

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP.

# FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

# Filed 05/06/25 for the Period Ending 03/31/25

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CIK 0001834376

Symbol INNV

SIC Code 8000 - Services-Health Services

Industry Healthcare Facilities & Services

Sector Healthcare

Fiscal Year 06/30

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

			Washington, D.C. 20549			
			FORM 10-Q			
(Mark One)	X	QUART	ERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO EXCHANGE ACT OF 193 For the quarterly period ended l	4		
	0	TRANSI	or TION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTIO EXCHANGE ACT OF 193- For the transition period from Commission File Number: 001-	4 _ to	G(d) OF THE SECURITIES	
			innovag	<b>e</b>		
			InnovAge Holding Con (Exact name of registrant as specified in		)	
	Delawa (State or Other Ju Incorporation or O	urisdiction o Organization			81-0710819 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)	
	8950 E. Lowry Denver, (Address of Principal 1	CO	ffices)		80230 (Zip Code)	
			(844) 803-8745 (Registrant's telephone number, includi	ng area code	e)	
Securities registered pur	suant to Section 12(b)	of the Secu	rrities Act:		<u>,                                      </u>	
Title	e of each class		Trading Symbol(s)		Name of each exchange on which	registered
Common So	tock, \$0.001 par value	e	INNV		The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC (Nasda Market)	q Global Select
			ed all reports required to be filed by Section 1 required to file such reports), and (2) has been			
			mitted electronically every Interactive Data s (or for such shorter period that the registran			of Regulation S-7
			e accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a no 'accelerated filer," "smaller reporting compar			
Large accelerated filer			Accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$		
Non-accelerated filer			Smaller reporting company	X	Emerging growth company	X
If an emerging growth of accounting standards pro			if the registrant has elected not to use the exfit the Exchange Act. □	xtended trans	sition period for complying with any new	or revised financia
			ompany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exch f the registrant's common stock outstanding.	ange Act). Y	es □ No ⊠	

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# InnovAge Holding Corp. and Subsidiaries Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2025

# Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements

Throughout this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we make "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). This Quarterly Report contains forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements give our current expectations and projections relating to our financial condition, results of operations, plans, objectives, future performance and business. You can identify forward-looking statements by the fact that they do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. These statements may include words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "project," "plan," "intend," "believe," "may," "will," "should," "can have," "likely" and other words and terms of similar meaning in connection with any discussion of the timing or nature of future operating or financial performance or other events. For example, all statements we make relating to our estimated and projected costs, expenditures, cash flows, growth rates and financial results, our plans and objectives for future operations, growth opportunities or initiatives, strategies, the expected outcome or impact of pending or threatened litigation or the expected impact of government policies and the macroeconomic environment are forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those that we expected, including:

- the viability of our growth strategy, including our ability to attract new participants and retain existing participants in new and existing centers and our ability to obtain licenses to open de novo centers, including in Downey and Bakersfield, California;
- the impact on our business from ongoing macroeconomic related challenges, including labor shortages, labor competition, inflation, uncertainty surrounding the stability of economic conditions due to new and proposed tariffs and uncertainty in the global trade environment;
- the results of periodic inspections, reviews, audits and investigations under the federal and state government programs, and our ability to sufficiently cure any deficiencies identified by the respective federal and state government programs;
- the adverse impact of legal proceedings, enforcement actions and litigation, including the current civil investigative demands initiated by federal and state agencies, as well as the litigation and other proceedings initiated by, or on behalf, of our stockholders;
- the impact of state and federal efforts to reduce healthcare spending, including recent proposals to reduce the budget that funds Medicaid and Medicare;
- the risk that the cost of providing services will exceed our compensation under the Program of All Inclusive Care for the Elderly ("PACE");
- our increased costs and expenditures in the future and our inability to execute or realize the benefits of our clinical value initiatives and operational value initiatives;
- the dependence of our revenues and operations upon a limited number of government payors;
- the risk that our submissions to government payors may contain inaccurate or unsupportable information, including regarding risk adjustment scores of participants;
- the impact on our business of renegotiation, non-renewal or termination of capitation agreements with government payors;
- our ability to identify, successfully complete and integrate acquisitions, joint ventures and strategic partnerships;
- the concentration of our presence in Colorado;
- our ability to compete in the healthcare industry, including as a result of new or growing market participants;
- · the difficulty to predict our future results, which could cause such results to fall below any guidance we provide;
- our dependence on our senior management team and other key employees;
- · the impact of failures by our suppliers or limitations on our ability to access new technology or medical products;
- our ability to manage our operations effectively, execute our business plan, maintain effective levels of service and participant satisfaction and adequately address competitive challenges;
- our ability to establish a presence in new geographic markets;
- the impact on our business of security breaches, loss of data or other disruptions causing the compromise of sensitive information or preventing us from accessing critical information;
- · our ability to accurately estimate incurred but not reported medical expense or the risk scores of our participants;
- the impact on our business of the termination of our leases, increases in rent or inability to renew or extend leases;

- the effects of a pandemic, epidemic or outbreak of an infectious disease, such as COVID-19, as well as weather and other factors beyond our control;
- our ability to adhere to complex and changing government laws and regulations in the healthcare industry, including U.S. Healthcare reform, the regulation of the corporate practice of medicine and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health Act of 2009 (the "HITECH Act"), and their implementing regulations (collectively, "HIPAA"), and other privacy laws and regulations in the healthcare industry;
- our status as a "controlled company";
- the impact of our share repurchase program;
- the enhanced requirements of being a public company;
- · the impact on our business of disruptions in our disaster recovery systems or business continuity planning; and
- other factors disclosed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2024 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on September 10, 2024 ("2024 10-K"), and our subsequent filings with the SEC.

We caution you that the important factors referenced above may not contain all of the factors that are important to you. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will realize the results or developments we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our operations in the way we expect. The forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as otherwise required by law.

Unless otherwise specified or unless the context requires otherwise, all references in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "InnovAge," "the Company," "we," "us," and "our," or similar references, refer to InnovAge Holding Corp. and our consolidated subsidiaries.

# PART I —FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# **Item 1. Financial Statements**

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (In thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	N	March 31, 2025		June 30, 2024
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	60,454	\$	56,946
Short-term investments		41,279		45,833
Restricted cash		12		14
Accounts receivable, net of allowance (\$— - March 31, 2025 and \$6,729 - June 30, 2024)		44,400		48,106
Prepaid expenses		26,714		18,919
Income tax receivable		3,324		3,324
Total current assets		176,183		173,142
Noncurrent Assets				
Property and equipment, net		177,502		193,022
Operating lease assets		25,229		28,416
Investments		2,645		2,645
Deposits and other		9,001		5,949
Goodwill		142,046		139,949
Other intangible assets, net		4,042		4,538
Total noncurrent assets		360,465		374,519
Total assets	\$	536,648	\$	547,661
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	<u> </u>	,.		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	75,175	\$	55,459
Reported and estimated claims	Ψ	61,682	Ψ	55,404
Due to Medicaid and Medicare		17,321		15,197
Current portion of long-term debt		60,983		3,795
Current portion of finance lease obligations		5,397		4,599
Current portion of operating lease obligations		4,761		4,145
Total current liabilities		225,319		138,599
Noncurrent Liabilities		223,319		130,399
		7.060		7.460
Deferred tax liability, net		7,969		7,460 12,743
Finance lease obligations		8,797		
Operating lease obligations Other noncurrent liabilities		23,685 1,408		26,275
		,		1,298
Long-term debt, net of debt issuance costs	_	1,765	_	61,478
Total liabilities		268,943		247,853
Commitments and Contingencies (See Note 9)		22.100		22.200
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests (See Note 4)		22,100		22,200
Stockholders' Equity				
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 500,000,000 authorized as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024; 136,416,941 issued and 135,078,305 outstanding as of March 31, 2025 and 136,152,858 issued and 136,116,299 outstanding as of June 30, 2024		136		136
Treasury stock at cost, 1,361,159 and 36,559 shares as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively		(7,203)		(179
Additional paid-in capital		342,870		337,615
Retained deficit		(97,839)		(68,311
Total InnovAge Holding Corp.		237,964		269,261
Noncontrolling interests		7,641		8,347
Total stockholders' equity		245,605		277,608
· ·	\$	536,648	\$	547,661

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (In thousands, except number of shares and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months F	Ende	d March 31,		Nine Months E	i March 31,	
	2025		2024		2025		2024
Revenues							
Capitation revenue	\$ 217,819	\$	192,756	\$	631,293	\$	563,490
Other service revenue	323		315		989		964
Total revenues	218,142		193,071		632,282		564,454
Expenses							
External provider costs	107,896		99,996		322,983		300,319
Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization	69,499		59,078		196,947		168,649
Sales and marketing	6,922		7,179		21,117		18,416
Corporate, general and administrative	38,597		27,549		94,235		81,746
Depreciation and amortization	5,386		5,062		16,116		13,621
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress	 				8,495		_
Total expenses	228,300		198,864		659,893		582,751
Operating Loss	 (10,158)		(5,793)		(27,611)		(18,297)
Other Income (Expense) Interest expense, net	(1,160)		(1,022)		(3,719)		(2,619)
Other income	(1,160)		525		1,489		2,043
Gain (loss) on equity method investment			(118)		16		(2,000)
Total other expense	(903)		(615)	_	(2,214)		(2,576)
Loss Before Income Taxes	 (11,061)	_	(6,408)	_	(29,825)	_	(20,873)
Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes	72		(224)		509		94
Net Loss	 (11,133)		(6,184)		(30,334)	_	(20,967)
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	245		(297)		(806)		(1,329)
Net Loss Attributable to InnovAge Holding Corp.	\$ (11,378)	\$	(5,887)	\$	(29,528)	\$	(19,638)
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - basic	135,200,314		135,908,256		135,471,907		135,861,922
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	135,200,314		135,908,256		135,471,907		135,861,922
Net loss per share - basic	\$ (0.08)		(0.04)		(0.22)		(0.14)
Net loss per share - diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.14)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (In thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

# For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2025

	Capital Shares	Stock Amount	_	Additional Paid-in Capital	E	Retained Carnings Deficit)	Treasur Shares	•	tock Amount	N	oncontrolling Interests	Sto	Total ermanent ockholders' Equity	No	edeemable ncontrolling Interests Temporary Equity)	Net Income (Loss)
Balances, December 31, 2024	135,349,150		6 \$	340,874	\$	(86,461)	1,046,233	_	(6,092)	\$	7,885	\$	256,342	\$	21,611	(====)
Stock-based compensation	55,837	_	-	2,035		_			_		_		2,035		_	
Tax withholding related to net share settlements of stock- based compensation awards	(11,756)	_	_	(39)		_	_		_		_		(39)		_	
Shares repurchased at cost	(314,926)	-	-	_		_	314,926		(1,111)		_		(1,111)		_	
Net income (loss)	<u> </u>					(11,378)	<u> </u>				(244)		(11,622)		489	(11,133)
Balances, March 31, 2025	135,078,305	\$ 13	6 \$	342,870	\$	(97,839)	1,361,159	\$	(7,203)	\$	7,641	\$	245,605	\$	22,100	

# For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025

												Total		edeemable ncontrolling			
	Capital	Stock		Additional Paid-in	Retained Earnings	Treasur	y S	tock	N	oncontrolling		Permanent		Permanent Stockholders'		Interests Temporary	Net Income
	Shares	Amoun	t	Capital	(Deficit)	Shares		Amount	Interests		Interests		Equity		Equity)		(Loss)
Balances, June 30, 2024	136,116,299	\$ 1	36	\$ 337,615	\$ (68,311)	36,559	\$	(179)	\$	8,347	\$	277,608	\$	22,200			
Stock-based compensation	426,800		_	6,069	 _			_				6,069		_			
Tax withholding related to net share settlements of stock- based compensation awards	(140,194)		_	(814)	_	_		_		_		(814)		_			
Shares repurchased at cost	(1,324,600)		_	_	_	1,324,600		(7,024)		_		(7,024)		_			
Net income (loss)	_		_	_	(29,528)	_		_		(706)		(30,234)		(100)	(30,334)		
Balances, March 31, 2025	135,078,305	\$ 1	36	\$ 342,870	\$ (97,839)	1,361,159	\$	(7,203)	\$	7,641	\$	245,605	\$	22,100			

# For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

	Capital	Stock		Additional Paid-in		Retained Earnings	Treasur	ry S	tock	Noncoi	ntrolling	Total ermanent eckholders'	Non	edeemable acontrolling Interests emporary	Net Income				
	Shares	Amo	ount	Capital		(Deficit)	Shares		Amount	Interests		Interests		Interests		Equity	Equity)		(Loss)
Balances, December 31, 2023	135,893,070	\$	136	\$ 335,062	\$	(49,695)		\$		\$	5,638	\$ 291,141	\$	11,831					
Stock-based compensation	86,234			1,551		_			_			1,551		_					
Tax withholding related to net share settlements of stock- based compensation awards	(53,999)		_	(17	)	_	_		_		_	(17)		_					
Net loss	_		_	_		(5,887)	_		_		(54)	(5,941)		(243)	(6,184)				
Balances, March 31, 2024	135,925,305	\$	136	\$ 336,596	\$	(55,582)		\$		\$	5,584	\$ 286,734	\$	11,588					

