



NOTICE OF THE ORDINARY MEETING OF THE GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS ASSEMBLY

TO BE HELD ON MARCH 27, 2026

AND

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

Dated February 17, 2026

NOTICE OF THE ORDINARY MEETING OF THE GENERAL SHAREHOLDERS ASSEMBLY

Notice is hereby given that the President and Chief Executive Officer of Mineros S.A. (the “**Company**”), using the powers set out in Article 24 of the Company’s bylaws (“**Bylaws**”), has called an ordinary meeting (the “**Meeting**”) of the shareholders of the Company, to be held at 11:00 a.m. (Colombia Time) on March 27, 2026, at Hotel Marriott, Calle 1a Sur #43a-83, in the City of Medellín, Antioquia, Colombia.

Matters to be voted on or addressed will be as follows:

1. Verification of quorum and introduction to the Meeting.
2. Approval of the Meeting agenda.
3. Appointment of the commission for the scrutiny, review and approval of minutes of the Meeting (the “**Review Commission**”).
4. Presentation of management’s annual report for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the “**Management Report**”).
5. Presentation of the unconsolidated and consolidated Colombian financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the “**Colombian Financial Statements**”).
6. Presentation of the report of Deloitte & Touche S.A.S. (“**Deloitte Colombia**”), the Company’s statutory auditor.
7. Approval of the Management Report.
8. Approval of the Colombian Financial Statements.
9. Approval of Share Repurchase Programs.
10. Approval of Share Repurchase Reserve.
11. Presentation and approval of the board’s profit distribution proposal by way of dividend.
12. Approval of the Bylaw Amendments.
13. Advisory vote on individual directors of the Company.
14. Election of the directors of the Company.
15. Approval of director compensation.
16. Any other business that may properly come before the Meeting.

The accompanying management information circular (the “**Circular**”) provides additional information relating to the matters to be dealt with at the Meeting. Shareholders are reminded to review all information contained in the Circular prior to voting.

Accessing online “listen-only” webcast of the Meeting

A live “listen-only” webcast of the Meeting will be publicly available through the Company’s website at www.mineros.com.co, starting at 11:00 a.m. (Colombia Time) (12:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time) on March 27, 2026. Persons attending the live webcast will only be able to watch and listen to the proceedings of the Meeting, and will not otherwise be able to participate, vote, or ask questions.

Attending the Meeting

Registered shareholders (being shareholders who hold their common shares directly, registered in their own names) and duly appointed proxyholders will be able to attend, participate and vote at the Meeting. Beneficial shareholders (being shareholders who hold their common shares through a broker, investment dealer, bank, trust company, custodian, nominee or other intermediary) who have not duly appointed themselves as proxyholders will be able to attend the Meeting as guests, however they will not be able to vote at the Meeting.

Voting at the Meeting

The directors have fixed February 5, 2026, as the record date (the “**Record Date**”) for the determination of shareholders in the Canadian market entitled to receive notice of the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof. For beneficial shareholders, only shareholders of record at the close of business on that date are entitled to vote at the Meeting. In accordance with Colombian corporate law, any registered holder of common shares of record on the Meeting date is entitled to vote the common shares registered in such shareholder’s name on each matter to be acted upon at the Meeting.

A shareholder entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxyholder to attend and vote in such shareholder’s place by means of, either, the enclosed form of proxy or voting instruction form for shareholders in the Canadian market, or a special power of attorney granted in writing in accordance with articles 184 and 185 of the Colombian Commercial Code and article 23 of Law 222 of 1995 (Colombia), for shareholders in the Colombian market. A form of special power of attorney for use at the Meeting is available to shareholders in the Colombian market on the Company’s website at <https://mineros.com.co/en/investors/annual-shareholders-meeting>.

Shareholders who are unable to attend the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof are requested to read the notes accompanying the applicable voting document and then complete, sign, and date the applicable voting document, and return it in the manner, time and to the location set out in the notes to such voting document.

Except in cases of legal representation, the Company’s directors, officers, and employees may not, whether directly or through intermediaries, act as proxyholders for shares other than their own, nor may they substitute the powers of attorney granted to them. Furthermore, they are prohibited from voting on the Company’s financial statements, management reports, or any profit distribution or liquidation proposals.

Notice-and-Access

The Company is using the notice-and-access procedure (“**notice-and-access**”) adopted by the Canadian Securities Administrators for the delivery of the Circular, the accompanying proxy-related materials, the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, an associated management’s discussion and analysis (collectively, the “**meeting materials**”) to shareholders. Under notice-and-access, shareholders are still entitled to receive a form of proxy or voting instruction form enabling them to vote at the Meeting. However, instead of receiving paper copies of the meeting materials, including the Circular, shareholders receive a notice with information about how to access the Circular

electronically. Notice-and-access reduces costs and is more environmentally friendly as it reduces the printing and mailing of documents.

For more information about notice-and-access procedures, please call our Canadian transfer agent, TSX Trust Company, toll-free within North America, at 1 (866) 600-5869.

Meeting Materials and Right of Inspection

Electronic copies of the Circular, and the other meeting materials are available on the Company's profile on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("**SEDAR+**") at www.sedarplus.com, at the TSX Trust Company's website at <https://docs.tsxtrust.com/2288> and on the Company's website at www.mineros.com.co.

Shareholders may request to receive paper copies of the meeting materials by mail at no cost. Requests may be made up to one year from the date the meeting materials were filed on SEDAR+. Should you wish to receive a paper copy of the meeting materials or if you have any questions about notice-and-access, please contact our Canadian transfer agent, TSX Trust Company by calling toll-free, within North America, at 1 (866) 600-5869, or from outside North America at (416) 342-1091, or by email at tsxtis@tmx.com. A paper copy will be sent to you within three business days of receiving your request if received in advance of the Meeting or within ten calendar days if a request is received on or after the date of the Meeting. A request for paper copies which are required in advance of the Meeting should be sent so that it is received by the Company by March 20, 2026, in order to allow sufficient time for the shareholder to receive the paper copies and to return the relevant voting document by its due date.

As of March 4, 2026, shareholders will be able to exercise their right to inspect the books and other documents of the Company, as provided in articles 446 and 447 of the Colombian Commercial Code, at the Company's headquarters at Cra. 43A no. 14-109, NovaTempo Building, 6th floor, Medellín, Antioquia, Colombia, from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. with a prior appointment that must be requested by emailing relacion.inversionistas@mineros.com.co.

/s/ "Daniel Henao"

Daniel Henao
President and Chief Executive Officer
Medellín, February 17, 2026

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MANAGEMENT INFORMATION CIRCULAR

This management information circular (the “**Circular**”) relates to the ordinary meeting (the “**Meeting**”) of shareholders of the Company to be held at Hotel Marriott, Calle 1a Sur #43a-83, in the City of Medellín, Antioquia, Colombia on March 27, 2026, and contains information as of February 17, 2026 (unless otherwise noted). As a result of the Company’s initial public offering in Canada, completed in November 2021, the Company is a reporting issuer in Canada. Accordingly, this Circular is provided to shareholders pursuant to the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 – *Continuous Disclosure Obligations* (“**NI 51-102**”) of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

The Meeting has been called for the purposes set forth in the Notice of the Ordinary Meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly (the “**Notice of Meeting**”) that accompanies this Circular.

References in this Circular to “**we**”, “**us**”, “**our**” and similar terms, as well as references to “**Mineros**”, or the “**Company**”, refer to Mineros S.A. and its subsidiaries as constituted on the date of this Circular. References to the “**Board**” refer to the board of directors of the Company.

Exchange Rate and Currency Information

This Circular contains references to U.S. dollars and Colombian pesos. All dollar amounts referenced in this Circular are expressed in U.S. dollars or “\$”. References to “Colombian pesos” or “COP\$” refer to the legal tender of Colombia.

The following table sets out the average exchange rates for each period indicated according to information published by the Central Bank of Colombia.

	Year Ended December 31		
	2025	2024	2023
One U.S. dollar in Colombian pesos.....	COP\$4,052.71	COP\$4,071.35	COP\$4,322.31
One Colombian peso in U.S. dollars.....	\$0.000246	\$0.000246	\$0.000231

On February 16, 2026, being the last business day before the date of this Circular, the market exchange rate for Colombian pesos in terms of the U.S. dollar, as quoted by the Central Bank of Colombia, was \$1.00 = COP\$3,652.89, and the exchange rate of Colombian pesos into U.S. dollars was COP\$1.00 = \$0.00027376.

GENERAL PROXY INFORMATION

Solicitation of Proxies

This Circular is furnished in connection with the solicitation by the management of the Company of proxies to be used at the Meeting and at all adjournments or postponements of the Meeting, for the purposes set out in the accompanying Notice of Meeting. It is expected that the solicitation will be made primarily by mail (subject to the use of notice-and-access provisions in relation to the delivery of this Circular). The Company may, at its discretion, pay brokers or other persons holding common shares in their own names, or in the names of nominees, for their reasonable expenses for sending proxies and this Circular to certain beneficial owners of common shares and obtaining proxies from them. The total cost of the solicitation will be borne directly by the Company.

Shareholders who hold their shares through the Depósito Centralizado de Valores de Colombia Deceval S.A., being the Colombian depository, registrar and transfer agent for the common shares listed on the Colombia Stock Exchange (*Bolsa de Valores de Colombia*) (“BVC**”), will**

continue to vote their common shares in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Colombian system.

Appointment and Revocation of Proxies

Registered shareholders may attend the Meeting in person or may be represented by proxy. Non-registered holders of common shares should read the information under “*Advice to Beneficial Holders of Common Shares in the Canadian Market*”.

The persons named as proxyholders in the enclosed form of proxy are representatives of Uribe Henao Abogados, a Colombian law firm retained by the Company. **A shareholder has the right to appoint a person (who need not be a shareholder of the Company) other than the persons specified in the form of proxy to attend and act on behalf of that shareholder at the Meeting.** This right may be exercised by striking out the names of the persons specified in the form of proxy, inserting the name of the person to be appointed in the blank space provided in the form of proxy, signing the form of proxy and returning it in the manner set out in the form of proxy.

A shareholder who has given a proxy may revoke it (a) by depositing an instrument in writing, including another completed form of proxy, executed by that shareholder or shareholder’s attorney authorized in writing either: (i) at the registered office of the Company at any time up to and including the last business day preceding the date of the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement of the Meeting; or (ii) with the chair of the Meeting prior to the commencement of the Meeting on the day of the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement of the Meeting; or (b) in any other manner permitted by applicable law.

Exercise of Discretion

The persons named in the enclosed form of proxy will vote the common shares in respect of which they are appointed by proxy on any ballot that may be called for in accordance with the instructions contained in that proxy. If the shareholder specifies a choice with respect to any matter to be acted upon, the common shares will be voted accordingly. **In the absence of a specified choice, the common shares will be voted FOR each of the matters referred to in this Circular.**

The enclosed form of proxy confers discretionary authority upon the persons named in it with respect to amendments to, or variations of, matters identified in the Notice of Meeting, and with respect to other matters, if any, which may properly come before the Meeting. At the date of this Circular, management of the Company knows of no such amendments, variations or other matters to come before the Meeting. However, if any other matters that are not now known to management should properly come before the Meeting, the proxy will be voted on those matters in accordance with the best judgment of the named proxyholder.

Advice to Beneficial Holders of Common Shares in the Canadian Market

The information set out in this section is of significant importance to many holders of common shares, as a substantial number of shareholders outside of Colombia hold their common shares through The Canadian Depository for Securities Limited (“CDS”) system and do not hold common shares in their own name. Shareholders who do not hold their common shares in their own name (referred to as “**Beneficial Shareholders**”) should note that only proxies deposited by shareholders whose names appear on the records of the Company as the registered holders of common shares can be recognized and acted upon at the Meeting. If common shares are listed in an account statement provided to a shareholder by a broker, then, in almost all cases, those common shares will not be registered in the shareholder’s name on the records of the Company. Those shares will more likely be registered under the name of the shareholder’s broker or an agent of that broker. More particularly, a person is a Beneficial Shareholder in respect of common shares which are held on behalf

of that person but which are registered either: (i) in the name of an intermediary that the Beneficial Shareholder deals with in respect of the common shares (intermediaries include, among others, banks, trust companies, securities dealers or brokers and trustees or administrators of self-administered RRSPs, RRIFs, RESPs and similar plans); or (ii) in the name of a clearing agency (such as CDS), of which the intermediary is a participant. In Canada, the vast majority of those shares are registered under the name of CDS, which acts as a nominee for many Canadian brokerage firms. Common shares held by brokers or their nominees can only be voted upon the instructions of the Beneficial Shareholder. Without specific voting instructions, brokers and their nominees are prohibited from voting common shares held for Beneficial Shareholders. **Therefore, Beneficial Shareholders should ensure that instructions respecting the voting of their common shares are communicated to the appropriate person or that the common shares are duly registered in their name.**

Beneficial Shareholders should note that only proxies deposited by shareholders whose names appear on the records of the Company as the registered holders of common shares can be recognized and acted upon at the Meeting. Beneficial Shareholders may be non-objecting beneficial owners (“**NOBOs**”) or objecting beneficial owners (“**OBOs**”). You are an OBO if you have not allowed your intermediary to disclose your ownership information to us. You are a NOBO if you have provided instructions to your intermediary to disclose your ownership information to us.

Applicable Canadian securities regulatory policy requires intermediaries/brokers to seek voting instructions from Beneficial Shareholders in advance of shareholders’ meetings. Every intermediary/broker has its own mailing procedures and provides its own return instructions to clients, which should be carefully followed by Beneficial Shareholders in order to ensure that their common shares are voted at the Meeting.

In Canada, the majority of brokers now delegate responsibility for obtaining voting instructions from Beneficial Shareholders to Broadridge Investor Communication Solutions (“**Broadridge**”). Broadridge supplies a voting instruction form (“**Broadridge VIF**”) and asks Beneficial Shareholders to complete and return the Broadridge VIF to Broadridge in accordance with the instructions set out in the Broadridge VIF. Broadridge then tabulates the results of all instructions received and provides appropriate instructions respecting the voting of common shares to be represented at the Meeting. **A Beneficial Shareholder receiving such a Broadridge VIF from Broadridge cannot use that Broadridge VIF to vote common shares directly at the Meeting. The Broadridge VIF must be returned to Broadridge well in advance of the Meeting in order to instruct Broadridge how to vote the common shares.**

If you are a Beneficial Shareholder, and wish to attend the Meeting in person or appoint some other person or company, who need not be a shareholder, to attend and act on your behalf at the Meeting or any adjournment or postponement of the Meeting, please follow the instructions contained in the Broadridge VIF.

Voting by Mail, Telephone or Online

Please refer to the voting instructions on the form of proxy (for shareholders registered on the Company’s Canadian register), voting instruction form (for Beneficial Shareholders in the Canadian market), or the special power of attorney for voting (for shareholders in the Colombian market).

Notice-and-Access

The Company has elected to use the notice-and-access provisions under National Instrument 54-101 – *Communication with Beneficial Owners of Securities of a Reporting Issuer* (“**NI 54-101**”) and NI 51-102 for distribution of this Circular, the accompanying proxy-related materials, the financial statements for

the year ended December 31, 2025, and associated management's discussion and analysis (collectively, the "meeting materials") to shareholders.

Notice-and-access is a set of rules that allows issuers to post electronic versions of proxy-related materials (such as proxy circulars and annual financial statements) online, via the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("SEDAR+") and one other website, rather than mailing paper copies of those materials to shareholders. Electronic copies of this Circular and other meeting materials may be found on the Company's page on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com, at the TSX Trust Company's website at <https://docs.tsxtrust.com/2288> and on the Company's website at www.mineros.com.co.

Although this Circular will be posted online as noted above, shareholders will receive paper copies of a "notice package" via prepaid mail, courier or the equivalent containing information prescribed by NI 54-101 and NI 51-102, along with the relevant voting document. The notice package also includes instructions to shareholders on how to request delivery of printed copies of the meeting materials.

Shareholders may request to receive paper copies of the meeting materials by mail at no cost. Requests may be made up to one year from the date the meeting materials were filed on SEDAR+. Should you wish to receive a paper copy of the meeting materials or if you have any questions about notice-and-access, please contact our Canadian transfer agent, TSX Trust Company by calling toll-free, within North America, at 1 (866) 600-5869, or from outside North America at +1 (416) 342-1091, or by email at tsxtis@tmx.com. A paper copy will be sent to you within three business days of receiving your request if received in advance of the Meeting or within ten calendar days if a request is received on or after the date of the Meeting. A request for paper copies which are required in advance of the Meeting should be sent so that it is received by the Company by March 20, 2026, in order to allow sufficient time for the shareholder to receive the paper copies and to return the relevant voting document by its due date.

No shareholder will receive a paper copy of this Circular or any of the other meeting materials unless that shareholder specifically requests a paper copy.

Accessing online "listen-only" webcast of the Meeting

A live "listen-only" webcast of the Meeting will be publicly available through the Company's website at www.mineros.com.co, starting at 11:00 a.m. (Colombia Time) (12:00 p.m. Eastern Daylight Time) on March 27, 2026. Persons attending the live webcast will only be able to watch and listen to the proceedings of the Meeting, and will not otherwise be able to participate, vote, or ask questions.

Record Date

The directors have fixed February 5, 2026, as the record date for the determination of shareholders in the Canadian market entitled to receive notice of the Meeting. For Beneficial Shareholders in the Canadian market, only shareholders of record at the close of business on that date are entitled to vote at the Meeting. In accordance with Colombian corporate law, any registered holder of common shares of record on the Meeting date is entitled to vote the common shares registered in such shareholder's name on each matter to be acted upon at the Meeting.

Voting Shares and Principal Holders of Voting Shares

As at February 5, 2026, there were 295,780,517 common shares of the Company issued and subscribed. Each common share has the right to one vote on each matter at the Meeting. Unless otherwise specified, a simple majority of the votes cast at the Meeting, whether in person, by proxy, or otherwise, will constitute approval of each matter to be acted upon at the Meeting.

To the knowledge of the directors and executive officers of the Company, the following table sets out the shareholders who beneficially owned, controlled or directed, directly or indirectly, 10% or more of the common shares as at February 16, 2026.

Name of Shareholder ⁽¹⁾	Number of Common Shares Owned or Controlled	Percentage of Outstanding Common Shares ⁽²⁾
Sun Valley Investments AG (“Sun Valley”)	195,974,623	66.3%

Notes:

- (1) To our knowledge, none of the common shares, are or will be, subject to any voting trust or similar agreement.
- (2) Calculated taking into account the number of common shares that are issued and outstanding, excluding, for greater certainty, the 60,175,735 common shares that are held by the Company and which do not have any voting or other rights as they are not considered outstanding (shareholder rights associated with common shares are suspended while they are held by the Company).

Interests of Certain Persons or Companies in Matters to be Acted Upon

Except as set out below, management of the Company is not aware of a material interest, direct or indirect, by way of beneficial ownership of shares or otherwise, of any director or officer of the Company at any time since the beginning of the Company’s last financial year, of any proposed nominee for election as a director of the Company, or of any associate or affiliate of any such person, in any matter to be acted upon at the Meeting other than the election of directors.

Each proposed nominee for election as a director of the Company has a personal financial interest in the resolution to approve director compensation, as such resolution will determine the compensation payable to the members of the Board, including the fees payable for attending Board and committee meetings.

MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON AT THE MEETING

1. Approval of Meeting Agenda

The agenda of the Meeting set out in the Notice of Meeting, with or without variation, will be presented to the Meeting. Shareholders will be asked to pass a resolution approving the Meeting agenda. **In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the approval of the Meeting agenda.**

2. Appointment of Review Commission

Colombian corporate law requires that the Review Commission be appointed at the Meeting. The Review Commission will verify the results of each vote during the Meeting. After the Meeting is adjourned, the Review Commission will be asked to review and approve the minutes of the Meeting.

