



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2026

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Notice to Reader:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of Carlin Gold Corporation (the "Company") have been prepared by management and reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company. In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its external auditors have not reviewed these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, notes to financial statements and the related quarterly Management Discussion and Analysis.



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
As at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	June 30 2026	December 31 2025
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,694,846	\$ 761,912
Amounts receivable	16,674	18,443
Marketable securities (Note 5)	1,941,963	2,095,145
Prepaid expenses	2,750	8,375
	4,656,233	2,883,875
Exploration and evaluation properties (Note 6)	2,555,021	2,506,220
Reclamation Bond	27,769	-
	\$ 7,239,023	\$ 5,390,095
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 27,612	\$ 38,315
Other amounts due to related parties (Note 9)	3,569	6,050
	31,181	44,365
Equity		
Share capital (Note 7)	14,286,904	12,100,412
Reserves - Stock options (Note 7(c))	360,947	360,947
Deficit	(7,440,009)	(7,115,629)
	7,207,842	5,345,730
	\$ 7,239,023	\$ 5,390,095

Events Subsequent to the Period – Note 10

“Quentin Mai”

Director

“Dong Shim”

Director

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended June 30		Six months ended June 30	
	2026	2025	2026	2025
Expenses:				
Accounting and audit	\$ (6,680)	\$ 7,000	\$ 18,320	\$ 12,320
Insurance	1,875	1,875	5,625	3,750
Legal fees	12,586	3,558	14,049	9,032
Management and administration fees	39,000	15,000	78,000	30,000
Office	3,278	1,478	8,867	11,315
Regulatory fees	43,057	17,123	49,685	24,500
Technical consulting	1,263	861	1,263	5,750
Transfer agent fees	1,840	600	3,225	2,611
	(96,219)	(47,495)	(179,034)	(99,278)
Interest income	722	4,981	4,275	12,103
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	3,214	2,387	3,561	2,255
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	-	-	55,738
Fair value change of marketable securities	(278,769)	334,310	(153,182)	654,405
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	\$ (371,052)	\$ 294,183	\$ (324,380)	\$ 625,223
Income (loss) per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.03
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	22,562,755	12,562,559	22,562,755	18,543,946

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Equity
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share Capital		Reserves		Total equity
	Number of Shares	Amount	Stock options	Deficit	
Balance, December 31, 2024	18,543,964	\$11,877,089	\$ 176,766	(\$8,102,708)	\$ 3,951,147
Net loss income the period	-	-	-	625,223	625,223
Balance, June 30, 2025	18,543,964	\$11,877,089	\$ 176,766	(\$7,477,485)	\$ 4,576,370
Shares issued for private placement (Note 7(b))	800,000	240,000	-	-	240,000
Share based payments	-	-	184,181	-	184,181
Share issue costs (Note 7(b))	-	(16,677)	-	-	(16,677)
Net income for the period	-	-	-	361,856	361,856
Balance, December 31, 2025	19,343,964	\$12,100,412	\$ 360,947	(\$7,115,629)	\$ 5,345,730
Shares issued for private placement (Note 7(b))	7,201,834	2,160,550	-	-	2,160,550
Share issue costs (Note 7(b))	-	(24,058)	-	-	(24,058)
Shares issued for warrants exercised (Note 7(b))	175,000	35,000	-	-	35,000
Shares issued for stock options exercised (Note 7(c))	100,000	15,000	-	-	15,000
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(324,380)	(324,380)
Balance, June 30, 2026	26,820,798	\$14,286,904	\$360,947	(\$7,440,009)	\$7,207,842

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2026	2025
Operating Activities:		
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (324,380)	\$ 625,223
Items not affecting cash:		
Gain on sale of marketable securities	-	(55,738)
Fair value change of marketable securities (Note 5)	153,182	(654,405)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Amounts receivable	1,769	19,244
Prepaid expenses	5,625	(3,750)
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	(10,703)	(24,588)
Amounts due to related parties	(2,481)	5,251
Cash used in operating activities	(176,988)	(88,763)
Investing Activities:		
Exploration and evaluation property expenditures (Note 6)	(48,802)	(125,727)
Reclamation Bond	(27,769)	-
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities (Note 5)	-	209,038
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(76,571)	83,311
Financing Activities:		
Private placement proceeds (Note 7(b))	2,160,550	-
Share issuance costs (Note 7(b))	(24,058)	-
Warrants exercised	35,000	-
Stock options exercised	15,000	-
Cash Provided by Financing Activities	2,186,492	-
Foreign Exchange Effect on Cash	-	-
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,932,933	(5,452)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	761,912	809,931
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 2,694,846	\$ 804,479
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Cash	\$ 1,694,846	\$ 4,479
Cash equivalent	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 800,000

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Carlin Gold Corporation (the “Company”) is registered under the British Columbia Business Corporations Act and trades on the TSX Venture Exchange. The Company is in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing mineral properties in Nevada and Yukon, and has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The head office and principal address of the Company is situated at Suite 405 – 375 Water Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6B 5C6.

The Company has not generated any operating revenue since inception, has never paid dividends and is unlikely to pay dividends or generate operating earnings in the immediate or foreseeable future. As at June 30, 2026, the Company has incurred an accumulated deficit of \$7,440,009 (December 31, 2025 - \$7,115,629). The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations and to determine the existence, discovery and successful exploitation of economically recoverable reserves in its mineral properties, confirmation of the Company’s interests in the underlying properties and the attainment of profitable operations, or realize proceeds from sale of properties. The Company will require additional capital to finance future operations and growth. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing, the Company would be unable to continue. There can be no assurance that management’s plans will be successful.

The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and there is no assurance that current exploration projects will result in future profitable mining operations. The Company has no source of revenue, and has significant cash requirements to meet its administrative overhead, pay its liabilities and maintain its mineral interests. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation properties is dependent on several factors. These include the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of these exploration and evaluation properties and establish future profitable production, or realize proceeds from the disposition of exploration and evaluation properties. The carrying value of the Company’s exploration and evaluation properties does not reflect current or future values.

