

Audited Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended October 31, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Management's Report on Consolidated Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements of Canada Nickel Company Inc. have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management. The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and reflect management's best estimates and judgements based on information currently available. In the opinion of management, the accounting practices utilized are appropriate in the circumstances and the consolidated financial statements fairly reflect the financial position and results of operations of the Company.

The Board of Directors is responsible for ensuring management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. The Audit Committee meets with the Company's management and external auditors to discuss the results of the audit and to review the consolidated financial statements prior to the Audit Committee's submission to the Board of Directors for approval. The Audit Committee also reviews with management the Company's systems of internal control, and reviews the scope of the external auditors' audit and non-audit work. The Audit Committee is composed entirely of directors not involved in the daily operations of the Company who are thus considered to be free from any relationship that could interfere with their exercise of independent judgement as a committee member.

MNP LLP, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the shareholders to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Committee and management to discuss their audit findings.

February 28, 2025

"Mark Selby" "Wendy Kaufman"

Signed: Chief Executive Officer Signed: Chief Financial Officer



To the Shareholders of Canada Nickel Company Inc.:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Canada Nickel Company Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at October 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as at October 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audits of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss during the year ended October 31, 2024 and, as of that date, the Company had a working capital deficiency and an accumulated deficit. As stated in Note 1, these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Except for the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. We obtained Management's Discussion and Analysis prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS® Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audits.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Blair Michael Mabee.

Mississauga, Ontario

February 28, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants

Licensed Public Accountants



Canada Nickel Company Inc. Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	October 31 2024	October 31 2023
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		4,655,260	14,433,936
Harmonized sales tax receivable		7,977,727	1,583,893
Other accounts receivable and prepaid expenses		1,256,282	772,949
Total current assets		13,889,269	16,790,778
Non-current assets			
Exploration and evaluation assets	4	249,802,751	165,440,221
Equipment and right-of-use assets	5	862,301	836,759
Total assets		264,554,321	183,067,758
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Short-term loans Flow-through share premium	13,14 6 8	33,165,658 21,465,335 961.028	4,509,095 16,673,070
Flow-through share premium	8	961,028 55,592,021	21,182,165
Total current liabilities		33,392,021	21,102,103
Long-term portion of right-of-use lease liability	5	146,653	
Deferred tax liabilities	40		204,778
	16	1,826,789	204,778 4,092,387
Asset retirement obligation	16 7	1,826,789 1,611,815	4,092,387 1,547,867
		1,826,789	4,092,387
Asset retirement obligation		1,826,789 1,611,815	4,092,387 1,547,867
Asset retirement obligation Total liabilities		1,826,789 1,611,815	4,092,387 1,547,867
Asset retirement obligation Total liabilities Shareholders' equity	7	1,826,789 1,611,815 59,177,278	4,092,387 1,547,867 27,027,197
Asset retirement obligation Total liabilities Shareholders' equity Share capital	8	1,826,789 1,611,815 59,177,278 218,465,478	4,092,387 1,547,867 27,027,197 169,878,160
Asset retirement obligation Total liabilities Shareholders' equity Share capital Share-based compensation and warrant reserves	8	1,826,789 1,611,815 59,177,278 218,465,478 19,344,481	4,092,387 1,547,867 27,027,197 169,878,160 15,377,733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1) Commitments and contingencies (Note 14) Subsequent events (Note 17)

Signed on behalf of the Board:

<u>"Mark Selby"</u> Mark Selby, Director

"David Smith" David Smith, Director

Canada Nickel Company Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Years Ended October 31

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Expenses			
Salaries	13	2,232,644	1,395,816
Consulting and advisory		2,595,459	2,405,389
Professional fees		1,308,041	984,859
General and administrative costs		1,513,548	940,285
Promotion and communication		393,250	280,827
Investor relations and marketing		546,279	536,248
Incentive compensation	10,11	4,736,080	4,622,226
Travel and other		1,194,714	811,173
Foreign exchange gain and interest income		(1,091,951)	(398,414)
Transaction costs and interest expense	6,8	3,442,090	1,862,045
		16,870,154	13,440,454
Flow-through share premium	8	(11,386,972)	(2,045,511)
Net loss and comprehensive loss before tax		5,483,182	11,394,943
Income tax expense (recovery)	16	(2,265,598)	2,829,934
Net loss and comprehensive loss		3,217,584	14,224,877
Loss per share – basic and diluted Weighted average number of shares outstanding	12	\$0.02 170,817,393	\$0.11 131,238,316

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Canada Nickel Company Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the Years Ended October 31

	Note	2024	2023
		\$	\$
Operating activities			
Net loss		(3,217,584)	(14,224,877)
Add – transaction costs included in financing activities		662,790	1,221,891
Adjustments for non-cash items:			
Share-based compensation		3,859,380	4,622,226
Flow-through share premium		(11,386,972)	(2,045,511)
Income tax expense (recovery)		(2,265,598)	2,829,934
Accretion charges related to short term loan facility		1,821,635	1,054,994
Expenses paid or payable in shares		126,067	233,365
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Harmonized sales tax receivable		(6,393,834)	(56,831)
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses		84,851	(288,578)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,868,835	(737,408)
Net cash used in operating activities		(14,840,430)	(7,390,795)
Investing activities			
Exploration and evaluation expenditures	4	(56,671,463)	(37,248,538)
Purchase of equipment	5	(238,794)	(123,574)
Net cash used in investing activities		(56,910,257)	(37,372,112)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from share issuances, net of costs	8	58,735,385	44,582,756
Repayment of lease obligations	Ü	(85,540)	(114,186)
Repayment of short-term loan facility and related interest and		(00,0-10)	(114,100)
arrangement fees	6	(17,335,860)	(14,513,872)
Proceeds from short-term facility, net of transaction costs	6	19,901,859	15,768,017
Proceeds from exercise of warrants and stock options	9,10	756,167	464,192
Net cash provided from financing activities	·	61,972,011	46,186,907
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		14,433,936	13,009,936
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(9,778,676)	1,424,000
			14,433,936
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		4,655,260	14,433,930
Supplementary disclosure			
Value of shares issued for acquisitions	4	1,193,622	2,785,104
Value of shares issued for settlement of accounts			
payable		436,000	233,365

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Canada Nickel Company Inc. Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Note	Number of common shares	Share capital	Share-based compensation reserve	Warrants reserve	Deficit	Total
		#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, October 31, 2022		113,067,836	122,126,306	11,241,037	451,475	(14,990,455)	118,828,363
Share issuance - equity offering	8	23,794,597	44,582,756	-	-	-	44,582,756
Flow through share premium reserve	8		(2,045,511)	-	-	-	(2,045,511)
Share issuance - stock options exercised	10	1,829,168	799,164	(341,872)	-	-	457,292
Share issuance – restricted share units exercised	11	1,303,325	2,611,596	(2,611,596)	-	-	-
Share issuance - acquisitions		1,584,738	1,553,104	-	-	-	1,553,104
Share issuance – warrants exercised		69,330	17,380	-	(10,480)	-	6,900
Fair value of share-based compensation	10,11	-	-	6,499,227	· -	-	6,499,227
Fair value of warrants issued	6	-	-	- -	239,180	-	239,180
Unamortized portion of warrants	6				(89,238)		(89,238)
Shares issued to settle accounts payable		173,150	233,365	-	· -	-	233,365
Net loss for the year		-	-	-	-	(14,224,877)	(14,224,877)
Balance, October 31, 2023		141,822,144	169,878,160	14,786,796	590,937	(29,215,332)	156,040,561
Balance, October 31, 2023		141,822,144	169,878,160	14,786,796	590,937	(29,215,332)	156,040,561
Share issuance - equity offering	8	35,193,802	54,763,151	-	2,172,505	(20,210,002)	56,935,656
Flow through share premium reserve	8	-	(12,348,000)	_	_,,	_	(12,348,000)
Share issuance - stock options exercised	10	296,667	129,504	(55,337)	_	_	74,167
Share issuance – restricted share units exercised	11	2,187,814	3,591,794	(3,591,794)	_	_	- 1,107
Share issuance - acquisitions	• • •	874,936	1,193,622	(0,001,701)	_	_	1,193,622
Share issuance – warrants exercised	9	550,000	851,180	<u>-</u>	(169,180)	_	682,000
Fair value of share-based compensation	10,11	-	-	5,352,395	-	_	5,352,395
Fair value of warrants issued	6	_	_	-	258,159	_	258,159
Shares issued to settle accounts payable	Ū	300,090	280,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	280,000
Shares to be issued to settle accounts payable		-	126,067	_	_	_	126,067
Net loss for the year			-	-	<u>-</u>	(3,217,584)	(3,217,584)
Balance, October 31, 2024		181,225,453	218,465,478	16,492,060	2,852,421	(32,432,916)	205,377,043

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Canada Nickel Company Inc. ("Canada Nickel" or the "Company") was incorporated on October 11, 2019 under the laws of the Province of Ontario, Canada, and its head office is located at 130 King Street West, Suite 1900, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1E3.

