
Quarterly Report

For the quarter ended March 31, 2026

BNCCORP, INC.

(OTCQX: BNCC)

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BNCCORP, INC.
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March 31, 2026

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Financial Statements

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(In thousands, except share data)

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
ASSETS		
	(unaudited)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 179,736	\$ 211,451
Debt securities available for sale	111,054	114,670
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock	2,466	2,386
Loans held for investment	734,622	738,700
Allowance for credit losses	(8,635)	(10,318)
Net loans held for investment	725,987	728,382
Premises and equipment, net	9,870	10,120
Operating lease right of use asset	606	514
Accrued interest receivable	4,059	4,395
Other	29,078	28,288
Total assets	\$ 1,062,856	\$ 1,100,206
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Deposits:		
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 174,630	\$ 177,618
Interest-bearing –		
Savings, interest checking and money market	645,217	681,350
Time deposits	112,615	112,833
Total deposits	932,462	971,801
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interest in Company's subordinated debentures	15,464	15,464
Accrued interest payable	1,626	1,638
Accrued expenses	1,976	2,877
Operating lease liabilities	653	571
Other	2,083	1,348
Total liabilities	954,264	993,699
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, \$.01 par value – Authorized 11,300,000 shares; 3,668,653 issued; 3,520,125 and 3,520,125 shares outstanding	37	37
Capital surplus – common stock	27,246	27,230
Retained earnings	89,602	87,438
Treasury stock (148,528 and 148,528 shares, respectively)	(2,753)	(2,753)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(5,540)	(5,445)
Total stockholders' equity	108,592	106,507
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 1,062,856	\$ 1,100,206

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Income
For the Three Months Ended March 31,
(In thousands, except per share data, unaudited)

	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>
INTEREST INCOME:		
Interest and fees on loans	\$ 11,186	\$ 9,912
Interest and dividends on investments		
Taxable	2,684	2,053
Dividends	36	35
Total interest income	<u>13,906</u>	<u>12,000</u>
INTEREST EXPENSE:		
Deposits	4,491	3,927
Subordinated debentures	197	222
Total interest expense	<u>4,688</u>	<u>4,149</u>
Net interest income	9,218	7,851
PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES:	385	100
Net interest income after provision for credit losses	<u>8,833</u>	<u>7,751</u>
NON-INTEREST INCOME:		
Bank charges and service fees	682	668
Wealth management revenues	575	521
Gains on sales of loans, net	6	(1)
Other	147	196
Total non-interest income	<u>1,410</u>	<u>1,384</u>
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:		
Salaries and employee benefits	3,989	4,088
Professional services	820	262
Data processing fees	924	823
Marketing and promotion	140	183
Occupancy	452	399
Regulatory costs	131	132
Depreciation and amortization	269	273
Office supplies and postage	101	93
Other	607	576
Total non-interest expense	<u>7,433</u>	<u>6,829</u>
Income before income taxes	2,810	2,306
Income tax expense	646	542
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 2,164</u>	<u>\$ 1,764</u>
Basic earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.61</u>	<u>\$ 0.50</u>
Diluted earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.61</u>	<u>\$ 0.50</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)
For the Three Months Ended March 31,
(In thousands, unaudited)

	2026		2025	
NET INCOME	\$	2,164	\$	1,764
Unrealized (loss) gain on debt securities available for sale	\$	(126)	\$	2,196
Reclassification adjustment for gains included in net income		-		-
Other comprehensive (loss) income before tax		(126)		2,196
Income tax effect related to items of other comprehensive (loss) income		31		(540)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	\$	(95)	\$	1,656
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		\$ 2,069		\$ 3,420

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
For the Three Months Ended March 31,
(In thousands, except share data, unaudited)

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Capital Surplus</u>		<u>Treasury Stock</u>	<u>Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares Outstanding</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>		<u>Income (Loss), net</u>		
BALANCE, December 31, 2024	3,521,275	\$ 36	\$ 26,904	\$ 78,667	\$ (2,696)	\$ (9,244)	\$ 93,667	
Net income	-	-	-	1,764	-	-	1,764	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	1,656	1,656	
Impact of share-based compensation	2,500	1	199	-	29	-	229	
BALANCE, March 31, 2025	3,523,875	\$ 37	\$ 27,103	\$ 80,431	\$ (2,667)	\$ (7,588)	\$ 97,316	
BALANCE, December 31, 2025	3,520,125	\$ 37	\$ 27,230	\$ 87,438	\$ (2,753)	\$ (5,445)	\$ 106,507	
Net income	-	-	-	2,164	-	-	2,164	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	(95)	(95)	
Impact of share-based compensation	-	-	16	-	-	-	16	
BALANCE, March 31, 2026	3,520,125	\$ 37	\$ 27,246	\$ 89,602	\$ (2,753)	\$ (5,540)	\$ 108,592	

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Three Months Ended March 31,

(In thousands, unaudited)

	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 2,164	\$ 1,764
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities -		
Provision for credit losses	385	100
Depreciation	269	273
Amortization of right of use asset	93	91
Net amortization of premiums on debt securities and subordinated debentures	275	363
Share-based compensation	16	229
Change in accrued interest receivable and other assets, net	(607)	-
Change in other liabilities, net	(109)	(769)
(Gain) loss on sales of loans, net	(6)	1
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>2,480</u>	<u>2,052</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from maturities of debt securities	3,215	3,531
Purchases of Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	(85)	-
Sales of Federal Reserve and Federal Home Loan Bank Stock	5	1
Net decrease (increase) in loans held for investment	2,029	(584)
Purchases of premises and equipment	(20)	(4)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>5,144</u>	<u>2,944</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (decrease) increase in deposits	(39,339)	11,347
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances	(100)	(1)
Proceeds from Federal Home Loan Bank advances	100	1
Dividends paid on common stock	-	(14,304)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(39,339)</u>	<u>(2,957)</u>
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(31,715)	2,039
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	211,451	100,815
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	<u>\$ 179,736</u>	<u>\$ 102,854</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Interest paid	<u>\$ 4,700</u>	<u>\$ 4,061</u>
Income taxes paid	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Additions to repossessed assets in the settlement of loans	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 24</u>
Right of use assets obtained in exchange for lease obligations	<u>\$ 185</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

BNCCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
March 31, 2026

NOTE 1 – Organization of Operations, BNCCORP, INC.

BNCCORP, INC. (“BNCCORP”) is a registered bank holding company incorporated under the laws of Delaware. It is the parent company of BNC National Bank (the “Bank”). BNC National Bank operates community banking and wealth management businesses through 11 locations in North Dakota and Arizona.

NOTE 2 – Basis of Presentation and Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of BNCCORP and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and general practices within the financial services industry. The consolidated financial statements included herein are for BNCCORP and its subsidiaries. All significant intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the presumption that users of the interim consolidated financial information have read or have access to the audited consolidated financial statements of BNCCORP, INC. and subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2025. Accordingly, footnote disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the December 31, 2025 audited consolidated financial statements have been omitted from these interim consolidated financial statements. These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025, and the notes thereto.

The accompanying interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in the United States of America for interim financial information. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of income and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are based on information available to management at the time the estimates are made.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2026, include, in the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting primarily of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial results for the respective interim periods and are not necessarily indicative of results of operations to be expected for the entire fiscal year.

NOTE 3 – Debt Securities Available for Sale

Debt securities have been classified in the consolidated balance sheets according to management’s intent. The Company had no securities designated as trading or held-to-maturity in its portfolio at March 31, 2026, or December 31, 2025. The carrying amount of available-for-sale debt securities and their estimated fair values were as follows (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2026			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 10,963	\$ -	\$ (356)	\$ 10,607
U.S. government sponsored entity mortgage-backed securities issued by FNMA/FHLMC	16,971	-	(2,391)	14,580
U.S. government agency small business administration pools guaranteed by SBA	6,720	-	(406)	6,314
Collateralized mortgage obligations guaranteed by GNMA	4,575	-	(112)	4,463
Collateralized mortgage obligations issued by FNMA/FHLMC	39,873	21	(3,176)	36,718
Commercial mortgage-backed securities issued by FHLMC	16,342	-	(626)	15,716
Other commercial mortgage-backed securities	16,401	-	(1,019)	15,382
State and municipal bonds	8,037	-	(763)	7,274
	<u>\$ 119,882</u>	<u>\$ 21</u>	<u>\$ (8,849)</u>	<u>\$ 111,054</u>

	As of December 31, 2025			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. treasury securities	\$ 10,956	\$ -	\$ (373)	\$ 10,583
U.S. government sponsored entity mortgage-backed securities issued by FNMA/FHLMC	17,410	-	(2,342)	15,068
U.S. government agency small business administration pools guaranteed by SBA	6,949	-	(437)	6,512
Collateralized mortgage obligations guaranteed by GNMA	4,877	-	(89)	4,788
Collateralized mortgage obligations issued by FNMA/FHLMC	41,384	48	(3,199)	38,233
Commercial mortgage-backed securities issued by FHLMC	16,456	-	(601)	15,855
Other commercial mortgage-backed securities	17,299	-	(971)	16,328
State and municipal bonds	8,040	-	(737)	7,303
	<u>\$ 123,371</u>	<u>\$ 48</u>	<u>\$ (8,749)</u>	<u>\$ 114,670</u>

The amortized cost and estimated fair market value of available-for-sale debt securities classified according to their contractual maturities at March 31, 2026, were as follows (in thousands):

	<u>Amortized Cost</u>	<u>Estimated Fair Value</u>
Due in one year or less	\$ 5,992	\$ 5,913
Due after one year through five years	23,133	22,443
Due after five years through 10 years	26,652	25,624
Due after 10 years	64,105	57,074
Total	<u>\$ 119,882</u>	<u>\$ 111,054</u>

The table above is not intended to reflect actual maturities, cash flows, or interest rate risk. Actual maturities may differ from the contractual maturities shown above as a result of prepayments.

