by (name of individual)1:

Name: Tyrus C. Young

Title: Consultant

Relationship to Issuer: Vendor

Describe the qualifications of the person or persons who prepared the financial statements:

40+ years as a CPA/Consultant; 17 years preparing statements for SEC/OTC

The following financial statements are provided following this Disclosure Statement

- a. Balance Sheet; As of July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022
- b. Statement of Income; For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022
- c. Statement of Cash Flows; For the years ended July 31, 2023 and 2022
- d. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity from July 31, 2021 through July 31, 2023
- e. Notes to the Financial Statements for July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022

10) Issuer Certification

Principal Executive and Financial Officer:

- I, Carey W. Cooley, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this Annual Disclosure Statement of SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC.
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

October 28, 2023

/s/ Carey W. Cooley

Carey W. Cooley, CEO/CFO

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC. Balance Sheet

	July 31, 2023			July 31, 2022		
ASSETS	J)	Jnaudited)	_	(Unaudited)		
Current assets						
Cash	\$	-	\$	-		
Total current assets	_		_			
Other as sets		_		_		
Total Assets	\$	_	\$ =	_		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEF	ICIT)	•				
Current liabilities	Ф	120 21 4	Φ			
Accounts payable	\$	128,214	\$	-		
Note Payable		- 7.00		-		
Advances by Shareholder	_	5,760	_			
Total current liabilities		133,974		-		
Notes payable to shareholder		135,000	_	135,000		
Total Liabilities		268,974	_	135,000		
Stockholders' equity (deficit)						
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 1,000,000 and 1,000,000 shares issued and outstanding at July 31, 2023 and July 31, 2022, respectively Common stock, \$0.001 par value; ,6,990,000,000 shares authorized; 1,499,996,657 and 1,499,996,657 issued and outstanding at July 31, 2023		1,000		1,000		
July 31, 2022, respectively		1,499,997		1,499,997		
Additional paid-in capital		15,026,315		15,026,315		
Accumulated deficit	((16,796,286)	_	(16,662,312)		
Total stockholders' (deficit)		(268,974)	_	(135,000)		
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ <u></u>	0	\$_	0		

The accompany notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC. Income Statement

	For the				
	Years End	ded July 31,			
	2023	2022			
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)			
Consulting Revenues	\$	\$			
Operating Expenses					
General & Administrative	133,974				
Total Operating Expenses	133,974				
Net Operating Income	(133,974)	-			
Other Income (Expense)					
Total Other Income (Expense)					
NET INCOME	\$ (133,974)	\$ -			

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC. Cash Flows

For the Yearss Ended July 31, 2023 2022 (Unaudited) (Unaudited) Cash flows from operations (133,974)Net (loss) \$ \$ Loss on Sale of Marketable Securities Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash Accounts Receivable Prepaid expenses Write off of Inventory Accounts Payable 128,214 Accrued expenes Advances by Shareholder 5,760 Net cash provided by(used) operating activities 0 0 Cash flows from investing activities 0 0 0_ 0 Cash flows from financing activities Net Increase (Decrease) in cash 0 0 Cash, Beginning of Period

Cash, End of Period

The accompany notes are an integral part of these financial statements

0 \$

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC.

Shareholder Equity

					Additional		Total
	Common Stock		Preferred Stock		Paid in	Accumulated	Stockholder's
	Shares	Par Value	Shares	Par Value	Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance - July 31, 2021	1,499,996,657 \$	1,499,997	1,000,000 \$	1,000	\$ 15,026,315	\$ (16,662,312)	\$ (135,000)
Net Profit (Loss)							
Balance -July 31, 2022	1,499,996,657 \$	5 1,499,997	1,000,000 \$	1,000	\$ 15,026,315	\$ (16,662,312)	\$ (135,000)
Net Profit (Loss)						(133,974)	(133,974)
Balance -July 31, 2023	1,499,996,657 \$	1,499,997	1,000,000 \$	1,000	\$ 15,026,315	\$ (16,796,286)	\$ (268,974)

The accompany notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1 - Company Background

History of Company

The public company, NP Capital, Inc. was accepted for quotation on the NASDAQ Over the Counter Bulletin on July 15, 2008, under the symbol "NPCX". On August 21, 2008, the Company entered into a Website Purchase Agreement with Solar Energy, Inc. and on September 18, 2008, filed corporate amendments with the State of Delaware changing its name to Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. and on September 24, 2008, changed its symbol to "SNRY".

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, Inc. was formed as a Delaware corporation on June 20, 2006 for the purpose of operating acquired solar energy assets. Over the next several years, it formed or acquired several subsidiaries. By 2013, each of the subsidiaries was dormant and were all closed.

Recognizing the limitations of the solar market as of 2013, the Company pursued plans of entertaining and hospitality industries. This re-direction of company resources never reached fruition, and since 2014, the Company has been virtually dormant.

