

NET SAVINGS LINK, INC.
Unaudited Balance Sheets

	February 28, 2017	November 30, 2016
ASSETS		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 76,537	\$ 75,061
Accrued interest	95,938	85,227
Accrued wages	287,153	257,564
Notes payable - Related party	41,777	38,777
Derivative liabilities	303,345	311,143
Convertible notes payable	<u>228,476</u>	<u>228,476</u>
Total Current Liabilities	<u>1,033,226</u>	<u>996,248</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY(DEFICIT)		
Series A Preferred Stock, \$0.00001 par value, 225,000,000 shares authorized, 30,000,000 and 30,000,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	300	300
Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.00001 par value, 775,000,000 shares authorized, 125,000,000 and 125,000,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	1,250	1,250
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 2,999,837,408 and 2,999,837,408 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	2,999,838	2,999,838
Additional paid-in capital	(1,659,053)	(1,659,053)
Accumulated deficit	<u>(2,375,561)</u>	<u>(2,338,583)</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity (deficit)	<u>(1,030,226)</u>	<u>(996,248)</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

NET SAVINGS LINK, INC.
Unaudited Statements of Operations

	For the Three Months Ended February 28, 2017	For the Three Months Ended February 29, 2016
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Officer Compensation	\$ 29,589	\$ 34,027
General and administrative	4,476	22,189
	<u>34,065</u>	<u>56,216</u>
OPERATING LOSS	<u>(31,065)</u>	<u>(56,216)</u>
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Gain (loss) on derivative	7,798	48,807
Interest expense	<u>(10,711)</u>	<u>(12,532)</u>
	<u>(2,913)</u>	<u>36,275</u>
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (36,978)</u>	<u>\$ (19,941)</u>
BASIC NET LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
BASIC WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	<u>2,999,837,408</u>	<u>2,999,837,408</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

NET SAVINGS LINK, INC.
Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended February 28, 2017	For the Three Months Ended February 29, 2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (36,978)	\$ (19,941)
Items to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
(Gain) loss on derivative	(7,798)	(48,807)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	4,476	8,462
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	10,711	12,531
Increase in accrued wages	29,589	34,028
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,730)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from notes payable – related party	-	13,480
Cash paid for series B preferred stock	<u>-</u>	<u>250</u>
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	<u>-</u>	<u>13,730</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	-	-
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>
CASH PAID FOR:		
Interest	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

NET SAVINGS LINK, INC.
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements
February 28, 2017

1. Nature of Operations and Continuance of Business

The unaudited interim financial statements included herein have been prepared by Net Savings Link, Inc. (“NSL” or the “Company”) in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. We suggest that these interim financial statements be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements and notes for the year ended November 30, 2016. We believe that all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented have been reflected herein and that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information not misleading. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. Notes to the financial statements which would substantially duplicate the disclosure contained in the audited financial statements for the most recent fiscal year.

2. Going Concern

NSL’s financial statements are prepared using Generally Accepted Accounting Principles applicable to a going concern that contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. However, NSL has generated minimal revenue and accumulated significant losses since inception. As of February 28, 2017, company has accumulated deficit of \$2,375,561 and a working capital deficit of \$1,033,226. All of these items raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management’s plans with respect to alleviating the adverse financial conditions that caused management to express substantial doubt about the NSL’s ability to continue as a going concern are as follows:

In order to fund the start-up of operations during the year ended November 30, 2017, management plans to enter into several financing transactions and try to raise funds. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generating profitable operations that produce positive cash flows. If the Company is not successful, it may be forced to raise additional debt or equity financing.

There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to achieve its business plans, raise any more required capital or secure the financing necessary to achieve its current operating plan. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plan described in the preceding paragraph and eventually attain profitable operations. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

3. Related Party Transactions

The Company accrued wages for its current President and CEO at a rate of \$120,000 per year. As of February 28, 2017 and November 30, 2016, the Company owed a total of \$287,153 and \$257,564, respectively, to the current and predecessor President and CEO of the Company for back due wages.

Upon his taking over of the Company in January 2016, the Company began accruing \$1,000 per month for office rental and supplies from its President and CEO. As of February 28, 2017 and November 30, 2016, there is \$12,000 and \$9,000 due under this arrangement, respectively.

During February 2016, the President and CEO of the Company purchased 25,000,000 shares of preferred stock series A for cash of \$250.

As of February 28, 2017 and November 30, 2016, the President and CEO of the Company was owed \$41,777 and \$38,777, respectively, for payment of expenses on behalf of the Company.

4. Derivative Liabilities

NSL analyzed the conversion options embedded in the Convertible Promissory Notes for derivative accounting consideration under ASC 815, Derivatives and Hedging, and determined that the instruments embedded in the above referenced convertible promissory notes should be classified as liabilities and recorded at fair value due to their being no explicit limit to the number of shares to be delivered upon settlement of the conversion options. Additionally, the above referenced convertible promissory notes contain dilutive issuance clauses. Under these clauses, based on future issuances of NSL's common stock or other convertible instruments, the conversion price of the above referenced convertible promissory notes can be adjusted downward. Because the number of shares to be issued upon settlement of the above referenced convertible promissory notes cannot be determined under this instrument, NSL cannot determine whether it will have sufficient authorized shares at a given date to settle any other future share instruments.

During the three months ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016, \$7,798 and \$48,807, respectively, was recorded as net gains on mark-to-market of the conversion options and warrants.

The following table summarizes the derivative liabilities included in the balance sheet at February 28, 2017 and November 30, 2016:

Derivative liabilities November 30, 2014	\$	274,336
Loss on change in fair value		36,807
Balance at November 30, 2015		<u>311,143</u>
Gain on change in fair value		(7,798)
Balance at November 30, 2016	\$	<u><u>303,345</u></u>

During the three months ended February 28, 2017 and February 29, 2016, the Company recognized \$7,798 and \$48,807, respectively.

The Company valued its derivatives liabilities using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Assumptions used during the three months ended February 28, 2017 include: (1) risk-free interest rates between 0.40% to 1.22%, (2) lives of between 0.1 and 2.3 years, (3) expected volatility of between 226% to 514%, (4) zero expected dividends, (5) conversion prices as set forth in the related instruments, and (6) the common stock price of the underlying share on the valuation dates.

5. Financial Instruments

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements* (ASC 820) and ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* (ASC 825), requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. It establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used to measure fair value. A financial instrument's categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. It prioritizes the inputs into three levels that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Level 1 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Level 2 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions

(less active markets); or model-derived valuations in which significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data.

Level 3 - Level 3 applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable inputs to the valuation methodology that are significant to the measurement of the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

NSL's financial instruments consist principally of cash, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities. Pursuant to ASC 820 and 825, the fair value of cash is determined based on "Level 1" inputs, which consist of quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. The recorded values of all other financial instruments approximate their current fair values because of their nature and respective maturity dates or durations.

The following table sets forth by level with the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on February 28, 2017:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 303,345	\$ 303,345

The following table sets forth by level with the fair value hierarchy the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on November 30, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Liabilities				
Derivative financial instruments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 311,143	\$ 311,143

6. Subsequent Events

During March 2017, a holder of a convertible note payable elected to convert \$8,980 in principal into 149,666,667 shares of common stock, or \$0.00006 per share.

During April 2017, the Company authorized a 10% restricted stock dividend to holders of NSL common stock on the date of record, June 1, 2017

During May 2017, the Company collected cash of \$56,500 for the sale of 113,000,000 shares of restricted common stock at \$0.0005 per share. However, the shares have not been issued and the cash is being held as a liability stock deposit.