#### **Unique Pizza & Subs Corporation**

P.O. Box 90 Trafford PA 15085

# COMPANY INFORMATION AND DISCLOSURE STATEMENT FOR THE QUARTER ENDED

March 31, 2015

June 29, 2015

### **Part A: General Company Information**

As used in this disclosure statement, the terms "we", "us", "our," "UPZS" and the "Company" means, Unique Pizza & Subs Corporation, a Delaware corporation.

### Item 1. Name of the issuer and its predecessors (if any):

Unique Pizza & Subs Corporation (formerly Coastal Services Group, Inc.)

### Item 2. Address of the issuer's principal executive offices:

P.O. Box 90 Trafford PA 15085 UPZSCorp@gmail.com 724-600-4720

Fax: 412-281-4273

Website: www.uniquepizza.com

Investor relations contact:

Mirador Consulting, Inc. 5499 North Federal Highway Suite D Boca Raton, Florida 33487 Website: None

### Item 3. Security information:

Trading Symbol: UPZS

CUSIP: 90916J

Authorized shares of Common Stock: 300,000,000 Common shares issued and outstanding: 69,523,678 Shares in the public float: Approximately 27,482,128 Number of shareholders: Approximately 2,015

Number of "free-trading": N/A

Authorized shares of Preferred Stock: 50,000,000 Preferred shares issued and outstanding: 22,000,000 (Issued to James Vowler and Dr M. S. Reddy)

Shares in the public float: 0 Number of shareholders: 2

#### Transfer Agent

Pacific Stock Transfer 4045 South Spencer Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89119 Phone: (702) 361-3033

Is the Transfer Agent registered under the Exchange Act?\* Yes: X No:

\*To be included in the OTC Pink Current Information tier, the transfer agent must be registered under the Exchange Act.

List any restrictions on the transfer of security:

None

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC in the past 12 months.

None

#### Item 4. Issuance History:

List below any events, in chronological order, that resulted in changes in total shares outstanding by the issuer in the past two fiscal years and any interim period. The list shall include all offerings of securities, whether private or public, and all shares or any other securities or options to acquire such securities issued for services, describing (1) the securities, (2) the persons or entities to whom such securities were issued and (3) the services provided by such persons or entities. The list shall indicate:

- The nature of each offering (e.g., Securities Act Rule 504, intrastate, etc.);
   Services rendered.
- Any jurisdictions where the offering was registered or qualified;
- The number of shares offered;

• The number of shares sold;

None

• The price at which the shares were offered, and the amount actually paid to the issuer;

Services rendered.

• The trading status of the shares; and

Restricted.

• Whether the certificates or other documents that evidence the shares contain a legend (1) stating that the shares have not been registered under the Securities Act and (2) setting forth or referring to the restrictions on transferability and sale of the shares under the Securities Act.

N/A

With respect to private offerings of securities, the list shall also indicate the identity of the persons who purchased securities in such private offering; *provided*, *however*, that in the event that any such person is an entity, the list shall also indicate (a) the identity of each natural person beneficially owning, directly or indirectly, more than ten percent (10%) of any class of equity securities of such entity and (b) to the extent not otherwise disclosed, the identity of each natural person who controlled or directed, directly or indirectly, the purchase of such securities for such entity.

#### Item 5. Financial statements:

Please see the following page.

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# **Financial Statements**

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# Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation Balance Sheet March 31, 2015

# Assets

Current Assets:	
Cash	\$ 8,765
Deposits	179,000
Prepaid Expense – Related Party	184,225
Prepaid Distribution Services	5,423
Inventory	19,500
•	
Total Current Assets	396,913
Property and Equipment:	
Vehicle	24,500
Office Equipment	17,325
Total Property & Equipment	41,825
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	7,000
Net Property & Equipment	34,825
Total Assets	<u>\$ 431,738</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' (Deficit)	
Current Liabilities:	<b>4. 222 2.12</b>
Accounts Payable	\$ 233,242
Shareholder Loan Payable	30,000
Current Portion of Convertible Notes Payable	175,121
Derivate Liability	45,000
Accrued Interest and Late Fees	5,000
Total Current Liabilities	488,363
Total Liabilities	488,363
Shareholders' (Deficit):	
Preferred Stock, par value \$.0001 per share	
50,000,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2015	
22,000,000 shares outstanding at March 31, 2015,	
convertible one for twenty-five into common shares	2,200
Common stock, par value \$.0001 per share	2,200
300,000,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2015,	
69,523,678 shares issued and outstanding	
at March 31, 2015	6,952
Common Stock to be Issued to Related Party	700
Preferred Stock to be Issued to Related Party	200
Storm to ST Indiana to Itelanta I mity	200