On February 27, 2020, the Company's common shares commenced trading on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V") under the symbol "CNC" and its common shares also trade on the OTCQX Best Market under the symbol "CNIKF".

The Company is engaged in the exploration and discovery of nickel sulphide assets to deliver future supply for the high growth electric vehicle, green energy and stainless steel markets. The Company owns 100 per cent of the Crawford Nickel Sulphide Project ("Crawford" or "the Project"), which is located adjacent to major infrastructure in the world class Timmins-Cochrane mining camp of northern Ontario, Canada. The Company also owns 25 additional nickel targets located near the Project.

On July 21, 2020, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary, NetZero Metals Inc. ("NetZero Metals") under the laws of the Province of Ontario. NetZero Metals is intended to develop a downstream nickel processing facility and a stainless steel facility in the Timmins region. On November 3, 2022, the Company incorporated a wholly-owned subsidiary, Central Timmins Nickel Company Inc.; also incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario. Central Timmins Nickel Company Inc. holds the interest in the Texmont property. On July 11, 2024, the Company incorporated NetZero Royalty Inc. a wholly owned subsidiary incorporated under the laws of the Province of Ontario.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a going concern, which presumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As the Company has no revenue producing mines, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise funds in the capital markets, or through the sale of assets. The Company is in the exploration and evaluation stage and as is common with many exploration companies, it raises financing for its exploration and acquisition activities in discrete tranches. The Company has a working capital deficit balance of \$41,702,752 at October 31, 2024, and has incurred losses and negative cashflows from operations and has an accumulated deficit of \$32,432,916. The ability of the Company to carry out its planned business objectives is dependent on its ability to raise adequate financing from lenders, shareholders and other investors and/or generate operating profitability and positive cash flow. There can be no assurances that the Company will continue to obtain the additional financial resources necessary and/or achieve profitability or positive cash flows. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate financing, the Company may be required to curtail operations, exploration, and development activities. All of these outcomes are uncertain and taken together indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt over the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

The Company will continue to source other funding and may increase or decrease expenditures as necessary to adjust to a changing capital market environment.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on February 28, 2025.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies

Statement of compliance

The Company applies International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

Basis of presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information. The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Canada Nickel and its subsidiaries, NetZero Metals Inc., Central Timmins Nickel Company Inc. and NetZero Royalty Inc., from its respective date of control. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

In the preparation of these consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Certain reclassifications were made to prior year consolidated financial statements to conform to current year presentation.

Foreign currencies

The presentation and functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. The individual financial statements of each subsidiary are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (functional currency), which is the Canadian dollar. Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each financial reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Flow-through shares

The Company may, from time to time, issue flow-through common shares to finance a portion of its Canadian exploration program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, these shares transfer the tax deductibility of qualifying resource expenditures to investors. On issuance, the Company bifurcates the flow-through share into i) a flow-through share premium, equal to the estimated premium, if any, investors pay for the flow-through feature, which is recognized as a liability, and ii) share capital. Upon expenditures being incurred, the Company derecognizes the liability and recognizes the premium as other income. A deferred tax liability is recorded for the amount of tax reduction renounced to the shareholders.

Proceeds received from the issuance of flow-through shares are restricted to be used only for Canadian resources property exploration expenditures. The Company may also be subject to a Part XII.6 tax on flowthrough proceeds renounced under the Look-back Rule, in accordance with Government of Canada flowthrough regulations. When applicable, this tax is accrued as a financial expense until paid.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognized for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount that have arisen as a result of past transactions, including legal or constructive obligations. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

Provisions for mine closure and restoration are made in respect of the estimated future costs of closure and restoration and for environmental rehabilitation costs (which include such costs as dismantling and demolition of infrastructure, removal of residual materials and remediation of disturbed areas) in the accounting period when the related environmental disturbance occurs. The provision is discounted using a pre-tax rate and the accretion is included in finance costs or exploration and evaluation asset, depending on the stage of mine life.

Restoration activities will occur primarily upon closure of a mine but can occur from time to time throughout the life of the mine. As restoration projects are undertaken, their costs are charged against the provision as the costs are incurred.

The Company has recorded an asset retirement obligation and has no other material provisions as at October 31, 2024.

Share capital, warrants and compensation options

Common shares, warrants and compensation options are classified as equity. The share capital represents the amount received upon issuance of shares. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares or warrants are recognized as a deduction from the proceeds in equity in the period in which the transaction occurs. Proceeds from unit placements are allocated between shares and warrants issued on a pro-rata basis of their value within the unit. The Black-Scholes option pricing model is used to determine the fair value of warrants and compensation options issued.

Consideration paid by holders on exercise of warrants and compensation options is credited to share capital combined with the fair value attributable to the same warrants and compensation options originally recorded in warrants reserve.

Share-based compensation

The Company has share-based compensation plans that grant stock options and restricted share units to employees and non-employees. These plans are equity-settled, however, the Company has the option to cash settle in certain circumstances. For equity-settled share-based payment transactions, the Company measures the goods and services received, and the corresponding increase in equity, directly, at the fair value of the goods or services received, unless fair value cannot be estimated reliably. If the Company cannot estimate reliably the fair value of the goods or services received, the Company measures their value, and the corresponding increase in equity, indirectly, by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments granted, using an option pricing model.

The expense is recognized over the vesting period of the options or units granted and is recognized as an expense in earnings or capitalized as an exploration and evaluation asset with a corresponding credit to share-based compensation reserve. Any consideration paid by employees and non-employees on exercise of stock options is credited to share capital combined with any related share-based compensation expense originally recorded in share-based compensation reserve.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Loss per share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share is determined by adjusting the loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all warrants and options outstanding that may add to the total number of common shares to the extent that they are not anti-dilutive.

In periods that the Company reports a net loss, per share amounts are not presented on a diluted basis as the result would be anti-dilutive.

Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation activities involve the search for minerals, the determination of technical feasibility, and the assessment of commercial viability of an identified resource.

Exploration and evaluation costs incurred prior to obtaining licenses are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Once the legal right to explore has been acquired, exploration and evaluation costs incurred are capitalized. Acquisition costs incurred in connection with the terms of option agreements and purchase agreements are capitalized. All capitalized exploration and evaluation costs are recorded at acquisition cost and are monitored for indications of impairment. Where there are indications of a potential impairment, an assessment is performed for recoverability. Capitalized costs are charged to the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss to the extent that they are not expected to be recovered.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets are tested for impairment and transferred to "Mines under construction". There is no amortization during the exploration and evaluation phase.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale (a qualifying asset) are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective asset. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Where funds are borrowed specifically to finance a project, the amount capitalized represents the actual borrowing costs incurred.

Where surplus funds are available for a short term from funds borrowed specifically to finance a project, the income generated from the temporary investment of such amounts is also capitalized and deducted from the total capitalized borrowing cost. Where the funds used to finance a project form part of general borrowings, the amount capitalized is calculated using a weighted average of rates applicable to relevant general borrowings of the Company during the period.

All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Even though exploration and evaluation assets can be qualifying assets, they generally do not meet the "probable economic benefits" test. Any related borrowing costs incurred during this phase are therefore generally recognized in profit or loss in the period they are incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Government grants

Government grants are recognized once there is reasonable assurance that the conditions for receipt will be met, and the grant will be received.

Income-based grants are deferred in the consolidated statements of financial position and released to the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss to match the related expenditure that they are intended to compensate. Asset-based grants are deferred and matched with the depreciation on the asset for which the grant arises. Grants that involve recognized assets are presented in the consolidated statements of financial position by deducting the grant in arriving at the asset's carrying amount, in which case the grant is recognized as a reduction of depreciation.

Equipment and right-of-use assets

Equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. When parts of an item of plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate components of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is calculated using the using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset.

An item of equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period the asset is derecognized.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial period end, and adjusted if appropriate.

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The assets are depreciated to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the lease term using the straight-line method as this most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. After initial measurement, the amount of lease obligations is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made.

