

# Dogecoin Cash Inc.

Amendment to Annual Report for 12/31/2024 originally published through the OTC Disclosure & News Service on [07/18/2025](#)

## Explanatory Note:

Amendment to 2024 Annual Report – Complete Report Filed to Replace Prior Incomplete Upload"

*\*\*This coversheet was automatically generated by OTC Markets Group based on the information provided by the Company. OTC Markets Group has not reviewed the contents of this amendment and disclaims all responsibility for the information contained herein.*

## EDGAR SUBMISSION SUMMARY

|  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| Issuer Name  | Dogecoin Cash, Inc.     |
| Submission Type  | 10-K                    |
| Live File  | On                      |
| Return Copy  | On                      |
| Exchange   | NONE                    |
| Confirming Copy  | Off                     |
| Filer CIK  | 0001360442              |
| Filer CCC  | xxxxxxxx                |
| Period of Report   | 12-31-2024              |
| Smaller Reporting Company  | On                      |
| Shell Company  | Off                     |
| Emerging Growth Company  | Yes                     |
| Elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards | No                      |
| Notify via Filing website Only   | Off                     |
| Emails   | edgar@colonialstock.com |

## Documents

| Form Type  | File Name             | Description                                   |
|------------|-----------------------|---|
| 10-K       | cbds_10k.htm          | FORM 10-K                                     |
| EX-31.1    | cbds_ex311.htm        | CERTIFICATION                                 |
| EX-31.2    | cbds_ex312.htm        | CERTIFICATION                                 |
| EX-32.1    | cbds_ex321.htm        | CERTIFICATION                                 |
| EX-32.2    | cbds_ex322.htm        | CERTIFICATION                                 |
| EX-101.SCH | cbds-20241231.xsd     | XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION SCHEMA                |
| EX-101.LAB | cbds-20241231_lab.xml | XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION LABEL LINKBASE        |
| EX-101.CAL | cbds-20241231_cal.xml | XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION CALCULATION LINKBASE  |
| EX-101.PRE | cbds-20241231_pre.xml | XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION PRESENTATION LINKBASE |
| EX-101.DEF | cbds-20241231_def.xml | XBRL TAXONOMY EXTENSION DEFINITION LINKBASE   |

## Module and Segment References

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UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**Form 10-K**

(Mark One)

- ☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended **DECEMBER 31, 2024**

- ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number **000-53571**

**DOGECOIN CASH, INC.**  
**Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA,**  
**INC.)**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

**Nevada**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation  
or organization)

**20-1898270**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**355 West Mesquite Blvd #C70 Mesquite,**  
**NV 89027**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**89027**

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Zip Code)

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **Common Stock, Par Value \$0.001**

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒

**Note** – Checking the box above will not relieve any registrant required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act from their obligations under those Sections.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its annual report. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

|                         |                          |                           |                                     |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Large accelerated filer | <input type="checkbox"/> | Accelerated filer         | <input type="checkbox"/>            |
| Non-accelerated Filer   | <input type="checkbox"/> | Smaller reporting company | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
|                         |                          | Emerging growth company   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |

Indicate by check mark whether the issuer is a shell company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter.

The market value of the voting and non-voting common stock held by non-affiliates was \$1,023,201 on June 28, 2024.

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**APPLICABLE ONLY TO REGISTRANTS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY  
PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes ☐ No ☐

**(APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS)**

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

**As of March 3, 2025, there were 142,750,499 shares of the issuer's common stock outstanding.**

**DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

List hereunder the following documents if incorporated by reference and the part of the Form 10-K (e.g., Part I, Part II, etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) Any annual report to security holders; (2) Any proxy or information statement; and (3) Any prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) or (c) under the Securities Act of 1933. The listed documents should be clearly described for identification purposes (e.g., annual report to security holders for fiscal year ended December 24, 1980).

**None.**

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**DOGECOIN CASH, INC.**  
**Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA, INC.)**

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### **FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS**

In addition to historical information, this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including, but not limited to, the sections entitled “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and “Business,” contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. All statements other than statements of historical fact are statements that could be deemed forward-looking statements. We use words such as “believe”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “project”, “target”, “plan”, “optimistic”, “intend”, “aim”, “will”, or similar expressions, which are intended to identify forward-looking statements. You are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, as well as assumptions that if they were to ever materialize or prove incorrect, could cause the results of the Company to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by or underlying the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. The Company assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of the filing of this report, to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in our expectations, except as required by law.

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### **Part I**

#### **Item 1. Description of Business**

##### **Company Background**

Dogecoin Cash, Inc., formerly Cannabis Sativa, Inc., formerly named Ultra Sun Corporation, was incorporated under laws of Nevada in November 2005. In 2023, we conducted our operations through our subsidiaries PrestoCorp, Inc. (“PrestoCorp”), a 51% owned Delaware corporation engaged in the telemedicine business.

We also own 100% of the following subsidiaries: Dogespac LLC, a Colorado limited liability company, Wild Earth Naturals, Inc. (“Wild Earth”), a Colorado corporation, Eden Holdings LLC (“Eden”), a Colorado limited liability company, Kubby Patent and Licenses, Limited Liability Company (“KPAL”), a Texas limited liability company and Hi Brands International Inc. (“Hi Brands”), a Colorado corporation. Wild Earth, Eden, KPAL, and Hi Brands are currently inactive, but fit into our business strategy as discussed below.

On November 13, 2024, the Company filed for a corporate name change from Cannabis Sativa, Inc. to Dogecoin Cash, Inc. with the State of Nevada. This change is part of the Company’s broader strategic initiative to align its brand identity with its evolving business focus. The name change is currently under review by FINRA for approval. Upon completion of the regulatory review process, the new name will be reflected in all legal, financial, and market-related disclosures.

Our common stock is quoted for trading on the OTCQB Market under the symbol CBDS.

We currently maintain virtual principal executive offices with our staff and contractors located remotely and typically working out of their homes. Our mailing address is PO BOX 1602, Mesquite, Nevada 89024. Our telephone number is (702) 762-3123.

##### **Business Strategy**

In 2025, CBDS plans to prioritize the expansion of its telemedicine business while integrating cryptocurrency capabilities within the company’s operations, aligning with its strategic focus on digital assets. Additionally, the company is actively exploring opportunities in brand development and the licensing and marketing of products and services tailored to the cannabidiol (“CBD”) and cannabis industries.

##### ***Telemedicine***

PrestoCorp (“PrestoDoctor”), offers an online telemedicine platform providing customer access to knowledgeable physicians to obtain a medical marijuana recommendation. PrestoDoctor uses secure video conferencing technology (<https://prestodoctor.com>) to provide a safe and confidential forum for the Doctor patient interview in accordance with state regulations governing issuance of medical marijuana cards. Appointments through PrestoDoctor’s website generally take 10-15 minutes and can be scheduled and completed in the same day. This convenience eliminates the need for patients to travel to a clinic. More than 100,000 users have registered to consult with PrestoDoctor’s 15+ licensed physicians across the United States. PrestoDoctor currently offers services in Arkansas, California, Georgia, Illinois, Iowa, Louisiana, Minnesota, Missouri, Nevada, New York, Ohio, Oklahoma, Pennsylvania, Texas, and West Virginia, and is actively targeting expansion into multiple additional states in the coming months.



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Management is currently evaluating opportunities to expand the platform for medical marijuana evaluations into other states and is reviewing other telemedicine applications. The COVID-19 pandemic had been a catalyst for expansion of telemedicine services across the United States, and our existing systems and infrastructure are well suited to providing other similar medical evaluations. The continuing growth of wearable devices and remote monitoring capabilities are further evidence that telemedicine will continue to grow in the coming periods. Growth of the platform to take advantage of these opportunities will require capital for development of new features and capabilities necessary to provide a new service, expansion of personnel and expansion of our contracted physician pool. No assurances can be given that our efforts to expand into new areas and/or provide new services will be successful.

### ***Brand Development and Product Marketing***

We have assembled a portfolio of brands, products, intangible assets, and expertise to allow research, development, acquisition and licensing of specialized cannabis and CBD related products, including cannabis and CBD formulas, edibles, topicals, strains, recipes, and delivery systems. We plan to engage in marketing and branding within the cannabis and CBD spaces utilizing our existing brands, including our trademark pending “hi” brand, while also seeking out new opportunities for brand aggregation and marketing. In 2024, we were not able to focus on further development of these assets due to limitations on availability of capital and the need to devote our energies to growth in the telemedicine space.

In 2025, we hope to begin licensing and marketing products by developing new relationships with manufacturers and distributors. Descriptions of the products/brands we intend to promote include:

*Wild Earth Naturals, Inc.* Wild Earth Naturals, Inc. is an herbal personal care products formulation and marketing company that targets the growing natural health care products market in the United States and abroad. We intend to develop and license and manufacture high-quality, herbal based personal care products providing healthier choices to consumers. We use specialized ingredient mixing processes to produce plant glycerite/mineral herbal blends and oil extractions, which we believe will be unique to the natural health products industry. The ingredients for our products are selected to meet a number of criteria, including, but not limited to, safety, potency, purity, stability, bio-availability, and efficacy. We plan to control the quality of our products beginning at the formulation stage and continuing through controlled sourcing of raw ingredients, manufacturing, packaging, and labeling.

*Hi Brands International Inc.* On February 6, 2015, the Company formed Hi Brands International Inc., a Corporation redomiciled to Colorado, and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (“Hi Brands”). Hi Brands entered into a Purchase, Supply and Joint Venture Agreement (the “Agreement”), with Centuria Natural Foods, Inc. (“Centuria”) to develop a supply of proprietary CBD (Cannabidiol) Rich Hemp Oil products, but the agreement was never implemented and no business was ever transacted. As a result, Hi Brands International, Inc. has been inactive for the last several years. Although the Hi Brands business has been inactive, the Company believes that there is value in the name and that it may afford a sound outlet for the Company’s products as we build work to build out our product portfolio.

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In order to capitalize on the Hi Brands concept, the Company will require capital for a virtual storefront design, online web presence, virtual shopping cart and e-payment capabilities. The concept may also be an attractive base for physical locations, which would then require capital for facilities, physical storefront and interior design, staffing, inventory, and marketing. Until a suitable capital formation plan can be developed and funded, the Hi Brands concept is likely to remain inactive.

*Other Opportunities.* In addition to licensing, branding, and technology, we have the ability to offer mainstream medical prescription discount cards, for which the Company will receive a small percentage on each product purchased. This concept has not yet been implemented but is being evaluated by our Telemedicine division for feasibility and return on investment.

The Company continues to seek the acquisition of companies, intellectual property and other assets that fit within the company's strategic plan of assembling a portfolio of cannabis industry related businesses that have a high growth potential and are accretive to shareholder value.

### **Perceived Cannabis Industry Trends**

We believe the cannabis industry will be characterized by the following principal trends: an increased emphasis on high quality products; an increased emphasis on scientific validation for products in the market place; more liberal regulation in regard to cannabis, even under the current administration as states' rights continue to emerge; more consolidation, take-over, and buy-out of companies in the retail, wholesale, and supply side channels; more mainstream companies entering the marketplace; and more funded research on the potential long-term health benefits of cannabis as well as its potential curative properties.

### **Vision**

Our vision is to become a highly visible, diversified business promoting superior quality branded products and services and offering effective customer service, fair compensation, sound management and a great working environment. Over time, we plan to expand our branding, research and development, intellectual properties, and licensing activities to reach markets covering telemedicine, digital, and consumer education. In order to achieve this vision, we plan to develop brands and branded products which will distinguish our online presence as a source for innovative and effective medicinal cannabis and digital products and cost-effective alternatives for customers seeking quality, affordable natural health products to aid in wellness and appearance.

Through a long-term commitment to this vision, we hope to become known as a company that is committed to its customers, associates, and communities.

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### **Products**

Online Telemedicine. Through PrestoDoctor we provide access to knowledgeable physicians for a safe and confidential way to get a medical marijuana recommendation using secure video conferencing technology. Our online telemedicine generates 100% of our revenues.

Consumer Products. Through December 31, 2024, the products discussed below in this section are conceptual and have produced no significant revenues. We had intended to pursue the strategy described below in 2024, but lack of capital largely shifted our strategic implementation plans to 2025. In 2025, we expect to begin testing the market through licensing agreements related to our patented strain Ecuadorian Sativa, including:

Lozenges, utilizing our proprietary patented formula, may offer rapid relief. Based upon preliminary results, our lozenges generally take effect within a period of five to 15 minutes. In addition to the lozenges, we have other forms of edibles under consideration.

Recover Deep Penetrating Healing Balm is a fast-acting organic potential anti-inflammatory pain reliever for sore muscles, joints, arthritic and back pain.

Trauma Cream was developed with a blended infusion of cannabinoids and THC, including Arnica for its numbing effect.

Branded Clothing and Merchandise. We also intend to offer “hi” branded men’s and women’s fashion from suppliers, primarily caps, through the Company’s [www.cbds.com](http://www.cbds.com) website.

### **Objectives**

Our current strategy is to promote and expand the telemedicine business under our PrestoDoctor brand, expand our digital footprint and assets, and focus on the start-up and growth of new branding, licensing, and product sales opportunities. Additionally, we will pursue strategic corporate and product acquisitions to strengthen our market position.

