

ITEM 5 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**VITAL PRODUCTS, INC.
Financial Statements
April 30, 2017
(Unaudited)**

VITAL PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

	<u>April 30, 2017</u>	<u>July 31, 2016</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Accounts receivable – related party	\$ 200,690	\$ 181,845
Inventory	163,021	149,610
Prepaid expenses	<u>3,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total current assets	<u>366,711</u>	<u>331,455</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 366,711</u>	<u>\$ 331,455</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities		
Bank overdraft	\$ 27,560	\$ 47,906
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	365,188	274,779
Advances - related party	4,269	25,000
Promissory notes, including accrued interest of \$23,075 and \$0, respectively	<u>336,664</u>	<u>303,052</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>733,681</u>	<u>650,737</u>
Total liabilities	<u>733,681</u>	<u>650,737</u>
Stockholders' deficit		
Preferred Stock; \$0.01 par value; authorized undesignated 900,000 shares, no shares issued and outstanding		
Series A Convertible Preferred Stock; \$0.01 par value; 100,000 shares authorized, 100,000 and 100,000 issued and outstanding, respectively	1,000	1,000
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized and 197,583 and 197,583 issued and outstanding, respectively	20	20
Additional paid-in capital	3,943,378	3,943,378
Accumulated other comprehensive income	47,181	47,181
Accumulated deficit	<u>(4,364,987)</u>	<u>(4,319,007)</u>
Total Vital Products, Inc. stockholders' deficit	<u>(373,408)</u>	<u>(327,428)</u>
Non-controlling interest	6,438	8,146
Total deficit	<u>(366,970)</u>	<u>(319,282)</u>
Total liabilities and deficit	<u>\$ 366,711</u>	<u>\$ 331,455</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

VITAL PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	For the nine months ended April 30, 2017	For the three months ended April 30, 2017	For the nine months ended April 30, 2016	For the three months ended April 30, 2016
Sales	\$ 1,456,361	\$ 466,836	\$ 1,536,239	\$ 528,185
Cost of sales	<u>1,272,390</u>	<u>411,993</u>	<u>1,325,836</u>	<u>457,002</u>
Gross profit	<u>183,971</u>	<u>54,843</u>	<u>210,403</u>	<u>71,183</u>
Operating expenses				
Selling, general and administrative	<u>208,584</u>	<u>69,480</u>	<u>253,063</u>	<u>76,743</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>208,584</u>	<u>69,480</u>	<u>253,063</u>	<u>76,743</u>
Net operating income (loss)	(24,613)	(14,637)	(42,660)	(5,560)
Other income (loss)				
Financing costs	(23,075)	(7,646)	(126,001)	(44,172)
Gain on settlement of debt	-	-	58,337	17,695
Gain (loss) on currency exchange rate	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(10,343)</u>	<u>(28,917)</u>
Net income (loss)	(47,688)	(22,283)	(120,667)	(60,954)
Net (income) loss attributed to non-controlling interest	<u>1,708</u>	<u>5,093</u>	<u>18,387</u>	<u>(7,296)</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to Vital Products, Inc	<u>\$ (45,980)</u>	<u>\$ (17,190)</u>	<u>\$ (102,280)</u>	<u>\$ (68,250)</u>
Net income (loss) attributable to Vital Products Inc. per common share, basic	<u>\$ (0.23)</u>	<u>\$ (0.09)</u>	<u>\$ (0.52)</u>	<u>\$ (0.35)</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic	<u>197,583</u>	<u>197,583</u>	<u>197,583</u>	<u>197,583</u>

VITAL PRODUCTS, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	For the nine months ended April 30, 2017	For the nine months ended April 30, 2016
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ (47,688)	\$ (120,667)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash used in operating activities		
Accretion of debt discount and interest expense	23,075	126,001
Gain on settlement of debt	-	(58,337)
Gain on currency exchange	-	10,343
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(18,845)	(52,816)
Prepaid expense	(3,000)	(54,016)
Inventory	(13,412)	45,797
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	90,411	51,827
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>30,541</u>	<u>(51,868)</u>
Cash flow from financing activities		
Bank overdraft	(20,347)	20,672
Advances	14,806	31,156
Repayment of advances	(25,000)	-
Non-controlling interest	-	40
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	<u>(30,541)</u>	<u>51,868</u>
Net change in cash	-	-
Cash, beginning of the period	-	-
Cash, end of the period	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Interest paid	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Income tax paid	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Consolidated financial statements.