# For the Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024

	Capital	Stoc	ek	A	Additional Paid-in	Retained Earnings		Treasu	ry S	Stock	Noncontrolling		Noncontrolling					Total Permanent Stockholders'		Redeemable incontrolling Interests Temporary	Net Income
	Shares	A	mount		Capital	(Deficit)	_ 5	Shares Amount		Interests		Equity		Equity)		(Loss)					
Balances, June 30, 2023	135,639,845	\$	136	\$	332,107	\$ (35,944)		_	\$	_	\$	5,793	\$	302,092	\$	12,708					
Stock-based compensation	445,635				5,140							_		5,140							
Tax withholding related to net share settlements of stock- based compensation awards	(160,175)		_		(651)	_		_		_		_		(651)		_					
Net loss	_		_		_	(19,638)		_		_		(209)		(19,847)		(1,120)	(20,967)				
Balances, March 31, 2024	135,925,305	\$	136	\$	336,596	\$ (55,582)			\$		\$	5,584	\$	286,734	\$	11,588					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	For	For the Nine Months Ended March			
	2	2025	2024		
Operating Activities					
Net loss	\$	(30,334) \$	(20,967		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities					
Loss (gain) on disposal of assets		260	(14)		
Provision for uncollectible accounts		524	5,252		
Depreciation and amortization		16,116	13,621		
Operating lease rentals		4,738	3,831		
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress		8,495	_		
Amortization of deferred financing costs		322	322		
Stock-based compensation		6,069	5,140		
Loss on minority equity interest investment		_	2,000		
Deferred income taxes		509	(78)		
Other, net		1,173	302		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions					
Accounts receivable, net		3,183	(16,802)		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(6,275)	4,382		
Income tax receivable		_	(3,068)		
Deposits and other		(4,471)	(2,350)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		20,062	(5,402)		
Reported and estimated claims		6,278	6,171		
Due to Medicaid and Medicare		2,125	2,270		
Income taxes payable		_	(1,212)		
Operating lease liabilities		(4,909)	(4,054)		
Deferred revenue		_	(28,115)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		23,865	(38,771)		
Investing Activities					
Purchases of property and equipment		(6,442)	(4,609)		
Purchases of short-term investments		(1,610)	(1,782)		
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments		6,300	3,000		
Acquisition of business		(4,774)	(23,916)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,526)	(27,307)		
Financing Activities		(0,520)	(27,507)		
Payments for finance lease obligations		(3,147)	(3,581)		
Principal payments on long-term debt		(2,848)	(2,846)		
Repurchase of equity securities		(7,024)	(2,040)		
Taxes paid related to net settlements of stock-based compensation awards		(814)	(651)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(13,833)	(7,078)		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & RESTRICTED CASH		3,506	(73,156)		
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & RESTRICTED CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD		56,960	127,265		
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS & RESTRICTED CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$	60,466 \$	54,109		
Supplemental Cash Flows Information					
Interest paid	\$	3,413 \$	2,894		
Income taxes paid	\$	1 \$	4,452		
Property and equipment included in accounts payable	\$	52 \$	432		
Property and equipment nucleaced in accounts payable  Property and equipment purchased under finance leases	\$	— \$	108		
Property and equipment puromased under rinance reases	φ	— <b>5</b>	108		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

#### **Note 1: Business**

InnovAge Holding Corp. and its subsidiaries ("InnovAge" or the "Company") are headquartered in Denver, Colorado. The Company's participant-centered care delivery approach is designed to improve the quality of care the Company's participants receive, while keeping them in their homes for as long as safely possible. Through the Company's Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly ("PACE") program, the Company fulfills a broad range of medical and ancillary services for seniors, including in-center services such as primary care, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, dental services, mental health and psychiatric services, meals, and activities; transportation to and from the PACE center and third-party medical appointments; and care management. The Company manages its business as one reportable segment, PACE.

As of March 31, 2025, the Company served approximately 7,530 PACE participants, making it the largest PACE provider in the United States of America (the "U.S.") based upon participants served, and operated 20 PACE centers across California, Colorado, Florida, New Mexico, Pennsylvania and Virginia.

PACE is a fully-capitated managed care program, which serves the frail elderly, and predominantly dual-eligible, population in a community-based service model. We define dual-eligible seniors as individuals who are 55+ and qualify for benefits under both Medicare and Medicaid. InnovAge provides all needed healthcare services through an all-inclusive, coordinated model of care, and the Company is at risk for 100% of healthcare costs incurred with respect to the care of its participants. PACE programs receive capitation payments directly from Medicare Parts C and D, Medicaid, Veterans Administration ("VA"), and private pay sources. Additionally, under the Medicare Prescription Drug Plan, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services ("CMS") share part of the risk for providing prescription medication to the Company's participants.

The Company's common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Stock Market LLC under the ticker symbol "INNV".

#### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company described its significant accounting policies in Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2024 ("2024 10-K"). There were no significant changes to those accounting policies during the nine months ended March 31, 2025.

# Basis of Preparation and Principles of Consolidation

The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP have been omitted pursuant to such regulations. These financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting principles applied for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of all normal and recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly owned subsidiaries and variable interest entities ("VIEs") for which it is the primary beneficiary and entities for which it is the controlling interest. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Company does not have any components of comprehensive income and comprehensive income is equal to net loss reported in the statements of operations for all periods presented.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment were comprised of the following as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024:

dollars in thousands	Estimated Useful Lives	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
Land	N/A	\$ 11,970	\$ 11,970
Buildings and leasehold improvements	10 - 40 years	156,628	156,064
Software	3 - 5 years	31,753	30,678
Equipment and vehicles	3 - 7 years	73,449	69,495
Construction in progress	N/A	 6,033	12,234
		279,833	280,441
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization		(102,331)	(87,419)
Total property and equipment, net		\$ 177,502	\$ 193,022

Depreciation of \$5.2 million and \$4.9 million was recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Depreciation of \$15.6 million and \$13.1 million was recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company recorded a \$1.4 million impairment of operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets and a \$7.1 million impairment of construction in progress during the nine months ended March 31, 2025, related to halting developments to a previously planned de novo center in Louisville, Kentucky that the Company is no longer pursuing. There were no impairments recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024.

# Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

#### Segment Reporting

In November 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. ASU 2023-07 improves reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker. Additionally, ASU 2023-07 requires that all existing annual segment disclosures be provided on an interim basis and clarifies that single reportable segment entities are subject to the disclosure requirement under Topic 280 in its entirety. ASU 2023-07 will be applied retrospectively and is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023 and for interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company does not expect ASU 2023-07 to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements, but the Company will require increased disclosure within the notes to our consolidated financial statements.

#### Income Taxes

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*. ASU 2023-09 requires additional disclosures related to rate reconciliation, income taxes paid, and other disclosures. ASU 2023-09 requires public companies to annually (i) disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and (ii) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold. Additionally, ASU 2023-09 requires public companies to annually disclose the amount of income taxes paid, disaggregated by federal, state, and foreign taxes, as well as the amount of income taxes paid by individual jurisdiction. For smaller reporting companies, such as the Company, ASU 2023-09 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2025. The Company continues to evaluate the impact of ASU 2023-09 on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

# Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses

In November 2024. the FASB issues ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40)*. ASU 2024-03 requires that each interim and annual reporting period, an entity disclose more information about the components of certain expense captions that is currently disclosed in the financial statements. As revised by ASU 2025-01, *Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense* 

Disaggregation Disclosures, the provisions of ASU 2024-03 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effects this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

The Company does not expect that any other recently issued accounting guidance will have a significant effect on its condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### **Note 3: Revenue Recognition**

Under ASC 606, revenue is recognized when a customer obtains control of promised goods or services, in an amount that reflects the consideration which the entity expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. To determine revenue recognition, the Company performs the following five steps: (i) identify the contract(s) with a customer; (ii) identify the performance obligations in the contract; (iii) determine the transaction price; (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and (v) recognize revenue as the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

#### Capitation Revenue and Accounts Receivable

Our capitation revenue relates to contracts with participants in which our performance obligation is to provide healthcare services to the participants. Revenues are recorded during the period our obligations to provide healthcare services are satisfied as noted below within each service type. The Company contracts directly with CMS and each state Medicaid agency on a per member, per month ("PMPM") basis. We receive 100% of the pooled capitated payment to directly provide or manage the healthcare needs of our participants.

Fees are recorded gross in revenues because the Company is acting as a principal in providing for or overseeing comprehensive care provided to the participants. Neither the Company nor any of its affiliates is a registered insurance company because state law in the states in which it operates does not require such registration for risk-bearing providers.

In general, a participant enrolls in the PACE program and is considered a customer of InnovAge. The Company considers all contracts with participants as a single performance obligation to provide comprehensive medical, health, and social services that integrate acute and long-term care. The Company identified that contracts with customers in the PACE program have similar performance obligations and therefore groups them into one portfolio. This performance obligation is satisfied over time as the Company provides comprehensive care to its participants.

Our revenues are based on the estimated PMPM amounts we expect to be entitled to receive from the capitated fees per participant that are paid monthly by Medicaid, Medicare, the VA, and private pay sources. Medicaid and Medicare capitation revenues are based on PMPM capitation rates under the PACE program. VA is included in "Private Pay and other" and is also capitated. Private pay includes direct payments from participants who do not qualify for the full capitated rate and have to pay all or a portion of the capitated rate. Costs to obtain contracts consist of sales commissions for new enrollees and are included in Deposits and other on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. These costs are amortized over a three-year period which corresponds to the average time a participant is enrolled in the PACE program. As of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, contract assets included within prepaid expenses and deposits and other were \$3.9 million and \$2.8 million, respectively.

The Company disaggregates capitation revenue from the following sources for the nine months ended:

	March	31,
	2025	2024
Medicaid	55 %	55 %
Medicare	45 %	45 %
Private pay and other	*%	*%
Total	100 %	100 %

# Less than 1%

The Company determined the transaction price for these contracts is the amount we expect to be entitled to, which is the most likely amount. For certain capitation payments, the Company is subject to retroactive premium risk adjustment

payments according to the CMS risk adjustment payment timeline. Specifically, there is a midyear true up payment based on updated risk score calculations and a final true up payment to allow for complete diagnosis submission. The Company estimates the amount of the adjustment and records it monthly on a straight-line basis. These adjustments are not expected to be material.

The capitation revenues are recognized based on the estimated PMPM transaction price to transfer the service for a distinct increment of the series (i.e. month). We recognize revenue over time in the month in which participants are entitled to receive comprehensive care benefits during the contract term. As the period between the time of service and time of payment is typically one year or less, the Company elected the practical expedient under ASC 606-10-32-18 and did not adjust for the effects of a significant financing component.

The Company also provides prescription drug benefits in accordance with Medicare Part D. Monthly payments received from CMS and the participants represent the bid amount for providing prescription drug coverage. The portion received from CMS is subject to risk sharing through Medicare Part D risk-sharing corridor provisions. These risk-sharing corridor provisions compare costs targeted in the Company's bid to actual prescription drug costs. The Company estimates and records a monthly adjustment to Medicare Part D revenues associated with these risk-sharing corridor provisions. Medicare Part D comprised 14% of capitation revenues for each of the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. Medicare Part D comprised 14% and 13% of capitation revenues for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company provides comprehensive healthcare services to participants on the basis of capitated or fixed fees per participant that are paid monthly by Medicare, Medicaid, the VA and private pay sources. Our accounts receivable as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024 were primarily from capitation revenue arrangements. The concentration of net receivables from participants and third-party payers was as follows:

	March 31, 2025	June 30, 2024
Medicaid	78 %	71 %
Medicare	18 %	22 %
Private pay and other	4 %	7 %
Total	100 %	100 %

The Company records accounts receivable at net realizable value based upon the estimated amounts the Company expects to be entitled to receive from Medicare, Medicaid, the VA and private pay sources. Estimated reimbursement amounts are adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined. Accounts are written off as bad debts when they are deemed uncollectible based upon individual credit evaluations and specific circumstances underlying the accounts.

Other Service Revenue and Accounts Receivable

Other service revenue primarily consists of revenues derived from state food grants and rent revenues. Accounts receivable related to other service revenue were not significant as of both March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

Laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are complex and subject to change, as well as government review. Failure to comply with these laws can expose the entity to significant regulatory action, including fines, penalties, and exclusion from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. See Note 9, "Commitments and Contingencies."

#### **Note 4: Cost and Equity Method Investments**

The Company held cost method investments of \$2.6 million as of both March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

#### **Nonconsolidated Entities**

# Cost Method Investments

The Company maintains one investment that is accounted for using the cost method. The Company's ownership interest is less than 20% of the voting stock of the investment and the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investments. The investment does not have a readily

determinable fair value and the Company has elected to record the investments at cost, less impairment, if any, plus or minus any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or similar investment of the same issuer. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no observable price changes or impairment recorded.

#### **Jetdoc**

In August 2021, the Company acquired a minority interest equal to 806,481 shares of the outstanding common stock of Jetdoc, Inc. ("Jetdoc"), a telehealth and virtual urgent care app dedicated to effectively connecting users with medical professionals, for cash consideration of \$2.0 million. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024, we determined that our investment in Jetdoc was impaired and recognized an impairment loss of \$0.1 million and \$2.0 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2025, the Company did not have any ownership interest in Jetdoc.

#### DispatchHealth

On June 14, 2019, the Company invested \$1.5 million in DispatchHealth Holdings, Inc. ("DispatchHealth"), through the purchase of a portion of its outstanding Series B Preferred Stock. On April 2, 2020, the Company invested an additional \$1.1 million through the purchase of a portion of its outstanding Series C Preferred Stock. As of March 31, 2025, the balance of the Company's investment was \$2.6 million, which represents the maximum exposure to loss. The investment does not have a readily determinable fair value and the Company has elected to record the investment at cost, less impairment, if any, plus or minus any changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or similar investment of the same issuer. During the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no observable price changes or impairments.

# **Equity Method Investments**

#### Pinewood Lodge

Through May 2, 2024, the Company's operations included a Senior Housing unit that primarily included the accounts of Continental Community Housing ("CCH"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the general partner of Pinewood Lodge, LLLP ("PWD"), which was organized to develop, construct, own, maintain, and operate certain apartment complexes intended for rental to low-income elderly individuals aged 62 or older.

PWD was accounted for using the equity method of accounting. As of March 31, 2024, the balance of the Company's investment in PWD was \$0.8 million, which represented the maximum exposure to loss.

On March 13, 2024, PWD entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the sale of all of PWD's property, including the Senior Housing unit. On May 2, 2024, PWD closed on the sale of its Senior Housing property for \$9.5 million. Upon completion of the sale, PWD ceased providing senior housing services and in June 2024 was dissolved. Following the dissolution, the remaining proceeds from the sale were distributed in accordance with the partnership agreement and as otherwise agreed by the partners.

#### **Consolidated Entities**

# **Controlling Interest**

InnovAge Florida PACE - Orlando

On May 28, 2024, the Company entered into a joint venture with Orlando Health ("OHI") to develop and manage PACE centers to serve communities in Orlando, Florida. In connection with the joint venture, OHI, InnovAge Orlando PACE II, LLC ("InnovAge Orlando"), the joint venture, and the Company entered into a Contribution Agreement pursuant to which OHI made a cash contribution of \$2.9 million to InnovAge Orlando for a proportionate 10% interest ownership. The Company's total contribution was \$26.1 million for its controlling membership interest of 90%. As a result, the joint venture's results are consolidated in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Noncontrolling Interest

Senior Housing

The Company's operations include a 0.01% partnership interest in InnovAge Senior Housing Thornton, LLC ("SH1"), which was organized to develop, construct, own, maintain, and operate certain apartment complexes intended for rental to low-income elderly individuals aged 62 or older.

