

American Premium Water Corporation

187 Warm Springs Road B111

Las Vegas, NV 89119

(815) 878-4674

www.newelectriccv.com

info@newelectriccv.com

Corrected Annual Report

For the period ending 12/31/2022 (the "Reporting Period")

Outstanding Shares

The number of shares outstanding of our Common Stock was:

43,509,518,023 as of 12/31/22 as *(Current Reporting Period Date or More Recent Date)*

2,024,450,923 as of 12/31/21 *(Most Recent Completed Fiscal Year End-2021)*

Shell Status

Indicate by check mark whether the company is a shell company (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933, Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 15c2-11 of the Exchange Act of 1934):

Yes: ☐ No: ☒

Indicate by check mark whether the company's shell status has changed since the previous reporting period:

Yes: ☐ No: ☒

Change in Control

Indicate by check mark whether a Change in Control⁴ of the company has occurred during this reporting period:

Yes: ☒ No: ☐

1) Name and address(es) of the issuer and its predecessors (if any)

In answering this item, provide the current name of the issuer and names used by predecessor entities, along with the dates of the name changes.

04/15/2022	AMERICAN PREMIUM WATER CORP.
07/06/2022	AMERICAN PREMIUM MINING CORPORATION
10/27/2022	AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
12/08/2022	AMERICAN PREMIUM MINING CORPORATION
03/06/2023	NEW ELECTRIC CV CORPORATION
05/09/2024	AMERICAN PREMIUM WATER CORPORATION

⁴ "Change in Control" shall mean any events resulting in:

- (i) Any "person" (as such term is used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Exchange Act) becoming the "beneficial owner" (as defined in Rule 13d-3 of the Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, of securities of the Company representing fifty percent (50%) or more of the total voting power represented by the Company's then outstanding voting securities;
- (ii) The consummation of the sale or disposition by the Company of all or substantially all of the Company's assets;
- (iii) A change in the composition of the Board occurring within a two (2)-year period, as a result of which fewer than a majority of the directors are directors immediately prior to such change; or
- (iv) The consummation of a merger or consolidation of the Company with any other corporation, other than a merger or consolidation which would result in the voting securities of the Company outstanding immediately prior thereto continuing to represent (either by remaining outstanding or by being converted into voting securities of the surviving entity or its parent) at least fifty percent (50%) of the total voting power represented by the voting securities of the Company or such surviving entity or its parent outstanding immediately after such merger or consolidation.

Current State and Date of Incorporation or Registration: 1998

Standing in this jurisdiction: (e.g. active, default, inactive): Nevada-active

Prior Incorporation Information for the issuer and any predecessors during the past five years: Active

Describe any trading suspension or halt orders issued by the SEC or FINRA concerning the issuer or its predecessors since inception:

List any stock split, dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months:

Address of the issuer's principal executive office: 187 Warm Springs Road B111 Las Vegas, NV 89119

Address of the issuer's principal place of business:

X Check if principal executive office and principal place of business are the same address:

Has the issuer or any of its predecessors been in bankruptcy, receivership, or any similar proceeding in the past five years?

No: ☒ Yes: ☐ If Yes, provide additional details below:

2) Security Information

Transfer Agent

Name: VStock Transfer, LLC
Phone: (212) 828-8436
Email: info@vstocktransfer.com
Address: 18 Lafayette Pl, #2
Woodmere, NY 11598

Publicly Quoted or Traded Securities:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the share information for its publicly quoted or traded equity securities. Use the fields below to provide the information, as applicable, for all outstanding classes of securities that are publicly traded/quoted.

Trading symbol:	HIPH
Exact title and class of securities outstanding:	Common
CUSIP:	029098209
Par or stated value:	\$.0001
Total shares authorized:	60,000,000,000 as of date: 12/31/22
Total shares outstanding:	45,643,536,233 as of date: 12/31/22
Total number of shareholders of record:	199 as of date: 12/31/22

Please provide the above-referenced information for all other publicly quoted or traded securities of the issuer.

Other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities that do not have a trading symbol:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the share information for its other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities (e.g., preferred shares that do not have a trading symbol). Use the fields below to provide the information, as applicable, for all other authorized or outstanding equity securities.

Exact title and class of the security: Series A Preferred

Par or stated value: \$.001
Total shares authorized: 25,000,000 as of date: 12/31/22
Total shares outstanding: 1,765,000 as of date: 12/31/22
Total number of shareholders of record: 1 as of date: 12/31/22

Please provide the above-referenced information for all other classes of authorized or outstanding equity securities. _____

Security Description:

The goal of this section is to provide a clear understanding of the material rights and privileges of the securities issued by the company. Please provide the below information for each class of the company's equity securities, as applicable:

1. For common equity, describe any dividend, voting and preemption rights. NA
2. For preferred stock, describe the dividend, voting, conversion, and liquidation rights as well as redemption or sinking fund provisions. NA
3. Describe any other material rights of common or preferred stockholders. NA
4. Describe any material modifications to rights of holders of the company's securities that have occurred over the reporting period covered by this report. NA

3) Issuance History

The goal of this section is to provide disclosure with respect to each event that resulted in any changes to the total shares outstanding of any class of the issuer's securities **in the past two completed fiscal years and any subsequent interim period.**

Disclosure under this item shall include, in chronological order, all offerings and issuances of securities, including debt convertible into equity securities, whether private or public, and all shares, or any other securities or options to acquire such securities, issued for services. Using the tabular format below, please describe these events.

A. Changes to the Number of Outstanding Shares for the two most recently completed fiscal years and any subsequent period.

Indicate by check mark whether there were any changes to the number of outstanding shares within the past two completed fiscal years:

No: ☐ Yes: X (If yes, you must complete the table below)

Shares Outstanding Opening Balance:

Date 1/1/2018 Common: 55,618,120
Preferred: 766,390

1/8/2018	Cancellation	(125,000)	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Services not rendered	Unrestricted	Exemption
1/9/2018	Cancellation	(10,000,000)	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Services not rendered	Unrestricted	Exemption
1/9/2018	New Issuance	4,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

1/9/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
1/29/2018	Cancellation	(10,000,000)	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Services not rendered	Unrestricted	Exemption
1/30/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.08990	No	Osprey Capital – Terrence Taylor	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/1/2018	New Issuance	2,900,000	Common Stock	0.05400	No	International Monterey – Blaine Riley	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/8/2018	New Issuance	3,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Fidelity Investment Group LLC – Robert Victor	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/8/2018	New Issuance	1,800,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	David Schettelman	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

2/9/2018	New Issuance	5,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/13/2018	New Issuance	1,750,000	Common Stock	0.00020	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/22/2018	New Issuance	700,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stockvest – Mary Kratka	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/22/2018	New Issuance	6,400,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/22/2018	New Issuance	750,000	Common Stock	0.02750	No	FashioncoinX – Frank Gregides	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/23/2018	New Issuance	125,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/14/2018	New Issuance	5,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	David Rice	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/26/2018	New Issuance	8,400,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/26/2018	New Issuance	1,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Taylor Wayne	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/24/2018	Cancellation	(5,000,000)	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Services not rendered	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/3/2018	New Issuance	9,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

5/7/2018	New Issuance	3,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/11/2018	New Issuance	8,250,000	Common Stock	0.02000	No	FashioncoinX – Frank Gregides	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/21/2018	New Issuance	100,000	Preferred Stock	Par	No	Yvonne Clark	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/30/2018	New Issuance	11,800,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/31/2018	Cancellation	(5,000,000)	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Services not rendered	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/31/2018	New Issuance	5,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/31/2018	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.01910	No	MJG Trucking – Adrian Jackson	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/31/2018	New Issuance	4,000,000	Common Stock	0.01910	No	Christian Stoltz	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/31/2018	New Issuance	5,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Jeff Rice	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
6/8/2018	New Issuance	1,500,000	Common Stock	0.01910	No	Ajay Tandon	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption

6/11/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lorena Moreno	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
6/21/2018	New Issuance	10,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	David Schettelman	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
6/21/2018	New Issuance	9,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
6/28/2018	New Issuance	1,332,000	Common Stock	0.01930	No	Stuart Lane	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
7/10/2018	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Arrowood – Matt Bianci	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
7/17/2018	New Issuance	5,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	OMQI – Omri Khan	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
7/30/2018	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Arrowood – Matt Bianci	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
8/1/2018	New Issuance	3,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

8/2/2018	New Issuance	3,680,000	Common Stock	0.00625	No	GreenTree Financial – Chris Cottone	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
8/6/2018	New Issuance	4,750,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	OMQI – Omri Khan	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
8/8/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Oscaleta Partners – Steven Hicks	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
8/16/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Oscaleta Partners – Steven Hicks	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/5/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Oscaleta Partners – Steven Hicks	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/11/2018	New Issuance	13,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/20/2018	New Issuance	1,320,000	Common Stock	0.00525	No	GreenTree Financial – Chris Cottone	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/20/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Digital Agency – Frank Gregides	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/21/2018	New Issuance	11,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Digital Agency – Frank Gregides	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/24/2018	New Issuance	1,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	David Schettelman	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/28/2018	New Issuance	4,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mariela Moreno	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/1/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/3/2018	New Issuance	2,200,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Ryan Fishoff	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

10/8/2018	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Linwen Hung	Cash purchase	Unrestricted	Reg A
10/9/2018	New Issuance	914,425	Common Stock	0.04000	No	GreenTree Financial – Chris Cottone	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Reg A
10/9/2018	New Issuance	1,250,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	GreenTree Financial – Chris Cottone	Cash purchase	Unrestricted	Reg A
10/10/2018	New Issuance	250,000	Common Stock	0.07510	No	Ajay Tandon	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption

10/11/2018	New Issuance	19,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lorena Moreno	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/15/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00050	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/16/2018	New Issuance	8,300,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/17/2018	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Dominic Barbar	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/19/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00550	No	Lawrence Sands	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/23/2018	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	Par	No	Campbell McCaully	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/24/2018	New Issuance	3,850,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Chris Cottone	Cash purchase	Unrestricted	Reg A
10/26/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00050	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/29/2018	New Issuance	675,676	Common Stock	0.00148	No	Lawrence Sands	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/29/2018	New Issuance	4,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/31/2018	New Issuance	10,277,946	Common Stock	0.00500	No	Oscaleta Partners – Steven Hicks	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/31/2018	New Issuance	200,000	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Brandon Shores	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/5/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lawrence Sands	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/5/2018	New Issuance	2,600,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Alfred Culbreth	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/7/2018	New Issuance	20,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/14/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Digital Agency – Frank Gregides	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

11/15/2018	New Issuance	608,108	Common Stock	0.01480	No	Lawrence Sands	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
------------	--------------	---------	--------------	---------	----	----------------	-----------------	--------------	-----------