VITAL PRODUCTS, INC.
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
April 30, 2017 and 2016
(Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS FOR PRESENTATION

Vital Products, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Delaware on May 27, 2005. On July 5, 2005, the Company purchased the Childcare Division of Metro One Development, Inc., (formerly On The Go Healthcare, Inc.) which manufactured and distributed infant care products.

In August 2008, we changed our business plan and began the process of developing a new line of business as a distributor of industrial packaging products. On September 17, 2008, we entered into a Letter of Intent to purchase Montreal-based Den Packaging Corporation. The transaction proposed in the Letter of Intent did not close. On February 27, 2010, we entered into a License Agreement with Den Packaging Corporation as noted below.

On October 7, 2008, we entered into a consulting agreement with DLW Partners of Toronto, an industrial packaging consulting firm specializing in market analysis, market and product strategies and the development of product line extensions. We believed that DLW would work closely with us to develop new products for existing markets and establish product line extensions to further our market share. Most importantly DLW has experience in the development of environmentally friendly products and we expected that DLW would further our initiative to develop environmentally acceptable products. As we have not had a product commercialized by DLW we let the agreement expire on July 31, 2011.

On October 21, 2008, we entered into a sales and marketing agreement with Eco Tech Development LLC of Nevada, a product research and development company specializing in eco-friendly industrial packaging applications, whereby we would market certain proprietary and patent-pending technologies that have recently been developed by Eco Tech, beginning with the marketing of a new bio-based foam packaging product. As we have not had a product commercialized we let the agreement expire on July 31, 2011.

On January 13, 2009, we announced that we had commenced production of Biofill(TM), our bio-based foam in place packaging product, and on January 26, 2009, we received our first purchase order.

On February 19, 2009, we entered into an agreement to market a new paper packaging system. While we believe paper packaging has been a staple in the industrial packaging market for many years, our new system produces a craft paper product that simulates a moldable nest. We believe this product is priced competitively with other paper products and gives us the advantage of performance and range of use. Although our new line of business continues to develop, we believe that these purchase orders validate our product and reflect the industrial packaging industry's trend towards environmentally friendly product lines. As of July 31, 2011, we have limited production of the new paper packaging product.

On February 27, 2010, we entered into a License Agreement with Den Packaging Corporation ("Den Packaging"), in which our former Chief Executive Officer has a majority ownership interest. Under the terms of the Agreement, we have the right to market the products of Den Packaging as well as the right of use of the facilities of Den Packaging including but not limited to the sales and distribution facilities. We purchased all of the inventory on hand as of March 1, 2010 and agreed to pay a fee of 5% of all sales generated plus a management fee of 5% based on the total monies paid for employee salaries, benefits and commissions. The Company is responsible for all expenses that relate to sales generated under the License Agreement. The duration of the agreement is for a period of twelve months commencing on March 1, 2010 and thereafter on a month-by-month basis unless sooner terminated by Den Packaging as provided for in the agreement. Den Packaging may at any time in its sole discretion, with sixty days prior notice, terminate the agreement and revoke the license granted for any reason whatsoever and upon such termination we will immediately stop the use of the facilities as described.

The Company determined that Den Packaging was a Variable Interest Entity and that Vital Products, Inc. is the primary beneficiary. As such, Den Packaging Corporation was consolidated into the Company's financial statements.

Den Packaging delivered a termination notice to the Company to cancel the License Agreement effective May 1, 2011. The Company determined that it lost control of Den Packaging on May 1, 2011 and ceased to include the balance sheet, results of operations and cash flows of Den Packaging in the consolidated financial statements of the Company after April 30, 2011.

On April 26, 2012, we entered into a License Agreement with Vital Products Supplies, Inc. ("Vital Supplies"). Under the terms of the Agreement, we have the right to market the products of Vital Supplies as well as the right of use of the facilities of Vital Supplies including but not limited to the sales and distribution facilities. We agreed to pay a fee of 1.5% of all sales generated plus a management fee of 1.5% based on the total monies paid for employee salaries, benefits and commissions. The Company is responsible for all expenses that relate to sales generated under the License Agreement. The duration of the agreement is for a period of twelve months commencing on April 26, 2012 and thereafter on a month-by-month basis unless sooner terminated by Vital Supplies as provided for in the agreement. Vital Supplies may at any time in its sole discretion, with sixty days prior notice, terminate the agreement and revoke the license granted for any reason whatsoever and upon such termination we will immediately stop the use of the facilities as described.