### **Marketing & Distribution**

*Market Conditions in the Cannabis Industry.* Our target markets are located in states that have legalized the production and use of cannabis. Twenty-four states plus the District of Columbia have approved measures to legalize cannabis for adult recreational use. Thirty-nine states, the District of Columbia and three US territories have legalized the use of cannabis for medical use in some form. Additionally, nine states have laws permitting the use of “low THC, high cannabidiol (CBD)” products for specific medical conditions. These programs are not considered comprehensive medical cannabis programs. However, it may take multiple years for a state to establish regulations and for cannabis businesses to begin generating revenue from operations in a given state.

*Non-Infused Products and Merchandise.* We launched our [www.wildearthnaturals.com](http://www.wildearthnaturals.com) website in August 2013 but the site has been dormant for several years. In 2025, we intend to use social media to drive traffic to our stronger domains; [cbds.com](http://cbds.com), and [cannabissativa.com](http://cannabissativa.com) websites. Wild Earth Naturals is not producing revenue at this time, and once the Company rolls out the brand development and product marketing plan for that consumer products lines fulfillment can be accomplished.

During 2025, we plan to utilize licensing agreements, direct business to consumer sales, internet advertising, and social media marketing to generate sales leads, orders and to entry into leading retailers and wholesalers throughout the U.S. No assurances can be given that we will be successful in such efforts.

*Infused Products.* For cannabis infused products, we intend to develop our customer base through licensing agreements with third party manufacturers who are compliant with state cannabis laws in the states in which they conduct business.

We plan to build brand awareness by utilizing a mix of social media, trade shows, education efforts, and direct marketing to targeted businesses.

*Geographic Presence.* We plan to build brand awareness for our products in states where medical and recreational cannabis is legal, throughout the United States.

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### **Competition**

*Cannabis Industry.* While we do not currently sell products regulated as cannabis (containing THC), we expect to license our brands and products to businesses that will sell cannabis in states where medicinal or recreational cannabis is legal. Therefore, we look to the participants in the medical and recreational cannabis markets for information on competition.

We believe the competition in the cannabis market will include numerous cannabis product companies that are fragmented in terms of geographic market coverage, distribution channels and product categories, with many companies taking a state-by-state approach. We believe that competition is principally based upon price, quality, efficacy of products, branding, marketing, customer service, and trade support. We anticipate that large pharmaceutical companies will eventually begin to more aggressively compete in the cannabis product market. These companies and certain larger entities may have broader product lines and/or larger sales volumes than companies such as ours. Larger entities entering this market may have significantly greater financial and other resources available to them and possess extensive manufacturing, distribution and marketing capabilities. We anticipate that many of the larger competitors will be able to compete more effectively due to a greater extent of vertical integration. The entry of larger competitors could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

### **Intellectual Property**

We hold certain intellectual property (the “IP”) consisting of recipes and process/methods to maximize the cannabinoid concentrations used for manufacture of medical marijuana edibles, and are the holder of a proprietary cannabis lozenge, patented as a method of treating hypertension.

We are also the patent holder for the Ecuadorian Sativa “CTA” strain of cannabis. We are continuing to pursue commercialization of the CTA strain, but no assurances can be given that the patented strain will result in development of any commercial products.

The Company intends to use or license the “hi” brand for personal care products, edibles (infused and non-infused), apparel and branded merchandise.

### **Effect of Existing or Probable Governmental Regulations on the Business**

Currently, our products consist of telemedicine services, and we are developing and implementing a business strategy to sell products derived from cannabis plants or products containing THC. Accordingly, while the following discussion on governmental regulation is not directly applicable to the Company today, we may become subject to these regulations in the near future.

The United States federal government regulates drugs in large part through the Controlled Substances Act, or CSA. Marijuana, which is a form of cannabis, is classified as a Schedule I controlled substance. As a Schedule I controlled substance, the federal Drug Enforcement Agency, or DEA, considers marijuana to have a high potential for abuse with no currently accepted medical use in treatment in the United States (except as disclosed below for epilepsy and related syndromes) and a lack of accepted safety for use of the drug under medical supervision. According to the U.S. federal government, cannabis having a concentration of tetrahydrocannabinol, or THC, greater than 0.3% is marijuana. Cannabis with a THC content below 0.3% is classified as hemp. The scheduling of marijuana as a Schedule I controlled substance is inconsistent with what we believe to be widely accepted medical uses for marijuana by physicians, researchers, patients, and others. Moreover, as of November 30, 2025 and despite the clear conflict with U.S. federal law, 38 states and the District of Columbia and five territories have legalized marijuana for medical use, while 24 of those states and the District of Columbia have legalized the adult-use of cannabis for recreational purposes. As further evidence of the growing conflict between the U.S. federal treatment of cannabis and the societal acceptance of cannabis, the FDA on June 25, 2018 approved Epidiolex. Epidiolex is an oral solution with an active ingredient derived from the cannabis plant for the treatment of seizures associated with two rare and severe forms of epilepsy, Lennox-Gastaut syndrome and Dravet syndrome, in patients two years of age and older.

This is the first FDA-approved drug that contains a purified substance derived from the cannabis plant. In this case, the substance is cannabidiol, or CBD, a chemical component of marijuana that does not contain the psychoactive properties of THC.

Marijuana is largely regulated at the state level in the United States. State laws regulating marijuana are in conflict with the CSA, which makes marijuana use and possession federally illegal. Although certain states and territories of the United States authorize medical or adult-use marijuana production and distribution by licensed or registered entities, under United States federal law, the possession, use, cultivation, and transfer of marijuana and any related drug paraphernalia is illegal. Although our activities currently do not involve any products that contain THC and we are compliant with the applicable state and local laws in states where we do business, should we enter into a new area that involves THC products, strict compliance with state and local laws with respect to cannabis may neither absolve us of liability under United States federal law nor provide a defense to any federal criminal action that may be brought against us.

In 2013, as more and more states began to legalize medical and/or adult-use marijuana, the federal government attempted to provide clarity on the incongruity between federal law and these state-legal regulatory frameworks. Until 2018, the federal government provided guidance to federal agencies and banking institutions through a series of DOJ memoranda. The most notable of this guidance came in the form of a memorandum issued by former U.S. Deputy Attorney General James Cole on August 29, 2013, which we refer to as the Cole Memorandum.

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The Cole Memorandum offered guidance to federal agencies on how to prioritize civil enforcement, criminal investigations and prosecutions regarding marijuana in all states and quickly set a standard for marijuana-related businesses to comply with. The Cole Memorandum put forth eight prosecution priorities:

1. Preventing the distribution of marijuana to minors;
2. Preventing revenue from the sale of marijuana from going to criminal enterprises, gangs and cartels;
3. Preventing the diversion of marijuana from states where it is legal under state law in some form to other states;
4. Preventing the state-authorized marijuana activity from being used as a cover or pretext for the trafficking of other illegal drugs or other illegal activity;
5. Preventing violence and the use of firearms in the cultivation and distribution of marijuana;
6. Preventing drugged driving and the exacerbation of other adverse public health consequences associated with marijuana use;
7. Preventing the growing of marijuana on public lands and the attendant public safety and environmental dangers posed by marijuana production on public lands; and
8. Preventing marijuana possession or use on federal property.

On January 4, 2018, former United States Attorney General Sessions rescinded the Cole Memorandum by issuing a new memorandum to all United States Attorneys, which we refer to as the Sessions Memo. Rather than establishing national enforcement priorities particular to marijuana-related crimes in jurisdictions where certain marijuana activity was legal under state law, the Sessions Memo simply rescinded the Cole Memorandum and instructed that “[i]n deciding which marijuana activities to prosecute... with the [DOJ’s] finite resources, prosecutors should follow the well-established principles that govern all federal prosecutions.” Namely, these include the seriousness of the offense, history of criminal activity, deterrent effect of prosecution, the interests of victims, and other principles. As of March 1, 2025, the Cole Memorandum remains rescinded and is **not** in effect. Despite its rescission, many federal prosecutors have continued to follow the general principles outlined in the memo, focusing enforcement efforts on areas such as preventing marijuana distribution to minors and addressing drugged driving.

Nonetheless, there is no guarantee that state laws legalizing and regulating the sale and use of marijuana will not be repealed or overturned, or that local governmental authorities will not limit the applicability of state laws within their respective jurisdictions. Unless and until the United States Congress amends the CSA with respect to marijuana (and as to the timing or scope of any such potential amendments there can be no assurance), there is a risk that federal authorities may enforce current U.S. federal law. Currently, in the absence of uniform federal guidance, as had been established by the Cole memorandum, enforcement priorities are determined by respective United States Attorneys.

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We are not aware of other specific governmental regulations that impact our business. We may, however, utilize Chinese vendors for manufacturing a significant portion of the products we intend to sell. To the extent that tariffs are imposed on imported goods manufactured in China, our pricing structure and acceptance in the marketplace may be affected. We may currently stock our products through distributors in foreign countries when appropriate and ship direct from our manufacturer to the foreign distributor when such can be done at a cost savings. We intend to continue to explore ways that we can hold our costs down on the products we sell in order to minimize price sensitivity concerns with our customers.

### **Environmental Laws**

We are not aware of any environmental laws that would limit our ability to conduct our current sales and distribution activities in their present form or as we envision them in the near future. As we expand our operations to participate more directly in the cannabis and hemp industries as a licensor or distributor of cannabis and hemp products, we may become subject to environmental laws relating to water usage, recycling, waste disposal, and similar regulations that will vary depending on the location of our operations. We intend to address the impact of such environmental regulations when we have a specific use case to evaluate.

### **Number of Total Employees and Number of Full Time Employees**

As of March 3, 2025, we have no employees in Cannabis Sativa, Inc. At the end of the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had independent contractor arrangements with four officers and directors, and three outside service providers. PrestoCorp has four employees, including two officers of PrestoCorp. Our employees are not represented by unions, and we consider our relationship with our employees to be good. The Company also has relationships with several independent contractors who provide services to the Company on a regular and on-going basis.

### **Facilities**

During all of 2024, CBDS operated out of virtual offices maintained by our officers, directors and contractors.

Our subsidiary PrestoDoctor leases an office in New York. PrestoCorp leased office space through WeWork in New York on a month-to-month basis at \$2,590 per month which ended in April 2024. On April 12, 2024, PrestoCorp signed a new lease in New York for a one-year term at \$1,575 per month expiring in April 30, 2025.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Not required.

### **Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.**

None

### **Item 3. Legal Proceedings.**

We are not a party to any material legal proceedings, and, to the best of our knowledge, no such legal proceedings have been threatened against us.

### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.**

Not Applicable.





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### **PART II**

#### **Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

##### **Market Information**

Our shares of common stock are quoted on the OTCQB Market operated by the OTC Markets Group Inc. of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") under the symbol "CBDS".

##### **Holders of Record**

On March 3, 2025, there were 70 holders of record of our common stock, as reported by the Company's transfer agent. In computing the number of holders of record, each broker-dealer and clearing corporation holding shares on behalf of its customers is counted as a single stockholder.

##### **No Dividends**

No dividends have ever been paid on our securities. On November 13, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors approved the declaration of a special dividend, issuing one (1) preferred share for every 1,000 common shares held by shareholders as of the record date of November 25, 2024. The dividend distribution is subject to regulatory review, and FINRA is currently evaluating the Company's request for approval. The Company will provide further updates regarding the timing and execution of the dividend upon completion of FINRA's review process.

##### **Transfer Agent**

Colonial Stock Transfer Co., Inc., 7840 South 700 East, Sandy, Utah 84070, telephone (801) 355-5740, serves as the transfer agent and registrar for our common stock.

##### **Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities**

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 2,450,000 shares of restricted common stock for services in the amount of \$88,200 to related parties. The Company issued 9,900,000 shares of common restricted stock in consideration of notes payable – related parties in the amount of \$54,450. The Company also issued 24,197,674 shares of common stock and 6,700,000 shares of restricted common stock in consideration of notes payable and accrued interest – non related parties in the amount of \$353,176.

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During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company issued restricted common stock in consideration for stock payable accrued at December 31, 2023. Common stock issued consisted of 5,968,200 shares of common stock valued at \$53,714 for compensation to an outside contractor and 5,652,276 shares of common stock valued at \$70,146 to various officers for compensation. The Company issued 18,880,159 shares of restricted common stock in consideration of notes payable and accrued interest – related parties in the amount of \$182,453. The Company also issued 12,345,928 shares of common stock and 12,343,321 of restricted common stock in consideration of notes payable and accrued interest – non related parties in the amount of \$284,405.

### **Special Sales Practice Requirements with Regard to “Penny Stocks”**

To protect investors from patterns of fraud and abuse that have occurred in the market for low priced securities commonly referred to as “penny stocks,” the SEC has adopted regulations that generally define a “penny stock” to be any equity security having a market price (as defined) less than \$5.00 per share, or an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Our stock is subject to the “penny stock” regulations during periods in which the price is below \$5.00 per share. During any such periods, broker-dealers selling our common stock are subject to additional sales practices when they sell our stock to persons other than established clients and “accredited investors.” For transactions covered by these rules, before the transaction is executed, the broker-dealer must make a special customer suitability determination, receive the purchaser’s written consent to the transaction and deliver a risk disclosure document relating to the penny stock market. The broker-dealer must also disclose the commission payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative taking the order, current quotations for the securities and, if applicable, the fact that the broker-dealer is the sole market maker and the broker-dealer’s presumed control over the market. Monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. Such “penny stock” rules may restrict trading in our common stock and may deter broker-dealers from effecting transactions in our common stock.

