

Viratech Corp. and Subsidiary

*Consolidated Financial Statements as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016
and the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016*

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016	2
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016	3
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016	4
Consolidated Statement of Stockholders' Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017	5
Consolidated Notes to the Financial Statements	6-13

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
Consolidated Balance Sheets
March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016

ASSETS		March 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Current Assets			
Cash		\$ 4,058	\$ 3,702
Total Current Assets		<u>4,058</u>	<u>3,702</u>
Other Assets			
Goodwill and Intangibles		384,000	384,000
Total Other Assets		<u>384,000</u>	<u>384,000</u>
Total Assets		<u>\$ 388,058</u>	<u>\$ 387,702</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		\$ -	\$ 415
Accounts payable and accrued expenses-Related parties		-	-
Advances from non-affiliates		70,000	70,000
Advances from related parties		75,747	73,135
Judgement payable		46,000	43,000
Total Current Liabilities		<u>191,747</u>	<u>186,550</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>191,747</u>	<u>186,550</u>
Commitments and contingencies		-	-
Stockholder's Equity			
Preferred stock, 20,000,000 total shares authorized, \$.0001 par value			
Preferred stock, Class A Convertible Preferred Stock			
2,000,000 shares designated, \$.0001 par value 10 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		-	-
Preferred stock, Class B Convertible Preferred Stock			
7,000,000 shares designated, \$.0001 par value, 3,882,500 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		388	388
Common stock, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized			
\$.0001 par value, 754,243,750 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively		75,424	75,424
Additional paid-in capital		8,507,813	8,507,813
Retained (Deficit)		<u>(8,387,314)</u>	<u>(8,382,473)</u>
Total Stockholder's Equity		<u>196,311</u>	<u>201,152</u>
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity		<u>\$ 388,058</u>	<u>\$ 387,702</u>

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
Consolidated Statements of Operations
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
Revenues	\$ -	\$ -
Revenues-Related party	18,700	6,300
Total revenues	18,700	6,300
Operating Expenses		
General and administrative	23,541	29,365
	23,541	29,365
(Loss) before income taxes	(4,841)	(23,065)
Income taxes	-	-
Net (loss)	\$ (4,841)	\$ (23,065)
(Loss) per share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted average shares	754,243,750	754,143,750

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017 and 2016

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (loss)	\$ (4,841)	\$ (23,065)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(415)	-
Increase in judgement payable	<u>3,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>(2,256)</u>	<u>(23,065)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Advances from affiliates	2,612	8,000
Advances from non-affiliates	<u>-</u>	<u>10,000</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>2,612</u>	<u>18,000</u>
Net Increase/(decrease) in cash	356	(5,065)
CASH AT BEGINNING PERIOD	<u>3,702</u>	<u>6,937</u>
CASH AT END OF PERIOD	<u><u>4,058</u></u>	<u><u>1,872</u></u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash paid for income taxes	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
 Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity
 For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2017

	Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained (Deficit)	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance-January 1, 2017	3,882,510	\$ 388	754,243,750	\$ 75,424	\$ 8,507,813	\$ (8,382,473)	\$ 201,152
Net (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	4,841	(4,841)
Balance-March 31, 2017	3,882,510	\$ 388	754,243,750	\$ 75,424	\$ 8,507,813	\$ (8,377,632)	\$ 196,311

VIRATECH CORP. AND SUBSIDIARY
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016

NOTE 1 – Organization, History and Business Activity

Viratech Corp., formerly known as Imperia Entertainment, Soleil Film and Television, Inc. Ameridream Entertainment, Inc. and Mc Smoothie's, Inc. (the Company) was incorporated under the laws of the state of California as Acquisition Solutions on March 21, 2000. It became a Nevada corporation on July 18, 2006. It has acquired an extensive library of intellectual property focused on cancer prevention, detection and treatment and runs a social networking website focused on cancer research.

NOTE 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of Viratech is presented to assist in understanding Viratech's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of Viratech's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Risk

Viratech places its cash and temporary cash investments with established financial institutions. Management feels this risk is mitigated due to the longstanding reputation of these banks.

In the normal course of business, the Company extends unsecured credit to the majority of its customers. Management periodically reviews its outstanding accounts receivable and establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on historical collection trends and other criteria. The Company currently does not have any open accounts receivable.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Viratech considers all highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Viratech Corp and its subsidiary Cancer.im. All intercompany transactions are eliminated in consolidation.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, Pre Codification SFAS No. 157, “Fair Value Measurements”, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under GAAP. Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The standard also expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy, which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 — Quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets;

Level 2 — Quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets; and

Level 3 — Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

The Company designates cash equivalents (consisting of money market funds) and investments in securities of publicly traded companies as Level 1. The total amount of the Company’s investment classified as Level 3 is de minimis.

The fair value of the Company’s debt as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 approximated fair value at those times.

Fair value of financial instruments: The carrying amounts of financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts payable, accrued expenses and notes payables approximated fair value as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016 because of the relative short term nature of these instruments. At March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the fair value of the Company’s debt approximates carrying value.

Goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangibles

The Company records the excess of purchase price over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired as goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangibles. The FASB standard on goodwill and other intangible assets, prescribes a two-step process for impairment testing of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles, which is performed annually, as well as when an event triggering impairment may have occurred. The first step tests for impairment, while the second step, if necessary, measures the impairment.

Shares for Services and Other Assets

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation based on the fair value of all option grants or stock issuances made to employees or directors on or after its implementation date, as well as a portion of the fair value of each option and stock grant made to employees or directors prior to the implementation date that represents the unvested portion of these share-based awards as of such implementation date, to be recognized as an expense, as codified in ASC 718. The Company calculates stock option-based compensation by estimating the fair value of each option as of its date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. These amounts are expensed over the respective vesting periods of each award using the straight-line attribution method. Compensation expense is recognized only for those awards that are expected to vest, and as such, amounts have been reduced by estimated forfeitures. The Company has historically issued stock options and vested and no vested stock grants to employees and outside directors whose only condition for vesting has been continued employment or service during the related vesting or restriction period.

Intangibles with Finite Lives

The Company applies the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 360-10, *Property, Plant and Equipment*, where applicable to all long lived assets. FASB ASC 360-10 addresses accounting and reporting for impairment and disposal of long-lived assets. The Company periodically evaluates the carrying value of long-lived assets to be held and used in accordance with FASB ASC 360-10. FASB ASC 360-10 requires impairment losses to be recorded on long-lived assets used in operations when indicators of impairment are present and the undiscounted cash flows estimated to be generated by those assets are less than the assets’ carrying amounts. In that event, a loss is recognized based on the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair market value of the long-lived assets. Loss on long-lived assets to be disposed of is determined in a similar manner, except that fair market values are reduced for the cost of disposal.

The Company does not amortize any intangible assets with finite lives.

Goodwill and intangible assets are reviewed for potential impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that their carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management determined an impairment adjustment related to these intangibles was necessary in the amount of \$6,020,000 at December 31, 2016 due to the decrease in the realization of the intangible value of these assets and the recast of the transaction at today’s value of its securities. The Company has completely reprogrammed and gained new technology for these assets over the last three years and the Company will have the revenue and capital appreciation from these changes.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) number 104, which states that revenues are generally recognized when it is realized and earned. Specifically, the Company recognizes revenue when the product is delivered and accepted by the customer. Revenues are earned from sales of the Company’s intellectual property and services and advertising on its social network platform.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under an asset and liability approach. This process involves calculating the temporary and permanent differences between the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. The temporary differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities, which would be recorded on the Company's balance sheets in accordance with ASC 740, which established financial accounting and reporting standards for the effect of income taxes. The Company must assess the likelihood that its deferred tax assets will be recovered from future taxable income and, to the extent the Company believes that recovery is not likely, the Company must establish a valuation allowance. Changes in the Company's valuation allowance in a period are recorded through the income tax provision on the consolidated statements of operations.

On January 1, 2007, the Company adopted ASC 740-10 (formerly known as FIN No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes). ASC 740-10 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an entity's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attributes for financial statement disclosure of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Under ASC 740-10, the impact of an uncertain income tax position on the income tax return must be recognized at the largest amount that is more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority. An uncertain income tax position will not be recognized if it has less than a 50% likelihood of being sustained. Additionally, ASC 740-10 provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. As a result of the implementation of ASC 740-10, the Company recognized no material adjustment in the liability for unrecognized income tax benefits.

Segments

The Company operates in one business segment, namely the business of maintaining its intellectual property and running its social networking platform.

Loss Per Share

The Company is required to provide basic and dilutive earnings (loss) per common share information.

The basic net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss applicable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding.

Diluted net loss per common share is computed by dividing the net loss applicable to common stockholders, adjusted on an "as if converted" basis, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus potential dilutive securities.

For the periods ended March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016, potential dilutive securities had an anti-dilutive effect and were not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per common share. There were no potentially dilutive securities as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by FASB that are adopted by the Company as of the specified effective date. If not discussed, management believes that the impact of recently issued standards, which are not yet effective, will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements upon adoption.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified and represented to conform to the current financial statement presentation.

NOTE 3 – Financial Condition and Going Concern

Viratech's financial statements have been presented on the basis that it is a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business. Viratech has incurred net losses through March 31, 2017 in the amount of \$8,387,314. This factor raises doubt as to Viratech's ability to obtain debt and/or equity financing and achieve profitable operations.

Viratech's management intends to raise additional operating funds through equity and/or debt offerings. However, there can be no assurance management will be successful in its endeavors. Ultimately, Viratech will need to achieve profitable operations in order to continue as a going concern.