These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the IASB.

b) Approval of condensed consolidated interim financial statements

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 20, 2026.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its 100% controlled entity, Carlin Gold US Inc. (a Nevada corporation).

Inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated on consolidation.

c) Judgments and estimates

The preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has classified its cash and marketable securities as FVTPL; and trade payables and accrued liabilities, loan payable to related party and other amounts due to related parties, as other financial liabilities.

Fair value

The carrying values of trade payables and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to related parties all approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

At June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the marketable securities are valued using quoted prices (unadjusted) from an active market (Level 1).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The principal risks to which the Company's financial instruments are exposed are described below.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk on its cash. However, this risk is minimized as all amounts are held with major Canadian and American financial institutions. The Company's concentration of credit risk and maximum exposure thereto is as follows:

	June 30 2026	December 31 2025
Cash – Canada	\$ 2,671,905	\$744,143
Cash – USA	22,941	17,769
Total	\$ 2,694,846	\$ 761,912

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities.

The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares, obtaining debt financing and/or attracting joint venture partners in order to undertake further exploration and development of its mineral properties and finance office and administrative expenditures. There can be no assurance the Company will be able to raise funds in the future.

The Company owns marketable securities, which are recorded as FVTPL. The Company may, from time to time, liquidate a portion of its holdings depending on market conditions and the Company's cash requirements. Depending on timing, the Company's ability to liquidate these securities is subject to price fluctuations and market conditions, which may affect the Company's ability to liquidate the securities in a timely manner.

At June 30, 2026, the Company had trade payables and accrued liabilities totaling \$27,611 (December 31, 2025 - \$38,315), which are currently due and other amounts due to related parties totaling \$3,569 (December 31, 2025 - \$6,050).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The Company's bank accounts earn interest at variable rates. Future cash flows from interest income on cash will be immaterially affected by interest rate fluctuations.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

As at June 30, 2026, certain of the Company's financial instruments are held in US dollars. The Company has operations in Nevada, USA. As a result, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk from fluctuations between the Canadian and US dollar.

The Company does not use derivatives or similar techniques to manage currency risk.

As at June 30, 2026, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on \$93,081 (December 31, 2025 - \$23,771) cash.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk. The Company's marketable securities are carried at market value and are, therefore, directly affected by fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. The Company's sensitivity analysis suggests that a 50% (2025 - 50%) change in market prices would change other comprehensive income/loss by approximately \$970,000 (2025 - \$882,000).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

At June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company owned the following available-for-sale investments:

	June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
	Number of Shares	Fair Value	Number of Shares	Fair Value
American Pacific Mining Corp.	220,250	\$ 34,139	220,250	\$ 39,645
ICG Silver & Gold Corp.	1,872	\$ 824	-	\$ -
Fireweed Metals Ltd.	250,000	\$ 870,000	250,000	\$ 677,500
Onyx Gold Corp.	50,000	\$ 75,500	50,000	\$ 76,000
Snowline Gold Corp.	75,000	\$ 961,500	105,000	\$ 1,302,000
Total		\$ 1,941,962		\$ 2,095,145

In the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company recorded a gain of \$153,182 (2025 - \$654,405) relating to the aggregate fair value change of its investments.

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES

The following is a summary of the Company's exploration and evaluation properties:

	Cortez Summit	Ivy	Willow	Total
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$ 2,022,948	\$ 189,414	\$ 1	\$ 2,212,363
Acquisition costs	42,096	68,137	13,961	124,194
Geological and maintenance	5,766	177,858	559	184,183
Writedown of exploration and evaluation property	-	-	(14,520)	(14,520)
Balance, December 31, 2025	\$ 2,070,810	\$ 435,409	\$ 1	\$ 2,506,220
Geological and maintenance	29,617	19,185	-	48,802
Balance, June 30, 2026	\$ 2,100,427	\$ 454,594	\$ 1	\$ 2,555,022

The Company incurred aggregate expenditures totaling \$48,802 on its exploration and evaluation properties in the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$125,727).

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES (Continued)

a) Cortez Summit Property, Nevada USA

The Company owns a 100% interest in claims in the Cortez gold trend in Eureka County, Nevada, which were acquired by staking and are not subject to any royalties.

b) Ivy Property, Nevada USA

The Company owns a 100% interest in the Ivy Property, a copper-gold property in northeastern Nevada USA. The property consists of 108 unpatented mining claims. The purchase price of the purchased claims was US\$25,000 and a 1% net smelter production royalty on gold and silver and 0.75% on all other metals, to the seller.

c) Closure costs

The Company has assessed that it does not have any closure costs at this time.

d) Realization of assets

The investment in and expenditures on exploration and evaluation properties comprise a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the establishment of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or proceeds from their disposal.

Resource exploration and development are highly speculative and contain inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore.

The amounts shown for acquisition costs and deferred exploration expenditures represent costs incurred to date and do not necessarily reflect present or future values. These costs will be depleted over the useful lives of the properties upon commencement of commercial production or written off if the properties are abandoned or the claims allowed to lapse.

e) Environmental

The Company is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous material and other matters. The Company may also be held liable should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. The Company is not aware of any existing environmental problems related to any of its current or former properties that may result in material liability to the Company.

Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent, and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of exploration and development on the mineral property interests, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES (Continued)

f) Title to mineral property interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to its exploration and evaluation properties, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

6. SHARE CAPITAL

a) **Authorized:** unlimited number of common shares without par value

b) **Issued and outstanding at June 30, 2026:** 26,820,798 common shares

In April 2026, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 7,201,834 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,160,550. Each unit consisted of one common share and one share purchase warrant exercisable into one common share at a price of \$0.45 for two years.

In April 2026 the Company issued 175,000 shares as a result of the exercise of 175,000 share purchase warrants at \$0.20 each, for total proceeds of \$35,000.