### **Item 6. Selected Financial Data**

Not Applicable. The Company is a “smaller reporting company” and not subject to the Selected Financial Data requirement of Item 6.

### **Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

*The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, or MD&A, is intended to help the reader understand the Company, our operations, and our present business environment. MD&A is provided as a supplement to, and should be read in conjunction with, our Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes thereto. As discussed in more detail under “Forward-Looking Statements” immediately following this document’s Table of Contents, the following discussion contains forward-looking statements that are based on our management’s current expectations, estimates, and projections, which are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements because of the risks and uncertainties inherent in future events.*

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### Results of Operations

*Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 compared with fiscal year ended December 31, 2022*

The narrative comparison of the results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 are based on the following table.

|                                     | Years Ended                  |                              | A-B          |             |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                     | A<br>December<br>31,<br>2024 | B<br>December<br>31,<br>2023 | Change       | Change<br>% |
| REVENUE                             | \$ 802,704                   | \$ 1,173,830                 | \$(371,126 ) | (32 )%      |
| Cost of revenues                    | 310,620                      | 400,746                      | (90,126 )    | (22 )%      |
| Cost of sales % of total sales      | 39 %                         | 34 %                         | 5 %          |             |
| Gross profit                        | 492,084                      | 773,084                      | (281,000 )   | (36 )%      |
| Gross profit % of sales             | 61 %                         | 66 %                         | (5 )%        |             |
| OPERATING EXPENSES                  |                              |                              |              |             |
| Professional fees                   | 309,397                      | 288,436                      | 20,961       | 7 %         |
| Depreciation and amortization       | 3,329                        | 151,957                      | (148,628 )   | (98 )%      |
| Wages and salaries                  | 364,949                      | 610,326                      | (245,377 )   | (40 )%      |
| Advertising                         | 12,268                       | 13,141                       | (873 )       | (7 )%       |
| General and administrative          | 484,612                      | 565,076                      | (80,464 )    | (14 )%      |
| Total operating expenses            | 1,174,555                    | 1,628,936                    | (454,381 )   | (28 )%      |
| NET LOSS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS | (682,471 )                   | (855,852 )                   | 173,381      | (20 )%      |

Revenue for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 decreased 32% compared to the year ended December 31, 2023. Cost of revenues as a percentage of sales increased 5% between the years. The reason for the decrease is there is increased competition in the cannabis tele-medicine industry.

Total operating expenses decreased 28% in 2024 compared with 2023 which trended down as did revenue in the current year. Decreases in depreciation and amortization, wages and salaries, advertising, and general and administrative expenses occurred with continuing efforts at cost reduction. Depreciation and amortization decreased due to patents becoming fully amortized. Advertising costs were reduced by taking a more focused approach to our target markets. PrestoDoctor salaries decreased with an effort to consolidate and reduce employees and officers reducing their salaries. Professional fees increased due to an increase in legal and accounting.

### Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash used in operating activities was \$107,670 in 2024 compared to \$63,111 in 2023. In 2024, financing activities provided \$60,092, consisting of proceeds from related party notes payable in the net amount of \$22,092, and proceeds from convertible notes payable in the amount of \$38,000. We ended 2024 with \$34,934 in cash on hand.

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The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. We incurred net income (loss) of \$188,044,760 and \$(1,322,917) respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2024, and 2023 and had an accumulated earnings of \$106,008,427 as of December 31, 2024. The Company may seek to raise money for working capital purposes through a public offering of its equity capital or through a private placement of equity capital or convertible debt. It will be important for the Company to be successful in its efforts to raise capital in this manner if it is going to be able to further its business plan in an aggressive manner. Raising capital in this manner will cause dilution to current shareholders.

The amount of cash on hand the Company has does not provide sufficient liquidity to meet all of the immediate needs of our current operations.

On November 18, 2024, the Company signed an agreement to acquire 600,000,000 Dogecoin Cash (DOG) tokens in exchange for 4,500,000 shares of the Company's preferred stock. This strategic acquisition supports the Company's long-term vision of integrating blockchain and cryptocurrency capabilities into its business model and aligns with its focus on digital asset-based solutions. The transaction is expected to enhance the Company's market position within the digital asset space and complement its existing business operations. The Company will periodically assess the carrying value of these assets for impairment, with any reductions in fair value below cost recognized as an impairment charge in the financial statements. As the cryptocurrency market is highly volatile, the valuation of these assets may experience significant fluctuations over time. The Company is evaluating operational use cases for the acquired DOG tokens, including potential payments integration, investment diversification, or strategic partnerships within the blockchain sector. The Company is also assessing tax implications, liquidity strategies, and regulatory compliance considerations associated with holding and utilizing these digital assets.

### Item 1A – Risk Factors

#### Risks Related to Digital Asset Acquisition

##### 1. Market Volatility and Fair Value Adjustments

Digital assets such as DOG tokens are highly volatile and speculative in nature. The market price of DOG may fluctuate significantly due to regulatory developments, macroeconomic conditions, or technological factors. Under GAAP accounting guidelines, the Company must test these assets for impairment periodically. If the fair value of DOG tokens falls below their recorded value, the Company may be required to recognize substantial non-cash impairment losses, which could negatively impact its financial position and earnings results.

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### 2. Regulatory and Legal Uncertainty

The regulatory environment for cryptocurrencies remains uncertain and evolving. Government authorities, including the SEC, CFTC, IRS, and state regulators, may impose new regulations, taxation requirements, or operational restrictions that could impact the valuation, liquidity, and legal status of DOG tokens. The Company's ability to hold, trade, or integrate DOG into its business operations may be subject to increased scrutiny or evolving compliance obligations.

### 3. Liquidity Constraints and Trading Limitations

Unlike traditional financial instruments, cryptocurrencies are not universally accepted as legal tender and may have limited liquidity in certain markets. The Company's ability to convert DOG tokens into fiat currency or other digital assets may be constrained by market conditions, exchange trading volumes, or operational restrictions. A lack of liquidity could impact the Company's ability to monetize the acquired digital assets efficiently.

### 4. Cybersecurity and Custody Risks

Digital assets are subject to theft, hacking, cyber fraud, and technological vulnerabilities. The Company will endeavor to implement security protocols, including multi-signature wallets, cold storage solutions, and encryption measures, to mitigate these risks. However, no system is completely secure, and any unauthorized access or loss of DOG tokens could result in material financial and reputational damage to the Company.

### 5. Operational and Accounting Challenges

The integration of digital assets into CBDS's financial reporting and operations introduces complexities in accounting treatment, internal controls, and tax reporting. The Company is evaluating the impact of this acquisition on its financial disclosures, risk management processes, and liquidity planning to ensure full compliance with GAAP, SEC reporting standards, and IRS taxation guidelines.

The amount of cash on hand the Company has does not provide sufficient liquidity to meet all of the immediate needs of our current operations.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

None

### **Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk**

Not Applicable. The Company is a "smaller reporting company."

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**Item 8. Financial Statements**

The following financial statements are being filed with this report and are located immediately following the signature page.

**Financial Statements, December 31, 2024 and 2023**

Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firms

Consolidated Balance Sheets, December 31, 2024 and 2023

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity from January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2024

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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### **Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounts and Financial Disclosure**

None

### **Item 9A. Controls and Procedures**

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain “disclosure controls and procedures,” as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”), that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, or CEO, acting as Chief Financial Officer, or CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of disclosure controls and procedures is also based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

Based on that evaluation, our CEO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures, including controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us is accumulated and communicated to our management (including our CEO), were not effective as of December 31, 2024, and that material information required to be disclosed in this report has not been properly recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely manner. In making this determination, we reviewed the material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting and concluded that the direct involvement of the CEO in all aspects of financial reporting addressed this concern.

#### **Management Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act). Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that: (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the Company’s assets; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that the Company’s receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of the Company’s management and directors; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company’s assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



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Under the supervision of and with the participation of our CEO and with the oversight of the Board of Directors, our management conducted an assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework and criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (“2013 Framework”).

A system of controls, no matter how well designed and operated, cannot provide absolute assurance that the objectives of the system of controls are met, and no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within a company have been detected.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

We identified material weaknesses in our internal controls over period end cut-off for recording payables, and communications between accounting personnel and management concerning related party and inter-company transactions.

Based on our evaluation under the framework described above, our management concluded that, due to the material weakness, our internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2023, in accordance with Item 308(a)(3) of Regulation S-K.

### **Changes in Internal Controls**

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended December 31, 2024, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

### **Item 9B. Other Information**

None

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### Part III

#### Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

##### Directors and Executive Officers

The following table indicates the name, age, term of office and position held by each of our executive officers and directors. The term of office for each officer position is for one year or until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified by the board of directors. The term of office for a director is for one year or until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified by the stockholders.

| Name                  | Age | Incumbency | Positions Held                             |
|-----------------------|-----|------------|--|
| Catherine Carroll     | 83  | 2013       | Treasurer, Director                        |
| Trevor Reed           | 61  | 2017       | Director                                   |
| Robert N. Tankson III | 38  | 2020       | Director                                   |
| David Tobias          | 73  | (1)        | CEO, Chairman, CFO, Secretary and Director |

- (1) Mr. Tobias has been a director of the Company since 2014, was appointed CEO of the Company on January 9, 2019, became CFO of the Company in the fourth fiscal quarter of 2022, and elected Chairman on January 19, 2025

##### *Certain biographical information with respect to our executive officers and directors.*

**David Tobias.** Mr. Tobias has served as President of Wild Earth Naturals, Inc. since May, 2013. He also served as the President of Hemp, Inc. from August 2011 to January 9, 2014. Prior to that, from October 2009 until May 2011, Mr. Tobias held the position of Vice President at Medical Marijuana Inc. where he was instrumental in bringing forward and culminating the merger between CannaBank and Medical Marijuana, Inc. He was earlier Sales Manager for Tulsa custom builder Xcite Homes, from October 2008 to August 2009. Among other qualifications, Mr. Tobias brings to the Board executive leadership experience, including his service as a president of a public company, along with extensive entrepreneurial experience. Mr. Tobias also has a keen sense of the social, political, and economic environment in which the company operates. On January 1, 2019, Mr. Tobias was appointed CEO as a result of the resignation of the former CEO.

**Catherine Carroll.** Ms. Carroll has been self-employed since 1984. Ms. Carroll brings an extensive background in accounting, tax preparation, IRS audits, and tax appeals to the company. The Board believes that her insights gained from teaching basic tax preparation classes for 15 years, being an expert witness in tax court; along with her “Life Time Limited Services” teacher’s credential in accounting at Delta College in Stockton, CA for 6 years brings the company a valuable perspective. Ms. Carroll had been serving as the CFO, Director and as the Treasurer of the Company since July of 2013. Effective January 30, 2017, she no longer serves as the Company’s CFO and will focus her efforts on her positions as Treasurer and Director and keeping the books of the Company.

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**Trevor Reed.** Mr. Reed has experience as a contractor, builder and cannabis producer. Mr. Reed started his first company 1989, a hardwood flooring company in Santa Fe, New Mexico. That experience led 15-year career as a custom builder of spec homes in New Mexico. Mr. Reed also engaged in small scale land development and commercial construction in New Mexico. In 2008, Trevor moved to Bend, Oregon to be closer to family. During his time in Oregon, Mr. Reed began to learn about the cannabis business and started growing cannabis. Mr. Reed then returned to New Mexico where he became one of the twenty-five licensed producers of cannabis in the State of New Mexico. Mr. Reed's curiosity and tenacity have led him to be the number one cannabis producer in the State of New Mexico for three years in a row. Mr. Reed has also consulted with State regulatory authorities regarding the development of their state cannabis programs. Under Mr. Reed's direction Natural Rx in New Mexico was the first dispensary to become a United Food and Commercial Workers International Union (UFCW) cannabis division member company in 2014. In 2015, Mr. Reed (with partners) established several cannabis dispensaries and cannabis farms in the State of Oregon.

**Robert Tankson.** Mr. Tankson worked for Google from 2011 through 2012. After leaving Google in 2012, to pursue his passion for business finance and technology, Rob saw an opportunity in the cannabis space to develop a telemedicine platform. This led to the cofounding of PrestoCorp. The PrestoCorp platform, known as PrestoDoctor, is an online medical cannabis evaluation service that connects patients with cannabis friendly doctors in California, Nevada, New York, Oklahoma and Missouri, with more states in the pipeline. As an executive of PrestoCorp, Rob directed the search for a business partner and ultimately the acquisition of 51% of PrestoCorp by Cannabis Sativa, Inc., in August 2017. Rob continues as an executive of PrestoCorp and helped to direct the rapid expansion of the PrestoDoctor platform in the rapidly changing world during and post the Covid-19 pandemic.

The following is a brief description of the specific experience and qualifications, attributes or skills of each director that led to the conclusion that such person should serve as a director of the Company.

Mr. David Tobias' knowledge regarding the business of Cannabis Sativa and the implementation of its business plan and strategies, provides a critical link between management and the board, enabling the board to provide its oversight function with the benefit of management's perspective of the business.