The Company presents right-of-use assets in equipment and right-of-use assets on the consolidated statements of financial position and lease obligations in accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and long-term portion of right-of-use lease liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position.

The Company has elected to apply the exemptions not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current income tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to income taxes in respect of previous years. Current tax assets and current tax liabilities are only offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset the amounts and the Company intends to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of all qualifying temporary differences arising between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined on a non-discounted basis using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the deferred tax asset or liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that the assets can be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

Impairment of non-current assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is an indication of impairment, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of non-current assets (continued)

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Financial instruments

Classification

Summary of the Company's classification and measurements of financial assets and liabilities

	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Measurement</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	FVTPL	Fair value
Accounts receivable	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Short-term loan	Amortized cost	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost	Amortized cost

The Company classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities in the following measurement categories i) those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL); ii) those to be measured subsequently at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and iii) those to be measured at amortized cost. The classification of financial assets depends on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. Financial liabilities are classified as those to be measured at amortized cost unless they are designated as those to be measured subsequently at FVTPL (irrevocable election at the time of recognition). For assets and liabilities measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

The Company reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes. Financial liabilities are not reclassified.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity instruments that are not held-for-trading can be irrevocably designated to have their change in fair value recognized through comprehensive income instead of through profit or loss. This election can be made on individual instruments and is not required to be made for the entire class of instruments.

Attributable transaction costs are included in the carrying value of the instruments. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are initially measured at fair value and changes therein are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Measurement

All financial instruments are required to be measured at fair value on initial recognition, plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs of financial assets and financial liabilities carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss. Financial assets and financial liabilities with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of the subsequent accounting periods. All other financial assets including equity investments are measured at their fair values at the end of subsequent accounting periods, with any changes taken through profit and loss or other comprehensive income (irrevocable election at the time of recognition). For financial liabilities measured subsequently at FVTPL, changes in fair value due to credit risk are recorded in other comprehensive income.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those classified at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

The Company assesses all information available, including on a forward-looking basis the expected credit loss associated with its assets carried at amortized cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition based on all information available, and reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by IFRS 9. The simplified approach to the recognition of expected losses does not require the Company to track the changes in credit risk; rather, the Company recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date from the date of the trade receivable.

Evidence of impairment may include indications that the counterparty debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicates that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. Receivables are reviewed qualitatively on a case-by-case basis to determine whether they need to be written off.

Expected credit losses are measured as the difference in the present value of the contractual cash flows that are due to the Company under the contract, and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The Company assesses all information available, including past due status, credit ratings, the existence of third-party insurance, and forward looking macro-economic factors in the measurement of the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortized cost.

The Company measures expected credit loss by considering the risk of default over the contract period and incorporates forward-looking information into its measurement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and related disclosure. Judgement is used mainly in determining how a balance or transaction should be recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are used mainly in determining the measurement of recognized transactions and balances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

(a) Accounting judgement

Significant areas where management's judgement has been applied include:

(i) Exploration and evaluation assets

Judgement is required to determine whether future economic benefits are likely from either future exploitation or sale, or whether activities have not reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of economic recoverability. In addition, management applies a number of estimates and assumptions in its assessments of economic recoverability and probability of future economic benefit including geologic information, scoping and feasibility studies (if any), accessible facilities, existing permits and estimated future cash flows.

(ii) Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency for the Company and its subsidiaries applies estimates and assumptions to assess the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Determination of functional currency may involve certain judgements to determine the primary economic environment. The Company reconsiders the functional currency of its entities if there is a change in events and conditions which determined the primary economic environment.

(iii) Going concern

Significant judgements used in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements include but are not limited to those relating to the assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Judgement is required to determine the non-discretionary spending for the next 12 months and the potential cash in-flows for the same period.

(iv) Income taxes

Provisions for taxes are made using the best estimate of the amount expected to be paid based on a qualitative assessment of all relevant factors. The Company reviews the adequacy of these provisions at the end of the reporting period. However, it is possible that at some future date an additional liability could result from audits by taxing authorities. Where the final outcome of these tax-related matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will affect the tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting judgements and estimates (continued)

(v) Deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized. In addition, the valuation of tax credits receivable requires management to make judgements on the amount and timing of recovery.

(b) Use of estimates

As described above estimates and assumptions are contemplated with the described judgements. In addition, other significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions include:

(i) Impairment of non-current assets

Non-current assets are tested for impairment if there is an indicator of impairment. The impairment analysis generally requires the use of estimates and assumptions, including amongst others, long-term commodity prices, discount rates, length of mine life, future production levels, future operating costs, future capital expenditures and tax estimates. The estimates and assumptions are subject to risk and uncertainty; hence, there is the possibility that changes in circumstances will alter these projections, which may impact the recoverable amount of the assets. In such circumstances the carrying value of the assets may be impaired with the impact recorded in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

(ii) Decommissioning liability

The Company's accounting policy for the recognition of accrued site closure costs requires significant estimates and assumptions such as the requirements of the relevant legal and regulatory framework, the magnitude of possible disturbance and the timing, extent and costs of required closure, rehabilitation activity and applicable discount rates. Changes to these estimates and assumptions may result in actual expenditures in the future differing from the amounts currently provided. The decommissioning liability is periodically reviewed and updated based on the available facts and circumstances.

(iii) Share-based compensation, warrants and compensation options

The Company makes certain estimates and assumptions when calculating the fair values of share-based compensation and warrants granted. The significant estimations and assumptions include expected volatility, expected life, expected dividend rate, forfeiture rate and risk-free rate of return.

3. Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing its capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, to meet its expenditure obligations for its continued operations, and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. The Company manages the capital structure and adjusts it in light of changes in economic and industry conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, or acquire or dispose of assets. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. There have been no changes to the Company's capital management approach in the period. The Company considers its Shareholders' Equity as capital which as at October 31, 2024 is \$205,377,043.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets

	Balance October 31 2022	Additions for the year ended October 31 2023	Balance October 31 2023	Additions for the year ended October 31 2024	Balance October 31 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Acquisition costs:					
Cash paid/payable	4,016,000	4,885,408	8,901,408	540,283	9,441,691
Loan forgiven	160,224	-	160,224	-	160,224
Shares issued	36,362,130	1,553,104	37,915,234	1,193,622	39,108,856
Texmont fair value increase	-	1,530,000	1,530,000	-	1,530,000
Drilling	42,032,730	6,414,355	48,447,085	23,856,155	72,303,240
Assays	5,399,137	2,631,057	8,030,194	3,887,538	11,917,732
Geological	5,852,526	331,144	6,183,670	289,304	6,472,974
Consulting	14,215,686	9,133,252	23,348,938	31,491,029	54,839,967
Mineralogy	6,756,350	1,168,062	7,924,412	1,167,290	9,091,702
Access road	2,335,346	-	2,335,346	2,199,857	4,535,203
Obligations to stakeholders	4,130,091	3,694,270	7,824,361	12,450,945	20,275,306
Support costs	7,364,224	5,475,125	12,839,349	7,286,507	20,125,856
	128,624,444	36,815,777	165,440,221	84,362,530 ⁽¹⁾	249,802,751

⁽¹⁾ Cash flow spend as per the consolidated statements of cash flows excludes non-cash payments and net payables.

Exploration and evaluation assets include the Company's interest in the Crawford Project, including the costs related to advance the project, and its interest in regional exploration properties surrounding Crawford. The regional properties are segmented into three regional areas and include:

- Timmins South Sothman, Deloro, Texmont, Midlothian, Powell, Van Hise, Bannockburn
- **Timmins East** Stimson, Mortimer, Moody, McCool, Galna, Mann (North, West, Central and South), Newmarket, Reaume
- Timmins Central Reid, Calder, MacDiarmid, Mahaffy, Nesbitt, Kingsmill and Dargavel.

The regional properties were acquired through fiscal years 2022 to 2024. Most agreements include provisions that allow for each of the sellers to retain a net smelter royalty ("NSR") that ranges between 1% and 2%, with Canada Nickel having the right to re-purchase 50% of the royalty for \$500,000 (with respect to a 1% NSR) or \$1 million (with respect to a 2% NSR).

The table below shows the remaining option payments required to maintain the acquisition or earn-in to the properties post signing.