In May 2026, the Company issued 100,000 shares as result of the exercise of 100,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.15, for total proceeds of \$15,000.

c) Stock options

The Company has a share purchase option plan whereby the Board of Directors may, from time to time, grant options to directors, officers, employees or consultants. Options granted must be exercised no later than five years from the date of grant or such lesser period as determined by the Company's Board of Directors. The exercise price of an option is not less than the closing price of the stock on the last trading day preceding the grant date. The maximum number of options to be granted under this plan is 10% of the outstanding shares of the Company.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock options at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025 and changes during the periods then ended are as follows:

	June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, beginning of year	1,322,500	\$ 0.20	1,322,500	\$ 0.20
Granted	400,000	\$ 0.54	400,000	\$ 0.54
Exercised	(100,000)	\$ 0.15	-	-
Balance, end of period	1,622,500	\$ 0.28	1,722,500	\$ 0.28

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

c) Stock options (continued)

The fair value of the above stock options was estimated as of the date of grant, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	October 2025	January 2024
Risk-free interest rate	2.75%	3.43%
Expected life (in days)	1,825	1,825
Annualized volatility	126.00%	150.00%
Dividend rate	n/a	n/a

A summary of the Company's stock options outstanding as at June 30, 2026 is as follows:

Expiry Date	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding	Weighted Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Number of Options Exercisable
January 28, 2028	\$ 0.50	172,500	2.46	172,500
January 19, 2029	\$ 0.15	1,050,000	3.47	1,150,000
October 6, 2030	\$ 0.54	400,000	4.23	400,000

d) Warrants

A summary of the Company's outstanding warrants at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025 is as follows:

	June 30, 2026		December 31, 2025	
	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of year	5,850,000	\$0.25	5,050,000	\$0.20
Issued	7,201,834	\$0.45	800,000	\$0.55
Exercised	(175,000)	\$0.20	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	12,876,834		5,850,000	

In April 2026, in connection with a private placement the Company issued 7,201,834 warrants exercisable at a price of \$0.45 per warrant for a period of two years.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

6. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

d) Warrants (continued)

A summary of the Company's warrants outstanding at June 30, 2026 is as follows:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	Weighted Remaining Contractual Life (in years)
April 13, 2028	\$0.45	7,201,834	1.79
June 14, 2028	\$0.20	4,875,000	1.96
October 2, 2027	\$0.55	800,000	1.26

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel compensation consists of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and the Vice-President of Exploration. Aggregate compensation for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$99,315 (2025 - \$42,151) for management and other fees, as described below.

The Company paid a total of \$48,000 for management and administration services to NS Star Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by the president, during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$15,000). The Company paid a total of \$30,000 for accounting, management and administration services to Morfopoulos Consulting Associates Ltd., a company controlled by the CFO, during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$15,000). The Company paid or accrued \$21,315 to Mr. Robert Thomas, Vice-President of Exploration, for technical consulting and management and administration services during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$12,191).

As at June 30, 2026, a total of \$3,569 (December 31, 2025 - \$5,028) is due to director Mr. Thomas for fees, technical consulting services and expenses incurred on behalf of the Company. The foregoing amount is unsecured, without interest or stated terms of repayment.

8. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company manages its common shares, stock options and warrants as capital (Note 6). There has been no change in the nature of the Company's capital during the six months ended June 30, 2026. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure, which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital restrictions.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt, or acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has one operating segment: mineral exploration and development. As at June 30, 2026 and December 31, 2025, all of the Company's non-current assets by geographical location are located in the United States of America.

10. EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 2,200,000 common shares and received \$440,000 from the exercise of 2,200,000 warrants at exercise price \$0.20 per warrant.

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 1,466,667 common shares and received \$660,000 from the exercise of 1,466,667 warrants at exercise price \$0.45 per warrant.

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 800,000 common shares and received \$440,000 from the exercise of 800,000 warrants at exercise price \$0.55 per warrant.

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 700,000 stock options for the purchase of up to 700,000 shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.57 per share with a five-year term.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the six months ended June 30, 2026

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www.carlingold.com

Management's Discussion & Analysis
For the six months ended June 30, 2026
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Description of Business and Report Date

The information in this Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to assist the reader in the understanding and assessment of the trends and significant changes in the results of operations and financial conditions of Carlin Gold Corporation (the "Company" or "Carlin"). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company, including the notes thereto, for the six months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 and the audited financial statements of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, and MD&A of such financial statements, and other information relating to the Company on file with the Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The Company's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This MD&A has taken into account information available up to and including August 20, 2026. All monetary units herein are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Carlin is an exploration stage company engaged in the identification, evaluation, acquisition and exploration primarily of gold properties in Nevada, USA and Yukon, Canada. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta, and trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol CGD. The Company's head office is located at Suite 405 – 375 Water St., Vancouver, B.C., V6B 5C6.

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements. Please refer to the cautionary language at the end of this document.

Highlights

New Directors and New President/CEO Appointed

In July 2026, the Company appointed three new directors, Mr. Cal Everett, Mr. Quentin Mai and Mr. Craig Roberts, to replace outgoing directors Mr. Robert Culbert, Mr. Robert D. Thomas and Mr. Aris Morfopoulos. At the same time, the Company appointed Mr. Quentin Mai as new President and Chief Executive Officer, replacing Mr. Wayne Livingstone.

\$2.1 Million Private Placement Completed

On April 15, 2026, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement consisting of 7,201,834 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$2,106,550. The funds were raised for exploration and maintenance of its Nevada mineral properties and general corporate purposes.

Over \$1.5 Million Added to Treasury from Exercise of Warrants

Since the beginning of 2026, a total of 4,466,667 shares were issued for the exercise of 4,466,667 warrants, adding \$1,540,000 cash to the Company's treasury.

Description of Cortez Summit Exploration Project, Nevada U.S.A.