There are no assurances that Viratech will be able to either (1) achieve a level of revenues adequate to generate sufficient cash flow from operations; or (2) obtain additional financing through either private placement, public offerings and/or bank financing necessary to support Viratech's working capital requirements. To the extent that funds generated from operations and any private placements, public offerings and/or bank financing are insufficient, Viratech will have to raise additional working capital. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available, or if available, will be on terms acceptable to the Company. If adequate working capital is not available, Viratech may be required to curtail its operations.

NOTE 4 – Impairment of Intangible Assets

The Company's current management performed a thorough investigation of the assets and liabilities of the Company. As a result of this investigation, they have been unable to determine the appraised, depreciated value of the Company's platform, web site and other technologies it has developed. In addition, the Company determined that the value of its intellectual property acquired in 2011 had declined. As a result of these findings the Company recorded a total loss on impairment as of December 31, 2016 of \$6,020,000. Although, the Company has created new innovations and other technologies over the last three year it has written off these development costs and can no longer justify carrying the values assigned to these technologies in 2011.

NOTE 5 – Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2007, we adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10 (formerly known as FIN No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes). ASC 740-10 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements. ASC 740-10 requires a company to determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination based upon the technical merits of the position. If the more-likely-than-not threshold is met, a company must measure the tax position to determine the amount to recognize in the financial statements. The application of income tax law is inherently complex. Laws and regulation in this area are voluminous and are often ambiguous. As such, we are required to make many subjective assumptions and judgments regarding the income tax exposures. Interpretations and guidance surrounding income tax laws and regulations change over time. As such, changes in the subjective assumptions and judgments can materially affect amounts recognized in the balance sheets and statements of income.

At the adoption date of January 1, 2007, we had no unrecognized tax benefit, which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. There has been no significant change in the unrecognized tax benefit during the three months ended March 31, 2017.

We classify interest and penalties arising from the underpayment of income taxes in the statement of income under general and administrative expenses. As of March 31, 2017, we had no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The tax years 2016, 2015 and 2014 federal return remains open to examination.

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The provision (benefit) for income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016 consists of the following:

	2017	2016
Federal:		
Current	\$ -	\$ -
Deferred	-	-
State:		
Current	-	-
Deferred	-	-
	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Net deferred tax assets consist of the following components as of March 31, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Operating Loss	\$2,851,687	\$2,850,041
Deferred tax liabilities:	-	-
Valuation allowance	<u>(2,851,687)</u>	<u>(2,850,041)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The income tax provision differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. federal and state income tax rate of 34% to pretax income from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 6 – Common Stock Transactions

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company issued 100,000 shares of common stock for total cash proceeds of \$1,000.

NOTE 7 – Preferred Stock

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock as described below:

	<u>Total Series Authorized</u>	<u>Stated Value</u>	<u>Voting</u>	<u>Annual Dividends per Share</u>	<u>Convertible</u>
Series A	2,000,000	\$.0001	Yes	As per common stock	Yes
Series B	7,000,000	\$.0001	Yes	As per common stock	Yes (a)

(a) Each share of Series B Preferred Stock is convertible into fifty shares of common stock.

NOTE 8 – Advances From Non-Affiliates

The Company has borrowed from a non-affiliate \$70,000 to date on a non-interest, non-demand basis advances. The Company expects to set specific terms to the debt owed by June 30, 2017.

NOTE 9 – Advances Due to Related Parties

The Company has borrowed from certain officers and directors \$75,747 to date on a non-interest, non-demand due date advances. The Company expects to set specific terms to the debt owed by June 30, 2017.

NOTE 10 – Related Party Transactions

Marketing and Consulting Agreement

The Company entered into an agreement with the prior CEO and Director of the Company to provide marketing and consulting on his books, articles and diagnostic technologies. This includes press releases, consulting, writing, marketing and recommendations on such works. To date, the company has been paid \$123,450 for these services.

NOTE 11 – Settlement of Debt from Prior Activities

The Company had liabilities of a total of \$400,000 from prior activities. The Company settled this obligation for a non-interest bearing note of \$40,000, payable in monthly installments of \$3,000 until fully paid. The relief of this obligation has been recorded as a \$360,000 increase of additional paid-in capital. The Company believes it owes approximately \$46,000 at March 31, 2017 and is currently in default on the agreement. The Company expects to settle this debt by the end of the second quarter in 2017.

NOTE 12 – Material Contract

The Company has negotiated to receive 15,000,000 shares of Newswire.net for the licensing of certain patents and other intellectual property it owns. No value has been set on this contract because Newswire is a private company and the Company has no means to value the stock received.

On March 7, 2017, the Company announced it will acquire another 35,000,000 shares of Newswire.net in exchange for all the issued and outstanding shares of Cancer.im, Inc. it currently owns. This transaction will give the Company a 50% ownership in Newswire.net.

The Company expects to get final approval of this transaction with an effective date of April 1, 2017.

NOTE 13 – Subsequent Events

In accordance with ASC 855-10, the Company has analyzed its operations subsequent to March 31, 2017 through the date these financial statements were issued and has determined that it does not have any material subsequent events to disclose in these financial statement other than the events described above.