Additional Paid-in Capital	1,384,352
Retained (Deficit)	(1,451,029)
Total Shareholders' (Deficit)	(56,625)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' (Deficit)	<u>\$ 431,738</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

# Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation Statement of Operations For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015

Revenue:	
Franchise Fee Income	\$ -
Rebate Income	-
Rent Income	-
Sales	-
Miscellaneous Income	
Total Revenue	
Costs and Expenses:	
Consulting Expense – Related Party	183,625
Consulting Expense paid with Common Stock	20,000
Depreciation Expense	375
Foreign Distribution Services	17,625
Other Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	2,461
Total Costs and Expenses	(224,086)
Interest Expense	
1	(45,000)
Net (Loss)	(269,086)
Basic (Loss) per Common Share	<u>*</u>
Diluted (Loss) per Common Share	<u>*</u>

<sup>&</sup>quot;\*" = less than \$.01

### See Notes to Financial Statements

### UNIQUE PIZZA AND SUBS CORPORATION

### STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Quarter Ended March 31,2015

(Unaudited)

					Additional	
	Common	Stock	Preferred	Stock	Paid-in	Retained
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit
Balances, January 1, 2015	67,523,678	\$ 6,752	22,000,000 \$	5 2,200 \$	1,364,372	\$ (1,181,943)
Common stock issued for services Net loss for the quarter ended March	2,000,000	200	-	-	19,800	-
31, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	(269,086)
Balances, December 31,2014	69,523,678	e\$ 6.052	22,000,000 \$	5 2,200 \$	5 1,384,352	\$ (1,451,029)
	07,323,070	υ, 932	22,000,000	5 2,200 4	1,504,552	ψ (1,731,029)

See Notes to Financial Statements

# Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation Statement of Cash Flows For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015

Operating Activities:	
Net (Loss)	\$ (269,086)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net	
net cash (used in) operating activities:	
Depreciation	375
Non-cash services received for promissory note	-0-
Common shares issued for services received	20,000
Interest expense on derivative liability	45,000
Prepaid expenses	201,250
Net Cash (Used in) Operating Activities	(3,243)
Financing Activities:	
Cash received from investors	0-
Net Cash Provided By Financing Activities	-0-
(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,243)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	12,008
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	<u>\$ 8,765</u>

### Note 1 - Organization

Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (the "Company") formerly Coastal Services Group, Inc. a Delaware corporation was incorporated November 20, 2003. The Company's mission is to be a leading national franchiser. The Company has a store conversion strategy which targets existing pizza shops as potential franchisees. The Company will provide all franchisees with a customer call center, state-of-the-art point-of-sale system, economies of scale buying power and other services to potentially increase the new store's profit margins.

The Company was a party to a reverse merger on February 9, 2006. The reverse merger was between Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (formerly known as Coastal Services Group, Inc.) and their wholly owned subsidiary Coastal Communications, Inc. As a result of the reverse merger, all existing assets of Coastal Communications, Inc. have been removed from the financial statements. In addition, all of the liabilities of Coastal Communications, Inc. were removed from the financial statements. As a result, the financial statements include the following: The balance sheet consists of the net remaining assets at historical cost after the reverse merger. The statement of operations includes only the income and expenses of Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (formerly known as Coastal Services Group, Inc.) and none of the income and expenses of Coastal Communications, Inc. (the previously wholly owned subsidiary).

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Management's Use of Estimates: The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires that the Company make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and related disclosures. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those related to revenue recognition, the fair value and useful lives of intangible assets, property and equipment, income taxes, and contingencies, among others. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition: The Company's business model is to sell franchise agreements to customers. The revenue from these sales are recorded when the agreement to purchase the franchise is executed by the customer.

Basis of Presentation. The financial statements include the accounts of Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation under the accrual basis of accounting.

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Risk and Uncertainties - The Company is subject to risks common to companies in the service industry, including, but not limited to, litigation, development of new technological innovations and dependence on key personnel.

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities- The Company follows paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 820-10-35-37 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Paragraph 820-10-35-37") to measure the fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

Level 1	Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
Level 2	Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.
Level 3	Pricing inputs that are generally observable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, such as cash, inventory, accounts payable and customer deposits approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company's bank note payable approximates the fair value of such instrument based upon management's best estimate of interest rates that would be available to the Company for similar financial arrangement at March 31, 2015.