The Company's 100% owned Cortez Summit Property ("Cortez Summit") consists of 142 unpatented claims and is centrally located on the Cortez Trend, within one of the most active gold mining areas in Nevada. The Property is located between the historic Buckhorn mine (east) and the recently commissioned Goldrush deposit (southwest) and rapidly expanding Fourmile resource (west). The Cortez Trend contains a major gold

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endowment that has grown to 60 million oz. total gold produced, reserves and resources (Nevada Bureau of Mines and Geology annual mineral reports, Barrick Gold Corporation annual reports).

The mineralized zones and orebodies in the Cortez Trend area are generally aligned along northwest trending structural zones where intersecting with favorable lower plate carbonate host rocks. The main known deposit trends are the Pipeline-Robertson, Cortez Hills and the original 1968 Cortez Mine, Horse Canyon-Mill Creek, Goldrush-Fourmile, Aspen and Buckhorn (See Carlin's website www.carlingold.com).

Cortez Summit lies about 1.4 kilometers north-east of the north end of Nevada Gold Mines' ("NGM") Goldrush deposit and approximately 1 kilometer east of Barrick's Fourmile resource (Barrick results for Q4 2024 presentation). The Cortez Summit property is contiguous with Barrick and NGM claims on all sides.

Carlin's primary target at Cortez Summit is Carlin-style mineralization in a structural and stratigraphic setting defined by geology, geochemistry and geophysics, referred to as the "Fourmile Structural Zone"*, which is subparallel to the alignment of the neighboring Goldrush/Fourmile reserve/resource. Much of this target is blind, being covered by Miocene-age post-mineral basaltic andesite and interlayered gravels. The "Fourmile Structural Zone" trends north-northwest for 4,500 ft. (1,370 m) within the southwestern part of the Property and onto Barrick property to the north. Barrick geologists have defined a pattern of surface alteration and geochemical anomalies spatially associated with this structural zone (Barrick Q4 2017 webcast). At Cortez Summit, Carlin geologists encountered a similar alteration and geochemistry pattern in limited upper plate rock exposures along Carlin's "Fourmile Structural Zone" on the west edge of the Property. The east extent of this alteration pattern is unknown, as it appears to be concealed along almost the entire west side of the Property by post-mineral Miocene gravels and basalts. The alteration pattern also appears to extend southeast onto the southwest side of the property, as is noted in exploration drill holes that penetrated below the post-mineral rocks as well as in drill access roads which exposed pre-mineral bedrock.

**Note: Quotation marks used around "Fourmile Structural Zone" are to distinguish this structural corridor interpreted by Carlin geologists on the southwest portion of the Cortez Summit Property from Barrick's high grade Fourmile resource located approximately 1 km to the west on Barrick property.*

Two gold deposits, Goldrush and Fourmile, are located adjacent to the southwest and west, respectively, of Carlin's Cortez Summit property. These are summarized below for the reader's information. The information about Goldrush and Fourmile is meant to demonstrate some parameters for the type of mineral deposit that the Company may encounter while conducting exploration at Cortez Summit. The Company cannot state, nor should it be implied, that similar mineralization will be discovered at Cortez Summit and Carlin's QP is not able to verify the information referenced below.

After several years of exploration drilling, Barrick announced the Goldrush discovery in September 2011. NGM completed a stand-alone underground feasibility study for Goldrush in Q2 2021 (Barrick Q3 2021 report). A Record of Decision was issued in December 2023. Production began in 2024, with the operation currently ramping up to a scheduled >400,000 ounces per year by 2028 (Barrick 2024 Annual Report, Barrick Q1 2025 presentation). Goldrush measured and indicated resources are estimated to be 53 Mt @ 6.00 g/t for 10M oz Au, with an inferred resource of 24 Mt @ 5.5 g/t for 4.5 M oz (Barrick September 2025 presentation). The mineralization is reported to be contained dominantly in lower plate carbonate rocks of the Wenban Formation.

The Fourmile discovery was announced by Barrick in November 2018 following several campaigns of exploration drilling north from Goldrush. The expanding resource, 1 km west of Cortez Summit, lies immediately north of Goldrush. Fourmile resource estimates, as of December 31, 2025, include an indicated resource of 4.6 million tonnes grading 17.59 g/t representing 2.6 million ounces of gold, and an inferred

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resource of 25 million tonnes grading 16.9 g/t, representing 13 million ounces of gold (Barrick 2025 Annual Report). The 2025 Fourmile resource represents a doubling of the resource reported at the end of 2024 (Barrick 2025 annual report). A total of 71.4 km of drilling in 2025 included resource definition, step outs, and satellite exploration (Barrick 2025 annual report). This aggressive drilling program is scheduled to continue in 2026, with the goal of advancing the project to the prefeasibility stage in 2028. Barrick's Q2 2026 report notes that 20 drill rigs are on site, with drilling directed on resource conversion for a prefeasibility study scheduled for completion in 2028. Barrick is planning to gain underground access to the Fourmile resource with the development of the Bullion Hill access portal. A surface disturbance Plan of Operations has been submitted to the Bureau of Land Management and decline development is expected to commence Q3 2026.

Barrick's Q3 2023 report presentation describes exploration of the Fourmile deposit: "2023 drilling continues to demonstrate continuity between the Sophia and Dorothy zones highlighted by 28.7 m @ 51.10 g/t Au". Drilling at Dorothy has encountered two mineralized stratigraphic horizons, the lowermost of which had not been previously tested. Intercepts in this lower zone include 39.6 meters of 12.71 g/t and 31.7 meters of 33.67 g/t (Barrick 2022 Annual Report). A highlight of the 2025 program included an intercept 200 meters north of Dorothy containing of 16.0 meters at 38.35 g/t Au. Barrick's 2025 annual report describes this intercept as "unlocking the potential for mineralization along a 1 kilometer corridor below the Mill Canyon stock to the north". On August 10, 2026 Barrick announced that Fourmile, previously 100% owned by Barrick, has been contributed to the NGM joint venture.