The following table shows the Company's debt securities fair value and gross unrealized losses; aggregated by debt security category and length of time that individual debt securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position (dollars are in thousands):

Description of Securities	<u>March 31, 2026</u>								
	<u>Less Than 12 Months</u>			<u>12 Months or More</u>			<u>Total</u>		
	<u>#</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>	<u>#</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Unrealized Loss</u>
U.S. treasury securities	-	\$ -	\$ -	3	\$ 10,607	\$ (356)	3	\$ 10,607	\$ (356)
U.S. government sponsored entity mortgage-backed securities issued by FNMA/FHLMC	-	-	-	8	14,580	(2,391)	8	14,580	(2,391)
U.S. government agency small business administration pools guaranteed by SBA	-	-	-	4	6,314	(406)	4	6,314	(406)
Collateralized mortgage obligations guaranteed by GNMA	-	-	-	8	4,463	(112)	8	4,463	(112)
Collateralized mortgage obligations issued by FNMA/ FHLMC	3	2,460	(27)	14	30,593	(3,149)	17	33,053	(3,176)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities issued by FHLMC	-	-	-	3	15,716	(626)	3	15,716	(626)
Other commercial mortgage- backed securities	-	-	-	7	15,382	(1,019)	7	15,382	(1,019)
State and municipal bonds	-	-	-	2	7,274	(763)	2	7,274	(763)
Total temporarily impaired securities	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 2,460</u>	<u>\$ (27)</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>\$ 104,929</u>	<u>\$ (8,822)</u>	<u>52</u>	<u>\$ 107,389</u>	<u>\$ (8,849)</u>

Description of Securities	December 31, 2025								
	Less Than 12 Months			12 Months or More			Total		
	#	Fair	Unrealized	#	Fair	Unrealized	#	Fair	Unrealized
		Value	Loss		Value	Loss		Value	Loss
U.S. treasury securities	-	\$ -	\$ -	3	\$ 10,583	\$ (373)	3	\$ 10,583	\$ (373)
U.S. government sponsored entity mortgage-backed securities issued by FNMA/FHLMC	-	-	-	8	15,068	(2,342)	8	15,068	(2,342)
U.S. government agency small business administration pools guaranteed by SBA	-	-	-	4	6,512	(437)	4	6,512	(437)
Collateralized mortgage obligations guaranteed by GNMA	-	-	-	8	4,788	(89)	8	4,788	(89)
Collateralized mortgage obligations issued by FNMA/FHLMC	-	-	-	14	31,684	(3,199)	14	31,684	(3,199)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities issued by FHLMC	-	-	-	3	15,855	(601)	3	15,855	(601)
Other commercial mortgage-backed securities	-	-	-	8	16,328	(971)	8	16,328	(971)
State and municipal bonds	-	-	-	2	7,303	(737)	2	7,303	(737)
Total temporarily impaired securities	-	\$ -	\$ -	50	\$ 108,121	\$ (8,749)	50	\$ 108,121	\$ (8,749)

The Company does not believe that the debt securities available for sale that were in an unrealized loss position as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025 represent a credit loss impairment. For both periods presented, the gross unrealized loss positions were primarily related to mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. government agencies or U.S. government-sponsored enterprises. These securities carry the explicit and/or implicit guarantee of the U.S. government and have a history of zero credit loss. Total gross unrealized losses were attributable to changes in interest rates, relative to when the investment securities were purchased, and not due to the credit quality of the debt securities. The Company does not intend to sell the debt securities that were in an unrealized loss position and it is unlikely that the Company will be required to sell the debt securities before recovery of their amortized cost basis, which may be at maturity.

NOTE 4 – Loans

The composition of loans is as follows (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Commercial and industrial	\$ 247,403	\$ 251,336
Commercial real estate	256,000	260,059
SBA	92,976	90,621
Consumer	116,233	117,524
Land and land development	9,626	9,601
Construction	11,826	8,955
Gross loans held for investment	734,064	738,096
Unearned income and net unamortized deferred fees and costs	558	604
Loans, net of unearned income and unamortized fees and costs	734,622	738,700
Allowance for credit losses	(8,635)	(10,318)
Net loans held for investment	\$ 725,987	\$ 728,382

NOTE 5 – Allowance for Credit Losses

The following table presents transactions in the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment (in thousands):

Three Months Ended March 31, 2026							
	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	SBA	Consumer	Land and Land Development	Construction	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 4,622	\$ 3,095	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,190	\$ 148	\$ 124	\$ 10,318
Provision (credit)	263	(144)	150	50	2	51	372
Loans charged off	(2,010)	-	-	(55)	-	-	(2,065)
Loan recoveries	1	-	-	9	-	-	10
Balance, end of period	<u>\$ 2,876</u>	<u>\$ 2,951</u>	<u>\$ 1,289</u>	<u>\$ 1,194</u>	<u>\$ 150</u>	<u>\$ 175</u>	<u>\$ 8,635</u>

Three Months Ended March 31, 2025							
	Commercial and Industrial	Commercial Real Estate	SBA	Consumer	Land and Land Development	Construction	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,128	\$ 3,234	\$ 1,286	\$ 1,280	\$ 208	\$ 87	\$ 9,223
Provision (credit)	(38)	(84)	144	59	(42)	91	130
Loans charged off	-	-	(8)	(39)	-	-	(47)
Loan recoveries	1	-	1	3	-	-	5
Balance, end of period	<u>\$ 3,091</u>	<u>\$ 3,150</u>	<u>\$ 1,423</u>	<u>\$ 1,303</u>	<u>\$ 166</u>	<u>\$ 178</u>	<u>\$ 9,311</u>

The Company recorded a \$385 thousand provision for credit losses in the first quarter of 2026. A provision of \$372 thousand was recorded as an allowance for loan losses and \$13 thousand was recorded as a provision in the allowance for unfunded commitments. This compares to a \$100 thousand provision for credit losses in the first quarter of 2025. A provision of \$130 thousand was recorded as an allowance for loan losses and \$30 thousand was recorded as a reduction in the allowance for unfunded commitments.

At March 31, 2026, the Company maintained an allowance for unfunded commitments of \$128 thousand. At December 31, 2025, the Company maintained an allowance for unfunded commitments of \$115 thousand. The allowance for unfunded commitments is included as part of the Other liabilities line on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Credit Quality Indicators

The Company maintains an internal risk rating process in order to increase the precision and effectiveness of credit risk management. Loans are assigned one of the following four internally assigned grades: pass, special mention, substandard, and doubtful. The following are the definitions of the Company's credit quality indicators:

Pass. Loans designated as pass are not adversely rated, are contractually current as to principal and interest, and are otherwise in compliance with the contractual terms of the loan or lease agreement. Management believes that there is a low likelihood of loss related to those loans and leases that are considered Pass.

Special Mention. Loans designated as special mention are loans that possess some credit deficiency that deserves close attention due to emerging problems. Such loans pose unwarranted financial risk that, if left uncorrected, may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or in the Bank's credit position at some future date.

Substandard. Loans graded as substandard or doubtful are considered "Classified" loans for regulatory purposes. Loans classified as substandard are loans that are generally inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor, or by the collateral pledged, if any. Loans classified as substandard have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the loan. Substandard loans are characterized by the distinct possibility that the Bank will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful. Loans classified as doubtful have the weaknesses of those classified as substandard, with additional characteristics that make collection in full on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values questionable, and there is a higher probability of loss.

Below is a summary of the segments and certain of the inherent risks in the Company's loan portfolio:

Commercial and industrial and SBA. These portfolio segments include guaranteed, secured and unsecured commercial loans. Credit risks inherent in this portfolio segment include fluctuations in the local and national economy.

Commercial real estate. The commercial real estate portfolio segment includes all commercial loans that are secured by real estate, other than those included in the construction and land development segment. Risks inherent in this portfolio segment include fluctuations in property values and changes in the local and national economy impacting the sale or lease of the finished structures.

Construction and Land Development. These portfolio segments include loans for the purpose of construction. Credit risks inherent in these portfolios include fluctuations in property values, unemployment, and changes in the local and national economy.

Consumer. This portfolio segment consists of real estate and non-real estate loans to consumers. This includes mortgages, secured loans, and unsecured loans. The risks inherent in this portfolio segment include those factors that would impact the consumer's ability to meet their obligations under the loan, such as the local unemployment rate.

The following presents by credit quality indicator, loan class, and year of origination, the amortized cost basis of the Company's loans (in thousands):