The Company does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or a non-recurring basis, consequently, the Company did not have any fair value adjustments for assets and liabilities measured at fair value at March 31, 2015, nor gains or losses are reported in the statement of operations that are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses

relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

### Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation Notes to Financial Statements For the Quarter Ended March 31, 2015

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - For purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets: The Company evaluates the recoverability of its fixed assets and other assets in accordance with section 360-10-15 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets. Disclosure requires recognition of impairment of long-lived assets in the event the net book value of such assets exceeds its expected cash flows. If so, it is considered to be impaired and is written down to fair value, which is determined based on either discounted future cash flows or appraised values. The Company adopted the statement on inception. No impairments of these types of assets were recognized during the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

Income Taxes: The Company accounts for income taxes under Section 740-10-30 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are determined based upon differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the statements of operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

Fixed Assets: The Company's property and equipment consisting of building improvements, equipment, software, and furniture are stated at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method. Book depreciation for the three months ended March 31, 2015 is \$375.

Advertising Costs - Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. The Company does not incur any direct-response advertising costs.

Loss Per Share - Net loss per common share is computed pursuant to section 260-10-45 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Basic net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potentially outstanding shares of common stock during each period. There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding as of March 31, 2015.

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Share-Based Payments - The Company acquires nonmonetary assets including goods for its common stock. The goods are recorded at the fair value of the nonmonetary asset exchanged or at an independent quoted market price for items exchanged.

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using the fair value method following the guidance set forth in section 718-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosure about Stock-Based Compensation. This section requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). That cost will be recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award- the requisite service period (usually the vesting period). No compensation cost is recognized for equity instruments for which employees do not render the requisite service.

Comprehensive Income (Loss) - The Company reports comprehensive income and its components following guidance set forth by section 220-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification which establishes standards for the reporting and display of comprehensive income and its components in the consolidated financial statements. There were no items of comprehensive income (loss) applicable to the Company during the period covered in the financial statements.

<u>Recent Accounting Pronouncements</u> - The Company has reviewed all recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements and do not believe the future adoption of any such pronouncements may be expected to cause a material impact on its financial condition or the results of its operations.

### FASB Accounting Standards Codification

(Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2009-01)

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In September 2009, FASB approved the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("the Codification") as the single source of authoritative nongovernmental GAAP. All existing accounting standard documents, such as FASB, American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Emerging Issues Task Force and other related literature, excluding guidance from the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), have been superseded by the Codification. All other non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting literature not included in the Codification has become nonauthoritative. The Codification did not change GAAP, but instead introduced a new structure that combines all authoritative standards into a comprehensive, topically organized online database. The Codification is effective for interim or annual periods ending after September 15, 2009, and impacts the Company's financial statements as all future references to authoritative accounting literature will be referenced in accordance with the Codification. There have been no changes to the content of the Company's financial statements or disclosures as a result of implementing the Codification during the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

As a result of the Company's implementation of the Codification during the prior fiscal year, previous references to new accounting standards and literature are no longer applicable. In the current annual financial statements, the Company will provide reference to both new and old guidance to assist in understanding the impacts of recently adopted accounting literature, particularly for guidance adopted since the beginning of the current fiscal year but prior to the Codification.

#### Subsequent Events

(Included in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 855 "Subsequent Events", previously SFAS No. 165 "Subsequent Events")

SFAS No. 165 established general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued ("subsequent events"). An entity is required to disclose the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated and the basis for that date. For public entities, this is the date the financial statements are issued. SFAS No. 165 does not apply to subsequent events or transactions that are within the scope of other GAAP and did not result in significant changes in the subsequent events reported by the Company. SFAS No. 165 became effective for interim or annual periods ending after September 15, 2009 and did not impact the Company's financial statements. The Company evaluated for subsequent events through the issuance date of the Company's financial statements. No recognized or non-recognized subsequent events were noted.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets

(Included in ASC 350 "Intangibles — Goodwill and Other", previously FSP SFAS No. 142-3 "Determination of the Useful Lives of Intangible Assets")

FSP SFAS No. 142-3 amended the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under previously issued goodwill and intangible assets topics. This change was intended to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under topics related to business combinations and other GAAP. The requirement for determining useful lives must be applied prospectively to intangible assets acquired after the effective date and the disclosure requirements must be applied prospectively to all intangible assets recognized as of, and subsequent to, the effective date. FSP SFAS No. 142-3 became effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of FSP SFAS No. 142-3 did not impact the Company's financial statements.