11/21/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lawrence Sands	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/21/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lawrence Sands	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/21/2018	New Issuance	1,750,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lawrence Sands	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/21/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Lawrence Sands	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/26/2018	New Issuance	25,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/27/2018	New Issuance	2,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Digital Agency – Frank Gregides	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/29/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00050	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/30/2018	New Issuance	8,000,000	Common Stock	0.00065	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/30/2018	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00050	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/3/2018	New Issuance	5,792,350	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	L'Alpina USA, Inc. – Rene Acker	Services	Restricted	Exemption
12/5/2018	New Issuance	3,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Digital Agency – Frank Gregides	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/11/2018	New Issuance	1,100,000	Common Stock	0.02504	No	Johoco, LLC – James Canouse	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/13/2018	New Issuance	12,000,000	Common Stock	0.00065	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/14/2018	New Issuance	4,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/19/2018	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/27/2018	New Issuance	28,000,000	Common Stock	0.00100	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/31/2018	New Issuance	10,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption

12/31/2018	New Issuance	1,000,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	GreenTree Financial – Chris Cottone	Cash purchase	Unrestricted	Reg A Reg
------------	--------------	-----------	--------------	---------	----	--	---------------	--------------	-----------

1/2/2019	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Jeffery Rice	Services	Restricted	Exemption
----------	--------------	---------	-----------------	---------	----	--------------	----------	------------	-----------

1/2/2019	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Photios Kyriakoudis	Services	Restricted	Exemption
1/2/2019	New Issuance	5,000	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Photios Kyriakoudis	Services	Restricted	Exemption
1/2/2019	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	0.00100	No	Fidelity Investment Group, LLC – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Restricted	Exemption
1/2/2019	New Issuance	250,000	Preferred Stock	0.00100	No	JS Holdings – Robert Victor	Debt conversion	Restricted	Exemption
1/22/2019	New Issuance	1,929,400	Common Stock	0.04000	No	A&R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Registration

1/30/2019	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	A&R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Services	Unrestricted	Registration
2/7/2019	New Issuance	10,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/7/2019	New Issuance	4,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	New Age Media – Christian Stolz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/7/2019	New Issuance	1,941,748	Common Stock	0.01030	Yes	The Brewer Group – Jack Brewer	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/14/2019	New Issuance	6,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	New Age Media – Christian Stolz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/19/2019	New Issuance	10,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Stewardship, LLC – Jorge Ruiz	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/21/2019	New Issuance	2,000,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	A&R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Services	Unrestricted	Registration
2/22/2019	New Issuance	3,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/25/2019	New Issuance	1,250,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	A&R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Cash	Unrestricted	Registration
2/27/2019	New Issuance	9,660,000	Common Stock	0.00080	Yes	Charles Tamburello	Cash	Restricted	Exemption
3/12/2019	New Issuance	25,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/13/2019	New Issuance	1,500,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	A&R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Services	Unrestricted	Registration
3/20/2019	New Issuance	3,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/26/2019	New Issuance	1,150,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Val Banada	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/26/2019	New Issuance	4,600,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Alan Murray	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/29/2019	New Issuance	20,900	Preferred Stock	0.03030	No	Trava, LLC – Daniel Sands	Purchase of asset	Restricted	Exemption

4/1/2019	New Issuance	25,000	Preferred Stock	0.04000	No	MAMB Enterprises, Inc. – Melony Valleau	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/1/2019	New Issuance	285,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Joe Mihok	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/1/2019	New Issuance	100,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Paolo Toffolo	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/1/2019	New Issuance	300,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Tanya Gullick	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/2/2019	New Issuance	250,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Camille Howell	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/2/2019	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	David Howell	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/2/2019	New Issuance	500,000	Common Stock	0.04000	No	Denis Keane	Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
4/3/2019	New Issuance	35,500,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	Zack Davis	Conv of PS to CS	Unrestricted	Exemption
1/30/2020	New Issuance	15,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/7/2020	New Issuance	10,000	Preferred Stock	Par	No	Yvonne Clark	Acquisition - PYSN LLC	Unrestricted	Exemption
2/13/2020	New Issuance	75,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/20/2020	New Issuance	75,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
3/30/2020	New Issuance	31,836,010	Common Stock	0.00020	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
04/20/2020	New Issuance	25,000,000	Common Stock	0.00360	No	The Creed Street Group LLC – Michael DuPonty	Stock for services	Unrestricted	Exemption
04/24/2020	New Issuance	80,000,000	Common Stock	0.00020	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
04/28/2020	New Issuance	25,099	Preferred Shares	Par	No	Agentry PR - Erin Hawker	Settlement	Unrestricted	Exemption
05/07/2020	New Issuance	50,000,000	Common Stock	0.00050	No	RB Capital – Brett Rosen	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
05/21/2020	New Issuance	25,000,000	Common Stock	0.00010	No	The Creed Street Group LLC – Michael DuPonty	Stock for services	Unrestricted	Exemption
06/02/2020	New Issuance	25,000,000	Common Stock	0.000120	No	The Creed Street Group LLC – Michael DuPonty	Stock for services	Unrestricted	Exemption
06/09/2020	New Issuance	1,000,000	Common Stock	0.00020	No	Fred Silberstein.	Stock for services	Unrestricted	Exemption
07/01/2020	New Issuance	20,000,000	Common Stock	0.005.	No	New Media Relations, LLC – Christian Stoltz	Stock for Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
07/17/2020	New Issuance	122,039,000	Common Stock	0.001	No.	Bio Health Water, Inc – David Price	Stock Sale	Unrestricted	Exemption
08/10/2020	New Issuance	20,000,000	Preferred Stock converted to Common Stock	Par	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Stock conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/29/2020	New Issuance	200,000	Preferred Shares	Par	No	Mayfair Partners - Mark Gumbel	Stock for Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
9/30/2020	New Issuance	2,663,988	Common Stock	Par	No	Trava, LLC – Daniel Sands	Stock for acquisition	Unrestricted	Exemption

10/26/2020	New Issuance	20,000,000	Preferred Stock converted to Common Stock	Par	No	Mayfair Partners-Mark Gumbel	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/10/2020	New Issuance	38,057,567	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Debt conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/09/2020	New Issuance	10,000,000	Preferred Stock converted to Common Stock	Par	No	Mayfair Partners – Mark Gumbel	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/31/2020	New Issuance	35,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund – Alan Thomas	Debt for Services	Unrestricted	Exemption
01/15/2021	New issuance	38,057,567	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
01/15/2021	New issuance	31,942,433	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
01/15/2021	New issuance	60,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Tanya Gullick	Stock Compensation	Unrestricted	Exemption
02/01/2021	New issuance	10,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Brewer Group- Jack Brewer	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
02/11/2021	New issuance	70,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
02/11/2021	New issuance	20,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Mayfair Partners- Mark Gumbel	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
02/17/2021	New Issuance	2,105,000	Preferred Shares	Par	No	David Howell	Compensation	Unrestricted	Exemption
10/26/2021	New issuance	7,741,935	Common Stock	Par	No	Brewer Group- Jack Brewer	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/11/2021	New issuance	30,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/18//2021	New issuance	35,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/09/2021	New issuance	20,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/28/2021	New Issuance	32,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
26/2021	New issuance	7,741,935	Common Stock	Par	No	Brewer Group- Jack Brewer	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/11/2021	New issuance	30,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
11/18//2021	New issuance	35,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/09/2021	New issuance	20,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
12/28/2021	New Issuance	32,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Stock Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
02/01/2022	Returned to Treasury	5,453,900	Preferred Stock	Par	No	Bio water David Price	Returned to Treasury		

2/25/2022	New Issuance	74,925,000	Common Stock	Par	No	American Pacific Bancorp Inc.	Debt Conversion	Restricted	
3/04/2022	New Issuance	9,258,060	Common Stock	Par	No	The Brewer Group Jack Brewer		Unrestricted	Exemption
3/15/2022	Reverse split	(15,885,000)	Preferred Stock	Par	No		1:10 Reverse Split		
3/25/2022	New Issuance	2,500,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/2/2022	New Issuance	38,000,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Acquisition		
5/5/2022	New Issuance	21,500,00	Common Stock	Par	No	David Howell	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/13/2022	New Issuance	200,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	A & R Opportunity Fund Alan Thomas	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
5/20/2022	New Issuance	200,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Debt Conversion	Unrestricted	Exemption
6/7/2022	New Issuance	30,769,231	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Expense Reimbursement	Restricted	
09/09/22	New Issuance	400,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Expense Reimbursement	Restricted	
09/09/22	New Issuance	4,456,077	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Expense Reimbursement	Restricted	
10/3/22	New Issuance	444,203,732	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Expense Reimbursement	Restricted	
11/9/22	New Issuance	1,600,000,000	Common Stock	Par	No	Chan Feng Fai Ambrose	Expense Reimbursement	Restricted	

Shares Outstanding on Date of This Report:

Ending Balance:

Date 12/31/22 Common: 43,643,536,233
Preferred: 1,865,981,790

Example: A company with a fiscal year end of December 31st 2023, in addressing this item for its Annual Report, would include any events that resulted in changes to any class of its outstanding shares from the period beginning on January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2023 pursuant to the tabular format above.

*****Control persons for any entities in the table above must be disclosed in the table or in a footnote here.**

Use the space below to provide any additional details, including footnotes to the table above:

Per Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 as amended ("the Securities Act"), Fai Chan is deemed an affiliate/control person by virtue of his collective ownership and control of BioHealth Water, Inc and American Pacific Bancorp which collectively owns more than 10% of American Premium Mining Corporation.

B. Promissory and Convertible Notes

Indicate by check mark whether there are any outstanding promissory, convertible notes, convertible debentures, or any other debt instruments that may be converted into a class of the issuer's equity securities:

No: ☐ Yes: X (If yes, you must complete the table below)

Date of Note Issuance	Outstanding Balance (\$)	Principal Amount at Issuance (\$)	Interest Accrued (\$)	Maturity Date	Conversion Terms (e.g. pricing mechanism for determining conversion of instrument to shares)	Name of Noteholder	Reason for Issuance (e.g. Loan, Services, etc.)