March 31, 2026	Term Loans by Origination Year						Revolving Loans	Total
	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	Prior		
Commercial and industrial								
Pass	\$ 11,618	\$ 51,993	\$ 41,370	\$ 16,143	\$ 46,364	\$ 49,192	\$ 29,241	\$ 245,921
Special mention	-	-	210	-	-	-	-	210
Substandard	56	77	-	177	221	439	-	970
Doubtful	-	-	-	302	-	-	-	302
Total commercial and industrial	<u>\$ 11,674</u>	<u>\$ 52,070</u>	<u>\$ 41,580</u>	<u>\$ 16,622</u>	<u>\$ 46,585</u>	<u>\$ 49,631</u>	<u>\$ 29,241</u>	<u>\$ 247,403</u>
Commercial and industrial loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,010	\$ -	\$ 2,010
Commercial Real Estate								
Pass	\$ 7,430	\$ 34,698	\$ 6,567	\$ 42,096	\$ 44,217	\$ 104,013	\$ 14,097	\$ 253,118
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	2,882	-	2,882
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total commercial real estate	<u>\$ 7,430</u>	<u>\$ 34,698</u>	<u>\$ 6,567</u>	<u>\$ 42,096</u>	<u>\$ 44,217</u>	<u>\$ 106,895</u>	<u>\$ 14,097</u>	<u>\$ 256,000</u>
Commercial real estate:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Small Business Administration								
Pass	\$ 2,336	\$ 15,947	\$ 19,541	\$ 9,488	\$ 19,640	\$ 22,390	\$ 1,493	\$ 90,835
Special mention	-	-	-	281	320	400	-	1,001
Substandard	-	67	-	-	615	264	-	946
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	194	-	194
Total small business administration	<u>\$ 2,336</u>	<u>\$ 16,014</u>	<u>\$ 19,541</u>	<u>\$ 9,769</u>	<u>\$ 20,575</u>	<u>\$ 23,248</u>	<u>\$ 1,493</u>	<u>\$ 92,976</u>
Small business administration loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Consumer								
Pass	\$ 3,338	\$ 16,577	\$ 18,637	\$ 19,564	\$ 18,490	\$ 19,634	\$ 18,824	\$ 115,064
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	917	49	203	-	1,169
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total consumer	<u>\$ 3,338</u>	<u>\$ 16,577</u>	<u>\$ 18,637</u>	<u>\$ 20,481</u>	<u>\$ 18,539</u>	<u>\$ 19,837</u>	<u>\$ 18,824</u>	<u>\$ 116,233</u>
Consumer loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22	\$ -	\$ 33	\$ -	\$ 55
Land and Land Development								
Pass	\$ 568	\$ 1,924	\$ 486	\$ 2,219	\$ 722	\$ 2,721	\$ 986	\$ 9,626
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total land and land development	<u>\$ 568</u>	<u>\$ 1,924</u>	<u>\$ 486</u>	<u>\$ 2,219</u>	<u>\$ 722</u>	<u>\$ 2,721</u>	<u>\$ 986</u>	<u>\$ 9,626</u>
Land and land development loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Construction								
Pass	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,826	\$ 11,826
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total construction	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 11,826</u>	<u>\$ 11,826</u>
Construction loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 25,346</u>	<u>\$ 121,283</u>	<u>\$ 86,811</u>	<u>\$ 91,187</u>	<u>\$ 130,638</u>	<u>\$ 202,332</u>	<u>\$ 76,467</u>	<u>\$ 734,064</u>
Total gross write-offs:	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 22</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,043</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,065</u>

December 31, 2025	Term Loans by Origination Year						Revolving Loans	Total
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	Prior		
Commercial and industrial								
Pass	\$ 55,250	\$ 45,350	\$ 16,758	\$ 48,009	\$ 17,327	\$ 36,856	\$ 28,077	\$ 247,627
Special mention	8	216	177	137	-	-	10	548
Substandard	-	-	-	184	-	-	-	184
Doubtful	-	-	2,784	193	-	-	-	2,977
Total commercial and industrial	<u>\$ 55,258</u>	<u>\$ 45,566</u>	<u>\$ 19,719</u>	<u>\$ 48,523</u>	<u>\$ 17,327</u>	<u>\$ 36,856</u>	<u>\$ 28,087</u>	<u>\$ 251,336</u>
Commercial and industrial loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140
Commercial Real Estate								
Pass	\$ 34,936	\$ 6,976	\$ 42,375	\$ 44,315	\$ 43,160	\$ 72,634	\$ 12,197	\$ 256,593
Special mention	-	-	-	446	-	3,020	-	3,466
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total commercial real estate	<u>\$ 34,936</u>	<u>\$ 6,976</u>	<u>\$ 42,375</u>	<u>\$ 44,761</u>	<u>\$ 43,160</u>	<u>\$ 75,654</u>	<u>\$ 12,197</u>	<u>\$ 260,059</u>
Commercial real estate:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Small Business Administration								
Pass	\$ 14,895	\$ 19,735	\$ 9,573	\$ 19,771	\$ 8,026	\$ 14,745	\$ 1,552	\$ 88,297
Special mention	-	-	281	323	400	124	-	1,128
Substandard	67	-	-	618	-	142	-	827
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	9	360	-	369
Total small business administration	<u>\$ 14,962</u>	<u>\$ 19,735</u>	<u>\$ 9,854</u>	<u>\$ 20,712</u>	<u>\$ 8,435</u>	<u>\$ 15,371</u>	<u>\$ 1,552</u>	<u>\$ 90,621</u>
Small business administration loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 283	\$ -	\$ 283
Consumer								
Pass	\$ 16,923	\$ 19,750	\$ 20,424	\$ 19,467	\$ 7,690	\$ 13,240	\$ 18,513	\$ 116,007
Special mention	-	-	-	221	-	-	-	221
Substandard	-	152	902	58	137	47	-	1,296
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total consumer	<u>\$ 16,923</u>	<u>\$ 19,902</u>	<u>\$ 21,326</u>	<u>\$ 19,746</u>	<u>\$ 7,827</u>	<u>\$ 13,287</u>	<u>\$ 18,513</u>	<u>\$ 117,524</u>
Consumer loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ 5	\$ 11	\$ 47	\$ 94	\$ 30	\$ 29	\$ -	\$ 216
Land and Land Development								
Pass	\$ 1,984	\$ 659	\$ 2,612	\$ 746	\$ 2,514	\$ 285	\$ 801	\$ 9,601
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total land and land development	<u>\$ 1,984</u>	<u>\$ 659</u>	<u>\$ 2,612</u>	<u>\$ 746</u>	<u>\$ 2,514</u>	<u>\$ 285</u>	<u>\$ 801</u>	<u>\$ 9,601</u>
Land and land development loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Construction								
Pass	\$ 594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,361	\$ 8,955
Special mention	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total construction	<u>\$ 594</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,361</u>	<u>\$ 8,955</u>
Construction loans:								
Current period gross write-offs:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 124,657</u>	<u>\$ 92,838</u>	<u>\$ 95,886</u>	<u>\$ 134,488</u>	<u>\$ 79,263</u>	<u>\$ 141,453</u>	<u>\$ 69,511</u>	<u>\$ 738,096</u>
Total gross write-offs:	<u>\$ 5</u>	<u>\$ 11</u>	<u>\$ 47</u>	<u>\$ 234</u>	<u>\$ 30</u>	<u>\$ 312</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 639</u>

Performing and Non-Accrual Loans

The Bank's key credit quality indicator is a loan's performance status, defined as accrual or non-accrual. Performing loans are considered to have a lower risk of loss and are on accrual status. Non-accrual loans include loans on which the accrual of interest has been discontinued. Accrual of interest is discontinued when the Bank believes that the borrower's financial condition is such that the collection of interest is doubtful. A delinquent loan is generally placed on non-accrual status when it becomes 90 days or more past due unless the loan is well secured and in the process of collection. When a loan is placed on non-accrual status, accrued but uncollected interest income is reversed against interest income in the current period. No additional interest is accrued on the loan balance until the collection of both principal and interest becomes reasonably certain. Delinquent balances are determined based on the contractual terms of the loan adjusted for charge-offs and payments applied to principal.

The following table sets forth information regarding the Bank's performing and non-accrual loans (in thousands):

March 31, 2026						
	Current	31-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due And Accruing	Total Performing	Non-accrual	Total
Commercial and industrial:						
Business loans	\$ 124,380	\$ 578	\$ -	\$ 124,958	\$ 725	\$ 125,683
Agriculture	39,290	-	-	39,290	109	39,399
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	82,321	-	-	82,321	-	82,321
Commercial real estate	255,556	444	-	256,000	-	256,000
SBA	88,050	136	-	88,186	4,790	92,976
Consumer:						
Automobile	3,510	-	-	3,510	-	3,510
Home equity	18,261	-	-	18,261	95	18,356
1st mortgage	29,157	256	-	29,413	860	30,273
Other	63,652	236	-	63,888	206	64,094
Land and land development	9,626	-	-	9,626	-	9,626
Construction	11,826	-	-	11,826	-	11,826
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 725,629</u>	<u>\$ 1,650</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 727,279</u>	<u>\$ 6,785</u>	<u>\$ 734,064</u>
December 31, 2025						
	Current	31-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due And Accruing	Total Performing	Non-accrual	Total
Commercial and industrial:						
Business loans	\$ 121,598	\$ 20	\$ -	\$ 121,618	\$ 2,977	\$ 124,595
Agriculture	41,822	-	-	41,822	109	41,931
Owner-occupied commercial real estate	84,810	-	-	84,810	-	84,810
Commercial real estate	259,898	161	-	260,059	-	260,059
SBA	85,825	-	-	85,825	4,796	90,621
Consumer:						
Automobile	4,002	25	-	4,027	-	4,027
Home equity	17,189	-	-	17,189	95	17,284
1st mortgage	30,181	-	-	30,181	860	31,041
Other	64,382	458	-	64,840	332	65,172
Land and land development	9,601	-	-	9,601	-	9,601
Construction	8,955	-	-	8,955	-	8,955
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 728,263</u>	<u>\$ 664</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 728,927</u>	<u>\$ 9,169</u>	<u>\$ 738,096</u>

The following table sets forth information on the Bank's non-accrual loans (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026		
	Non-accrual loans with a related ACL	Non-accrual loans without a related ACL	Total Non-Accrual Loans
Commercial and industrial:			
Business loans	\$ 423	\$ 302	\$ 725
Agriculture	-	109	109
SBA	4,309	481	4,790
Consumer:			
Home equity	95	-	95
1 st mortgage	860	-	860
Other	-	206	206
Total	<u>\$ 5,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,098</u>	<u>\$ 6,785</u>

	December 31, 2025		
	Non-accrual loans with a related ACL	Non-accrual loans without a related ACL	Total Non-Accrual Loans
Commercial and industrial:			
Business loans	\$ 2,977	\$ -	\$ 2,977
Agriculture	-	109	109
SBA	4,306	490	4,796
Consumer:			
Home equity	95	-	95
1 st mortgage	860	-	860
Other	-	332	332
Total	<u>\$ 8,238</u>	<u>\$ 931</u>	<u>\$ 9,169</u>

The following table indicates the effect on interest income on loans if interest on non-accrual loans outstanding at period end had been recognized at original contractual rates (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2026	2025
Interest income that would have been recorded	\$ 206	\$ 182
Interest income recorded	-	-
Effect on interest income on loans	<u>\$ 206</u>	<u>\$ 182</u>

Loan Modifications

The Company individually evaluates all modification to loans where the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty. In cases where the modification is determined to be at least as favorable to the Company as the terms for comparable loans to other borrowers with similar risk characteristics the loan is considered a new origination. In the event the evaluation determines that the modification is not in-line with terms for comparable loans, the Company considers these loans to be a modified loan. These types of modifications generally take the form of principal forgiveness, interest rate reduction, other-than-insignificant payment delay, or a term extension.