Ms. Carroll's knowledge regarding the history, operations and financial condition of Cannabis Sativa provides a critical link between management and the board, enabling the board to provide its oversight function with the benefit of management's perspective of the business.

Mr. Reed's knowledge of the cannabis industry and his work with state regulators in connection with cannabis legislation brings valuable insight regarding the emerging cannabis industry and regulation to the board of directors.

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Mr. Tankson's experience in the telemedicine space and his position as an executive of PrestoCorp provide the Board with insights into the company's attempts to grow the telemedicine business as telemedicine becomes an increasingly important aspect of life after the COVID-19 pandemic.

### **Family Relationships**

There are no family relationships between any of our officers and directors.

### **Term of Office**

The term of office of each director is one year and until his or her successor is elected at the annual stockholders' meeting and is qualified, subject to removal by the stockholders. The term of office for each officer is for one year and until his or her successor is elected at the annual meeting of the board of directors and is qualified, subject to removal by the board of directors. David Tobias was appointed President of the Company on March 29, 2016, CEO of the Company on January 9, 2019, and Chairman on January 19, 2025. Cathy Carroll joined the Board in 2013 and also serves as Treasurer of the Company. Trevor Reed joined the Board in 2017. Robert Tankson joined the Board on January 31, 2020.

### **Board of Directors**

Our board of directors consists of four persons. One director, Trevor Reed, is "independent" within the meaning of Rule 5605(a)(3) of the NASDAQ Marketplace. The three that are not independent are officers of the Company or a subsidiary.

Our board of directors designated an audit committee to be comprised of two independent directors. At this time, the Company only has one independent director. The board also does not have an independent "financial expert" to serve on the audit committee. As a result, the Company is not able to designate an audit committee and the function of the audit committee is currently being performed by the entire Board.

The Company's Board of Directors also performs the functions that would customarily be performed by a nominating committee. The Board of Directors does not believe a separate nominating committee is required at this time due to the limited resources of the Company. The Board of Directors has not established policies with regard to the consideration of director candidates recommended by security holders or the minimum qualifications of such candidates.

### **Director Meetings**

In 2024, the Company's Board of Directors meetings were held as needed via remote conference call. As a matter of convenience, many of the actions requiring Board approval are conducted telephonically and then documented as consent minutes. All minutes approved by consent require signatures from all directors. Most Board meetings are attended by all of the Directors, and absences, if any, are noted in the minutes. In 2025, meetings will be held at least once quarterly and more often if needed. Actions may also be taken in 2025 without formal meeting by consent signed by each of the directors.

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### **Communications with Directors**

Stockholders may communicate with the Board of Directors by sending written communications addressed to the Board of Directors, or any individual director, to: Cannabis Sativa, Inc., Attention: Corporate Secretary, Po Box 1602, Mesquite, NV 89024. All communications will be compiled by the corporate secretary and forwarded to the Board of Directors or any individual director, as appropriate. In order to facilitate a response to any such communication, the Company's Board of Directors suggests, but does not require, that any such submission include the name and contact information of the shareholder submitting the communication.

### **Code of Ethics**

We have adopted a Code of Ethics and Business Conduct Policy that applies to our executive officers, including our principal executive, financial and accounting officers.

During the past ten years none of our directors, executive officers, promoters, or control persons was:

1. the subject of any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two years prior to that time;
2. convicted in a criminal proceeding or is subject to a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);
3. subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities or banking activities; or
4. found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission to have violated a federal or state securities or commodities law.

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### **Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance**

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our directors and executive officers, and persons who own more than 10 percent of a registered class of our equity securities to file reports of securities ownership and changes in such ownership with the SEC. Officers, directors, and greater than ten percent shareholders also are required by rules promulgated by the SEC to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) reports they file. Based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us, we believe that one of our directors needs to file a Form 3.

### **Item 11. Executive Compensation**

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the annual compensation paid to our principal executive officer and principal financial officer in all capacities for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. No other person served as an executive officer of the Company or received total annual compensation from the Company in excess of \$100,000 other than Mr. Tobias, and Ms. Carroll, as set forth in the table.

#### **Summary Compensation Table**

| <b>Name and Position</b>                               | <b>Year</b> | <b>Salary (\$)</b> | <b>Stock Awards</b> | <b>Total (\$)</b> |
|--|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| David Tobias, CEO, President, Chairman, Sec., Director | 2024        | \$ 187,500         | \$ —                | \$ 187,500        |
|  | 2023        | \$ 187,500         | \$ —                | \$ 187,500        |
| Catherine Carroll, Treasurer, Director (1)             | 2024        | \$ 50,000          | \$ —                | \$ 50,000         |
|  | 2023        | \$ 50,000          | \$ —                | \$ 50,000         |

1. Catherine Carroll serves as Treasurer and Director of the Company and maintains the accounting records for the Company.

We do not have any retirement, pension or profit-sharing plans covering our officers or directors, and we are not contemplating implementing any such plans at this time.

#### **Director Compensation**

Our directors are issued shares of common stock quarterly for their service on the board of directors. Prior to January 2022, quarterly director compensation was common shares having a market value of \$5,000. In January of 2022, quarterly director compensation was changed to common shares having a market value of \$2,500. In July 2024, in an effort to curb costs quarterly directors fees of \$2,500 were eliminated.

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**Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters**

The following table sets forth as of March 3, 2025, the number of shares of our common stock, par value \$0.001, owned of record or beneficially by each person known to be the beneficial owner of 5% or more of our issued and outstanding shares of common stock, and by each of our officers and directors, and by all officers and directors as a group. On such date, there were 142,750,499 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding. Unless indicated otherwise, the address for any shareholder is the same as the address of the Registrant.

**SHARE OWNERSHIP**

| Name and Address of<br>Beneficial Owner  | Amount of Direct<br>Ownership |           | Amount of Indirect<br>Ownership |           | Total<br>Beneficial<br>Ownership |  | Percentage |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--|------------|
|  | Common                        | Preferred | Common                          | Preferred |                                  |  |            |
| <b>Principal Stockholders</b>            |                               |           |                                 |           |                                  |  |            |
| David Tobias                             | 32,432,668                    | -         | 35,000                          | -         | 32,467,668                       |  | 22.74 %    |
| Kyle Powers                              | 7,427,361                     |           |                                 |           | 7,427,361                        |  | 5.2        |
| <b>Officers and Directors</b>            |                               |           |                                 |           |                                  |  |            |
| David Tobias (1)                         | 32,432,668                    | -         | 35,000                          | -         | 32,467,668                       |  | 22.74 %    |
| Catherine Carroll (2)                    | 4,315,639                     | -         | 136,068                         | -         | 4,451,707                        |  | 3.12 %     |
| Trevor Reed                              | 2,260,927                     | -         | -                               | -         | 2,260,927                        |  | 1.58 %     |
| Robert Tankson                           | 2,983,042                     | -         | -                               | -         | 2,983,042                        |  | 2.09 %     |
| All Officers and Directors as a<br>Group | 41,992,276                    | -         | 171,068                         | -         | 42,163,362                       |  | 29.53 %    |

(1) Mr. Tobias is the beneficial owner of 35,000 common shares owned by his wife. Mr. Tobias' address is 355 W. Mesquite Blvd. #C70, Mesquite, NV 89027.

(2) Ms. Carroll is deemed to be the beneficial owner of 136,068 Common Shares owned by Carroll's Consulting LLC, a company wholly owned by Ms. Carroll. Ms. Carroll's address is 355 W. Mesquite Blvd, #C70, Mesquite, NV 89027.

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### **Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence**

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company received short-term advances and proceeds from notes payable from related parties and officers of the Company, including David Tobias and Cathy Carroll, to cover operating expenses. The notes payable bear interest at rates between 5% and 8% per annum. Total notes payable amount to \$161,170 and the Company recorded interest expense related to these balances in the amount of \$3,756 during 2023. Aggregate accrued interest on the notes payable at December 31, 2023 was \$20,130. During 2023 \$54,450 of principal of the notes were paid down from the amounts due with the issuance of 9,900,000 shares of restricted common stock.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company received short-term advances and proceeds from notes payable from related parties and officers of the Company, including David Tobias, Cathy Carroll and Trevor Reed, to cover operating expenses. The notes payable bear interest at rates between 5% and 8% per annum. Total notes payable amount to \$184,038 and the Company recorded interest expense related to these balances in the amount of \$11,109 during 2024. Aggregate accrued interest on the notes payable at December 31, 2024 was \$30,005. During 2024, \$182,453 of principal of the notes were paid down from the amounts due with the issuance of 18,880,159 shares of restricted common stock.

### **Approval of Related Party Transactions**

Related party transactions are reviewed and approved or denied by the board of directors of the Company. If the related party to a transaction is a member of the board of directors, the transaction must be approved by a majority of the board that does not include the related party.

### **Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services**

The following table presents aggregate fees that were billed or expected to be billed for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2024, and 2023, for professional services rendered by Assure CPA LLC and Amitai CPA.

|                    | <b>2024</b>      | <b>2023</b>      |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Audit Fees         | \$ 37,500        | \$ 44,000        |
| Audit-Related Fees | -                | -                |
| Tax Fees           | -                | -                |
| Other Fees         | -                | -                |
| <b>Total</b>       | <b>\$ 37,500</b> | <b>\$ 44,000</b> |

“Audit Fees” represents fees for professional services provided in connection with the audit of our annual financial statements, review of financial statements included in our quarterly reports and related services normally provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings and engagements and consents.

“Audit-Related Fees” represent fees for professional services provided in connection with the audit of the financial statements of Presto Corp.

“Tax Fees” consists of fees for professional services rendered by our principal accountants for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

“Other Fees” consists of fees for products and services provided by our principal accountants, other than the services reported under “Audit Fees,” “Audit-Related Fees,” or “Tax Fees” above.

### **Policy on Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors**



It is the policy of the Company for all work performed by our principal accountant to be approved in advance by our audit committee. Currently the audit committee does not have the requisite number of independent Board Members. Accordingly, the functions of the audit committee are now being performed by the Full Board. All of the services described above in this Item 14 were approved in advance by our Board of Directors.

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### Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules.

The following documents are included as exhibits to this report.

#### (a) Exhibits

| Exhibit Number       | SEC Reference Number | Title of Document  | Location                                 |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| <a href="#">2.1</a>  | <a href="#">2</a>    | <a href="#">Agreement and Plan of Reorganization among Ultra Sun Corporation, Ultra Merger Corp. and Wild Earth Naturals, Inc., dated as of July 12, 2013*</a>                                 | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(1)</sup> |
| <a href="#">2.2</a>  | <a href="#">2</a>    | <a href="#">Articles of Merger among Ultra Merger Corp. and Wild Earth Naturals dated as of July 12, 2013</a>  | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(1)</sup> |
| <a href="#">2.3</a>  | <a href="#">2</a>    | <a href="#">Plan of Merger among Ultra Merger Corp. and Wild Earth Naturals dated as of July 12, 2013</a>  | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(1)</sup> |
| <a href="#">3.1</a>  | <a href="#">3</a>    | <a href="#">Articles of Incorporation</a>  | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(2)</sup> |
| <a href="#">3.2</a>  | <a href="#">3</a>    | <a href="#">Bylaws</a>   | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(2)</sup> |
| <a href="#">10.1</a> | <a href="#">10</a>   | <a href="#">Consulting Agreement dated July 12, 2013 between Ultra Sun Corporation and Neil Blossch</a>  | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(1)</sup> |
| <a href="#">10.2</a> | <a href="#">10</a>   | <a href="#">Form of Convertible Promissory Notes dated as of April 22, 2013 and Schedule of Notes Beneficially Owned by Officers, Directors and Principal Stockholders as of July 15, 2013</a> | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(1)</sup> |
| <a href="#">10.3</a> | <a href="#">10</a>   | <a href="#">Offer for Purchase and Sale of Business and Assets Between LST Utah, LLC and the Registrant dated August 23, 2013 and related agreements</a>                                       | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(3)</sup> |
| <a href="#">10.4</a> | <a href="#">10</a>   | <a href="#">Noncompetition Agreement among the Registrant, David Tobias and LST Utah, LLC dated as of September 27, 2013.</a>  | Incorporated by Reference <sup>(3)</sup> |

| Exhibit Number         | SEC Reference Number | Title of Document   | Location    |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------|
| <a href="#">31.1</a>   | <a href="#">31</a>   | <a href="#">Section 302 Certification of Chief Executive Officer</a>  | This Filing |
| <a href="#">31.2</a>   | <a href="#">31</a>   | <a href="#">Section 302 Certification of Chief Financial Officer</a>  | This Filing |
| <a href="#">32.1</a>   | <a href="#">32</a>   | <a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer</a> | This Filing |
| <a href="#">32.2</a>   | <a href="#">32</a>   | <a href="#">Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer</a> | This Filing |
| 101.INS <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Instance Document  |             |
| 101.SCH <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema  |             |
| 101.CAL <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase                          |             |
| 101.DEF <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase                           |             |
| 101.LAB <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase                                |             |
| 101.PRE <sup>(4)</sup> |                      | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase                         |             |

\* The exhibits and schedules to the Agreement and Plan of Reorganization are not included in the foregoing exhibit. The Registrant undertakes to furnish the Commission with supplemental copies of any omitted items on request.