The Fourmile 2024 deposit has an additional "exploration upside of 32-34 Mt @ 15-16 g/t outside the current 2024 resource". "... Fourmile is rapidly competing to be the largest and highest grade gold discovery this century" (Barrick September 16, 2025 news release and presentation).

Exploration History of Cortez Summit

The Company completed an initial drill program in the southwest portion of the Property in 2012. This program consisted of seven vertical reverse circulation drill holes totaling 11,720 ft. (3,573 m), ranging in depth between 1,500 and 1,800 ft. (450-550 m). Drilling confirmed Carlin-type geology, alteration and geochemistry in upper plate rocks within the limited area evaluated but did not test lower plate stratigraphy. Drilling encountered the contact metamorphic effects of the Jurassic-age Mill Canyon stock, an important feature which enhances potential for high-grade mineralization similar to what Barrick has encountered at its adjacent Fourmile resource.

In order to explore for the deeper lower plate carbonates that host mineralization at Goldrush and Fourmile, Carlin re-entered reverse circulation drill hole CS-12-2 with a core drill rig in 2013. The hole was deepened from 1,760 ft. (536 m) to 4,032 ft. (1,229 m) and encountered 373 ft. (114 m) of favorable lower plate carbonate rocks below the Roberts Mountain Thrust. This interval represents the upper portion of the stratigraphic section above the gold-bearing horizons at Goldrush, Fourmile and the nearby major Cortez area deposits. Short intervals of anomalous gold up to 0.667 g/t and Carlin-type pathfinder elements were encountered in hole CS-12-2C, including intervals of anomalous arsenic values (>100 ppm) ranging up to 85 ft. (25 m) of drilled thickness with decalcification, clay alteration and calcite veining.

From 2016 to 2018, the Company optioned the Property to Barrick, who drilled one diamond drillhole, SJV17-1D (vertical), to a depth of 5,171 ft. (1,576 m). SJV17-1D was collared in the southwest portion of the Property in the vicinity of Carlin's previous shallow reverse circulation holes drilled into upper plate lithologies adjacent to the "Fourmile Structural Zone".

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SJV17-1D encountered a thick 567 ft. (173 m) zone at 333-900 ft. (102-274 m) in upper plate rocks consisting of variably clay-altered, iron oxide-stained, brecciated hornfels and lesser mudstone/siltstone, with the most intense clay alteration and iron oxide development at 652-798 ft. (199-243 m). Associated with this alteration is a 592 ft. (180 m) interval of highly anomalous arsenic at 328-920 ft. (100-280 m) averaging 480 ppm, with strongly anomalous Carlin-style pathfinder elements including mercury (to 17 ppm), antimony (to 173 ppm) and thallium (to 6.3 ppm). Gold values in this alteration zone include a 10 ft. (3 m) zone at 694-704 ft. (211-214 m) grading 2.6 g/t. Zones of anomalous arsenic and thallium occur further down the hole, including a 215 ft. (66 m) interval of anomalous thallium located at and below the upper plate/lower plate contact (4,035 ft.), which is interpreted to be a moderate-steep west dipping, northerly trending structure. A 10.5 ft (3.2 m) zone containing 0.246 g/t Au occurs at this contact, within a zone of increased pyrite veins noted on Barrick's drill log. This hole did not extend to the lower stratigraphic horizons in the Wenban Formation containing significant gold values similar to the Dorothy area at the north end of the Fourmile resource. SJV17-1D also marks the most easterly alteration and mineralization so far encountered under the post mineralization basalt-gravel cover rocks, which extend approximately 1.5 miles (2.5 km) to the east edge of the property to the Aspen mine trend and adjacent Buckhorn mine trend (see www.carlingold.com).

Exploration Potential

The Company is encouraged by the strong alteration and pathfinder elements along with significant gold values encountered in upper plate rocks adjacent to the "Fourmile Structural Zone" as shown in Barrick's drillhole SJV17-1D and the Company's shallow 2012 reverse-circulation drilling. This "shallow" anomalous zone potentially represents the upper extension of a mineralized conduit which could be used to guide exploration for deeper gold mineralization in favorable carbonate rocks. A potentially significant shallower, ± 200 ft. (60m) thick silty to sandy carbonate section contained within the upper plate sequence was encountered by Barrick core hole SJV17-1D and also in one of the early Carlin drill holes located 2,200 ft. (670m) south-southeast. This represents an additional host rock target in the upper plate approximately 2,000 ft. (610 m) above the base of the Roberts Mountain Thrust.

Barrick continues to discover gold mineralization in additional portions of the carbonate stratigraphy, highlighted by high-grade drill intercepts at the Dorothy target north of the Fourmile resource: 31.7 m @ 33.69 g/t Au (Barrick Q4 2022 results presentation), 28.7 m @ 51.1 g/t (Barrick Q3 2023 results presentation). These intercepts are hosted in deeper stratigraphic levels of the sedimentary rock section encountered in the one core hole SJV17-1D drilled by Barrick in 2017.

Cortez Summit has only been partially explored; drilling to date has evaluated just a small area in the southwest corner of the 4 square mile claim block. SJV17-1D is the only drillhole to have penetrated the targeted favorable lower plate Dw4 section that hosts most of the nearby Goldrush deposit; Carlin hole CS12-2C appears to have stopped short of this favorable section. Hornfels alteration in upper plate rocks has been encountered in most of the holes drilled on the Property, suggesting proximity to a possible southeastern extension of the Jurassic age Mill Canyon quartz monzonite stock at depth. The contact thermal metamorphic zone around the stock is considered an important contributing feature to high-grade mineralization at the Fourmile resource. Existence of this environment at Cortez Summit suggests that in addition to the classic Carlin-type bedding replacement style mineralization displayed at Goldrush, the Property also has excellent potential for higher grade, more structurally controlled mineralization within the contact metamorphic zone adjacent to the Mill Canyon stock.