Effective June 24, 2021, the Company was sold to Krisa Management who is currently researching an operating company to either merge or purchase the Company and reactivate the operations of the company.

Nature of Business

SOLAR ENERGY INITIATIVES, Inc. was formed as a Delaware corporation on June 20, 2006 for the purpose of operating acquired solar energy assets. Over the next several years, it formed or acquired several subsidiaries. By 2013, each of the subsidiaries was dormant and were all closed.

Recognizing the limitations of the solar market as of 2013, the Company pursued plans of entertaining and hospitality industries. This re-direction of company resources never reached fruition, and since 2014, the Company has been virtually dormant.

Effective June 24, 2021, the Company was sold to Krisa Management who is currently researching an operating company to either merge or purchase the Company and reactivate the operations of the company.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Account Policies

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). In preparing this report the numbers and balances reflected in this report were supplied by the Company, though the underlying data was not presented for review.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and

disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant assumptions and estimates relate to the valuation of equity issued for services, valuation of equity associated with convertible debt, the valuation of derivative liabilities, and the valuation of deferred tax assets. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Fair Value Measurements and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company adopted ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements. ASC Topic 820 clarifies the definition of fair value, prescribes methods for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy to classify the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

Level 1: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities available at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, and inputs derived from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs which reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions on what assumptions the market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best available information.

The estimated fair value of certain financial instruments, including all current liabilities are carried at historical cost basis, which approximates their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Derivative Liability

We evaluate convertible instruments, options, warrants or other contracts to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivatives to be separately accounted for under ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." The result of this accounting treatment is that the fair value of the derivative is marked-to-market each balance sheet date and recorded as a liability. In the event the fair value is recorded as a liability, the change in fair value is recorded in the statement of operations as other income (expense). Upon conversion or exercise of a derivative instrument, the instrument is marked to fair value at the conversion date and then that fair value is reclassified to equity. Equity instruments that are initially classified as equity that become subject to reclassification under ASC Topic 815 are reclassified to liabilities at the fair value of the instrument on the reclassification date.

Deferred Taxes

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 740-10, Income Taxes ("ASC 740-10") for recording the provision for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed based upon the difference between the financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted marginal tax rate applicable when the related asset or liability is expected to be realized or settled. Deferred income tax expenses or benefits are based on the changes in the asset or liability during each period. If available evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Future changes in such valuation allowance are included in the provision for deferred income taxes in the period of change. Deferred income taxes may arise from temporary differences resulting from income and expense items reported for financial accounting and tax purposes in different periods.

Deferred taxes are classified as current or non-current, depending on the classification of assets and liabilities to which they relate. Deferred taxes arising from temporary differences that are not related to an asset or liability are classified as current or non-current depending on the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse and are considered immaterial.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company monitors outstanding receivables based on factors surrounding the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends, and other information. The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based on an assessment of the Company's ability to collect on customer accounts receivable. There is judgment involved with estimating the allowance for doubtful accounts and if the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in their inability to make the required payments, the Company may be required to record additional allowances or charges against revenues. The Company writes-off accounts receivable against the allowance when it determines a balance is uncollectible and no longer actively pursues its collection. As of July 31, 2018, and July 31, 2018 based upon the review of the outstanding accounts receivable, the Company has determined that an allowance for doubtful accounts is not material. The allowance for doubtful accounts is created by forming a credit balance which is deducted from the total receivables balance in the balance sheet.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years. When retired or otherwise disposed, the related carrying value and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and the net difference less any amount realized from disposition, is reflected in earnings.

Stock Based Compensation Expense

We expect to account any share-based compensation pursuant to SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004) Share-Based Payment, or SFAS No. 123R. SFAS No. 123R requires measurement of all employee share-based payments awards using a fair-value method. When a grant date for fair value is determined we will use the Black-Scholes-Merton pricing model. The Black-Scholes-Merton valuation calculation requires us to make key assumptions such as future stock price volatility, expected terms, risk-free rates and dividend yield. The weighted-average expected term for stock options granted was calculated using the simplified method in accordance with the provisions of Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107, Share-Based Payment. The simplified method defines the expected term as the average of the contractual term and the vesting period of the stock option. We will estimate the volatility rates used as inputs to the model based on an analysis of the most similar public companies for which Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. has data. We will use judgment in selecting these companies, as well as in evaluating the available historical volatility data for these companies.

SFAS No. 123R requires us to develop an estimate of the number of share-based awards which will be forfeited due to employee turnover. Annual changes in the estimated forfeiture rate may have a significant effect on share-based payments expense, as the effect of adjusting the rate for all expense amortization after January 1, 2006 is recognized in the period the forfeiture estimate is changed. If the actual forfeiture rate is higher than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment is made to increase the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in a decrease to the expense recognized in the financial statements. If the actual forfeiture rate is lower than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment is made to decrease the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in an increase to the expense recognized in the financial statements. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. We have never paid cash dividends, and do not currently intend to pay cash dividends, and thus have assumed a 0% dividend yield.