At the Meeting, a Review Commission consisting of two shareholders or proxyholders will be proposed by the Chair of the Meeting. Shareholders will be asked to pass a resolution to appoint the Review Commission. **In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the resolution to appoint the Review Commission.**

3. Approval of Management Report

Management’s annual report to the General Shareholders Assembly for the year ended December 31, 2025 (the “**Management Report**”) will be presented to the Meeting. The Management Report describes the development of the Company’s business during 2025, as well as Mineros’ legal, economic, and administrative status as at December 31, 2025. A copy of the Management Report will be available online on February 24, 2026 at <https://www.mineros.com.co/investors/annual-shareholders-meeting>.

As required by the Colombian Commercial Code and Colombian securities laws (together, the “**Colombian Regulations**”), shareholders will be asked to pass a resolution approving the Management Report.

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the approval of the Management Report.

In accordance with the Colombian Regulations, persons who are directors, officers or employees of the Company, while they hold such positions, may not vote on resolutions of the General Shareholders Assembly with respect to the Management Report.

4. Approval of Colombian Financial Statements

Colombian Financial Statements

In accordance with the Colombian Regulations and in connection with the Company’s listing on the BVC, the Company is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with Colombian Financial Reporting Standards, which are based on the International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”) as adopted in Colombia by the Technical Council for Public Accounting (*Consejo Técnico de la Contaduría Pública*). Such financial statements are prepared in Spanish and denominated in Colombian pesos, and are subject to a statutory audit requirement under the Colombian Regulations.

The unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025 (collectively, the “**Colombian Financial Statements**”), together with the report of Deloitte & Touche S.A.S. (“**Deloitte Colombia**”), the Company’s statutory auditor, will be presented to the Meeting.

As required by the Colombian Regulations, shareholders will be asked to pass a resolution approving the Colombian Financial Statements. **In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the approval of the Colombian Financial Statements.**

In accordance with the Colombian Regulations, persons who are directors, officers or employees of the Company, while they hold such positions, may not vote on resolutions of the General Shareholders Assembly with respect to the balance sheet and year-end accounts or settlement accounts of the Company.

Canadian Financial Statements

As a reporting issuer in Canada, the Company is required to prepare financial statements in accordance with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the “**Canadian Financial Statements**”). Such financial statements are prepared in English and denominated in United States dollars. Copies of the audited consolidated Canadian Financial Statements of the Company as at and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025, and the auditor’s report thereon, have been delivered, where required, to shareholders in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws and have been filed on the Company’s website at <https://www.mineros.com.co> and under the Company’s profile at www.sedarplus.com. No vote is required or proposed to be taken with respect to such financial statements.

5. Approval of Share Repurchase Programs

Under the Colombian Commercial Code, a corporation may only repurchase its own shares if approved by the shareholders by ordinary resolution, or any higher approval threshold set out in its bylaws. No such higher threshold is set out in the Bylaws.

The Colombian Commercial Code states that a corporation cannot repurchase its shares without the consent of its shareholders. Upon repurchase by a company of its shares, the Colombian Commercial Code provides that it may at its discretion cancel repurchased shares, distribute them as a stock dividend, or sell them, and unless a special reserve is otherwise authorized by the shareholders, distribute the proceeds of any subsequent sale as a dividend to shareholders. Shares that are not immediately sold or distributed may be held in treasury. Shareholder rights associated with such repurchased shares are suspended while they are held by the issuing corporation.

The Board believes that the market price of the Company's common shares may not, from time to time, fully reflect the intrinsic value of the business and its future gold production prospects. The Company intends to deploy capital efficiently to enhance long-term shareholder value and optimize its capital structure, and believes that from time to time, the purchase of common shares may be an appropriate use of available corporate funds and in the Company's best interest. Accordingly, the Board has authorized a proposal for new share repurchase programs (each, a "**Share Repurchase Program**") to be executed through the BVC, at such times and on such terms as the Board may determine. According to Article 15 and Article 27(f) of the Bylaws, in order for any Share Repurchase Program to become effective, the General Shareholders Assembly, if deemed advisable, must also approve the repurchase of common shares and consequently, the Share Repurchase Programs.

If authorized by the General Shareholders Assembly, the Share Repurchase Programs will allow the Company to repurchase common shares having an aggregate value of up to \$20 million (the "**Maximum Amount**") pursuant to one or more programs adopted by the Board, subject to approval by the Financial Superintendent of Colombia (Superintendencia Financiera de Colombia, "**SFC**"). Share Repurchase Programs will commence upon approval by the SFC. The Share Repurchase Programs will expire on March 31, 2027 (or such earlier date as may be set by the Board upon adoption of a Share Repurchase Program), or when the Maximum Amount is reached, whichever occurs first. Repurchases will be conducted through open market transactions at prevailing market prices plus or minus 15% in accordance with Colombian law and practice on the BVC, all in accordance with applicable Colombian regulations, SFC rules, and other applicable laws.

The Company intends to hold any common shares it may repurchase pursuant to Share Repurchase Programs in treasury pending a future determination as to their final use. While held in treasury, the voting and economic rights associated with such common shares will be suspended. If the Company subsequently determines to offer repurchased common shares held in treasury through the BVC and/or the TSX, any subsequent sale will be made in accordance with applicable regulatory and exchange approvals and/or procedures in Colombia and Canada, as applicable.

To the extent the Company determines to implement any acquisitions under a Share Repurchase Program, all shareholders of the Company will be entitled to participate, and, therefore, shareholders wishing to participate will need to take such steps as may be required for their common shares to be available through the facilities of the BVC. Shareholders and their brokers who hold common shares in the Canadian system who wish to receive information on how to facilitate participation in a Share Repurchase Program should it be implemented should contact the Company at relacion.inversionistas@mineros.com.co. The Company will make all information in respect of a Share Repurchase Program available for all shareholders in compliance with applicable laws.

The timing and actual number of common shares repurchased will depend on market conditions, share price, liquidity, and other relevant factors. The Company is under no obligation to repurchase any specific number of common shares and the Board reserves the right to modify, suspend, or terminate any Share Repurchase Program at any time if it determines such action is in the best interests of the Company.

Specific rules and regulations applicable to each share repurchase transaction must comply with the framework set forth in the authorization granted by the General Shareholders Assembly, and by the applicable Share Repurchase Program.

At the Meeting, shareholders will be asked to pass the following ordinary resolution, with or without variation:

“BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

The Board is hereby authorized by the General Shareholders Assembly to complete Share Repurchase Transactions pursuant to Share Repurchase Programs that the Board may adopt from time to time on the following terms:

Approval to Repurchase Shares

1. *Share Repurchase Programs:* The Board is authorized to adopt programs for the repurchase of the Company’s common shares through the facilities of the BVC, at such times and on such terms as the Board may determine from time to time, but subject to the limitations set out in these resolutions (each a **“Share Repurchase Program”**).
2. *Recipients:* All shareholders of the Company (the **“Recipients”**) must be entitled to participate in any Share Repurchase Program on the same terms and conditions.
3. *Repurchase Procedure:* Pursuant to any Share Repurchase Program, the Company may repurchase common shares of the Company through the BVC by means of the transactional systems (*Sistemas Transaccionales*) of the BVC or the independent mechanism (*Mecanismo Independiente*), as determined by management of the Company. The Company may engage any duly qualified broker-dealer to act on its behalf in connection with a Share Repurchase Program.

Share Repurchase Programs may be completed either in one or various share repurchase transactions (**“Share Repurchase Transactions”**), as determined by management of the Company and within the Repurchase Period (as defined below). In no event shall the Company pay more than an aggregate of \$20 million (being the **“Total Share Repurchase Program Funds”**) for common shares acquired under the Share Repurchase Programs. Management of the Company shall comply with applicable securities, regulatory and corporate rules enforceable in the Republic of Colombia.

4. *Acceptance Mechanism for the Repurchase Offerings:* All Share Repurchase Transactions shall be accepted by the Recipients through their broker-dealer of their choice in accordance with applicable law. Such acceptance will be binding and therefore, may not be subject to retraction, modifications, or clarifications, except for the exceptions set forth in applicable Colombian law and/or the instructions issued by the BVC.

The BVC, through which each Share Repurchase Transaction will be completed, may request additional information from the Recipients, through the broker-dealer through which the Recipient has filed their acceptance, to verify or correct any information provided, as

applicable. Not complying with the foregoing shall be understood that the Recipient has withdrawn from its acceptance.

5. *Total Shares to be Repurchased:* The aggregate number of outstanding common shares to be repurchased by the Company will be calculated by adding all common shares repurchased by the Company within the Repurchase Period.
6. *Repurchase Price per Share Mechanism:* In compliance with article 42 of Law 964 of 2005, the repurchase price per common share will be a price band adjusted daily and calculated as the market price in the BVC plus or minus fifteen percent (15%). Management of the Company is entitled to determine the repurchase price per common share under the framework set forth in this section and pursuant to the applicable securities, regulatory and corporate rules.
7. *Total Share Repurchase Program Funds:* The Total Share Repurchase Program Funds shall be taken from a reserve to be established for such purpose (the “**Share Repurchase Reserve**”), which will have an amount of up to \$20 million.
8. *Repurchase Period:* All Share Repurchase Transactions undertaken by the Company shall be completed following the date of the General Shareholders Assembly that approves the Share Repurchase Programs and prior to March 31, 2027 (the “**Repurchase Period**”). The authorization from management of the Company to repurchase common shares of the Company pursuant to this approval will be in force during the Repurchase Period in accordance with any Share Repurchase Program approved by the Board.
9. *Authorization:* Management of the Company is hereby authorized to repurchase common shares in accordance with any Share Repurchase Program approved by the Board from time to time. Therefore, management is hereby authorized to (i) determine the repurchase price in accordance with the mechanisms set in these resolutions and any additional conditions required for each specific Share Repurchase Transaction specified in a Share Repurchase Program; (ii) execute and deliver all such documents and instruments and take all such actions that may determine necessary or desirable to implement any Share Repurchase Program and the matters authorized hereby, including, but not limited to, the possibility of making the necessary clarifications and/or non-essential adjustments to any Share Repurchase Program that may be requested by a competent authority or stock exchange; (iii) attend to any requirement and obtain all authorizations required from any public authority or private entity in relation to any Share Repurchase Program; (iv) dispose of up to the Total Share Repurchase Program Funds that are part of the Share Repurchase Reserve within the authorized purposes and, in general, (v) implement all necessary and convenient procedures to carry out any Share Repurchase Program.”

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the authorization of the resolution authorizing the repurchase by the Company of its common shares pursuant to one or more Share Repurchase Programs.

6. Approval of Share Repurchase Reserve

In connection with the authorization of Share Repurchase Programs, share repurchases may only be made using funds from net profits (*utilidades líquidas*) or from a special reserve created for such purpose.

According to article 53 of the Bylaws and articles 154 and 453 of the Colombian Commercial Code, the General Shareholders Assembly, if deemed advisable, shall approve the creation of a temporary reserve

for a specific purpose or approve the change or amendment of purpose of a previously established temporary reserve.

In order to implement the Share Repurchase Programs, the Company is asking the General Shareholders Assembly to approve the creation of a new temporary reserve in the amount of the Total Share Repurchase Program Funds of up to \$20 million (the “**Share Repurchase Reserve**”), funded from the profits for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

Therefore, at the Meeting, shareholders will be asked to pass the following ordinary resolution, with or without variation:

“BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

1. As required by article 52 of the Company’s bylaws and articles 154 and 453 of the Colombian Commercial Code, the creation of the Share Repurchase Reserve, funded by the profits from the year ended December 31, 2025 to repurchase common shares under the Share Repurchase Programs is hereby approved and authorized.
2. Funds of the Share Repurchase Reserve shall only be used for the repurchase of common shares under Share Repurchase Programs during the Repurchase Period and up to the amount of the Share Repurchase Reserve, being \$20 million.
3. Funds of the Share Repurchase Reserve shall be available for use in connection with duly adopted Share Repurchase Programs during the Repurchase Period set forth in the resolutions of the General Shareholders Assembly authorizing the adoption of Share Repurchase Programs.”

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the authorization of the incorporation of the occasional reserve for the repurchase of Shares.

7. Approval of Profit Distribution

According to Articles 151 and 455 of Decree 410 of 1971 of the Colombian Commercial Code, dividends are calculated and declared using the profit or loss shown in the unconsolidated financial statements that form part of the Colombian Financial Statements, which have been prepared by the Company in accordance with IFRS.

At the Meeting, shareholders will be asked to consider and approve, with or without variation, the distribution of the Company’s profits by way of dividend proposed by the Board, as set out below:

**Profit Distribution Proposal
Fiscal year ended December 31, 2025**

	(\$)	(COP\$) ⁽¹⁾
Profit for the year	144,984,322	594,512,382,000
Minus: Transfer to a new share repurchase reserve	60,000,000	246,032,271,975
Minus: Transfer of profits for the year to new projects reserve	129,984,322	533,004,314,006
Plus: Release from non-taxable reserves from previous years for payment of non-taxable dividends subject to withholding tax	29,578,052	121,285,921,006
Available for distribution to shareholders:	29,578,052	121,285,921,006
The following distribution is proposed:		
Payment of non-taxable dividend subject to withholding tax	29,578,052	121,285,921,006

Note:

(1) U.S. dollar amounts converted to Colombian pesos for informational purposes, based on the average monthly Representative Market Rate (*Tasa Representativa del Mercado* – “**TRM**”) published by the Colombian Superintendence of Finance for the year ended December 31, 2025 of \$1.00 = approximately COP\$4,100.54 which includes adjustments on the translation to COP from the US\$ according to IFRS.

Based on the foregoing proposal, a shareholder will be entitled to receive payment of an ordinary dividend in respect of each common share held equal to four installments of \$0.025 (\$0.10 in total) payable quarterly on April 27, July 21, and October 19, 2026, and January 18, 2027, using the exchange rate on the last business day prior to the date of payment.

The profit distribution proposal approved by the Board represents a distribution of 20.40% of the Company’s profit for the year. This is in line with the Company’s dividend policy, which is to pay in dividends at least 15% of the net income of the prior fiscal year, provided that this allows, in good faith, to maximize the long-term value of the Company.

Payment of each dividend installment will be made for all outstanding common shares on the applicable payment date to all registered shareholders within a specified ex dividend period.

Withholding tax for Colombian tax residents and non-residents¹

Dividends declared at and after the Meeting will generally be subject to Colombian dividend tax and withholding taxes:

- Colombian tax residents that are natural persons, and the estates of persons who were Colombian tax residents at the time of their death, are subject to a dividend withholding tax rate of 0% on payments up to COP\$57,087,660 (1.090 Unidad de Valor Tributario). Any dividend payments exceeding this threshold are subject to a 15% withholding tax. Shareholders may be eligible to reclaim a portion of any such amount as a credit in accordance with applicable Colombian tax laws.
- Colombian tax residents that are legal entities are subject to a 10% withholding tax on all dividend payments.
- Non-Colombian tax residents, both individuals and legal entities, including capital portfolio investments through a manager in Colombia, are subject to a 20% withholding tax on all dividend payments. A lower tax rate may apply for persons who are tax resident in countries that have entered into a tax treaty with Colombia.
- Canada and Colombia are parties to the Canada-Colombia Income Tax Convention², which reduces dividend withholding taxes for tax residents of Canada who beneficially own dividend-paying investments in companies resident in Colombia, including common shares of the Company. Beneficial owners of common shares who are Canadian tax residents are subject to a withholding tax of 15% on all dividend payments. This applies both to individuals and legal entities. That rate is further reduced to 5% if the beneficial owner is a company that is a Canadian tax resident and controls, directly or indirectly, at least 10% of the voting power in the Colombian company paying the dividends.

¹ Withholding tax provisions and the definition of Colombian tax residency are incorporated in the Colombian Tax Code (*Estatuto Tributario*) under articles 10, 242, 242-1 and 245.

² Convention between Canada and the Republic of Colombia for the Avoidance of Double Taxation and the Prevention of Fiscal Evasion with respect to Taxes on Income and on Capital, adopted into law in Colombia by Law 1459 of 2011, and in Canada by the Canada-Colombia Tax Convention Act, 2010 (Canada).

Shareholders in the Canadian System

For shareholders who hold their common shares through the Canadian system, the Company will deduct and remit to the Colombian National Tax and Customs Authority (*Dirección de Impuestos y Aduanas Nacionales* – “**DIAN**”) a 20% withholding tax from each dividend payment.

Shareholders who are entitled to a withholding tax rate on dividend payments of less than 20% may request delivery of the amount deducted by the Company in excess of the withholding tax rate that applies to them (an “**Excess Amount**”) by submitting to the Company a certificate identifying the beneficial holder of the common shares, its tax residency, and evidence of the number of shares held, all as at the record date and in form and substance acceptable to the Company in its sole discretion, along with instructions for payment of the Excess Amount.

A form of tax residency certificate, including instructions on how to complete and submit the certificate to the Company, is available on the Company’s website at www.mineros.com.co.

To be eligible to receive payment of an Excess Amount, shareholders must submit a duly completed certificate to the Company on or before the date that is 30 calendar days after the dividend record date. Shareholders who submit certificates and whose residency status and shareholdings can be verified to the satisfaction of the Company, in its sole discretion, will receive payment of the applicable Excess Amount promptly, and in any event no later than 45 days after the dividend payment date. It may not be possible for the Company to verify shareholdings of Beneficial Shareholders who are OBOs. Beneficial Shareholders who wish to claim payment of Excess Amounts from the Company prior to their remittance to the Colombian National Tax and Customs Authority are advised to ensure that their common shares are held in accounts that permit the disclosure of beneficial ownership information on each dividend record date. Certificates and any accompanying evidence must be updated and submitted each time a dividend is paid.

Shareholders who are entitled to a withholding tax rate on dividend payments of less than 20% but do not timely submit a duly completed certificate to the Company in accordance with the procedure specified above or who submit certificates that cannot be verified by the Company, may be entitled to claim a refund for any Excess Amount from the Colombian National Tax and Customs Authority, provided that they meet any applicable eligibility requirements and follow the prescribed procedures.

The Company has made available the above-described procedure for the claim and return of Excess Amounts as a service to shareholders. It may be discontinued or revised by the Company at any time without notice. If such procedure is discontinued, shareholders who are entitled to a withholding tax rate on dividend payments of less than 20% may reclaim Excess Amounts to which they may be entitled from the Colombian National Tax and Customs Authority.

The foregoing discussion is based on the laws of Colombia, including the Colombian Tax Code (*Estatuto Tributario*), existing and proposed regulations promulgated thereunder, and published judicial decisions and administrative pronouncements, each as in effect on the date of this Circular or with a known future effective date as they may affect the holding of common shares. This discussion does not generally address any aspects of Colombian taxation other than dividends tax and withholding tax. It is provided for information purposes only, and is not a complete analysis of all of the possible tax consequences of holding and receiving dividends on the common shares. There can be no assurance that the Colombian tax authorities will not challenge any of the Colombian tax consequences described above; in particular, changes in law and/or administrative practice, as well as changes in relevant facts and circumstances, may alter the tax considerations described above. This discussion does not constitute legal or tax advice and is intended only as a general guide. Readers should consult their own tax advisors as to the Colombian tax consequences of the ownership and disposition of common shares.

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the profit distribution proposed by the Board.

In accordance with the Colombian Regulations, persons who are directors, officers or employees of the Company, while they hold such positions, may not vote on resolutions of the General Shareholders Assembly with respect to profit distribution proposals.