The Company has evaluated existing ground and airborne geophysical survey data which has been helpful in better defining the "Fourmile Structural Zone" at depth below the post-mineral cover, and also in identifying several other parallel northwest-trending structures on the Property, located to the east. These structures

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represent additional targets below the Miocene cover rocks. Together with the "Fourmile Structural Zone", these structures represent high-quality targets for classic Carlin-style mineralization where they intersect with favorable carbonate stratigraphy.

Cortez Summit is an excellent exploration opportunity located in one of the most well-endowed gold regions in North America. Barrick continues to discover gold mineralization in deeper horizons of the carbonate stratigraphy, highlighted by high grade drill intercepts cited above at the Dorothy target at the north extension of the Fourmile resource. These lower stratigraphic horizons have not been drill tested on the Cortez Summit Property. Deep drilling beneath the Goldrush deposit targeting mineralized structures in the deeper (older) Roberts Mountain formation (Barrick Q3 2023 MD&A) encountered encouraging deformation and alteration. These new stratigraphic discoveries open additional geological opportunity for evaluating Cortez Summit gold mineralization potential.

Description of Ivy Property, Nevada USA

The Company acquired the 100% owned Ivy Property in 2023, consisting of 9 unpatented mining claims located within the Contact Mining District in northeastern Elko County, Nevada. Subsequent staking added 152 claims, bringing the total block to 161 claims. Copper-gold mineralization occurs on the property mainly in calc-silicate/skarn altered limestone both adjacent to and outboard of a large Jurassic-age granodiorite stock. Numerous historic workings on the Ivy claims include prospect pits, shafts and adits. Widespread copper mineralization is encountered along a 4.3 km long northwest trending zone reaching widths of 1.4 km. Mineralization occurs in northwest-trending sulfidic skarn zones containing 1-3% disseminated pyrite, chalcopyrite and $\pm$ bornite and in narrow zones of calc-silicate altered Permian-age(?) carbonate rocks containing secondary copper minerals. Lesser covellite and chalcocite have also been described in a 2019 MSc study of the skarns. The Company's sampling has been from dumps at old workings and also from outcrop/subcrop exposures, with 46 of the 92 samples containing > 0.5% Cu and 36 samples grading over 1.0% Cu. The highest copper value (15.2% Cu with 1.7 ppm gold) was selected from a small dump of an adit near the east contact of the Paleozoic section with the Jurassic granodiorite. Twenty-seven of the samples contained > 0.100 ppm Au. Silver values ranged up to 231 ppm. Lead and zinc values are generally low.

A 1912 United States Geological Survey Bulletin describes a 400 ft. (122 m.) wide sulfide zone extending for 6,000 ft. (1,830 m.), lying about 1,200 ft (366 m) outboard (west) and parallel to the granodiorite contact. It is described as following the strike of the steeply dipping sedimentary rock package. This report states that "Chalcopyrite, bornite and molybdenite are disseminated throughout silicified skarn consisting of garnet, epidote, diopside and iron oxides." Carlin's initial investigation supported the USGS description of this feature, which is also coincident with one of the several skarn zones described as part of the MSc thesis. Subsequent mapping by the Company has added further definition to this zone, now termed the "Main Skarn Zone" (MSZ). The MSZ is currently the principal exploration target. The main expression of this zone is approximately 1 mile (1.6 km) long, reaching widths of 490 feet (150 m). Carlin geologists believe that the observed mineralization may represent "leakage" from a deeper intrusive system capable of generating skarn deposits in the carbonate units and potential disseminated intrusive porphyry-style mineralization at depth.

In 2025 Zonge International, Inc. completed a DC IP/Resistivity program, which consisted of six lines using 75 m dipole spacing and re-occupying three of those lines utilizing 200 m dipole spacing. Inversion modelling by Zonge identified a continuous IP anomaly with the 75 m dipole spacing, located below the Main Skarn Zone. The anomaly is at least 1.5 km long and 200-300 m wide, is open on strike and at depth below 250 m. The peak response in the inversion model is approximately 125-150 meters depth. The IP anomaly detected with the 75 m dipole spacing continues to depth on at least two of the three 200 m dipole lines. The 200 m dipole survey also encountered a deeper (400-500 m) IP anomaly below and west of the of the 75 m dipole anomaly.

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Excellent drill targets in the Main Skarn Zone have been defined by the 75 m dipole data, and additional IP evaluation is being considered. The Company has received a notice-level drill permit (≤ 5 acres) from the Bureau of Land Management for an initial phase I drill program to test the primary shallow skarn targets identified by the 75 m dipole survey.

Description of Willow Property, Nevada, USA

The Willow property (47 claims, 20 miles southwest of IVY) is an early-stage Carlin-style gold project located in an active exploration and mining area in northeast Nevada, highlighted by Nevada Gold Mines' Long Canyon mine located 80 kilometers southwest. The exploration targets on the property are contained in favorable carbonate rocks in the lower plate of the Roberts Mountain Thrust Fault. Lower plate rocks include the Roberts Mountain and Hanson Creek Formations, common Carlin-type deposit host rocks. Road cut rock sampling encountered anomalous gold, with strong arsenic and elevated thallium associated with jasperoid alteration along steep northeast trending cross cutting structures. An altered felsic dike located 2 km northeast of the property is dated at 42 Ma, a late Eocene age similar to that of Carlin-type deposits in the Carlin trend. These favorable geological features combine to define quality drill targets on this under-explored property.

Results of Operations

In the six months ended June 30, 2026, the Company incurred exploration property expenditures totaling 48,802 (2025 – \$125,727).

The Company's consolidated net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$324,380 (2025 – \$625,223 net income). The net loss for the period included a \$153,182 loss in the value of its marketable securities (2025 – \$654,405 gain).