	Cash	Shares
	\$	#
Fiscal year 2025	510,000	110,000
Fiscal year 2026	860,000	145,000
	1,370,000	255,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

Midlothian Property

The Company entered into an option agreement with Canadian Gold Miner Corp. (70% interest) and Laurion Mineral Exploration Inc. (30% interest), collectively the vendors, to acquire the Midlothian Property. Under the terms of the agreement, Canada Nickel can earn a 100% interest in the property through cash and share payments and a commitment to \$500,000 of exploration expenditures by February 2023, which has been spent. On or before the fourth anniversary of the agreement (February 2026), Canada Nickel will complete an exploration program having a cumulative value of \$2.5 million (including the first year expenditures of \$0.5 million), which has been spent. Cash and share payments paid in 2022 (on acquisition) were \$50,000 and 100,000 common shares respectively, in 2023 the Company made a \$100,000 cash payment and issued 35,000 common shares and in February 2024 made a \$200,000 cash payment and issued 70,000 common shares. A further \$300,000 and 105,000 common shares are due January 2025 and \$400,000 and 140,000 common shares due November 2025. The vendors will retain an NSR of 4% for gold and 2% for nickel with a commercial production payment of \$4.0 million. Canada Nickel will retain a 1% NSR buy-back right for aggregate payments of \$2.5 million. The Option Agreement includes clauses for acceleration of the exploration program and payment in lieu of exploration expenditures.

Mann Property

An agreement with Noble Mineral Resources Inc. ("Noble") to earn-in and acquire up to an 80% interest in approximately 625 single cell mining claims (the "Claims") in Mann, Hanna, Duff and Reaume Townships (the "Noble Option Agreement") and to acquire 198 mineral rights only patented properties in Kingsmill and Mabee Townships. The Noble Option Agreement required an initial payment to Noble of \$100,000 and 250,000 Common Shares, a payment in July 2022 of \$100,000, a payment in July 2023 of \$100,000 and a further payment to Noble of \$350,000 was made in April 2024 and \$100,000 in July 2024. These payments along with incurring at least \$500,000 of exploration expenditures on the properties by approximately December 31, 2022 (completed) would provide Canada Nickel the right to acquire a 60% interest in the Claims. After earning that 60% interest, Canada Nickel would have the option to increase its interest in the claims to 80% by incurring additional exploration expenditures of at least \$1,200,000 on the properties by approximately July 15, 2025, which also has been completed. In addition, Noble will retain a 2% net smelter return royalty on the 304 staked claims that are subject to the Option Agreement (subject to Canada Nickel having the right to purchase 50% of that royalty for a payment of \$1,000,000). Noble will also retain the right to purchase up to 25% of the 2% royalty held by third parties on other parts of the claims that are subject to the Option Agreement (with Canada Nickel having the right to purchase another 25% of those rovalties).

The Company exercised its option to acquire its 80% interest in the Mann Property.

Texmont Property

In October 2022, the Company entered into a binding agreement to acquire a 100% interest (subject to certain third party rights described below) in 14 mining leases (Texmont property) in exchange for a \$250,000 cash payment (paid in October 2022) and in November 2022, as part of the transaction close, issuing a non-interest bearing promissory note of \$3.75 million which was due and paid on March 14, 2023. The transaction closed November 14, 2022 whereby the seller was also granted a 2% net smelter returns royalty, which can be bought down to 1% for \$2.5 million at the Company's option. The property has a legacy ownership interest of 15% and net profits interest of 10%. The Company is determining whether these interests are still valid.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Exploration and evaluation assets (continued)

The Texmont property was formerly an operating mine and mill briefly in years 1971-1972. Because of the previous operation, there are asset retirement obligations for various mine facilities and tailings which were only partly rehabilitated by the previous owner. The acquisition of Texmont was considered an asset acquisition for accounting purposes. The proceeds of \$4 million and costs to acquire of \$120,000 were allocated to the net assets of Texmont as follows:

	\$
Exploration and evaluation assets	5,650,000
Asset retirement obligation (note 7)	(1,530,000)
Proceeds for acquisition	4,120,000

5. Equipment and right-of-use assets

	Right-of-use assets	Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Balance, October 31, 2022	129,804	539,298	669,102
Additions	274,540	123,574	398,114
Depreciation	(113,875)	(116,582)	(230,457)
Balance, October 31, 2023	290,469	546,290	836,759
Additions	-	238,794	238,794
Depreciation	(91,776)	(121,476)	(213,252)
Balance, October 31, 2024	198,693	663,608	862,301

Depreciation for equipment and right-of-use assets is recorded in Exploration and evaluation assets on the consolidated statements of financial position. At October 31, 2024, a lease liability of \$70,705 (October 31, 2023 - \$98,121) related to the right-of-use assets is recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and \$146,653 recorded as a long-term liability (October 31, 2023 - \$204,778).

6. Short-term loans

The following table reflects the continuity of the short-term loans for the years ended October 31:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	16,673,070	13,291,981
Interest expense and accretion on arrangement fee	1,075,539	1,180,084
Foreign exchange	(412,749)	41,807
Repayment	(17,335,860)	(14,513,872)
Proceeds received, net of arrangement fee	19,901,859	15,768,017
Interest expense and accretion on arrangement fee	1,129,579	434,440
Foreign exchange	433,897	470,613
Balance, end of year	21,465,335	16,673,070

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. Short-term loans (continued)

On July 9, 2024 the Company closed a secured loan facility with Auramet International Inc. ("Auramet Inc.") for US\$15 million ("Auramet Inc. July 2024"). The loan is secured and matured on January 9, 2025,on which date the Company entered into amended terms to extend the loan repayment (see Note 17, Subsequent Events). Interest expense accrued on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 12% per annum monthly in arrears. The loan is subject to such terms and conditions including certain specified positive and negative covenants that are customary for a transaction of this nature.

The Company paid an arrangement fee equal to 2.5% of the loan amount (\$511,178) and issued 750,000 common share purchase warrants ("Auramet Inc. July 2024 warrants"). Each of the Auramet Inc. July 2024 warrants entitles Auramet Inc. to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.42 per share until July 9, 2025. The warrants and the underlying shares will be subject to a four month hold period under applicable Canadian securities laws. The Auramet Inc. July 2024 warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$166,500 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 62%, risk-free rate of return 3.95% and expected one year life. The fair value of the warrants as well as the arrangement fee and other transaction costs are being amortized over the six-month maturity in transaction costs and interest expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

On September 18, 2023, the Company closed a secured 3-month loan facility with Auramet Inc. for US\$12 million ("Auramet Inc. September 2023"). Interest expense accrued on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 12% per annum monthly in arrears until December 18, 2023.

The Company paid an arrangement fee equal to 2.3 percent of the loan amount (\$371,995) and issued 550,000 common share purchase warrants ("Auramet Inc. September 2023 warrants"). Each of the Auramet Inc. September 2023 warrants entitles Auramet Inc. to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.24 per share until September 18, 2024. The Auramet Inc. September 2023 warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$169,180 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 61%, risk-free rate of return 4.74% and expected one year life. The fair value of the warrants as well as the arrangement fee and other transaction costs were amortized over the three-month maturity in transaction costs and interest expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. On January 23, 2024 the Auramet Inc. September 2023 warrants were exercised with proceeds of \$682,000 received by the Company.

On December 18, 2023, at the Company's option it extended the Auramet Inc. September 2023 US\$12 million short-term debt facility for a further 30 day period and matured January 18, 2024. Upon extension of the facility, the Company paid an additional arrangement fee equal to \$248,457 and issued 350,000 common share purchase warrants ("Auramet Inc. September 2023 extension warrants"). Each of the Auramet Inc. September 2023 extension warrants entitles Auramet Inc. to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.19 per share until September 18, 2024. The Auramet Inc. September 2023 extension warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$65,765 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 45%, risk-free rate of return 4% and expected nine month life. The fair value of the warrants as well as the arrangement fee were amortized over the one-month maturity in transaction costs and interest expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. In addition, interest accrued on the short-term debt outstanding, which includes interest accumulated and the additional arrangement fee, at a rate of 15% per annum monthly in arrears. The Auramet Inc. September 2023 extension warrants expired unexercised.

On January 15, 2024 Auramet Inc. extended the maturity a further 30 days with no additional fees except the interest. The loan payable including interest and the additional arrangement fee was paid on February 6, 2024 in full in the amount of \$17,335,860.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. Short-term loans (continued)

On October 18, 2022, the Company closed a secured loan facility with Auramet International, Inc. ("Auramet Inc.") for US\$10 million. The loan is secured and matured on January 18, 2023, and at the Company's option it extended the loan for a further 45 day period and matured and was repaid on March 3, 2023. Interest expense accrued on the unpaid principal amount at a rate of 12% per annum monthly in arrears until January 18, 2023 and upon extension of the facility, interest accrued at a rate of 15% per annum monthly in arrears.