8. Approval of Bylaw Amendments

The Board conducted a review of its corporate bylaws (the “**Bylaws**”) and determined that it is in the best interests of the Company to implement certain amendments to the Bylaws (the “**Bylaw Amendments**”) and the Bylaws, as so amended, the “**Amended Bylaws**”).

A summary of the principal Bylaw Amendments is set forth below:

Extraordinary Meeting

Article 25 of the Bylaws currently provides that persons authorized to call extraordinary meetings of the General Shareholders Assembly must call extraordinary meetings at the request of one or more shareholders who represent in their entirety no less than five percent (5%) of the subscribed shares. The Bylaw Amendments increase this threshold from five percent (5%) to ten percent (10%) of the subscribed shares.

Policy for the Remuneration of the Board of Directors

Article 27(i) of the Bylaws currently provides that the General Shareholders Assembly has the power to approve the adoption and amendment of the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Remuneration of the Board of Directors. The Bylaw Amendments provide that such power of the General Shareholders Assembly shall be to approve the adoption and amendment of the Policy for the Remuneration of the Board of Directors, without reference to the election or evaluation of the Board.

Article 35 of the Bylaws provides that the majority of the members of the Board must be independent members in accordance with the “Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors.” The Bylaw Amendments revise this reference to the “Policy for the Election and Evaluation of the Board of Directors”.

Approval of Minutes

Article 33 of the Bylaws is amended to provide that the minutes of meetings of the General Shareholders Assembly shall be approved by the delegates proposed by the Chairperson of the meeting, whose appointment will be approved by a simple majority within the same meeting. Three (3) persons shall be appointed as delegates for the approval of the respective minutes.

Composition of the Board

Article 34 of the Bylaws currently provides that the Board shall consist of nine (9) members elected by the General Shareholders Assembly for periods of one (1) year from the date of their election. The Bylaw Amendments reduce the number of members of the Board from nine (9) to five (5) members. Directors will continue to be elected for periods of one (1) year, with no limit on the number of terms a person may serve.

Quorum for Board Meetings

Article 37 of the Bylaws currently provides that the Board may validly deliberate with the attendance of five (5) of its members. The Bylaw Amendments revise this provision to provide that the Board may validly deliberate with the majority of its members. This amendment aligns the quorum requirement of the Board with the reduction in the members of the Board from nine (9) to five (5) members.

Powers and Duties of the Board

The Bylaw Amendments clarify and expand certain powers of the Board under Article 39.

Article 39 of the Bylaws currently provides that the Board will have full authority to approve the entering into or execution of any act, agreement or transaction that is within the corporate purpose of the Company. The Bylaw Amendments clarify that any power that is not expressly vested by law or the Bylaws in another corporate body of the Company shall be vested in the Board.

Article 39(k) of the Bylaws currently provides that the Board has the power to, by delegation approved by the General Shareholders Assembly, approve prospectuses for the issuance of bonds and shares. The Bylaw Amendments amend this provision to grant the Board the power to authorize and regulate the issuance and placement of shares, bonds, and securities, without requiring delegated approval from the General Shareholders Assembly.

Article 39(t) of the Bylaws currently provides that the Board may “authorize” the President, the Chief Financial Officer and other legal representatives, when acting on behalf of the Company in boards of directors or shareholders assemblies of any subsidiary of the Company, with respect to the adoption of certain decisions set out in the Bylaws. The Bylaw Amendments amend this provision to provide the Board the ability to “instruct” the President, the Chief Financial Officer, and other legal representatives on how to vote on in such matters.

Contract Authority Thresholds

Article 39(p) of the Bylaws currently empowers the Board to authorize the President, the Chief Financial Officer and other legal representatives to enter into certain contract that have a value greater than one million (1,000,000) United States dollars. The Bylaw Amendments increase this threshold to ten million (10,000,000) United States dollars or its equivalent in Colombian pesos or any other legal currency.

Correspondingly, Article 43(j)(3) of the Bylaws, which provides that the President may enter into certain contracts without prior authorization from the Board provided the amount does not exceed one million (1,000,000) United States dollars, is amended to increase this threshold to ten million (10,000,000) United States dollars or its equivalent in Colombian pesos or any other legal currency.

Presidential Authority at Subsidiary Meetings

Article 43(o) of the Bylaws is amended to require the President to follow the instructions received from the Board when acting on behalf of the Company at meetings of the Board or shareholders of any subordinate company of the Company.

Occasional Reserves

Article 53 of the Bylaws currently provides that the Company will have a special reserve to fund any required working capital increases. The Bylaw Amendments amend the nature of the reserve to one of a statutory reserve and expand the permitted purposes of the reserve to include meeting the financial, operational, or strategic needs of the Company, including, but not limited to, the direct or indirect

acquisition of interests in other companies or businesses, the making of strategic investments, the expansion, reorganization, or restructuring of its operations, and the financing of organic or inorganic growth projects.

The foregoing is only a summary of certain of the principal Bylaw Amendments and is qualified by reference to the full text of the Amended Bylaws set forth in Appendix 2 to this Circular. Shareholders should review the Amended Bylaws set forth in Appendix 2 to this Circular in its entirety.

At the Meeting, shareholders will be asked to pass the following resolution:

“BE IT RESOLVED THAT:

- (a) The adoption of the Bylaw Amendments to the Bylaws, resulting in the Amended Bylaws, in the form attached as Appendix 2 to this Circular, with such additions and deletions as may be approved by the directors of the Company, is hereby approved and authorized; and
- (b) Management of the Company and any director of the Company are hereby authorized and directed to do all such things and to execute and deliver all such documents and instruments and take all such actions that may determine necessary or desirable to implement these resolutions.”

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the resolution authorizing the Bylaw Amendments.

9. Advisory Vote on Individual Directors

As a condition of the grant to the Company by the TSX of an exemption from the individual voting and majority voting requirements applicable to listed issuers under TSX policies, at each meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly at which directors are to be elected, shareholders will be provided with an advisory vote in respect of each individual director that is proposed for election by the Company. See *“Election of Directors – Individual Voting and Majority Voting”*. The results of such vote are not binding on the Company. However, they will be publicly disclosed and will be taken into account by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee when nominating and providing disclosure to shareholders regarding candidates for election at the next meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly at which directors are to be elected.

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the non-binding advisory approval of each individual director proposed by the Company for election at the Meeting.

10. Election of Directors

Electoral Quotient System

In accordance with the Colombian Regulations, the Board is elected by way of the electoral quotient system, which requires the directors to be elected on the basis of slates of nominees proposed for election by shareholders pursuant to the electoral quotient system. Under the electoral quotient system, each shareholder is entitled to nominate one or more persons for election and each nomination of one or more directors constitutes a slate for purposes of the election. See *“Statement on Corporate Governance – Nomination of Directors – Electoral Quotient System”*.

Individual Voting and Majority Voting

Shareholders may not vote for the election of directors on an individual basis, and the Company has not adopted a majority voting policy given that the Colombian Regulations require the directors to be elected on the basis of slates of nominees proposed for election pursuant to the electoral quotient system. The Company has been granted an exemption from the individual voting and majority voting requirements applicable to listed issuers under TSX policies on the grounds that compliance with such requirements would constitute a breach of the Colombian Regulations.

Proposed Slate of Directors

The Company, on the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, has proposed that the slate of 5 directors whose names are set out below be elected as directors of the Company, in the following order:

1. Filipe J. Martins
2. Augusto López Valencia
3. Vikram Sodhi
4. Hernán Rodríguez
5. Sofia Bianchi

Four of the nominees are currently directors: Augusto López Valencia, Filipe J. Martins, Sofia Bianchi and Hernán Rodríguez. They were elected at the last ordinary meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly, which was held on March 31, 2025.

Each director's term of office is one year from the date of their election. The members of the Board elected at the Meeting will remain in office until they resign or are removed or replaced by the General Shareholders Assembly.

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the slate of directors set out below.

The following table sets out certain information as at the date of this Circular with respect to each person proposed to be nominated by shareholders and subject to the Candidate Suitability Report from the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee for election as a director, including whether they are independent within the meaning of National Instrument 52-110 – *Audit Committees* (“**NI 52-110**”) and Law 964 of 2005, the Colombian Securities Market Law (*Ley del Mercado de Valores*).

Augusto López Valencia (Independent)*Medellin, Colombia*

Director since: April 14, 2025**Areas of expertise:**

Corporate Governance; Strategic Planning; Large-scale Operations across diverse industries such as mining, energy, banking, aviation, and media; Institutional & Academic Oversight and Regulatory & Stakeholder Relations

With over five decades of leadership experience across South America and Europe, Augusto López Valencia is a distinguished business executive who has played a pivotal role in Colombia's economic and industrial development. He is best known for his 14-year tenure as President of Bavaria, S.A. (1985 to 1999), Colombia's largest beverage company, where he led the company through significant growth and transformation. Over the past five years, Augusto López Valencia has held key leadership positions in Colombia's corporate sector. Since 2025, he has served as Chairman of the Board of the Company and Grupo Ethuss. Additionally, he remains an active board member for Bancóldex, Win Sports S.A.S., and Fundación Universitaria Uniempresarial, providing strategic oversight in the mining, infrastructure, and financial industries.

Mr. López's contributions have earned him multiple prestigious honors, including the Order of the Congress of the Republic (Grand Knight's Cross) and the Antioquia Shield in the Gold Category, awarded by the Congress of Colombia and the Governor of Antioquia, respectively.

His impact extends internationally, having received distinctions such as the Ordre National du Mérite from the President of France and an Honorary Engineering Degree from the École Nationale d'Ingénieurs de Metz.

Mr. López holds a degree in electrical engineering from Universidad Pontificia Bolivariana.

2025 Board and Committee Membership	Attendance
Board of Directors (Chair)	16 of 16 (100%)
Audit and Risk Committee (Chair)	6 of 6 (100%)
Executive Compensation Committee	8 of 8 (100%)
Public board memberships	
None.	
Securities owned or controlled	
None.	

Filipe J. Martins (Independent)
London, United Kingdom

Director since: March 31, 2025

Areas of expertise:

- Mining sector expertise
- Corporate strategy (M&A)
- Accountancy and finance
- International business

Filipe J. Martins is the SCP Resource Finance (formerly Sprott Capital Partners), London UK, Managing Partner, Investment Banking – Head of M&A (sell-side) (March 2019 to present).

Mr. Martins is a highly accomplished professional with extensive expertise in the financial and mining sectors. He has a proven track record of success in investment banking, investment analysis, and engineering, specializing in M&A advisory, equity deals, and portfolio management within the mining, infrastructure, and energy sectors. Mr. Martins' deep understanding of the mining industry is evident in his work on high-profile projects and transactions worth billions of dollars. He has consistently delivered top-quartile performance, demonstrating his strong financial acumen and investment expertise. Mr. Martins' career has seen him transition from engineering roles in Africa to senior positions at leading investment firms, where he has leveraged his technical and financial skills to achieve significant success.

2025 Board and Committee Membership	Attendance
Board of Directors	16 of 16 (100%)
Audit and Risk Committee	6 of 6 (100%)
Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee	4 of 4 (100%)

Public board memberships

None.

Securities owned or controlled

None.

Sofia Bianchi (Independent)
Zurich, Switzerland

Director since: March 26, 2024

Areas of expertise:

- Experience in the extractive sector
- Corporate strategy (M&A)
- Risk management
- Accounting and Finance
- ESG
- International business
- Management of listed companies

Sofia Bianchi is an international finance professional with over 35 years of experience in: board leadership and advisory – providing strategic guidance on value creation, corporate finance, governance, and ESG; financial and operational restructuring – specializing in corporate and fund turnarounds; fund management – with a focus on special situations, infrastructure, debt, and mezzanine financing. She is the Founding Partner of Atlante Capital Partners, an investment firm specializing in structurally undervalued businesses.

Until 2020, Ms. Bianchi served as Head of Special Situations and Member of the Investment Committee for Debt and Infrastructure at CDC Group plc, the UK's development finance institution. Previously, she led Special Situations at BlueCrest Capital Management, one of Europe's leading hedge funds. She has also held executive roles at the Emerging Africa Infrastructure Fund, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD), and Prudential Bache. She currently serves as an independent non-executive director on the boards of several global mining companies. Ms. Bianchi holds a BA in Economics from George Washington University and an MBA from The Wharton School.

2025 Board and Committee Membership	Attendance
Board of Directors	22 of 22 (100%)
Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee (Chair)	3 of 3 (100%)

Public board memberships

Canagold Resources Ltd. (Chair)
Ivanhoe Electric Inc.
Yellow Cake PLC

Securities owned or controlled

None.

Hernán Rodríguez (Independent)
Bogotá, Colombia

Director since: March 31, 2025

Areas of expertise:

- Experience in extractive sector
- Corporate strategy (M&A)
- Legal
- International business

Mr. Rodríguez is a partner and co-director of the Natural Resources practice at his firm, joining in 2017. He specializes in hydrocarbons, mining, and infrastructure projects, including ports, railways, oil, and refineries. He has advised a majority of mining companies operating in Colombia and is the Vice President of the Board of Directors of the Colombian Mining Association. This involvement has placed him at the forefront of discussions regarding mining industry regulations, particularly social and environmental issues. He has actively participated in drafting key legislation, including amendments to Colombia's Mining Code and laws regulating participation mechanisms for mining and hydrocarbon activities. He has also advised the International Institute for Sustainable Development (IISD) on mining legislation.

Over the last five years, Mr. Rodríguez has provided legal counsel on a wide array of mining-related matters. His work includes advising the Colombian Mining Association on legislative proposals and responding to regulatory changes, assisting major mining companies like Anglo American, B2Gold, Freeport, and Barrick Gold with regulatory compliance, and advising on significant transactions such as Aris Mining Corporation's merger with GCM Mining Corp. He has also advised on oil and gas transactions, including Gran Tierra Energy's acquisitions of various assets and companies. His expertise has earned him recognition in prestigious legal directories like Chambers and Partners, Acritas, and IFLR, and he was named "Lawyer of the Year" for Mining Law by The Best Lawyers in Colombia 2025.

2025 Board and Committee Membership	Attendance
Board of Directors	16 of 16 (100%)
Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee	2 of 2 (100%)
Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee	4 of 4 (100%)

Public board memberships

None.

Securities owned or controlled

None.

Vikram Sodhi (Not Independent)
Saint George, Grenada

Proposed Director

Areas of expertise:

- Experience in extractive sector
- Corporate strategy (M&A)
- International business

Vikram Sodhi is a private investor and philanthropist with over 20 years of experience in leveraged buyouts, turnarounds, and growth strategies across the metals, mining, affordable housing, and fin-tech sectors. He is the Managing Partner and co-founder of Sun Valley Investments and serves as Executive Chairman of Goldlogic Corp. Throughout his career, Mr. Sodhi has co-founded several private equity firms, overseeing \$2 billion in transactions and raising over \$1 billion in institutional capital from global sovereign wealth funds and endowments.

Vikram combines financial rigor with a deep commitment to social impact as the Founder of the Sodhi Foundation, which pioneers PTSD medical treatments and supports economic initiatives in 30 underserved communities across Colombia and India. A graduate of Yale University and a Sterling Fellow, he conducted neuroscience research at Yale Medical School and currently serves on the Yale President's Council on International Activities. Fluent in five languages, Mr. Sodhi is recognized for his global perspective and his ability to drive value in complex, multi-jurisdictional environments.

2025 Board and Committee Membership	Attendance
N/A	N/A
Public board memberships	
None.	
Securities owned or controlled	
195,974,623	

Candidate Suitability Report

In compliance with the Colombian Regulations, including sections 16.4 and 16.7 of the Corporate Governance Code of Best Practices 2014 issued by the Colombian Superintendence of Finance (*Código Pais 2014*) and the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "**Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors**"), the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has evaluated the suitability of each of the candidates included in the slate proposed by the Company for election to the Board at the Meeting, including:

- whether each such candidate satisfies the legal requirements to serve as a director of the Company, including whether they have actual or deemed conflicts of interest that disqualify them from such service;
- whether the candidates individually and as a whole reflect the appropriate balance of diversity, competencies, skills and expertise required by the Board and the Company; and
- each candidate's personal qualifications, experience, integrity, and history with the Company.

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has determined that all candidates proposed by the Company for election are suitable to serve as directors of the Company.

Cease Trade Orders, Bankruptcies, Penalties or Sanctions

No proposed director of the Company is, as at the date of this Circular, or has been within the 10 years before the date this Circular, a director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer of any company (including the Company) that (i) was subject to a cease trade order, an order similar to a cease trade order or an order that denied the relevant issuer access to any exemption under securities legislation

that was in effect for a period of more than 30 consecutive days (an “**Order**”) that was issued while the director or executive officer was acting in the capacity as director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer of such company, or (ii) was subject to an Order that was issued after the director or executive officer ceased to be a director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer and which resulted from an event that occurred while that person was acting in the capacity as director, chief executive officer or chief financial officer.

No proposed director of the Company (i) is, as at the date hereof, or has been within the 10 years before the date hereof, a director or executive officer of any company (including the Company) that, while that person was acting in that capacity, or within a year of that person ceasing to act in that capacity, became bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency or was subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold its assets, or (ii) has, within the 10 years before the date hereof, become bankrupt, made a proposal under any legislation relating to bankruptcy or insolvency, or become subject to or instituted any proceedings, arrangement or compromise with creditors, or had a receiver, receiver manager or trustee appointed to hold the assets of such director, executive officer or shareholder.

No proposed director of the Company has been subject to (i) any penalties or sanctions imposed by a court relating to securities legislation or by a securities regulatory authority or has entered into a settlement agreement with a securities regulatory authority, or (ii) any other penalties or sanctions imposed by a court or regulatory body that would likely be considered important to a reasonable investor in making an investment decision.

The foregoing information has been furnished by the respective proposed directors.

11. Approval of Director Compensation

The Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors provides that the fees payable to each director for Board and committee meetings in any period must be approved by the General Shareholders Assembly, taking into consideration the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee. Director compensation is limited to the fees approved by the shareholders. The fees paid to each director are required to be equal, except for the Chair of the Board, the Chair of any committees and committee members, which the shareholders may fix at a higher rate to account for their additional responsibilities. The director fees are the only form of compensation paid to the directors.

Management of the Company, taking into consideration a report prepared and submitted by the Board, with the input of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, has proposed the director compensation set forth in the table below.

<u>Type of Fee</u>	<u>Amount</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>Proposed</u>
Chair of the Board	\$30,000	\$30,000
Board member (including Chair)	\$55,000	\$55,000
Chair – Audit and Risk Committee	\$25,000	\$25,000
Member – Audit and Risk Committee (excluding Chair), Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, Executive Compensation Committee, Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee	\$5,000	\$5,000

In the absence of a contrary instruction, the persons designated in the form of proxy intend to vote FOR the director compensation proposal.

STATEMENT OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following discussion describes the significant elements of the Company's executive compensation program for the year ended December 31, 2025.