Solar Energy Initiatives, Inc. will continue to use judgment in evaluating the expected term, volatility and forfeiture rate related to its stock-based awards on a prospective basis, and in incorporating these factors into the model. If our actual experience differs significantly from the assumptions used to compute its stock-based compensation cost, or if different assumptions had been used, we may record too much or too little share-based compensation cost.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue includes product sales. The Company recognizes revenue from product sales in accordance with Topic 605 "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" which considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met:

- (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists,
- (ii) the services have been rendered and all required milestones achieved,
- (iii) the sales price is fixed or determinable, and
- (iv) Collectability is reasonably assured.

Convertible Debentures

If the conversion features of conventional convertible debt provide for a rate of conversion that is below market value at issuance, this feature is characterized as a beneficial conversion feature ("BCF"). A BCF is recorded by the Company as a debt discount pursuant to ASC Topic 470-20 "Debt with Conversion and Other Options." In those circumstances, the convertible debt is recorded net of the discount related to the BCF, and the Company amortizes the discount to interest expense, over the life of the debt.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments ("ASC 825-10") requires disclosure of the fair value of certain financial instruments. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable and accrued liabilities as reflected in the balance sheets, approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. All other significant financial assets, financial liabilities and equity instruments of the Company are either recognized or disclosed in the financial statements together with other information relevant for making a reasonable assessment of future cash flows, interest rate risk and credit risk. Where practicable the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined and disclosed; otherwise only available information pertinent to fair value has been disclosed.

The Company follows Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 820-10, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820-10") and Accounting Standards Codification subtopic 825-10, Financial Instruments ("ASC 825-10"), which permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value.

Beneficial Conversion Feature

For conventional convertible debt where the rate of conversion is below market value, the Company records a "beneficial conversion feature" ("BCF") and related debt discount.

When the Company records a BCF, the relative fair value of the BCF is recorded as a debt discount against the face amount of the respective debt instrument (offset to additional paid in capital) and amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss, capital loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs. The Company records interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as a component of general and administrative expenses. Our consolidated federal tax return and any state tax returns are not currently under examination.

The Company has adopted FASB ASC 740-10, Accounting for Income Taxes, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually from differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

ASU 2014-10, "Development Stage Entities (Topic 915): Elimination of Certain Financial Reporting Requirements". ASU 2014-10 eliminates the distinction of a development stage entity and certain related disclosure requirements, including the elimination of inception-to-date information on the statements of operations, cash flows and stockholders' equity. The amendments in ASU 2014-10 will be effective prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2014, and interim periods within those annual periods, however early adoption is permitted. The Company evaluated and adopted ASU 2014-10 during the year ended July 31, 2015.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern." The provisions of ASU No. 2014-15 require management to assess an entity's ability to continue as a going concern by incorporating and expanding upon certain principles that are currently in U.S. auditing standards. Specifically, the amendments (1) provide a definition of the term substantial doubt, (2) require an evaluation every reporting period including interim periods, (3) provide principles for considering the mitigating effect of management's plans, (4) require certain disclosures when substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management's plans, (5) require an express statement and other disclosures when substantial doubt is not alleviated, and (6) require an assessment for a period of one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). The amendments in this ASU are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this ASU on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 3 - Related Party Transaction

During the current fiscal year, the current majority owner has advanced \$128,021 for expenses incurred. Another shareholder has advanced \$5,760.

Note 4 – Commitments & contingencies

The Company has no commitments or contingences other than the \$135,000 promissory note to 5 Star Consulting LLC. Originally written in 2014 in favor of former CEO Michael Gelmon bearing interest at 8% per annum and allowed conversion to common stock, no interest was paid, nor was the note converted. On June 24, 2021, 5 Star Consulting LLC purchased the note from Michael Gelmon.

Note 5 – Going Concern

The Company's financial statements are prepared using the generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Continued losses may adversely affect the liquidity of the Company in the future. In view of the matters described in the preceding paragraph, recoverability of a major portion of the recorded asset amounts shown in the accompanying balance sheet is dependent upon continued operations of the Company, which in turn is dependent upon the Company's ability to raise additional capital, obtain financing and to succeed in its future operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Management has taken the following steps to revise its operating and financial requirements, which it believes are sufficient to provide the Company with the ability to continue as a going concern.

Note 6 – Subsequent Events

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 855, Subsequent Events, the Company evaluates events and transactions that occur after the balance sheet date for potential recognition in the financial statements. The effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence of conditions that existed at the balance sheet date are recognized in the financial statements as of July 31, 2020. In preparing these financial statements, the Company evaluated the events and transactions that occurred through the date these financial statements were issued.

None.