The Company has determined that Vital Supplies is a Variable Interest Entity and that Vital Products, Inc. is the primary beneficiary. As such, Vital Supplies has been consolidated into the Company's financial statements.

On May 23, 2017, the Company and Combined USA Corporation (dba XCPCNL Business Corp) ("XCPCNL") enter into a share exchange agreement whereby 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of XCPCNL were exchanged for 20,500,000 shares of common stock of the Company to effect the merger of the Company and XCPCNL.

Effective May 27, 2017, Vital Supplies delivered to the Company a Notice of Termination of License Agreement. Vital Supplies and the Company agreed pursuant to the Termination Section of the License Agreement, Vital Supplies gave sixty (60) days' Notice of Termination of the License Agreement on March 8, 2017 with termination effective May 8, 2017. The Company determined that it lost control of Vital Supplies on May 8, 2017 and ceased to include the balance sheet, results of operations and cash flows of Vital Supplies in the consolidated financial statements of the Company after May 7, 2017.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Liquidity and Going Concern

During the nine months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company incurred net income (loss) of (\$45,980) and (\$102,280), respectively and cash provided by (used in) operations was \$30,541 and \$(51,868), respectively. The Company financed its operations through loans payable and vendors' credit.

Management believes that the current cash balances at April 30, 2017 and net future cash proceeds from operations will not be sufficient to meet the Company's cash requirements for the next twelve months.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments to the measurement and classification of the recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company has experienced losses in the period and has negative working capital. The Company's ability to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business is dependent upon continued support.

The Company is currently attempting to obtain additional financing from its existing shareholders and other strategic investors to continue its operations. However, the Company may not obtain sufficient additional funds from these sources.

These conditions cause substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. A failure to continue as a going concern would require that stated amounts of assets and liabilities be reflected on a liquidation basis that could differ from the going concern basis. These consolidated financial statements do not contain any adjustments for this contingency.

Accounting Principles

The Company's accounting and reporting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. The consolidated financial statements are reported in United States dollars.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its variable interest entity ("VIE") in which the Company is the primary beneficiary. Effective August 1, 2009, the Company adopted the accounting standards for non-controlling interests and reclassified the equity attributable to its non-controlling interests as a component of equity in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Management's determination of the appropriate accounting method with respect to the Company's variable interests is based on accounting standards for VIEs issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The Company consolidates any VIEs in which it is the primary beneficiary and discloses significant variable interests in VIEs of which it is not the primary beneficiary, if any.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include amounts for impairment of equipment, share based compensation, inventory obsolescence and allowance for doubtful accounts.

Foreign Currency Translation

After operations of the Company moved from Ontario, Canada to California, the Company reviewed its functional currency and determined that it was appropriate to change the functional currency to the U.S. dollar from the Canadian dollar May 1, 2012.

Prior to May 1, 2012, our financial information was translated into U.S. dollars using exchange rates in effect at period-end. The income statement is translated at the average year-to-date exchange rate. Adjustments resulting from translation of foreign exchange are included as a component of other comprehensive income within stockholders' deficit.

Valuation of Long-Lived Assets

We assess the recoverability of long-lived assets whenever events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when the sum of the expected undiscounted net cash flows over the remaining useful life is less than the carrying amount of the assets.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with FASB ASC Subtopic 605, Revenue Recognition. Under FASB ASC Subtopic 605, revenue is recognized at the point of passage to the customer of title and risk of loss, there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, the sales price is determinable, and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. The Company generally recognizes revenue at the time of delivery of goods. Sales are reflected net of sales taxes, discounts and returns.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents are on deposit with financial institutions without any restrictions. At April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016, cash equivalents amounted to \$0.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company records an allowance for doubtful accounts as a best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in its accounts receivable. Each month, the Company reviews this allowance and considers factors such as customer credit, past transaction history with the customer and changes in customer payment terms when determining whether the collection of a receivable is reasonably assured. Past due balances over 90 days and over a specified amount are reviewed individually for collectability. Receivables are charged off against the allowance for doubtful accounts when it becomes probable that a receivable will not be recovered. At April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016, the allowance for doubtful accounts amounted to \$0.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise cash, accounts receivable – related party, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, notes payable and advances. The carrying value of Company's short-term instruments approximates fair value, unless otherwise noted, due to the short-term maturity of these instruments. In management's opinion, the fair value of notes payable is approximate to carrying value as the interest rates and other features of these instruments approximate those obtainable for similar instruments in the current market. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks in respect of these financial instruments.