11/29/2017	0	75,000	0	11/20/2018	50% of lowest trading price for the last 20 days	Greentree Financial Group, Inc. - Chris Cottone	Services
12/14/2017	180,000	180,000	126,250	12/14/2018	50% of lowest trading price for the last 20 days	The Brewer Group - Jack Brewer	Services
7/24/2018	54,500	82,500	0	9/24/2019	60% of market; if market price is below \$.01, 50% of market price	Mammoth Corporation - Brad Hare	Promissory Note
1/30/2019	0	200,000	47,283	1/30/2020	Converts at \$.40 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
9/18/2018	0	50,000	0	Upon Demand	The lower of \$.005 per share or 50% of lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC Alan Thomas	Loan
4/15/2019	0	50,000	10,126	4/14/2020	Converts at \$.40 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
5/2/2019	0	25,000	4,923	5/1/2020	Converts at \$.40 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
5/21/2019	0	25,000	4,767	5/20/2020	Converts at \$.40 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
6/03/2019	0	35,000	0	Upon Demand	The lower of \$.001 per share or lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC Alan Thomas	Advisory Agreement
7/03/2019	0	35,000	0	Upon Demand	The lower of \$.001 per share or lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC Alan Thomas	Advisory Agreement
8/03/2019	0	35,000	0	Upon Demand	The lower of \$.001 per share or lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC Alan Thomas	Advisory Agreement
9/3/2019	0	25,000	3,180	9/2/2020	Converts at \$.40 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
11/1/2019	0	0	0	10/31/2020	50% of lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC Alan Thomas	Promissory Note
12/3/2019	0	25,000	3,041	12/2/2020	Converts at \$.05 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
1/10/2020	0	75,000	7,192	1/9/2021	Converts at \$.04 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
1/31/2020	0	100,000	9,069	1/30/2021	Converts at \$.03 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note

2/14/2020	0	100,000	8,630	2/13/2021	Converts at \$.03 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
2/24/2020	0	25,000	2,089	2/23/2021	Converts at \$.03 per share	RB Capital - Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
4/6/2022	415,000	850,000	0	10/06/2024	Last 10 days' average closing price on the market	RB Capital Partners -Brett Rosen	Promissory Note
12/17/2020	20,000	20,000	0	12/17/2021	50% of lowest trading price for the last 20 days	A&R Opportunity Fund, LLC – Alan Thomas	Promissory Note
10/15/2020	0	74,925	0	10/15/2021	Converts at \$0.001 per share	AMERICAN PACIFIC BANCORP, INC	CONTROLLED REVOLVING LINE OF CREDIT
2/8/2022	0	250,000	0	2/8/2025	Convertible at \$0.0001 per share	Chan Heng Fai	CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE
9/2/2022	500,000	500,000	0	9/2/2027	Convertible at \$0.0001 per share	Chan Heng Fai	CONVERTIBLE PROMISSORY NOTE
6/1/2022	0	72,411.3	5,729.9	6/1/2024	Convertible at \$0.0013 per share	Chan Heng Fai	Credit Facility
10/26/2022	0	1,000,000.00	0	10/26/2025	Convertible at \$0.0001 per share	Chan Heng Fai	Callable Convertible Loan

*****Control persons for any entities in the table above must be disclosed in the table or in a footnote here.**

Use the space below to provide any additional details, including footnotes to the table above: Per Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 as amended ("the Securities Act"), Fai Chan is deemed an affiliate/control person by virtue of his collective ownership and control of BioHealth Water, Inc and American Pacific Bancorp which collectively owns more than 10% of American Premium Mining Corporation.

4) Issuer's Business, Products and Services

The purpose of this section is to provide a clear description of the issuer's current operations. Ensure that these descriptions are updated on the Company's Profile on www.OTCMarkets.com.

A. Summarize the issuer's business operations (If the issuer does not have current operations, state "no operations")

During the applicable reporting period ending 12/31/22, the company pursued wealth building and nutrition platform. As of the date of this current filing, American Premium Water Corporation is doing business as New Electric CV and is not producing revenue from operations but in planning stages to launch several initiatives in this sector.

B. List any subsidiaries, parent company, or affiliated companies.

CloudXChange DataCentre, Inc.

C. Describe the issuers' principal products or services.

America Premium Water intends to provide all-electric construction vehicles.

5) Issuer's Facilities

The goal of this section is to provide investors with a clear understanding of all assets, properties or facilities owned, used or leased by the issuer and the extent in which the facilities are utilized.

In responding to this item, please clearly describe the assets, properties or facilities of the issuer. Describe the location of office space, data centers, principal plants, and other property of the issuer and describe the condition of the properties. Specify if the assets, properties, or facilities are owned or leased and the terms of their leases. If the issuer does not have complete ownership or control of the property, describe the limitations on the ownership. None

6) All Officers, Directors, and Control Persons of the Company

Using the table below, please provide information, as of the period end date of this report, regarding all officers and directors of the company, or any person that performs a similar function, regardless of the number of shares they own.

In addition, list all individuals or entities controlling 5% or more of any class of the issuer's securities.

If any insiders listed are corporate shareholders or entities, provide the name and address of the person(s) beneficially owning or controlling such corporate shareholders, or the name and contact information (City, State) of an individual representing the corporation or entity. Include Company Insiders who own any outstanding units or shares of any class of any equity security of the issuer.

The goal of this section is to provide investors with a clear understanding of the identity of all the persons or entities that are involved in managing, controlling or advising the operations, business development and disclosure of the issuer, as well as the identity of any significant or beneficial owners.

Names of All Officers, Directors, and Control Persons	Affiliation with Company (e.g. Officer Title /Director/Owner of 5% or more)	Residential Address (City / State Only)	Number of shares owned	Share type/class	Ownership Percentage of Class Outstanding	Names of control person(s) if a corporate entity
<u>Melissa Sims</u>	<u>CEO/Director (current)</u>	<u>1216 Elliott Lane Princeton, IL 61356</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>John "JT" Thatch</u>	<u>Director (current)</u>	<u>3112 Masters Drive Clearwater, FL 33761</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>Teck Liang "Adam" Tan</u>	<u>Director (current)</u>	<u>70B Telok Blangah Heights, #04-517, Singapore 102070</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>Chan Heng Fai Amrbose</u>	<u>Owner of more than 5% Current and prior</u>	<u>9 Temasek Blvd #16-04 Singapore 038989</u>	<u>62,066,095,707</u>	<u>Common</u>	<u>96.382%</u>	<u>—</u>
<u>Ryan Fishoff</u>	<u>Chief Executive Officer during reporting period ending 9/30/22</u>	<u>New York NY</u>	<u>2,200,000 / 700,000</u>	<u>Common Share / Preferred Shares</u>	<u>0.003 / .416</u>	<u>NA</u>

<u>Fidelity Investment Group, LLC</u>	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Calabasas, CA</u>	<u>4,000,000 / 25,000</u>	<u>Common Share / Preferred Shares</u>	<u>0.00086 / .0101</u>	<u>Robert Victor</u> <u>32719 Wellbrook Drive</u> <u>Westlake Village, CA 91361</u>
<u>JS Holdings, LLC</u>	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Santa Ana, CA</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>Preferred Shares</u>	<u>0.052</u>	<u>Robert Victor</u> <u>32719 Wellbrook Drive</u> <u>Westlake Village, CA 91361</u>
Chan Heng Fai Ambrose	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Republic of Singapore</u>	<u>41,579,429,040</u>	<u>Common Shares</u>	<u>0.95.5</u>	N/A
Alfred Culbreth	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Miami Beach, FL</u>	<u>120,000</u>	<u>Preferred Shares</u>	<u>0.067</u>	N/A
Rene Acker	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Miami, FL</u>	<u>75,018 / 87,400</u>	<u>Common Share / Preferred Shares</u>	<u>0 / 0.0091</u>	<u>Rene Acker</u>
BioHealth Water	<u>Owner more than 5%</u>	<u>Bethesda, MD</u>	<u>354,039,000/0</u>	<u>Common Share / Preferred Shares</u>	<u>.008/ 0</u>	<u>Bio Health Water</u> <u>4800 Montgomery Lane Suite 210</u> <u>Bethesda, MD 20814</u>

Confirm that the information in this table matches your public company profile on www.OTCMarkets.com. If any updates are needed to your public company profile, log in to www.OTCIQ.com to update your company profile.

7) Legal/Disciplinary History

A. Identify and provide a brief explanation as to whether any of the persons or entities listed above in Section 6 have, in the past 10 years:

1. Been the subject of an indictment or conviction in a criminal proceeding or plea agreement or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding minor traffic violations); No
2. Been the subject of the entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, financial- or investment-related, insurance or banking activities; No

3. Been the subject of a finding, disciplinary order or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, or a foreign regulatory body or court, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; No
 4. Named as a defendant or a respondent in a regulatory complaint or proceeding that could result in a “yes” answer to part 3 above; or No
 5. Been the subject of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended, or otherwise limited such person’s involvement in any type of business or securities activities. No
 6. Been the subject of a U.S Postal Service false representation order, or a temporary restraining order, or preliminary injunction with respect to conduct alleged to have violated the false representation statute that applies to U.S mail. No
- B. Describe briefly any material pending legal proceedings, other than ordinary routine litigation incidental to the business, to which the issuer or any of its subsidiaries is a party to or of which any of their property is the subject. Include the name of the court or agency in which the proceedings are pending, the date instituted, the principal parties thereto, a description of the factual basis alleged to underlie the proceeding and the relief sought. Include similar information as to any such proceedings known to be contemplated by governmental authorities.

American Premium Water Corp. was named as a Defendant along with prior officers and directors of American Premium Water Corp, namely Alfred Culbreth, Ryan Fishoff, Christian Stolz, Zachary Davis, Mark Gumbel and Lorena Moreno, for conspiracy to commit securities fraud, (Count 1), Securities Fraud (Counts 2-9) and Wire Fraud (Counts 10-13) in a cause filed in the Northern District of Ohio on 3/8/23, cause 23CR144, now pending, for activity in violation of Title 18, United States Code Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, USC 2461(c) for occurring between 2013 to 2019. None of the current officers, directors or control persons were named in the litigation and the allegations occurred well before any of the current officers, directors or control persons were affiliated with American Premium Water Corp.

8) Third Party Service Providers

Provide the name, address, telephone number and email address of each of the following outside providers. You may add additional space as needed.

Confirm that the information in this table matches your public company profile on www.OTCMarkets.com. If any updates are needed to your public company profile, update your company profile.

Securities Counsel (must include Counsel preparing Attorney Letters).

Name:	Sichenzia Ross Ference Carmel LLP
Address 1:	1185 Avenue of the Americas,
Address 2:	31st Floor
	New York, NY 10036
Phone:	+1 212-930-9700
Email:	info@srfc.law

Accountant or Auditor

Name:	Ronggup “Ronald” Wei
Firm:	Alset International
Address 1:	4800 Montgomery Lane, Suite 210
Address 2:	Bethesda, MD 20814
Phone:	301-971-3940
Email:	ronald@alsetinternational.com

9) Disclosure & Financial Information

A. This Disclosure Statement was prepared by (name of individual):

Name: Melissa Sims
Title: Director
Relationship to Issuer:

B. The following financial statements were prepared in accordance with:

☐ IFRS
☒ U.S. GAAP

C. The following financial statements were prepared by (name of individual):

Name: Rongguo "Ronald" Wei
Title: CPA
Relationship to Issuer: Consultant

Describe the qualifications of the person or persons who prepared the financial statements:⁵ Rongguo Wei is a finance professional with more than 15 years of experience working in public and private corporations in the United States. As the Chief Financial Officer of SeD Development Management LLC, Mr. Wei is responsible for oversight of all finance, accounting, reporting and taxation activities for that company. Prior to joining SeD Development Management LLC in August 2016, Mr. Wei worked for several different U.S. multinational and private companies including serving as Controller at American Silk Mill, LLC, a textile manufacturing and distribution company, from August 2014 to July 2016, serving as a Senior Financial Analyst at Air Products & Chemicals, Inc., a manufacturing company, from January 2013 to June 2014, and serving as a Financial/Accounting Analyst at First Quality Enterprise, Inc., a personal products company, from 2011 to 2012. Mr. Wei served as a member of the Board Directors of Amarantus Bioscience Holdings, Inc., a biotech company, from February to May 2017, and has served as Chief Financial Officer of that company from February 2017 until November 2017. Before Mr. Wei came to the United States, he worked as an equity analyst at Hong Yuan Securities, an investment bank in Beijing, China, concentrating on industrial and public company research and analysis. Mr. Wei is a certified public accountant and received his Master of Business Administration from the University of Maryland and a Master of Business Taxation from the University of Minnesota. Mr. Wei also holds a Master in Business degree from Tsinghua University and a Bachelor's degree from Beihang University.