SH1 is a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE"). The Company is the primary beneficiary of SH1 and consolidates SH1 as it has the power to direct the activities that are most significant to SH1 and has an obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from SH1. The most significant activity of SH1 is the operation of the senior housing facility. The Company has provided a subordinated loan to SH1 and has provided a guarantee for a convertible term loan held by SH1.

#### Redeemable Noncontrolling Interest

InnovAge Sacramento

On March 18, 2019, in connection with the formation of InnovAge Sacramento, the joint venture with Adventist Health System/West ("Adventist") and Eskaton Properties, Incorporated ("Eskaton"), the Company contributed \$9.0 million in cash and land valued at \$4.2 million for a 59.9% membership interest in the joint venture. Adventist contributed \$5.8 million in cash and Eskaton contributed \$3.0 million in cash for membership interests of 26.4% and 13.7%, respectively. In fiscal year 2021, the Company made an additional contribution of \$0.1 million and obtained an additional 0.1% membership interest in the joint venture, which resulted in the Company obtaining control and consolidating InnovAge Sacramento as of January 1, 2021.

The InnovAge California PACE-Sacramento LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement (the "JV Agreement") includes numerous provisions whereby, if certain conditions are met, the joint venture may be required to purchase, at fair market value, certain members' interests or certain members may be required to purchase, at fair market value, the interests of certain other members. The Company's investment in InnovAge Sacramento includes a put right for the noncontrolling interest holders to require the Company to repurchase the interest of the noncontrolling interest holders at fair value, after the initial term of the management services agreement in 2028. As of March 31, 2025, none of the conditions specified in the JV Agreement had been met. Accordingly, these put rights held by the noncontrolling interests of the joint venture are required to be presented as temporary equity and are recorded as redeemable noncontrolling interests on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, the Company's redeemable noncontrolling interest was recorded at fair value of \$22.1 million and \$22.2 million, respectively.

# **Note 5: Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received from selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, at the measurement date. A fair value hierarchy was established that requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources outside the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's own assumptions based on market data and assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The sensitivity to changes in inputs and their impact on fair value measurements can be significant.

The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity has the ability to access at the measurement date
- Level 2 Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs to the valuation techniques that are significant to the fair value measurements of the assets or liabilities

The following table shows the Company's cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities by significant investment category as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024:

March 31, 2025

				01, 20	-20		
in thousands	Amortized Cost		Fair Value		Cash and Cash Equivalents		Short- term Investments
Cash	\$ 47,7	279 \$	47,279	\$	47,279	\$	_
Level 1							
Money market funds	13,	.75	13,175		13,175		_
Mutual funds	40,9	371	41,279				41,279
Total	\$ 101,	\$25	101,733	\$	60,454	\$	41,279
			June 3	0, 202	24		
in thousands	Amortized		Fair Value		Cash and Cash		Short- term

	and the same of th						
housands	 Amortized Cost		Fair Value		Cash and Cash Equivalents		Short- term Investments
ash	\$ 25,793	\$	25,793	\$	25,793	\$	_
evel 1							
Money market funds	31,153		31,153		31,153		_
Mutual funds	45,556		45,833		_		45,833
Total	\$ 102,502	\$	102,779	\$	56,946	\$	45,833

# **Recurring Measurements**

The Company's investment in InnovAge Sacramento includes a put right for the noncontrolling interest holders to require the Company to repurchase the interest of the noncontrolling interest holders at fair value, after the initial term of the management services agreement in 2028. As a result, at each fiscal period end the Company reports this put right at the greater of (i) carrying value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest or (ii) fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest. Because this asset does not have observable inputs, Level 3 inputs are used to measure fair value. The fair value of the redeemable noncontrolling interest is determined utilizing a discounted cash flow model. As of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, the Company's redeemable noncontrolling interest was recorded at fair value of \$22.1 million and \$22.2 million, respectively.

There were no transfers in and out of Level 3 during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company's policy is to recognize transfers as of the actual date of the event or change in circumstances.

# Note 6: Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of cost over the fair value of net assets acquired. The Company had goodwill of \$142.0 million and \$139.9 million as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively. Goodwill is not amortized.

Pursuant to ASC 350, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other," we review the recoverability of goodwill annually as of April 1 or whenever significant events or changes occur which might impair the recovery of recorded amounts. For purposes of the annual goodwill impairment assessment, the Company identified two reporting units, East and West. There were no indicators of impairment identified and no goodwill impairment recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Intangible assets consisted of the following as of:

in thousands	rch 31, 025	June 30, 2024
Definite-lived intangible assets	\$ 6,600	\$ 6,600
Indefinite-lived intangible assets	2,000	2,000
Total intangible assets	8,600	8,600
Accumulated amortization	(4,558)	(4,062)
Balance as of end of period	\$ 4,042	\$ 4,538

Intangible assets consist primarily of customer relationships acquired through business acquisitions. The Company recorded amortization expense of \$0.2 million for each of the three month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. The Company recorded amortization expense of \$0.5 million for each of the nine month periods ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

We review the recoverability of other intangible assets in conjunction with long-lived assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. There were no intangible asset impairments recorded during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

#### Note 7: Leases

#### Leasing Arrangements as Lessee

The Company leases certain property and equipment under various third-party operating and finance lease agreements. The Company determines if an arrangement is or contains a lease at the lease inception date by evaluating whether the arrangement conveys the right to use an identified asset and whether the Company obtains substantially all of the economic benefits from and has the ability to direct the use of the asset. The leases are noncancelable and expire on various terms from 2025 through 2037. We determine if an arrangement is a lease upon commencement of the contract. If an arrangement is determined to be a long-term lease (greater than 12 months), we recognize an ROU asset and lease liability based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at the commencement date. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of future payments. Our lease terms may also include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise those options. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

We have elected to apply the short-term lease exception for contracts that have a lease term of twelve months or less and do not include an option to purchase the underlying asset. Therefore, we do not recognize a ROU asset or lease liability for such contracts. We recognize short-term lease payments as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are recognized as expense. Certain leases include escalations based on inflation indexes and fair market value adjustments. Operating lease liabilities are calculated using the prevailing index or rate at lease commencement for such leases.

The following table presents the components of our ROU assets and their classification in our Balance Sheet as of:

Component of Lease Balances	<b>Balance Sheet Line Items</b>	March 31, 2025		June 30, 2024
in thousands				
Assets:				
Operating lease assets	Operating lease assets	\$ 25,229	\$	28,416
Finance lease assets	Property and equipment, net	13,350		15,908
Total leased assets		\$ 38,579	\$	44,324

The Company recorded a \$1.4 million impairment of operating lease ROU assets and during the nine months ended March 31, 2025. See Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies".

The following table presents the components of our lease cost and the classification of such costs in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the nine months ended March 31:

		Nine Months Ended March 31,				
Component of Lease Cost in thousands	Statements of Operations Line Items	2025	2024			
in inousanas						
Operating lease cost	Cost of care excluding depreciation and amortization and Corporate, general and administrative	\$ 1,566	\$ 3,880			
Finance lease expense:						
Amortization of leased assets	Depreciation and amortization	3,961	3,458			
Interest on lease liabilities	Interest expense, net	_	_			
Variable lease cost	Cost of care excluding depreciation and amortization and Corporate, general and administrative	4	70			
Short-term lease cost	Cost of care excluding depreciation and amortization and Corporate, general and administrative	146	136			
Total lease expense		\$ 5,677	\$ 7,544			

The following table includes the weighted-average lease terms and discount rates for operating and finance leases as of March 31:

Weighted average remaining lease term:	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Operating leases	7.0 years	7.9 years
Finance leases	3.2 years	3.3 years

Weighted average discount rate:	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Operating leases	6.90 %	6.86 %
Finance leases	7.69 %	7.94 %

The following table includes the future maturities of lease payments for operating leases and finance leases for periods subsequent to March 31, 2025:

in thousands	Operating Lease	Finance Lease	Total
Amount remaining in 2025	\$ 6,315	\$ 6,892	\$ 13,207
2026	6,260	6,020	12,280
2027	5,874	5,040	10,914
2028	4,967	2,926	7,893
2029	4,111	897	5,008
Thereafter	11,651	198	11,849
Total lease payments	 39,178	21,973	61,151
Less liability accretion / imputed interest	(10,732)	(7,779)	(18,511)
Total lease liabilities	 28,446	14,194	42,640
Less: Current lease liabilities	4,761	5,397	10,158
Total long-term lease liabilities	\$ 23,685	\$ 8,797	\$ 32,482

#### Note 8. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024:

	March 2025	31,	June 30, 2024
		in thousa	unds
Senior secured borrowings:			
Term Loan Facility	\$	60,938 \$	63,750
Convertible term loan		2,203	2,239
Total debt		63,141	65,989
Less: unamortized debt issuance costs		393	716
Less: current maturities		60,983	3,795
Noncurrent maturities	\$	1,765 \$	61,478

# 2021 Credit Agreement

On March 8, 2021, the Company entered into a credit agreement (as amended, the "2021 Credit Agreement") that replaced its prior credit agreement. The 2021 Credit Agreement consists of a senior secured term loan (the "Term Loan Facility") of \$75.0 million principal amount and a revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") of \$100.0 million maximum borrowing capacity, each with a maturity date of March 8, 2026. Borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility is subject to (i) any issued amounts under our letters of credit, which as of March 31, 2025 was \$5.2 million, and (ii) applicable covenant compliance restrictions and any other conditions precedent to borrowing. Loans under the 2021 Credit Agreement are secured by substantially all of the Company's assets. Principal on the Term Loan Facility is paid each calendar quarter in an amount equal to 1.25% of the initial term loan on closing date.

Outstanding principal amounts under the 2021 Credit Agreement accrue interest at a variable interest rate. As of March 31, 2025, the interest rate on the Term Loan Facility was 6.14%. Under the terms of the 2021 Credit Agreement, the Revolving Credit Facility fee accrues at 0.25% of the average daily unused amount and is paid quarterly. As of March 31, 2025, we had no borrowings outstanding, \$5.2 million of letters of credit issued, and \$94.8 million of remaining capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility.

The 2021 Credit Agreement requires the Company to meet certain operational and reporting requirements, including, but not limited to, a secured net leverage ratio. Additionally, annual capital expenditures and permitted investments, including acquisitions, are limited to amounts specified in the 2021 Credit Agreement. The 2021 Credit Agreement also provides certain restrictions on dividend payments and other equity transactions and requires the Company to make prepayments under specified circumstances. As of March 31, 2025, the Company was in compliance with the covenants of the 2021 Credit Agreement.

The deferred financing costs of \$2.0 million are amortized over the term of the underlying debt and unamortized amounts have been offset against long-term debt in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Total amortization of deferred financing costs was \$0.1 million for each of the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024. Total amortization of deferred financing costs was \$0.3 million for each of the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

#### Convertible Term Loan

On June 29, 2015, SH1 entered into a convertible term loan. Principal and interest payments of \$0.02 million are due monthly. The loan bears interest at an annual rate of 6.68%, with the remaining principal balance due upon maturity at August 20, 2030. The loan is secured by a deed of trust to Public Trustee, assignment of leases and rents, security agreements, and SH1's fixture filing.

#### **Note 9: Commitments and Contingencies**

#### Professional Liability

The Company pays fixed premiums for annual professional liability insurance coverage under a claims-made policy. Under such policy, only claims made and reported to the insurer are covered during the policy term, regardless of when the incident giving rise to the claim occurred. The Company records claim liabilities and expected recoveries, if any, at gross amounts. The Company is not currently aware of any unasserted claims or unreported incidents that are expected to exceed medical malpractice insurance coverage limits.

# Litigation

From time to time, the Company may be involved in various legal proceedings and be subject to claims. The Company regularly evaluates the status of claims and legal proceedings in which it is involved in order to assess whether a loss is probable or there is a reasonable possibility that a loss may have been incurred, and to determine whether accruals are appropriate. The Company expenses legal costs as such costs are incurred.

#### **Civil Investigative Demands**

In July 2021, the Company received a civil investigative demand from the Attorney General for the State of Colorado under the Colorado Medicaid False Claims Act. The demand requested information and documents regarding Medicaid billing, patient services and referrals in connection with the Company's PACE program in Colorado. The Company continues to fully cooperate with the Attorney General. The Company is currently unable to predict the outcome of this investigation.

In February 2022, the Company received a civil investigative demand from the Department of Justice ("DOJ") under the Federal False Claims Act on similar subject matter. The demand requested information and documents regarding audits, billing, orders tracking, and quality and timeliness of patient services in connection with the Company's PACE programs in the states where the Company operated as of 2022 (California, Colorado, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, and Virginia). In December 2022, the Company received a supplemental civil investigative demand requesting supplemental information on the same matters. The Company and the DOJ have begun discussions to understand their respective positions on this matter. At this time, the Company is unable to predict the outcome of these discussions.

In October 2024, the Company received a civil investigative demand from the DOJ under the Federal False Claims Act on a similar subject matter. The demand requests information and documents regarding the Company's relationship as a PACE provider with residential care facilities in California, Colorado, Virginia and New Mexico, related housing costs, and enrollment practices. The Company is fully cooperating with the DOJ and producing the requested information and documentation. The Company is currently unable to predict the outcome of this investigation.

#### **Stockholder Lawsuits**

On October 14, 2021, the Company was named as a defendant in a putative class action complaint filed in the District Court for the District of Colorado on behalf of individuals who purchased or acquired shares of the Company's common stock during a specified period (the "Securities Action"). Through the complaint, plaintiffs asserted claims against the Company, certain of the Company's officers and directors, Apax Partners, L.P., Welsh, Carson, Anderson & Stowe and the underwriters in the Company's IPO, alleging violations of Sections 11, 12(a)(2) and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for making allegedly inaccurate and misleading statements and omissions in connection with the Company's IPO and subsequent earnings calls and public filings, and seeking compensatory damages, among other things.

The Company and the other defendants have entered into a binding term sheet with the plaintiffs agreeing to settle all claims in exchange for a payment by the Company of \$27.0 million, subject to entering into final settlement documents and approval by the District Court. After adjusting for the settlement amounts to be paid directly by the Company's insurers, the Company has recorded \$10.7 million within accounts payable and accrued expenses representing its anticipated share of the settlement amount in the third quarter of fiscal 2025. Until final settlement documents are signed by all the parties and the District Court grants final approval of the settlement, which is expected no earlier than the first quarter of fiscal 2026, there can be no assurances that the settlement will be completed on the terms disclosed herein or at all.