<sup>(1)</sup> Incorporated by reference to the Company's current report on Form 8-K report filed July 18, 2013.

<sup>(2)</sup> Incorporated by reference to Exhibits 3(i) and 3(ii) of the Company's registration statement on Form 10-12G,

filed with the SEC on January 28, 2009.

- <sup>(3)</sup> Incorporated by reference to the Company's current report on Form 8-K filed October 25, 2013.
- <sup>(4)</sup> XBRL information is furnished and not filed for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is not subject to liability under those sections, is not part of any registration statement or prospectus to which it relates and is not incorporated or deemed to be incorporated by reference into any registration statement, prospectus or other document. These documents will be filed by amendment.

[SIGNATURES ON NEXT PAGE]

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Cannabis Sativa, Inc.  
(Registrant)

Dated: April 15, 2025

By: /s/ David Tobias  
David Tobias  
Chief Executive Officer, Chief  
Financial Officer and Director  
(Principal Executive Officer and  
Principal Financial Officer)

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ David Tobias  
David Tobias  
Chief Executive Officer, Chief  
Financial  
Officer and Director  
(Principal Executive Officer and  
Principal Financial Officer)

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ Catherine Carroll  
Catherine Carroll  
Director

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ Trevor Reed  
Trevor Reed  
Director

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ Robert N. Tankson III  
Robert N. Tankson III  
Director

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*FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022:*

|   |                      |
|---|----------------------|
| <a href="#"><u>Consolidated balance sheets</u></a>                                | F - 3                |
| <a href="#"><u>Consolidated statements of operations</u></a>                      | F - 4                |
| <a href="#"><u>Consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity</u></a> | F - 5                |
| <a href="#"><u>Consolidated statements of cash flows</u></a>                      | F - 6                |
| <a href="#"><u>Notes to consolidated financial statements</u></a>                 | F - 7 through F - 25 |

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### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

To Board of Directors and Shareholders of Dogecoin Cash, Inc.

#### **Opinion on the Financial Statements:**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Dogecoin Cash, Inc (the Company), for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the corresponding statement of operations, statement of changes in stockholders' equity and cash flow statement, for the period ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively the Financial Statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations, changes in stockholders' equity and its cash flows for periods ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAP).

#### **Basis for the Issuance of Opinion:**

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with US GAAP. This includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting appropriate accounting policies, and making reasonable accounting estimates.

The auditor's responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we obtained an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on its effectiveness. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Substantial Doubt About the Company's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

#### **Critical Audit Matter Description:**

The Company has experienced recurring operating losses and faces liquidity challenges, including limitations on the use of digital assets due to existing contractual conditions. These factors prompted management to assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. A contingency plan was developed to support continued operations for at least twelve months from the date the financial statements are issued.

How the Critical Audit Matter Was Addressed in the Audit:

We evaluated management's assessment of the going concern assumption, including the reasonableness of its contingency plans, availability of external financing, and strategies to improve liquidity. We reviewed contractual documentation and other relevant audit evidence to assess whether the conditions and mitigating factors were appropriately considered and disclosed in management's analysis.

**Asesoría Global, S.A.**

PCAOB ID: 7184

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2024

Guatemala City, Guatemala

April 15, 2025



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**DOGECOIN CASH, INC.**  
Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA, INC.)

**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

| <b>December 31,</b>   | <b>2024</b>         | <b>2023</b>         |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                     |                     |
| <b>Current Assets</b>   |                     |                     |
| Cash  | \$ 34,934           | \$ 83,762           |
| Investment in equity securities, at fair value  | 317,100             | 66,000              |
| Right of use asset  | -                   | 10,232              |
| <b>Total Current Assets</b>   | <b>352,034</b>      | <b>159,994</b>      |
| Advances to related parties   | 76,305              | 75,054              |
| Property and equipment, net   | 2,163               | 2,436               |
| Intangible assets, net  | 4,203               | 7,259               |
| Goodwill  | 1,275,811           | 1,775,811           |
| <b>Total Assets</b>   | <b>\$ 1,710,516</b> | <b>\$ 2,020,554</b> |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)</b>   |                     |                     |
| <b>Current Liabilities</b>  |                     |                     |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses   | \$ 149,480          | \$ 175,066          |
| Operating lease liability, current  | -                   | 10,232              |
| Accrued interest - related parties  | 30,005              | 20,130              |
| Fair value of convertible component in convertible loans  | 174,490             | -                   |
| Convertible notes payable   | 177,736             | 118,818             |
| Notes payable to related parties  | 184,038             | 161,170             |
| <b>Total Current Liabilities</b>  | <b>715,749</b>      | <b>485,416</b>      |
| <b>Long-term liabilities</b>  |                     |                     |
| Stock payable   | 1,123,639           | 777,747             |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>  | <b>1,839,388</b>    | <b>1,263,163</b>    |
| <b>Commitments and contingencies (Notes 6 and 8)</b>  |                     |                     |
| <b>Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>   |                     |                     |
| Preferred Stock \$0.001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized; 4,500,000 and - 0- shares issued and outstanding, respectively        | 4,500               | -                   |
| Common stock \$0.001 par value; 495,000,000 shares authorized; 143,903,923 and 88,814,037 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | 143,904             | 88,815              |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 82,229,325          | 81,392,196          |
| Accumulated deficit   | (83,816,573)        | (82,083,492)        |



|   |                            |                            |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| <b>Total Cannabis Sativa, Inc. Stockholders' Deficit</b>    | <b>(1,438,844)</b>         | <b>(602,481)</b>           |
| Non-Controlling Interest                                    | <u>1,309,972</u>           | <u>1,359,872</u>           |
| <b>Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b>                 | <b>(128,872)</b>           | <b>757,391</b>             |
| <b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)</b> | <b>\$ <u>1,710,516</u></b> | <b>\$ <u>2,020,554</u></b> |

**The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.**

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**DOGECOIN CASH, INC.**  
Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA, INC.)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

| For the years ended December 31,                                    |    | 2024        | 2023           |
|---|----|-------------|----------------|
| <b>Revenues</b>   | \$ | 802,704     | \$ 1,173,830   |
| <b>Cost of Revenues</b>   |    | 310,620     | 400,746        |
| <b>Gross Profit</b>   |    | 492,084     | 773,084        |
| <b>Operating Expenses</b>   |    |             |                |
| Professional fees   |    | 319,397     | 288,436        |
| Depreciation and amortization                                       |    | 3,329       | 151,957        |
| Wages and salaries  |    | 364,949     | 614,736        |
| Advertising   |    | 12,268      | 13,141         |
| General and administrative  |    | 485,370     | 560,666        |
| <b>Total Operating Expenses</b>                                     |    | 1,185,313   | 1,628,936      |
| <b>Loss from Operations</b>   |    | (693,229)   | (855,852)      |
| <b>Other Income and (Expenses)</b>                                  |    |             |                |
| Unrealized loss on investment                                       |    | (21,900)    | (149,083)      |
| Employee retention credit   |    | -           | 139,970        |
| Impairment of goodwill  |    | (500,000)   | (61,391)       |
| Loss on debt settlement   |    | (314,147)   | (184,394)      |
| Loss on return of investment securities                             |    | (33,000)    | (155,735)      |
| Interest expense  |    | (217,964)   | (56,432)       |
| <b>Total Other Income and (Expenses), Net</b>                       |    | (1,087,011) | (467,065)      |
| <b>Loss Before Income Taxes</b>                                     |    | (1,780,240) | (1,322,917)    |
| <b>Income Taxes</b>   |    | -           | -              |
| <b>Net Loss</b>   |    | (1,780,240) | (1,322,917)    |
| Income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest - PrestoCorp |    | (49,900)    | 69,306         |
| <b>Net Loss Attributable To Cannabis Sativa, Inc.</b>               | \$ | (1,730,340) | \$ (1,392,223) |
| <b>Net Loss per Common Share: Basic &amp; Diluted</b>               | \$ | (0.02)      | \$ (0.02)      |



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**DOGECOIN  
CASH, INC.  
Formerly  
(CANNABIS  
SATIVA, INC.)**

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) FOR THE YEARS ENDED  
DECEMBER 31, 2024 AND 2023**

|  | <u>Preferred Stock</u> |               | <u>Common Stock</u> |               | <u>Additional<br/>Paid-In<br/>Capital</u> | <u>Accumulated<br/>Deficit</u> | <u>Non-<br/>controlling<br/>Interest -<br/>Prestocorp</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------|---|--------------------------------|---|--------------|
|  | <u>Shares</u>          | <u>Amount</u> | <u>Shares</u>       | <u>Amount</u> |   |                                |   |              |
| <b>Balance - January 1, 2023</b>                       | -                      | \$ -          | 45,566,363          | \$ 45,567     | \$ 80,939,618                             | \$ (80,691,269)                | \$ 1,290,566  | \$ 1,584,482 |
| Common stock issued - note payable conversion          | -                      | -             | 40,797,674          | 40,798        | 366,828                                   | -                              | -   | 407,626      |
| Shares issued for services                             | -                      | -             | 2,450,000           | 2,450         | 85,750                                    | -                              | -   | 88,200       |
| Net income (loss)                                      | -                      | -             | -                   | -             | -   | (1,392,223)                    | 69,306  | (1,322,917)  |
| <b>Balance - December 31, 2023</b>                     | -                      | -             | 88,814,037          | \$ 88,815     | \$ 81,392,196                             | \$ (82,083,492)                | \$ 1,359,872  | \$ 757,391   |
| <b>Balance - January 1, 2024</b>                       | -                      | \$ -          | 88,814,037          | \$ 88,815     | \$ 81,392,196                             | \$ (82,083,492)                | \$ 1,359,872  | \$ 757,391   |
| Common stock issued - note payable conversions         | -                      | -             | 43,469,408          | 43,469        | 423,389                                   | -                              | -   | 466,858      |
| Common stock issued for services in accounts payable   | -                      | -             | 11,620,476          | 11,620        | 112,240                                   | -                              | -   | 123,860      |
| Preferred stock issued for acquisition of DogeSPAC LLC | 4,500,000              | 4,500         | -                   | -             | 301,500                                   | -                              | -   | 306,000      |
| Preferred dividend                                     | -                      | -             | -                   | -             | -   | (2,741)                        | -   | (2,741)      |
| Net loss   | -                      | -             | -                   | -             | -   | (1,730,340)                    | (49,900)  | (1,780,240)  |
| <b>Balance - December 31, 2024</b>                     | 4,500,000              | \$ 4,500      | 143,903,921         | \$ 143,904    | \$ 82,229,325                             | \$ (83,816,573)                | \$ 1,309,972  | \$ (128,872) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

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**DOGECOIN CASH, INC.**  
Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA, INC.)

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

| For the years ended December 31,   | 2024             | 2023             |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities:</b>   |                  |                  |
| Net loss   | \$ (1,780,240)   | \$ (1,322,917)   |
| <b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:</b>         |                  |                  |
| Unrealized loss on investments   | 21,900           | 149,083          |
| Interest expense - default on notes  | -                | 25,986           |
| Impairment of goodwill   | 500,000          | 61,391           |
| Interest payable forgiven 1800   | -                | (4,546)          |
| Depreciation and amortization  | 3,329            | 151,957          |
| Loss on debt settlement  | 314,147          | 184,394          |
| Loss on return of investment securities  | 33,000           | 155,735          |
| Stock issued for services  | -                | 88,200           |
| Stock payable for services   | 468,756          | 431,853          |
| Note payable issued for services   | 55,000           | 85,000           |
| <b>Changes in Assets and Liabilities:</b>  |                  |                  |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses  | 88,950           | (73,003)         |
| Fair value of convertible component in convertible loans                                   | 174,490          | —                |
| Accrued interest - related parties   | 12,998           | 3,756            |
| <b>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</b>   | <b>(107,670)</b> | <b>(63,111)</b>  |
| <b>Cash Flows from Investing Activities:</b>   |                  |                  |
| Proceeds from sale of stock held for investment  | -                | 9,040            |
| Advances to related party  | (1,250)          | (19,388)         |
| <b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>   | <b>(1,250)</b>   | <b>(10,348)</b>  |
| <b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities:</b>   |                  |                  |
| Proceeds from convertible note payable   | 38,000           | 33,056           |
| Proceeds from related parties notes payable, net   | 22,092           | 26,720           |
| <b>Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities</b>   | <b>60,092</b>    | <b>59,776</b>    |
| <b>NET CHANGE IN CASH</b>  | <b>(48,828)</b>  | <b>(13,683)</b>  |
| <b>CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR</b>   | <b>83,762</b>    | <b>97,445</b>    |
| <b>CASH AT END OF YEAR</b>   | <b>\$ 34,934</b> | <b>\$ 83,762</b> |
| <b>Supplemental Disclosures of Non Cash Activities:</b>                                    |                  |                  |
| <b>Noncash investing and financing activities</b>  |                  |                  |
| Shares issued in consideration of convertible notes and interest payable - related parties | \$ 7,453         | \$ 30,000        |

|   |            |            |
|---|------------|------------|
| Shares issued in consideration of convertible notes payable | \$ 456,530 | \$ 160,236 |
| Convertible note issued for payable                         | \$ 86,022  | \$ -       |
| Common stock issued for services in accounts payable        | \$ 123,860 | \$ -       |

**The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.**

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### **DOGECOIN CASH, INC. Formerly (CANNABIS SATIVA, INC) NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023**

#### **1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

##### *Nature of Business:*

Cannabis Sativa, Inc. (the “Company,” “us,” “we” or “our”) was incorporated as Ultra Sun Corp. under the laws of Nevada in November 2004. On November 13, 2013, we changed our name to Cannabis Sativa, Inc. On November 13, 2024, we changed our name to Dogecoin Cash, Inc. We operate through several subsidiaries including:

PrestoCorp, Inc. (“PrestoCorp”)  
DogeSPAC LLC  
Wild Earth Naturals, Inc. (“Wild Earth”)  
Kubby Patent and Licenses Limited Liability Company (“KPAL”)  
Hi Brands, International, Inc. (“Hi Brands”)  
Eden Holdings LLC (“Eden”).