Compensation Discussion & Analysis

Named Executive Officers

The following discussion of executive compensation focuses on the "Named Executive Officers" or "NEOs" (within the meaning of NI 51-102) of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025, namely:

- Daniel Henao⁽¹⁾, President and Chief Executive Officer
- David Splett⁽²⁾, Chief Financial Officer
- Andrés Restrepo Isaza⁽³⁾, Former President and Chief Executive Officer
- David Londoño⁽⁴⁾, Former President and Chief Executive Officer
- Alan Wancier Rode⁽⁵⁾, Former Chief Financial Officer, Former Interim President and Chief Executive Officer
- Sergio Alejandro Chavarria Munera⁽⁶⁾, Interim Chief Financial Officer
- Ana Isabel Gaviria, Former Vice President, Legal and Sustainability
- Santiago Cardona Munera, Vice President, Operations Colombia
- Luis Fernando Villa Tabares, Former Vice President, Operations Nicaragua
- Inivaldo Diaz, Former Vice President, Technical Services, Business Development and Strategy, Vice President, Operations Nicaragua

Notes:

- (1) On November 18, 2025, Mr. Henao was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer following the resignation of David Londoño.
- (2) On July 22, 2025, Mr. Splett was appointed Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Splett resigned as Chief Financial Officer subsequent to December 31, 2025.
- (3) On March 31, 2025, Mr. Restrepo resigned as President and Chief Executive Officer, and was elected a director of the Company.
- (4) On April 8, 2025, Mr. Londoño was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer.
- (5) Mr. Wancier ceased to hold the position of Chief Financial Officer effective June 20, 2025. He also served as Interim Chief Executive Officer and President from March 31 to April 8, 2025.
- (6) Mr. Chavarria served as Interim Chief Financial Officer from June 20, 2025 to July 22, 2025. He was re-appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer subsequent to December 31, 2025.

Compensation History

Mineros has been publicly-listed in Colombia since 1982, and has historically provided executive compensation in line with that offered by other publicly-traded companies in Colombia. Mineros is the only gold mining company listed on the BVC, and has not historically considered the executive compensation practices of international gold mining companies when determining executive compensation. As the Company grows and expands internationally, it is reviewing its approach to executive compensation as part of its overall growth strategy. The Company has historically recruited executives from the markets in which it operates, being Colombia and Nicaragua. As the Company has grown and carried out its strategic objectives, it has increasingly come into competition with international mining companies, impacting its recruitment needs. Accordingly, the pool of talent from which the Company recruits will become increasingly global.

Mineros has been gradually adjusting NEO compensation to make it more competitive compared to peers, in part, by increasing variable compensation tied to the Company meeting or exceeding yearly performance goals. Additionally, in 2020, as part of its Board renewal process, the Company proposed, and its shareholders approved, adjustments to director compensation to better reflect the practices of

similarly situated gold mining companies internationally. The Company's executive and director compensation practices are expected to continue to evolve as the Company continues to execute its international growth strategy.

Compensation Philosophy

Our executive compensation program is designed to achieve the following objectives:

- attract and retain talented, high-performing and experienced executives, whose knowledge, skills and performance are critical to the Company's success;
- ensure that compensation is fair, reasonable to shareholders, and takes into consideration what comparable organizations are paying for similar positions;
- motivate executives to achieve the Company's business and financial objectives by making a significant portion of total compensation variable, and linked to individual and corporate goals and performance;
- establish a strong pay-for-performance relationship in order to deliver long-term results for our shareholders and compensate our executives competitively; and
- make sure that compensation is transparent to the NEOs and our shareholders.

Our executive compensation program includes cash compensation in the form of base salary and short-term cash-based annual performance incentives, and long-term incentives via the grant of Stock Appreciation Rights (each a "SAR") and Restricted Share Units (each an "RSU"), each at the discretion of the Board, and previously included the Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan (as defined below), which are described below.

Compensation Governance

Responsibilities of the Executive Compensation Committee

The Board has established the Executive Compensation Committee to assist it in fulfilling its governance and supervisory responsibilities pertaining to senior management compensation, including the Company's compensation policies and practices. Among other things, the Executive Compensation Committee is responsible for:

- reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation of the President and Chief Executive Officer, evaluating his performance in light of such corporate goals and objectives, and making recommendations to the Board with respect to his compensation levels based on such evaluation;
- periodically reviewing the terms of the Company's executive compensation programs to determine if they are properly coordinated and achieving their desired purpose;
- reviewing the recommendations of the President and Chief Executive Officer regarding the appointment, compensation, and other terms of employment of the other executive officers, and making recommendations to the Board regarding the same; and
- reviewing the Company's security-based compensation arrangements and its policies respecting the grants under such arrangements, and making recommendations to the Board regarding grants of security-based compensation and terms of such grants.

The members of the Executive Compensation Committee are Natalia Correa (Chair), Augusto López Valencia and Hernán Rodríguez, all of whom are independent directors within the meaning of National Policy 58-201 - *Corporate Governance Guidelines* (the “**Corporate Governance Guidelines**”). Each of the members of the Executive Compensation Committee has business and other experience which is relevant to their work on the Executive Compensation Committee. By virtue of their differing professional backgrounds, business experience, knowledge of the Company’s industry and knowledge of corporate governance practices, the members of the Executive Compensation Committee are able to make decisions on the suitability of the Company’s compensation policies and practices. See also, “*Board Committees – Executive Compensation Committee*”.

Compensation Decision-Making Process

Our compensation process starts at the end of the Company’s fiscal year, when we assess and confirm our compensation philosophy, program guidelines and structure, and determine the funds available for executive compensation for the coming fiscal year as part of our annual budgeting process. After the end of each fiscal year, we apply a rigorous process to assess performance and award compensation. This includes individual, group and corporate performance reviews for each NEO.

Before the end of each fiscal year:

- *Review Structure.* The Executive Compensation Committee reviews our overall compensation philosophy and structure for NEOs annually and recommends any changes to the Board for approval. In completing its annual review, the Executive Compensation Committee seeks to ensure that the Company’s compensation structure aligns the NEO’s behavior with those that will most benefit the Company’s shareholders.
- *Establish Budget.* The Company prepares an annual budget and business plan for the coming year, including compensation expenses. The budget is reviewed and adjusted as required by the Executive Compensation Committee, which takes into account the prior year’s performance and market conditions, before it is submitted to the Board for approval in December of each year.
- *Establish Performance Measures.* The Executive Compensation Committee works with the President and Chief Executive Officer to develop performance measures and levels that will be used to assess corporate performance and determine annual bonus payouts for the NEOs, based on the detailed business plan approved by the Board for the relevant year. The Executive Compensation Committee monitors the Company’s performance against these measures throughout the year.

After the end of each fiscal year:

- *Review Performance.* The Executive Compensation Committee reviews corporate performance against metrics established in the budget and business plan for the completed year based on the audited financial results and operating reports of the Company and its subsidiaries. The President and Chief Executive Officer, in conjunction with the Executive Compensation Committee, completes a review of each NEO’s individual performance against corporate and personal objectives.
- *Awards.* The President and Chief Executive Officer, based on the performance review process, makes recommendations regarding the annual bonus and following year’s salary of each NEO. The Executive Compensation Committee then reviews each NEO’s annual performance, competitive positioning, and the President and Chief Executive Officer’s recommendations. The Executive Compensation Committee then recommends compensation for each NEO and for the President and Chief Executive Officer, for final approval by the Board.

Compensation Benchmarking and Use of Compensation Consultants

The Executive Compensation Committee reviews NEO compensation packages annually to ensure that NEOs are being compensated in line with market trends. Mineros does not formally benchmark compensation against a set peer group of companies. However, every two years, the Executive Compensation Committee engages with independent compensation advisors to review the market competitiveness of Mineros' compensation for NEOs and other employees against other local companies in Colombia and Nicaragua including both companies in the mining sector and companies of a similar size and nature in other sectors.

Fees incurred by the Company for compensation consulting services during the last two fiscal years are set out in the following table.

<u>For the Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Executive Compensation-Related Fees</u> (\$)	<u>All Other Fees</u> (\$)
December 31, 2025	23,000 ⁽¹⁾	Nil
December 31, 2024	13,000 ⁽²⁾	N/A

Note:

- (1) Fees incurred by the Company for compensation consulting services provided by Mercer (Marsh McLennan), an independent compensation advisor.
- (2) Fees incurred by the Company for compensation consulting services provided by Bedford Consulting Group, an independent compensation advisor.

Elements of Executive Compensation

The executive compensation plan includes short-term and medium-to-long-term compensation, and a benefits package. The Company does not maintain any formal pension or other retirement plans. The following table explains how each component supports our compensation philosophy. The Executive Compensation Committee assesses each element separately, and together these are considered total compensation. Short-term and long-term compensation together make up each NEO's total direct compensation.

<u>Component</u>	<u>Objective</u>
Short-term compensation	Awarded based on individual performance and the executive's position in the Company:
(i) Base Salary	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Forms the basis for attracting, comparing and remaining competitive with the market. • Fixed, and used to determine other elements of compensation and benefits. • Established at the hiring date and subsequently reviewed annually.
(ii) Annual Cash Bonus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Links pay to individual and corporate achievements. • Variable, based on the previous year's performance, and paid in cash after approval of the Company's audited annual financial statements. Bonuses are not paid unless a threshold level of performance is achieved (i) by the Company, based on objective financial and operating results, and (ii) by the applicable individual, based on benchmarks specified in detailed scorecards for each individual NEO. • Maximum annual cash bonus pool for all NEOs ranges between 3.2x and 7.2x of aggregate NEO base salaries, based on corporate performance. Each individual NEO may achieve up to 7.5x their base monthly salary as long as the sum of all individual bonuses does not exceed the bonus pool.
Long-term compensation	
(i) Stock Appreciation Rights	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SARs link compensation to the Company's long-term performance. • May be granted at the discretion of the Board. • Value is based on share price appreciation over time. • 3 year vesting period and 5 year term.

Component	Objective
(ii) Restricted Share Units	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RSUs link compensation to the Company's long-term performance. • May be granted at the discretion of the Board. • Ultimate value is based on share price over time. • Generally, 4 year vesting period.
(iii) Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Historical extraordinary bonus entitlement designed to link compensation granted to NEOs to longer term market performance.
Other Compensation	In addition to benefits offered to other Mineros employees, NEOs are eligible to receive vehicle leasing facilities.

Base Salary

Base salaries represent the minimum basic compensation for services rendered by each NEO. The Company differentiates salary levels to reflect NEO performance, experience and responsibilities. Base salaries are generally reviewed annually, with any increases approved based on merit, internal equity, and in response to market changes. Base salaries may be changed as warranted throughout the year for promotions or other changes in the scope of an NEO's role and responsibilities.

The following table discloses the annual base salaries of the NEOs during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

Name	Position(s) and Office(s) with Mineros	Annual Base Salary (\$) ⁽¹⁾
Daniel Henao ⁽²⁾	President and Chief Executive Officer	310,903
David Splett ⁽³⁾	Chief Financial Officer	373,083
Andrés Restrepo Isaza ⁽⁴⁾	Former President and Chief Executive Officer	296,495
David Londoño ⁽⁵⁾	Former President and Chief Executive Officer	438,965
Alan Wancier Rode ⁽⁶⁾	Former Chief Financial Officer, Former Interim President and Chief Executive Officer	257,839
Sergio Alejandro Chavarria Munera ⁽⁷⁾	Interim Chief Financial Officer	112,517
Ana Isabel Gaviria ⁽⁸⁾	Former Vice President, Legal and Sustainability	161,344
Santiago Cardona Munera	Vice President, Operations Colombia	258,718
Luis Fernando Villa Tabares ⁽⁹⁾	Former Vice President, Operations Nicaragua	267,282

Notes:

- (1) Base salaries are paid in local currencies. Amounts converted to U.S. dollars based on the average annual exchange rate for 2025 of COP\$4,052.71 = \$1.00.
- (2) Appointed in December 2025.
- (3) For a period of five months July 2025 to December 2025.
- (4) For a period of three months January 2025 to March 2025.
- (5) For a period of seven months April 2025 to November 2025.
- (6) For a period of six months January 2025 to June 2025.
- (7) For a period of two months June 2025 to July 2025.
- (8) For a period of eleven months January 2025 to November 2025.

(9) For a period of nine months January 2025 to September 2025.

Short-Term Incentive Awards – Annual Cash Bonus

An annual cash bonus is a short-term component of compensation. Annual cash bonus payments are linked to the Company’s performance, and the NEO’s contribution to that performance, as well as personal performance of individual NEOs.

The maximum annual cash bonus pool for all NEOs is established based on the achievement of corporate objectives established by the Board for the relevant fiscal year, related to gold production, cost control and increases in reserves and resources, and on the overall profitability of the Company, according to the following calculation:

5x sum of NEO annual salaries	X	Company operating results multiplier	X	Company net profits multiplier	=	Maximum bonus pool
		Based on achievement of target key performance indicators, on a consolidated basis:		Based on achievement of target net profit:		
		Indicator	Weight	Outcome (% of target)		Multiplier
		Gold production (oz Au equivalent)	40%	0 to 79%		Nil
		All-in sustaining costs	30%	80 to 110%		0.8x to 1.1x
		Consolidated mineral resources and mineral reserves	20%	111% or better		1.2x
		TRIFR: Total Recordable Injury Frequency Rate	5%			
		Improve the rating of the sustainability survey of interest groups	5%			
		Total	100%			
		The multiplier is established according to the following scale:				
		Outcome (% of target)		Multiplier		
		0 to 79%		Nil		
		80 to 109%		0.8x to 1.09x		
		110% or better		1.2x		

The participation of each individual NEO in the bonus pool is based on a compensation performance scorecard approved by the Executive Compensation Committee on the recommendation of the President and Chief Executive Officer, according to the following formula:

Maximum annual bonus (based on proportionate share of maximum bonus pool)	x	Individual compensation factor	=	Annual bonus
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Each NEO’s potential annual bonus award amount is multiplied by an individual compensation factor. Each NEO’s performance is classified within a compensation factor band, based on the achievement of the goals on their compensation performance scorecard and the results of a 360 degree subjective evaluation, as set out in the table below. Within that band, the President and Chief Executive Officer determines each NEO’s actual individual performance factor, subject to confirmation by the Board on the recommendation of the Executive Compensation Committee, and provided that the aggregate of all cash bonuses paid may not exceed the total maximum bonus pool.

Subjective Evaluation

Scorecard Total	Unsatisfactory	Partially Satisfactory	Satisfactory	Excellent	Outstanding
100 to 110	0% to 50%	50% to 75%	75% to 100%	100% to 125%	125% to 150%
90 to 99.9	0% to 25%	25% to 50%	50% to 75%	75% to 100%	100% to 125%
80 to 89.9	Nil	Nil to 25%	25% to 50%	50% to 75%	75% to 100%
70 to 79.9	Nil	Nil	Nil to 25%	25% to 50%	50% to 75%
0 to 69.9	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

In 2025, the compensation performance measures for each NEO included some or all of the following categories: (i) strategic execution objectives; (ii) cost reduction; (iii) safety; (iv) operational enhancements; and (v) financial objectives. The compensation performance scorecards were designed to:

- align with our strategic plan;
- provide clear focus on key measures that will drive continued success of the business;
- link compensation to quantitative measures; and
- use publicly-reported measures that are easily understood by shareholders and the public.

By placing a significant weight on achieving our key financial objectives and execution of key strategic objectives, each of which ultimately drive the Company's value and overall total shareholder return which creates value for the Company's shareholders, the Executive Compensation Committee believes that the Company's annual short-term incentive plan is closely aligned with shareholder interests.

Long-Term Incentive Awards

Long-term incentives are intended to provide ties between executive compensation and the long-term performance of the Company. These incentives also strengthen retention and reinforce alignment with shareholder value. Awards of SARs and RSUs may be at the discretion of the Board. During the financial year ended December 31, 2025, the Company also paid amounts under its former Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan.

(a) Omnibus Plan

The Company's omnibus deferred compensation plan for designated executives (the "**Omnibus Plan**"), provides for the issue of SARs and RSUs (together, "**Awards**") to eligible executive officers as long-term incentive compensation.

The Board has delegated to the Executive Compensation Committee the responsibility for administering and interpreting the Omnibus Plan and recommending to the Board grants of Awards and the terms thereof. New Awards under the Omnibus Plan are subject to certain limitations set out in the Omnibus Plan as well as the approval of the Board on the recommendation of the Executive Compensation Committee, as applicable.

The Omnibus Plan provides eligible executive officers with long-term incentive compensation to promote a further alignment of interests between employees and the shareholders of the Company, to support the achievement of the Company's performance objectives and to attract and retain employees with the knowledge, experience and expertise required by the Company.

The Company's usual executive compensation procedure is to grant Awards in the first quarter of the year following the applicable performance year once audited corporate results are available and individual performance has been assessed. Accordingly, Awards granted in 2025 related to the 2024 performance year. For the 2024 performance year, in accordance with the Company's internal compensation policies and contractual arrangements with its NEOs, each NEO was entitled to receive Awards under the Omnibus Plan equal to two times the value of their annual cash bonus divided by the average closing price of the common shares on the BVC during October and November prior to the grant date. All Awards granted under the Omnibus Plan during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025 were SARs. For the 2025 performance year, any Awards will be granted at the discretion of the Board.

All Awards are settled in cash. Awards do not represent a right to receive a common share of the Company under any circumstances, and no common shares will be issued in settlement of any Award. Awards are non-transferrable.

In line with executive compensation best practices, all Awards are subject to time-based vesting schedules of at least three years, with a term of five years in the case of SARs or four years in the case of RSUs, other than in exceptional circumstances. Unless otherwise determined by the Executive Compensation Committee in its sole discretion, if an Award holder's employment is terminated: (i) due to voluntary resignation, then all unvested Awards shall be forfeited and cancelled, and all vested Awards will remain outstanding and payable, and will be settled as soon as practicable following the vesting date; (ii) due to termination without cause, all unvested Awards will vest on the termination date, all vested Awards will remain outstanding and payable, and such awards will be settled promptly following the vesting date; (iii) due to termination with cause, all vested and unvested Awards will be forfeited and cancelled as of the termination date; (iv) due to disability or retirement, all unvested Awards will remain outstanding and will vest on the termination date, all vested Awards will remain outstanding and payable, and such Awards will be settled promptly following the vesting date; and (v) due to death, all unvested Awards will vest as of the date of death and all vested Awards will remain outstanding and payable, and all vested awards will be settled as soon as practicable following the Award holder's date of death.

Upon a change of control, all unvested Awards shall vest and the fair market value of the shares for purposes of settlement is the fair market value, being the price of the shares in connection with the transaction resulting in the change of control (or, if no such price is established, the fair market value determined by the Board in good faith) multiplied by the number of vested awards. Such Awards will be settled within two years following the vesting date. For purposes of the Omnibus Plan, a "change of control" means: (i) an acquisition, through one or more transactions, by any person or group of persons acting in concert, of the right to control or direct, directly or indirectly, 35% or more of the votes attributable to all outstanding voting shares; or (ii) less than 51% of the members of the Board being comprised of persons who are directors of such Board as of the effective date of the Omnibus Plan, except in the case where incumbent directors are replaced because of voluntary retirement, medical reasons or death.

(i) Awards of SARs

Each SAR entitles the holder to receive upon vesting a cash payment equal to the excess, if any, of the fair market value of a common share on the vesting date, calculated as the volume-weighted average trading price ("**VWAP**") of the common shares on the relevant stock exchange during the two months immediately prior to the vesting date, over the base price of the SAR, which is equal to the VWAP of the common shares on the relevant stock exchange during the months of October and November of the year prior to the grant date, or for SARs held by a Canadian taxpayer, the 5-day VWAP of the common shares on the relevant stock exchange prior to the grant date.

SARs are subject to time-based vesting criteria, and may be subject to performance-based vesting criteria. SARs vest on a date determined by the Executive Compensation Committee that falls within the third and fifth calendar year following the end of the calendar year in which the executive provided the services to which the grant relates (or where such services straddle two calendar years, the first calendar year in which the services to which the grant of such SARs relate were rendered), or such other date as the Board may determine and specified in a grant agreement entered into between the Company and a SAR holder. Performance-based criteria, if any, are determined by the Executive Compensation Committee and specified in the SAR grant agreement, and relate to the achievement of financial and/or personal performance objectives and are measured either in total, incrementally or cumulatively over a fiscal year or such other performance period as may be specified by the Executive Compensation Committee.