On April 20, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company received a books and records demand pursuant to Section 220 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, from a purported stockholder of the Company, Brian Hall, in connection with the stockholder's investigation of, among other matters, potential breaches of fiduciary duty, mismanagement, self-dealing, corporate waste or other violations of law by the Company's Board with respect to these matters. On May 15, 2023, Mr. Hall filed a lawsuit in the Delaware Court of Chancery asserting derivative claims for breach of fiduciary duty against certain of the Company's current and former officers and directors generally relating to alleged failures by the defendants to take remedial actions to address the matters that resulted in sanctions by CMS at certain of the Company's centers, and alleged misstatements in the Company's public filings relating to those matters. On June 28, 2023, upon stipulation of the parties, the court entered an order staying the litigation pending the resolution of the motion to dismiss in the Securities Action or upon fifteen days' notice by any party to the litigation. On January 22, 2024, upon stipulation of the parties, the court entered an order further staying the litigation pending the close of fact discovery in the Securities Action or upon order of the Court granting a motion to lift the stay. We are currently unable to predict the outcome of this matter.

The results of legal proceedings and claims are inherently unpredictable and uncertain. The outcomes of legal proceedings and claims could be material to the Company's operating results for any particular period, depending in part, upon the operating results of such period. Regardless of the outcome, litigation has the potential to have an adverse impact on us due to any related defense and settlement costs, diversion of management resources, and other factors.

#### Note 10: Stock-based Compensation

A summary of our aggregate stock-based compensation expense is set forth below. Stock-based compensation expense is included in corporate, general and administrative expenses on our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

	Three months ended March 31,			Nine months e	Nine months ended March 31,			
		2025		2024	2025		2024	
		in tho	ousands		in tho	usands		
Stock options	\$	175	\$	171	\$ 541	\$	610	
Profits interests units		167		191	499		820	
Restricted stock units		1,693		1,189	5,029		3,710	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	2,035	\$	1,551	\$ 6,069	\$	5,140	

2020 Equity Incentive Plan

#### Profits Interests

TCO Group Holdings, L.P. (the "LP"), the Company's largest shareholder and prior to the IPO, the Company's parent, maintains the TCO Group Holdings, L.P. Equity Incentive Plan (the "2020 Equity Incentive Plan") pursuant to which interests in the LP in the form of Class B Units (profits interests) may be granted to employees, directors, consultants, advisers, and other services providers (including partners) of the LP or any of its affiliates, including the Company. A maximum number of 16,162,177 Class B Units are authorized for grant under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan. Both performance-based and time-based units have been issued under the plan. As of March 31, 2025, a total of 15,872,837 profits interests units had been granted under the 2020 Equity Incentive Plan.

The Company used the Monte Carlo option model to determine the fair value of the granted profits interests units at the time of the grant. Expected stock price volatility is based on consideration of indications observed from several publicly traded peer companies. The risk-free interest rate is based on a treasury instrument whose term is consistent with the expected life of the unit. The dividend yield percentage is zero because the Company neither currently pays dividends nor intends to do so during the expected term. The expected term of the units represents the time the units are expected to be outstanding. A total of 2,213,700 Class B Units were awarded during the nine months ended March 31, 2024 to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Legal Officer. A total of 650,000 Class B Units were awarded during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 to the Company's President and Chief Operating Officer. The assumptions under the Monte Carlo model related to profit interests units, presented on a weighted-average basis, are provided below:

	Nine Months Ended	March 31,
	2025	
Expected volatility		63.0 %
Expected life (years) - time vesting units		1.8
Interest rate		4.18 %
Dividend yield		_
Weighted-average fair value	\$	1.43
Fair value of underlying stock	\$	5.67

A summary of profits interests activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Time-based unit awards	units	grant date fair value		
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	1,287,113	\$	5.52	
Granted	325,000	\$	5.67	
Forfeited	_	\$	_	
Vested	(433,917)	\$	1.30	
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	1,178,196	\$	7.12	
Performance-based unit awards	Number of		ited average	

Number of

Weighted average

Performance-based unit awards	Number of units	grant date fair value		
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	1,371,671	\$	1.55	
Granted	325,000	\$	0.99	
Forfeited	<u> </u>	\$		
Vested	<u></u>	\$	_	
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	1,696,671	\$	1.44	

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to profits interests units outstanding as of March 31, 2025 was \$4.2 million, comprised (i) \$1.7 million related to time-based unit awards expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.9 years and (ii) \$2.5 million related to performance-based unit awards, which will be recorded when it is probable that the performance-based criteria will be met.

#### 2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan

In March 2021, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors approved the InnovAge Holding Corp. 2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan"), pursuant to which various stock-based awards may be granted to employees, directors, consultants, and advisers. The total number of shares of the Company's common stock authorized under the 2021 Omnibus Incentive Plan is 14,700,000. The Company has issued time-based restricted stock units under this plan to its employees which generally vest over a three-year period with one-third vesting on each anniversary of the date of grant. Certain other vesting periods have also been used. The grant date fair value of restricted stock units with time-based vesting is based on the closing market price of our common stock on the date of grant. Certain other awards under this plan, including units and stock options, vest upon achieving specific share price performance criteria and are determined to have performance-based vesting conditions. The Company has also issued time-based vesting stock options under this plan to its employees which generally vest in equal parts over a three-year period.

#### Restricted Stock Units

A summary of time-based vesting restricted stock units activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Restricted stock units - time based	Number of awards	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	2,864,319	\$ 8.15
Granted	159,869	\$ 5.67
Forfeited	(212,428)	\$ 6.15
Vested	(423,329)	\$ 5.76
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	2,388,431	\$ 8.58

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to time based restricted stock units outstanding as of March 31, 2025 was \$6.0 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.4 years.

A summary of performance based vesting restricted stock units activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Restricted stock units - performance based	Number of awards	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	258,767	\$ 5.18
Granted	<u> </u>	\$ —
Forfeited	<u> </u>	\$
Vested	<del></del>	\$ —
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	258,767	\$ 5.18

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to performance based vesting restricted stock units outstanding as of March 31, 2025 was \$0.2 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years.

# Nonqualified Stock Options

A summary of time-based vesting stock option activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Stock options - time based	Number of awards	Weighted average grant-date fair value per share
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	554,499 \$	1.77
Granted	— \$	S —
Forfeited	<u> </u>	_
Exercised	— \$	S —
Expired	— \$	S —
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	554,499 §	5 1.77
Exercisable balance, March 31, 2025	450,528 \$	0.16

The total unrecognized compensation costs related to time-based vesting stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2025 was \$0.02 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 0.2 years.

A summary of performance-based vesting stock option activity for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 is as follows:

Stock options - performance based	Number of awards	av grant-	ighted erage date fair per share
Outstanding balance, June 30, 2024	776,299	\$	3.08
Granted	_	\$	_
Forfeited		\$	_
Vested	<u> </u>	\$	_
Outstanding balance, March 31, 2025	776,299	\$	3.08

The total unrecognized compensation cost related to performance-based vesting stock options outstanding as of March 31, 2025 was \$0.3 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.3 years.

#### **Note 11: Acquisitions**

#### Concerto

On December 1, 2023, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding membership interests of two California-based PACE programs, ConcertoCare PACE of Bakersfield, LLC and ConcertoHealth PACE of Los Angeles, LLC (collectively "Concerto"), from Perfect Health, Inc. d/b/a ConcertoCare, a tech-enabled, value-based provider of at-home, comprehensive care for seniors and other adults with unmet health and social needs, for \$23.9 million. We believe the Concerto acquisition complements our California PACE centers. The acquisition was funded through cash on hand. Results of operations from the acquired centers are included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025 and were not significant to our results. Costs related to the acquisition during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 were insignificant. Acquisition related costs were expensed as incurred and have been recorded in corporate, general and administrative expenses in our condensed consolidated statements of operations.

The Concerto acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired. Goodwill recognized represents the estimated future economic benefits arising from expected growth opportunities for the Company and is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table presents the finalized allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date, measurement period adjustments and the allocation as of March 31, 2025:

	 Preliminary allocation	Measurement period adjustments	Adjusted allocation
		in thousands	
Cash Consideration	\$ 23,916	\$ — \$	23,916
Total Consideration	\$ 23,916		23,916
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 563	\$ (124) \$	439
Prepaid expenses	330	739	1,069
Property and equipment, net	7,969	_	7,969
Operating lease assets	6,892	923	7,815
Goodwill	17,348	(1,616)	15,732
Deposits and other	343	_	343
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(353)	78	(275)
Reported and estimated claims	(111)	_	(111)
Operating lease obligations	(8,941)	_	(8,941)
Finance lease obligations	(124)	_	(124)
Fair value of assets and liabilities	\$ 23,916	\$ -\$	23,916

Since the preliminary allocation in December 2023, we recognized a measurement period adjustment for lease incentives related to tenant improvements. The adjustment resulted in an increase of \$0.7 million to prepaid expenses and \$0.9 million to operating lease assets, a decrease of \$0.1 million to accounts receivable and \$0.1 million to accounts payable and accrued expenses, and a corresponding decrease of \$1.6 million to goodwill. The Company does not expect any additional adjustments as the allocation has been finalized.

# **TRHC**

On January 2, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of certain pharmacy assets from Tabula Rasa Healthcare Group, Inc. ("TRHC"), a leading pharmacy care management company, for a total purchase price of \$4.8 million. The acquisition was funded through cash on hand.

The TRHC acquisition was accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired and the estimated future economic benefits arising from expected growth opportunities for the Company and is not deductible for income tax purposes.

The following table represents the preliminary allocation of the purchase price to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date, measurement period adjustments and the allocation as of March 31, 2025:

	Preliminary allocation	Measurement period adjustments	Adjusted allocation
		in thousands	
Cash Consideration	\$ 4,774	\$ - 5	\$ 4,774
Total Consideration	\$ 4,774	\$ - 5	\$ 4,774
Prepaid expenses	\$ 1,503	\$ - 5	1,503
Property and equipment, net	1,158	_	1,158
Operating lease assets	1,053	_	1,053
Goodwill	2,097	_	2,097
Deposits and other	16	_	16
Current portion of operating lease obligation	(115)	_	(115)
Noncurrent portion of operating lease obligation	(938)	_	(938)
Fair value of assets and liabilities	\$ 4,774	\$	\$ 4,774

We have not recognized any measurement period adjustments as of March 31, 2025.

#### **Note 12: Income Taxes**

The Company recorded an income tax expense (benefit) of \$0.1 million and \$(0.2) million for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The Company recorded an income tax expense of \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, respectively. This represents an effective tax rate of (0.7)% and 3.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and an effective tax rate of (1.7)% and (0.5)% for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024, respectively.

The effective rate for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 was different from the federal statutory rate primarily due to the Company's book loss offset partially by disallowed officers' compensation under Internal Revenue Code ("IRC") Section 162(m), disallowed stock options related to the profit interest units, exclusion of losses from entities not subject to tax, lobbying expenses, a change to the Pennsylvania tax rate, and the increase in the Company's valuation allowance against net operating losses which occurred during the nine-month period ended March 31, 2025.

The Company assesses the valuation allowance recorded against deferred tax assets at each reporting date. The determination of whether a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets is appropriate requires the evaluation of positive and negative evidence that can be objectively verified. Consideration must be given to all sources of taxable income available to realize deferred tax assets, including, as applicable, the future reversal of existing temporary differences, future taxable income forecasts exclusive of the reversal of temporary differences and carryforwards, taxable income in carryback years and tax planning strategies. In estimating income taxes, the Company assesses the relative merits and risks of the appropriate income tax treatment of transactions taking into account statutory, judicial, and regulatory guidance. As of the nine-month period ended March 31, 2025, the Company determined that it is not "more likely than not" that the deferred tax assets associated with certain state net operating losses will be realized and as such continues to maintain a valuation allowance against these state deferred tax assets. The Company also determined it is not "more likely than not" that the deferred tax assets associated with certain federal net operating losses will be realized and as such has included a valuation allowance against these federal deferred tax assets. The Company has provided \$24.8 million at March 31, 2025 and \$15.9 million at June 30, 2024, as a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets for federal and state net operating losses and state 163(j) interest expense limitations where there is not sufficient positive evidence to substantiate that these deferred tax assets will be realized at a more-likely-than-not level of assurance.

#### Note 13: Earnings per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share ("EPS") is computed using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period, plus the dilutive effect of outstanding options and other equity awards, using the treasury stock method and the average market price of the Company's common stock during the applicable period. When a loss from continuing operations exists, all dilutive securities and potentially dilutive securities are anti-dilutive and are therefore excluded from the computation of diluted EPS. When net income from continuing operations exists, performance-based units are omitted from the calculation of diluted EPS until it is determined that the performance criteria has been met at the end of the reporting period. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024, 116,222 and 137,627 of potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the weighted-average shares used to calculate the diluted net loss per common share, respectively, as they would have an anti-dilutive effect. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025, 222,469 and 389,531 of potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the weighted average shares used to calculate the diluted net loss per common share, respectively, as they would have an anti-dilutive effect.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net loss per common share:

	Three months e	nded	March 31,		Nine months e	nded March 31,			
2025 2024				2025		2024			
\$	(11,378)	\$	(5,887)	\$	(29,528)	\$	(19,638)		
	135,200,314		135,908,256		135,471,907		135,861,922		
\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.14)		
	_		_		_		_		
	135,200,314		135,908,256		135,471,907		135,861,922		
\$	(0.08)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.22)	\$	(0.14)		
	\$ \$ \$	\$ (11,378) 135,200,314 \$ (0.08) - 135,200,314	\$ (11,378) \$ 135,200,314 \$ \$ (0.08) \$ \$ 135,200,314	\$ (11,378) \$ (5,887) 135,200,314 135,908,256 \$ (0.08) \$ (0.04) 	2025     2024       \$ (11,378)     \$ (5,887)     \$ 135,200,314       \$ (0.08)     \$ (0.04)     \$ (0.04)       \$ (135,200,314)     \$ (0.04)     \$ (0.04)       \$ (0.08)     \$ (0.08)     \$ (0.08)       \$ (0.08)     <	2025         2024         2025           \$ (11,378)         \$ (5,887)         \$ (29,528)           135,200,314         135,908,256         135,471,907           \$ (0.08)         \$ (0.04)         \$ (0.22)           135,200,314         135,908,256         135,471,907	2025         2024         2025           \$ (11,378)         \$ (5,887)         \$ (29,528)         \$ (135,200,314)           \$ (0.08)         \$ (0.04)         \$ (0.22)         \$ (0.22)           \$ (135,200,314)         \$ (135,908,256)         \$ (135,471,907)		

# **Note 14: Segment Reporting**

The Company applies the effective provisions of ASC Topic 280, "Segment Reporting," which establishes requirements to report selected segment information quarterly and to report annually entity-wide disclosures about operations, major customers and the geographies in which the entity holds material assets and reports revenue. An operating segment is defined as a component that engages in business activities whose operating results are reviewed by the Company's chief executive officer, who is the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), and for which discrete financial information is available. The Company has determined that it has three operating segments, two of which are related to the Company's PACE offering. The PACE-related operating segments are based on two geographic divisions, which are East and West. Due to the similar economic characteristics, nature of services, and customers, we have aggregated our East and West operating segments into one reportable segment for PACE. The Company's remaining operating segment primarily relates to Senior Housing, which is an immaterial operating segment, and shown below as "All other" along with certain corporate unallocated expenses.