Provide the following qualifying financial statements:

- Audit letter, if audited;
- Balance Sheet;
- Statement of Income;
- Statement of Cash Flows;
- Statement of Retained Earnings (Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity)
- Financial Notes

Financial Statement Requirements:

- Financial statements must be published together with this disclosure statement as one document.
- Financial statements must be "machine readable". Do not publish images/scans of financial statements.
- Financial statements must be presented with comparative financials against the prior FYE or period, as applicable.
- Financial statements must be prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP or International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) but are not required to be audited.

10) Issuer Certification

Principal Executive Officer:

The issuer shall include certifications by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the issuer (or any other persons with different titles but having the same responsibilities) in each Quarterly Report or Annual Report.

⁵ The financial statements requested pursuant to this item must be prepared in accordance with US GAAP or IFRS and by persons with sufficient financial skills.

The certifications shall follow the format below:

I, Melissa Sims certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Disclosure Statement for American Premium Water Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

11/13/24

/s/ MELISSA SIMS [CEO's Signature]

(Digital Signatures should appear as "/s/ [OFFICER NAME]")

Principal Financial Officer:

I, Rongguo "Ronald" Wei , certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Disclosure Statement for American Premium Water Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

11/13/24

/s/ Rongguo "Ronald" Wei

(Digital Signatures should appear as "/s/ [OFFICER NAME]")

AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2022 and 2021

	Pages
Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Unaudited)	F-1
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Unaudited)	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit for the Year ended December 31, 2022 (Unaudited)	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Cash flows for the Years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (Unaudited)	F-4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	F-5 thru F-8

AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
(Unaudited)

	Years Ended December 31, 2022	Years Ended December 31, 2021
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 649,535	\$ 4,257
Accounts Receivable	99,038	1,615
Note Receivable	299,798	299,798
Inventory	27,272	27,272
Other Current Assets	106,092	11,214
Total Current Assets	1,181,735	344,156
Other Assets		
Property and equipment net of accumulated depreciation	225,949	3,899
Intangible assets, net of amortization	10,633	633
Total Other Assets	236,582	4,532
Total Assets	<u>\$ 1,418,317</u>	<u>\$ 348,688</u>
<u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY/(DEFICIT)</u>		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	126,692	169,517
Accrued Expenses		117,997
Accrued interest payable	370,609	444,383
Deferred Compensation	-	257,849
Stock and Note repurchase agreements	-	44,734
Stock due investors	60,000	60,000
Amounts officers and related parties	510,722	7,500
Other liabilities to third parties	-	1,154,560
Bridge financing	175,000	175,000
Convertible Notes to third parties	1,023,017	1,110,697
Derivative liabilities on convertible notes	409,887	512,679
Common stock issuable	2,178	2,178
Total Current Liabilities	2,678,106	4,049,594
Total Liabilities	2,678,106	4,049,594
Stockholders' Equity /(Deficit)		
Preferred A Stock, \$0.001 par value; 25,000,000 shares authorized, 1,765,000 issued and outstanding at December 31, 2022 and 23,102,900 at December 31, 2021	1,765	23,103
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 60,000,000,000 shares authorized, 43,465,314,291 issued and outstanding, at December 31, 2022 and 1,899,663,998 at December 31, 2021	4,550,952	202,174
Additional paid-in capital	105,972,536	109,385,408
Accumulated deficit	(111,785,042)	(113,311,591)
Total Stockholders' Equity /(Deficit)	(1,259,789)	(3,700,906)
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity/(Deficit)	<u>\$ 1,418,317</u>	<u>\$ 348,688</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statement.

AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
FOR YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND, 2021
(Unaudited)

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022	For the Year Ended December 31, 2021
Income		
Sales	\$ 70,334	\$ 53,095
Cost of Goods Sold	<u>621</u>	<u>2,215</u>
Gross Profit	69,713	50,880
Operating Expenses		
General and administrative	152,672	160,348
Professional Fees	241,833	326,138
Stock Based Compensation	446	347,450
Depreciation & amortization	<u>59,000</u>	<u>671</u>
Total Operating Expenses	<u>453,951</u>	<u>834,657</u>
Loss from Operations	(384,238)	(783,777)
Other Income/ (Expense)		
Other income	28,558	-
Gain on change in derivative value	-	25,279
Gain on write off of accrued expense	271,489	-
Interest expense	<u>(10,020)</u>	<u>(115,052)</u>
Total Other Income (Expense)	290,027	(89,773)
INCOME/(LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(94,211)	(873,550)
Provision for Income Taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET INCOME/(LOSS)	<u>\$ (94,211)</u>	<u>\$ (873,550)</u>
Net Loss Per Share - Basic and Diluted	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year - Basic and Diluted	<u>43,465,314,291</u>	<u>2,024,405,923</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statement.

AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022
(Unaudited)

	<u>Series A Preferred</u> <u>Shares</u>	<u>Amounts(\$)</u>	<u>Common Stock</u> <u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount (\$)</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In</u> <u>Capital (\$)</u>	<u>Accumulated</u> <u>Deficit (\$)</u>	<u>Stockholders'</u> <u>Equity/(Deficit)</u> <u>(\$)</u>
Balance December 31, 2019	24,068,000	24,068	754,067,423	75,407	108,307,964	(111,573,685)	(3,166,246)
Common Shares issued			560,596,565	55,793	555,861		611,654
Issuance of Preferred shares for PSYN	10,000	10			(10)	(3,325)	(3,325)
Preferred shares converted	(500,000)	(500)	50,000,000	5,000	(1,800)		2,700
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2020	-					(861,031)	(861,031)
Balance December 31, 2020	23,578,400	23,578	1,364,663,988	136,200	108,862,015	(112,438,041)	(3,416,248)
Issuance of Preferred shares converted	(650,000)	(650)	65,000,000	6,500	51,226	-	57,076
Issuance of Preferred shares converted	174,500	175	470,000,000	47,000	534,237		581,412
Issuance of common shares debt conversion			124,741,935	12,474	(62,070)		(49,596)
Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-		-	-	(873,550)	(873,550)
Balance December 31, 2021	23,102,900	23,103	2,024,405,923	202,171	109,385,408	(113,311,591)	(3,700,906)
Issuance of common shares debt conversion			2,584,183,060	258,418	788,181		1,046,599
Preferred shares returned to Treasury	(5,453,900)	(5,453)					(5,453)
Preferred Shares reverse split	(15,885,00)	(15,885)		270		(116,006)	(131,891)
Issuance of common shares debt conversion			452,269,231	45,227	(4,656,633)		(4,611,406)
Issuance of common shares for acquisition			38,000,000,000	3,800,000		1,739,766	5,540,036
Issuance of common shares debt conversion			400,000,000	40,000	260,000		300,000
Issuance of common shares for expenses			448,659,809	44,866	(44,420)		446
Issuance of common shares sold			1,600,000,000	160,000	240,000		400,000
Net Loss for the year ended December 31, 2022						(97,211)	(97,211)
Balance December 31, 2022	1,765,000	1,765	45,509,518,023	4,550,952	105,972,536	(111,785,042)	(1,259,789)

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statement.

AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022, AND 2021
(Unaudited)

	For the Year Ended	For the Year Ended
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net Income/(Loss) from operations	\$ (97,211)	\$ (873,550)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operations		
Conversion of Notes Payable to Common Shares		
Stock based compensation		347,450
Change in value of derivative liabilities	(102,792)	(53,578)
Depreciation	23,050	-
Amortization		8,773
Write off of liabilities	(271,489)	-
Shares issued for expenses	446	-
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Increase/ (decrease) in accounts payable	(42,825)	166,762
Increase/ (decrease) in accrued expenses	(117,997)	(6,480)
Increase/ (decrease) in accrued interest and penalties	(73,774)	41,787
Increase/ (decrease) in other liabilities	(302,583)	26,118
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable	(97,423)	48,634
Decrease/(increase) in Inventory	-	(17,292)
Decrease/(increase) in other assets	(105,511)	(4,880)
Decrease/(increase) in Note Receivable	-	45,000
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(1,188,109)	(271,206)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Stock Issued for acquisition	3,800,000	
Cash paid for fixed assets	(244,467)	
Repayment of Note Receivable	-	-
Net Cash Used /Provided) by Investing Activities	3,555,533	-
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from convertible note payable	(87,680)	2,125
Proceeds from sale of common stock	600,000	-
Proceeds from debt conversion	(2,273,395)	74,609
Proceeds from Preferred stock exchange	(21,071)	167,233
Proceeds from 3rd party	(40,000)	-
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	(1,722,146)	243,517
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	645,278	(27,689)
Cash at Beginning of Period	4,257	31,946
Cash at End of Period	\$ 649,535	\$ 4,257

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statement.

**ANNUAL REPORT
AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business

American Premium Water was incorporated in the state of Nevada as Goldsearch Corporation on February 17, 1989. The Company was formally known as Expert Group, Inc., and has developed a new water source to produce high alkaline bottled water and is currently marketing the product throughout the United States. The Company has expanded into the cannabidiol ("CBD") infused water market and is researching nanotechnology that enables the body to absorb higher percentages of CBD molecules.

Accounting Basis

The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP" accounting). The Company has adopted a December 31 fiscal year end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the financial statements to be not misleading for the periods presented have been reflected herein.

License Agreement

The Company ("Licensee") entered into a License Agreement on April 4, 2014, with L'Alpina USA Inc., ("Licensor") a Florida Corporation whereas the Licensor owns the exclusive worldwide right, title and interest in the intellectual properties of L'Alpina Artesian PH 9.5, (applied for) USPTO Serial No. 86310306, and therefore has the exclusive right to license such intellectual property. The licensee desires to obtain, and the Licensor is willing to grant, a license pursuant to which Licensee shall have the right to use the intellectual property on terms set in the License Agreement. The term of the License Agreement shall commence on April 4, 2014 and shall terminate on April 7, 2017 (the "First Term"); provided, however, that no event of default shall have occurred and not been cured or waived, Licensee shall have the option, upon providing notice to Licensor on or before January 1, 2017 to renew the License Agreement for an additional three (3) year period (the "Renewal Term") so as to expire on April 7, 2020. In April 2017, the Licensee and Licensor agreed to extend the First Term through April 7, 2019. In April 2019, the Licensee and Licensor agreed to extend the First Term through April 15, 2020.