The following presents the amortized cost of loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty that were modified during the period by loan segment and modification type (in thousands):

	March 31, 2026		
	Payment Modification	Total	Percentage of Total Loans
Commercial and industrial	\$ -	\$ -	- %
SBA	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	- %

Loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the first three months of 2026 did not result in principal forgiveness.

	March 31, 2025		
	Payment Modification (1)	Total	Percentage of Total Loans
Commercial and industrial	\$ 90	\$ 90	- %
SBA	89	89	-
Total	<u>\$ 179</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>	- %

(1) Modifications reduced payments for eleven months.

Loan modifications to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty during the first three months of 2025 did not result in principal forgiveness. The following table sets forth information regarding the payment status of modified loans to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2026			
	Current	31-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SBA	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

	As of March 31, 2025			
	Current	31-89 Days Past Due	90 Days or More Past Due	Total
Commercial and industrial	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90	\$ 90
SBA	-	-	89	89
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>	<u>\$ 179</u>

Collateral-Dependent Loans

A financial asset is considered collateral-dependent when the debtor is experiencing financial difficulty and repayment is expected to be provided substantially through the sale or operation of the collateral. The following tables present the amortized cost basis of collateral-dependent loans by class and the specific allowance (in thousands):

	As of March 31, 2026	
	Principal Balance	Specific Allowance
Commercial and industrial: Business loans	\$ 303	\$ -
Commercial and industrial: Agriculture	109	-
Commercial real estate	2,761	-
SBA	4,737	633
Consumer: 1 st Mortgage	860	81
Consumer: Other	205	-
Total	<u>\$ 8,975</u>	<u>\$ 714</u>

	As of December 31, 2025	
	Principal Balance	Specific Allowance
Commercial and industrial: Business loans	\$ 2,977	\$ 2,010
Commercial and industrial: Agriculture	109	-
SBA	4,741	511
Consumer: 1 st Mortgage	860	81
Consumer: Other	332	-
Total	<u>\$ 9,019</u>	<u>\$ 2,602</u>

NOTE 6 – Earnings Per Share

The following table shows the amounts used in computing per share results:

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2026	Three Months Ended March 31, 2025
Denominator for basic earnings per share:		
Average common shares outstanding	3,541,774	3,540,080
Dilutive effect of stock compensation	-	969
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	<u>3,541,774</u>	<u>3,541,049</u>
Numerator (in thousands):		
Net income	<u>\$ 2,164</u>	<u>\$ 1,764</u>
Basic earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.61</u>	<u>\$ 0.50</u>
Diluted earnings per common share	<u>\$ 0.61</u>	<u>\$ 0.50</u>

NOTE 7 – Share-Based Compensation

The Company may grant share-based compensation at prices equal to the fair value of the stock at the grant date. The Company has two share-based plans for certain key employees and directors whereby shares of common stock have been reserved for awards in the form of stock options or restricted stock awards. The plans are as follows:

	<u>1995</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Shares in Plan	250,000	50,000	300,000
Total Shares Available for Issuance	44,701	7,444	52,145

Following is a summary of restricted stock activities for the three-month periods ending March 31:

	<u>Three Months Ended</u> <u>March 31, 2026</u>		<u>Three Months Ended</u> <u>March 31, 2025</u>	
	<u>Number</u> <u>Restricted</u> <u>Stock</u> <u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted</u> <u>Average</u> <u>Grant Date</u> <u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Number</u> <u>Restricted</u> <u>Stock</u> <u>Shares</u>	<u>Weighted</u> <u>Average</u> <u>Grant Date</u> <u>Fair Value</u>
Outstanding, beginning of period	-	\$ -	3,750	\$ 23.10
Granted	-	-	-	-
Vested	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	-	-	<u>3,750</u>	<u>23.10</u>

The Company did not recognize any share-based compensation expense related to restricted stock for the three-month period ended March 31, 2026. The Company recognized share-based compensation expense of \$7 thousand related to restricted stock for the three-month period ended March 31, 2025.

At March 31, 2026, the Company did not have any remaining unamortized restricted stock compensation expense.

NOTE 8 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The following table disaggregates non-interest income subject to ASC 606 (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2026	2025
Service charges on deposits	\$ 160	\$ 145
Bankcard fees	249	249
Bank charges and service fees not within scope of ASC 606	273	274
Total bank charges and service fees	682	668
Wealth management revenue	575	521
Total wealth management revenues	575	521
Other	11	10
Other not within the scope of ASC 606 (a)	136	186
Total other	147	196
Other non-interest income not within the scope of ASC 606 (a)	6	(1)
Total non-interest income	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,384

(a) This revenue is not within the scope of ASC 606, and includes fees related to gains on sale of loans, revenue from investments in SBIC, and various other transactions.

The Company had no material contract assets or remaining performance obligations as of March 31, 2026. Total receivables from revenue recognized under the scope of ASC 606 were \$573 thousand as of March 31, 2026, and \$573 thousand as of December 31, 2025. These receivables are included as part of the Other assets line on the Company's Consolidated Balance Sheets.

NOTE 9 – Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value of assets and liabilities using a hierarchy system consisting of three levels based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the reliability of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

Level 1: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.

Level 2: Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active and model-based valuation techniques for which significant assumptions are observable in the market.

Level 3: Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use significant assumptions not observable in the market and are used only to the extent that observable inputs are not available. These unobservable assumptions reflect the Company's own estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

For the periods presented, Treasury Securities were considered to be Level 1 while all other assets and liabilities valued at fair value were considered to be Level 2. There were no transfers into or out of the respective levels during the periods presented.

The following tables summarize the financial assets and liabilities of the Company for which fair values are determined on a recurring basis (in thousands):

	<u>Carrying Value at March 31, 2026</u>				Three Months Ended March 31, 2026
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	Total Gains/(Losses)
	ASSETS				
Debt securities available for sale	\$ 111,054	\$ 10,607	\$ 100,447	\$ -	\$ -
Total assets at fair value	\$ 111,054	10,607	\$ 100,447	\$ -	\$ -
	<u>Carrying Value at December 31, 2025</u>				Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2025
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	Total Gains/(Losses)
	ASSETS				
Debt securities available for sale	\$ 114,670	\$ 10,583	\$ 104,087	\$ -	\$ -
Total assets at fair value	\$ 114,670	\$ 10,583	\$ 104,087	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE 10 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	Level in Fair Value Measurement Hierarchy	<u>March 31, 2026</u>		<u>December 31, 2025</u>	
		Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 1	\$ 179,736	\$ 179,736	\$ 211,451	\$ 211,451
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock	Level 2	2,466	2,466	2,386	2,386
Gross loans held for investment	Level 2	734,064	722,310	738,096	738,061
Accrued interest receivable	Level 2	4,059	4,059	4,395	4,395
		<u>\$ 920,325</u>	<u>\$ 908,571</u>	<u>\$ 956,328</u>	<u>\$ 956,293</u>
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity:					
Deposits, noninterest-bearing	Level 2	\$ 174,630	\$ 174,630	\$ 177,618	\$ 177,618
Deposits, interest-bearing	Level 2	757,832	575,387	794,183	793,792
Accrued interest payable	Level 2	1,626	1,626	1,638	1,638
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in Company's subordinated debentures	Level 2	15,464	12,677	15,464	12,716
		<u>\$ 949,552</u>	<u>\$ 946,320</u>	<u>\$ 988,903</u>	<u>\$ 985,764</u>
Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk:					
Commitments to extend credit	Level 2	\$ -	\$ 179	\$ -	\$ 182
Standby and commercial letters of credit	Level 2	\$ -	\$ 51	\$ -	\$ 42

NOTE 11 – Federal Home Loan Bank Advances

As of March 31, 2026, the Bank had no Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) advances outstanding. At March 31, 2026, the Bank had loans with unamortized principal balances of approximately \$249.1 million pledged as collateral to the FHLB.

As of December 31, 2025, the Bank had no FHLB advances outstanding. At December 31, 2025, the Bank had loans with unamortized principal balances of approximately \$236.7 million pledged as collateral to the FHLB.

As of March 31, 2026, the Bank has the ability to draw advances up to approximately \$152.5 million based upon the aggregate collateral that is currently pledged, subject to additional FHLB stock purchase requirements.

NOTE 12 – Other Borrowings

The following table presents selected information regarding other borrowings (in thousands):

March 31, 2026				
Unsecured Borrowing Lines:				
		Line	Outstanding	Available
BNC National Bank lines (1)		\$ 34,500	\$ -	\$ 34,500
Secured Borrowing Lines:				
	Collateral Pledged	Line	Outstanding	Available
BNC National Bank line	\$ 2,955	\$ 1,800	\$ -	\$ 1,800
BNCCORP line	117,805	10,000	-	10,000
Total	\$ 120,760	\$ 11,800	\$ -	\$ 11,800

(1) The unsecured BNC National Bank Lines consists of three separate lines with three institutions in individual amounts of \$12.5 million, \$12 million, and \$10 million.

At March 31, 2026, the pledged collateral for the secured BNC National Bank line was comprised of commercial real estate loans and the pledged collateral for the secured BNCCORP line is the common stock of BNC National Bank.

December 31, 2025				
Unsecured Borrowing Lines:				
		Line	Outstanding	Available
BNC National Bank lines (1)		\$ 34,500	\$ -	\$ 34,500
Secured Borrowing Lines:				
	Collateral Pledged	Line	Outstanding	Available
BNC National Bank line	\$ 2,987	\$ 1,849	\$ -	\$ 1,849
BNCCORP line	115,083	10,000	-	10,000
Total	\$ 118,070	\$ 11,849	\$ -	\$ 11,849

(1) The unsecured BNC National Bank Lines consists of three separate lines with three institutions in individual amounts of \$12.5 million, \$12 million, and \$10 million.