The Company evaluates performance and allocates capital resources to each segment based on an operating model that is designed to maximize the quality of care provided and profitability. The Company does not review assets by segment and therefore assets by segment are not disclosed below. For the periods presented, all of the Company's long-lived assets were located in the United States and all revenue was earned in the United States.

The CODM uses Center-level Contribution Margin as the measure for assessing performance of its operating segments. Center-level Contribution Margin is defined as total segment revenues less external provider costs and cost of care (excluding depreciation and amortization). The Company allocates corporate level expenses to its segments with a majority of the allocation going to the PACE segment.

The following table summarizes the operating results regularly provided to the CODM by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	 March 31, 2025					March 31, 2024					
(In thousands)	PACE	A	All other <sup>(a)</sup>		Totals		PACE		All other <sup>(a)</sup>		Totals
Capitation revenue	\$ 217,819	\$		\$	217,819	\$	192,756	\$		\$	192,756
Other service revenue	79		244		323		78		237		315
Total revenues	217,898		244		218,142		192,834		237		193,071
External provider costs	107,896		_		107,896		99,996		_		99,996
Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization	69,372		127		69,499		58,959		119		59,078
Center-Level Contribution Margin	40,630		117		40,747		33,879		118		33,997
Overhead costs <sup>(b)</sup>	45,519				45,519		34,727		1		34,728
Depreciation and amortization	5,279		107		5,386		4,929		133		5,062
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress	_		_		_		_		_		_
Interest expense, net	(1,117)		(43)		(1,160)		(978)		(44)		(1,022)
Other income	257		_		257		525		_		525
Gain (loss) on equity method investment					<u> </u>		(118)				(118)
<b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>	\$ (11,028)	\$	(33)	\$	(11,061)	\$	(6,348)	\$	(60)	\$	(6,408)

The following table summarizes the operating results regularly provided to the CODM by reportable segment for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	 March 31, 2025					March 31, 2024					
in thousands	PACE		All other <sup>(a)</sup>		Totals	PACE		All other <sup>(a)</sup>		Totals	
Capitation revenue	\$ 631,293	\$	_	\$	631,293	\$ 563,490	\$	_	\$	563,490	
Other service revenue	252		737		989	232		732		964	
Total revenues	631,545		737		632,282	563,722		732		564,454	
External provider costs	322,983		_		322,983	300,319		_		300,319	
Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization	196,522		425		196,947	168,227		422		168,649	
Center-Level Contribution Margin	112,040		312		112,352	95,176		310		95,486	
Overhead costs(b)	115,352		_		115,352	100,152		10		100,162	
Depreciation and amortization	15,779		337		16,116	13,264		357		13,621	
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress	8,495		_		8,495	_		_		_	
Interest expense, net	(3,588)		(131)		(3,719)	(2,484)		(135)		(2,619)	
Other income	1,489				1,489	2,043		_		2,043	
Gain (loss) on equity method investment	16		_		16	(2,000)		_		(2,000)	
<b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>	\$ (29,669)	\$	(156)	\$	(29,825)	\$ (20,681)	\$	(192)	\$	(20,873)	

<sup>(</sup>a) Center-level Contribution Margin from a segment below the quantitative thresholds is attributable to the Senior Housing operating segment of the Company. This segment has never met any of the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments.

<sup>(</sup>b) Overhead consists of the Sales and marketing and Corporate, general and administrative financial statement line items.

# **Note 15: Related Party Transactions**

Pursuant to the PWD Amended and Restated Agreement of Limited Partnership, CCH helped fund operating deficits and shortfalls of PWD in the form of a loan (the "PWD Loan"). The PWD Loan did not accrue interest. Additionally, CCH was paid an administration fee of less than \$0.1 million per year. On March 13, 2024, PWD entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement for the sale of all of PWD's property, including the Senior Housing unit.

On May 2, 2024, PWD closed on the sale of its Senior Housing property for \$9.5 million. Upon completion of the sale, PWD ceased providing senior housing services and was dissolved. Following the dissolution, the remaining proceeds from the sale were distributed in accordance with the partnership agreement and as otherwise agreed by the partners. The Company received net proceeds of \$4.8 million in connection with the dissolution.

# Note 16: Share Repurchase Program

On June 10, 2024, the Company announced the Board's authorization of a share repurchase program of up to \$5.0 million of the Company's common stock. On September 26, 2024, the Company announced the Board's authorization to increase the share repurchase program by an additional \$2.5 million of the Company's common stock. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repurchased 314,926 shares of its common stock for approximately \$1.1 million, all of which were placed in Treasury. During the nine months ended March 31, 2025, the Company repurchased 1,324,600 shares of its common stock for approximately \$7.0 million, all of which were placed in Treasury.

#### **Note 17: Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through May 6, 2025, the date on which the condensed consolidated financial statements were issued and noted there were none.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on the beliefs of management, as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to our management. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, as forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and the Company's actual results may differ significantly due to numerous known and unknown risks and uncertainties, including those discussed below and in the section entitled "Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements." Those known risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the risk factors identified in the section titled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 ("2024 10-K").

#### Overview

InnovAge Holding Corp. ("InnovAge") became a public company in March 2021. As of March 31, 2025, the Company served approximately 7,530 PACE participants, and operated 20 PACE centers across California, Colorado, Florida, New Mexico, Pennsylvania, and Virginia.

#### Trends and Uncertainties Affecting the Company

Increased cost of care. In fiscal year 2025, we have experienced increased cost of care per participant and expect to continue to do so for the remainder of the fiscal year, partially as a result of increased salaries, wages and benefits. We currently also anticipate increased cost of care from our third-party service providers in an effort to offset their heightened expenses resulting from tariff increases and trade disputes. We believe that our clinical value initiatives and operational value initiatives, which continue to be developed, may assist us in offsetting the increasing cost of care.

Census and capitation revenue. We experienced, and continue to experience, delays and increased gaps in eligibility both for new enrollments and Medicaid redetermination applications during fiscal years 2024 and 2025 due to processing delays and other enrollment and redetermination procedures that vary by State and county. Specifically, in the State of California, processing delays have resulted in lower estimated per member, per month ("PMPM") amounts which triggered a negative adjustment for prior PMPM estimates and is also expected to reduce the reimbursements we receive from the State. As a result, during the third quarter of fiscal 2025, we increased the proportion of new enrollments submitted prior to the first enrollment deadline each month to minimize enrollment processing efforts by the State of California. We expect to continue these mitigating measures during the remainder of fiscal year 2025, as well as broadly utilizing State approved third-party eligibility partners to expedite applications and escalate delayed cases to State administrators. During fiscal year 2024 and the first three quarters of fiscal year 2025, these delays and eligibility gaps have not had a material effect on the Company's financial statements or operations. We will continue to assess the situation as it evolves.

Labor market. The healthcare sector continues to experience a complex set of challenges in hiring additional professionals. Specifically, the demand for healthcare services has been steadily increasing due to an aging population and a greater focus on health and wellness in society. In addition, there are systemic challenges related to workforce training and the pipeline of qualified professionals, which have not kept pace with this growing demand. Wage pressure in the healthcare industry is a significant concern. Wage pressure arises when there is a high demand for healthcare services but a limited supply of qualified professionals, leading to increased competition for workers and upward pressure on wages. The rapidly aging population has increased the demand for healthcare services, especially for geriatrics. Simultaneously, many experienced healthcare workers are reaching retirement age, reducing the workforce supply.

In addition, an aging population combined with a shortage of clinicians, creates pressures and increased demand on the limited number of residential facilities. There is uncertainty regarding the access of our participants to residential facilities. The high demand for such facilities may lead such facilities prioritizing patients who are private payors to avoid the frequently changing Medicare and Medicaid program reimbursement rates and rules, annual caps and regulatory requirements.

Additionally, as a result of the adoption of California Senate Bill No. 525 ("SB 525"), which raised minimum wage for many California healthcare workers and impacted many of our contractors and other third-party providers, combined with

other macroeconomic factors, our California centers have received provider requests to increase rates to cover their increased labor costs. As a result of competition generated by SB 525 and other California market conditions, we have received rate increases from third party vendors, including home health and care partner services, increasing our cost of care in California. We also increased our wages for impacted healthcare workers and other comparable market positions in the California market. These increases did not have a material impact on our cost of care or labor costs, financial statements or operations for fiscal year 2024 or the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025. We will continue to evaluate the impact of this and other similar future legislation on our business.

Macroeconomic Trends. Recent U.S. tariff announcements, retaliatory measures by other countries, and significant uncertainty surrounding trade tensions may result in higher prices for medical and other supplies and lead to supply chain disruptions and additional costs. The degree to which tariffs affect the global supply chain and our business will depend on their timing, duration and magnitude, which may be changed at any time and with little or no prior notice. For additional information on the various risks posed by macroeconomic events, regulation, and employee matters, please see the section entitled "Risk Factors" included in Part I, Item 1A of our 2024 10-K.

# Key Factors Affecting Our Performance

Our historical financial performance has been, and we expect our financial performance in the future to be, driven by the following factors:

- Our participants. We focus on providing all-inclusive care to frail, high-cost, dual-eligible seniors. We directly contract with government payors, such as Medicare and Medicaid, through PACE and receive a capitated risk-adjusted payment to manage the totality of a participant's medical care across all settings. InnovAge manages participants that are, on average, more complex and medically fragile than other Medicare-eligible patients, including those in Medicare Advantage ("MA") programs. As a result, we receive larger payments for our participants compared to MA participants. This is driven by two factors: (i) we believe we manage a higher acuity population, with an average risk adjustment factor ("RAF") score of 2.46 based on InnovAge data as of March 31, 2025; and (ii) we have Medicaid spend in addition to Medicare. Our participants are managed on a capitated, or at-risk basis, where InnovAge is financially responsible for all participant medical costs. Our comprehensive care model and globally capitated payments are designed to cover participants from enrollment until the end of life, including coverage for participants requiring hospice and palliative care. For dual-eligible participants, we receive PMPM payments directly from Medicare and Medicaid, which provides recurring revenue streams and significant visibility into our revenue. The Medicare portion of our capitated payment is risk-based on the underlying medical conditions and frailty of each participant. We continue to strengthen our expanding payer capabilities so that our revenue more accurately reflects the acuity of the populations we serve.
- Our ability to grow enrollment and capacity within existing centers. We believe all seniors should have access to the type of all-inclusive care offered by the PACE model. Several factors can affect our ability to grow enrollment and capacity within existing centers, including sanctions issued by regulators or suspensions of State attestations required to open new de novo centers.
- Our ability to maintain high participant satisfaction and retention. Our comprehensive individualized care model and frequency of interaction with participants generates high levels of participant satisfaction. Our average participant tenure was 3.1 years as of March 31, 2025, measured as tenure from enrollment to disenrollment, among our centers that have been operated by us for at least five years. Furthermore, we experience low levels of voluntary disenrollment, averaging 6.9% annually over the last three fiscal years.
- Effectively managing the cost of care for our participants. We receive capitated payments to manage the totality of a participant's medical care across all settings. The risk pool of our population is highly acute. Together with the factors disclosed above (increased salaries, wages and benefits, annual increases in assisted living and nursing facility unit cost and general medical inflation) our external provider costs and cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization, represented approximately 82% of our revenue in the nine months ended March 31, 2025.
- Center-level Contribution Margin. The Company's management uses Center-level Contribution Margin as the measure for assessing performance of its operating segments. As we serve more participants in existing

centers, we expect to leverage our fixed cost base at those centers and increase the value of a center to our business over time.