The Company's \$179,014 (2025 – \$99,278) in operating costs for the six months ended June 30, 2026 were higher than the same period for the previous year, primarily due to increases in audit fees and management fees for the year to date.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following is a summary of certain consolidated financial information concerning the Company for each of the last eight quarters:

<i>Fiscal Quarter ended</i>	June 2026	March 2026	December 2025	September 2025
Net income (loss)	\$ (371,052)	\$ 46,672	\$ 79,336	\$ 282,520
Net income (loss) per share	(0.02)	0.00	0.00	0.02
Total Assets	7,239,023	5,445,170	5,390,095	4,890,421

<i>Fiscal Quarter ended</i>	June 2025	March 2025	December 2024	September 2024
Net income (loss)	\$ 294,183	\$ 331,040	\$ (41,720)	\$ (28,834)
Net income (loss) per share	0.02	0.02	(0.00)	(0.00)
Total Assets	4,594,915	4,322,462	3,993,029	4,016,698

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Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash position at June 30, 2026 was \$2,694,846 (December 31, 2025—\$761,912). At June 30, 2026, the Company had working capital of \$4,625,052 (December 31, 2025—\$2,839,510). Since June 30, 2026, the Company's cash position has been further enhanced by the receipt of \$1,055,000 from the exercise of warrants. The Company's cash position as of the date of this MD&A is \$3.4 million.

At June 30, 2026, the Company had \$1,941,163 in marketable securities (December 31, 2025—\$2,095,145) which represented a significant component of the Company's working capital. The value of these investments is subject to market fluctuations and is therefore highly variable.

At June 30, 2026, the Company had \$31,181 (December 31, 2025—\$44,365) in current liabilities, of which \$3,569 (December 31, 2025—\$6,050) was due to related parties.

The Company is not in commercial production on any of its exploration and evaluation properties and accordingly, it does not generate cash from operations. The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares, obtaining debt financing and/or attracting joint venture partners in order to undertake further exploration and development of its exploration and evaluation properties. There can, however, be no assurance the Company will be able to raise funds in the near future, in which case management may continue to delay future exploration activities until funds become available.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

Proposed Transactions

There are no proposed transactions as of the date of this MD&A.

Transactions with Related Parties

Key management personnel compensation consists of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") and the Vice-President of Exploration. Aggregate compensation for the six months ended June 30, 2026 was \$99,315 (2025 - \$42,151) for management and other fees, as described below.

The Company paid a total of \$48,000 for management and administration services to NS Star Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by the president, during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$15,000). The Company paid a total of \$30,000 for accounting, management and administration services to Morfopoulos Consulting Associates Ltd., a company controlled by the CFO, during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$15,000). The Company paid or accrued \$21,315 to Mr. Robert Thomas, Vice-President of Exploration, for technical consulting and management and administration services during the six months ended June 30, 2026 (2025 - \$12,191).

As at June 30, 2026, a total of \$3,569 (December 31, 2025 - \$5,028) is due to director Mr. Thomas for fees, technical consulting services and expenses incurred on behalf of the Company. The foregoing amount is unsecured, without interest or stated terms of repayment.

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Outstanding Share Data

Carlin's authorized capital is an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

As at June 30, 2026 the Company has 26,820,798 common shares outstanding. As of the date of this report, the Company has 30,387,465 common shares outstanding.

In April 2026, the Company completed a private placement consisting of 7,201,834 units at an issue price of \$0.30 per unit, for gross proceeds of \$2,160,550. Each unit consisted of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.45 per share for two years.

In June 2026, the Company received \$35,000 from the exercise of 175,000 warrants at \$0.20 per share and \$15,000 from the exercise of 100,000 stock options at \$0.15 per share.

As at June 30, 2026, the Company has the following stock options outstanding:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Options Outstanding
January 28, 2028	\$ 0.50	172,500
January 19, 2029	\$ 0.15	1,150,000

As at June 30, 2026, the Company has the following warrants outstanding:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants
April 13, 2028	\$0.45	7,201,834
June 14, 2028	\$0.20	4,875,000
October 2, 2027	\$0.55	800,000

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Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the financial period ended June 30, 2026, Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 2,200,000 common shares and received \$440,000 from the exercise of 2,200,000 warrants at exercise price \$0.20 per warrant.

Subsequent to the financial period ended June 30, 2026, the Company issued 1,366,667 common shares and received \$615,000 from the exercise of 1,366,667 warrants at exercise price \$0.45 per warrant.

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company issued 800,000 common shares and received \$440,000 from the exercise of 800,000 warrants at exercise price \$0.55 per warrant.

Subsequent to the financial period ended June 30, 2026, the Company issued 700,000 stock options for the purchase of up to 700,000 shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.57 per share with a five-year term.

Management of Capital

The Company manages its common shares and stock options as capital. There has been no change in the nature of the Company's capital during the six months ended June 30, 2026. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. The Company does not have any externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions.

In order to maximize ongoing exploration efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends. The Company's investment policy is to keep its cash treasury on deposit in an interest bearing Canadian chartered bank account.

Use of Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

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Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial period and include, but are not limited to, the following:

Recoverable value of long-term assets

The carrying value of mineral properties and the likelihood of future economic recoverability is subject to significant management estimates. The application of the Company's accounting policy for and determination of recoverability of capitalized assets is based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. If information becomes available indicating that recovery of expenditures is unlikely, the amounts capitalized are impaired and recognized as a loss in the period that the new information becomes available. A change in estimate could result in the carrying amount of capitalized assets being materially different from their presented carrying costs.

Critical Accounting Judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

Going concern

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and meet its commitments as they become due, including completion of the acquisition, exploration and development of its mineral property interests, is dependent on the Company's ability to obtain the necessary financing. The Company will require additional capital to finance future operations and growth. If the Company is unable to obtain additional financing, the Company would be unable to continue. There can be no assurance that management's plans will be successful.

The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and there is no assurance that current exploration projects will result in future profitable mining operations. The Company has no source of revenue and has significant cash requirements to meet its administrative overhead, pay its liabilities and maintain its mineral property interests. The recoverability of amounts shown for exploration and evaluation properties is dependent on several factors. These include the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the exploration and development of these exploration and evaluation properties, and establish future profitable production, or realize proceeds from the disposition of exploration and evaluation properties. The carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation properties does not reflect current or future values.