SAR holders who continue to be employed by the Company or one of its affiliates on the vesting date will become entitled to receive payment in respect of the vested SARs, provided that any applicable performance-based vesting criteria have been satisfied. Vested SARs may be redeemed by the holder at any time until the last business day preceding the expiry date specified in the SAR grant agreement by delivering notice to the Company; provided that no payout in respect of any SARs shall occur following that expiry date. The Company will settle redemptions of vested SARs as soon as practicable following the settlement date specified by the redeeming SAR holder, but in any case no later than the earlier of: (i) 45 days following the applicable vesting date; and (ii) December 31 of the year in which the settlement date requested by the redeeming SAR holder occurred.

(ii) *Awards of RSUs*

RSUs represents a contingent right to receive a cash payment equal to the fair market value of common shares on the vesting date, subject to such restrictions and conditions as the Board may determine at the time of grant and set out in the RSU agreement entered into by the Company and the grantee.

RSUs are subject to time-based vesting. RSUs vest on a date determined by the Executive Compensation Committee that falls within the third and fourth calendar year following the end of the calendar year in which the services to which the grant relates (or where such services straddle two calendar years, the first calendar year in which the services to which the grant of such RSUs relate were rendered), or such other date as specified in the applicable RSU agreement; provided, however, that in respect of a grant of RSUs to a Canadian taxpayer, the vesting date shall not be later than December 15 of the third calendar year following the calendar year in which the services giving rise to the grant of RSUs were rendered.

RSU holders who continue to be employed by the Company or one of its affiliates on the vesting date will become entitled to receive, in respect of each vested RSU, a payment equal to the fair market value of one common share on the vesting date, calculated as the VWAP of the common shares on the relevant stock exchange during the two months immediately prior to the vesting date, or for RSUs held by a Canadian taxpayer, the 5-day VWAP of the common shares on the relevant stock exchange prior to the vesting date. Vested RSUs may be redeemed by the holder at any time until the last business day preceding the expiry date specified in the RSU grant agreement by delivering notice to the Company; provided that no payout in respect of any RSUs shall occur following that expiry date.

(b) *Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan*

The Board has been of the view that Mineros had not historically received the recognition that it deserved globally based on its production profile and financial performance. For that reason, on May 20, 2020, on the advice of the Executive Compensation Committee, the Board approved the creation of an additional one-time incentive plan (the “**Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan**”) for certain senior executive officers to focus their efforts on finding ways to better position the Company globally and to

increase shareholder value. Under the Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan, on the date of its adoption, the participants in the plan became eligible to receive a one-time cash bonus of up to 5% of shareholder value generated (calculated in the manner set out below) between January 1, 2020, and December 31, 2024, subject to a maximum total bonus payment of \$7,450,000. Payment of any extraordinary bonus is subject to the requirement that the market price or value of the common shares increase by an aggregate in the period of at least 4% per year (including the value of dividends paid) over the calendar years, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 and 2024. The term of the Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan ended on December 31, 2024.

Shareholder value generated during the term of the Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan is calculated as follows: (i) the sum of (A) the average closing price of the common shares on the BVC during the month of December 2024, and (B) the aggregate amount of dividends paid on common shares from 2020 to 2024, minus (ii) the base price of the common shares, being the average closing price of the common shares on the BVC during the month of December 2019, multiplied by (iii) the number of common shares issued and outstanding on May 20, 2020. As at December 31, 2025, the Company had paid all outstanding special non-recurring bonus payments.

Perquisites

The NEOs are entitled to participate in all employee benefit plans offered by the Company to its employees in the applicable jurisdictions in which they are based, including the Company's health, housing and education. In addition, NEOs are entitled to receive vehicle leasing subsidies and gas allowances.

Derivative Instruments

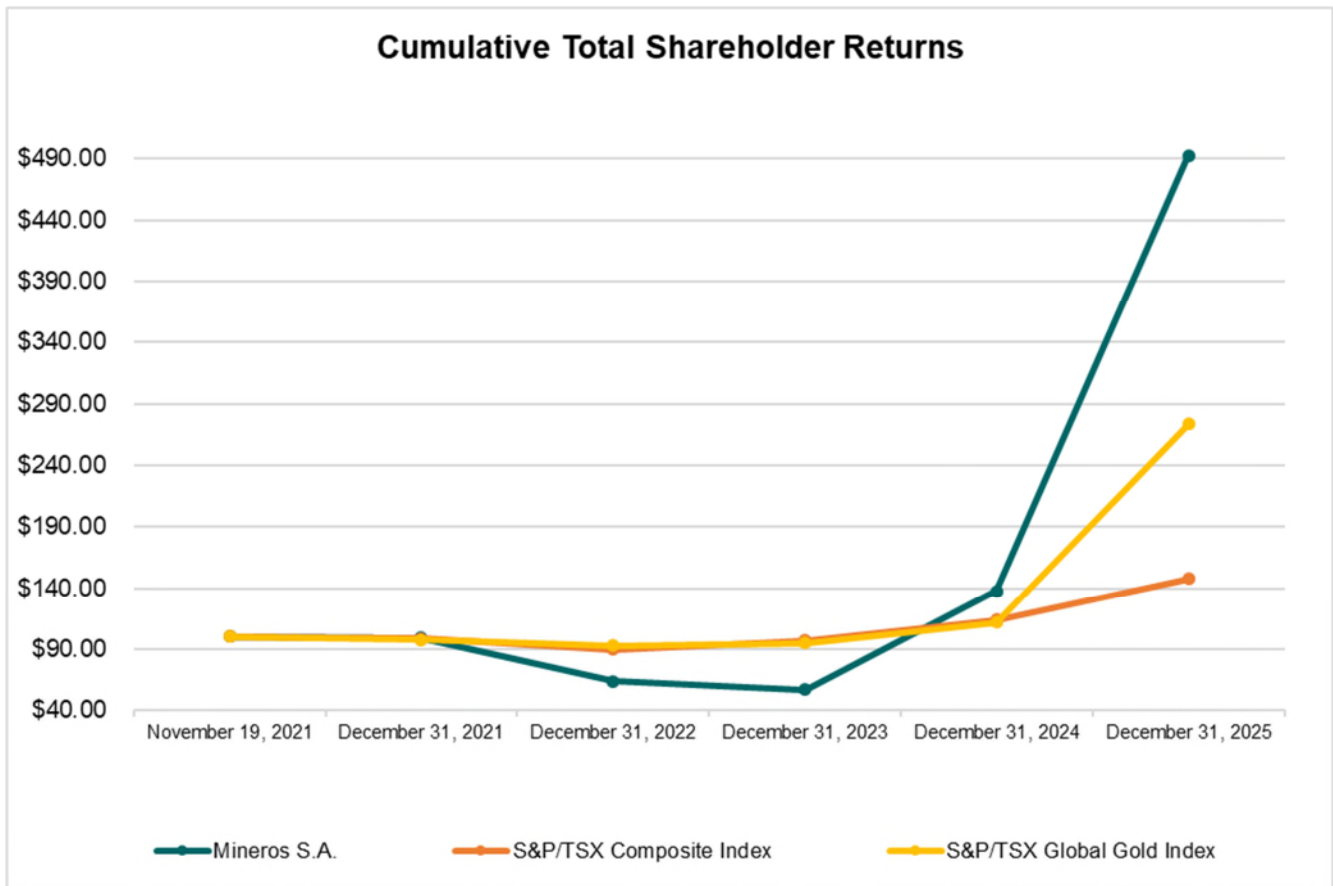
NEOs and directors are not permitted to purchase financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset a decrease in market value of the common shares granted as compensation or that they hold, directly or indirectly.

Compensation Risk

The Company has a series of governance and operational controls to mitigate risks stemming from its compensation structure. In particular, Board meetings occur every other month where all material decisions are discussed and approved. NEOs constantly meet with each other and approval limits are set at operational and corporate levels to mitigate any wrongdoing. Additionally, the Company has implemented controls in accordance with Canadian SOX (C-SOX), which include operational and entity level controls to ensure that there is an overall control structure in place to identify and mitigate any risks.

Performance Graph

This chart illustrates the return of a C\$100 investment in the Company's common shares since their listing on the TSX on November 19, 2021. We have compared this performance to two key benchmarks: the S&P/TSX Composite Index (representing the broader Canadian market) and the S&P/TSX Global Mining Index (reflecting our industry sector). To provide a complete picture, the chart assumes all dividends are reinvested and compounded annually, allowing to analyze the total potential return on an investment over time.



From its initial public offering on November 19, 2021, the cumulative shareholder return of the Company’s shares was initially in line with the S&P/TSX Composite and S&P/TSX Global Gold Indices. However, from the beginning of 2022 through the end of 2023, the Company’s performance lagged behind both benchmarks.

During this period, the performance of the stock was negatively affected compared to both indexes, reflecting the broader market trends, influenced by fluctuations in gold prices and investor sentiment. While political and economic events in our operating regions, including the Colombian election cycle in 2022, contributed to market volatility, the Company maintained a strong operational focus. This is evidenced by achieving production guidance at both our Hemco and Nechi Alluvial properties in 2023.

Following a strong 2024, our stock continued its exceptional performance through 2025. This was the result of successful corporate initiatives and a 60% appreciation in the price of gold. The gold market's strength was underpinned by two main factors: expansionary monetary policies coupled with persistent inflation, and a significant increase in demand for safe-haven assets due to global geopolitical risks.

This growth, coupled with our consistent operational execution, yielded exceptional financial results. These milestones attracted significant investor interest, resulting in increased trading liquidity and substantial share price appreciation throughout the year.

As of year-end 2025, our total shareholder return has significantly outperformed both the S&P/TSX Composite Index and the S&P/TSX Global Gold Index, exceeding their respective returns by 233% and 80%.

The trend in the performance graph is somewhat correlated with the trend of the aggregate compensation paid to the NEOs since 2021. As described under “Compensation Discussion and Analysis”, base salaries, annual cash bonuses and long-term incentives reflect each NEO’s primary duties and responsibilities, their overall performance, and Company’s results in the long term. A significant proportion of NEO compensation is “at risk”, in the form of annual cash bonuses and grants of long-term incentive plan compensation. Overall compensation paid by the Company to its NEOs has generally increased over time, reflecting the achievement of important developments and milestones to the Company and the Company’s overall financial and operational performance. NEO compensation was closely correlated with the performance of the common shares in 2021 and 2022. The decline in compensation awarded to the NEOs in 2022 was 43%, which was relatively greater than the 35% decline of a \$100 investment in the common shares, reflecting the fact that no cash bonuses or long-term incentive plan awards were granted in that year. Aggregate compensation increased significantly in 2023, which contrasts with a moderate decline of a \$100 investment, reflecting the award of incentive plan compensation to the NEOs for achieving of personal and corporate performance goals, including meeting production guidance, despite challenging conditions described above that negatively affected the trading price of the common shares. For 2024 and 2025, an investment in the Company’s shares significantly outperformed the S&P/TSX Composite Index and the Global Gold Index, and NEO compensation followed a similar trend. Such performance indirectly resulted in increased NEO compensation in 2024 because entitlements were triggered under the Special Non-Recurring Bonus Plan, and in 2025, as a result of the vesting and settlement of previously-awarded SARs upon the occurrence of a change of control of the Company.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets out all direct and indirect compensation paid to or earned by the NEOs for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023.

Name and principal position	Year ⁽¹⁾	Salary (\$)	Share-based awards ² (\$)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation (\$)		All other compensation ⁽⁴⁾ (\$)	Total compensation (\$)
				Annual incentive plans ³	Long-term Incentive Plans		
Daniel Henao	2025 ⁽⁵⁾	25,909	Nil ⁽⁶⁾	Nil	Nil	10,363	36,272
President and Chief Executive Officer, Former Director	2024 ⁽⁵⁾	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	70,000	70,000
David Splett	2025	127,604	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	127,604
Chief Financial Officer ⁽⁷⁾							
Andrés Restrepo Isaza	2025 ⁽⁸⁾	105,893	669,428	Nil	368,899	135,552	1,279,772
Former President and Chief Executive Officer and Former Director	2024	296,778	Nil	Nil	379,396	4,826	681,000
	2023	159,030	259,873	129,925	Nil	90,698	639,526
David Londoño	2025	285,148	Nil	Nil	Nil	755,448	1,040,596
Former President and Chief Executive Officer							
Alan Wancier Rode	2025 ⁽⁹⁾	136,945	705,832	116,774	238,049	Nil	1,197,600
Former Chief Financial Officer, Former Interim	2024	242,701	177,251 ⁽⁶⁾	298,844 ⁽⁶⁾	Nil	3,966	722,762
President and Chief Executive Officer	2023	132,923	231,577	115,788	Nil	77,311	557,599
Sergio Alejandro Chavarria Munera	2025 ⁽¹⁰⁾	113,967	Nil	28,129	Nil	7,790	149,886
Interim Chief Financial Officer; Financial Controller	2024	97,194	Nil	23,820	Nil	6,649	127,663
	2023	78,378	Nil	19,914	Nil	9,999	108,291
Ana Isabel Gaviria, Former Vice President, Legal and Sustainability	2025	157,249	359,767	Nil	201,840	242,227	961,083
	2024	148,252	133,365	294,565	Nil	Nil	576,182
	2023	126,912	Nil	142,329	Nil	468	269,241
Santiago Cardona Munera, Vice President, Operations Colombia	2025	263,300	748,062	Nil	446,548	Nil	1,457,910
	2024	250,190	235,946	320,465	Nil	4,789	811,390
	2023	207,560	Nil	121,107	Nil	5,043	333,710
Luis Fernando Villa Tabares, Former Vice President, Operations Nicaragua	2025	140,145	407,689	Nil	164,229	Nil	712,063
	2024	244,146	Nil	212,969	Nil	Nil	457,115
	2023	212,102	Nil	87,137	Nil	Nil	299,239

Notes:

- (1) Amounts paid in Colombian pesos converted to U.S. dollars based on the average annual exchange rate of \$1.00 = COP\$4,052.71 in 2025 (2024: COP\$4,071.35; 2023: COP\$4,322.31).
- (2) Represents the aggregate fair value of SARs awarded on the grant date. Share-based compensation is awarded in March of the year following the applicable performance year as part of the annual compensation package of each NEO. Grants are determined by the Executive Compensation Committee, and are calculated based on a dollar value equal to two times the value of the annual cash bonus awarded to the NEO. The number of SARs granted is equal to such amount, divided by the average closing price of the common shares on the BVC during October and November prior to the grant date. For more information, see “*Elements of Executive Compensation – Long-Term Incentive Awards – Omnibus Plan*” above.

The Black-Scholes option model is used to calculate the value of SARs. The 2023 grant value was COP\$601, calculated using the Black-Scholes model and the following assumptions: interest rate – 10.7%, volatility – 35.5%, expected life – 4.2 years, dividend yield – 7.8%, and a grant date share price of COP\$2,995.
- (3) Consists of annual cash bonuses, which are calculated in March of the year following the applicable performance year as part of the annual compensation package of each NEO. For more information on annual cash bonuses, see “*Elements of Executive Compensation – Short-Term Incentive Awards – Annual Cash Bonus*”.
- (4) These amounts represent the incremental cost to Mineros for perquisites such as health-related, housing, food, vehicle, and education allowances and amounts paid in connection with the termination of employment with respect to Mr. Londoño, Mr. Splett, Mr. Wancier, Ms. Gaviria, Mr. Villa and Mr. Restrepo.
- (5) Mr. Henao was a director of the Company in 2024, and from January 1 to November 18, 2025. He resigned as a director on November 18, 2025 when he was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer. All 2025 compensation relates to Mr. Henao’s capacity as a NEO, except director fees \$107,554, which are disclosed under “Other Compensation”. Mr. Henao’s compensation in 2024 consists solely of director fees.

- (6) Share-based awards and annual incentive plan compensation for the 2025 performance year have not yet been determined. Any such awards will be determined and approved in March 2026, and subsequently paid, in each case in accordance with the Company's usual executive compensation procedures.
- (7) Mr. Splett resigned as Chief Financial Officer subsequent to December 31, 2025.
- (8) Mr. Restrepo was President and Chief Executive Officer during the 2023 and 2024, and from January 1 to March 31, 2025. He resigned from those positions on March 31, 2025, when he was elected a director of the Company. Mr. Restrepo resigned as a director of the Company on November 18, 2025. Mr. Restrepo's 2025 compensation was earned in his capacity as a NEO, except director fees of \$52,500, which are disclosed under "Other Compensation".
- (9) Mr. Wancier resigned as Chief Financial Officer on June 20, 2025. He also served as Interim President and Chief Executive Officer from Interim Chief Executive Officer and President from March 31 to April 8, 2025.
- (10) Mr. Chavarria served as Interim Chief Financial Officer from June 20, 2025 to July 22, 2025. He was re-appointed Interim Chief Financial Officer subsequent to December 31, 2025.

Incentive Plan Awards

Outstanding Share-Based Awards

Mineros has not issued any share-based awards other than SARs and does not offer any option-based awards. In March 2025, a change of control triggered the vesting of all outstanding SARs. Subsequently, in April 2025, all 3,585,588 outstanding SARs were exercised by key management, including the NEOs. As a result, no share-based awards were held by any NEO as at December 31, 2025.

Incentive Plan Awards—Value Vested or Earned During the Year

The following table sets out for each NEO the value of the share-based awards that would have been realized if the awards had been exercised on the vesting date, along with the value of the awards that were earned during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. Mineros has not issued any share-based awards other than SARs. Mineros does not offer any option-based awards and terminated the SAR program in April 2025.

Name	Share-based awards—Value vested during the year ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ (\$)	Non-equity incentive plan compensation—Value earned during the year ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾ (\$)
Daniel Henao	Nil	Nil
David Splett	Nil	Nil
David Londoño	Nil	Nil
Andrés Restrepo Isaza	669,428	Nil
Alan Wancier Rode	705,832	Nil
Sergio Alejandro Chavarria Munera	Nil	Nil
Ana Isabel Gaviria	359,767	Nil
Santiago Cardona Munera	748,062	Nil
Luis Fernando Villa Tabares	407,689	Nil

Notes:

- (1) Amounts in Colombian pesos converted to U.S. dollars on the basis of the average exchange rate on December 31, 2025 of COP\$4,052.71= \$1.00.
- (2) Based on the market price of the common shares on the BVC on the vesting date.
- (3) Annual incentive plan compensation earned for the 2025 performance year has not yet been determined. Any such awards will be determined and approved in March 2026 and subsequently paid in accordance with the Company's usual executive compensation procedures.

Employment Agreements

Each of the NEOs has entered into an employment agreement with the Company which provides for a base salary. In addition, each NEO is eligible to participate in the Company's short-term and long-term incentive compensation plans and benefits plans. See "Statement of Executive Compensation". Each

employment agreement may be terminated by the Company with or without cause. In the event the Company terminates the employment of an NEO without cause, the NEO is entitled to receive only the compensation to which he or she would be entitled at law. Each employment agreement may be terminated by the employee upon 30 days' prior written notice. The employment agreements with each NEO also contain non-solicitation, non-competition and confidentiality provisions.

Incremental payments resulting from the termination of employment in 2025 were for Mr. Londoño, \$658,448; Mr. Wancier, \$116,774; Mr. Restrepo, \$135,153; Ms. Gaviria, \$148,049; and Mr. Villa, \$164,229.