At December 31, 2025, the pledged collateral for the secured BNC National Bank line was comprised of commercial real estate loans and the pledged collateral for the secured BNCCORP line is the common stock of BNC National Bank.

NOTE 13 – Guaranteed Preferred Beneficial Interests in Company’s Subordinated Debentures

In July 2007, BNCCORP issued \$15.5 million of floating rate subordinated debentures. During the third quarter of 2023 the index rate and spread converted from three-month LIBOR plus 1.40% to three-month SOFR plus 1.66%. The interest rate at March 31, 2026, and December 31, 2025, was 5.32% and 5.65%, respectively. The subordinated debentures mature on October 1, 2037. The subordinated debentures may be redeemed at par and the corresponding debentures may be prepaid at the option of BNCCORP, subject to approval by the Federal Reserve Board.

NOTE 14 – Stockholders’ Equity

Regulatory restrictions exist regarding the ability of the Bank to transfer funds to BNCCORP in the form of cash dividends. Approval of the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC), the Bank’s principal regulator, is required for BNC National Bank to pay dividends to BNCCORP in excess of the Bank’s net profits from the current year plus retained net profits for the preceding two years.

BNCCORP is required to consult with the Federal Reserve Board prior to declaring a cash dividend to stockholders. On February 2, 2024, BNCCORP’s Board of Directors declared a \$2.25 per share special cash dividend that was paid on March 25, 2024, and on December 18, 2024, BNCCORP’s Board of Directors declared a \$4.00 per share special cash dividend that was paid on January 14, 2025.

BNCCORP’s Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program authorizing the Company to repurchase up to 175,000 shares of BNCCORP, INC. outstanding common stock. During the first quarter of 2024, the Company repurchased 50,000 shares of common stock for a total cost of \$1.2 million, or \$23.25 per share, excluding the cost of commissions, transaction charges and taxes. No other share repurchases of common stock have been made by the Company. As of March 31, 2026, 125,000 shares remained under the current authorized share repurchase program. Share repurchases can be made through open market purchases, unsolicited and solicited privately negotiated transactions, or in accordance with terms of Rule 10b-18 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company will not repurchase shares from directors or officers of the Company under the authorization. The Company will contemplate share repurchases subject to market conditions and other factors, including legal and regulatory restrictions and required approvals.

NOTE 15 – Regulatory Capital and Current Operating Environment

BNCCORP and BNC National Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the federal banking agencies. Failure to meet capital requirements mandated by regulators can trigger certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators. Such actions, if undertaken, could have a direct material adverse effect on the Company’s financial condition and results of operations. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, BNCCORP and BNC National Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. Regulators may also impose capital requirements that are specific to individual institutions. The requirements are generally above the statutory ratios.

At March 31, 2026, the Company’s capital ratios exceeded all regulatory capital thresholds and maintained sufficient capital conservation buffers to avoid limitations on certain types of capital distributions.

At March 31, 2026, and December 31, 2025, the regulatory capital amounts and ratios were as follows (dollars in thousands):

	<u>Actual</u>		<u>For Capital Adequacy Purposes</u>		<u>To be Well Capitalized</u>		<u>Amount in Excess of Well Capitalized</u>	
	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Ratio</u>
March 31, 2026								
Total Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	\$ 138,301	15.99%	\$ 69,207	≥8.00%	\$ N/A	N/A%	\$ N/A	N/A%
BNC National Bank	131,642	15.24	69,125	≥8.00	86,406	10.00	45,236	5.24
Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	129,539	14.97	51,905	≥6.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	122,879	14.22	51,843	≥6.00	69,125	8.00	53,754	6.22
Common Equity Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	114,075	13.19	38,929	≥4.50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	122,879	14.22	38,883	≥4.50	56,164	6.50	66,715	7.72
Tier 1 Leverage Capital:								
Consolidated	129,539	11.87	43,648	≥4.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	122,879	11.28	43,591	≥4.00	54,488	5.00	68,391	6.28
Tangible Common Equity (to total assets): (a)								
Consolidated	108,592	10.22	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	117,805	11.10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
December 31, 2025								
Total Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	\$ 137,792	16.02%	\$ 68,804	≥8.00%	\$ N/A	N/A%	\$ N/A	N/A%
BNC National Bank	130,496	15.19	68,722	≥8.00	85,902	10.00	44,594	5.19
Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	127,358	14.81	51,603	≥6.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	120,062	13.98	51,541	≥6.00	68,722	8.00	51,340	5.98
Common Equity Tier 1 Risk-Based Capital:								
Consolidated	111,894	13.01	38,702	≥4.50	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	120,062	13.98	38,656	≥4.50	55,836	6.50	64,226	7.48
Tier 1 Leverage Capital:								
Consolidated	127,358	12.40	41,071	≥4.00	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	120,062	11.71	41,015	≥4.00	51,269	5.00	68,793	6.71
Tangible Common Equity (to total assets): (a)								
Consolidated	106,507	9.68	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BNC National Bank	115,083	10.47	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

(a) Tangible common equity ratio is calculated by dividing common equity, less intangible assets, by total period end assets.

The most recent notifications from the OCC categorized the Bank as “well capitalized” under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. Management believes the Bank remains well capitalized through the date for which subsequent events have been evaluated.

NOTE 16 – Subsequent Events

On April 28, 2026, BNCCORP entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the “Merger Agreement”) with OppFi Inc. (“OppFi”), and Birch Merger Sub, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of OppFi (“Merger Sub”). Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, BNCCORP will merge with and into Merger Sub, with Merger Sub surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of OppFi (the “Merger”). Immediately following the Merger, an interim bank and wholly owned subsidiary of OppFi will be formed and merge with and into the Bank (to be renamed OppFi Bank, N.A.), surviving as a wholly owned subsidiary of OppFi (together with the Merger, the “Transaction”). At the effective time of the Merger, each outstanding share of the BNCCORP’s common stock (other than certain excluded shares) will be converted into the right to receive (i) \$19.375 in cash and (ii) 1.90 shares of the Class A common stock of OppFi. Because the exchange ratio of 1.90 shares of OppFi common stock for each share of the BNCCORP’s stock is fixed, the value of the merger consideration will fluctuate until closing based on the value of OppFi’s stock price. The consummation of the Transaction is subject to customary closing conditions, including the receipt of regulatory approvals.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

References to “BNCCORP” or “the Company” refer to BNCCORP, INC. and its consolidated subsidiaries, collectively; references to “the Bank” only refer to BNC National Bank. Where not otherwise indicated below, financial condition and results of operations discussed are of BNCCORP, INC.

Comparison of Results for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2026, and 2025

The Company reported net income of \$2.2 million, or \$0.61 per diluted share, for the quarter compared to \$1.8 million, or \$0.50 per diluted share, in the first quarter of 2025.

First quarter interest income increased \$1.9 million, or 15.9%, to \$13.9 million in the first quarter of 2026 from \$12.0 million in the first quarter of 2025. Average yield on interest-earning assets in the quarter improved to 5.41% from 5.34% in the first quarter of 2025 driven by a \$41.8 million period-over-period increase in the average balance of loans held for investment and higher average balances of cash and cash equivalents. Those increases were partially offset by lower yields on cash and cash equivalents and a lower average balance of debt securities during the quarter.

Interest expense in the first quarter of 2026 was \$4.7 million, an increase of \$539 thousand from the 2025 period. The cost of core deposits in the first quarter of 2026 remained constant at 1.88% unchanged from the first quarter of 2025. The average balance of deposits increased by \$119.6 million compared to the first quarter of 2025. The cost of interest-bearing liabilities was 2.35% during the first quarter of 2026, compared to 2.42% in the same period of 2025.

Net interest income for the first quarter of 2026 was \$9.2 million, an increase of \$1.4 million, or 17.4%, from the first quarter of 2025. Net interest margin was 3.59% in the first quarter of 2026 compared to 3.49% reported in the prior year period.

Non-interest income during the first quarter of 2026 was \$1.4 million, compared to \$1.4 million in the 2025 first quarter. Bank charges and service fees were \$14 thousand higher quarter-over-quarter primarily due to higher servicing income and overdraft fees that were partially offset by lower non-use fees from lines of credit. Wealth management revenues increased by \$54 thousand, or 10.4%, as the Company benefitted from significant increases in the market value of financial assets year-over-year. Other income is \$49 thousand lower than the prior year period due to the recognition of a \$51 thousand gain on sale of repossessed asset in the 2025 period.

Non-interest expense during the first quarter of 2026 increased \$604 thousand, or 8.8%, year-over-year, primarily due to a \$558 thousand increase in professional services as the Company incurred additional expenses in connection with the negotiation of the recently announced definitive agreement to be acquired by OppFi Inc. The Company reported additional increases in data processing fees and occupancy expense. Core banking services, card processing

charges and higher IT subscriptions provided the largest increases. Occupancy expense increased primarily due to higher expense for snow removal in the 2026 period.

In the first quarter of 2026, income tax expense was \$646 thousand, compared to \$542 thousand in the first quarter of 2025. The Company's effective tax rate was 23.0% and 23.5% for the first quarter of 2026 and 2025, respectively.

Tangible book value per common share on March 31, 2026 was \$30.85, compared to \$30.26 at December 31, 2025. The Company's tangible common equity capital ratio increased to 10.22% as of March 31, 2026, compared to 9.68% on December 31, 2025.

