

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.
OTC Pink Quarterly Report and
Disclosure Statement March
31, 2015

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Information included in this quarterly report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (“Securities Act”), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (“Exchange Act”). This information may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc. (the “Company”), to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements, which involve assumptions and describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company, are generally identifiable by use of the words “may,” “will,” “should,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “believe,” “intend,” or “project” or the negative of these words or other variations on these words or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions that may be incorrect, and there can be no assurance that these projections included in these forward-looking statements will come to pass. Actual results of the Company could differ materially from those expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Except as required by applicable laws, the Company has no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason, even if new information becomes available or other events occur in the future.

**Please note that throughout this Quarterly Report, and unless otherwise noted, the words “we,” “our,” “us,” the “Company, or “Pyramidion” refers to Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.*

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc. OTC Pink Quarterly Report and Disclosure Statement March 31, 2015

1) The Issuer and Its Predecessors

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc., (the “Issuer”) was originally formed on August 27, 1997, in the State of Florida as Auto Central USA, Inc.

On February 20, 2002, the Issuer changed its name from Auto Central USA, Inc. to General Defense Systems, Inc. The Amendment to the Issuer’s Articles of Incorporation changing its name to General Defense Systems, Inc.,

On February 18, 2005 the Issuer changed its name from General Defense Systems, Inc. to GenMedx, Inc. The Issuer’s Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation changing its name to GenMedx, Inc.

On October 27, 2003, the Issuer changed its domicile from the state of Florida to Nevada.

Effective June 19, 2013, the Issuer changed its name to Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc. The Issuer's Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation changing its name to Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.

2) Principal Executive Offices

The Issuer's principal executive offices are located at: 4581 Weston Rd. Suite #203
Weston, FL 33331

The Issuer's Chief Executive Officer, Carlos Hurtado, is responsible for its investor relations. The Issuer has not engaged an investor relations firm.

3) Security Information

The Issuer has one class of stock authorized and outstanding which is its common shares, \$.001 par value per share.

The Issuer's Committee on Uniform Securities Identification Procedures ("CUSIP") number is 747239 101, and its common shares are quoted by the OTC Markets OTC Pink with the symbol PYTG.

The Issuer is authorized to issue 25,000,000 shares of common stock. As of March 31, 2015, the Issuer had 4,648,429 shares of common stock outstanding. The Issuer is not authorized to issue any other class of stock.

The Issuer's Transfer Agent is Manhattan Transfer Registrar Co. their address is 531 Cardens Court Erie CO 80516 their telephone number is (631) 928-7655, and Facsimile is (631) 209-8143. Manhattan Transfer Registrar Co's website is www.mtrco.com and their email is jahearn@mtrco.com

Manhattan Transfer Registrar Company is registered as a transfer agent with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

There are no restrictions on the transfer of the Issuer's common shares other than those imposed by federal and state securities laws.

The Issuer has never been the subject to a trading suspension order issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission.

On March 6, 2002, the Issuer completed a share exchange which resulted in: (a) Insight Security Systems Inc., a Florida corporation ("Insight Security"), becoming its subsidiary; (b) the Company issuing 12,571,427 shares of its common stock to Insight Security's shareholders;

(c) David Frank becoming the Company's sole officer and director (d) Insight's shareholders obtaining shareholder voting control of the Company; and (e) Insight Security's operations becoming the Company's operations.

The Issuer has not engaged in a stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization within the past 12 months, and has no present plans to engaging in a stock split. Since its inception, the Issuer had one change of control in February 2002, which resulted in the Issuer acquiring the business operations of a privately held company controlled by David L. Frank, the Issuer's sole officer and director.

4) Issuance History

On May 1, 2013, the Issuer issued 1,500,000 shares of its common stock to David L. Frank in exchange for accrued salary owed to David L. Frank our Chief Executive Officer for services rendered from year 2006 to April 30, 2013. The Issuer relied upon Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). Section 4(2) was available for the offer and sale to Mr. Frank because it did not involve a public offering. Other than the foregoing, the Issuer has not offered or sold any of its securities in the past two years.

5) Financial Statements

The Issuer's financial statements for its interim period ending March 31, 2015 will be posted on the OTC Markets website by the Issuer upon completion.