Termination and Change of Control Benefits

As at December 31, 2025, the Company had no plan or arrangement that provides for payments to an NEO at, following, or in connection with any termination (whether voluntary, involuntary or constructive), resignation, retirement, a change in control of the company or a change in an NEO's responsibilities (a "**Triggering Event**"), except the Omnibus Plan. For information regarding the circumstances that could trigger vesting of Awards issued under the Plan in connection with a Triggering Event, see "*Statement of Executive Compensation – Compensation Discussion & Analysis – Elements of Executive Compensation – Long-Term Incentive Awards – Omnibus Plan*"). There were no Awards outstanding as at December 31, 2025. Accordingly, no NEO would have earned any incremental payment, payable or benefit in connection with the occurrence of a Triggering Event on the last business day of the Company's most recently completed financial year.

Director Compensation

Compensation of Our Directors

The compensation of the directors of the Company is included in the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors, the purpose of which is to strengthen the role of the Board by means of setting, among others, the rules applicable to the compensation of the directors. The amendment or replacement of the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors is subject to shareholder approval by ordinary resolution.

The Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors provides that the fees payable to each director for Board and committee meetings in any period must be approved by the General Shareholders Assembly, taking into consideration the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee. Director compensation is limited to the fees approved by the shareholders. The fees paid to each director are required to be equal, except for the Chair of the Board, the Chair of any committees and committee members, which the shareholders may fix at a higher rate to account for their additional responsibilities. The directors are also entitled to be reimbursed for expenses incurred in carrying out their duties as members of the Board and its committees, including travel, accommodation, transportation, training, the fees of external advisors, and directors' and officers' liability insurance.

The table below outlines our director compensation program for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025. Our director compensation is approved annually by the shareholders at the ordinary meeting of shareholders.

Type of Fee	2025
Chair of the Board	\$30,000
Board member (including Chair)	\$55,000
Chair – Audit and Risk Committee	\$25,000
Member – Audit and Risk Committee (excluding Chair), Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, Executive Compensation Committee, Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee	\$5,000

Director Compensation Table

The following table sets out all compensation provided to each director of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2025. Mineros does not offer any share- or option-based awards as director compensation.

Name	Fees Earned (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)⁽¹⁾	Total (\$)
Augusto López Valencia	90,000	Nil	90,000
Sofia Bianchi	68,750	Nil	68,750
Michael Doyle	71,250	Nil	71,250
Hernán Rodríguez	52,500	Nil	52,500
Natalia Correa	48,751	Nil	48,751
Filipe J. Martins	32,500	Nil	32,500
Andrés Restrepo Isaza ⁽²⁾	52,500	Nil	52,500
Marco Izquierdo Llanos ⁽²⁾	85,000	Nil	85,000
Daniel Henao ⁽³⁾	107,554	Nil	107,554
Alberto Mejía Hernández ⁽⁴⁾	16,250	Nil	16,250
Eduardo Pacheco Cortés ⁽⁴⁾	23,750	Nil	23,750
Juan Esteban Mejía Arango ⁽⁴⁾	28,750	Nil	28,750
Lucía Taborda ⁽⁴⁾	40,000	Nil	40,000
Mauricio Toro Zuluaga ⁽⁴⁾	32,500	Nil	32,500

Notes:

(1) Includes travel expenses and other reimbursements.

(2) Resigned as a director of the Company effective November 18, 2025.

(3) Prior to his appointment as President and Chief Executive Officer, Daniel Henao stepped down from the Board on November 18, 2025.

(4) Not re-elected at the ordinary meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly held on March 31, 2025.

Incentive Plan Awards for Directors

The directors of the Company are not eligible to receive compensation under any short-term incentive plan, long-term incentive plan, or non-equity compensation plan, and none of them received or held any share-based awards during the year ended December 31, 2025.

OTHER INFORMATION

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The Company does not have any compensation plan under which equity securities of the Company are authorized for issuance.

Indebtedness of Directors and Executive Officers

None of the directors, executive officers or employees of the Company or its subsidiaries or former directors, executive officers or employees of the Company or its subsidiaries have any indebtedness outstanding to the Company or any of the subsidiaries as at the date of this Circular, and no indebtedness of these individuals to another entity is the subject of a guarantee, support agreement, letter of credit or other similar arrangement or understanding provided by the Company or any of the subsidiaries as at the date hereof. Additionally, no individual who is, or at any time during the Company's last fiscal year was, a director or executive officer of the Company, proposed management nominee for director of the Company or associate of any such director, executive officer or proposed nominee is as at the date hereof, or at any time since the beginning of the Company's last fiscal year has been, indebted to the Company or any of its subsidiaries or to another entity where the indebtedness to such other entity is the subject of a guarantee, support agreement, letter of credit or other similar arrangement or understanding provided by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, including indebtedness for security purchase or any other programs.

INTEREST OF MANAGEMENT AND OTHERS IN MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS

No director, executive officer or shareholder that beneficially owns, or controls or directs, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares, or any of their respective associates or affiliates, has any material interest, direct or indirect, in any transaction since January 1, 2025, or any proposed transaction, which has materially affected or is reasonably expected to materially affect the Company or a subsidiary of the Company.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Deloitte & Touche S.A.S., located at Calle 16 Sur No 43A49 Piso 9, 050022, Medellín, Antioquia. They have served as the Company's auditor since 2008.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

The Company does not currently have any management contracts in place.

STATEMENT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is subject to the corporate governance requirements applicable to reporting issuers under the securities laws of all of the provinces of Canada, other than Québec, and to listed issuers under TSX policies. The Canadian Securities Administrators have issued corporate governance guidelines pursuant to the Corporate Governance Guidelines, together with certain related disclosure requirements pursuant to National Instrument 58-101 – *Disclosure of Corporate Governance Practices* (“**NI 58-101**”). The Corporate Governance Guidelines are recommended as “best practices” for issuers to follow. We have adopted certain corporate governance policies and practices which reflect our consideration of the recommended Corporate Governance Guidelines. The disclosure set out below includes disclosure required by NI 58-101 describing in further detail our approach to corporate governance in relation to the Corporate Governance Guidelines.

We recognize the importance of corporate governance to the effective management of the Company and to the protection of its employees and shareholders. The Company's approach to significant issues of corporate governance is designed with a view to ensuring that the business and affairs of the Company are effectively managed so as to enhance shareholder value. The Board fulfills its mandate directly and through its committees at regularly scheduled meetings or at meetings held as required. Frequency of meetings may be increased and the nature of the agenda items may be changed depending upon the state of the Company's affairs and in light of opportunities or risks which the Company faces. The directors are kept informed of the Company's business and affairs at these meetings as well as through reports and discussions with management on matters within their particular areas of expertise.

Board of Directors

Composition of the Board

The Board currently consists of six directors: Augusto López Valencia (Chair), Sofia Bianchi, Hernán Rodriguez, Natalia Correa, Filipe J. Martins and Michael Doyle. There are currently three vacant positions on the Board. Notwithstanding these vacancies, the Board met the minimum quorum requirement of five directors at all meetings at which actions were taken. The Board has determined that each of the current directors is independent within the meaning of NI 58-101. Michael Doyle and Natalia Correa are executive officers of Sun Valley, a control person of the Company. The Board has considered the independence of such directors within the meaning of NI 58-101 in light of their interests in a control person of the Company, and has determined that they are independent within the meaning of NI 58-101.

Management has nominated for election a slate of proposed directors that includes Filipe J. Martins, Augusto López Valencia, Vikram Sodhi, Hernán Rodriguez, and Sofia Bianchi. The Board has determined that, if elected, Filipe J. Martins, Augusto López Valencia, Hernán Rodriguez, and Sofia Bianchi would be independent within the meaning of NI 58-101.

Inter-locking Directorships

Certain directors of the Company are also presently directors of other issuers that are reporting issuers (or the equivalent) in Canada or foreign jurisdictions. The following table lists the directors of the Company who serve on boards of directors of other reporting issuers (or the equivalent) and the identities of such reporting issuers (or the equivalent).

<u>Name of Director</u>	<u>Reporting Issuer or Equivalent</u>
Sofia Bianchi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canagold Resources Ltd. (Chair) • Ma'aden • Ivanhoe Electric Inc. • Yellow Cake PLC
Michael Doyle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Canagold Resources Ltd.

Independent Director Meetings

The Board holds regularly scheduled meetings no fewer than eight times per year, as well as ad hoc meetings from time to time. To facilitate the exercise of independent judgment, the internal regulations of the Board (the "**Board Regulations**") provide that the Board will reserve a portion of each meeting of the Board for the independent members of the Board to hold in camera sessions without members of management or non-independent directors present, as applicable. The Chair and Vice-Chair of the Board are responsible for ensuring that the directors (all of whom are independent) have opportunities

to meet without management present, as required for the effective governance of the Company and in accordance with the Board Regulations and applicable laws.

The Board Regulations expand on the Colombian Regulations that impose on all directors, both independent and non-independent, duties of care, diligence, confidentiality, fairness, loyalty, and a duty not to engage in corporate opportunities, and requires all directors to declare and avoid conflicts of interest.

A director who has a material interest in a matter before our Board or any committee on which they serve will be required to disclose such interest to the Board as soon as the director becomes aware of it, and any investment in any company that competes with the business of the Company. Directors are required to refrain from participating in the deliberations of the Board or any of its committees with respect to, and abstain from voting on, any matter in respect of which the director has a conflict of interest. Where a director is determined to have a pre-determined conflict of interest with the Company that cannot be resolved, the director must resign.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Chair is primarily responsible for the agenda and for supervising the conduct of each meeting of the Board. Any director may propose the inclusion of items on the agenda, request the presence of or a report by any member of senior management, or at any Board meeting raise matters that are not on the agenda for the meeting. Materials for each meeting are distributed to the Board in advance of each meeting.

The following table summarizes the attendance record of each director for all Board and committee meetings held during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025.

Name of Director	Meetings Attended				
	Board	Audit and Risk	Corporate Governance and Sustainability	Executive Compensation	Business Opportunities and Optimization
Augusto López Valencia	16 of 16	6 of 6	N/A	8 of 8	N/A
Sofía Bianchi	22 of 22	N/A	3 of 3	N/A	N/A
Michael Doyle	20 of 22	N/A	N/A	N/A	7 of 7
Hernán Rodríguez	16 of 16	N/A	2 of 2	N/A	4 of 4
Natalia Correa	16 of 16	6 of 6	N/A	8 of 8	N/A
Filipe J. Martins	16 of 16	6 of 6	N/A	N/A	4 of 4
Andrés Restrepo Isaza ⁽¹⁾	15 of 15	N/A	2 of 2	5 of 7	N/A
Marco Izquierdo Llanos ⁽¹⁾	21 of 21	6 of 6	1 of 1	N/A	7 of 7
Daniel Henao ⁽²⁾	21 of 21	5 of 5	N/A	N/A	7 of 7
Alberto Mejía Hernández ⁽³⁾	5 of 6	1 of 1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Eduardo Pacheco Cortés ⁽³⁾	1 of 6	N/A	N/A	0 of 1	N/A
Juan Esteban Mejía Arango ⁽³⁾	6 of 6	3 of 3	N/A	N/A	N/A
Lucía Taborda ⁽³⁾	6 of 6	1 of 1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Mauricio Toro Zuluaga ⁽³⁾	6 of 6	N/A	1 of 1	N/A	N/A

Notes:

- (1) Resigned as a director of the Company effective November 18, 2025.
- (2) Mr. Henao resigned from the Board on November 18, 2025, and was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer.
- (3) Not re-elected at the ordinary meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly held on March 31, 2025.

Chair of the Board

Augusto López Valencia is the Chair of the Board. The Vice-Chair of the Board exercises the powers and discharges the duties of the Chair in his absence. Currently, the position of Vice-Chair of the Board is vacant. Augusto López Valencia is independent within the meaning of NI 58-101. The duties of the Chair of the Board include: (i) ensuring that the Board sets and effectively implements its strategic plan, including by coordinating the meetings of the Board and its committees; (ii) providing leadership to foster the effectiveness of the Board; (iii) reporting to the General Shareholders Assembly on the activities of the Board, and acting as a liaison between the Board and shareholders; (iv) ensuring an effective relationship exists between the Board and senior management of the Company, and that the directors receive the information required for the proper performance of their duties; (v) chairing Board meetings, including stimulating debate, providing adequate time for discussion of issues, encouraging full participation and discussions and confirming that clarity regarding decision-making is reached and accurately recorded; (vi) chairing meetings of the General Shareholders Assembly; (vii) together with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, ensuring that an appropriate system is in place to evaluate the performance of the Board as a whole, the Board's committees and individual directors; (viii) together with the President and Chief Executive Officer, representing the Company to external groups, including the shareholders of the Company and other parties such as customers, suppliers, the media and government; (ix) ensuring that the Board establishes and effectively monitors implementation of the Company's strategic plan; (x) communicating with senior management so that it is aware of concerns and needs of the Board and the shareholders of the Company; (xi) consulting with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee on candidates for nomination or appointment to the Board; (xii) working with the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company to ensure that the Board is provided with the resources to permit it to carry out its responsibilities and raising any issues that are preventing the Board from being able to carry out its responsibilities; and (xiii) assisting the President and Chief Executive Officer in fulfilling his responsibilities, as necessary.

Board Mandate

The Board is responsible for the stewardship of the Company including the supervision of the management of the business and the affairs of the Company. The mandate of the Board is set out in the Board Regulations. In discharging its duties, the Board is primarily responsible, either directly or through committees of the Board and the Chair of the Board, for the oversight of, among other things, the following matters:

- the strategic planning process of the Company;
- setting and supervising standards of corporate governance that establish a culture of integrity throughout the Company;
- identifying the principal risks of the Company's business and ensuring the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks;
- overseeing financial reporting and establishing and maintaining internal control procedures with respect to financial reporting;
- maintaining and implementing a disclosure policy to facilitate communications with investors and other interested parties;
- succession planning, including appointing, training and monitoring the Company's executive officers;

- the Company's approach to corporate governance and director independence standards;
- ethical behavior of the directors, officers and employees of the Company; and
- the composition and organization of the Board, including making recommendations to the General Shareholders Assembly with respect to the required qualifications of directors to be reflected in the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors, and director compensation.

The Board may at any time retain external legal counsel, consultants or other advisors of its choosing at the expense of the Company to assist it in fulfilling its responsibilities and to set and pay the respective reasonable compensation of these advisors.

The Board discharges its responsibilities directly and through its committees, currently consisting of the Audit and Risk Committee, the Executive Compensation Committee, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee.

The full text of the Board Regulations setting out the Board's mandate and responsibilities and the duties of its members is available on the Company's website at www.mineros.com.co.

Policies approved by the Board

Programa Transparencia Ética Empresarial (PTEE)

The Board approved the transparency ethical and corporate program (*Programa Transparencia Ética Empresarial (PTEE)*), which was included as an integral part of the risk, bribe and corruption management model, with the purpose of strengthening the Company's entrepreneurial practices and controls. The PTEE is articulated with the Company's Code of Ethics, the Anti-Corruption Policy, manuals, and other applicable policies at the Company's subsidiaries, consolidating the elements for the management of corruption and off-shore bribe risks.

Board Committees

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee's primary duties and responsibilities include: (i) reviewing and reporting to the Board on the annual audited financial statements (including the external auditors' report thereon) and unaudited interim financial statements and related management's discussion and analysis, if any, and other financial disclosure related thereto that may be required to be reviewed by the Audit and Risk Committee pursuant to applicable legal and regulatory requirements; (ii) reviewing material changes in accounting policies and significant changes in accounting practices and their impact on the financial statements; (iii) overseeing the audit function, including engaging in required discussions with the Company's external auditors and reviewing the annual audit plan, overseeing the independence of the Company's external auditors, overseeing the Company's internal auditor, and pre-approving any non-audit services to be provided to the Company or its affiliates; (iv) making recommendations to the Board regarding the selection, appointment, compensation, re-election, and termination of the person responsible for the Company's internal audit functions; (v) reviewing and reporting to the Board with respect to the integrity and effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting and disclosure, and anti-money laundering and anti-terrorist financing compliance; (vi) reviewing management reports related to legal or compliance matters that may have a material impact on the Company and the effectiveness of the Company's compliance policies; (vii) establishing whistleblowing procedures and investigating any complaints or concerns it deems necessary; (viii) establishing risk management policies and procedures, and ensuring that they align with the Company's strategic goals; (ix) reviewing and reporting to the Board with respect to the integrity and effectiveness of the Company's risk

management policies and procedures; and (x) reporting annually to the General Shareholders Assembly on matters within the Audit and Risk Committee's mandate.

The full text of charter of the Audit and Risk Committee is set out in Appendix 1 to this Circular.

Composition of the Audit and Risk Committee

The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are Augusto López Valencia (Chair), Filipe J. Martins and Natalia Correa, all of whom are independent directors within the meaning of each of the applicable laws of Colombia and all of whom are financially literate, in each case within the meaning of NI 52-110. Mr. López and Mr. Martins are independent within the meaning of NI 52-110. Ms. Correa is not independent within the meaning of NI 52-110 because she is an executive officer of Sun Valley, the Company's controlling shareholder, and is accordingly an "affiliated entity" as such term is defined in NI 52-110. Ms. Correa was appointed to the Audit and Risk Committee in reliance on the exemption in subsection 3.3(2) of NI 52-110, because: (a) she would be independent but for the fact that she is an officer of Sun Valley, (b) not an executive officer, general partner or managing member of an affiliated entity that has its securities trading on a marketplace, or an immediate family member of such a person; (c) she does not act as Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee; (d) the Board has determined in its reasonable judgement that (i) Ms. Correa is able to exercise the impartial judgement necessary for the member to fulfill his or her responsibilities as an Audit and Risk Committee member, and (ii) her appointment is required by the best interests of the Company and its shareholders; and (e) a majority of the Audit and Risk Committee is independent.

Relevant Education and Experience

(a) Augusto López Valencia

Mr. López Valencia brings extensive experience in corporate governance and strategic oversight, having served as Chairman and CEO of major conglomerates for over five decades. His background provides a robust foundation for identifying systemic risks and ensuring that financial reporting aligns with the highest ethical and professional standards. His deep understanding of the regulatory frameworks governing public companies is critical for maintaining internal controls that comply with both domestic and international requirements, ensuring institutional stability and transparency.

(b) Filipe J. Martins

Mr. Martins possesses significant financial literacy and expertise in global capital markets, enabling him to rigorously scrutinize the company's financial performance and market-driven risks. His professional background in mergers and acquisitions (M&A) and financial due diligence allows him to evaluate the long-term impact of complex investments on the balance sheet. Furthermore, his proficiency in analyzing financial statements under international reporting standards is essential for the company's transparency and compliance within its dual-listed environment on the BVC and TSX.

(c) Natalia Correa

Natalia Correa is a finance professional with extensive experience in different areas of corporate finance, including mergers and acquisitions, capital structuring, project valuation, tax planning and risk management. She currently serves as Vice President of Finance at Sun Valley (2021 to present; previously Financial Director, 2018 to 2021), where she leads strategic processes that drive growth and business consolidation. Throughout her career, she has successfully structured and executed multiple M&A transactions, assessing financial risks, and delivering

sustainable value. Her expertise spans post-acquisition financial integration and capital structure optimization in mining operations. Ms. Correa combines strategic vision with deep market insight and strong analytical skills.

Audit Committee Oversight

Since January 1, 2025, all Audit and Risk Committee recommendations regarding the nomination or compensation of an auditor have been adopted by the Board.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The internal regulations of the Audit and Risk Committee require the Audit and Risk Committee to pre-approve the provision of any non-audit services by the Company's external auditors to the Company or its subsidiaries in accordance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements and policies and procedures of the Board. The Audit and Risk Committee is permitted to delegate pre-approval authority to one of its members; however, the decision of any member of the Audit and Risk Committee to whom such authority has been delegated must be presented to the full Audit and Risk Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

External Auditor Service Fees

The following table sets forth, by category, the fees for all services rendered by the Company's external auditors, Deloitte Colombia and its affiliates, for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

For the Fiscal Year Ended	Audit Fees⁽¹⁾ (\$)	Audit Related Fees⁽²⁾ (\$)	Tax Fees (\$)	All Other Fees (\$)
December 31, 2025	263,498	17,026	-	-
December 31, 2024	243,314	15,700	-	-

Notes:

(1) Refers to the aggregate fees billed for audit services.