Net Interest Income

The following table presents average balance sheet information, yields on interest-earning assets and costs on interest-bearing liabilities (dollars are in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,								
	2026			2025			Change		
	Average Balance	Interest Earned or Owed	Average Yield or Cost	Average Balance	Interest Earned or Owed	Average Yield or Cost	Average Balance	Interest Earned or Owed	Average Yield or Cost
Interest-earning assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 198,576	\$ 1,814	3.71%	\$ 94,497	\$ 1,039	4.46%	\$ 104,079	\$ 775	-0.75% (a)
FHLB Stock	584	9	5.97%	580	8	5.59%	4	1	0.38%
Federal Reserve Stock	1,807	27	6.00%	1,807	27	6.06%	-	-	-0.06%
Debt securities – taxable	113,051	870	3.12%	128,144	1,014	3.21%	(15,093)	(144)	-0.09% (b)
Loans held for investment	737,328	11,186	6.15%	695,519	9,912	5.78%	41,809	1,274	0.37% (c)
Allowance for loan losses	(8,814)	-	0.00%	(9,218)	-	0.00%	404	-	0.00%
Total interest-earning assets	<u>\$ 1,042,532</u>	<u>\$ 13,906</u>	5.41%	<u>\$ 911,329</u>	<u>\$ 12,000</u>	5.34%	<u>\$ 131,203</u>	<u>\$ 1,906</u>	0.07%
Interest-bearing liabilities									
Interest checking and money market	\$ 637,093	\$ 3,557	2.26%	\$ 544,016	\$ 3,119	2.33%	\$ 93,077	\$ 438	-0.07% (d)
Savings	42,193	11	0.10%	43,967	11	0.11%	(1,774)	-	-0.01% (d)
Certificates of deposit	112,661	923	3.31%	92,870	797	3.48%	19,791	126	-0.17% (d)
Total interest-bearing deposits	791,947	4,491	2.30%	680,853	3,927	2.34%	111,094	564	-0.04%
Short-term borrowings	2	-	4.21%	-	-	0.00%	2	-	4.21%
Subordinated debentures	15,464	197	5.18%	15,464	222	5.81%	-	(25)	-0.63%
Total borrowings	15,466	197	5.17%	15,464	222	5.81%	2	(25)	-0.64%
Total interest-bearing liabilities	<u>\$ 807,413</u>	<u>4,688</u>	2.35%	<u>\$ 696,317</u>	<u>4,149</u>	2.42%	<u>\$ 111,096</u>	<u>539</u>	-0.07%
Net interest income/spread		<u>\$ 9,218</u>	3.05%		<u>\$ 7,851</u>	2.92%		<u>\$ 1,367</u>	0.13%
Net interest margin			3.59%			3.49%			0.10%
Notation:									
Non-interest-bearing deposits	\$ 174,676	-	0.00%	\$ 166,133	-	0.00%	\$ 8,543	-	0.00% (d)
Total deposits	<u>\$ 966,623</u>	<u>\$ 4,491</u>	1.88%	<u>\$ 846,986</u>	<u>\$ 3,927</u>	1.88%	<u>\$ 119,637</u>	<u>\$ 564</u>	0.00%
Taxable equivalents:									
Total interest-earning assets	\$ 1,042,531	13,926	5.42%	\$ 911,329	\$ 12,028	5.35%	\$ 131,202	\$ 1,898	0.07%
Net interest income/spread	-	9,238	3.06%	-	\$ 7,879	2.94%	-	\$ 1,359	0.12%
Net interest margin	-	-	3.59%	-	-	3.51%	-	-	0.08%

- Balances increased as the cash provided by amortization of the debt securities portfolio and increased deposit balances were more than required for loan growth.
- The average balance of debt securities decreased as the Company is utilizing the cash flow from the portfolio to provide liquidity for loan growth.
- The increase in average loans held for investment is due to the loan growth produced by the Company during 2025 that has been muted in the first three months of 2026.
- Overall, average deposit balances increased. Deposit rates increased as the Company has experienced a migration from non-interest bearing to interest bearing products.

Non-interest Income

The following table presents the major categories of the Company's non-interest income (dollars are in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Increase		
	March 31,		(Decrease)		
	2026	2025	\$	%	
Bank charges and service fees	\$ 682	\$ 668	\$ 14	2	%
Wealth management revenues	575	521	54	10	(a)
Gains on sales of loans, net	6	(1)	7	700	
Other	147	196	(49)	(25)	(b)
Total non-interest income	\$ 1,410	\$ 1,384	\$ 26	2	%

- (a) Wealth management revenues increased as the Company benefitted from significant increases in the market value of financial assets year-over-year.
- (b) The decrease is primarily due to lower gains on sale of repossessed assets in the 2026 period.

Non-interest Expense

The following table presents the major categories of the Company's non-interest expense (dollars are in thousands):

	Three Months Ended		Increase		
	March 31,		(Decrease)		
	2026	2025	\$	%	
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 3,989	\$ 4,088	\$ (99)	(2)	%
Professional services	820	262	558	213	(a)
Data processing fees	924	823	101	12	(b)
Marketing and promotion	140	183	(43)	(23)	(c)
Occupancy	452	399	53	13	(d)
Regulatory costs	131	132	(1)	(1)	
Depreciation and amortization	269	273	(4)	(1)	
Office supplies and postage	101	93	8	9	
Other	607	576	31	5	
Total non-interest expense	\$ 7,433	\$ 6,829	\$ 604	9	%
Efficiency ratio	69.9%	74.0%			

- (a) Professional services increased as the Company incurred additional expenses in connection with the recently announced definitive agreement to be acquired by OppFi Inc.
- (b) Data processing fees increased due to higher core banking services, card processing charges and IT subscriptions.
- (c) Marketing and promotion decreased primarily due to lower services from advertising agencies than the prior year period.
- (d) Occupancy increased due to higher snow removal expenses in the current period.

Income Taxes

In the first quarter of 2026, income tax expense on a consolidated basis was \$646 thousand, compared to \$542 thousand in the first quarter of 2025. The effective tax rate was 23.0% in the first quarter of 2026 and 23.5% in the same period of 2025.

Comparison of Financial Condition at March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025

Assets

The following table presents the Company's assets by category (dollars are in thousands):

	<u>March 31,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	<u>Increase (Decrease)</u>	
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 179,736	\$ 211,451	\$ (31,715)	(15) % (a)
Debt securities available for sale	111,054	114,670	(3,616)	(3)
Federal Reserve Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank stock	2,466	2,386	80	3
Loans held for investment	734,622	738,700	(4,078)	(1)
Allowance for credit losses	(8,635)	(10,318)	1,683	(16) (b)
Premises and equipment, net	9,870	10,120	(250)	(2)
Operating lease right of use asset	606	514	92	18 (c)
Accrued interest receivable	4,059	4,395	(336)	(8) (d)
Other assets	29,078	28,288	790	3
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,062,856</u>	<u>\$ 1,100,206</u>	<u>\$ (37,350)</u>	<u>(3) %</u>

(a) Cash balances decreased as the Company experienced a decline in deposit balances during the first quarter of 2026.

(b) Allowance for credit losses decreased due to increased write-downs related to specific problem credits in the first quarter of 2026.

(c) Operating lease right of use asset increased as the Company renewed a lease for the Glendale, AZ office location.

(d) Accrued interest receivable decreased due to lower balances of debt securities and loans.

Loan Participations

Pursuant to the Company's lending policy, loans may not exceed 85 percent of the Bank's legal lending limit (except to the extent collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities or Bank deposits) unless the Bank's Chief Credit Officer or the Executive Credit Committee grant prior approval. To accommodate creditworthy customers whose financing needs exceed lending limits and internal restrictions, the Bank sells loan participations to outside participants without recourse. Loan participations sold on a nonrecourse basis to outside financial institutions were \$168.5 million as of March 31, 2026, and \$167.8 million as of December 31, 2025. The sales of participations are accounted for pursuant to FASB ASC 860, *Transfers and Servicing*.

Concentrations of Credit

The following table summarizes the locations and balances of the Company's borrowers (dollars are in thousands):

	<u>March 31, 2026</u>		<u>December 31, 2025</u>	
	\$	%	\$	%
North Dakota	411,909	56 %	417,106	56 %
Arizona	159,555	22	155,470	21
Minnesota	37,751	5	40,550	6
Other	124,849	17	124,970	17
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 734,064</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 738,096</u>	<u>100 %</u>

The Company's borrowers use loan proceeds for projects in various geographic areas. The following table summarizes the locations and balances where borrowers are using loan proceeds (dollars are in thousands):

	March 31, 2026		December 31, 2025	
North Dakota	\$ 387,469	53 %	\$ 391,236	53 %
Arizona	187,912	26	189,943	26
Minnesota	29,273	4	29,137	4
South Dakota	27,226	4	27,473	4
California	27,067	4	28,032	4
Montana	17,975	2	15,301	2
Nevada	13,832	2	13,914	2
Colorado	8,528	1	8,816	1
Other	34,782	4	34,244	4
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 734,064</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 738,096</u>	<u>100 %</u>

The Company's loans held for investment are geographically concentrated in North Dakota and Arizona. The North Dakota economy is influenced by the energy and agriculture industries. Changes in energy supply and demand, along with market sentiment have recently caused a decrease in oil prices that, if prolonged, could have a negative impact on the oil industry and ancillary services. Potential risks to North Dakota's energy and agriculture industries include the possibility of adverse national legislation, potential effects of trade policy, and changes in economic conditions. Depending on the severity of their impact, these factors could present potential challenges to credit quality in North Dakota. The Arizona economy continues to diversify but remains influenced by the leisure and travel industries. Positive trends in both industries have been noted, but an extended slowdown in these industries could negatively impact credit quality in Arizona. While the Company's portfolio includes various sized loans spread over a large number of industry sectors, it has meaningful concentrations of loans to the hospitality and commercial real estate industries.