In consideration of the rights granted to the Licensee and the obligations of Licensor under the License Agreement, Licensee shall pay to Licensor earned royalties as specified in the following sentence which shall be based on the Adjusted Gross Sales Price of all Licensed Products manufactured and sold by Licensee hereunder, which payments shall be non-refundable and irrevocable. Earned royalties shall equal Eight Percent (8%) of the adjusted gross sales price of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement. Unless otherwise specified, all payments shall be made in United States' dollars. Licensee shall prepare or cause to be prepared statements of operations for the each and every quarter during the Term, during which Licensed Products are offered for sale to the trade, and for each quarter thereafter for so long as Licensee is offering Licensed Products for sale hereunder, which statements and source documentation shall be furnished to Licensor together with the earned royalties due for each such quarter. The statement and royalty payment provided on the last day of each April, July, October, and January during the Term shall be used to reduce Licensee's minimum royalty obligation for the Term. The term "Adjusted Gross Sales Price" shall mean the gross sales price to retailers or wholesalers of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement less any fees, trade discounts, merchandise returns, sales tax (if separately identified and charged) and markdowns and/or chargebacks, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company ("Licensee") entered into a License Agreement on August 30, 2017, with Gents Group, Inc., ("Licensor") a Delaware Corporation whereas the Licensor owns the exclusive worldwide right, title and interest in the intellectual properties of Gents Group, Inc., and therefore has the exclusive right to license such intellectual property. The licensee desires to obtain, and the Licensor is willing to grant, a license pursuant to which Licensee shall have the right to use the intellectual property on terms set in the License Agreement. The term of the License Agreement shall commence on August 30, 2017, and shall terminate on August 31, 2020, (the "First Term"); provided, however, that no event of default shall have occurred and not been cured or waived, Licensee shall have the option, upon providing notice to Licensor on or before September 30, 2020, to renew the License Agreement for an additional three (3) year period (the "Renewal Term") so as to expire on August 31, 2021. In consideration of the rights granted to the Licensee and the obligations of Licensor under the License Agreement, Licensee shall pay to Licensor earned royalties as specified in the following sentence which shall be based on the Adjusted Gross Sales Price of all Licensed Products manufactured and sold by Licensee hereunder, which payments shall be non-refundable and irrevocable. Earned royalties shall equal Eight Percent (8%) of the adjusted gross sales price of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement. Unless otherwise specified, all payments shall be made in United States' dollars. Licensee shall prepare or cause to be prepared statements of operations for the each and every quarter during the Term, during which Licensed Products are offered for sale to the trade, and for each quarter thereafter for so long as Licensee is offering Licensed Products for sale hereunder, which statements and source documentation shall be furnished to Licensor together with the earned royalties due for each such quarter. The statement and royalty payment provided on the last day of each April, July, October, and January during the Term shall be used to reduce Licensee's minimum royalty obligation for the Term. The term "Adjusted Gross Sales Price" shall mean the gross sales price to retailers or wholesalers of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement less any fees, trade discounts, merchandise returns, sales tax (if separately identified and charged) and markdowns and/or chargebacks, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Licensee will have the right to net the

royalty payments against the Licensor's sales receivable in lieu of making direct payments of royalty fees. In consideration of the License Agreement the Licensee shall issue the initial shareholders of the Licensor 7,373,460 common shares of the Licensee's common shares. See below exhibit:

Issuance of Restricted Common Stock to:

Michael Gooch	3,228,826
Joshua Reed	1,428,134
Robert Milan Prilepok	950,796
Harvey Alligood	601,524
LML Enterprises, LLC	485,100
Ron Bergundy Holdings I LLC	485,100
Jorge Perez	97,020
Chris Detert	48,450
Gary Mantoosh	48,510
	<hr/>
Stock to be issued	<u>7,373,460</u>

As of the filing of the December 31, 2022 Annual Report the common shares have not been issued and are recorded on the face of the balance sheet under Common stock issuable.

Going Concern

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis of accounting, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets and liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The accompanying unaudited financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that might result if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. The Company does not generate significant revenue, has negative cash flows from operations, which raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and appropriateness of using the going concern basis is dependent upon, among other things, additional cash infusion.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company's account at this institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had no bank balances exceeding the FDIC insurance limit. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institution, the Company evaluates at least annually the rating of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

Inventories

Inventories consist of glass bottled water and shipping containers. The Company stores the final products in regional warehouses around the United States which are owned and operated by third parties. When sales are made the final product is shipped from the warehouse to the customer. Inventories are maintained at a minimal level since production cycles are short. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had \$27,272 of product inventory on hand.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company follows FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

Cash and cash equivalents include money market securities that are considered to be highly liquid and easily tradable as of December 31, 2022. These securities are valued using inputs observable in active markets for identical securities and are therefore classified as Level 1 within our fair value hierarchy. As of December 31, 2022, there were not any cash equivalents.

In addition, FASB ASC 825-10-25 Fair Value Option expands opportunities to use fair value measurements in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The Company did not elect the fair value options for any of its qualifying financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, accounts receivable, note receivable, accrued expenses, notes payable and due to officers and related parties approximate their estimated fair market value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying amount of the notes and convertible promissory notes approximates the estimated fair value for these financial instruments as management believes that such notes constitute substantially all of the Company's debt and the interest payable on the notes approximates the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method as prescribed by ASC Topic 740: Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). It requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probably that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized, or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and we intend to settle our current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Pursuant to accounting standards related to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, a tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. The adoption had no effect on our financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Most significant estimates in the accompanying unaudited financial statements include the valuation of deferred tax assets, valuation of stock-based advisor and vendor awards, valuation of warrants issued with debt, and the measurement of derivative liabilities. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that the Company considers reasonable given the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Property and Equipment

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, three to seven years using the straight-line method of depreciation for book purposes.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, three to seven years using the straight-line method of amortization. As of September 30, 2021, the Company had a license agreement valued at \$0. Amortization expenses for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is \$0 and \$0 respectively.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09 (ASC 606) and related amendments, which superseded all prior revenue recognition methods and industry-specific guidance. The core principle of ASC 606 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of control for promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In applying the revenue principles, an entity is required to identify the contract(s) with a customer, identify the performance obligations, determine the transaction price,

allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognize revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied (i.e., either over time or point in time). ASC 606 further requires that companies disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

ASC 606 provides companies an option of two transition methods, the full retrospective method, in which case the standard would be applied to each prior reporting period presented and the cumulative effect of applying the standard would be recognized at the earliest period shown, or the modified retrospective method, in which case the cumulative effect of applying the standard would be recognized at the date of initial application. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017.

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the requirements of ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method.

The adoption of ASC 606 did not have any impact on the Company's financial statements. The adoption of ASC 606 did not have a significant impact on the Company's revenue recognition policy.

Concentration of Credit Risks

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, which could, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts; however, amounts in excess of the federally insured limit may be at risk if the bank experiences financial difficulties.

Basic Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net loss applicable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net income available to common shareholders by the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding is the basic weighted number of shares adjusted for any potentially dilutive debt or equity. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had convertible notes outstanding that could be converted into approximately 129,507,510 common shares. These are not presented in the statement of operations since the company incurred a loss and the effect of these shares is anti-dilutive.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock incentive plans by measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all stock-based awards based on estimated fair values, net of estimated forfeitures. The Company values employee stock options using the Black-Scholes option valuation method that uses assumptions that relate to the expected volatility of the Company's common stock, the expected dividend yield of our stock, the expected life of the options and the risk-free interest rate. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods or period of service of the option grant.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-06, Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) ("ASU 2020-06") to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective January 1, 2022 and should be applied on a full or modified retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted beginning on January 1, 2021. The Company is currently assessing the impact, if any, that ASU 2020-06 would have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements and does not believe that there are any other new pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

Other pronouncements issued by the FASB or other authoritative accounting standards groups with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to be significant to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Derivative Instruments

Historically, the Company entered into financing arrangements that consisted of freestanding derivative instruments or hybrid instruments that contain embedded derivative features. The Company accounts for these arrangements in Accordance with Accounting Standards Codification topic B15, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("ASC 815") as well as related interpretation of this standard. In accordance with this standard, derivative instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and are measured at fair values with gains or losses recognized in earnings. Embedded derivatives that are not clearly

and closely related to the host contract are bifurcated and are recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recognized as either a gain or a loss in earnings. The Company determines the fair value of derivative instruments and hybrid instruments based on available market data using appropriate valuation models, considering all of the rights and obligations of each instrument.

We estimate fair values of derivative financial instruments using various techniques (and combinations thereof) that are considered consistent with the objective measuring fair values. In selecting the appropriate technique, we consider, among other factors, the nature of the instrument, the market risks that it embodies and the expected means of settlement. For less complex derivative instruments, such as freestanding warrants, we generally use the Black-Scholes model, adjusted for the effect of dilution, because it embodies all of the requisite assumptions (including trading volatility, estimated terms, risk free rates, and dilution) necessary to fair value these instruments. Estimating fair values of derivative financial instruments requires the development of significant and subjective estimates that may, and are likely to, change over the duration of the instrument with related changes in internal and external market factors. In addition, option-based techniques (such as Black-Scholes model) are highly volatile and sensitive to changes in the trading market price of our common stock. Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair values, our income (expense) going forward will reflect the volatility in these estimates and assumption changes. Under the terms of the new accounting standard, increases in the trading price of the company's common stock and increases in fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative expense. Conversely, decreases in the trading price of the Company's common stock and decreases in trading fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative income.

NOTE 2 -NOTE RECEIVABLE

In November of 2018 and in February of 2019, the Company invested \$15,000 and \$40,000, respectively into Canyon Create, manufacturer of Vanexxe, Prickly Pear and other products. For this investment, the Company received convertible promissory notes from Canyon Create that are exercisable to receive equity in Canyon Create at a 50% discount to the lowest sold share price. In May 2019 through December 2019, the Company invested an additional \$51,581 in Canyon Create that is not formalized by an instrument. These investments are on the Company's balance sheet under Note Receivable. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the note receivable amounted to \$299,798.

NOTE 3 -PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

Mining Equipment	258,000	-
Lab Equipment	35,092	35,092
Less: Accumulated depreciation		
	<u>(67,143)</u>	<u>(31,052)</u>
Total	225,949	3,899

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 depreciation expense amounted to \$23,050 and 0, respectively.

NOTE 4 -BRIDGE FINANCING

On June 20, 2019, the Company entered into a Bridge Financing Agreement for purchase orders up to \$175,000. The terms of the agreement include 10% interest to be paid in the financing of purchase orders, all purchase orders will be paid for within 60-120 days of financing, the Company will not pursue other forms of purchase order financing without the express written consent of the managing partner of this Bridge Financing Agreement. In the event of default, the interest rate on the purchase order financing will increase from 10% to 24%. In June 2019, July 2019 and August 2019, the Company received \$50,000; \$40,000; and \$85,000 related to the Bridge Financing Agreement. As of December 31 2022, the balance of the financing related to the agreement amounted to \$175,000.