- Our ability to expand via de novo centers within existing and new markets. Several factors can affect our ability to open de novo centers, including sanctions issued by regulators, legal, community or other obstacles in the construction of such centers, and our ability to hire and train enough workers to ramp up these centers to maturity. In response to an audit to our Sacramento center and a medical review of our San Bernardino center, which have been previously disclosed, the California Department of Health Care Services ("DHCS") notified us that it was suspending its attestations in support of the planned de novo center in Downey and the recently acquired planned de novo center in Bakersfield. CMS has closed its process and DHCS's process is ongoing. While the planned California de novo centers are precluded from opening at this time, DHCS notified us that it would consider restoring the State Attestations upon our successful remediation of the deficiencies raised in our Sacramento center and its completion of the medical review (and any potential resultant remediation that may be required) in our San Bernardino center.
- Execute tuck-in acquisitions and partnerships. Since fiscal year 2019, we have acquired and integrated four PACE organizations for a total of eight operational centers (excluding the PACE center in Bakersfield, California, which is not yet operational). These acquisitions represent expansion of our InnovAge Platform into one new state and five new markets. By bringing acquired organizations under the InnovAge Platform, we hope to further realize revenue growth and improve operational efficiency and care delivery post-integration. We also have pursued and intend to continue pursuing additional relationships with key stakeholders, existing organizations and other care providers in order to form partnerships in target geographies, such as the joint venture we entered into with respect to our Orlando PACE center with Orlando Health during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2024. On January 2, 2025, with the goal of supporting our growth and improving pharmacy cost-management, we completed the acquisition of certain pharmacy assets from Tabula Rasa HealthCare Group, Inc. ("TRHC"), a leading pharmacy care management company, for a total purchase price of \$4.8 million. Pursuant to a Management Services Agreement, TRHC provides management services to our acquired pharmacy business with an initial term of five years.
- Our ability to maintain high quality of regulatory compliance. The Company's priority is to continue to maintain high quality of regulatory compliance in all its centers.
- Contracting with government payors. Our economic model relies on our capitated arrangements with government payors, namely Medicare and Medicaid. We view the government not only as a payor but also as a key partner in our efforts to expand into new geographies and access more participants in our existing markets. Any reduction in the budgetary appropriation for our services from government payors, whether as a result of fiscal constraints due to recession or changes in policy could result in a reduction in our capitated fee payment. As a result, maintaining, supporting and growing these relationships in existing markets as well as new geographies, is critical to our long-term success.
- Investing to support growth. We intend to continue investing in our centers, value-based care model, and sales and marketing organization to support long-term growth. We expect our expenses to increase in absolute dollars for the foreseeable future to support our growth due, partially, to additional costs we incur in connection with our audits to our centers, remediation plans and current and potential legal and regulatory proceedings. We plan to invest in future growth judiciously and maintain focus on managing our results of operations. We are investing to increase our sophistication as a payor to drive clinical value, improve outcomes, and manage cost trends. Accordingly, in the short term, we expect the activities noted above to increase our expenses as a percentage of revenue, but in the longer term, we anticipate that these investments will positively impact our business and results of operations.
- Seasonality of our business. Our operational and financial results, including medical costs and per-participant revenue true-ups, will experience some variability depending upon the time of year in which they are measured. Medical costs vary most significantly as a result of (i) the weather, with certain illnesses, such as the influenza and COVID-19 viruses, being more prevalent during colder months of the year, which generally increases per-participant costs, and (ii) the number of business days in a period, with shorter periods generally having lower medical costs, all else equal. Per-participant revenue true-ups represent the difference between our estimate of per-participant capitation revenue to be received and actual revenue received from CMS, which is based on CMS's determination of a participant's RAF score as measured twice per year and is based

on the evolving acuity of a participant. Where there is a difference between our estimate and the final determination from CMS, we may record either an increase or decrease in true-up revenue. Historically, these true-up payments typically occur between May and August, but the timing of these payments is determined by CMS, and we have neither visibility into nor control over the timing of such payments. The variability of participant enrollments during the open enrollment period has also been impacted by additional offerings by MA and other competitors.

#### **Components of Results of Operations**

#### Revenue

Capitation Revenue. In order to provide comprehensive services to manage the totality of a participant's medical care across all settings, we receive fixed or capitated fees per participant that are paid monthly by Medicare, Medicaid, Veterans Affairs ("VA") and private pay sources.

Medicaid and Medicare capitation revenues are based on PMPM capitation rates under the PACE program. The PACE state contracts between us and the respective state Medicaid administering agency are renewed annually each June 30 in all states other than California and Pennsylvania, which contract on a calendar-year basis. We are currently operating in good standing under each of our PACE state contracts. For a discussion of our revenue recognition policies, please see *Critical Accounting Estimates* below and Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2024 10-K.

Other Service Revenue. Other service revenue primarily consists of revenues derived from state food grants and rent revenues. For a discussion of our revenue recognition policies, please see Critical Accounting Estimates below and Note 2, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2024 10-K.

#### **Operating Expenses**

External Provider Costs. External provider costs consist primarily of the costs for medical care provided by non-InnovAge providers. We separate external provider costs into four categories: inpatient (e.g., hospital), housing (e.g., assisted living and skilled nursing facility), outpatient and pharmacy. In aggregate, external provider costs represent the largest portion of our expenses.

Cost of Care, Excluding Depreciation and Amortization. Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization, includes the costs we incur to operate our care delivery model. This includes costs related to salaries, wages and benefits for IDT and other center-level staff, participant transportation, medical supplies, occupancy, insurance and other operating costs. IDT employees include medical doctors, registered nurses, social workers, physical, occupational, and speech therapists, nursing assistants, and transportation workers. Other center-level employees include clinic managers, dieticians, activity assistants and certified nursing assistants. Cost of care excludes any expenses associated with sales and marketing activities incurred at a local level as well as any allocation of our corporate, general and administrative expenses. A portion of our cost of care, including our employee-related costs, is directly related to the number of participants cared for in a center. The remainder of our cost of care is fixed relative to the number of participants we serve, such as occupancy and insurance expenses. As a result, as revenue increases due to census growth, cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization, moderately decreases as a percentage of revenue. As we open new centers, we expect cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization, to increase in absolute dollars due to higher census and facility related costs.

Sales and Marketing. Sales and marketing expenses consist of employee-related expenses, including salaries, commissions, and employee benefits costs, for all employees engaged in marketing, sales, community outreach and sales support as well as financial eligibility support for both prospective and existing participants. These employee-related expenses capture all costs for both our field-based and corporate sales and marketing teams. Sales and marketing expenses also include local and centralized advertising costs, as well as the infrastructure required to support our marketing efforts. We expect these costs to increase in absolute dollars over time as we continue to grow our participant census. We evaluate our sales and marketing expenses relative to our participant growth and will invest more heavily in sales and marketing from time-to-time to the extent we believe such investment can accelerate our growth without negatively affecting profitability.

Corporate, General and Administrative Expenses. Corporate, general and administrative expenses include employee-related expenses, including salaries and related costs. In addition, general and administrative expenses include all corporate

technology and occupancy costs associated with our corporate office. We expect our general and administrative expenses to increase in absolute dollars due to the additional legal, accounting, insurance, investor relations and other costs that we incur as a public company, as well as other costs associated with compliance and continuing to grow our business. However, we anticipate general and administrative expenses to decrease as a percentage of revenue over the long term, although such expenses may fluctuate as a percentage of revenue from period to period due to the timing and amount of these expenses.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization expenses are primarily attributable to our buildings and leasehold improvements and our equipment and vehicles. Depreciation and amortization are recorded using the straight-line method over the shorter of estimated useful life or lease terms, to the extent the assets are being leased.

For more information relating to the components of our results of operations, see *Results of Operations* below and Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" to our consolidated financial statements included in our 2024 10-K.

# **Results of Operations**

The following table sets forth our consolidated results of operations for the periods presented:

	Three Months	Ended March 31,	Nine Months E	Ended March 31,		
in thousands	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Revenues						
Capitation revenue	\$ 217,819	\$ 192,756	\$ 631,293	\$ 563,490		
Other service revenue	323	315	989	964		
Total revenues	218,142	193,071	632,282	564,454		
Expenses						
External provider costs	107,896	99,996	322,983	300,319		
Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization	69,499	59,078	196,947	168,649		
Sales and marketing	6,922	7,179	21,117	18,416		
Corporate, general and administrative	38,597	27,549	94,235	81,746		
Depreciation and amortization	5,386	5,062	16,116	13,621		
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress			8,495			
Total expenses	228,300	198,864	659,893	582,751		
Operating Loss	(10,158)	(5,793)	(27,611)	(18,297)		
Other Income (Expense)						
Interest expense, net	(1,160)	(1,022)	(3,719)	(2,619)		
Other income	257	525	1,489	2,043		
Gain (loss) on equity method investment	_	(118)	16	(2,000)		
Total other expense	(903)	(615)	(2,214)	(2,576)		
Loss Before Income Taxes	(11,061)	(6,408)	(29,825)	(20,873)		
Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes	72	(224)	509	94		
Net Loss	(11,133)	(6,184)	(30,334)	(20,967)		
Less: net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	245	(297)	(806)	(1,329)		
Net Loss Attributable to InnovAge Holding Corp.	\$ (11,378)	\$ (5,887)	\$ (29,528)	\$ (19,638)		

#### Revenues

	Three Months Ended March 31,					Ch	Change Nine Months End				d March 31,		Ch	Change		
		2025		2024		\$	%		2025		2024		\$	%		
in thousands																
Capitation revenue	\$	217,819	\$	192,756	\$	25,063	13.0 %	\$	631,293	\$	563,490	\$	67,803	12.0 %		
Other service revenue		323		315		8	2.5 %		989		964		25	2.6 %		
Total revenues	\$	218,142	\$	193,071	\$	25,071	13.0 %	\$	632,282	\$	564,454	\$	67,828	12.0 %		

Capitation revenue. Capitation revenue was \$217.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$25.1 million, or 13.0%, compared to \$192.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. This increase was driven by a \$4.4 million, or 2.1%, increase in capitation rates coupled with \$20.7 million, or 10.7%, increase in member months for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase in capitation rates for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily driven by (i) a 8.8% annual increase in Medicaid capitation rates as determined by the States partially offset by revenue reserve and (ii) a 3.7% increase in Medicare capitation rates partially offset by risk score true up accrual timing compared to the prior year. The increase in member months was primarily due to growth in our California and Colorado centers and to a lesser extent due to the addition of de novo centers in Florida and the Concerto acquisition.

Capitation revenue was \$631.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$67.8 million, or 12.0%, compared to \$563.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024. This increase was driven by a \$10.6 million, or 1.7%, increase in capitation rates coupled with a \$57.2 million, or 10.2%, increase in member months for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024. The increase in capitation rates includes a 6.6% increase in Medicaid rates partially offset by revenue reserve and a 2.6% increase in Medicare rates partially offset by an out of cycle risk score true up payment received in the prior year. The increase in member months was primarily due to growth in our California and Colorado centers and to a lesser extent due to the addition of de novo centers in Florida and the Concerto acquisition.

## **Operating Expenses**

	Three Months Ended March 31,					Change			ine Months	ed March	Change			
		2025		2024		\$	%		2025	2024		\$	%	
in thousands					_									
External provider costs	\$	107,896	\$	99,996	\$	7,900	7.9%	\$	322,983	\$ 300,319	\$	22,664	7.5%	
Cost of care (excluding depreciation and amortization)		69,499		59,078		10,421	17.6%		196,947	168,649		28,298	16.8%	
Sales and marketing		6,922		7,179		(257)	(3.6)%		21,117	18,416		2,701	14.7 %	
Corporate, general, and administrative		38,597		27,549		11,048	40.1%		94,235	81,746		12,489	15.3%	
Depreciation and amortization		5,386		5,062		324	6.4%		16,116	13,621		2,495	18.3%	
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress		_		_		_	%		8,495	_		8,495	100.0%	
Total operating expenses	\$	228,300	\$	198,864	\$	29,436		\$	659,893	\$ 582,751	\$	77,142		

External provider costs. External provider costs were \$107.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$7.9 million, or 7.9%, compared to \$100.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The increase was driven by an increase of \$10.7 million, or 10.7%, in member months partially offset by a decrease of \$2.8 million, or 2.5% in cost per participant for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease in cost per participant for the three months ended March 31, 2025 was primarily driven by a decrease in assisted living, permanent nursing facility, and short stay skilled nursing facility utilization, a decrease in external hospice care associated with the transition of this function to internal clinical resources, and a decrease in pharmacy expense associated with higher rebates and the transition to in-house pharmacy services. The decrease in cost per participant was partially offset by an increase in inpatient unit cost, and an annual increase in assisted living and permanent nursing facility unit cost.

External provider costs were \$323.0 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$22.7 million, or 7.5%, compared to \$300.3 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024. This increase was driven by an increase of \$30.5 million, or 10.2%, in member months partially offset by a decrease of \$7.8 million, or 2.4%, in cost per participant for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease in cost per participant was primarily driven by a decrease in inpatient, assisted living, permanent nursing facility and short stay skilled nursing facility utilization, a decrease in external hospice care associated with the transition of this function to internal clinical resources, and a decrease in pharmacy expense associated with higher rebates and the transition to in-house pharmacy services. The decrease in cost per participant was partially offset by an increase in inpatient unit cost, and an annual increase in assisted living and permanent nursing facility unit cost.

Cost of care (excluding depreciation and amortization). Cost of care (excluding depreciation and amortization) expense was \$69.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$10.4 million, or 17.6%, compared to \$59.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, due to an increase of \$4.1 million, or 6.3%, in cost per participant coupled with an increase of \$6.3 million, or 10.7%, in member months. The increase in cost per participant and the increase in member months for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily driven by (i) a \$6.3 million increase in salaries, wages and benefits associated with increased headcount and higher wage rates, (ii) \$0.9 million in contract provider expense in California associated with growth, (iii) \$2.1 million in third party fees and shipping costs associated with in-house pharmacy services, and (iv) \$1.0 million in fleet costs including contract transportation.

Cost of care (excluding depreciation and amortization) expense was \$196.9 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$28.3 million, or 16.8%, compared to \$168.6 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024, due to an increase of \$11.2 million, or 6.0%, in cost per participant coupled with an increase of \$17.1 million, or 10.2%, in member months. The increase in cost per participant and the increase in member months for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily driven by (i) a \$18.6 million increase in salaries, wages, and benefits associated with increased headcount and higher wage rates, (ii) \$1.5 million in increased software license fees, (iii) \$1.9 million in de novo occupancy and administrative expense associated with opening centers in Florida and the Concerto acquisition, (iv) \$2.4 million in contract provider expense in California associated with growth, (v) \$2.1 million in third party fees and shipping costs associated with in-house pharmacy services, (vi) \$0.5 million in contract provider recruiting expense, and (vii) \$0.8 million in supplies and other administrative expense.

Sales and marketing. Sales and marketing expenses were \$6.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, a decrease of \$0.3 million, or 3.6%, compared to \$7.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024, primarily due to lower marketing expense partially offset by increased headcount to support growth.

Sales and marketing expenses were \$21.1 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$2.7 million, or 14.7%, compared to \$18.4 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024 primarily due to increased headcount and marketing spend to support growth.

Corporate, general and administrative. Corporate, general and administrative expenses were \$38.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$11.0 million, or 40.1%, compared to \$27.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. This increase for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to (i) accrual of \$10.7 million for the anticipated settlement of the stockholder lawsuit (ii) \$1.9 million increase in employee compensation and benefits as the result of an increase in headcount and wage rates to support compliance and bolster organizational capabilities and (iii) \$0.5 million in fees associated with claims payment integrity audits. These increases were partially offset by (i) \$0.3 million decrease in software license fees, (ii) \$0.2 million reduction in recruiting fees, (iii) \$0.6 million reduction in consulting expense associated with improving organizational capabilities including the transition to a new electronic medical record ("EMR") system, (iv) \$0.5 million reduction in insurance expense, and (v) \$0.4 million decrease in contract services.