### **Noncontrolling Interests**

(Included in ASC 810 "Consolidation", previously SFAS No. 160 "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements an amendment of ARB No. 51")

SFAS No. 160 changed the accounting and reporting for minority interests such that they will be recharacterized as noncontrolling interests and classified as a component of equity. SFAS No. 160 became effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008 with early application prohibited. The Company implemented SFAS No. 160 at the start of fiscal 2009 and no longer records an intangible asset when the purchase price of a noncontrolling interest exceeds the book value at the time of buyout. The adoption of SFAS No. 160 did not have any other material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities — Amended

(To be included in ASC 810 "Consolidation", SFAS No. 167 "Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)")

SFAS No. 167 amends FASB Interpretation No. 46(R) "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities regarding certain guidance for determining whether an entity is a variable interest entity and modifies the methods allowed for determining the primary beneficiary of a variable interest entity. The amendments include: (1) the elimination of the exemption for qualifying special purpose entities, (2) a new approach for determining who should consolidate a variable-interest entity, and (3) changes to when it is necessary to reassess who should consolidate a variable-interest entity. SFAS No. 167 is effective for the first annual reporting period beginning after November 15, 2009, with earlier adoption prohibited. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 167 in fiscal 2010 and does not anticipate any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

### Note 3 – Shareholders' Equity

As of February 19, 2006, pursuant to a unanimous consent of the sole director, the articles of incorporation were approved to be amended to increase the number of authorized shares from 700,000,000 to 4,000,000,000. Then, in May of 2010, pursuant to a unanimous consent of the board of directors, the articles of incorporation were amended to reduce the authorized common shares to 300,000,000.

At March 31, 2015, there are 22,000,000 shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding to the Company's officer, director and majority shareholder. These are convertible into shares of common stock at a rate of one preferred share into twenty-five common shares. Therefore, there are potentially 550,000,000 additional shares of common stock that could be issued in the future upon conversion from preferred shares by this person. The Company affected a one for two hundred and fifty reverse stock split on March 6, 2014. The financial statements herein have been retroactively restated in compliance with US SEC staff accounting bulletin topic 4.C. The effects of these shares are non-dilutive at March 31, 2015 due to the net loss recorded.

### Note 4 – Judgments

Included in the accompanying unaudited balance sheet at March 31, 2015, is \$233,242 of collective unpaid judgments and awards from various employees and vendors.

#### Note 5 – Convertible Notes Payable

The Company has an unsecured note payable to an unrelated third party at March 31, 2015 of \$5,121 remaining on the original principal amount of \$325,000. The note has an imputed interest rate of 6% per annum, the effects of which are included in the financial statements in the amount of \$5,000 including late fees. The note is past due, is currently payable on demand, and has a conversion into common shares feature at \$.005 per share. The promissory note will not convert into more than ten percent of the Company's shares pursuant to an agreement between the parties. The promissory note is not a derivative liability under EITF 00-19 due to its fixed floor conversion.

The Company has an unsecured convertible note payable to an unrelated third party at March 31, 2015 of \$45,000 representing cash advances made to the Company in the amounts of \$20,000 and \$25,000 in late 2014. The entire note has a line of credit in the amount of \$250,000 for the Company to draw upon. The interest rate is 10% per annum. The note is currently payable on demand, and has a conversion into common shares feature at \$.015 per share or 50% of the average closing bid price of the last five trading days upon receiving a conversion notice, whichever is lower. The promissory note will not convert into more than ten percent of the Company's shares pursuant to an agreement between the parties. The promissory note is a derivative liability under EITF 00-19 due to its variable floor conversion option.

ASC Topic 815 ("ASC 815") requires that all derivative financial instruments be recorded on the balance sheet at fair value. Fair values for exchange traded securities and derivatives are based on quoted market prices. Where market prices are not readily available, fair values are determined using market based pricing models incorporating readily observable market data and requiring judgment and estimates.

The Company issued a convertible note as per above and has evaluated the terms and conditions of the conversion features contained in the notes and warrants to determine whether they represent embedded or freestanding derivative instruments under the provisions of ASC 815. The Company determined that the conversion features contained in the notes and warrants represent freestanding derivative instruments that meet the requirements for liability classification under ASC 815. As a result, the fair value of the derivative financial instruments in the notes and warrants is reflected in the Company's balance sheet as a liability. The fair value of the derivative financial instruments of the convertible notes and warrants was measured at the inception date of the notes and warrants and each subsequent balance sheet date. Any changes in the fair value of the derivative financial instruments are recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense at each balance sheet date.