NOTE 5 -NOTES PAYABLE

On January 7, 2014, the Company executed a one-year promissory note with a principal balance of \$18,000 for services provided. The note bears interest at 8% and is secured by the common stock of the Company. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company. The number of shares to be received is computed by calculating the three-day average bid price of the stock on the three days prior to conversion, deducting 20% of that price and dividing the resulting price into the amount of principal and interest due. The Company could not determine if there were enough shares available to convert all obligations. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk-Free Interest rate of .0023, volatility of 364 %, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$18,000.

In October 2015, the Company intended to issue a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 with a maturity date of April 8, 2016. The Company received proceeds of \$97,500 related to the note and recognized deferred costs of \$32,500 in fiscal year ended 2016. In October 2016, the noteholder converted \$4,750 of accrued interest into 2,000 common shares at the contractual rate of \$2.38. During 2017 the noteholder converted \$8,578 of principal balance into 18,900,000 common shares at the contractual rates ranging from \$.00018 to \$.001. In February 2018, the noteholder converted \$350 of principal balance into 1,750,000 common shares at a contractual rate of \$.0002 per share. In January 2019, the noteholder sold \$25,000 of principal balance to a third party in exchange for 250,000 series A preferred shares of the Company and the recording of \$27,574 of accrued interest. The third party converted the \$25,000 principal note balance into 250,000 series A preferred shares of the Company. In May 2019, the Company borrowed an additional \$5,000 from the noteholder with the same terms of the original note. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$101,072.

On July 21, 2016, the Company reassigned a promissory note payable to a third party with a principal balance of \$20,000. The note bears interest at 10% with a maturity date of July 21, 2017. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at 40% of the lowest trading price ten days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of .0023%, volatility of 364%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$20,000.

On August 3, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note payable to a third party with a principal balance of \$25,000 for service rendered. The note bears interest at 8% per annum with a maturity date of February 3, 2017. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 40% of the lowest trading price twenty days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of .0023%, volatility of 364%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$25,000.

On the first day of each month, commencing April 1, 2016 through December 1, 2016, the Company issued nine convertible promissory notes each with a three-month maturity date. Each note has a principal balance of \$10,000 for services provided and each note bears interest at 5%. The notes are convertible into shares of common stock of the Company equal to nine percent (9%) of the common stock on a fully diluted basis. As of March December 31, 2022, the balance of the notes issued amounted to \$90,000.

On December 14, 2017, the Company executed an Advisory Agreement, pursuant to the agreement, in exchange for marketing services rendered, the Company issued the convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$180,000. The note bears interest at 15% per annum with a one-year term. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 50% of the lowest trading price twenty days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, upon issuance, the Company recorded a derivative liability of \$343,830 using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of 1.48%, volatility of 369%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$180,000.

On July 24, 2018, the Company executed a nine-month and one day promissory note with a principal balance of \$82,500 and original issue discount of \$7,500. The principal balance shall not accrue interest unless the note enters into default. The default interest rate shall be 18% per annum or the highest rate permitted by law. The original issue discount will be amortized over the term of the promissory note on a straight-line basis. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 60% of the market price on the day of conversion or at 50% of market price on the day of conversion if the market price is below \$0.01. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, upon issuance, the Company recorded a derivative liability of \$123,289 using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of 2.19%, volatility of 298 %, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. On November 25, 2019 \$12,000 of the debt was converted into 60,000,000 shares of common stock. In May 2020, \$16,000 of the debt was converted into 80,000,000 shares of common stock. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$54,500.

On January 30, 2019, the Company executed a one-year convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$200,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at \$.40 per share. In April 2019, the noteholder cancelled \$50,000 of principal balance of the convertible promissory note and \$1,356 of accrued interest in exchange for 50,000,000 common shares of the Company. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$150,000.

On April 15, 2019, the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at \$.40 per share. As of December 31, 2021, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On December 3, 2019 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.05 provided. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On January 10, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$75,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.04 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$75,000.

On January 31, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On February 14, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On February 24, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On April 30, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On December 17, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$20,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 15% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at a price of 50% of the lowest closing price of the Company's stock on the primary trading market on which the Company's Common Stock is quoted for the twenty (20) trading days immediately prior to but not including the Conversion Date, whichever is lower. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$20,000.

NOTE 6 – AMOUNTS DUE OFFICERS AND RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if the parties directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, control, are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may have dealings with if the party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the Company. The Company discloses all related party transactions. All transactions shall be recorded at fair value of the goods or services exchanged. Property purchased from a related party is recorded at the cost to the related party and any payment to or on behalf of the related party in excess of the cost is reflected as a distribution to related party. The Company discloses related party transactions on the Balance Sheet as Amounts due officers and related parties. In January 2019, the Company repaid \$5,000 and in March 2019 the Company repaid \$10,000 of the short-term note receivable resulting in a zero balance as of September 30, 2019. In the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022, the Company incurred \$7,500 of related party consulting services expense which is included in Professional fees on the Statement of Income.

NOTE 7 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 the Company issued the following shares on common stock and series A preferred stock.

- 5,453,900 Series A preferred shares were returned to the treasury and effective March 15, 2022 the Company announced a 1 for 10 reverse split
- 2,584,183,060 common shares at \$.0001 par
-

During the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 the Company issued the following shares on common stock. ● 3,436,452,291 common shares for the cancellation of \$531,000 of convertible promissory notes ● 76,000,000 common shares for consulting services totaling \$147,000. 38,000,000,000 common shares for the acquisition of Datacentre Ple LTD.

During the period of July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020 the Company issued the following shares on common stock.

- 20,000,000 commons shares issued for the consulting services totaling \$100,000.
- 20,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 200,000 Series A preferred shares.

- 2,000,000,000 common shares sold at \$0.001.

During October 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the Company issued the following shares of common stock.

- 30,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 300,000 Series A preferred shares.
- 38,057,567 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$25,000 convertible promissory notes.
- 35,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$175,000.

During January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021 the Company issued the following shares of common stock.

- 35,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 350,000 Series A preferred shares.
- 140,000,000 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$120,000 convertible promissory notes.
- 10,000,000 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$26,950 in accrued interest.
- 60,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$240,000.
- 5,000,000 common shares issued at par.

During April 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021, the Company issued the following shares of common stock

- 70,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$70,000
- 30,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 30,000 Series A preferred shares

During July 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021, the Company issued the following shares of common stock

- 150,000,000 common shares were sold for \$150,000.
- 35,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$35,000
- 124,741,935 common shares were issued for the conversion of 650,000 Series A preferred shares

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases office space in Playa Vista, California and in Beverly Hills, California on a month-to-month basis at a monthly rent amount of \$200 and \$600 per month, respectively.

NOTE 9 - GOING CONCERN

The accompanying unaudited financial statements are prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$111 million, stockholders' deficit of approximately \$1.3 million and a working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.5 million. The net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 totaled \$(1,188,109). These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from the issue date of this report. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon increasing sales and obtaining additional capital and financing.

Management believes that the Company will be dependent, for the near future, on additional equity capital to fund operating expenses. The Company intends to position itself so that it may be able to raise additional funds through the capital markets.

However, there are no assurances that the Company will be successful.

NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company follows FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The Company analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging". Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in the results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair value of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant, and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

The Company uses Level 3 inputs for its valuation methodology for the embedded conversion option liabilities as their fair value as their fair value were determined by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on various assumptions. The Company's derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives.

The following table sets forth the liabilities as of December 31, 2022, which are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required, these are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement:

The Company recorded derivative liabilities as follows:

	Conversion features <u>Derivative Liability</u>
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$512,679
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities	<u>(102,792)</u>
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$409,887

NOTE 11-DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENT AND REVOLVOING PROMISSORY NOTE

On December 18, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire domestic distribution rights for Q4 Sports. The Company is engaged in the design, marketing, and sale of Q4 basketball shoes and certain related products and concurrently entered into a revolving credit facility with Q4, borrowing up to \$400,000. The Company wishes to engage in a non-exclusive basis to assist with the marketing and sale of certain products. The terms and conditions of the revolving credit facility are as follows: Q4 Sports promises to pay the Company the principal sum of up to \$400,000, which may be advanced by the Company. Quarterly minimum payments will be dues as follows:

<u>Payment Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Due date</u>
1	\$ 85,034	April 30, 2020
2	\$122,504	July 31, 2020
3	\$243,297	September 30, 2020
4	\$184,212	March 31, 2021

As of December 31, 2022, the company had advanced \$225,000 to Q4 Sports.

NOTE 12—SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company follows the guidance set forth by section 280-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for reporting and disclosure on operating segments of the Company.

The Company’s segment information is as follows:

For the Twelve Months ended December 31, 2022:

		CloudXchange DataCentre Inc,
Revenue	\$	43,524
Operating		
Profit/(Loss)	\$	(57,305)

NOTE 13-MATERIAL EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 31, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On March 6th, 2023 the Company changed its name to New Electric CV Corporation to better match a new business direction towards electric construction vehicles

**ANNUAL REPORT
AMERICAN WEALTH MINING CORPORATION
NOTES TO UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

NOTE 1-SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Business

American Premium Water was incorporated in the state of Nevada as Goldsearch Corporation on February 17, 1989. The Company was formally known as Expert Group, Inc., and has developed a new water source to produce high alkaline bottled water and is currently marketing the product throughout the United States. The Company has expanded into the cannabidiol ("CBD") infused water market and is researching nanotechnology that enables the body to absorb higher percentages of CBD molecules.

Accounting Basis

The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP" accounting). The Company has adopted a December 31 fiscal year end.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary for the financial statements to be not misleading for the periods presented have been reflected herein.

License Agreement

The Company ("Licensee") entered into a License Agreement on April 4, 2014, with L' Alpina USA Inc., ("Licensor") a Florida Corporation whereas the Licensor owns the exclusive worldwide right, title and interest in the intellectual properties of L' Alpina Artesian PH 9.5, (applied for) USPTO Serial No. 86310306, and therefore has the exclusive right to license such intellectual property. The licensee desires to obtain, and the Licensor is willing to grant, a license pursuant to which Licensee shall have the right to use the intellectual property on terms set in the License Agreement. The term of the License Agreement shall commence on April 4, 2014 and shall terminate on April 7, 2017 (the "First Term"); provided, however, that no event of default shall have occurred and not been cured or waived, Licensee shall have the option, upon providing notice to Licensor on or before January 1, 2017 to renew the License Agreement for an additional three (3) year period (the "Renewal Term") so as to expire on April 7, 2020. In April 2017, the Licensee and Licensor agreed to extend the First Term through April 7, 2019. In April 2019, the Licensee and Licensor agreed to extend the First Term through April 15, 2020.