The Company paid an arrangement fee equal to 2 percent of the loan amount and issued 325,000 common share purchase warrants ("Auramet Inc. warrants"). Each of the Auramet Inc. warrants entitles Auramet Inc. to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.52 per share until October 18, 2023. The Auramet Inc. warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$100,000 using the Black- Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 60%, risk- free rate of return 4.0% and expected one year life. The fair value of the warrants as well as the arrangement fee and other transaction costs were amortized over the three-month maturity in transaction costs and interest expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The Auramet Inc. October 2022 warrants expired unexercised.

Upon extension of the facility on January 18, 2023, the Company paid an additional arrangement fee equal to \$207,836 and issued 200,000 common share purchase warrants ("Auramet Inc. extension warrants"). Each of the Auramet Inc. extension warrants entitled Auramet Inc. to acquire one common share of the Company at a price of \$1.94 per share until January 18, 2024. The Auramet Inc. extension warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$70,000 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 65%, risk-free rate of return 3.7% and expected one year life. The fair value of the arrangement fee was amortized over the 45-day maturity in transaction costs and interest expense in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss. The Auramet Inc. October 2022 extension warrants expired unexercised.

A summary of the transaction costs and interest expense related to each short-term loan facility for the year ended October 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Auramet Inc. September 2023	Auramet Inc. July 2024	Total 2024
	\$	\$	\$
Arrangement fee	248,457	550,749	799,206
Warrant cost	65,765	166,500	232,265
Amortization of arrangement fee	298,584	· -	298,584
Deferral of arrangement fee and warrant cost	, -	(275,094)	(275,094)
Interest expense	617,736	790,851	1,408,587
Foreign exchange	(180,010)	342,252	162,242
Transaction costs and interest expense	1,050,532	1,575,258	2,625,790

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. Short-term loans (continued)

A summary of the transaction costs and interest expense related to each short-term loan facility for the year ended October 31, 2023 are as follows:

	Auramet Inc. October 2022	Auramet Inc. September 2023	Total 2023
	\$	\$	\$
Arrangement fee	558,971	405,692	964,663
Warrant cost	70,000	169,180	239,180
Deferral of arrangement fee and warrant cost	· -	(298,584)	(298,584)
Interest expense	621,113	238,093	859,206
Foreign exchange	41,807	55,773	97,580
Transaction costs and interest expense	1,291,891	570,154	1,862,045

7. Asset retirement obligation

The asset retirement obligation consists of reclamation and closure cost estimates for the Texmont property. The undiscounted cash flow amount of the total obligation on acquisition date of March 14, 2023 was \$1.8 million and the present value of the obligation was estimated at \$1,530,000. The discount rate used by the Company is based on prevailing risk-free pre-tax rates in Canada for periods of time which coincide with the period over which the decommissioning costs are discounted.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used in the asset retirement obligation estimate as at October 31:

	2024	2023
Risk free interest rate	2.09/	4.0%
Inflation rate	3.0% 2.0%	2.0%
Expected life (depending on reclamation plan)	6 years	6 years

The balance at October 31, 2024 of \$1,611,815 includes the effect of interest expense on discounting obligations. The following table reflects the continuity of the asset retirement obligation for the years ended October 31:

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	1,547,867	-
Acquisition of Texmont and related obligation	-	1,530,000
Accretion	63,325	17,867
Change in estimate	623	-
Balance, end of year	1,611,815	1,547,867

The Texmont property was acquired with an obligation to remediate environmental damage not fully rehabilitated by the previous owner. The cash flow estimates of the obligation were prepared considering multiple scenarios and assigning a probability weighted estimate. If the Company proceeds with mining at the property, the current remediation requirements will be integrated into the development of the mine.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. Share capital

Authorized share capital

The authorized share capital consisted of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. All issued shares have been fully paid.

Common shares issued

			2023		2024
		Number of	Share	Number of	Share
	Note	Common	Capital	Common	Capital
		Shares	•	Shares	
		#	\$	#	\$
Balance, beginning of year		113,067,836	122,126,306	141,822,144	169,878,160
Share issuance - acquisitions	8(d)	1,234,738	1,553,104	874,936	1,193,622
Share issuance – equity financings, net	8(a)	-	-	19,600,000	31,272,557
Share issuance – equity financings, net	8(b)	-	-	15,593,802	23,490,594
Share issuance – equity financings, net	8(c)	23,794,597	44,582,756	-	-
Flow through share premium	8(a,c)	-	(2,045,511)	-	(12,348,000)
Share issuance – warrants exercised	9	15,000	17,380	550,000	851,180
Share issuance – warrants exercised in 2022		54,330	=	-	-
Share issuance – stock options exercised	10	1,829,168	799,164	296,667	129,504
Share issuance – RSUs exercised	11	1,303,325	2,611,596	2,187,814	3,591,794
Shares issued to settle accounts payable		173,150	233,365	300,090	280,000
Shares to be issued to settle accounts payable		-	-	-	126,067
Shares issued to settle acquisitions payable	8(d)	350,000	-	-	-
Balance, end of year		141,822,144	169,878,160	181,225,453	218,465,478

(a) On December 29, 2023 the Company completed a brokered private placement consisting of 19,600,000 units of the Company (the "Flow-Through Units") at a price of \$1.77 per Flow-Through Unit, with each unit consisting of one flow-through common share of the Company and 0.35 of one flow-through common share purchase Warrant (the "Warrant"), as more particularly described below, for aggregate gross proceeds of \$34,692,000 (the "December Flow-Through Offering"). Following closing of the December Flow-Through Offering, Agnico Eagle Mines Limited ("Agnico Eagle") acquired the units from the initial purchasers.

Pursuant to the December Flow-Through Offering, each Flow-Through Unit consists of (i) one common share of the Company, each of which will qualify as a "flow-through share" (as defined in subsection 66(15) of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act")), and (ii) 0.35 of one purchase Warrant. Each whole Warrant shall entitle the holder thereof to acquire one Common Share of the Company (each, a "Warrant Share") at a price of \$1.77 per Warrant Share until the date that is 36 months from the closing date of the December Flow-Through Offering, subject to acceleration in certain circumstances. Beginning three months from the closing date of the December Flow-Through Offering, if the trading price of the common shares on the TSX Venture Exchange equals or exceeds \$2.65 per common share for at least 20 consecutive trading days, Canada Nickel shall have the right to accelerate, by notice to the holders of Warrants, the expiry date of the Warrants to 30 calendar days after the date of such

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. Share capital (continued)

notice (such that the holder may either exercise all or a portion of the Warrants in such 30 day period, or failing such exercise, any unexercised Warrants would expire). All securities issued under the December Flow-Through Offering will be subject to a hold period expiring four months and one day from the closing date of the December Flow-Through Offering.

The flow-through shares were issued at a premium to the market price in recognition of the tax benefits accruing to subscribers and as a result the Company recorded a share premium liability of \$12,348,000 and has an obligation to incur \$34,692,000 in eligible Canadian exploration expenditures ("CEE") by December 31, 2024. The Warrants issued were assigned an aggregate fair value of \$2,172,505 using the Black-Scholes valuation model with the following assumptions: dividend yield 0%, expected volatility 59%, risk-free rate of return 3.9% and expected 36 month life. The share capital value of \$31,272,557 includes the gross proceeds net of the warrant fair value and costs related to the issuance.

Due to the timing of the flow-through share offering, the eligible CEE must be spent in the calendar year 2024 under the "look-back rule". As a result, the Company is subject to interest penalty charges on unspent flow-through funds. For the year ended October 31, 2024 interest penalty charges of \$816,300 were recorded in transaction costs and interest expense.

In addition, the Company entered into an investor rights agreement with Agnico Eagle. Under the Investor Rights Agreement, Agnico Eagle is entitled to certain rights, provided Agnico Eagle maintains certain ownership thresholds in Canada Nickel, including: (a) the right to participate in future issuance of Common Shares (or any securities that are or may become convertible, exchangeable or exercisable into Common Shares) in order to maintain its pro rata ownership interest in Canada Nickel or acquire up to a 15.6% ownership interest, on a partially diluted basis, in Canada Nickel; and (b) the right (which Agnico Eagle has no present intention of exercising) to nominate one person to the Canada Nickel Board of Directors.