### Note 5 – Convertible Notes Payable (Cont.)

The Company valued the conversion features in its convertible notes using the Black-Scholes model. The Black-Scholes model values the embedded derivatives based on a risk-free rate of return ranging from 0.02% to 0.02%, grant dates at the beginning of the year, the term of convertible note, conversion prices is lesser of 1) \$0.015, or 2) 50% of stock bid price at date of note issuance, current stock prices on the measurement date ranging from \$0.005 to \$0.011, and the computed measure of the Company's stock volatility, ranging from 221.61% to 359.23%.

Included in the March 31, 2015 financial statements is a derivative liability in the amount of \$45,000 to account for this transaction. There were no balances in prior periods since this liability arose in late 2014. It will be revalued quarterly henceforth and adjusted as a gain or loss to the statements of operations depending on its value at that time.

Included in the Statements of Operation for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 is \$45,000 in change of fair value of derivative and \$45,000 of debt discount amortization in non-cash charges pertaining to the derivative liability as it pertains to the gain on derivative liability and debt discount, respectively.

The Company has an unsecured note payable to an unrelated third party at March 31, 2015 in the principal amount of \$60,000. The note has an imputed interest rate of 6% per annum, the effects of which are immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The note is currently payable on demand, and has a conversion into common shares feature. The promissory note will not convert into more than ten percent of the Company's shares pursuant to an agreement between the parties. The promissory note is not a derivative liability under EITF 00-19 due to its fixed floor conversion.

The Company has an unsecured convertible note payable to an unrelated third party at March 31, 2015 in the principal and interest amount totaling \$65,000. The note has an imputed interest rate of 6% per annum, the effects of which are immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The note is past due, is shown as currently payable in the accompanying balance sheet, and was due on November 2, 2012. The loan is convertible into 4,000,000 shares of common stock representing the principal portion of the loan only. The promissory note is not a derivative liability under EITF 00-19 due to its fixed floor conversion.

#### Note 6 – Loss Per Share

Loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Basic and diluted loss per share was the same for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

### Note 7 – Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are summarized as follows:

Cash paid during the periods for interest and income taxes:

	2015	2014
Income Taxes	\$	\$
Interest	\$	\$

### Note 8 – Going Concern and Uncertainty

The Company has suffered recurring losses from operations since inception. In addition, the Company has yet to generate an internal cash flow from its business operations. These factors raise substantial doubt as to the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern.

Management's plans with regard to these matters encompass the following actions: 1) obtain funding from new investors to alleviate the Company's liquid working deficiency, and 2) implement a plan to generate sales. The Company's continued existence is dependent upon its ability to resolve it liquidity problems and increase profitability in its current business operations. However, the outcome of management's plans cannot be ascertained with any degree of certainty. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these risks and uncertainties.

#### Item 6. Describe the Issuer's Business, Products and Services:

Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (the "Company") formerly Coastal Services Group, Inc. a Delaware corporation was incorporated November 20, 2003. The Company's mission is to be a leading national franchiser. The Company has a store conversion strategy which targets existing pizza shops as potential franchisees. The Company will provide all franchisees with a customer call center, state-of-the-art point-of-sale system, economies of scale buying power and other services to potentially increase the new store's profit margins.

The Company was a party to a reverse merger on February 9, 2006. The reverse merger was between Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (formerly known as Coastal Services Group, Inc.) and their wholly owned subsidiary Coastal Communications, Inc. As a result of the reverse merger, all existing assets of Coastal Communications, Inc. have been removed from the financial statements. In addition, all of the liabilities of Coastal Communications, Inc. were removed from the financial statements. As a result, the financial statements include the following: The balance sheet consists of the net remaining assets at historical cost after the reverse merger. The statement of operations includes only the income and expenses of Unique Pizza and Subs Corporation (formerly known as Coastal Services Group, Inc.) and none of the income and expenses of Coastal Communications, Inc. (the previously wholly owned subsidiary).