PrestoCorp is a 51% owned subsidiary. DogeSPAC LLC, Wild Earth, KPAL, Hi Brands, and Eden are wholly owned subsidiaries. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, PrestoCorp is the sole operating subsidiary. Our primary operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 through December 31, 2024 were through PrestoCorp, which provides telemedicine online referral services for customers desiring medical marijuana cards in states where medical marijuana has been legalized. The Company is actively seeking new business opportunities for acquisition and is continually reviewing opportunities for product and brand development through our Wild Earth, Hi Brands, and KPAL subsidiaries.

##### *Principles of Consolidation:*

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Dogecoin Cash, Inc. (the “Company” or “CBDS”), and its wholly-owned subsidiaries and PrestoCorp, a 51% owned subsidiary. All significant inter-company balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

##### *Non-controlling Interests:*

Non-controlling interests are portions of entities included in the consolidated financial statements that are not attributable to the Company. Non-controlling interest are identified separately from the Company’s stockholders’ equity and its net income (loss). Non-controlling interest equity balances include the non-controlling entity’s initial contribution at the date of the original acquisition, ongoing contributions, distributions, and percentage share of earnings since inception. The non-controlling interests are calculated based on percentages of ownership.

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### *Going Concern:*

The Company has an accumulated deficit of \$83,816,573 at December 31, 2024, which, among other factors, raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to generate profitable operations in the future and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they are due.

### *Use of Estimates:*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Significant estimates and assumptions by management affect the allowance for doubtful accounts, the carrying value of long-lived assets (including goodwill and intangible assets), the provision for income taxes and related deferred tax accounts, certain accrued liabilities, revenue recognition, contingencies, and the value attributed to stock-based awards.

### *Property and Equipment:*

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided for on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The average lives range from five (5) to ten (10) years. Leasehold improvements are amortized on the straight-line method over the lesser of the lease term or the useful life. When assets are retired or sold, the costs and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in operations. Maintenance and repairs that neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life are charged to expense as incurred. Betterments or renewals are capitalized when incurred.

### *Fair Value Measurements and Financial Instruments:*

When required to measure assets or liabilities at fair value, the Company uses a fair value hierarchy based on the level of independent, objective evidence surrounding the inputs used. The Company determines the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements in their entirety fall. The categorization within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Level 1 uses quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs, and Level 3 uses significant unobservable inputs. The amount of the total gains or losses for the period are included in earnings that are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date. We measure our investment in equity securities at fair value on a recurring basis. The Company's investments in equity securities are valued using inputs observable in active markets and are therefore classified as Level 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, convertible debt and balances due to and from related parties approximate fair value given their short-term nature. Goodwill is valued under Level 3 and is analyzed annually for impairment.



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### *Cash:*

Cash is held at major financial institutions and insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to federal insurance limits. The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

### *Net Loss per Share:*

Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period and contains no dilutive securities. Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution of securities that could share in the earnings of the Company. Potentially dilutive shares are excluded from the calculation of diluted net loss per share because the effect is anti-dilutive. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has 3,708,929 and 1,854,543 outstanding warrants, respectively, and 4,500,000 shares of convertible preferred stock, respectively, that would be dilutive to future periods net income if converted.

### *Investments:*

Equity securities of investments in which the Company owns less than 20% and/or has no significant influence are generally measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings. Upon sale of an equity security, the realized gain or loss is recognized in earnings.

Investments in companies in which the Company owns more than 20% and has the ability to exercise significant influence, but do not control, are accounted for under the equity method of accounting. In determining whether significant influence exists, the Company will consider its participation in policy-making decisions and representation on governing bodies. Under the equity method of accounting, the Company's share of the net earnings or losses of the investee are included in earnings. The Company may elect to account for certain equity method investments at fair value whereby the carrying value of the investment is adjusted to fair value at the end of each period and the related change in fair value is recognized in earnings. For these investments, the Company's share of the net earnings or losses of the investee are not included in earnings.

Companies in which the Company holds investments amounting to more than 50% of the voting interests, but less than 100%, and in which the Company has significant influence, are consolidated and other investor interests are presented as non-controlling.

### *Revenue Recognition:*

In the year ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company operated one division, the telehealth business operated through PrestoCorp.

The telehealth division generates revenue based on a per telehealth visit for clients looking to obtain a permit to use marijuana for medical purposes in states that have legalized medical marijuana. Revenues are recognized when the Company satisfies its performance obligation to provide telehealth services upon a referral to a contracted physician. The obligation to perform the referral and the referral are automated and occur at the same time an online client subscribes for the visit and gains access to our network of health care professionals. Recognition of revenue is not dependent on the issuance of a marijuana card since issuance of the card is dependent on health and other factors beyond our control. This initial service is a one-time referral to a physician. Clients may return for other telehealth consultations, typically regarding product recommendations, and such additional physician referrals are provided at an additional cost. The billing and payment processes for each physician referral are automated through our online platform. Revenue is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration that is received in exchange for each physician referral provided to the client.



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Provision for sales incentives, discounts and returns and allowances, if applicable, are accounted for as reductions of revenue in the period the related sales are recorded. The Company had no warranty costs associated with the sales of its products.

### *Intangible Assets and Goodwill:*

Intangible asset amounts represent the acquisition date fair values of identifiable intangible assets acquired. The fair values of the intangible assets were determined by using the income approach, discounting projected future cash flows based on management's expectations of the current and future operating environment. The rates used to discount projected future cash flows reflected a weighted average cost of capital based on our industry, capital structure and risk premiums including those reflected in the current market capitalization. Definite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their useful lives, which have historically ranged from 5 to 10 years. The carrying amounts of our definite-lived intangible assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the entity may be unable to recover the asset group's carrying amount. We do not have any indefinite-lived intangible assets recorded from acquisitions.

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired in a business combination. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. The fair value of the reporting unit is evaluated on qualitative factors to determine if the reported value may be impaired. If the qualitative factors indicate a likelihood of impairment, we then evaluate carrying value of the reporting unit based on quantitative factors using the income approach. An impairment charge is recognized for the excess of the carrying value of goodwill for the reporting unit over its implied fair value.

### *Advertising Expense:*

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and are broken out separately in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

### *Stock-Based Compensation:*

Stock-based payments to employees and non-employees are recognized at their fair values. Compensation expense is recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide services in exchange for the award, known as the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). Transactions in which goods or services are received for the issuance of shares of the Company's preferred or common stock are accounted for based on the fair value of the common stock issued. The Company currently recognizes compensation costs immediately as our awards are 100% vested at the time of issuance. Forfeitures are recognized upon occurrence.

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### *Income Taxes:*

The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes which requires that deferred tax assets and liabilities be recorded to reflect the future tax consequences of temporary differences between the book and tax basis of various assets and liabilities. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Additionally, deferred tax assets are evaluated, and a valuation allowance is established if it is more likely than not that all or a portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. There can be no assurance that the Company's future operations will produce sufficient earnings so that the deferred tax asset can be fully utilized. The Company currently maintains a full valuation allowance against net deferred tax assets.

Uncertain tax positions are evaluated in a two-step process, whereby (i) it is determined whether it is more likely than not that the tax positions will be sustained based on the technical merits of the position and (ii) for those tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold, the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the related tax authority would be recognized.

### *Leases:*

The Company determines if an arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, at the inception of an arrangement. If the Company determines that the arrangement is a lease, or contains a lease, at lease inception, it then determines whether the lease is an operating lease or finance lease. Operating and finance leases result in recording a right-of-use ("ROU") asset and lease liability on the consolidated balance sheets. ROU assets represent the Company's right of use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. For purposes of calculating operating lease ROU assets and operating lease liabilities, the Company uses the non-cancellable lease term plus options to extend that it is reasonably certain to exercise. Lease expense for operating lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The Company has elected not to recognize ROU assets and lease liabilities that arise from short-term (12 months or less) leases for any class of underlying asset. The Company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components for any class of underlying asset.

### *Contingencies:*

In determining accruals and disclosures with respect to loss contingencies, the Company evaluates such accruals and contingencies for each reporting period. Estimated losses from loss contingencies are accrued by a charge to income when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability could be incurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Legal expenses associated with the contingency are expensed as incurred. If a loss contingency is not probable or reasonably estimable, disclosure of the loss contingency is made in the financial statements when it is at least reasonably possible that a material loss could be incurred.

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### *Recent Accounting Pronouncement:*

#### *Accounting Standards Updates Adopted*

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2019-12 Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity’s Own Equity. The update is to address issues identified as a result of the complexity associated with applying generally accepted accounting principles for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. The update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years and with early adoption permitted. Early adoption of this update had no impact on the Company’s consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards that have been issued or proposed by FASB that do not require adoption until a future date are not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements upon adoption.

## **2. Intangibles and Goodwill**

The Company considers all intangibles to be definite-lived assets with lives of 5 to 10 years. Intangibles consisted of the following at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

|   | <b>December<br/>31,<br/>2024</b> | <b>December<br/>31,<br/>2023</b> |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CBDS.com website (Cannabis Sativa)        | \$ 13,999                        | \$ 13,999                        |
| Intellectual Property Rights (PrestoCorp) | 240,000                          | 240,000                          |
| Patents and Trademarks (KPAL)             | 1,281,411                        | 1,281,411                        |
| Total Intangibles                         | 1,535,410                        | 1,535,410                        |
| Less: Accumulated Amortization            | (1,531,207 )                     | (1,528,151 )                     |
| Net Intangible Assets                     | \$ 4,203                         | \$ 7,259                         |

Amortization expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$3,056 and \$151,684, respectively.

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Amortization of intangibles through 2029 is:

|                                      |    |     |
|--------------------------------------|----|-----|
| January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025 | \$ | 932 |
| January 1, 2026 to December 31, 2026 |    | 932 |
| January 1, 2027 to December 31, 2027 |    | 932 |
| January 1, 2028 to December 31, 2028 |    | 932 |
| January 1, 2029 to December 31, 2029 |    | 478 |

Goodwill in the amount of \$3,010,202 was recorded as part of the acquisition of PrestoCorp that occurred on August 1, 2017. Cumulative impairment of the PrestoCorp goodwill totals \$1,734,391 and \$1,234,391 as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The balance of goodwill at December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$1,275,811 and \$1,775,811, respectively. Goodwill was impaired due to the analysis of PrestoCorp utilizing the discounted cash flow method which supported a present value of \$1,275,811. However, since the estimated enterprise value of PrestoCorp is less than the carrying value of the assets, \$500,000 of impairment write down was required at December 31, 2023.

### **3. Related Party Transactions**

In addition to items disclosed in Notes 6, the Company had additional related party transactions during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 officers and board of directors expense was \$106,487 and \$385,532, respectively. The Company also had consulting contracts with David Tobias and Cathy Carroll as noted below. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company owed two (2) directors \$18,750 and \$6,250, respectively for directors fees that are included in stock payable.

Historically, the Company has received funds from borrowings on notes payable and advances from related parties and officers of the Company to cover operating expenses. Related parties include the officers and directors of the Company and a significant shareholder holding in excess of 10% of the Company's outstanding shares.

Consulting expense to David Tobias, the Company's chief executive officer and director, for each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$187,500. Director fees to Mr. Tobias for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$6,250 and \$12,500, respectively. The last payment of these services was in June of 2022. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company owed Mr Tobias \$468,750 and \$281,250 in consulting services, and \$25,000 and \$18,750, respectively in directors fees. These are included in stock payable at December 31, 2024 and 2023 for a total of \$493,750 and \$300,000, respectively.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company owed the Estate of Brad Herr – prior chief financial officer \$93,750 in consulting services, and \$6,250, respectively in directors fees from his 2022 contract. These are included in stock payable at December 31, 2024 and 2023 for a total of \$100,000.

Consulting expense to Patrick Bilton, the Company's chief operating officer for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$84,375 and \$112,500, respectively. The last payment of these services was in June of 2022. At December 31, 2024 and 2023 the Company owed Mr Bilton \$253,125 and \$168,750 in consulting services, respectively. These are included in stock payable at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

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During the year ended December 31, 2023, David Tobias, the Company's chief executive officer and director, loaned \$38,400 to the Company for notes payable bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum due on December 31, 2023. The Company paid \$23,180 on this note during 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company and Cathy Carroll, director, entered into a note payable for \$70,000 for compensation due her for services. Ms. Carroll's note bears interest at 5% per annum and is due December 31, 2024. The note payable totaled \$109,250 of which \$5,750 was paid by the Company during 2023.