In consideration of the rights granted to the Licensee and the obligations of Licensor under the License Agreement, Licensee shall pay to Licensor earned royalties as specified in the following sentence which shall be based on the Adjusted Gross Sales Price of all Licensed Products manufactured and sold by Licensee hereunder, which payments shall be non-refundable and irrevocable. Earned royalties shall equal Eight Percent (8%) of the adjusted gross sales price of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement. Unless otherwise specified, all payments shall be made in United States' dollars. Licensee shall prepare or cause to be prepared statements of operations for the each and every quarter during the Term, during which Licensed Products are offered for sale to the trade, and for each quarter thereafter for so long as Licensee is offering Licensed Products for sale hereunder, which statements and source documentation shall be furnished to Licensor together with the earned royalties due for each such quarter. The statement and royalty payment provided on the last day of each April, July, October, and January during the Term shall be used to reduce Licensee's minimum royalty obligation for the Term. The term "Adjusted Gross Sales Price" shall mean the gross sales price to retailers or wholesalers of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement less any fees, trade discounts, merchandise returns, sales tax (if separately identified and charged) and markdowns and/or chargebacks, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company ("Licensee") entered into a License Agreement on August 30, 2017, with Gents Group, Inc., ("Licensor") a Delaware Corporation whereas the Licensor owns the exclusive worldwide right, title and interest in the intellectual properties of Gents Group, Inc., and therefore has the exclusive right to license such intellectual property. The licensee desires to obtain, and the Licensor is willing to grant, a license pursuant to which Licensee shall have the right to use the intellectual property on terms set in the License Agreement. The term of the License Agreement shall commence on August 30, 2017, and shall terminate on August 31, 2020, (the "First Term"); provided, however, that no event of default shall have occurred and not been cured or waived, Licensee shall have the option, upon providing notice to Licensor on or before September 30, 2020, to renew the License Agreement for an additional three (3) year period (the "Renewal Term") so as to expire on August 31, 2021. In consideration of the rights granted to the Licensee and the obligations of Licensor under the License Agreement, Licensee shall pay to Licensor earned royalties as specified in the following sentence which shall be based on the Adjusted Gross Sales Price of all Licensed Products manufactured and sold by Licensee hereunder, which payments shall be non-refundable and irrevocable. Earned royalties shall equal Eight Percent (8%) of the adjusted gross sales price of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement. Unless otherwise specified, all payments shall be made in United States' dollars. Licensee shall prepare or cause to be prepared statements of operations for the each and every quarter during the Term, during which Licensed Products are offered for sale to the trade, and for each quarter thereafter for so long as Licensee is offering Licensed Products for sale hereunder, which statements and source documentation shall be furnished to Licensor together with the earned royalties due for each such quarter. The statement and royalty payment provided on the last day of each April, July, October, and January during the Term shall be used to reduce Licensee's minimum royalty obligation for the Term. The term "Adjusted Gross Sales Price" shall mean the gross sales price to retailers or wholesalers of all Licensed Products sold under this Agreement less any fees, trade discounts, merchandise returns, sales tax (if separately identified and charged) and markdowns and/or chargebacks, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The Licensee will have the right to net the

royalty payments against the Licensor's sales receivable in lieu of making direct payments of royalty fees. In consideration of the License Agreement the Licensee shall issue the initial shareholders of the Licensor 7,373,460 common shares of the Licensee's common shares. See below exhibit:

Issuance of Restricted Common Stock to:

Michael Gooch	3,228,826
Joshua Reed	1,428,134
Robert Milan Prilepok	950,796
Harvey Alligood	601,524
LML Enterprises, LLC	485,100
Ron Bergundy Holdings I LLC	485,100
Jorge Perez	97,020
Chris Detert	48,450
Gary Mantoosh	48,510
	<hr/>
Stock to be issued	<u>7,373,460</u>

As of the filing of the December 31, 2022 Annual Report the common shares have not been issued and are recorded on the face of the balance sheet under Common stock issuable.

Going Concern

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis of accounting, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets and liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business. The accompanying unaudited financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that might result if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern. The Company does not generate significant revenue, has negative cash flows from operations, which raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and appropriateness of using the going concern basis is dependent upon, among other things, additional cash infusion.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company places its cash with a high credit quality financial institution. The Company's account at this institution is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to \$250,000. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had no bank balances exceeding the FDIC insurance limit. To reduce its risk associated with the failure of such financial institution, the Company evaluates at least annually the rating of the financial institution in which it holds deposits.

Inventories

Inventories consist of glass bottled water and shipping containers. The Company stores the final products in regional warehouses around the United States which are owned and operated by third parties. When sales are made the final product is shipped from the warehouse to the customer. Inventories are maintained at a minimal level since production cycles are short. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had \$27,272 of product inventory on hand.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company follows FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

Cash and cash equivalents include money market securities that are considered to be highly liquid and easily tradable as of December 31, 2022. These securities are valued using inputs observable in active markets for identical securities and are therefore classified as Level 1 within our fair value hierarchy. As of December 31, 2022, there were not any cash equivalents.

In addition, FASB ASC 825-10-25 Fair Value Option expands opportunities to use fair value measurements in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The Company did not elect the fair value options for any of its qualifying financial instruments.

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, accounts receivable, note receivable, accrued expenses, notes payable and due to officers and related parties approximate their estimated fair market value based on the short-term maturity of these instruments. The carrying amount of the notes and convertible promissory notes approximates the estimated fair value for these financial instruments as management believes that such notes constitute substantially all of the Company's debt and the interest payable on the notes approximates the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method as prescribed by ASC Topic 740: Income Taxes ("ASC 740"). It requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our financial statements or tax returns. The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for items, which are non-assessable or disallowed. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax basis used in the computation of assessable tax profit. In principle, deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probably that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated using tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized, or the liability is settled. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it is related to items credited or charged directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and we intend to settle our current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Pursuant to accounting standards related to the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, a tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. The adoption had no effect on our financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Most significant estimates in the accompanying unaudited financial statements include the valuation of deferred tax assets, valuation of stock-based advisor and vendor awards, valuation of warrants issued with debt, and the measurement of derivative liabilities. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that the Company considers reasonable given the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Property and Equipment

Capital assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, three to seven years using the straight-line method of depreciation for book purposes.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives, three to seven years using the straight-line method of amortization. As of September 30, 2021, the Company had a license agreement valued at \$0. Amortization expenses for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is \$0 and \$0 respectively.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09 (ASC 606) and related amendments, which superseded all prior revenue recognition methods and industry-specific guidance. The core principle of ASC 606 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of control for promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In applying the revenue principles, an entity is required to identify the contract(s) with a customer, identify the performance obligations, determine the transaction price,

allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognize revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied (i.e., either over time or point in time). ASC 606 further requires that companies disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers.

ASC 606 provides companies an option of two transition methods, the full retrospective method, in which case the standard would be applied to each prior reporting period presented and the cumulative effect of applying the standard would be recognized at the earliest period shown, or the modified retrospective method, in which case the cumulative effect of applying the standard would be recognized at the date of initial application. The ASU is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017.

Effective January 1, 2018, the Company adopted the requirements of ASC 606 using the modified retrospective method.

The adoption of ASC 606 did not have any impact on the Company's financial statements. The adoption of ASC 606 did not have a significant impact on the Company's revenue recognition policy.

Concentration of Credit Risks

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts, which could, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts; however, amounts in excess of the federally insured limit may be at risk if the bank experiences financial difficulties.

Basic Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic income (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net loss applicable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Company's net income available to common shareholders by the diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The diluted weighted average number of shares outstanding is the basic weighted number of shares adjusted for any potentially dilutive debt or equity. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had convertible notes outstanding that could be converted into approximately 129,507,510 common shares. These are not presented in the statement of operations since the company incurred a loss and the effect of these shares is anti-dilutive.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock incentive plans by measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all stock-based awards based on estimated fair values, net of estimated forfeitures. The Company values employee stock options using the Black-Scholes option valuation method that uses assumptions that relate to the expected volatility of the Company's common stock, the expected dividend yield of our stock, the expected life of the options and the risk-free interest rate. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods or period of service of the option grant.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2020-06, Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40) ("ASU 2020-06") to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective January 1, 2022 and should be applied on a full or modified retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted beginning on January 1, 2021. The Company is currently assessing the impact, if any, that ASU 2020-06 would have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect and that may impact its financial statements and does not believe that there are any other new pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

Other pronouncements issued by the FASB or other authoritative accounting standards groups with future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to be significant to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Derivative Instruments

Historically, the Company entered into financing arrangements that consisted of freestanding derivative instruments or hybrid instruments that contain embedded derivative features. The Company accounts for these arrangements in Accordance with Accounting Standards Codification topic B15, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("ASC 815") as well as related interpretation of this standard. In accordance with this standard, derivative instruments are recognized as either assets or liabilities in the balance sheet and are measured at fair values with gains or losses recognized in earnings. Embedded derivatives that are not clearly

and closely related to the host contract are bifurcated and are recognized at fair value with changes in fair value recognized as either a gain or a loss in earnings. The Company determines the fair value of derivative instruments and hybrid instruments based on available market data using appropriate valuation models, considering all of the rights and obligations of each instrument.

We estimate fair values of derivative financial instruments using various techniques (and combinations thereof) that are considered consistent with the objective measuring fair values. In selecting the appropriate technique, we consider, among other factors, the nature of the instrument, the market risks that it embodies and the expected means of settlement. For less complex derivative instruments, such as freestanding warrants, we generally use the Black-Scholes model, adjusted for the effect of dilution, because it embodies all of the requisite assumptions (including trading volatility, estimated terms, risk free rates, and dilution) necessary to fair value these instruments. Estimating fair values of derivative financial instruments requires the development of significant and subjective estimates that may, and are likely to, change over the duration of the instrument with related changes in internal and external market factors. In addition, option-based techniques (such as Black-Scholes model) are highly volatile and sensitive to changes in the trading market price of our common stock. Since derivative financial instruments are initially and subsequently carried at fair values, our income (expense) going forward will reflect the volatility in these estimates and assumption changes. Under the terms of the new accounting standard, increases in the trading price of the company's common stock and increases in fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative expense. Conversely, decreases in the trading price of the Company's common stock and decreases in trading fair value during a given financial quarter result in the application of non-cash derivative income.

NOTE 2 -NOTE RECEIVABLE

In November of 2018 and in February of 2019, the Company invested \$15,000 and \$40,000, respectively into Canyon Create, manufacturer of Vanexxe, Prickly Pear and other products. For this investment, the Company received convertible promissory notes from Canyon Create that are exercisable to receive equity in Canyon Create at a 50% discount to the lowest sold share price. In May 2019 through December 2019, the Company invested an additional \$51,581 in Canyon Create that is not formalized by an instrument. These investments are on the Company's balance sheet under Note Receivable. As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the note receivable amounted to \$299,798.

NOTE 3 -PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

Mining Equipment	258,000	-
Lab Equipment	35,092	35,092
Less: Accumulated depreciation		
	<u>(67,143)</u>	<u>(31,052)</u>
Total	225,949	3,899

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 depreciation expense amounted to \$23,050 and 0, respectively.