(2) Refers to the aggregate fees billed for audit of the ESG report.

Executive Compensation Committee

The members of the Executive Compensation Committee are Natalia Correa (Chair), Augusto López Valencia and Hernán Rodríguez, all of whom are independent directors within the meaning of NI 58-101.

The Executive Compensation Committee is responsible for recruiting and identifying individuals qualified to become new senior management members. The Executive Compensation Committee is also responsible for determining and making recommendations with respect to all forms of compensation to be granted to the President and Chief Executive Officer, and reviewing the President and Chief Executive Officer's recommendations respecting compensation of the other senior executive officers of the Company. In particular, the Executive Compensation Committee is responsible for, among other things: (i) reviewing and approving corporate goals and objectives relevant to compensation of the President and Chief Executive Officer, evaluating his performance in light of such corporate goals and objectives, and making recommendations to the Board with respect to his compensation levels based on such evaluation; (ii) reviewing recommendations from the President and Chief Executive Officer regarding the appointment, compensation and other terms of employment of the Chief Financial Officer, and other executive officers, and making recommendations to the Board regarding the same; (iii) preparing and submitting to the Board at least annually a report on human resource matters of the Company; (iv) administering and interpreting the Company's compensation arrangements and its

policies respecting grants thereunder, and reviewing and recommending to the Board grants of share-based compensation and terms thereof; (v) periodically reviewing the terms of the Company's executive compensation programs to determine if they are properly coordinated and achieving their desired purpose; (vi) overseeing the Company's compliance with any rules promulgated by a regulatory body relating to human resource matters; and (vii) reviewing and assessing the adequacy of its mandate from time to time.

The Executive Compensation Committee has the authority to retain external legal counsel, consultants or other advisors of its choosing to assist it in fulfilling its responsibilities, including a compensation consultant, at the expense of the Company. Any other work or services performed by such compensation consultant at the request of management must, however, be pre-approved by the Executive Compensation Committee.

Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee

The members of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee are Sofia Bianchi (Chair), Hernán Rodríguez and Augusto López Valencia, all of whom are independent directors within the meaning of NI 58-101.

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has been delegated the responsibility of, among other things: (i) analysing, assessing, and monitoring compliance with the Company's corporate governance policies and other governance documents, and applicable laws; (ii) periodically reviewing the Company's corporate governance policies and making policy recommendations aimed at enhancing Board and committee effectiveness and managing governance risks; (iii) annually reviewing the Board Regulations and the internal regulations of proceedings of the Company's General Shareholders Assembly, including the Board and committee mandates and position descriptions of each committee Chair, and making recommendations to the Board; (iv) ensuring timely disclosure of Company information to shareholders and the market in accordance with applicable laws; (v) setting the agenda for meetings of the General Shareholders Assembly; (vi) reviewing shareholder governance proposals and complaints; (vii) reviewing shareholder proposals to add items to the agenda of a meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly; (viii) overseeing the Company's compliance with its corporate governance documents and applicable laws; (ix) evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls relating to corporate governance and sustainability (except for financial, anti-corruption and anti-money laundering, and related reporting matters for which the Audit and Risk Committee is responsible); (x) reviewing and recommending to the Board the appropriate structure, size, composition, mandate and members for Board committees, and the procedures to ensure that the Board and its committees function independently of management; (xi) reviewing, monitoring and making recommendations regarding new director orientation and ongoing development of existing directors; and (xii) submitting an annual report on compliance with the Company's corporate governance measures to the General Shareholders Assembly. Regarding Board member election matters, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for recruiting and identifying individuals qualified to become new Board members and making recommendations to the Board regarding new director nominees, annually or as required. Further, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for recommending to the Board the individual director appointments to each Board committee, annually or as required. In making such recommendations, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee will consider the competencies and skills that the Board considers to be necessary for the Board as a whole to possess, for each existing director to possess, and for a new nominee to bring to the Board. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee may also recommend for approval by the Board the removal of a director from the Board or a committee thereof if he or she is no longer qualified to serve as a director under applicable requirements or any other appropriate reason. In addition, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for overseeing the implementation of and compliance by the Company and its subsidiaries with the Corporate Sustainability Policy, and support the Board in the development of

the sustainability strategy of the Company and its subsidiaries and the policies defining the actions to be taken by the Company in this area.

Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee

The members of the Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee are Michael Doyle (Chair), Filipe J. Martins, Hernán Rodríguez and Sofia Bianchi.

The Business Opportunities and Optimization Committee assists and supports the Board in developing and implementing a strategy for growth and technological optimization of the Company, with regard to, among other things, (i) monitoring and evaluating business and investment opportunities for the Company and its subsidiaries; (ii) supporting the Board in guiding the growth strategy and technological and operational optimization of the Company and its subsidiaries; (iii) proposing for approval to the Board the acquisition, reorganization, sale or divestitures of current and new businesses; (iv) developing and implementing technological and operational optimization projects and strategies; (v) preparing, reviewing and/or evaluating and providing relevant recommendations to management and the Board on business opportunities proposed by the Company or presented to the Company by third parties, and the entering into corporate business transaction documents by the Company and its subsidiaries; (vi) preparing an annual work plan of the Committee according to the corporate strategy defined by the Board; and (vii) any other responsibilities entrusted to it by the Board, subject to and in compliance with applicable laws.

Position Descriptions

The Board has developed written position descriptions for the Chair of each committee of the Board, which are set out in the charter of each committee. The role and responsibilities of the Chair of the Board and the Vice-Chair of the Board are set out in the Board Regulations. See also “*Board of Directors – Chair of the Board*”. The role and responsibilities of the President and Chief Executive Officer are set out in the bylaws.

Orientation and Continuing Education

New members of the Board are provided with: (i) information respecting the functioning of the Board and its committees and a copy of the Company’s corporate governance documents; (ii) access to all documents of the Company, including those that are confidential; and (iii) access to management.

Each new director participates in the Company’s initial orientation program which is reviewed annually by the Vice President, Legal and Sustainability. In accordance with the Company’s Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors, the initial orientation program addresses the Company’s business, operations, key risks, corporate structure, and matters relevant to the mining sector. Board members are encouraged to: (i) communicate with management and external auditors; (ii) remain abreast of industry trends and developments, and changes in legislation, with management’s assistance; (iii) attend related industry seminars; and (iv) visit the Company’s operations.

The Company also has a continuing education program that is approved and reviewed from time to time by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and includes, among other subjects: Business Strategy, Sustainability, Corporate Governance, Ethics and Transparency, Mining Industry Trends, Human Resources and Health and Safety.

Ethical Business Conduct

The Company has a robust system to ensure that business is practiced in an ethical manner and in accordance with good business practices. The Board is responsible for ethics, corporate compliance

and anti-corruption, and approves the guidelines applicable to the Company and its subsidiaries, with a focus on eliminating fraud and corruption and ensuring compliance with all applicable laws. With the support of the Audit and Risk Committee, the Board supervises the fulfillment of assigned roles and responsibilities, the effectiveness of its risk prevention and control model, as well as compliance with the provisions of the Code of Ethics (*Código de Ética*) of the Company (the “**Code of Ethics**”), the Corporate Policy on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption of the Company (the “**Anti-Corruption Policy**”), and other applicable corporate policies. The Code of Ethics governs the conduct of the directors, officers, employees and contractors of the Company and its subsidiaries and is available on the Company’s website. The Anti-Corruption Policy requires that directors, officers, other employees, agents, consultants and contractors of the Company conduct business in a manner that does not contravene applicable anti-bribery, anti-corruption and fraud laws, and contains whistleblower protections and procedures for individuals to report complaints and concerns regarding, among other things, violations of the Code of Ethics and the Anti-Corruption Policy. The Ethics Committee or a designated member thereof is responsible for monitoring compliance with the Code of Ethics, the Anti-Corruption Policy and any other relevant policies.

The Ethics Committee is formed by the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the Vice President, Legal and Sustainability, vice presidents of each operation, as applicable, and the internal auditor. It is responsible for (i) disseminating the Company’s ethics and conduct principles, (ii) applying applicable sanctions upon infringement of the Code of Ethics, Anti-Corruption Policy, and other relevant policies, and (iii) ensuring the confidentiality of investigations and whistleblower protection. In addition, the Company has a whistleblower report line which is managed and operated by a third party that is responsible for receiving and investigating reports of possible violations of the law or the Code of Ethics, the Anti-Corruption Policy and/or other relevant policies. In addition, the Head of Compliance of the Company is responsible for prevention, detection and response to money laundering and corruption related matters as well as for communication and training programs in this area for all new and existing employees and contractors. All employees are obliged to report behaviors or actions related to non-compliance with internal policies, including the Code of Ethics and the Anti-Corruption Policy, and possible violations of the law, and failure to do so may result in sanctions. Copies of the Code of Ethics and the Anti-Corruption Policy are available at: <https://mineros.com.co/en/the-company/corporate-governance>.

The Board encourages and promotes an overall culture of ethical business conduct by promoting compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations; providing guidance to directors, officers and other employees to help them recognize and deal with ethical issues; promoting a culture of open communication, honesty and accountability; and ensuring awareness of disciplinary action for violations of ethical business conduct. The Board also takes steps to ensure that directors and officers exercise independent judgment in considering transactions and agreements that could potentially give rise to a conflict of interest, which include ensuring that directors and officers are thoroughly familiar with the rules governing conflicts of interest, which are found in the Board Regulations. Officers and directors are subject to specific conflict avoidance guidelines, which establish conflict reporting and adjudication procedures.

Nomination of Directors

Electoral Quotient System

Under the Colombian electoral quotient system: (i) at any meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly held for the purpose of electing the directors, each holder of shares is entitled to nominate one or more persons for election; (ii) each nomination of one or more directors constitutes a slate for the purposes of the election; (iii) each slate of nominees must be listed in the order of preference for nominees in that slate to be elected; (iv) once all slates have been nominated, holders of voting shares may cast one vote for each share held in favour of a particular slate of nominees; (v) votes must be cast

for an entire slate, and may not be cast for particular nominees forming part of a slate; (vi) the total number of votes cast in the election is divided by the number of directors to be elected; (vii) the resulting quotient is the quota of votes necessary to elect particular directors; (viii) for each time that the number of votes cast for a slate of nominees is divisible by the quota of votes, one nominee from that slate is elected, in the order of the list of that slate; and (ix) when no slate has enough remaining votes to satisfy the quota of votes necessary to elect a director, any remaining board seat or seats are filled by electing the highest remaining nominee from the slate with the highest number of remaining votes cast until all available seats have been filled.

The following table illustrates the function of the electoral quotient system for the election of the directors of a corporation, as required by the Colombian Commercial Code.

Mechanics	Example 1	Example 2																																													
<p>1. Whenever the General Shareholders Assembly is to vote on the election of directors, shareholders are entitled to propose slates of candidates, composed of one or more nominees. Each slate must list its candidates in order of preference.</p>	<p>For the election of nine directors, the Company recommends a first slate, and a shareholder proposes a second slate:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slate 1 (Board)</th> <th>Slate 2 (Shareholder)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Nominee A</td><td>Nominee Z</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee B</td><td>Nominee Y</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee C</td><td>Nominee X</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee D</td><td>Nominee W</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee E</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee F</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee G</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee H</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Slate 1 (Board)	Slate 2 (Shareholder)	Nominee A	Nominee Z	Nominee B	Nominee Y	Nominee C	Nominee X	Nominee D	Nominee W	Nominee E		Nominee F		Nominee G		Nominee H		<p>For the election of nine directors, the Company recommends a first slate, and shareholders propose two more slates:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slate 1</th> <th>Slate 2</th> <th>Slate 3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Nominee A</td><td>Nominee Z</td><td>Nominee Q</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee B</td><td>Nominee Y</td><td>Nominee R</td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee C</td><td>Nominee X</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee D</td><td>Nominee W</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee E</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee F</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee G</td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>Nominee H</td><td></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Slate 1	Slate 2	Slate 3	Nominee A	Nominee Z	Nominee Q	Nominee B	Nominee Y	Nominee R	Nominee C	Nominee X		Nominee D	Nominee W		Nominee E			Nominee F			Nominee G			Nominee H		
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<p>2. After proposals have been submitted, holders of voting shares may cast their votes in favour of a particular slate of nominees. Votes must be cast for an entire slate and not for individual nominees forming part of a slate.</p>	<p>Votes cast for each slate:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slate</th> <th>Votes</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Slate 1</td><td>80</td></tr> <tr><td>Slate 2</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>Total votes</td><td>100</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Slate	Votes	Slate 1	80	Slate 2	20	Total votes	100	<p>Votes cast for each slate:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Slate</th> <th>Votes</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>Slate 1</td><td>95</td></tr> <tr><td>Slate 2</td><td>40</td></tr> <tr><td>Slate 3</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>Total votes</td><td>150</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Slate	Votes	Slate 1	95	Slate 2	40	Slate 3	15	Total votes	150																											
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Mechanics	Example 1	Example 2
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3. Once all votes are cast, a “quotient” must be calculated by dividing the total number of votes cast in the election by the number of directors to be elected. This quotient is used to determine the number of votes required to elect individual directors in any given slate.

Quotient calculation:

(A) Total votes cast	100
(B) Number of seats to be elected	9
Quotient (A / B)	11.11

Quotient calculation:

(A) Total votes cast	150
(B) Number of seats to be elected	9
Quotient (A / B)	16.67

4. The number of nominees to be elected from each slate shall be determined based on the number of full quotients that the slate received.

Quotient allotment:

Slate	Votes	# of Quotients (Q) (Votes / 11.11)	Remainder
Slate 1	80	7	2.23
Slate 2	20	1	8.89
Total	100	8	11.11 (1Q)

Because Slate 1 received 80 votes amounting to 7 full quotients (80 votes divided by the quotient equals 7 whole quotients of 11.11 votes each, and a remainder of 2.23 votes), the first seven nominees in the slate are elected.

Since Slate 2 received votes amounting to 1 full quotient (20 votes divided by the quotient equals 1 whole quotient of 11.11 votes, and a remainder of 8.89 votes), the first nominee in the slate is elected.

Quotient allotment:

Slate	Votes	# of Quotients (Q) (Votes / 16.67)	Remainder
Slate 1	95	5	11.67
Slate 2	40	2	6.67
Slate 3	15	0	15
Total	100	7	33.34 (2Q)

Because Slate 1 received votes amounting to 5 full quotients (95 votes divided by the quotient equals 5 whole quotients of 16.67 votes each, and a remainder of 11.67 votes), the first five nominees in the slate are elected.

Since Slate 2 received votes amounting to 2 full quotients (40 votes divided by the quotient equals 2 whole quotients of 16.67 votes each, and a remainder of 6.67 votes), the first two nominees in the slate are elected.

Slate 3 did not receive votes amounting to 1 full quotient. Accordingly, no nominees are elected from the slate on the first round, and it has a remainder of 15 votes.

Mechanics	Example 1	Example 2																																				
5. Any remaining board seats shall be filled by candidates from the slates with the highest remainder of votes.	<p>Since only eight directors were elected by quotients, the remaining seat shall be allotted to the slate with the highest remainder (8.89).</p> <p>In this example, Nominee Y, from Slate 2, will occupy the ninth seat in the board.</p> <p>The Board will therefore be composed of the following nominees:</p>	<p>Since only seven directors were elected by quotients, the remaining two seats shall be allotted to the slates with the highest remainders. The first of those seats shall be filled Nominee Q, from Slate 3 (remainder = 15). The second seat shall be filled by Nominee F, from Slate 1 (remainder = 11.67).</p> <p>The Board will therefore be composed of the following nominees:</p>																																				
	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="9" style="background-color: #003366; color: white;">Elected Nominees</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">A</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">B</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">C</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">D</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">E</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">F</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">G</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Z</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Y</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Elected Nominees									A	B	C	D	E	F	G	Z	Y	<table border="1" style="margin: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="9" style="background-color: #003366; color: white;">Elected Nominees</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">A</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">B</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">C</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">D</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">E</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Z</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Y</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">Q</td> <td style="background-color: #e0e0e0;">F</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Elected Nominees									A	B	C	D	E	Z	Y	Q	F
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Board, Committee and Director Assessment

The Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors requires the Board, with the support of the Secretary General, to evaluate annually the efficiency and efficacy of the Board, its committees and members, the adequacy of its policies and procedures, and to propose organizational and operational changes where appropriate.

The Board has mandated the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee to conduct annual self-assessments of the Board’s performance to evaluate the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, its committees, and the individual members of the Board and such committees, with a view of ensuring that they are fulfilling their respective responsibilities and duties. In connection with the annual self-assessment process, each director is required to provide his or her individual self-assessment, an assessment of Board and committee performance and effectiveness and an assessment of peer performance at the Board level and the committee level. Such evaluations take into account the position description for directors and to that purpose review competencies and skills each director is expected to bring to his or her particular role on the Board or on a committee, as well as any other relevant facts. From time to time, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee may also engage external consultants to evaluate the Board, its committees, and the individual members of the Board and such committees.

Director Term Limits and Other Mechanisms of Board Renewal

The bylaws provide that directors are elected by the General Shareholders Assembly for renewable periods of one year. There is no limit on the number of times a director can be elected annually.

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for developing and updating the long-term plan for the composition of the Board that takes into consideration the current strengths, competencies, skills and experience of the Board members, retirement dates and the strategic direction of the Company. In addition, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee in connection with the annual election of directors (or as it may be required), recruits and identifies individuals qualified to become new Board members and makes recommendations to the Board regarding new persons to join the slate to be nominated by the Company for election as directors. In making such recommendations, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee considers the competencies and skills that must be possessed by individual nominees, and the Board as a whole, as set out in the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors. In this respect, through the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the annual Board assessment process, the Board is able to consider the contribution of current Board members and the skills and experience necessary for an effective and efficient Board, and recommends changes to best meet those needs.

Diversity on the Board and in Executive Officer Positions

Mineros considers diversity to be an important factor when considering the composition of the Board and executive management.

The Company's diversity policy with respect to director election is set out in its Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors, the adoption and amendment of which are subject to shareholder approval. Under that policy, the Company is required to take into account gender, age, country and regional diversity in connection with the election of directors. The Board is elected by way of the electoral quotient system. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee reviews the composition of the Board in connection with each election of directors to ensure that each candidate and the slate of nominees to be proposed for election by the Company as a whole reflect the appropriate balance of diversity, competencies, skills and expertise required by the Board, as specified in the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors. Any shareholder-proposed slate of nominees must comply with the Board composition requirements set out in the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of the Board of Directors, and shareholders proposing a slate of nominees must provide the General Shareholders Assembly with nominee profiles demonstrating their suitability. Slates that do not meet all requirements are not eligible to be submitted to the General Shareholders Assembly, and are eliminated from the director election process.

While the Company has not adopted a written policy relating to the identification and nomination of women or persons with other specific diversity characteristics as candidates for election or re-election to the Board or appointment as executive officers, the Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee consider candidates' potential to contribute to diversity within the Board and the Company's executive leadership, including gender diversity. The Company does not believe that it is in the best interests of the Company or its shareholders to set specific diversity-based targets or quotas for director nominees and executive officer appointments, as such targets or quotas may have the effect of unduly restricting the Company's commitment to selecting the most capable individuals. The Board and its Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee consider diversity as one important aspect of the director and executive officer candidate recruitment process, but do not consider it to be paramount to other important criteria.