Ms. Carroll has a consulting agreement with the Company in the amount of \$12,500 quarterly. For each of the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 consulting expense was \$50,000. Director fees to Ms. Carroll for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$5,000 and \$10,000, respectively. Ms. Carroll has elected that these payments increase her note payable each quarter.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, Robert Tankson, one of the company's directors, received from the company payroll compensation equal to \$37,044 with shares and \$106,969 with cash.

At December 31, 2023 the Company also had an outstanding loan in the amount of \$4,000 to a director of the Company. It accrues interest at 5% per annum. On May 22, 2024, the Company paid off this loan and the accrued interest with common stock. See Note 6.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, David Tobias, the Company's chief executive officer and director, loaned \$14,102 to the Company for notes payable bearing interest at the rate of 5% per annum due on December 31, 2024. The Company paid \$50,225 on this note during 2024 with common stock. See Note 6.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company and Cathy Carroll, director, entered into a note payable for \$60,000 for compensation due her for services. Ms. Carroll's note bears interest at 5% per annum and is due December 31, 2024. At December 31, 2024 the note payable balance was \$164,250.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company recorded interest expense related to notes payable to related parties at the rates between 5% and 8% per annum in the amounts of \$11,109 and \$3,756 respectively.

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The following tables reflect the related party note payable balances.

|                                      | <b>Related<br/>party<br/>notes</b> | <b>Accrued<br/>interest</b> | <b>Total</b>        |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
|                                      | <b>December 31, 2024</b>           |                             |                     |
| David Tobias, CEO & Director         | \$ 11,788                          | \$ 18,712                   | \$ 30,500           |
| Cathy Carroll, Director              | 164,250                            | 11,226                      | 175,476             |
| Trevor Reed, Director                | 8,000                              | 67                          | 8,067               |
| Stock payable – Directors & Officers | 865,625                            | -                           | 865,625             |
| <b>Totals</b>                        | <b>\$ 1,049,663</b>                | <b>\$ 30,005</b>            | <b>\$ 1,079,668</b> |

|  | <b>Related<br/>party<br/>notes</b> | <b>Accrued<br/>interest</b> | <b>Total</b>      |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>December 31, 2023</b>           |                             |                   |
| David Tobias, CEO & Director                 | \$ 47,920                          | \$ 13,779                   | \$ 61,699         |
| New Compendium, greater than 10% Shareholder | -                                  | 1,906                       | 1,906             |
| Cathy Carroll, Director                      | 109,250                            | 986                         | 110,236           |
| Stock payable – Directors & Officers         | 606,250                            | -                           | 606,250           |
| <b>Other Affiliates</b>                      | <b>4,000</b>                       | <b>1,200</b>                | <b>5,200</b>      |
| <b>Totals</b>                                | <b>\$ 767,420</b>                  | <b>\$ 17,871</b>            | <b>\$ 785,291</b> |

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 9,900,000 shares of common stock in settlement of \$17,250 in related party notes payable. The Company also issued 2,450,000 to the officers of Presto valued at \$88,200 per their contract agreement.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company has a balance due from MJ Harvest, Inc., with whom the Company had plans to merge, of \$75,054, (see Note 8 and 11). The amount is included in advances to related party on the consolidated balance sheets. The funds were advanced to MJ Harvest, Inc. to cover operating expenses. The Company also has an advance to a director of \$1,250 at December 31, 2024 that is included in advances to related parties. The funds were advanced to the director to cover upcoming consulting services.

## **4. Investments**

### **REFG**

At December 31, 2023, the Company owns -0- shares of common stock of Medical Cannabis Payment Solutions (ticker: REFG). In January 2023, the Company sold all of its holdings in REFG for \$9,041 and recognized a loss of \$155,735.



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### **CBDG**

In 2021, the Company received 1,500,000 shares of common stock and 1,500,000 shares of preferred stock of THC Pharmaceuticals Inc. (ticker: CBDG). The CBDG shares were received as consideration for the sale of the Company's majority interest in iBud and GKMP in the year ended December 31, 2021. On the date of sale, the shares were valued at fair value which was \$0.20 per share or \$600,000 in the aggregate. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, David Tobias is a Director of CBDG. On January 1, 2024, the preferred shares were returned to CBDG.

The Company's investment in CBDG represents 15% of CBDG's voting shares on a fully diluted basis which, coupled with Mr. Tobias' position as a director and his individual investment in CBDG, results in the Company having significant influence over CBDG. The Company elected to account for its investment in CBDG at fair value because the Company does not intend to hold the investment for a long period of time and the shares are readily marketable. The fair value of the Company's investment at December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$11,100 and \$66,000 resulting in a loss of \$54,900 and \$301,500 for the change in fair value during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

### **5. Dogecoin Cash Token**

On November 13, 2024, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of the membership interests of DogeSPAC LLC, a Colorado limited liability company. As a result of the acquisition, the Company obtained 600,000,000 Dogecoin Cash (\$DOG) tokens.

In consideration for the acquisition, the Company issued 4,500,000 shares of its Series A Preferred Stock to the seller. The Series A Preferred Stock is not convertible but is redeemable at the option of the Company over a ten-year period. Additionally, upon declaration of dividends by the Company's board of directors, each share of Series A Preferred Stock is entitled to receive one share of common stock per year as a dividend in kind.

Although the Series A Preferred Stock is not convertible, the Company evaluated its fair value based on its redeemable nature and the economic substance of the dividend rights. Based on the Company's intent to redeem the shares by issuing common stock in lieu of cash, the economic value of the Series A Preferred Stock was determined based on the implied issuance of 45,000,000 shares of common stock (4.5 million Preferred  $\times$  10 years  $\times$  1 common per year). The fair value of the consideration transferred was calculated as follows:

$$45,000,000 \times \$0.00680 \text{ (common stock price on 11/13/24)} = \$306,000$$

Accordingly, the Company recorded the following journal entry:

| Account                        | Debit | Credit     |
|--------------------------------|-------|------------|
| Investment in DogeSPAC LLC     |       | \$ 306,000 |
| Series A Preferred Stock (par) |       | \$ 4,500   |
| Additional Paid-in Capital     |       | \$ 301,500 |

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### Valuation of Dogecoin Cash Tokens

Although the quoted market price of Dogecoin Cash tokens on the acquisition date was \$0.009562 per token—resulting in a nominal fair value of \$5,737,200—the Company has elected to record the tokens at historical cost. This decision reflects management’s view that the asset’s market is unstable and lacks sufficient liquidity to justify fair value recognition. Contributing factors include low trading volume, limited exchange availability, high price volatility, and minimal market depth.

Nonetheless, in accordance with ASC 820, Fair Value Measurement, the Company performed a fair value analysis as of December 31, 2024, to evaluate potential reporting disclosures. Due to the absence of an active market and the presence of significant unobservable inputs, the Company classified the valuation as a Level 3 fair value measurement.

To estimate fair value, the Company applied a weighted illiquidity discount model based on the following inputs:

- Low Trading Volume: 30% weight, 60% discount (18.00% weighted)
  - Exchange Availability: 25% weight, 70% discount (17.50% weighted)
  - Market Depth: 20% weight, 65% discount (13.00% weighted)
  - Community Strength: 15% weight, 50% discount (7.50% weighted)
  - Volatility Risk: 10% weight, 75% discount (7.50% weighted)
- Total weighted illiquidity discount: 63.5%

Fair value calculation (for disclosure purposes only):

- Nominal Market Value:  $600,000,000 \times \$0.009562 = \$5,737,200$
- Adjusted Fair Value:  $\$5,737,200 \times (1 - 0.635) = \$2,097,222$

This fair value was not recorded on the balance sheet. Instead, the Company continues to carry the Dogecoin Cash tokens at historical cost (\$306,000), based on the consideration transferred in the acquisition, until such time that market conditions stabilize and fair value can be reliably measured.

Management will continue to monitor market developments and evaluate potential impairment or revaluation in future periods as necessary.

### **6. Convertible Notes Payable**

On January 1, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement with Carolyn Merrill (“Carolyn”) whereby the Company issued a convertible note to Carolyn with a principal amount of \$72,262. As stated in the January 1, 2023, agreement Ms. Merrill’s contract compensation will also be added to the note for her services through March 31, 2023 in the amount of \$25,000. On December 19, 2023, \$11,500 of note payable was converted to 6,700,000 shares common stock which were valued at \$36,800 resulting in a loss on conversion of \$25,300. Note payable at December 31, 2023 was \$85,762.

On January 29, 2024 \$6,916 of note payable was converted to 1,900,000 shares common stock which were valued at \$41,610 resulting on a loss on conversion of \$34,694.

On October 1, 2024 \$10,045 of note payable was converted to 3,500,000 shares common stock which were valued at \$35,000 resulting on a loss on conversion of \$24,955.

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On October 1, 2024, 5,539 shares common stock which were issued that were shorted in the conversion on December 19, 2023. These were valued at \$55 resulting on a loss on conversion of \$55.

The note bears interest at 8% and has a term of one year when payment of principal and interest is due. If payment by S-8 shares the amount paid will be with a 10% discount, if by agreement and paid with restricted stock will be with a 30% discount. Both methods are calculated using the lowest 3 closing prices during the 30 trading days preceding the request for conversion.

The Company accounted for the note in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with conversion and other Options. As of December 31, 2024 the conversion feature was valued at \$27,083.

On September 18, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement with Quick Capital, LLC whereby the Company issued a convertible note with a principal amount of \$33,055. The maturity date is nine months after the issue date, accruing interest at 12% per annum and can be converted after 180 days from date of issue at a fixed rate of \$0.01 per share. On June 26, 2024, Quick Capital converted \$7,613 of note payable, \$2,967 accrued interest and \$1,420 fees for a total of \$12,000 into 1,200,000 shares common stock. The market value on June 26, 2024 was \$0.0176 or a market value of \$21,120 which gave rise to a loss on conversion of \$9,120. On July 18, 2024, Quick Capital converted \$20,768 of note payable, \$176 accrued interest and \$1,457 fees for a total of \$22,400 into 5,104,831 shares common stock. The market value on July 18, 2024 was \$0.011 or a market value of \$56,153 which gave rise to a loss on conversion of \$35,209. On September 9, 2024, Quick Capital converted \$4,675 of note payable, \$78 accrued interest and \$1,457 fees for a total of \$6,210 into 1,910,781 shares common stock. The market value on September 30, 2024 was \$0.0073 or a market value of \$13,949 which gave rise to a loss on conversion of \$9,196.

The Company accounted for the note in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with conversion and other Options. As of September 30, 2024, the conversion feature was revalued at \$103.

On August 16, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement with Colonial Stock Transfer Company, Inc., ("CSTC") whereby the Company issued a convertible note to CSTC with a principal amount of \$11,020. The note bears interest at 10% and has a term of one year when payment of principal and interest is due. If payment by S-8 shares the amount paid will be with a 10% discount, if by agreement and paid with restricted stock will be with a 25% discount. The conversion methods are calculated using the lowest closing prices during the 25 trading days preceding the request for conversion. On October 10, 2024, Colonial converted the entire note payable of \$11,020 plus interest of \$1,370 into 4,130,316 shares of common stock. The market value on October 10, 2024, was \$0.01 or a market value of \$41,303 which gave rise to a loss on conversion of \$28,911.

On January 15, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement with Carolyn Merrill ("Carolyn") whereby the Company issued a convertible note to Carolyn with a principal amount of \$75,000. The note bears interest at 5% and has a term of one year when payment of principal and interest is due. If payment by S-8 shares the amount paid will be with a 10% discount, if by agreement and paid with restricted stock will be with a 30% discount. Both methods are calculated using the average of the lowest 3 closing prices during the 30 trading days preceding the request for conversion.

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The Company accounted for the note in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with conversion and other Options. As of December 31, 2024, the conversion feature was valued at \$147,304.

On May 22, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement with Quick Capital, LLC whereby the Company issued a convertible note with a principal amount of \$33,333. The Company received \$25,000 after loan costs of \$5,000 and original issue discount of \$3,333. The original issue discount is included in loss on debt settlement. The maturity date is nine months after the issue date, accruing interest at 12% per annum and can be converted after 180 days from date of issue at a fixed rate of \$0.02 per share. On December 18, 2024, Quick Capital converted \$23,024 of note payable plus interest of \$2,159 and \$1,457 fees into 6,837,782 shares of common stock. The market value on December 18, 2024 was \$0.01 or a market value of \$68,378 which gave rise to a loss on conversion of \$41,738.

On August 5, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement with Colonial Stock Transfer Company, Inc., (“CSTC”) whereby the Company issued a convertible note to CSTC with a principal amount of \$15,626. The note bears interest at 10% and has a term of one year when payment of principal and interest is due. Conversion will be with a 25% discount and will be calculated using the lowest closing price during the 25 trading days preceding the request for conversion.

The Company accounted for the note in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with conversion and other Options. As of December 31, 2024, the conversion feature was valued at \$0.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, accrued interest payable and interest expense on these notes was \$21,285 and \$9,931, respectively. Accrued interest payable is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheet.

## **7. Stockholders’ Equity**

### *Change in Authorized Shares*

The Company increased the number of authorized common shares the Company is authorized to issue to 495,000,000 on August 8, 2022. This change in capital structure was approved without a meeting by the consent of the shareholders holding a majority of the common stock outstanding and Articles of Amendment were filed with the State of Nevada.