The following table approximately describes the Company's concentrations by industry as of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, respectively (dollars are in thousands):

	March 31, 2026		December 31, 2025	
Non-owner occupied commercial real estate – not otherwise categorized	\$ 203,972	28 %	\$ 200,887	27 %
Consumer, not otherwise categorized	94,152	13	94,999	13
Hotels	93,262	13	97,337	13
Healthcare and social assistance	38,084	5	37,270	5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	34,977	5	37,328	5
Retail trade	30,223	4	30,110	4
Non-hotel accommodation and food service	28,205	4	28,469	4
Art, entertainment and recreation	27,202	4	27,821	4
Transportation and warehousing	24,353	3	27,329	4
Construction contractors	24,095	3	24,178	3
Manufacturing	20,931	3	20,127	3
Mining, oil and gas extraction	20,666	3	21,495	3
Real estate and rental and leasing support services	17,515	2	15,245	2
Other service	15,343	2	15,372	2
Utilities	14,540	2	14,510	2
Educational services	12,385	2	10,932	1
Professional, scientific, and technical services	10,906	1	11,406	2
Finance and insurance	8,561	1	8,573	1
Public administration	6,346	1	6,440	1
All other	8,346	1	8,268	1
Total gross loans	<u>\$ 734,064</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 738,096</u>	<u>100 %</u>

Loan Maturities⁽¹⁾

The following table sets forth the maturities of loans in each major category of the Company's portfolio as of March 31, 2026 (in thousands):

	One Year or Less	Over 1 Year Through 5 Years		Over 5 Years		Total Loans Held for Investment
		Fixed Rate	Indexed Rate	Fixed Rate	Indexed Rate	
Commercial and industrial	\$ 32,679	\$ 25,133	\$ 4,275	\$ 46,372	\$ 138,944	\$ 247,403
Commercial real estate	2,200	19,262	4,484	28,806	201,248	256,000
SBA	1,007	-	7,501	5,062	79,406	92,976
Consumer	667	4,002	8,768	77,104	25,692	116,233
Land and land development	259	4,826	1,551	85	2,905	9,626
Construction	281	161	6,941	554	3,889	11,826
Total principal amount of loans	<u>\$ 37,093</u>	<u>\$ 53,384</u>	<u>\$ 33,520</u>	<u>\$ 157,983</u>	<u>\$ 452,084</u>	<u>\$ 734,064</u>

(1) Maturities are based on contractual maturities. Indexed rate loans include loans that would reprice prior to maturity if base rates change.

Actual maturities may differ from the contractual maturities shown above as a result of renewals and prepayments. Loan renewals are evaluated in the same manner as new credit applications.

Allocation of the Allowance for Credit Losses

The table below presents the allocation of the allowance for credit losses among the various loan categories and sets forth the percentage of loans in each category to gross loans. The allocation of the allowance for credit losses as shown in the table should neither be interpreted as an indication of future charge-offs, nor as an indication that charge-offs in future periods will necessarily occur in these amounts or in the indicated proportions (dollars are in thousands).

	March 31, 2026		December 31, 2025	
	Allocation of Allowance	Loans as a % of Gross Loans Held for Investment	Allocation of Allowance	Loans as a % of Gross Loans Held for Investment
Commercial and industrial	\$ 2,876	34 %	\$ 4,622	34 %
Commercial real estate	2,951	35	3,095	35
SBA	1,289	13	1,139	12
Consumer	1,194	16	1,190	16
Land and land development	150	1	148	2
Construction	175	1	124	1
Total	<u>\$ 8,635</u>	<u>100 %</u>	<u>\$ 10,318</u>	<u>100 %</u>

Nonperforming Loans

The following table sets forth information concerning the Company's nonperforming loans as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Twelve Months Ended December 31,
	2026	2025	2025
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2025</u>
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 9,169	\$ 6,275	\$ 6,275
Additions to nonperforming	556	1,035	5,998
Charge-offs	(2,010)	-	(543)
Reclassified back to performing	-	(8)	(884)
Principal payment received	(930)	(24)	(1,527)
Transferred to repossessed assets	-	(24)	(150)
Balance, end of period	<u>\$ 6,785</u>	<u>\$ 7,254</u>	<u>\$ 9,169</u>

Nonperforming Assets

The following table sets forth information concerning the Company's nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated (dollars are in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
	<u>2026</u>	<u>2025</u>
Nonperforming loans:		
Loans 90 days or more delinquent and still accruing interest	\$ -	\$ -
Non-accrual loans	6,785	9,169
Total nonperforming loans	\$ 6,785	\$ 9,169
Repossessed assets, net	-	-
Total nonperforming assets	<u>\$ 6,785</u>	<u>\$ 9,169</u>
Allowance for credit losses	<u>\$ 8,635</u>	<u>\$ 10,318</u>
Ratio of total nonperforming loans to total loans	0.92%	1.24%
Ratio of total nonperforming assets to total assets	0.64%	0.83%
Ratio of nonperforming loans to total assets	0.64%	0.83%
Ratio of allowance for credit losses to nonperforming loans	127%	113%

Problem Loans

Management attempts to quantify potential problem loans with more immediate credit risk. The table below summarizes the amounts of potential problem loans (in thousands):

	Special Mention	Substandard	Doubtful
	<u>Special Mention</u>	<u>Substandard</u>	<u>Doubtful</u>
March 31, 2026	\$ 1,211	\$ 5,967	\$ 496
December 31, 2025	5,363	2,307	3,346

At March 31, 2026, the Bank had \$6.5 million of classified loans. This compares to \$5.7 million of classified loans at December 31, 2025, and \$5.0 million of classified loans at March 31, 2025. As of March 31, 2026 and December 31, 2025, the Company had \$1.2 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, of potentially problematic loans, which are risk-rated as "special mention".

A significant portion of these potential problem loans are not in default but may have characteristics such as recent adverse operating cash flows or general risk characteristics that the loan officer feels might jeopardize the future timely collection of principal and interest payments. The ultimate resolution of these credits is subject to changes in economic conditions and other factors. These loans are closely monitored to ensure that the Company's position as creditor is protected to the fullest extent possible.

Liabilities

The following table presents the Company's liabilities (dollars are in thousands):

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025	Increase (Decrease)	
	\$	\$	\$	%
Deposits:				
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 174,630	\$ 177,618	\$ (2,988)	(2) % (a)
Interest-bearing-				
Savings, interest checking and money market	645,217	681,350	(36,133)	(5) (a)
Time deposits	112,615	112,833	(218)	- (a)
Guaranteed preferred beneficial interests in Company's subordinated debentures	15,464	15,464	-	-
Accrued interest payable	1,626	1,638	(12)	(1)
Accrued expenses	1,976	2,877	(901)	(31) (b)
Operating lease liabilities	653	571	82	14 (c)
Other liabilities	2,083	1,348	735	55 (d)
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 954,264</u>	<u>\$ 993,699</u>	<u>\$ (39,435)</u>	(4) %

- (a) Overall, deposits decreased by 4.0% in the first three months of 2026. The Company continues to enjoy strong and enduring customer relationships and continues to focus on developing new deposit relationships.
- (b) Accrued expenses decreased due to lower incentive accruals and a reduction in 401k matching contributions that were partially offset by higher accrued expenses for professional services.
- (c) Operating lease liabilities increased as the Company renewed a lease for the Glendale, AZ office location.
- (d) Increase is primarily due to higher income taxes payable.

Deposits

Total deposits decreased \$39.3 million to \$932.5 million on March 31, 2026, from \$971.8 million on December 31, 2025. The Company continues to focus on new deposit relationships and is keenly focused on the importance of liquidity.

The following table provides additional details to the Company's total deposit relationships:

(In thousands)	As of		
	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025	March 31, 2025
Deposits:			
Non-interest-bearing	\$ 174,630	\$ 177,618	\$ 169,503
Interest-bearing –			
Savings, interest checking and money market	645,217	681,350	582,239
Time deposits	112,615	112,833	97,105
Total on balance sheet deposits	932,462	971,801	848,847
Off-balance sheet deposits (1)	-	-	18,133
Total available deposits	<u>\$ 932,462</u>	<u>\$ 971,801</u>	<u>\$ 866,980</u>

- (1) The off-balance sheet deposits above do not include off-balance sheet time deposits that can be brought back on the balance sheet at various future maturity dates. As of March 31, 2026, the Company managed off-balance sheet time deposit balances of \$260 thousand, compared to \$250 thousand as of December 31, 2025 and \$6.2 million as of March 31, 2025.

The Company remains highly focused on meeting the needs of its customers and ensuring deposit rates reflect changing market conditions. The Company estimates that deposit insurance and other deposit protection programs secure approximately 69% of its customer's deposit balances. This fact, combined with a strong balance sheet and relationship-focused culture has allowed the Company to maintain a significant deposit base.

Off-balance sheet accounts are primarily utilized to custody larger business customer deposits that require daily access to funds and FDIC insurance coverage. The Company did not have off-balance sheet deposits at year-end 2025 and March 31, 2026. Off-balance sheet deposits can fluctuate greatly as customers balance utilization demands evolve. The Company earns non-interest income through the associated banking network for the utilization of these funds.

At March 31, 2026, and December 31, 2025, the Bank had \$25.5 million and \$24.2 million, respectively, in time deposits greater than \$250 thousand.

Stockholders' Equity

The Company's stockholders' equity increased \$2.1 million from December 31, 2025, to March 31, 2026, primarily driven by increased retained earnings and a negative adjustment to the tax-effected fair value of debt securities available for sale as evidenced in the increase of accumulated other comprehensive losses. As presented in Note 15 – Regulatory Capital and Current Operating Environment, the Company maintains capital in excess of regulatory requirements.

Liquidity Risk Management

Liquidity risk is the possibility of being unable to meet present and future financial obligations in a timely manner. Liquidity risk management encompasses the Company's ability to meet all present and future financial obligations in a timely manner. The objectives of the Company's liquidity management policies are to maintain adequate liquid assets, liability diversification among instruments, maturities and customers and a presence in both the wholesale purchased funds market and the retail deposit market.

The Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in the Consolidated Financial Statements present data on cash and cash equivalents provided by and used in operating, investing, and financing activities. In addition to liquidity from core deposit growth, together with repayments and maturities of loans and debt securities, the Company may utilize brokered deposits, sell debt securities under agreements to repurchase and borrow overnight Federal funds. The Bank is a member of the FHLB of Des Moines. Advances from the FHLB are collateralized by the Bank's mortgage loans. Funding through the issuance of subordinated notes, subordinated debentures, and long-term borrowings also has been utilized.