Inventory

Inventory comprises finished goods held for sale and is stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. The Company estimates the realizable value of inventory based on assumptions about forecasted demand, market conditions and obsolescence. If the estimated realizable value is less than cost, the inventory value is reduced to its estimated realizable value. If estimates regarding demand and market conditions are inaccurate or unexpected changes in technology affect demand, the Company could be exposed to losses in excess of amounts recorded. On this basis management recorded a reserve of \$0 at April 30, 2017 (July 31, 2016 - \$0).

Income Taxes

The Company follows FASB ASC Subtopic 740, Income Taxes, for recording the provision for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed based upon the difference between the financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted marginal tax rate applicable when the related asset or liability is expected to be realized or settled.

Deferred income tax expenses or benefits are based on the changes in the asset or liability each period. If available evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Future changes in such valuation allowance are included in the provision for deferred income taxes in the period of change.

Stock-based Compensation

The Company follows FASB ASC Subtopic 718, Stock Compensation, for accounting for stock-based compensation. The guidance requires that new, modified and unvested share-based payment transactions with employees, such as grants of stock options and restricted stock, be recognized in the consolidated financial statements based on their fair value at the grant date and recognized as compensation expense over their vesting periods. The Company also follows the guidance for equity instruments issued to consultants.

Basic Loss Per Share

FASB ASC Subtopic 260, Earnings Per Share, provides for the calculation of "Basic" and "Diluted" earnings per share. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net loss available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. All potentially dilutive securities have been excluded from the computations since they would be antidilutive. However, these dilutive securities could potentially dilute earnings per share in the future.

Comprehensive Income

The Company has adopted FASB ASC Subtopic 220, Comprehensive Income, which establishes standards for reporting and display of comprehensive income, its components and accumulated balances. Comprehensive income is defined to include all changes in equity except those resulting from investments by owners or distributions to owners. Among other disclosures, FASB ASC Subtopic 220 requires that all items that are required to be recognized under the current accounting standards as a component of comprehensive income be reported in a financial statement that is displayed with the same prominence as other financial statements. Comprehensive income is displayed in the statement of stockholders' deficit and in the balance sheet as a component of stockholders' deficit.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) ("ASU 2014-09"). ASU 2014-09 supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 605, Revenue Recognition, and most industry-specific guidance. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-15, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date, which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 for all entities by one year. This guidance is currently effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period, under either full or modified retrospective approach. Early application is permitted as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this new standard on its revenue recognition policy.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, Leases. The new standard establishes a right-of-use model that requires a lessee to record a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than twelve months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this guidance on its consolidated financial statements

3. VARIABLE INTEREST ENTITY

Following is a description of our financial interests in a variable interest entity that we consider significant, those for which we have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of the entity and, therefore, have consolidated the entity into our financial statements.

Vital Products Supplies, Inc. - On April 26, 2012, we entered into a License Agreement with Vital Products Supplies, Inc. ("Vital Supplies"). Under the terms of the Agreement, we have the right to market the products of Vital Supplies as well as the right of use of the facilities of Vital Supplies including but not limited to the sales and distribution facilities. We agreed to pay a fee of 1.5% of all sales generated plus a management fee of 1.5% based on the total monies paid for employee salaries, benefits and commissions. The Company is responsible for all expenses that relate to sales generated under the License Agreement. The duration of the agreement is for a period of twelve months commencing on April 26, 2012 and thereafter on a month-by-month basis unless sooner terminated by Vital Supplies as provided for in the agreement. Vital Supplies may at any time in its sole discretion, with sixty days prior notice, terminate the agreement and revoke the license granted for any reason whatsoever and upon such termination we will immediately stop the use of the facilities as described.

We have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of Vital Supplies as our interest in the entity is subject to variability based on results from operations and changes in the fair value.

The results of operations for Vital Supplies have been included in the consolidated financial statements of the Company. The Company did not pay consideration to enter into the License Agreement. The acquisition has been accounted for using the purchase method as follows:

Cash	\$	200
Non-controlling interest		(200)
	\$	<u>-</u>

Our consolidated balance sheets at April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016, recognizes current assets of \$363,711 (July 31, 2016 - \$331,455), and current liabilities of \$357,273 (July 31, 2016 - \$323,309) related to our interests in Vital Supplies. Our statement of operations for the nine months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016 recognizes sales of \$1,456,361 (2016 - \$1,536,239) cost of sales of \$1,272,390 (2016 - \$1,325,836), selling, general and administrative expenses of \$185,679 (2016 - \$228,789) and finance costs of \$0 (2016 - \$0) related to our interest in Vital Supplies.