These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

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Functional currency

The Company applied judgment in determining its functional currency and the functional currency of its Nevada subsidiary. Functional currency was determined based on the currency in which funds are sourced and the degree of dependence by the subsidiary on the Company for financial support.

Exploration and evaluation properties

Management is required to make judgments on the status of each mineral property and the future plans with respect to finding commercial reserves. The nature of exploration and evaluation activity is such that only a few projects are ultimately successful and some assets are likely to become impaired in future periods.

Assets or cash-generating units are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indicators of impairments. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's exploration and evaluation properties.

Management uses several criteria in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefit including geologic and metallurgic information, economic assessments/studies, accessible facilities and existing permits.

Financial Instruments

Financial Assets

The Company measures its financial assets in the following categories: amortized cost, or fair value through profit or loss. The measurement depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the measurement of financial assets at recognition.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost are measured at FVTPL. Derivative financial instruments that are not designated and effective as hedging instruments are classified as FVTPL. The Company has no designated hedges. Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are stated at fair value with any changes in fair value recognized in earnings for the period. Marketable securities and cash are included in this category of financial assets.

Impairment of financial assets

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has

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occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities in the following categories: other financial liabilities and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are non-derivatives and are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and are subsequently stated at amortized cost. Any difference between the amounts originally received, net of transaction costs, and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period to maturity using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities are classified as current or non-current based on their maturity date. Other financial liabilities include accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

This category is comprised of derivative financial liabilities. Derivative financial liabilities are initially recognized at their fair value on the date the derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value at each reporting period with changes in the fair value recognized in profit or loss.

The following summarizes the fair value hierarchy under which the Company's financial instruments are valued.

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; |
| Level 2 | - Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and |
| Level 3 | - Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based upon observable market data. |

Risk Factors

Companies operating in the mining industry face many and varied kind of risks. Following are the risk factors most applicable to the Company.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short-term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities.

The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares, obtaining debt financing and/or attracting joint venture partners in order to undertake further exploration and development of its mineral properties and finance office and administrative expenditures. There can be no assurance the Company will be able to raise funds in the future.

The Company has marketable securities, which are recorded as FVTPL. The Company may, from time to time, liquidate a portion of its holdings depending on market conditions and the Company's cash requirements.

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Depending on timing, the Company's ability to liquidate these securities is subject to price fluctuations and market conditions, which may affect the Company's ability to liquidate the securities in a timely manner.

At June 30, 2026, the Company had trade payables totaling and accrued liabilities of \$27,612 (December 31, 2025 - \$38,315), which are currently due, and other amounts due to related parties totaling \$3,569 (December 31, 2025 - \$6,050).

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk on its cash. However, this risk is minimized as all amounts are held with major Canadian and American financial institutions. The Company's concentration of credit risk and maximum exposure thereto is as follows:

	June 30 2026	December 31 2025
Cash – Canada	\$2,671,905	\$744,143
Cash – USA	22,941	17,169
Total	\$2,694,846	\$ 761,912

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The Company's bank accounts earn interest at variable rates. Future cash flows from interest income on cash will be affected by interest rate fluctuations.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

As at June 30, 2026, certain of the Company's financial instruments are held in US dollars. The Company has operations in Nevada, USA. As a result, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk from fluctuations between the Canadian and US dollar.

The Company does not use derivatives or similar techniques to manage currency risk.

As at June 30, 2026, the Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on \$93,081 (December 31, 2025 - \$23,771) cash.

(iii) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk. The

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Company's marketable securities are carried at market value and are, therefore, directly affected by fluctuations in the market value of the underlying securities. The Company's sensitivity analysis suggests that a 50% (2025 - 50%) change in market prices would change other comprehensive income/loss by approximately \$970,000 (2025 - \$882,000).

Industry

Exploring and developing mineral resource projects bears a high potential for a variety of risks. Additionally, few exploration projects successfully achieve development due to factors that cannot be predicted or foreseen. Moreover, even one such factor may result in the economic viability of a project being detrimentally impacted such that it is not feasible or practical to proceed.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to exploration and evaluation properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Metal Prices

The principal activity of the Company is the exploration and development of gold resource properties. The feasible development of such properties is highly dependent upon the price of gold. A sustained and substantial decline in commodity gold prices could result in the write-down, termination of exploration and development work or loss of its interests in identified resource properties. Although such prices cannot be forecasted with certainty, the Company carefully monitors factors which could affect gold commodity prices in order to assess the feasibility of its resource projects.

Political Risk

The resource properties on which the Company is pursuing its exploration and development activities are located in Nevada, U.S.A. While the political climate is considered by the Company to be stable, there can be no assurances that this will continue indefinitely. To alleviate such risk, the Company funds its Nevada operations on an as-needed basis. The Company does not presently maintain political risk insurance for its U.S. exploration projects.

Environmental

Exploration and development projects are subject to the environmental laws and regulations of the country within which the Company is conducting its operations. As such laws are subject to change, the Company carefully monitors proposed and potential changes and management believes the Company remains in compliance with current environmental regulations in the relevant jurisdictions.

Forward-Looking Statements

Some of the statements in this MD&A constitute "forward looking statements". Where Carlin expresses an expectation or belief as to future events or results, including management plans and objectives, and projections of exploration results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and is believed to have a reasonable basis. The Company makes no representation that reasonable business people in possession of the same information would reach the same conclusions. While these statements represent our best current judgment, they are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary, the specifics of which are

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detailed in disclosures with the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's periodic filings with securities regulators. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A or, in the case of documents incorporated by reference herein, as of the date of such documents, and Carlin does not assume the obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

Approval

Mr. Robert Thomas, a director of the Company and a Qualified Person in compliance under National Instrument 43-101, has reviewed and approved the technical information contained in this report.

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it.

Additional Information

Additional disclosures pertaining to the Company's technical reports, management information circulars, material change reports, press releases and other information are available on the SEDAR Plus website at www.sedarplus.com.