Corporate, general and administrative expenses were \$94.2 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$12.5 million, or 15.3%, compared to \$81.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024. This increase for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to (i) \$10.7 million for the anticipated settlement of the stockholder lawsuit, (ii) \$6.2 million increase in employee compensation and benefits as the result of an increase in headcount and wage rates to support compliance and bolster organizational capabilities, (iii) \$1.4 million in fees associated with claims payment integrity audits, and (iv) \$0.4 million in recruiting fees. These increases in cost were partially offset by (i) \$4.7 million reduction in consulting expense associated with

improving organizational capabilities including the transition to a new EMR system and (ii) \$1.4 million reduction in insurance expense.

Impairment of right-of-use ("ROU") asset and construction in progress. Impairment of ROU asset and construction in progress were \$8.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. This increase was due to the Company recording a \$1.4 million impairment of operating lease ROU assets and a \$7.1 million impairment of construction in progress during the nine months ended March 31, 2025, related to halting developments to a previously planned de novo center in Louisville, Kentucky that the Company is no longer pursuing. There were no impairments recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2025 and the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024.

## Other Expense

	T	Three Months Ended March 31,				Cha	Change Nine Months Ended						Chang	ge
		2025		2024		\$	%		2025		2024		\$	%
in thousands														
Interest expense, net	\$	(1,160)	\$	(1,022)	\$	(138)	13.5%	\$	(3,719)	\$	(2,619)	\$	(1,100)	42.0%
Other income		257		525		(268)	(51.0)%		1,489		2,043		(554)	(27.1)%
Gain (loss) on equity meth	od													
investment		_		(118)		118	(100.0)%		16		(2,000)		2,016	(100.8)%
Total other expense	\$	(903)	\$	(615)	\$	(288)		\$	(2,214)	\$	(2,576)	\$	362	

Interest expense, net. Interest expense, net, consists primarily of interest payments on our outstanding borrowings, net of interest income earned on our cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash. Interest expense, net was \$1.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, a decrease of \$0.1 million, or 13.5%, compared to \$1.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease for the three months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to interest expense of \$1.4 million, which was partially offset by interest income of \$0.3 million from money market funds for the three months ended March 31, 2025. Interest expense of \$1.8 million was partially offset by interest income of \$0.7 million during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Interest expense, net was \$3.7 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025, a decrease of \$1.1 million, or 42.0%, compared to \$2.6 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024. This decrease for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 as compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was due to interest expense of \$4.9 million, which was partially offset by interest income of \$1.1 million from money market funds for the nine months ended March 31, 2025. Interest expense of \$5.3 million was partially offset by interest income of \$2.7 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2024.

Other income (expense). Other income (expense) consists primarily of the net proceeds received from the sale of or disposal of property and equipment and unrealized gains and losses related to short-term investments. Other income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 decreased \$0.3 million, or 51.0%, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2024. The decrease was primarily due to dividends received of \$0.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2025, which was partially offset by loss on disposal of assets of \$0.2 million, compared to dividends received of \$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Other income (expense) for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 decreased \$0.6 million, or 27.1%, compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024. This decrease was primarily due to dividends received of \$1.6 million during the nine months ended March 31, 2025 compared to dividends received of \$1.8 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2024.

Gain (loss) on equity method investment. Gain (loss) in equity method investment was negligible for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025, an increase of \$0.1 million and \$2.0 million, or 100.0% and 100.8%, compared to \$0.1 million and \$2.0 million for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024. The increase was due to the recognized impairment losses of \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million related to our minority equity investment in Jetdoc during the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024.

## Provision for Income Taxes

The Company and its subsidiaries calculate federal and state income taxes currently payable and for deferred income taxes arising from temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured pursuant to enacted tax laws and rates applicable to periods in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The impact on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the date of enactment. The members of InnovAge Senior Housing Thornton, LLC ("SH1") and InnovAge Sacramento have elected to be taxed as partnerships, and no provision (benefit) for income taxes for SH1 or InnovAge Sacramento is included in the condensed consolidated financial statements. Further, the Company entered into a joint venture called InnovAge Florida PACE — Orlando on May 28, 2024 and its members elected to be taxed as a partnership. No provision (benefit) for income taxes for InnovAge Orlando is included in the condensed consolidated financial statements for activity occurring from joint venture formation date through the balance of the fiscal year.

A valuation allowance is provided to the extent that it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets will not be realized. Tax benefits from uncertain tax positions are recognized when it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination based on the technical merits of the position. The amount recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon settlement. The Company recognizes interest and penalty expense associated with uncertain tax positions as a component of provision (benefit) for income taxes.

During the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, we reported an income tax expense (benefit) of \$0.1 million and \$(0.2) million, respectively. During the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, we reported an income tax expense of \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. The decrease of \$0.4 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024, was primarily due to (i) our pretax book loss recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2025, as compared to pretax book loss recognized during the nine months ended March 31, 2024, (ii) a discrete item to account for the impact of the decreasing Pennsylvania tax rate on our state deferred tax liabilities, and (iii) the change in our valuation allowance.

# Net Loss Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests.

SH1 is a Variable Interest Entity ("VIE"). The Company is the primary beneficiary of SH1 and consolidates SH1. The Company is the primary beneficiary of SH1 because it has the power to direct the activities that are most significant to SH1 and has an obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from SH1. The most significant activity of SH1 is the operation of the housing facility. The Company has provided a subordinated loan to SH1 and has provided a guarantee for the convertible term loan held by SH1. The SH1 interest is reflected within equity as noncontrolling interests. Our share of earnings is recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and the share of the other noncontrolling interest holders' earnings are recorded as net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests.

# **Key Business Metrics and Non-GAAP Measures**

In addition to our GAAP financial information, we review a number of operating and financial metrics, including the following key metrics and non-GAAP measures, to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate business plans and make strategic decisions. We believe these metrics provide additional perspective and insights when analyzing our core operating performance from period to period and evaluating trends in historical operating results. These key business metrics and non-GAAP measures should not be considered superior to, or a

substitute for, and should be read in conjunction with, the GAAP financial information presented herein. These measures may not be comparable to similarly-titled performance indicators used by other companies.

	Nine months ended March 31,			
	 2025	2024		
	 dollars in the	ousands		
Key Business Metrics:				
Centers <sup>(a)</sup>	20	19		
Census <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	7,530	6,820		
Total Member Months <sup>(a)(b)</sup>	66,130	60,030		
Center-level Contribution Margin <sup>(c)</sup>	\$ 112,352 \$	95,486		
Center-level Contribution Margin as a % of revenue(c)	17.8 %	16.9 %		
GAAP Measures:				
Net loss	\$ (30,334) \$	(20,967)		
Net loss margin	(4.8)%	(3.7)%		
Non-GAAP Measures:				
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(c)</sup>	\$ 23,137 \$	11,236		
Adjusted EBITDA Margin <sup>(c)</sup>	3.7 %	2.0 %		

<sup>(</sup>a) The Company operated 20 PACE centers as of March 31, 2025. Includes InnovAge Sacramento and InnovAge Orlando, which the Company owns and controls through joint ventures and are consolidated in our financial statements.

# Centers

We define our centers as those centers open for business and attending to participants at the end of a particular period.

# Census

Our census is comprised of our capitated participants for whom we are financially responsible for their total healthcare costs.

### **Total Member Months**

We define Total Member Months as the total number of participants multiplied by the number of months within a year in which each participant was enrolled in our program. We believe this is a useful metric as it more precisely tracks the number of participants we serve throughout the year.

# Center-level Contribution Margin

The Company's management uses Center-level Contribution Margin as the measure for assessing performance of its operating segments. We define Center-level Contribution Margin as total revenues less external provider costs and cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization, which includes all medical and pharmacy costs. For purposes of evaluating Center-level Contribution Margin on a center-by-center basis, we do not allocate our sales and marketing expenses or corporate, general and administrative expenses across our centers. Center-level Contribution Margin was \$112.4 million and \$95.5 million for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The increase in Center-level Contribution Margin for the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to a 12.0% increase in total revenue, offset by a 10.9% increase in external provider costs and cost of care,

<sup>(</sup>b) Amounts are approximate.

<sup>(</sup>c) Center-level Contribution Margin, Center-level Contribution Margin as a percentage of revenue, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are non-GAAP measures. For a definition and reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to the most closely comparable GAAP measures for the period indicated, see below.

excluding depreciation and amortization, during the same period. For more information relating to Center-level Contribution Margin, see Note 14 "Segment Reporting" to our condensed consolidated financial statements. A reconciliation of Center-level Contribution Margin to loss before income taxes, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for each of the periods is as follows:

	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2025						Nine Months Ended March 31, 2024							
(In thousands)		PACE		All other(a)		Totals		PACE		All other <sup>(a)</sup>		Totals		
Capitation revenue	\$	631,293	\$	_	\$	631,293	\$	563,490	\$	_	\$	563,490		
Other service revenue		252		737		989		232		732		964		
Total revenues		631,545		737		632,282		563,722		732		564,454		
External provider costs		322,983		_		322,983		300,319				300,319		
Cost of care, excluding depreciation and amortization		196,522		425		196,947		168,227		422		168,649		
Center-Level Contribution Margin		112,040		312		112,352		95,176		310		95,486		
Overhead costs(b)		115,352		_		115,352		100,152		10		100,162		
Depreciation and amortization		15,779		337		16,116		13,264		357		13,621		
Impairment of right-of-use asset and construction in progress		8,495		_		8,495		_		_		_		
Interest expense, net		(3,588)		(131)		(3,719)		(2,484)		(135)		(2,619)		
Other income		1,489		_		1,489		2,043		_		2,043		
Gain (loss) on equity method investment		16		_		16		(2,000)				(2,000)		
<b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>	\$	(29,669)	\$	(156)	\$	(29,825)	\$	(20,681)	\$	(192)	\$	(20,873)		
Loss Before Income Taxes as a % of revenue						(4.7)%		_				(3.7)%		
Center- Level Contribution Margin as a % of revenue						17.8 %						16.9 %		

<sup>(</sup>a) Center-level Contribution Margin from a segment below the quantitative thresholds is attributable to the Senior Housing operating segment of the Company. This segment has never met any of the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments.

# Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net loss adjusted for interest expense, net, other investment income, depreciation and amortization, and provision (benefit) for income tax as well as addbacks for non-recurring expenses or exceptional items, including charges relating to management equity compensation, litigation costs and settlements, M&A diligence, transaction and integration, business optimization, EMR implementation, impairment of ROU asset and construction in progress, and loss on minority equity interest. Adjusted EBITDA margin is Adjusted EBITDA expressed as a percentage of our total revenue. For the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, net loss was \$30.3 million and \$21.0 million, respectively, representing a year-over-year decrease of 44.7%. Adjusted EBITDA was \$23.1 million and \$11.2 million, for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, representing a year-over-year increase of 105.9%. For the nine months ended March 31, 2025, net loss margin was 4.8%, as compared to net loss margin of 3.7% for the nine months ended March 31, 2024. For the nine months ended March 31, 2025, our Adjusted EBITDA margin was 3.7%, as compared to our Adjusted EBITDA margin for the nine months ended March 31, 2024 of 2.0%. The increase in Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin was primarily due to (i) increased census, (ii) increased capitation rates and (iii) lower per participant external provider costs, partially offset by (i) increased center-level headcount and wage rates associated with census growth and a competitive labor market and (iii) increased costs associated with transition to in-house pharmacy services.

<sup>(</sup>b) Overhead consists of the Sales and marketing and Corporate, general and administrative financial statement line items.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are supplemental measures of operating performance monitored by management that are not defined under GAAP and that do not represent, and should not be considered as, an alternative to net loss and net loss margin, respectively, as determined by GAAP. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin are appropriate measures of operating performance because the metrics eliminate the impact of revenue and expenses that do not relate to our ongoing business performance and certain noncash expenses, allowing us to more effectively evaluate our core operating performance and trends from period to period. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin help investors and analysts in comparing our results across reporting periods on a consistent basis by excluding items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, the analysis of other GAAP financial measures, including net loss and net loss margin. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed to imply that our future results will be unaffected by the types of items excluded from the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA. The use of the term Adjusted EBITDA varies from others in our industry. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2024 and going forward, the Company revised its calculation of Adjusted EBITDA to no longer exclude de novo center development costs and to reflect the impact of other investment income. The presentation for the nine months ended March 31, 2024 has been recast to conform to the current presentation.

A reconciliation of net loss to Adjusted EBITDA, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, for each of the periods is as follows:

		Three months e	ended	March 31,	Nine months ended March 31,				
	2025			2024		2025	2024		
Net loss	\$	(11,133)	\$	(6,184)	\$	(30,334)	\$	(20,967)	
Interest expense, net		1,160		1,022		3,719		2,619	
Other investment income <sup>(a)</sup>		(503)		(590)		(1,750)		(1,788)	
Depreciation and amortization		5,386		5,062		16,116		13,621	
Provision for income tax		72		(224)		509		94	
Stock-based compensation		2,035		1,551		6,069		5,140	
Litigation costs and settlement <sup>(b)</sup>		13,277		897		17,741		2,802	
M&A diligence, transaction and integration <sup>(c)</sup>		202		210		1,582		384	
Business optimization <sup>(d)</sup>		152		738		845		3,672	
EMR implementation <sup>(e)</sup>		_		355		_		3,659	
Asset impairments and loss on sale of assets <sup>(f)</sup>		144		_		8,639		_	
Loss on minority equity interest <sup>(g)</sup>				118				2,000	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	10,792	\$	2,955	\$	23,136	\$	11,236	

<sup>(</sup>a) Reflects investment income related to short-term investments included in our consolidated statement of operations. Effective for the year ended June 30, 2024 and going forward, the Company revised the calculation for Adjusted EBITDA to reflect the impact of investment income. The presentation for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024 has been recast to reflect the impact of other investment income.

<sup>(</sup>b) Reflects charges/(credits) related to litigation by stockholders, litigation related to de novo center, and civil investigative demands. Refer to Note 9, "Commitments and Contingencies" to our condensed consolidated financial statements for more information regarding litigation by stockholders and civil investigative demands. Costs reflected consist of litigation costs considered one-time in nature and outside of the ordinary course of business based on the following considerations which we assess regularly: (i) the frequency of similar cases that have been brought to date, or are expected to be brought within two years, (ii) complexity of the case, (iii) nature of the remedies sought, (iv) litigation posture of the Company, (v) counterparty involved, and (vi) the Company's overall litigation strategy. For the three and nine months ended March 31, 2025, includes \$10.7 million accrued in connection with the potential settlement of the previously disclosed stockholder class action.