(b) On February 6, 2024, the Company completed the equity investment it entered related to the Subscription Agreement with Samsung SDI Co., Ltd. ("Samsung SDI") in the amount of US\$18.5 million investment in Canada Nickel at a price of \$1.57 per Common Share. On closing of the private placement contemplated in the Subscription Agreement, Samsung SDI owned approximately 15.6 million shares of the common shares of Canada Nickel, representing approximately 8.7% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares on a non-diluted basis and Canada Nickel granted to Samsung SDI the right to purchase a 10% equity interest in the Crawford Project for US\$100.5 million, exercisable upon a final construction decision. The share capital value of \$23,490,594 includes the gross proceeds net of costs related to the issuance.

The Subscription Agreement and the Investor Rights Agreement contain certain customary terms and conditions. Samsung SDI will have a pro rata right in any future issuance of Common Shares or any securities that are or may become convertible, exchangeable or exercisable into Common Shares to maintain its shareholding as long as it holds 7.5% or more of the issued and outstanding Common Shares of the Company.

Samsung SDI's right to purchase a 10% equity interest in the Crawford project for US\$100.5 million is exercisable upon a final construction decision. By exercising this right, Samsung SDI will have the right to 10% of the nickel-cobalt production from the Crawford project over the life of mine and the right to an additional 20% of Crawford's nickel-cobalt production for 15 years extendable by mutual agreement. The offtake rights will be based on mutually agreed terms.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. Share capital (continued)

(c) The Company received gross proceeds of \$46.3 million in March 2023 from two financing arrangements:

On February 8, 2023, the Company entered into a Subscription and Investor Rights agreement with Anglo American Marketing Limited ("Anglo American") to make a \$24.4 million investment in Canada Nickel at a price of \$1.95 per Common Share, a 10% premium to the 30-day volume weighted average price. Upon completion of the private placement Anglo American owned 9.9% of the Company's issued and outstanding Common Shares on a non-diluted basis. The agreement contains customary investor rights, including Anglo American's pro rata right in any future issuance of Common Shares or any securities that are or may become convertible, exchangeable or exercisable into Common Shares to maintain its shareholding as long as they hold 7.5% or more of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

In addition, Canada Nickel has entered into an Offtake Term Sheet with Anglo American pursuant to which the Company has granted to Anglo American an exclusive right to purchase up to ten per cent (10%) of recoveries of nickel concentrate, iron and chromium contained in the magnetite concentrates and any corresponding carbon credits from the Company's Crawford Project until the delivery of 65,000 tonnes of nickel or a term of 15 years, whichever is later. The offtake is based on customary marketing terms and will be based on market terms for the specific products produced. If Canada Nickel utilizes any of the Anglo American technologies, Anglo American shall have the offtake rights to 100% of the incremental quantity of nickel products, related products, and carbon credits produced utilizing these technologies.

Canada Nickel has also entered into a Material Transfer and Technology Testing Agreement with Anglo American to assess opportunities to add value to Crawford from its FutureSmart Mining™ technology program. Anglo American will receive ore samples from Crawford for testing to assess opportunities to improve processing recoveries and reduce the project's overall energy, water and emission footprint. This Agreement will remain in force until 12 months after the delivery of a sample of ore in an amount of at least one hundred (100) tonnes from Canada Nickel to Anglo American, expected by 2024. For the duration of this agreement, Canada Nickel agreed to deal exclusively with Anglo American in those areas where FutureSmart Mining™ technologies apply.

Also on February 8, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement with Scotiabank to act as lead underwriter and sole bookrunner on behalf of a syndicate of underwriters (collectively, the "Underwriters") pursuant to which the Underwriters have agreed to purchase for resale (or arrange for purchase by substituted purchasers) the following equity securities of the Company on a bought deal basis for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of \$18.2 million (the "Public Offering"):

- 7,462,500 common shares of the Company (each, a "Common Share") at a price of \$1.77 per Common Share; and
- ii. 1,748,300 common shares of the Company to be issued as "flow-through shares" within the meaning of the Income Tax Act (Canada) (the "Tax Act") (each, a "FT Share", and together with the Common Shares, the "Offered Securities") at a price of \$2.86 per FT Share.

In addition, the Company provided Anglo American with the right to concurrently subscribe for Common Shares in order to maintain a 9.9% interest (which interest Anglo American would acquire on the closing of the Subscription and Investor Rights agreement) on a non-brokered private placement basis for aggregate gross proceeds to the Company of \$1.8 million (the "Concurrent Private Placement" and together with the Public Offering, the "Offering").

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. Share capital (continued)

In connection with the Public Offering, the Company granted to the Underwriters an option (the "Over Allotment Option"), exercisable in whole or in part for a period of 30 days after and including the closing date of the Public Offering, to purchase any combination of additional Offered Securities for additional gross proceeds of up to 15% of the gross proceeds raised under the Public Offering to cover over allotments, if any, and for market stabilization purposes.

An amount equal to the gross proceeds from the issuance of the FT Shares will be used to incur eligible resource exploration expenses which will qualify as (i) "Canadian exploration expenses" (as defined in the Tax Act), and (ii) "flow-through critical mineral mining expenditures" (as defined in subsection 127(9) of the Tax Act) (collectively, the "Qualifying Expenditures"). Qualifying Expenditures in an aggregate amount equal to the gross proceeds raised from the issuance of the FT Shares will be renounced to the initial purchasers of the FT Shares with an effective date no later than December 31, 2023. The flow-through common shares were issued at a premium to the market price in recognition of the tax benefits accruing to subscribers and as a result the Company recorded a share premium liability of \$2,045,511 and has an obligation to incur \$5,000,138 in eligible Canadian exploration expenditures ("CEE") by December 31, 2023.

The Underwriters received a cash commission of 6.0% of the gross proceeds of the Public Offering. No commission is payable to the Underwriters in respect of the Concurrent Private Placement.

(d) In December 2021 (fiscal year 2022), the Company acquired a property that had an obligation due in January 2023 to pay an additional \$200,000 and issue 350,000 common shares of Canada Nickel valued at \$1,232,000. Payment of the shares was made in January 2023.

In 2024, Canada Nickel acquired mining claims in Timmins, Ontario, through eight purchase and sale agreements with external vendors. In exchange, the Company issued 739,000 common shares for value of \$1,030,280 and paid \$67,760 in cash. One agreement involves granting a 2.0% net smelter returns royalty to the vendor, with an option for the Company to repurchase a portion of the royalty before commercial production begins. Four other agreements entail granting 2.0% net returns royalties to the vendors, with the Company having the option to repurchase a portion of each royalty at any time for \$1,000,000 per royalty.

Additionally, in 2024, Canada Nickel issued 300,000 common shares as per commitments under exploration agreements for value of \$436,000 and a further 135,936 shares as per commitments under option agreements for value of \$163,342.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. Warrants

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants for years ended October 31:

	2024	2023
	#	#
Balance, beginning of year	750,000	673,832
Issued to Auramet Inc. (note 6)	1,100,000	750,000
Issued to Agnico Eagle (note 8)	6,860,000	-
Exercised (note 6)	(550,000)	(15,000)
Expired	(550,000)	(658,832)
Balance, end of year	7,610,000	750,000

The following table reflects the warrants outstanding as at October 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023:

Grants	Exercise Price	Outstanding as at October 31 2023	Outstanding as at October 31 2024	Expiry Date	Remaining Life (years)
	\$				_
Auramet Inc. extension warrants	1.94	200,000	-	-	-
Auramet Inc. September 2023					
warrants	1.24	550,000	-	-	-
Agnico Eagle warrants	1.77	-	6,860,000	29-Dec-26	2.2
Auramet Inc. July 2024 warrants	1.42	-	750,000	9-July-25	0.7
	1.74	750,000	7,610,000		2.1

10. Stock options

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options for the years ended October 31:

	2024	2023
	#	#
Balance, beginning of fiscal period	7,033,901	6,377,252
Stock options granted	5,376,000	2,920,400
Exercised	(296,667)	(1,829,168)
Forfeited	(410,000)	(434,583)
Balance, October 31	11,703,234	7,033,901

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. Stock options (continued)

The following table reflects stock options outstanding as at October 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023:

Grant Date	Exercise Price	Outstanding as at October 31 2023	Outstanding as at October 31 2024	Vested and outstanding as at October 31 2024	Expiry Date	Remaining Life (years)
	\$	#	#			
January 13, 2020	0.25	972,501	950,834	950,834	13-Jan-25	0.3
February 18, 2020	0.25	275,000	-	-	18-Feb-25	0.3
August 12, 2020	1.87	40,000	40,000	40,000	12-Aug-25	0.8
October 27, 2020	1.62	337,500	337,500	337,500	27-Oct-25	1.0
November 1, 2020	1.62	360,000	360,000	360,000	1-Nov-25	1.0
December 8, 2020	1.88	100,000	100,000	100,000	8-Dec-25	1.1
February 22, 2021	3.63	614,000	514,000	514,000	22-Feb-26	1.3
June 16, 2021	3.57	15,000	15,000	15,000	16-June-26	1.7
November 15, 2021	2.95	50,000	50,000	33,334	15-Nov-26	2.0
December 22, 2021	3.49	90,000	80,000	53,332	22-Dec-26	2.2
January 24, 2022	3.51	100,000	100,000	66,666	24-Jan-27	2.3
February 21, 2022	3.51	70,000	70,000	46,666	21-Feb-27	2.3
March 14, 2022	3.14	870,000	790,000	526,663	14-Mar-27	2.4
April 18, 2022	2.60	100,000	100,000	66,666	18-Apr-27	2.5
May 12, 2022	2.06	70,000	70,000	46,666	12-May-27	2.5
May 16, 2022	2.03	45,000	45,000	30,000	16-May-27	2.5
July 11, 2022	1.75	20,000	20,000	13,332	11-July-27	2.7
September 14, 2022	1.59	60,000	60,000	40,000	14-Sept-27	2.9
December 23, 2022	1.78	430,900	430,900	143,634	23-Dec-27	3.2
February 13, 2023	1.78	1,890,000	1,700,000	566,668	13-Feb-28	3.4
June 21, 2023	1.30	170,000	140,000	46,667	21-Jun-28	3.7
July 10, 2023	1.25	24,000	24,000	8,000	10-Jul-28	3.7
September 4, 2023	1.16	180,000	180,000	60,000	4-Sep-28	3.8
October 10, 2023	1.16	150,000	150,000	50,000	10-Oct-28	3.9
January 18, 2024	1.69	-	706,000	, -	18-Jan-29	4.3
March 11, 2024	1.47	_	3,900,000	-	11-Mar-29	4.3
June 20, 2024	1.22	_	80,000	-	20-Jun-29	4.7
September 18, 2024	1.13		500,000	_	18-Sep-29	4.9
October 21, 2024	1.08	_	190,000	_	21-Oct-29	5.0
·		7,033,901	11,703,234	4,115,628		3.2
Weighted average ex	ercise price	\$1.87	\$1.70			

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

10. Stock options (continued)

The options vest at a rate of one third on the anniversary date of the grant, and a further one third each year thereafter. Each stock option converts into one common share of the Company upon exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither right to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry. The Company, at its discretion, may settle stock options exercised through the issuance of common shares from treasury or cash.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense related to stock options of \$2,410,956 and \$2,060,796 for the years ended October 31, 2024, and 2023, respectively, to the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and recorded \$712,992 of share-based compensation expense as an increase to exploration and evaluation asset on the consolidated statements of financial position as at October 31, 2024 (\$766,543 as at October 31, 2023).

The following table summarizes the average assumptions used in the Black-Scholes valuation model for the determination of the cost of stock options issued during years ended October 31.

	2024	2023
Risk free interest rate	3.7%	3.9%
Expected life (years)	3.9	4.1
Volatility	82%	91%
Expected dividends	0.00%	0.00%
Fair value of options issued	\$0.89	\$1.06

11. Restricted share units ("RSUs")

The following table reflects the continuity of RSUs for the years ended October 31:

	2024	2023
	#	#
Balance, beginning of year	4,399,161	3,655,102
RSUs granted	2,470,130	2,089,784
Redeemed	(2,187,814)	(1,303,325)
Forfeited	<u>-</u>	(42,400)
Balance, end of year	4,681,477	4,399,161

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. Restricted share units ("RSUs") (continued)

The following table reflects the continuity of RSUs for years ended October 31:

Grant Date	Grant Date Price and Fair Value	Outstanding as at October 31 2023	Outstanding as at October 31 2024	Vest Date	Vested as at October 31 2024
	\$	#	#		#
March 3, 2020	0.52	910,000	-	March 3, 2023	-
August 12, 2020	1.87	20,000	-	August 12, 2022	-
October 27, 2020	1.62	112,500	-	October 27, 2022	-
November 1, 2020	1.62	115,000	-	November 1, 2022	-
February 22, 2021	3.63	394,445	-	February 22, 2023	-
July 1, 2021	3.54	50,000	50,000	July 1, 2022	50,000
March 14, 2022	3.14	749,834	640,303	March 14, 2023	75,002
December 23,2022	1.78	249,933	-	December 23,2023	-
February 13, 2023	1.78	1,563,449	1,287,044	February 13, 2024	251,044
June 21, 2023	1.30	47,000	47,000	June 21, 2024	47,000
July 10, 2023	1.25	22,000	22,000	July 10, 2024	22,000
September 4, 2023	1.16	90,000	90,000	September 4, 2024	90,000
October 10, 2023	1.16	75,000	75,000	October 10, 2024	75,000
January 18, 2024	1.69	-	353,000	January 18, 2025	-
				March 11, 2025,	
March 11, 2024	1.47	-	2,035,130	2026, 2027	-
June 20, 2024	1.22	-	25,000	June 20, 2025	-
				October 21, 2025,	
October 21, 2024	1.08	-	57,000	2026, 2027	
	1.80	4,399,161	4,681,477		610,046

RSUs granted prior to March 11, 2024 vest on the anniversary date of the grant unless the holder agrees to extend their anniversary date by one year. Under the Company's RSU rollover arrangement certain holders of RSUs elected to extend the applicable redemption date of the RSUs by twelve months in exchange for a supplemental grant equal to 10% of the number of extended RSUs. RSUs granted post March 11, 2024 vest equally over a three year period.

Each RSU converts into one common share of the Company upon exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the RSU. The RSUs carry neither right to dividends nor voting rights. Upon vesting, the Company, at its discretion, may settle RSUs through the issuance of common shares from treasury or cash. The Company recorded share-based compensation expense related to RSUs of \$1,448,424 and \$2,561,430 for the years ended October 31, 2024, and 2023, respectively, to the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss and recorded \$780,023 of share-based compensation expense as an increase to exploration and evaluation asset on the consolidated statements of financial position as at October 31, 2024 (\$1,110,459 as at October 31, 2023).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. Loss per share

	For the years ended October 31		
	2024	2023	
Net loss	\$3,217,584	\$14,224,877	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	170,817,393	131,238,316	
Effect of dilutive securities	-		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - dilutive	170,817,393	131,238,316	
Loss per share – basic and diluted	\$0.02	\$0.11	

Diluted loss per share does not include the effect of stock options, RSUs and warrants as they are anti-dilutive.

13. Related party transactions and balances

Related parties and related party transactions impacting the consolidated financial statements are summarized below and include transactions with key management personnel, which includes those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. Key management personnel include the Board of Directors and senior officers of the Company.

A summary of the related party transactions are as follows:

	For the years ended October 31		
	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	
Salaries, consulting and directors' fees	2,437,861	1,445,166	
Incentive compensation	4,498,954	4,431,080	
Geological services	· · ·	361,470	

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these consolidated financial statements at the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. No amounts were receivable to or payable from related parties at October 31, 2024 and October 31, 2023.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. Commitments and contingencies

At October 31, 2024, the Company has \$28.7 million (October 31, 2023 - \$3.7 million) in payables owing with respect to exploration and evaluation assets and has lease obligations of \$70,705 related to 2024 and \$146,653 for fiscal years 2025 to 2027. The Company is committed to incur \$34.7 million in flow-through eligible expenditures prior to December 31, 2024, of which \$32.0 million was incurred by October 31, 2024. Commitments on option properties are described in Note 4.

Canada Nickel entered into agreements with the Matachewan and Mattagami First Nations, Taykwa Tagamou Nation and Apitipi Anicinapek Nation in relation to exploration and development operations at Crawford. The agreements establish a commitment by Canada Nickel to engage in ongoing consultation and establish a mutually beneficial cooperative and productive relationship with the First Nations located in the Crawford Project area. The agreement also provides the communities with an opportunity to participate in the benefits of the Crawford Project through business opportunities, employment and training, financial compensation and consultation on environmental matters. Financial compensation includes a commitment to pay a specified percentage of the annual expenses related to the Company's exploration program and a three-year commitment of approximately \$1.6 million for specific impact assessment programs.

In the ordinary course of operating, the Company may from time to time be subject to various legal claims or possible legal claims. Management believes that there are no legal claims or possible legal claims that if resolved would either individually or collectively result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. These matters are inherently uncertain, and management's view of these matters may change in the future.