At April 30, 2017, \$152,668 was due to Vital Product Supplies, Inc under the License Agreement. This liability is not recorded in these consolidated statements as this amount is an inter-company balance within the consolidated group. If Vital Product Supplies, Inc exercised their rights to terminate the agreement at April 30, 2017, \$152,668 would be recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of Vital Products Inc.

4. INVENTORY

As of April 30, 2017 and 2016, inventory is comprised of finished goods and no provision for inventory obsolescence has been recorded.

5. ADVANCES

Advances are non-interest bearing, unsecured and have no specified terms of repayment.

6. PROMISSORY NOTES

As of April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016, promissory notes (“Notes”) totaling \$303,052 and \$303,052, respectively were outstanding. The Notes bear interest of 10% per annum and are unsecured and has no specified terms of repayment. The Notes include interest payable of \$22,667 and \$0 at April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016, respectively.

As of April 30, 2017, a promissory note (“Note”) issued on October 31, 2016 with principal of \$6,018 was outstanding. The Note bears interest of 10% per annum and is unsecured and has no specified terms of repayment. The Note includes interest payable of \$298 at April 30, 2017.

As of April 30, 2017, a promissory note (“Note”) issued on April 30, 2017 with principal of \$4,518 was outstanding. The Note bears interest of 10% per annum and is unsecured and has no specified terms of repayment. The Note includes interest payable of \$110 at April 30, 2017.

7. SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

On April 6, 2017, the Company’s Board and the Majority Shareholders approved an amendment to the Company’s Certificate of Incorporation, as amended, to affect a reverse stock split of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company’s common stock, par value \$0.0001, on a 1 for 5,000 basis. The reverse stock split was declared effective by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority on May 2, 2017. All share information has been revised to reflect the reverse stock split from the Company’s inception.

8. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

During the nine months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company had sales of \$1,456,361 and \$1,536,239, respectively, and as of April 30, 2017 and July 31, 2016 accounts receivable of \$200,690 and \$181,845, respectively, all with Century Computer Products (“Century”) and Reliable Printing Solutions, Inc. (“Reliable”). Aaron Shrira, the sole shareholder of Vital Supplies, is a 50% shareholder of both Century and Reliable. Vital Supplies is a consolidated subsidiary of Vital Products. We have determined that we are the primary beneficiary of Vital Supplies as our interest in the entity is subject to variability based on results from operations and changes in the fair value.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

Foreign Exchange Risk

From time to time, the company can be exposed to foreign exchange risk on purchases of inventory which are made in US dollars. The company does not use derivative instruments to hedge its foreign exchange risk.

Concentration Risk

The company is subject to risk of non-payment on its trade accounts receivable. For the nine months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, the company has few customers. One customer represents 100% of the total outstanding accounts receivable and one customer represent 100% of total sales. Management consistently monitors its client credit terms with customers to reduce credit risk exposure.

For the nine months ended April 30, 2017 and 2016, the company purchased its inventory from many vendors.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 23, 2017, the Company and Combined USA Corporation (dba XCPCNL Business Corp) (“XCPCNL”) entered into a share exchange agreement whereby 100% of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock of XCPCNL were exchanged for 20,500,000 shares of common stock of the Company to effect a merger of the Company and XCPCNL.

On May 23, 2017, the Company issued 208,209 shares of common stock for consulting services.

Effective May 27, 2017, Vital Supplies delivered to the Company a Notice of Termination of License Agreement. Vital Supplies and the Company agreed pursuant to the Termination Section of the License Agreement, Vital Supplies gave sixty (60) days’ Notice of Termination of the License Agreement on March 8, 2017 with termination effective May 8, 2017. The Company determined that it lost control of Vital Supplies on May 8, 2017 and ceased to include the balance sheet, results of operations and cash flows of Vital Supplies in the consolidated financial statements of the Company after May 7, 2017.

On June 9, 2017, the Company filed an amendment to the Certificate of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of Delaware. The amendment changes (i) the name of the Company to XCPCNL Business Services Corporation and (ii) the total number of authorized shares of stock of the Company to 251,000,000 shares consisting of a class of 250,000,000 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.0001 per share and a class of 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value of \$0.01 per share.