The Issuer's financial statements include the Issuer's balance sheet, statement of income, statement of cash flows, and financial notes, and are presented at the end of the document.

6) Describe the Issuer's Business, Products and Services

A. The Issuer's Operations

The Issuer is engaged in Marketing and Sales of alternative energy and energy storage technologies. On February 15, 2002, David L Frank became the Issuer's president and a director and since such time has overseen the Issuer's research and development.

In May 16, 2012, Mr. Frank received the prestigious award, of the Domestic Nuclear Detection Office for "Superior Performance under the Neutron Detector Replacement Program (NDRP) presented at SORMA as part of the IEEE forum from the Department of Homeland Security. Mr. Frank holds a Doctorate in Electronics and a Doctor of Philosophy in Nuclear Physics.

Mr. Frank holds sixteen US patents in homeland security applications and eight patents pending for alternative energy technologies. These technologies include low energy nuclear reactors, battery technologies, solar energy conversion, advanced neutron detectors, mobile radiation detection, isotope identification and location systems along with chemical and biological detection and identification systems.

Under the guidance of David L. Frank, the Issuer is evaluating multiple technologies for commercialization and market introduction.

The Company does not have any current contracts or technology licenses.

B. The Issuer's History

The Issuer was originally formed on August 26, 1997, in the State of Florida as Auto Central USA, Inc. The Issuer changed its domicile to Nevada on October 22, 2004.

The Issuer's primary and secondary SIC Codes are set forth below.

873201	Market analysis, business, and economic research	12,337
874203	Marketing consulting services	59,173
87420304	New products and services consultants	456

2002NAICS	2007NAICS	2012NAICS	Corresponding Index Entries
541613	541613	541613	Customer service management consulting services
541613	541613	541613	Marketing consulting services
541613	541613	541613	Marketing management consulting services
541613	541613	541613	New product development consulting services
541613	541613	541613	Sales management consulting services

D. The Issuer's fiscal year end is December 31.

7) Describe the Issuer's Facilities

The Issuer's facilities are located at, 4581 Weston Rd. Suite #203 Weston, FL 33331.

The Issuer does not own any real property or facilities.

8) **Officers, Directors, and Control Persons**

Names of Officers, Directors, and Control Persons.

On November 18, 2016 Carlos Hurtado was appointed to the Board of Directors and subsequently the resignation of David L. Frank was received and accepted.

David L. Frank, the Issuer's former sole officer and director holds 4,190,125 shares of the Issuer's common Stock which represents approximately 89.4% of the Issuer's common shares outstanding. There are no other holders of more than five percent (5%) or more of the Issuer's common stock.

Mr. Frank Mr. David L. Frank is the Founder, President and a Director of Blue Horizon Innovations LLC. He has more than 25 years' experience in the development of new technologies and market introduction of those technologies. Mr. Frank holds sixteen US patents in homeland security applications and eight patents pending for alternative energy technologies. These technologies include low energy nuclear reactors, battery technologies, solar energy conversion, advanced neutron detectors, mobile radiation detection, isotope identification / location systems along with chemical and biological detection and identification systems. Numerous important products have been commercialized and deployed based on this intellectual property. Mr. Frank worked at IBM for five years, GTE for six years and Siemens for fifteen years prior to founding Innovative American Technology and then Blue Horizon Innovations. Mr. Frank has represented a number of industry-leading technology companies at national and international forums on new technologies and protocol standards. He has also led implementation teams for the introduction of emerging new technologies in computer and data communications.

Awards

In May 16, 2012, Mr. Frank received an award from the Department of Homeland Security: Domestic Nuclear Detection Office for "Superior Performance under the Neutron Detector Replacement Program (NDRP) presented at SORMA as part of the IEEE forum.

A. Legal/Disciplinary History.

None of the Issuer's officers, directors or control persons have, in the last five years, been the subject of:

1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended

or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;

3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; or

4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.

B. Beneficial Shareholders.

The Issuer has one shareholder that holds more than ten percent (10%) of its common shares which is David L. Frank, the Issuer's sole officer and director who holds in excess of 10% of the Issuer's common shares. The Issuer has no other classes of securities outstanding.

1) Third Party Service Providers

Legal Counsel

The Issuer has not engaged the services of legal counsel at this time.