Two of the six directors on the Board (being 33%) are women. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee considers the level of representation of women on the Board in identifying candidates for election or re-election to the Board as part of the slate of nominees proposed by the Company, but has not adopted specific targets for the reasons discussed above.

Four of the ten executive officers of the Company (being 40%) are women. In appointing individuals to executive officer positions, the Company weighs a number of factors, including the skills and experience required for the position, as well as the candidates' personal attributes. The Company has not adopted a target number of women executive officers. Given the small size of its executive team, the Company believes that implementing targets would not be appropriate. However, in its hiring practices, the Company considers the number of women in executive officer positions and the desirability of achieving an appropriate level of representation.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT ON FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Circular contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws. Forward-looking information includes statements that use forward-looking terminology such as "may", "could", "would", "will", "should", "intend", "target", "plan", "expect", "estimate", "schedule", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "potential", "view" or the negative or grammatical variation thereof or other variations thereof or comparable terminology. Such forward-looking information includes, without limitation, statements with respect to the amount and timing of dividend payments; Colombian

withholding taxes on dividends; the existence and effect of tax treaties on dividend withholding taxes; the availability and terms of procedures for certain shareholders to claim and receive payment from the Company of Excess Amounts; and the approval and implementation of Share Repurchase Programs.

Forward-looking information is based upon estimates and assumptions of management in light of management's experience and perception of trends, current conditions and expected developments, as well as other factors that management believes to be relevant and reasonable in the circumstances, as of the date of this Circular including, without limitation, assumptions about: the implementation of changes to the Company's executive compensation package; legal and regulatory stability; the administration of Excess Amount claim and payment procedures; and the Company's financial condition. While the Company considers these assumptions to be reasonable, the assumptions are inherently subject to significant business, social, economic, political, regulatory, competitive and other risks and uncertainties, contingencies and other factors that could cause actual actions, events, conditions, results, performance or achievements to be materially different from those projected in the forward-looking information. Many assumptions are based on factors and events that are not within the control of the Company and there is no assurance they will prove to be correct.

Forward-looking information involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, and does not guarantee future performance. Risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results or developments to be materially different from those expressed in forward-looking information include, without limitation: awards of compensation are at the discretion of the Board and its Executive Compensation Committee; laws and regulations may change; the Company may be redomiciled, which could change the laws and regulations that apply to the Company, its tax status, and the tax consequences to shareholders of receiving payments of dividends and other distributions on the Company's common shares; the Company's Excess Amount claim and payment procedures may be unpracticable; the approval and implementation of Share Repurchase Programs are at the discretion of the Board, and subject to applicable laws and regulations. The Company cautions that the foregoing lists of important assumptions and factors are not exhaustive. Other events or circumstances could cause actual results to differ materially from those estimated or projected and expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking information contained herein. There can be no assurance that forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information.

Forward-looking information contained herein is made as of the date of this Circular and the Company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as and to the extent required by applicable securities laws.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com. Financial information is provided in the Company's audited annual financial statements and management's discussion and analysis as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025.

In addition, copies of the Company's audited consolidated Canadian Financial Statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2025 and associated management's discussion and analysis may be obtained by referring to the Company's profile on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.com, on the Company's website at www.mineros.com.co, or upon request to the Company by emailing relacion.inversionistas@mineros.com.co. The Company may require the payment of a reasonable charge if the request is made by a person who is not a shareholder of the Company.

Appendix 1

MINEROS S.A.

AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE CHARTER

I. Purpose

The purpose of the Audit and Risk Committee (the “**Committee**”) is to assist the board of directors (the “**Board**”) of Mineros S.A. (the “**Company**” or “**Mineros**”) in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities with respect to:

- (a) financial reporting and disclosure requirements;
- (b) evaluating accounting procedures, interacting with the auditor in connection with preparation of financial statements and other related matters; and
- (c) in general, ensuring that an effective risk management and financial control framework has been implemented and tested by management of the Company,

as instituted by this Audit and Risk Committee Charter (this “**Charter**”).

When the term “**Applicable Laws**” is used in this Charter, it refers, as appropriate, to Colombian laws and Applicable Foreign Law. For such purposes, “**Applicable Foreign Law**” means any law, rule, policy, regulation, decree, order, resolution, practice, standard or pronouncement issued or adopted by a governmental authority, regulatory authority, securities commission or stock exchange (and includes any rules or regulations required to be observed or followed by any transfer agent) that is applicable in any country in which shares are issued, or which apply to the Company or to such shares as a result of such shares having been listed and posted for trading on any stock exchange outside of Colombia.

II. Composition

- (a) The Board will appoint the members (“**Members**”) of the Committee after the ordinary meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly. The Members will be appointed to hold office until the next ordinary meeting of the General Shareholders Assembly or until their successors are appointed. The Board may remove a Member at any time and may fill any vacancy occurring on the Committee. A Member may resign at any time and a Member will cease to be a Member upon ceasing to be a director.
- (b) The Committee will consist of at least three (3) directors, all of whom are: (i) “independent” as set out in Appendix “B” to the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of Board of Directors of the Company, (ii) comply with the additional independence criteria set out in Appendix “A” to this Charter, and (iii) financially literate. In addition, each Member will be free of any relationship which could, in the view of the Board, reasonably interfere with the exercise of a Member’s independent judgment. For the purposes of this Charter, an individual will be considered financially literate if he or she has the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the Company’s financial statements.

III. Meetings

- (a) Meetings of the Committee will take place no less than every three (3) months, at such times and places as the Chair of the Committee may determine. Forty-Eight (48) hours advance notice

of each meeting will be given to each Member by any written means, unless all Members are present and waive notice, or if those absent waive notice before or after a meeting. Members may attend all meetings either in person or by conference call or videoconference.

- (b) Committee meetings may be called at any time by the Chair of the Committee at the request of the auditor, the Company's President, the Chief Financial Officer or any Member. Any such request will set out in reasonable detail the business proposed to be conducted at the meeting so requested. The auditor and any other person invited to attend a meeting of the Committee may attend and participate in the meeting, but shall not be entitled to vote.
- (c) The Board will appoint one of the Members to act as the Chair of the Committee. The internal auditor of the Company will act as the secretary of all meetings and will maintain minutes of all meetings and deliberations of the Committee. In the absence of the internal auditor at any meeting, the Committee will appoint another person who may, but need not, be a Member to be the secretary of that meeting.
- (d) Two (2) Members will constitute a quorum for a meeting of the Committee. Each Member will have one vote and decisions of the Committee will be made by an affirmative vote of the majority. The Chair of the Committee will not have a deciding or casting vote in the case of an equality of votes. Powers of the Committee may also be exercised by written resolution signed by all Members.
- (e) The Committee may invite from time to time such persons as it sees fit to attend its meetings and to take part in the discussion and consideration of the affairs of the Committee. The Committee will meet "in camera" (that is, in private) without management and without the internal auditor at each meeting of the Committee.
- (f) In advance of every meeting of the Committee, the Chair, with the assistance of the Secretary General, will prepare and distribute to the Members and others, as deemed appropriate by the Chair, an agenda of matters to be addressed at the meeting together with appropriate briefing materials. The Committee may require officers and employees of Mineros to produce such information and reports as the Committee may deem appropriate in order to fulfill its duties.

IV. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The duties and responsibilities of the Committee as they relate to the following matters are to:

1. Financial Reporting and Disclosure

- (a) Review and recommend to the Board for approval, the audited annual financial statements, including the auditors' report thereon, the quarterly financial statements, management discussion and analysis, financial reports, guidance with respect to earnings per share, and any public release of financial information through press release or otherwise, before the Company publicly discloses this information, with such documents to indicate whether such information has been reviewed by the Board or the Committee.
- (b) Review and recommend to the Board for approval, where appropriate, financial information contained in any prospectus, annual information form, annual report to shareholders, management proxy circular, material change disclosure of a financial nature, and similar disclosure documents, before the Company publicly discloses this information.
- (c) Review with management of Mineros and with external auditors significant accounting principles and disclosure issues and alternative treatments under International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), all with a view to gaining reasonable assurance that financial statements

are accurate, complete and present fairly Mineros' financial position and the results of its operations in accordance with IFRS, as applicable.

- (d) Review the minutes from each meeting of the Disclosure Committee established pursuant to Mineros' Corporate Disclosure Policy, since the last meeting of the Committee.
- (e) Satisfy itself that adequate procedures are in place for the review of the Company's public disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from the Company's financial statements, other than the public disclosure referred to in IV.1(a), and must periodically assess the adequacy of such procedures.

2. Internal Controls and Audit

- (a) Review and discuss with management the sufficiency of the Company's internal financial controls and any issues involving the Company's or its employees' compliance with relevant Applicable Laws and significant policies and procedures approved by the Board from time to time that are not related to matters handled by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the Executive Compensation Committee, including:
 - (i) reviewing and affirming written policies relating to business conduct, ethics and financial matters (including the Code of Ethics, Anti-Corruption Policy and the Compliance Manual on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption and Related Guidelines) and ensuring that management has established a system to monitor compliance with all relevant policies of the Company;
 - (ii) obtaining reports from management about compliance by the Company and its directors, officers and employees of the relevant policies;
 - (iii) making recommendations to the Board regarding application of the policies; and
 - (iv) advising the Board about policies and procedures regarding compliance with the policies;
- (b) Ensure that Mineros maintains:
 - (i) the necessary books, records and accounts in sufficient detail to accurately and fairly reflect Mineros' transactions;
 - (ii) effective and independent internal control systems;
 - (iii) adequate processes for assessing the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements and for detecting control weaknesses or fraud. From time to time the Committee will assess whether a formal internal audit department is necessary or desirable having regard to the size and stage of development of Mineros at any particular time;
- (c) Satisfy itself that management has established adequate procedures for the review of Mineros' disclosure of financial information extracted or derived from Mineros' financial statements;
- (d) Satisfy itself that management has periodically assessed the adequacy of internal controls, systems and procedures in order to ensure compliance with regulatory requirements and recommendations, including AML Policy regulations;
- (e) Review and discuss Mineros' major balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures and the steps taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the use of any financial derivatives and hedging activities;

- (f) Review and assess, and in the Committee's discretion make recommendations to the Board regarding the adequacy of Mineros' risk management policies and procedures with regard to identification of Mineros' principal risks and implementation of appropriate systems to manage such risks, including an assessment of the adequacy of insurance coverage maintained by Mineros;
- (g) Review and assess, and in the Committee's discretion make recommendations to the Board regarding the planned scope of the internal audit;
- (h) Review and assess, and in the Committee's discretion make recommendations to the Board regarding all related-party transactions;
- (i) Review and assess, and in the Committee's discretion make recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment, termination, replacement and compensation of the internal auditor, when applicable; and
- (j) Review and uphold the Company's Code of Ethics, the Anti-Corruption Policy and the Compliance Manual on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption and Related Guidelines, make recommendations thereto and ensure that management has established a system to oversee compliance with and the implementation and obtain reports from management validating whether the Company and its different organs are effectively complying with such instruments.

3. External Audit

- (a) Recommend to the Board a firm of external auditors to be engaged by Mineros that meets the criteria set out in Appendix "B" of this Charter.
- (b) Ensure the external auditors report directly to the Committee on a regular basis.
- (c) Review the independence of the external auditors in accordance with the criteria set out in Appendix "B" of this Charter, including a written report from the external auditors respecting their independence and consideration of applicable auditor independence standards.
- (d) Review and approve the fee, scope and timing of the audit and other related services rendered by the external auditors.
- (e) Review the audit plan of the external auditors prior to the commencement of the audit.
- (f) Establish and maintain a direct line of communication with Mineros' external and internal auditors.
- (g) Meet "in camera" (being in private) with only the auditors, with only management, and with only the members of the Committee.
- (h) Review the performance of the external auditors who are accountable to the Committee and the Board as representatives of the shareholders, including the lead partner of the independent auditor's team.
- (i) Oversee the work of the external auditors appointed by the shareholders of Mineros with respect to preparing and issuing an audit report or performing other audit, review or attest services for Mineros, including the resolution of issues between management of Mineros and the external auditors regarding financial reporting and disclosure.
- (j) Review the results of the external audit and the report thereon including, without limitation, a discussion with the external auditors as to the quality of accounting principles used, any

alternative treatments of financial information that have been discussed with management of Mineros, and the ramifications of their use as well as any other material changes. Review a report describing all material written communication between management and the auditors such as management letters and schedule of unadjusted differences.

- (k) Discuss with the external auditors their perception of Mineros' financial and accounting personnel, records and systems, the cooperation which the external auditors received during their course of their review, and availability of records, data and other requested information and any recommendations with respect thereto.
- (l) Review the reasons for any proposed change in the external auditors which is not initiated by the Committee or Board and any other significant issues related to the change, including the response of the incumbent auditors, and enquire as to the qualifications of the proposed auditors before making its recommendations to the Board.
- (m) Review annually a report from the external auditors in respect of their internal quality-control procedures, any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review of the external auditors, or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities, within the preceding five years, respecting one or more independent audits carried out by the external auditors, and any steps taken to deal with any such issues.

4. Associated Responsibilities

- (a) Monitor and periodically review the whistleblower policy of the Company contained in the Compliance Manual on Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption and Related Guidelines, the procedures for the management of the whistleblower policy and associated procedures for:
 - (i) the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by Mineros regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters;
 - (ii) the confidential, anonymous submission by directors, officers and employees of Mineros of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters; and
 - (iii) any violations of any Applicable Law that relates to corporate reporting and disclosure, or violations of Mineros' governance policies.
- (b) Review and approve Mineros' hiring policies regarding employees and partners, and former employees and partners, of the present and former external auditor of Mineros.

5. Non-Audit Services

Pre-approve all non-audit services to be provided to Mineros or any subsidiary entities by its external auditors or by the external auditors of such subsidiary entities. The Committee may delegate to one or more of its members the authority to pre-approve non-audit services but pre-approval by such member or members so delegated shall be presented to the full Committee at its first scheduled meeting following such pre-approval.

6. Oversight Function

The Committee's responsibilities and powers are those herein described. It is not the duty of the Committee to plan or carry out audits or determine whether the Company's financial statements are complete, accurate or meet the applicable accounting standards, including IFRS. These are the responsibilities of management and the external auditor.

The Committee, its Chair and any of its members experienced in financial and/or accounting issues, are appointed to provide broad oversight of the financial, risk and control related activities of the Company, and are not accountable or responsible for the day-to-day operation or performance of such activities.

Although the designation of a Member as having accounting or related financial expertise for disclosure purposes is based on that individual's education and experience, which that individual will bring to bear in carrying out his or her duties on the Committee, such designation does not impose on such person any duties, obligations or liability that are greater than the duties, obligations and liabilities imposed on such person as a member of the Committee and the Board in the absence of such designation. Rather, the role of a Member who is identified as having accounting or related financial expertise, like the role of all Members, is to oversee the process, not to certify or guarantee the internal or external audit of Mineros' financial information or public disclosure.

V. REPORTING

The Chair of the Committee will report to the Board at each Board meeting on the Committee's activities since the last Board meeting. The Committee will annually review and approve the Committee's report for inclusion in the report of the Board to the General Shareholders Assembly. The Secretary General will circulate the minutes of each meeting of the Committee to the members of the Board.

VI. ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND AUTHORITY

The Committee will be granted unrestricted access to all information regarding Mineros and all directors, officers and employees will be directed to cooperate as requested by members of the Committee. The Committee has the authority to retain, at Mineros' expense, independent legal, financial and other advisors, consultants and experts, to assist the Committee in fulfilling its duties and responsibilities, and to set and pay the compensation for any such advisors, consultants and experts. The Committee also has the authority to communicate directly with internal and external auditors.

VII. REVIEW OF CHARTER

The Committee will annually review and assess the adequacy of this Charter and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for consideration.

Approved and adopted: February 24, 2021.

APPENDIX “A” OF THE AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE CHARTER
ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENCE CRITERIA
FOR AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Despite any determination made about “**independence**” in accordance with Appendix “B” to the Policy for the Election, Evaluation and Compensation of Directors of the Company regarding an individual’s independence for purposes of sitting on the Board, to be considered an independent **Committee member**, the following **additional** considerations regarding the definition of independence must be met:

1. An individual will be considered to have a material relationship with the Company if he, she or they:
 - (a) accepts, directly or indirectly, any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fee from the Company (or subsidiary entities), other than as remuneration for acting in his or her capacity as a member of the Board of any committee of the Board of the Company, or as a part-time chair or vice chair of the Board of any committee of the Board; or
 - (b) is an affiliated entity of the Company (or its subsidiary entities),
2. For purposes of paragraph 1 above, the indirect acceptance by an individual of any consulting, advisory or other compensatory fees includes acceptance of a fee by:

an individual’s spouse, minor child or stepchild, or a child or stepchild who shares the individual’s home, or

an entity in which such individual is a partner, member, an officer such as a managing director occupying a comparable position or executive officer, or occupies a similar position (except limited partners, non-managing members and those occupying similar positions who, in each case, have no active role in providing services to the entity) and which provides accounting, consulting, legal investment banking or financial advisory services to the Company (or its subsidiary entities).

3. For purposes of paragraph 1 above, compensatory fees do not include the receipt of fixed amounts of compensation under a retirement plan (including deferred compensation) for prior service with the Company (or its subsidiary entities) if the compensation is not contingent in any way on continued service.

Appendix “B” of the Audit and Risk Committee Charter

Criteria for the Appointment of the External Auditor

- I. Policy for the appointment and engagement of the External Auditor.** The following rules will apply to the appointment of the external auditor:
- (a) Firms or individuals can only be engaged or hired based on their professionalism, experience and reputation. Individuals or firms that have been disqualified, suspended or subject to any type of definitive sanction resulting from the provision of financial auditing services, imposed by a judge or regulatory and/or supervision authority in the countries in which any entity of the Mineros group of companies has operations, cannot be considered for appointment at the General Shareholders Assembly.
 - (b) The external auditor’s engagement team must have relevant experience meeting the criteria specified by the Committee.
 - (c) The Company shall not hire or engage an external auditor for services that are not related to the financial audit of the Company or all other tasks entrusted to the external and/or statutory auditor under Applicable Law. Such restriction will also apply to the individuals providing services for and on behalf of the external auditor, including (i) members of the external auditor’s corporate group; and (ii) the principal managers, directors, managers and executives of the external auditor, as well as companies in which any partner and/or administrator of the external auditor is also a partner and/or administrator.
 - (d) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Company may engage an external auditor for non-audit services as and where approved by the Committee in accordance with this Charter, provided that the fees payable to the external auditor for such services (excluding, for greater certainty, general audit services and other functions as defined in Applicable Laws) does not exceed 25% of the operating income of the external auditor in the corresponding year.
- II. Auditor Ineligibility:** The following individuals and entities are prohibited from acting as external auditor of the Company:
- (a) shareholders of the Company or of any entity of the Mineros group of companies;
 - (b) relatives or spouses of members of the senior management of the Company or of any entity of the Mineros group of companies;
 - (c) any employee or contractor of the Company or of any entity of the Mineros group of companies;
 - (d) individuals or companies having received payments from the Company or any entity in the Mineros group of companies and/or related parties representing twenty five per cent (25%) or more of their annual income for the preceding year;
 - (e) persons who have been convicted of financial crimes, or crimes against public administration, or any crime relating to money laundering or terrorism financing, and/or had been the subject of disciplinary sanctions or any other administrative sanction; and
 - (f) anyone included in restricted lists due to conduct linked to money laundering, terrorism financing, fraud, corruption, bribery or any other illegal conduct.

Appendix 2
Amended Bylaws

Please see attached.