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### ***Preferred Stock***

#### ***Series A Preferred Stock***

On November 13, 2024, the Company designated 5,000,000 and issued 4,500,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock at a par value of \$0.001 per share, pursuant to a Certificate of Designation filed with the Nevada Secretary of State. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock entitles the holder to receive, if and when declared by the Board of Directors, one (1) share of common stock per annum as a dividend, provided the holder owns the share on November 25 of the applicable year. The dividend is non-cumulative and payable solely in common stock.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company approved a preferred stock dividend of 1 share preferred for every 1,000 common shares held by shareholders of record on November 25, 2024. 137,066 shares of preferred stock are due to be issued valued \$2,741 based on the market value of \$0.02 on November 25, 2024, and was included in stock payable at December 31, 2024. As of the date of this report, the dividend is still awaiting FINRA announcement.

As the Series A Preferred Stock was issued on November 13, 2024, and dividends are earned annually based on a full year of holding, no dividend was earned, declared, or payable during the year ended December 31, 2024. The earliest period in which holders may become eligible to receive a dividend is the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025, subject to Board declaration and provided the holder remains on record as of November 25, 2025.

The Series A Preferred Stock is not convertible and may be redeemed, at the option of the Company, at any time on or before October 25, 2034, by issuing ten (10) shares of common stock for each one (1) share of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding. As of December 31, 2024, no redemptions have been declared or effected.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company approved the acquisition of DogeSPAC, LLC, a Colorado LLC with an issuance of 4,500,000 preferred stock. These shares were valued at \$306,000 based on the redemption rate and the closing market value of \$0.00680 on November 13, 2024.

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### *Securities Issuances*

During the year ended December 31, 2024, shares of common stock and preferred stock were issued to related and non-related parties for the purposes indicated, as follows:

| <b>Services</b>  | <b>Share Issuances in the Year Ended<br/>December 31, 2024</b> |                  |                   |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>Common</b>  | <b>Preferred</b> | <b>Value</b>      |
| <i>Related Parties</i>   |  |                  |                   |
| Kyle Powers  | 5,968,200  | —                | \$ 53,714         |
| Robert Tankson, Director   | 4,987,038  | —                | 54,521            |
| Trevor Reed, Director  | 665,238  | —                | 15,625            |
| <i>Total related party issuances</i>   | 11,620,476   | —                | 123,860           |
| <i>Non-related party issuances</i>   | —  | —                | —                 |
| <b>Total shares for services</b>   | 11,620,476   | —                | 123,860           |
| Shares issued for acquisition of DogeSPAC LLC                                      | —  | 4,500,000        | 306,000           |
| Shares issued in consideration of notes and accrued interest - related parties     | 18,880,159   | —                | 182,453           |
| Shares issued in consideration of notes and accrued interest – Non-related parties | 24,589,249   | —                | 277,567           |
| <b>Aggregate Totals</b>  | <u>55,089,884</u>  | <u>4,500,000</u> | <u>\$ 889,880</u> |

During the years ended December 31, 2023, shares of common stock and preferred stock were issued to related and non-related parties for the purposes indicated, as follows:

| <b>Services</b>  | <b>Share Issuances in the Year Ended<br/>December 31, 2023</b> |                  |                   |
|--|--|------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>Common</b>  | <b>Preferred</b> | <b>Value</b>      |
| <i>Related Parties</i>   |  |                  |                   |
| Robert Tankson, Director   | 1,029,000  | —                | \$ 37,044         |
| Kyle Powers  | 1,421,000  | —                | 51,156            |
| <i>Total related party issuances</i>   | 2,450,000  | —                | 88,200            |
| <i>Non-related party issuances</i>   | —  | —                | —                 |
| <b>Total shares for services</b>   | 2,450,000  | —                | 88,200            |
| Shares issued in consideration of notes - related parties                          | 9,900,000  | —                | 54,450            |
| Shares issued in consideration of notes and accrued interest - non related parties | 30,897,674   | —                | 353,176           |
| <b>Aggregate Totals</b>  | <u>43,247,674</u>  | <u>—</u>         | <u>\$ 495,826</u> |

Stock payable at December 31, 2024 consists of 32,260,564 preferred shares and 20,992,665 restricted common shares owed to members of the board of directors for directors' fees and contract services. These shares were valued at \$865,625 based on the fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of board authorization. An additional 21,401,933 common shares were owed to various non-related vendors at December 31, 2024 valued at \$255,273 based on the fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of board authorization. At December 31, 2024, the Company owes 137,066 to shareholders as a preferred stock dividend valued at \$2,741.



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Stock payable at December 31, 2023 consists of 16,199,348 preferred shares and 13,177,349 restricted common shares owed to members of the board of directors for directors' fees and contract services. These shares were valued at \$743,393 based on the fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of board authorization. An additional 7,596,408 common shares were owed to various non-related vendors at December 31, 2023 valued at \$83,334 based on the fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of board authorization. Subsequent to year end, no issuance of the shares have been made.

### *Stock Compensation Plans*

#### 2020 Stock Plan

On September 25, 2020, the Company adopted the Cannabis Sativa 2020 Stock Plan which authorized the Company to utilize common stock to compensate employees, officers, directors, and independent contractors for services provided to the Company. By resolution dated September 25, 2020, the Company authorized up to 1,000,000 shares of common stock to be issued pursuant to the 2020 Stock Plan. This amount was subsequently increased to 2,000,000 shares on January 27, 2021. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, 44,425 shares were available for future issuance.

### *Warrants*

During the year ended December 31, 2023, warrants activity consisted of the following: warrants issued - 1,739,766 with an exercise price of \$0.019 unless the market price of one share of common stock is greater than the exercise price, then the holder may elect to receive the warrants as a cashless exercise. An additional 114,777 cashless warrants were issued. Both warrants were issued in September 2023 expiring in September 2028.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, warrants activity consisted of the following: warrants issued - 1,854,386 cashless warrants issued in May 2024 expiring in May 2029.



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### **8. Commitments and Contingencies**

#### *Leases.*

On April 12, 2022, PrestoCorp signed a lease in New York with Spaces for a two-year term at \$2,590 per month expiring in April 2024. On April 12, 2024, PrestoCorp signed a new lease for (12) twelve months at \$1,575 per month starting on May 1, 2024 and expiring on April 30, 2024. The Company recognized a lease liability and a right of use asset of \$18,064 using a discount rate of 10%. The future lease payments under the new lease are as follows:

|  |    |          |
|--|----|----------|
| From January 1, 2025 to April 30, 2025 | \$ | 6,351    |
| Subtotal                               |    | 6,351    |
| Less imputed interest                  |    | (129 )   |
| Net lease liability                    |    | 6,222    |
| Current Portion                        |    | (6,222 ) |
| Long-term portion                      | \$ | -        |

Rent expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 was \$21,168 and \$35,818, respectively.

#### *Litigation.*

In the ordinary course of business, we may face various claims brought by third parties and we may, from time to time, make claims or take legal actions to assert our rights, including intellectual property disputes, contractual disputes and other commercial disputes. Any of these claims could subject us to litigation. As of December 31, 2024, no claims are outstanding.

### **9. Proposed Merger with MJ Harvest, Inc.**

On August 8, 2022, the Company entered into a Merger Agreement (the “Merger Agreement”) with MJ Harvest, Inc. (“MJHI”). Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, MJHI will merge with and into the Company and the Company will be the surviving corporation in the Merger. The Merger was expected to be consummated once the shareholders of the Company and the shareholders of MJHI approved the Merger which management had expected will be completed early in the second quarter of calendar year 2023.

The merger was withdrawn with the SEC in August 2023. As of December 31, 2024, the merger has effectively been abandoned. Though not formally withdrawn the deal is effectively stalled without any further progress. The Company and MJ Harvest may continue discussions in the future in hopes of completing the transaction.

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### **10. Acquisition of DogeSPAC, LLC**

On November 13, 2024 the Company approved the acquisition of 600,000,000 Dogecoin Cash (DOG) tokens and DogeSPAC, LLC, Colorado, from DogeSPAC, LLC, Puerto Rico, for 4,500,000 preferred shares of the Company. On November 13, 2024, the value of the preferred stock to be given to DogeSPAC, LLC, Puerto Rico was \$306,000 based on the closing market value of \$0.00680 and the redemption rate of 1 preferred share to 10 common shares.

The board also approved the Company's name change to Dogecoin Cash, Inc., effective upon filing with the state of Nevada, and declared a special dividend to shareholders of 1 preferred share for every 1,000 common shares for shareholders of record on November 25, 2024.

As of the date of this report the Company is still awaiting name change approval from FINRA.

### **11. Income Taxes**

The Company did not recognize a tax provision or benefit for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 due to ongoing net losses and a valuation allowance. At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had net deferred tax assets which will not be realized and are fully reserved by valuation allowances.

At December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had net deferred tax assets principally arising from net operating loss carryforward for income tax purposes and differences in the carrying values of goodwill and intangibles between the Company's financial statements and its income tax returns. As management of the Company cannot determine that it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefit of the deferred tax assets, a valuation allowance equal to 100% of the net deferred tax asset exists at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The components of the Company's net deferred tax assets at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

|                                  | <u>2024</u>  | <u>2023</u>  |
|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Deferred tax asset:              |              |              |
| Net operating loss carryforwards | \$ 4,450,000 | \$ 4,198,000 |
| Intangibles and goodwill         | 1,004,000    | 1,004,000    |
| Investments                      | 31,000       | 34,000       |
| Other                            | 4,000        | (6,000 )     |
| Total deferred tax assets        | 5,489,000    | 5,230,000    |
| Valuation allowance              | (5,489,000 ) | (5,230,000 ) |
| Net deferred tax assets          | \$ -         | \$ -         |

At December 31, 2024, the Company had net operating loss carry forwards of approximately \$20,000,000 for federal and state purposes, \$10,000,000 of which expire between 2025 through 2041. The remaining balance of \$10,000,000 will never expire but utilization is limited to 80% of taxable income in any future year.

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The reconciliation of the federal income tax rate and the Company's tax provision (benefit) at December 31, 2024 is as follows:

|  | 2024          | 2023          |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Provision (benefit) computed using the statutory rate: | \$ 39,500,000 | \$ (265,000 ) |
| Permanent differences                                  | (46,825,000 ) | (15,000 )     |
| Change in estimate                                     | 7,065,000     | 130,000       |
| Change in valuation allowance                          | 260,000       | 150,000       |
| Total income tax provision (benefit)                   | \$ -          | \$ -          |

The Company has analyzed its filing positions in all jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns and found no positions that would require a liability for uncertain income tax benefits to be recognized. The Company is subject to possible tax examinations for the fiscal years 2021 through 2024. Prior year tax attributes could be adjusted by taxing authorities. If applicable, the Company will deduct interest and penalties as interest expense on the financial statements.

## **12. Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements.

### **MJ Harvest Advance**

In April 2025, the Company became aware that MJ Harvest, Inc. (a related party with a common director), was delisted from the OTC Markets. The Company had advanced \$75,055 to MJ Harvest in anticipation of a merger transaction in 2022 and had been engaged in efforts to collect on this advance. . In April 2025, the Company has allowed for the \$75,055 it had advanced to MJ Harvest, as the Company is unsure whether the advance will be paid back. The Company is going to continue in its efforts to try to collect on this advance.

Subsequent Event 1: Agreement with Bots, Inc.

On February 19, 2025, the Company entered into an agreement with Bots, Inc. to purchase 420,000,000 DogeCoin Cash tokens (token symbol: DOG). The Company's Board of Directors approved the transaction on February 20, 2025. The transaction is expected to close during the second quarter of 2025 and will increase the Company's current holdings of DogeCoin Cash from 600,000,000 to 1,020,000,000 tokens, subject to closing conditions.

Subsequent Event 2: Formation of MEME COINS Inc. and Agreement with Tipestry, Inc.

In the first quarter of 2025, the Company established a wholly owned subsidiary, MEME COINS Inc., to support its strategic initiatives in the digital asset sector. MEME COINS Inc. subsequently entered into an agreement with Tipestry, Inc. to acquire an additional 1,000,000,000 DogeCoin Cash tokens, to be paid for through the issuance of MEME COINS Inc. preferred shares. If completed, this transaction will increase the Company's total holdings of DogeCoin Cash to 2,020,000,000 tokens, further enhancing its position in the meme coin market.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, David Tobias, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, of Cannabis Sativa, Inc., (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions);
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 15, 2025

By: /s/ David Tobias

Principal Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, David Tobias, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, of Dogecoin Cash, Inc., (the “Registrant”);
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed to the Registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the Registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions);
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 15, 2025

By: /s/ David Tobias

David Tobias, Principal Financial  
Officer

**EXHIBIT 32.1**

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Cannabis Sativa, Inc. (the “Registrant”) on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Commission on the date hereof (the “Annual Report”), I, David Tobias, Principal Executive Officer of the Registrant, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ David Tobias

David Tobias  
Principal Executive Officer

**EXHIBIT 32.2**

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Dogecoin Cash, Inc. (the “Registrant”) on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, as filed with the Commission on the date hereof (the “Annual Report”), I, David Tobias, Principal Financial Officer of the Registrant, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Annual Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Quarterly Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: April 15, 2025

/s/ David Tobias

David Tobias  
Principal Financial Officer

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