<sup>(</sup>c) Reflects charges related to M&A transaction and integrations. The presentation for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2024 has been recast to no longer exclude de novo center development costs.

- (d) Reflects charges related to business optimization initiatives. Such charges relate to one-time investments in projects designed to enhance our technology and compliance systems and improve and support the efficiency and effectiveness of our operations. For the three months ended March 31, 2025, this primarily includes costs related to other non-recurring projects aimed at reducing costs and improving efficiencies. For the nine months ended March 31, 2025, this includes (i) \$0.4 million of costs associated with organizational restructure and (ii) \$0.4 million of costs associated with third party consultants as we implement our core provider initiatives, assess our risk-bearing capabilities, and strengthen our enterprise capabilities and (ii) \$0.3 million of costs associated with third party consultants as we implement our core provider initiatives, assess our risk-bearing capabilities, and strengthen our enterprise capabilities, (ii) \$0.3 million of costs associated with organizational restructure, and (iii) \$0.8 million related to other non-recurring projects aimed at reducing costs and improving efficiencies.
- (e) Reflects non-recurring expenses relating to the implementation of a new EMR vendor.
- (f) Reflects (i) impairment charges related to ROU asset and construction in progress related to halting developments to a previously planned de novo center in Louisville, Kentucky that the Company is no longer pursuing and (ii) loss on sale of center equipment that was originally purchased for the center in Louisville, Kentucky.
- (g) Reflects impairment charges related to our minority equity interest in Jetdoc, Inc.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

### General

To date, we have financed our operations principally through cash flows from operations and through borrowings under our credit facilities, and from the sale of common stock in our IPO that occurred in March 2021. As of March 31, 2025, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$60.5 million, an increase of \$3.6 million from June 30, 2024, and short-term investments of \$41.3 million, a decrease of \$4.6 million from June 30, 2024. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments was primarily due to timing of cash receipts for services provided and share repurchase activity. Our cash and cash equivalents primarily consist of highly liquid investments in demand deposit accounts and cash. Our short-term investments primarily consist of investments in mutual funds.

Our capital resources are generally used to fund (i) debt service requirements, the majority of which relate to the quarterly principal payments of the Term Loan Facility (as defined below) due 2026, (ii) finance and operating lease obligations, which are generally paid on a monthly basis and include maturities through 2028 and 2032, respectively, (iii) the operations of our business, (iv) income tax payments, which are generally due on a quarterly and annual basis, (v) capital additions, which include acquisitions and de novo centers, and (vi) share repurchases authorized under the Board approved program. We also plan to continue investing in resources and initiatives to provide necessary and quality services to our participants. Collectively, these obligations are expected to represent a considerable liquidity requirement of our Company on both a short-term (next 12 months) and long-term (beyond 12 months) basis.

On March 8, 2021, the Company entered into a credit agreement (as amended, the "2021 Credit Agreement") that consists of a senior secured term loan (the "Term Loan Facility") of \$75.0 million principal amount and a revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") of \$100.0 million maximum borrowing capacity. As of March 31, 2025, we had \$63.1 million of debt outstanding, excluding \$60.9 million under our Term Loan Facility, which matures on March 8, 2026, and as a result, has been classified as current.

As of March 31, 2025, we had future minimum operating lease payments under non-cancellable leases through the year 2037 of \$39.2 million. We also had non-cancellable finance lease agreements with third parties through the year 2030 with future minimum payments of \$22.0 million. For additional information, see Note 7, "Leases", Note 8, "Long-Term Debt", and Note 9, "Commitments and Contingencies" in our condensed consolidated financial statements.

We believe that our cash and cash equivalents and our cash flows from operations, available funds, and access to financing sources, including our Revolving Credit Facility (each discussed and defined below), will be sufficient to fund our operating and capital needs for the next 12 months and beyond. We currently intend to extend or refinance our Term Loan Facility prior to maturity, and believe we have adequate liquidity to meet our anticipated financing needs. We have based this estimate on assumptions that may prove to be wrong, and we could use our available capital resources sooner than we currently expect. Our actual results could vary because of, and our future capital requirements will depend on, many factors, including our growth rate, our ability to retain and grow the number of PACE participants, and the expansion of sales and marketing activities and other costs of operating the business. We may in the future enter into arrangements to acquire or invest in complementary businesses, services and technologies. In addition, there can be no assurances that we will be able to extend or replace our Term Loan Facility on commercially reasonable terms, and for this and other reasons

we may be required to seek additional equity or debt financing. In the event that additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise it on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, or if we cannot expand our operations or otherwise capitalize on our business opportunities because we lack sufficient capital, our business, results of operations, and financial condition would be adversely affected.

The borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility is subject (i) any issued amounts under our letters of credit and (ii) applicable covenant compliance restrictions and any other conditions precedent to borrowing. Principal on the Term Loan Facility is paid each calendar quarter in an amount equal to 1.25% of the initial term loan on closing date.

Outstanding principal amounts under the 2021 Credit Agreement accrue interest at a variable interest rate. As of March 31, 2025, the interest rate on the Term Loan Facility was 6.14%. Under the terms of the 2021 Credit Agreement, the Revolving Credit Facility fee accrues at 0.25% of the average daily unused amount and is paid quarterly. As of March 31, 2025, we had no borrowings outstanding, \$5.2 million of letters of credit issued, and \$94.8 million of remaining borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2025, we also had \$2.2 million principal amount outstanding under our convertible term loan. Monthly principal and interest payments for the convertible term loan are approximately \$0.02 million, and the loan bears interest at an annual rate of 6.68%. The remaining principal balance is due upon maturity, which is August 20, 2030.

For more information about our debt, see Note 8 "Long-Term Debt" to our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Other than with respect to share repurchases, we currently intend to retain substantially all available funds and any future earnings to fund the development and growth of our business and to repay indebtedness, and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

### Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 are summarized as follows:

	Nine months ended March 31,				
	2025			2024	\$ Change
in thousands					
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	23,865	\$	(38,771)	\$ 62,636
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,526)		(27,307)	20,781
Net cash used in financing activities		(13,833)		(7,078)	(6,755)
Net change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	3,506	\$	(73,156)	\$ 76,662

Operating Activities. The change in net cash provided by (used in) operating activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was driven by two factors: (i) an increase for non-cash adjustments totaling \$7.8 million, primarily due to a \$8.5 million non-cash impairment charge in the current year period, and (ii) an increase in operating assets and liabilities of \$64.2 million, primarily due to the change in deferred revenue and a decrease in accounts receivable, both related to the timing of payments received.

Investing Activities. The change in net cash provided by (used in) investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to the effect of (i) the \$23.9 million acquisition of the two de novo centers acquired from Concerto in the prior year period and (ii) a \$3.3 million increase in proceeds from the sale of short-term investments in the current year period compared to the prior year period.

Financing activities. The increase in net cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2025 compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2024 was primarily due to \$7.0 million used for the repurchase of the Company's stock in the current year period.

## **Emerging Growth Company and Smaller Reporting Company**

We qualify as an "emerging growth company" pursuant to the provisions of the Jumpstart Our Business Startups ("JOBS") Act and a "smaller reporting company" as defined by the Exchange Act. For as long as we are an "emerging growth company" or a "smaller reporting company," we may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not "emerging growth companies" or "smaller reporting companies," including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the auditor attestation requirements of Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, only being required to present two years of audited financial statements, plus unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for applicable interim periods and the related discussion in the section titled "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in our periodic reports, proxy statements and registration statements, exemptions from the requirements of holding non-binding advisory "say-on-pay" votes on executive compensation and stockholder advisory votes on golden parachute compensation.

In addition, under the JOBS Act, emerging growth companies can delay adopting new or revised accounting standards until such time as those standards apply to private companies. We intend to take advantage of the longer phase-in periods for the adoption of new or revised financial accounting standards under the JOBS Act until we are no longer an emerging growth company. Our election to use the phase-in periods permitted by this election may make it difficult to compare our financial statements to those of non-emerging growth companies and other emerging growth companies that have opted out of the longer phase-in periods permitted under the JOBS Act and who will comply with new or revised financial accounting standards. If we were to subsequently elect instead to comply with public company effective dates, such election would be irrevocable pursuant to the JOBS Act.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our condensed consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions, impacting our reported results of operations and financial condition.

Certain accounting estimates involve significant judgments and assumptions by management, which have a material impact on the carrying value of assets and liabilities and the recognition of income and expenses. We consider these accounting estimates to be critical accounting estimates. The estimates and assumptions used by management are based on historical experience and other factors, which are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

For a description of our estimates regarding our critical accounting estimates, see "Critical Accounting Estimates" in the 2024 10-K.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates. Our market risk exposure is primarily a result of exposure due to potential changes in inflation or interest rates. We do not hold financial instruments for trading purposes.

## Interest rate risk

As of March 31, 2025, we had total outstanding debt of \$60.9 million in principal amount under the Term Loan Facility, \$2.2 million under the convertible term loan, and no outstanding debt under the Revolving Credit Facility (each as defined in Note 8, "Long-Term Debt" to our condensed consolidated financial statements). As of June 30, 2024, we had total outstanding debt of \$63.8 million in principal amount under the Term Loan Facility and \$2.2 million under the convertible term loan. As of March 31, 2025, the interest rate on the Term Loan Facility was 6.14%. We are exposed to changes in interest rates as a result of our variable-rate borrowings under the 2021 Credit Agreement. Generally, the Company may designate specific borrowings under the 2021 Credit Agreement as either base rate borrowings or Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") borrowings. We amended our 2021 Credit Agreement during fiscal year 2024 to replace the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") reference rate with SOFR prior to the discontinuance of LIBOR. As of March 31, 2025, based on our secured net leverage ratio, the margins of our borrowings under the Term Loan Facility

and Revolving Credit Facility (as defined in Note 8, "Long-Term Debt" to our condensed consolidated financial statements) were all SOFR borrowings.

We had cash and cash equivalents of \$60.5 million and \$56.9 million as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively, which are deposited with high credit quality financial institutions and are primarily in demand deposit accounts.

Our cash and cash equivalents and interest payments in respect of our debt are subject to market risk due to changes in interest rates. We do not believe that an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would have a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We had short-term investments of \$41.3 million and \$45.8 million as of March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2024, respectively, which are primarily invested in managed income funds managed by major financial institutions. The funds mainly invest in investment grade, U.S. denominated short-term fixed and floating rate debt securities. Securities are subject to market risk and sensitive to changes in interest rates. While the instruments held by the funds are generally less sensitive to interest rate changes than instruments with longer maturities due to their short-term nature, the funds may face a heightened level of interest rate risk due to changes in monetary policy. During periods when interest rates are low or negative, the funds yields, and total returns may also be low, or the funds may be unable to maintain positive returns. We do not believe that an increase or decrease in interest rates of 100 basis points would have a material effect on these short-term investments.

### Inflation risk

Based on our analysis of the periods presented, we believe that inflation has not had a material effect on our operating results. There can be no assurance that future inflation will not have an adverse impact on our operating results and financial condition.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this Report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2025.

# **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There have been no changes in internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 1. Legal Proceedings

For information regarding our material pending legal proceedings, refer to Note 9 "Commitments and Contingencies" to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements located in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

# **Item 1.A Risk Factors**

Information regarding our risk factors is disclosed in Item 1A of our 2024 10-K.

# Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Stock repurchases during the three months ended March 31, 2025 were as follow:

Period		Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(a)</sup>	A	Average Price Paid per Share <sup>(b)</sup>	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>(a)</sup>	of Sh	oximate Dollar Value ares that May Yet Be assed Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(a)</sup>
January 1 - 31, 2025		109,333	\$	3.82	109,333	\$	990,429
February 1 - 28, 2025		106,089		3.42	106,089		627,456
March 1 - 31, 2025		99,504		3.32	99,504		296,977
	Total	314,926		3.53	314,926		

<sup>(</sup>a) On June 10, 2024, the Company announced the Board's approval of a share repurchase program authorizing the repurchase of up to \$5.0 million of the Company's common stock, with no expiration date. On September 26, 2024, the Company announced the Board's authorization to increase the share repurchase program by an additional \$2.5 million shares of the Company's common stock. For further information regarding stock repurchase activity, see Note 16. "Share Repurchase Program" to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements located in Item I of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

# Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

# **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

# **Item 5. Other Information**

None.

b) Average price paid per share does not include costs associated with the repurchases.

# Item 6. Exhibits

The following is a list of all exhibits filed or furnished as part of this report:

# EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of InnovAge Holding Corp., filed March 3, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2021).
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to the Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of InnovAge Holding Corp. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the SEC on February 2, 2025).
3.3	Amended and Restated Bylaws of InnovAge Holding Corp., effective March 3, 2021 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 8, 2021).
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1†	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2†	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101	The following financial information from InnovAge Holding Corp's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 formatted in Inline XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) includes: (i) the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited), (ii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited), (iii) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (unaudited), (iv) the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited), and (v) Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited).
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

<sup>\*</sup> Filed herewith.

<sup>†</sup> The certifications furnished in Exhibit 32.1 and Exhibit 32.2 hereto are deemed "furnished" with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and will not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, duly authorized.

# INNOVAGE HOLDING CORP.

Date: May 6, 2025 By: /s/ Benjamin C. Adams

Name: Benjamin C. Adams

Title: Chief Financial Officer (Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial

and Accounting Officer)

## Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

## I, Patrick Blair, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of InnovAge Holding Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2025

By: /s/ Patrick Blair

Name: Patrick Blair

Title: Chief Executive Officer

# Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

### I, Benjamin C. Adams, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-O of InnovAge Holding Corp.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2025

By: /s/ Benjamin C. Adams

Name: Benjamin C. Adams
Title: Chief Financial Officer

# **Certification of Chief Executive Officer**

# Pursuant to Rule 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of InnovAge Holding Corp. (the "Company") for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2025 as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Patrick Blair, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2025

By: /s/ Patrick Blair

Name: Patrick Blair

Title: Chief Executive Officer

# **Certification of Chief Financial Officer**

# Pursuant to Rule 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of InnovAge Holding Corp. (the "Company") for the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2025 as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Benjamin C. Adams, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2025

By: /s/ Benjamin C. Adams

Name: Benjamin C. Adams
Title: Chief Financial Officer