15. Financial instruments

Fair values

At October 31, 2024, the Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and short-term loans. The fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

Fair value hierarchy

Financial instruments recorded at fair value are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

During the period, there were no transfer of amounts between levels.

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market inputs whenever such inputs exist. A financial instrument is classified to the lowest level of the hierarchy for which a significant input has been considered in measuring fair value.

Level 1 – cash and cash equivalents

Level 2 - none

Level 3 - none

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

15. Financial instruments (continued)

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfil its payment obligations. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risks consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable. All of the Company's cash is held at a Canadian bank, or funds held in trust with legal counsel in which management believes that the risk of loss is minimal, but the Company is subject to concentration of credit risk. Harmonized sales tax receivable and accounts receivable consist of receivables created in the course of normal business.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations with cash and from time to time with equity. As at October 31, 2024, the Company's financial liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities and short-term loans, which have contractual maturity dates within one year. The Company manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. There have been no changes in the Company's strategy with respect to credit/liquidity risk in the period.

16. Income taxes

The reconciliation of the combined Canadian federal and provincial statutory income tax rate of 26.5% (2023 - 26.5%) to the effective tax rate is as follows:

	For the years er	For the years ended October 31	
	2024	2023	
	\$	\$	
Net loss and comprehensive loss before income taxes	5,483,182	11,394,943	
Expected income tax recovery	(1,453,043)	(3,019,660)	
Effect of flow-through renunciation	1,325,037	5,163,152	
Share based compensation and non-deductible expenses	733,855	1,228,502	
Flow-through share premium	(3,017,548)	(542,060)	
Change in tax benefits not recognized	146,101	-	
Income tax expense (recovery)	(2,265,598)	2,829,934	
The Company's income tax expense is allocated as follows:			
Current tax expense	-	-	
Deferred tax expense (recovery)	(2,265,598)	2,829,934	
	(2,265,598)	2,829,934	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

16. Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax

The following table summarizes the components of deferred tax:

	As at October 31	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Deferred tax assets:		
Equipment and right-of-use assets	22,998	-
Short-term loan facility	30,126	34,618
Asset retirement obligation	427,131	410,185
Capital lease obligation	57,600	80,268
Share issuance costs	1,768,224	1,554,507
Operating tax losses carried forward	10,652,141	6,824,227
	12,958,220	8,903,805
Deferred tax liabilities:		· · ·
Equipment and right-of-use assets	<u>-</u>	(5,327)
Resource pools – mineral properties	(14,785,009)	(12,990,865)
	(14,785,009)	(12,996,192)
Not defended toy liability	(4.000.700)	(4.000.007)
Net deferred tax liability	(1,826,789)	(4,092,387)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset where they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company has the legal right and intent to offset.

Movement in net deferred tax liabilities:

	As at October 31	
	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of the year	(4,092,387)	(1,262,453)
Recognized in consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss	2,265,598	(2,829,934)
Balance, end of the year	(1,826,789)	(4,092,387)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

17. Subsequent events

- (a) On January 9, 2025, the Company extended the repayment date of the Auramet Inc. July 2024 US\$15 million loan facility from January 9, 2025, to March 14, 2025. An extension fee of US\$438,465 will be paid by March 14, 2025 and 1,750,000 warrants with a strike price of \$0.96 per share were issued with a 9 month expiry. 750,000 warrants previously issued with the initial loan (the Auramet Inc. July 2024 warrants) were cancelled. The loan will carry an interest rate of 1.25% per month for the extension period. The interest payable on the original loan amount has also been deferred to March 14, 2025. The warrants and the underlying common shares are subject to a four month hold period under Canadian securities laws.
- (b) On December 13, 2024, Taykwa Tagamou Nation ("TTN") agreed to invest \$20 million in a Convertible Note that will be convertible into 16.67 million Canada Nickel common shares at a price of \$1.20 per share, representing an 8.4% interest in the Company (based on the Company's issued and outstanding share capital on December 13, 2024). The \$20 million secured Convertible Note will have a five-year term from closing and carry a 4.75% coupon per annum paid quarterly prior to conversion. TTN provided a \$1 million deposit on signing. TTN will also have a right to one seat on the Company's Board of Directors for so long as it holds the Convertible Note or, after conversion, at least 5% of the Company's shares.
 - On February 18, 2025, the Company announced the transaction had not closed and would require additional time to complete. Completion of the transaction is subject to certain conditions including the approval of the TSX Venture Exchange and the receipt of all other required third party consents.
- (c) On December 30, 2024, Canada Nickel completed a non-brokered private placement of an aggregate of 3.480.000 common shares of the Company that will qualify as "flow-through shares" (as defined in subsection 66(15) of the Income Tax Act (Canada)) (the "FT Shares"), at an issue price of \$1.15 per FT Share, for aggregate proceeds of \$4,002,000 (the "December 2024 Offering"). The gross proceeds from the December 2024 Offering will be used by the Company to incur (or be deemed to incur) eligible resource exploration expenses that will qualify as (i) "Canadian Exploration expenses" (as defined in the Income Tax Act (Canada)), (ii) "flow-through critical mineral mining expenditures" (as defined in subsection 127(9) of the Income Tax Act (Canada)) (collectively, the "Qualifying Expenditures"), and (iii) "eligible Ontario critical mineral exploration expenditures" within the meaning of subsection 103(4.1) of the Taxation Act, 2007 (Ontario). Qualifying Expenditures in an aggregate amount not less than the gross proceeds raised from the issuance of the FT Shares will be incurred (or deemed to be incurred) by the Company on or before December 31, 2025, and will be renounced by the Company to the initial purchasers of the Flow-Through Shares with an effective date no later than December 31, 2024. All securities issued under the December 2024 Offering will be subject to a hold period expiring four months and one day from the closing date of the December 2024 Offering in accordance with applicable Canadian securities laws.
- (d) On February 21, 2025 Canada Nickel closed an agreement with Noble whereby Canada Nickel and Noble will contribute certain mining properties, including the existing Mann joint venture, into a new company – East Timmins Nickel Ltd. ("East Timmins") to consolidate their respective interests in the portfolio of nickel projects northeast of Timmins, Ontario.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements For the Years ended October 31, 2024 and 2023 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

17. Subsequent events (continued)

As part of the transaction, Canada Nickel consolidated ownership of the mining rights and access to the surface rights for certain key patents in Aubin, Crawford, Carnegie, Dargavel, Kidd, Lennox, Lucas, Nesbitt, Prosser, and Wark townships currently held by Noble, which facilitates and simplifies future development of Crawford and other nearby regional properties held by Canada Nickel. East Timmins will control 1,839 mining claims totaling approximately 42,000 hectares and will include nickel properties in Mann, Newmarket, and Reaume Townships as well as Calder, Galna, McCool, Moody, Mortimer, Stimson, and other properties currently held by Canada Nickel. Costs will be funded by pro rata ownership, which will initially be 80% Canada Nickel and 20% Noble. Canada Nickel and Noble will continue to maintain their existing royalty rights on the East Timmins claims, as will previous claim owners who had vended claims to Noble.

The closing of the transaction is subject to the final approval of the TSX Venture Exchange.

Further, on January 6, 2025, a definitive agreement was signed with the primary surface rights holder ("Surface Rights Holder") in Crawford and surrounding townships to secure access to 32,000 acres of surface rights required to build Crawford. Securing access to 32,000 acres of surface rights was a critical step for the Company to complete permitting and move toward a construction decision on Crawford in 2025. As part of the surface rights agreement, the Company will transfer 47,750 acres of mining rights in Kingsmill and Mabee townships—where no known exploration targets exist—to the Surface Rights Holder. This transfer aims to create future certainty over a substantial area of land, facilitating the effective development of sustainable forestry and wildlife habitat preservation.

The definitive agreement with the Surface Rights Holder (the "Surface Rights Transaction") provides Canada Nickel with an option to acquire 32,000 acres of surface rights in Crawford and surrounding townships. As part of the transaction, Canada Nickel has agreed to issue 5.5 million shares and will transfer mining rights (not required for any exploration target) to approximately 47,750 acres in Kingsmill and Mabee townships. The Surface Rights Transaction is subject to approval of the TSX Venture Exchange. Additional consideration will be paid to exercise the option on a construction decision. The Company has the right to exercise the option by December 31, 2026 and can extend the option annually up to a further five years for an additional payment for each extension. The Surface Rights Holder has asked that all other terms remain confidential. The additional consideration to acquire the surface rights is not material in the context of the overall Crawford project capital cost and the extension payment is also not material.