NOTE 4 -BRIDGE FINANCING

On June 20, 2019, the Company entered into a Bridge Financing Agreement for purchase orders up to \$175,000. The terms of the agreement include 10% interest to be paid in the financing of purchase orders, all purchase orders will be paid for within 60-120 days of financing, the Company will not pursue other forms of purchase order financing without the express written consent of the managing partner of this Bridge Financing Agreement. In the event of default, the interest rate on the purchase order financing will increase from 10% to 24%. In June 2019, July 2019 and August 2019, the Company received \$50,000; \$40,000; and \$85,000 related to the Bridge Financing Agreement. As of December 31 2022, the balance of the financing related to the agreement amounted to \$175,000.

NOTE 5 -NOTES PAYABLE

On January 7, 2014, the Company executed a one-year promissory note with a principal balance of \$18,000 for services provided. The note bears interest at 8% and is secured by the common stock of the Company. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company. The number of shares to be received is computed by calculating the three-day average bid price of the stock on the three days prior to conversion, deducting 20% of that price and dividing the resulting price into the amount of principal and interest due. The Company could not determine if there were enough shares available to convert all obligations. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk-Free Interest rate of .0023, volatility of 364 %, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$18,000.

In October 2015, the Company intended to issue a convertible promissory note in the amount of \$250,000 with a maturity date of April 8, 2016. The Company received proceeds of \$97,500 related to the note and recognized deferred costs of \$32,500 in fiscal year ended 2016. In October 2016, the noteholder converted \$4,750 of accrued interest into 2,000 common shares at the contractual rate of \$2.38. During 2017 the noteholder converted \$8,578 of principal balance into 18,900,000 common shares at the contractual rates ranging from \$.00018 to \$.001. In February 2018, the noteholder converted \$350 of principal balance into 1,750,000 common shares at a contractual rate of \$.0002 per share. In January 2019, the noteholder sold \$25,000 of principal balance to a third party in exchange for 250,000 series A preferred shares of the Company and the recording of \$27,574 of accrued interest. The third party converted the \$25,000 principal note balance into 250,000 series A preferred shares of the Company. In May 2019, the Company borrowed an additional \$5,000 from the noteholder with the same terms of the original note. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$101,072.

On July 21, 2016, the Company reassigned a promissory note payable to a third party with a principal balance of \$20,000. The note bears interest at 10% with a maturity date of July 21, 2017. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at 40% of the lowest trading price ten days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of .0023%, volatility of 364%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$20,000.

On August 3, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note payable to a third party with a principal balance of \$25,000 for service rendered. The note bears interest at 8% per annum with a maturity date of February 3, 2017. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 40% of the lowest trading price twenty days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, a derivative liability was recorded using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of .0023%, volatility of 364%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the note amounted to \$25,000.

On the first day of each month, commencing April 1, 2016 through December 1, 2016, the Company issued nine convertible promissory notes each with a three-month maturity date. Each note has a principal balance of \$10,000 for services provided and each note bears interest at 5%. The notes are convertible into shares of common stock of the Company equal to nine percent (9%) of the common stock on a fully diluted basis. As of March December 31, 2022, the balance of the notes issued amounted to \$90,000.

On December 14, 2017, the Company executed an Advisory Agreement, pursuant to the agreement, in exchange for marketing services rendered, the Company issued the convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$180,000. The note bears interest at 15% per annum with a one-year term. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 50% of the lowest trading price twenty days prior to the conversion date. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, upon issuance, the Company recorded a derivative liability of \$343,830 using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of 1.48%, volatility of 369%, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$180,000.

On July 24 , 2018 , the Company executed a nine-month and one day promissory note with a principal balance of \$82,500 and original issue discount of \$7,500. The principal balance shall not accrue interest unless the note enters into default. The default interest rate shall be 18% per annum or the highest rate permitted by law. The original issue discount will be amortized over the term of the promissory note on a straight-line basis. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company equal to 60% of the market price on the day of conversion or at 50% of market price on the day of conversion if the market price is below \$0.01. The note includes features creating a derivative liability of the Company. Accordingly, upon issuance, the Company recorded a derivative liability of \$123,289 using the Black Scholes Method to compute the liability. Assumptions were a Risk- Free Interest rate of 2.19%, volatility of 298 %, and an assumed dividend rate of 0%. On November 25, 2019 \$12,000 of the debt was converted into 60,000,000 shares of common stock. In May 2020, \$16,000 of the debt was converted into 80,000,000 shares of common stock. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$54,500.

On January 30 , 2019 , the Company executed a one-year convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$200,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at \$.40 per share. In April 2019, the noteholder cancelled \$50,000 of principal balance of the convertible promissory note and \$1,356 of accrued interest in exchange for 50,000,000 common shares of the Company. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$150,000.

On April 15 , 2019 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at \$.40 per share. As of December 31, 2021, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On December 3, 2019 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 12% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.05 provided. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On January 10, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$75,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.04 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$75,000.

On January 31, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On February 14, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$100,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$100,000.

On February 24, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On April 30, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$25,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within six months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 10% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company on a price determined by dividing the aggregate principal amount borrowed by \$.03 (the conversion price). As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$25,000.

On December 17, 2020 , the Company executed a demand convertible promissory note with a principal balance of \$20,000. The note is for a period of twelve months and must be converted within thirteen months from the execution date of the note. The note bears interest at 15% per annum. The note is convertible into common stock of the Company at a price of 50% of the lowest closing price of the Company's stock on the primary trading market on which the Company's Common Stock is quoted for the twenty (20) trading days immediately prior to but not including the Conversion Date, whichever is lower. As of December 31, 2022, the promissory note balance amounted to \$20,000.

NOTE 6 – AMOUNTS DUE OFFICERS AND RELATED PARTIES

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if the parties directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, control, are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company. Related parties also include principal owners of the Company, its management, members of the immediate families of principal owners of the Company and its management and other parties with which the Company may have dealings with if the party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the Company. The Company discloses all related party transactions. All transactions shall be recorded at fair value of the goods or services exchanged. Property purchased from a related party is recorded at the cost to the related party and any payment to or on behalf of the related party in excess of the cost is reflected as a distribution to related party. The Company discloses related party transactions on the Balance Sheet as Amounts due officers and related parties. In January 2019, the Company repaid \$5,000 and in March 2019 the Company repaid \$10,000 of the short-term note receivable resulting in a zero balance as of September 30, 2019. In the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022, the Company incurred \$7,500 of related party consulting services expense which is included in Professional fees on the Statement of Income.

NOTE 7 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

During the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 the Company issued the following shares on common stock and series A preferred stock.

- 5,453,900 Series A preferred shares were returned to the treasury and effective March 15, 2022 the Company announced a 1 for 10 reverse split
- 2,584,183,060 common shares at \$.0001 par
-

During the period of January 1, 2022 through December 31, 2022 the Company issued the following shares on common stock. ● 3,436,452,291 common shares for the cancellation of \$531,000 of convertible promissory notes ● 76,000,000 common shares for consulting services totaling \$147,000. 38,000,000,000 common shares for the acquisition of Datacentre Ple LTD.

During the period of July 1, 2020 through September 30, 2020 the Company issued the following shares on common stock.

- 20,000,000 commons shares issued for the consulting services totaling \$100,000.
- 20,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 200,000 Series A preferred shares.

- 2,000,000,000 common shares sold at \$0.001.

During October 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020, the Company issued the following shares of common stock.

- 30,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 300,000 Series A preferred shares.
- 38,057,567 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$25,000 convertible promissory notes.
- 35,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$175,000.

During January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021 the Company issued the following shares of common stock.

- 35,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 350,000 Series A preferred shares.
- 140,000,000 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$120,000 convertible promissory notes.
- 10,000,000 common shares issued for the cancellation of \$26,950 in accrued interest.
- 60,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$240,000.
- 5,000,000 common shares issued at par.

During April 1, 2021 to September 30, 2021, the Company issued the following shares of common stock

- 70,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$70,000
- 30,000,000 common shares issued from the conversion of 30,000 Series A preferred shares

During July 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021, the Company issued the following shares of common stock

- 150,000,000 common shares were sold for \$150,000.
- 35,000,000 common shares issued for consulting services totaling \$35,000
- 124,741,935 common shares were issued for the conversion of 650,000 Series A preferred shares

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases office space in Playa Vista, California and in Beverly Hills, California on a month-to-month basis at a monthly rent amount of \$200 and \$600 per month, respectively.

NOTE 9 - GOING CONCERN

The accompanying unaudited financial statements are prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As of December 31, 2022, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$111 million, stockholders' deficit of approximately \$1.3 million and a working capital deficiency of approximately \$1.5 million. The net cash used in operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2022 totaled \$(1,188,109). These matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of twelve months from the issue date of this report. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon increasing sales and obtaining additional capital and financing.

Management believes that the Company will be dependent, for the near future, on additional equity capital to fund operating expenses. The Company intends to position itself so that it may be able to raise additional funds through the capital markets.

However, there are no assurances that the Company will be successful.

NOTE 10 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Company follows FASB ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The Company analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity" and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging". Derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in the results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives. The effects of interactions between embedded derivatives are calculated and accounted for in arriving at the overall fair value of the financial instruments. In addition, the fair value of freestanding derivative instruments such as warrant, and option derivatives are valued using the Black-Scholes model.

The Company uses Level 3 inputs for its valuation methodology for the embedded conversion option liabilities as their fair value as their fair value were determined by using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model based on various assumptions. The Company's derivative liabilities are adjusted to reflect fair value at each period end, with any increase or decrease in the fair value being recorded in results of operations as adjustments to fair value of derivatives.

The following table sets forth the liabilities as of December 31, 2022, which are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value on a recurring basis by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required, these are classified based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement:

The Company recorded derivative liabilities as follows:

	Conversion features Derivative Liability
Balance on December 31, 2021	\$512,679
Change in fair value of derivative liabilities	(102,792)
Balance on December 31, 2022	\$409,887

NOTE 11-DISTRIBUTION AGREEMENT AND REVOLVOING PROMISSORY NOTE

On December 18, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire domestic distribution rights for Q4 Sports. The Company is engaged in the design, marketing, and sale of Q4 basketball shoes and certain related products and concurrently entered into a revolving credit facility with Q4, borrowing up to \$400,000. The Company wishes to engage in a non-exclusive basis to assist with the marketing and sale of certain products. The terms and conditions of the revolving credit facility are as follows: Q4 Sports promises to pay the Company the principal sum of up to \$400,000, which may be advanced by the Company. Quarterly minimum payments will be dues as follows:

<u>Payment Number</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Due date</u>
1	\$ 85,034	April 30, 2020
2	\$122,504	July 31, 2020
3	\$243,297	September 30, 2020
4	\$184,212	March 31, 2021

As of December 31, 2022, the company had advanced \$225,000 to Q4 Sports.

NOTE 12—SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company follows the guidance set forth by section 280-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for reporting and disclosure on operating segments of the Company.

The Company's segment information is as follows:

For the Twelve Months ended December 31, 2022:

		CloudXchange DataCentre Inc,
Revenue	\$	43,524
Operating Profit/(Loss)	\$	(57,305)

NOTE 13-MATERIAL EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 31, 2022 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

On March 6th, 2023 the Company changed its name to New Electric CV Corporation to better match a new business direction towards electric construction vehicles