The Company's liquidity is defined by its ability to meet cash and collateral obligations at a reasonable cost and with a minimum loss of income. Given the uncertain nature of customers' demands, as well as the Company's desire to take advantage of earnings enhancement opportunities, the Company must have adequate sources of on- and off-balance-sheet funds that can be acquired in time of need.

The Company's liquidity position is measured on an as-needed basis, but no less frequently than monthly using each of the following items:

1. Estimated liquid assets and certain off-balance sheet considerations less estimated volatile liabilities using the aforementioned methodology (\$143.5 million as of March 31, 2026);
2. Borrowing capacity from the FHLB (\$152.5 million as of March 31, 2026); and
3. Capacity to issue brokered deposits with maturities of less than 12 months (\$159.2 million as of March 31, 2026).

On an ongoing basis, the Company uses a variety of factors to assess the Company's liquidity position including, but not limited to, the following:

- Stability of its deposit base;
- Amount of unpledged debt securities;
- Liquidity of its loan portfolio; and
- Potential loan demand.

The Company's liquidity assessment process segregates its balance sheet into liquid assets along with certain off-balance sheet considerations and short-term liabilities assumed to be vulnerable to non-replacement over a 30-day horizon in abnormally stringent conditions. Assumptions for the vulnerable short-term liabilities are based upon historical factors. The Company has a targeted range for its liquidity position over this horizon and manage

operations to achieve these targets.

The Company further projects cash flows over a 12-month horizon based on its assets and liabilities and sources and uses of funds for anticipated events.

Pursuant to the Company's contingency funding plan, it estimates cash flows over a 12-month horizon under a variety of stressed scenarios to identify potential funding needs and funding sources. The Company's contingency plan identifies actions that could be taken in response to adverse liquidity events.

The Company believes this process, combined with its policies and guidelines, should provide for adequate levels of liquidity to fund the anticipated needs of on- and off- balance sheet items.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Market risk arises from changes in interest rates, exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices and represents the possibility that changes in future market rates or prices will have a negative impact on the Company's earnings or value. The Company's principal market risk is interest rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises from changes in interest rates. Interest rate risk can result from: (1) Repricing risk – timing differences in the maturity/repricing of assets, liabilities, and off-balance-sheet contracts; (2) Options risk – the effect of embedded options, such as loan prepayments, interest rate caps/floors, and deposit withdrawals; (3) Basis risk – risk resulting from unexpected changes in the spread between two or more different rates of similar maturity, and the resulting impact on the behavior of lending and funding rates; and (4) Yield curve risk – risk resulting from unexpected changes in the spread between two or more rates of different maturities from the same type of instrument. The Company has risk management policies to monitor and limit exposure to interest rate risk. The Company's asset/liability management process is utilized to manage its interest rate risk. The measurement of interest rate risk associated with financial instruments is meaningful only when all related and offsetting on- and off-balance-sheet transactions are aggregated, and the resulting net positions are identified.

The Company's interest rate risk exposure is actively managed with the objective of managing the level and potential volatility of net interest income in addition to the long-term growth of equity, bearing in mind that it will always be in the business of taking on rate risk and that rate risk immunization is not entirely possible. Also, it is recognized that as exposure to interest rate risk is reduced, so too may the overall level of net interest income and equity.

The Company's primary tool for measuring and managing interest rate risk is net interest income simulation. This exercise includes assumptions regarding the changes in interest rates and the impact on the Company's current balance sheet. Interest rate caps and floors are included to the extent that they are exercised in the 12-month simulation period. Additionally, changes in prepayment behavior of the residential mortgage, CMOs, and mortgage-backed securities portfolios in each rate environment are captured using industry estimates of prepayment speeds for various coupon segments of the portfolio. For purposes of this simulation, projected month-end balances of the various balance sheet accounts are held constant at their March 31, 2026 levels. Cash flows from a given account are reinvested back into the same account so as to keep the month end balance constant at its March 31, 2026, level. The static balance sheet assumption is made so as to project the interest rate risk to net interest income embedded in the existing balance sheet. With knowledge of the balance sheet's existing net interest income profile, more informed strategies and tactics may be developed as it relates to the structure/mix of growth.

The Company monitors the results of net interest income simulation on a regular basis. Net interest income is generally simulated for the upcoming 12-month horizon in seven interest rate scenarios. The scenarios generally modeled are parallel interest rate ramps of +/- 100bp, 200bp, and 300bp along with a rates unchanged scenario. Given the current level of interest rates as of March 31, 2026, the downward scenarios for interest rate movements is limited to -200bp. The parallel movement of interest rates means all projected market interest rates move up or down by the same amount. A ramp in interest rates means that the projected change in market interest rates occurs over the 12-month horizon on a pro-rata basis. For example, in the +100bp scenario, the projected Prime rate increases from 7.25% to 8.25% 12 months later. The Prime rate in this example will increase 1/12th of the overall increase of 100 basis points each month.

The net interest income simulation results for the 12-month horizon are shown below (dollars are in thousands):

Net Interest Income Simulation

Movement in interest rates	-200bp	-100bp	Unchanged	+100bp	+200bp	+300bp
Projected 12-month net interest income	\$ 39,170	\$ 39,515	\$ 39,522	\$ 38,640	\$ 37,729	\$ 36,817
Dollar change from unchanged scenario	\$ (352)	\$ (7)	\$ -	\$ (882)	\$ (1,793)	\$ (2,705)
Percentage change from unchanged scenario	(0.89)%	(0.02)%	-	(2.23)%	(4.54)%	(6.84)%

Since there are limitations inherent in any methodology used to estimate the exposure to changes in market interest rates, these analyses are not intended to be a forecast of the actual effect of changes in market interest rates, such as those indicated above on the Company. Further, these analyses are based on assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2026 (without forward adjustments for planned growth and anticipated business activities) and do not reflect any actions the Company might undertake in response to changes in market interest rates.

Static gap analysis is another tool that may be used for interest rate risk measurement. The net differences between the amount of assets, liabilities, equity and off-balance-sheet instruments repricing within a cumulative calendar period is typically referred to as the “rate sensitivity position” or “gap position.” The following table sets forth the Company’s rate sensitivity position as of March 31, 2026. Assets and liabilities are classified by the earliest possible repricing date or maturity, whichever occurs first.

Interest Sensitivity Gap Analysis

	Estimated Maturity or Repricing at March 31, 2026				
	0–3 Months	4–12 Months	1–5 Years	Over 5 Years	Total
	(dollars are in thousands)				
Interest-earning assets:					
Interest-bearing deposits with banks	\$ 165,974	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 165,974
Debt securities (a)	15,634	17,232	48,053	32,601	113,520
FRB and FHLB stock	2,466	-	-	-	2,466
Loans held for investment, net	180,198	139,005	392,255	14,529	725,987
Total interest-earning assets	<u>\$ 364,272</u>	<u>\$ 156,237</u>	<u>\$ 440,308</u>	<u>\$ 47,130</u>	<u>\$ 1,007,947</u>
Interest-bearing liabilities:					
Interest checking and money market accounts	\$ 602,926	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 602,926
Savings	42,291	-	-	-	42,291
Time deposits	36,307	73,034	3,239	35	112,615
Subordinated debentures	-	15,464	-	-	15,464
Total interest-bearing liabilities	<u>\$ 681,524</u>	<u>\$ 88,498</u>	<u>\$ 3,239</u>	<u>\$ 35</u>	<u>\$ 773,296</u>
Interest rate gap	<u>\$ (317,252)</u>	<u>\$ 67,739</u>	<u>\$ 437,069</u>	<u>\$ 47,095</u>	<u>\$ 234,651</u>
Cumulative interest rate gap at March 31, 2026	<u>\$ (317,252)</u>	<u>\$ (249,513)</u>	<u>\$ 187,556</u>	<u>\$ 234,651</u>	
Cumulative interest rate gap to total assets	(29.85)%	(23.48)%	17.65%	22.08%	

(a) Values for debt securities reflect the timing of the estimated principal cash flows from the securities based on par values, which vary from the amortized cost and fair value of the debt securities.

The table assumes that all savings and interest-bearing demand deposits reprice in the earliest period presented, however, management believes that a significant portion of these accounts are generally not rate sensitive. Management’s view is supported by historical non-maturity deposit studies, which indicate that the Company’s deposit rates have largely lagged broader market rate changes and the fact that changes in interest rates paid on these deposits historically have not caused notable reductions in balances or net interest income because the

repricing of certain assets and liabilities is discretionary and is subject to competitive and other pressures. As a result, assets and liabilities indicated as repricing within the same period may in fact reprice at different times and at different rate levels.

Static gap analysis does not fully capture the impact of embedded options, lagged interest rate changes, administered interest rate products, or certain off-balance-sheet sensitivities to interest rate movements. Therefore, this tool generally cannot be used in isolation to determine the level of interest rate risk exposure in banking institutions.

Since there are limitations inherent in any methodology used to estimate the exposure to changes in market interest rates, these analyses are not intended to be a forecast of the actual effect of changes in market interest rates such as those indicated above on the Company. Further, these analyses are based on the Company's assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2026, and do not contemplate any actions the Company might undertake in response to changes in market interest rates.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time in the ordinary course of business, the Company and its subsidiaries may be a party to legal proceedings arising out of the Company's lending, deposit operations, or other activities. The Company engages in foreclosure proceedings and other collection actions as part of its loan collection activities. From time to time, borrowers may also bring actions against the Company, in some cases claiming damages.

Management is not aware of any material pending or threatening litigation as of March 31, 2026.

Signatures

This report is submitted on behalf of the Company by the duly authorized undersigned.

BNCCORP, INC.

Date: May 13, 2026

By: /s/ Daniel J. Collins

Daniel J. Collins
President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Justin C. Currie

Justin C. Currie
Chief Financial Officer