Accountant or Auditor

The Issuer has not engaged the services of an accountant or auditor at this time.

Investor Relations

The Issuer has not engaged investor relations personnel at this time.

2) Issuer Certification

The issuer shall include certifications by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the issuer (or any other persons with different titles, but having the same responsibilities).

The certifications shall follow the format below:

I, Carlos Hurtado certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Information and Disclosure Statement of Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly represent in all material respects the financial condition, result of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

By  _____

Carlos Hurtado, President

Dated: March 3, 2017

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

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PyramidionTechnology Group, Inc.
BALANCE SHEETS

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 836	\$ 2,946
Accounts Receivable	-	-
	836	2,946
Total assets	836	2,946
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-
Related Party Loan	16,050	13,500
	16,050	13,500
Total liabilities	16,050	13,500
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock; authorized 100,000,000; 4,686,429 shares at \$0.001 par value	4,686	4,686
Additional Paid in Capital	(2,936)	(2,936)
Retained earnings (Deficit) accumulated	(16,964)	(12,304)
	(15,214)	(10,554)
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 836	\$ 2,946

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2015	For the Three Month Period Ended March 31, 2014
Revenue		15,000
Operating Expenses:		
General and administrative	\$ 4,660	\$ 11,148
Total Operating Expenses	(4,660)	3,852
Other Expenses		
Interest Expense, net	-	-
Net gain/ loss for the period	\$ (4,660)	\$ 3,852
Net loss per share:		
Basic and diluted	\$ -	\$ -
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic and diluted	4,686,429	4,686,429

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc.
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Three Months ended March 31, 2015	For the Three Months ended March 31, 2014
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (4,660)	\$ 3,852
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities	\$ -	\$ (4,000)
Interest Expense	-	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	-	-
Net Cash Used in Operating activities	(4,660)	(148)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from Related Party Loan	2,550	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	2,550	-
Decrease in cash during the period	(2,110)	(148)
Cash, beginning of period	2,946	1,484
Cash, end of period	\$ 836	\$ 1,336
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the period		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -
Interest	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial
statements

PYRAMIDION TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated on August 27, 1997, in the State of Florida and subsequently re-domiciled in the State of Nevada. The Issuer is engaged in Marketing and Sales of alternative energy and energy storage technologies.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements of Pyramidion Technology Group, Inc. (the "Company") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

Going Concern

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. As reflected in the accompanying condensed financial statements, the Company has incurred recurring gains and losses. For the three months ended March 31, 2015, the Company recorded a net loss of \$16,964 used cash to fund operating activities of \$4,660, and at March 31, 2015, had an accumulated deficit of \$16,964. These factors create substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

The Company's management plans to continue as a going concern revolve around its ability to develop its current business plan, as well as raise necessary capital to pay ongoing general and administrative expenses of the Company. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on securing additional sources of capital and the success of the Company's plan. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in raising the additional capital or in achieving profitable operations. To date the Company has been un successful in raising additional funds..

Our cash needs for the three months ended March 31, 2015 were primarily met by existing funds and a short-term loan payable of \$4,000. As of March 31, 2015 we had a cash balance of \$836. Our majority shareholder is providing all of our working capital and will continue to do so until at least December 31, 2015.

These financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all normal recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2015.

PYRAMIDION TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 -SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase that are readily convertible into cash to be cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, there were no cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes FASB ACS 740, "*Income Taxes*," which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The accounting guidance for uncertainties in income tax prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. The Company recognizes a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position in the financial statements only when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits and a consideration of the relevant taxing authority's widely understood administrative practices and precedents.

Interest and penalties on tax deficiencies recognized in accordance with ACS accounting standards are classified as income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740-10-50-19.

We have implemented certain provisions of ASC 740, Income Taxes ("ASC 740"), which clarifies the accounting and disclosure for uncertain tax positions, as defined. ASC 740 seeks to reduce the diversity in practice associated with certain aspects of the recognition and measurement related to accounting for income taxes. We adopted the provisions of ASC 740 and have analyzed filing positions in United States jurisdictions where we are required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in these jurisdictions. We have identified the United States as our "major" tax jurisdiction. Generally, we remain subject to United States examination of our income tax returns.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASC (Accounting Standards Codification) 820-10 (SFAS No. 157), "*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*" for financial assets and liabilities. ASC 820-10 provides a framework for measuring fair value and requires expanded disclosures regarding fair value measurements.

PYRAMIDION TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FASB ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received for an asset or the exit price that would be paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. FASB ASC 820-10 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs, where available. The following summarizes the three levels of inputs required by the standard that the Company uses to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the related assets or liabilities.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Basic and Diluted Earnings (loss) Per Share

Net loss per share is calculated in accordance with FASB ASC 260, *Earnings Per Share*, for the period presented. ASC 260 requires presentation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share. Basic income (loss) per share (“Basic EPS”) is computed by dividing net loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share (“Diluted EPS”) is similarly calculated. Dilution is computed by applying the treasury stock method. Under this method, options and warrants are assumed to be exercised at the beginning of the period (or at the time of issuance, if later), and as if funds obtained thereby were used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period. For the nine months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016, there were no potentially dilutive securities.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2014, the FASB issued the FASB Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-15 “Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern (“ASU 2014-15”).

In connection with preparing financial statements for each annual and interim reporting period, an entity’s management should evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the *financial statements are issued* (or within one year after the date that the *financial statements are available to be issued* when applicable). Management’s evaluation should be based on relevant conditions and events that are known and reasonably knowable at the date that the *financial statements are issued* (or at the date that the *financial statements are available to be issued* when applicable). Substantial doubt about an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern exists when relevant conditions and events, considered in the aggregate, indicate that it is probable that the entity will be unable to meet its obligations as they become due within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). The term *probable* is used consistently with its use in Topic 450, Contingencies.

When management identifies conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about an entity’s ability to continue as a going concern, management should consider whether its plans that are intended to mitigate those relevant conditions or events will alleviate the substantial doubt. The mitigating effect of management’s plans should be considered only to the extent that (1) it is probable that the plans will be effectively implemented and, if so, (2) it is probable that the plans will mitigate the conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern.

PYRAMIDION TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

If conditions or events raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, but the substantial doubt is alleviated as a result of consideration of management's plans, the entity should disclose information that enables users of the financial statements to understand all of the following (or refer to similar information disclosed elsewhere in the footnotes):

- a. Principal conditions or events that raised substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern (before consideration of management's plans)
- b. Management's evaluation of the significance of those conditions or events in relation to the entity's ability to meet its obligations
- c. Management's plans that alleviated substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

If conditions or events raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and substantial doubt is not alleviated after consideration of management's plans, an entity should include a statement in the footnotes indicating that there is *substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern* within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued (or available to be issued). Additionally, the entity should disclose information that enables users of the financial statements to understand all of the following:

- a. Principal conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern
- b. Management's evaluation of the significance of those conditions or events in relation to the entity's ability to meet its obligations
- c. Management's plans that are intended to mitigate the conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other recent accounting pronouncements issued by the FASB, including its Emerging Issues Task Force, the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Securities and Exchange Commission did not or is not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 3 – GOING CONCERN

The Company has sustained operating losses since inception. The Company's continuation as a going concern is dependent on its ability to generate sufficient cash flows from operations to meet its obligations and/or obtaining additional financing from its shareholders or other sources, as may be required.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern; however, the above condition raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to do so. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that may result should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

Management is endeavoring to begin principal revenue generating operations however, may not be able to do so within the next fiscal year. Management is also seeking to raise additional working capital through various financing sources, including the sale of the Company's equity securities, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all.

PYRAMIDION TECHNOLOGY GROUP, INC.
**NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS**

If such financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to continue our business as desired and operating results will be adversely affected. In addition, any financing arrangement may have potentially adverse effects on us or our stockholders. Debt financing (if available and undertaken) will increase expenses, must be repaid regardless of operating results and may involve restrictions limiting our operating flexibility. If we issue equity securities to raise additional funds, the percentage ownership of our existing stockholders will be reduced and the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of the holders of our common stock.

NOTE 4 - LOAN FROM RELATED PARTY

As of March 31, 2015, the Company received advances totaling an aggregate of \$17,500 from the CEO of the Company, the advance is unsecured, non-interest bearing and is due upon demand giving 30 days written notice to the borrower.