#### Plan of Operation

Through the years of learning and increasing experience, some of the Key Elements and Principles of the Business Model and Associated Plan include the following:

- Become one of the 'Top Ten' pizza Franchises headquartered in the US
  - $\triangleright$  This would require > 1,000 stores
- **Revenue** sources to include:
  - > Franchise Fees
  - > 8% of Franchisee Revenue (major franchise's charge between 11 & 14%)
    - 1) 5% for Corporate
    - 2) 3% for Advertising and Customer Support Center
  - Vendor/Supplier Rebates
  - Stock Sales
- Three **Growth** propositions (both Franchised and Company owned)
  - 1) 'Organic' new store openings
  - 2) Conversions existing independent stores
  - 3) Acquisitions -- both pizza/sub businesses as well as 'complimentary

### businesses' that could also become independent profit centers

- 'Brick and Mortar' (buildings/structures) would NOT be important, but emphasis would be on product, building color scheme and 'look and feel,' Unique Pizza and Subs® signage, employee attire, etc.
- Store service option **Flexibility**, such as they can provide: (a) pick-up and delivery only, (b) sit-down and (a), (c) inclusion of wine, beer and/or liquor license
- Make a low 'Cost of Entry' (franchise fee) and overall ongoing Affordability
  - ➤ Initial Franchise Fee established at \$20K
  - Provide financing opportunities
  - Weekly fees tied to store revenues @ average of 5% below competitors
  - Individual (vs. quantity) pricing available for consumables such as shirts, hats, menu's business cards, gifts, etc.
  - Shared advertising fees
- Minimize Employee **Theft** of money and/or product through the use of Automation
  - > Common Point of Sale system for all stores
  - > Centralized toll free Call Center for ALL stores
  - ➤ Professional Customer Response Representatives for <u>Order Accuracy</u>
  - Product and Ingredient Consumption activities/histories matched to revenue
  - Accurate revenue and product <u>Usage Tracking</u>
- Improve store **Profits** 
  - > Up-selling to improve average 'order/ticket' price
  - Marketing
  - ➤ Headcount Reduction
  - Order Accuracy
  - ➤ Volume-based Pricing and vendor Discounts
  - Product Profitability Analysis
- A Customer Loyalty Program is required to reward great consumers and to stimulate those who may need incentives or had a less than satisfactory experience
- Minimize call **Order Time** without compromising **Order Accuracy** 
  - ➤ Utilize Automated Call Directory (ACD) software tools
  - > Corporate Enterprise system
  - Customer Data-base accuracy
- Product Consistency expected of major franchises, regardless of cook's expertise
  - > Thorough Documentation
  - > Timeless Training (Headquarters, Web-based and On-site)

### **Results of Operations**

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – QUARTER ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### **Revenues**

In 2006 and 2007 Unique Pizza and Subs Corp. entered into many different franchise agreements with different franchisees that included monies upfront which encompassed a variation of the initial franchise fee, stock and future royalty revenues. As a result of these diverse deals and because of an internal restructuring plan, UPZS does not have revenue to report for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

### **Operating Expenses**

We had operating expenses of \$214,169 for the quarter ended March 31, 2015. Our operating expenses include depreciation expense of \$375, and \$213,794 in other G&A expenses.

### **Other Expenses**

We had no other expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2015.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We had \$6,345 in cash at March 31, 2015.

Net cash flows used in operating activities were \$170,779 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015. This is attributable to a net loss of \$214,169 for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 less depreciation expense of \$1,125 for the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

There were no cash flows from investing activities for the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Cash flows from financing activities were \$176,597 received from investors during the nine months ended March 31, 2015.

Overall, we have funded all of our cash needs from inception through March 31, 2015 with proceeds from issuance of our common stock.

#### **Item 7. Describe the Issuer's Facilities:**

There are no leases but the company does have a post office box:

P.O. Box 90 Trafford PA 15085 UPZSCorp@gmail.com 724-600-4720

Fax: 412-281-4273

Website: www.uniquepizza.com

### Item 8. Officers, Directors and Control Persons:

### A. Names of Officers, Directors and Control Persons:

James C. Vowler, President and CEO

William L. Vowler, Director

### B. Legal/Disciplinary History:

There are some current, past, pending and threatened legal proceedings and/or administrative actions either by or against the issuer that could have a material effect on the issuer's business, financial condition, or operations from the year 2008 or earlier. UPZS has entered into agreements to pay, or judgments against, or pending legal proceedings, with the following companies or individuals: nine former employees from corporate office and call center include: J. Carroll \$50,000 plus costs, D. Sherbondy, A. Lazarchik, L. Lewis, B. Magill, K. Christy, L. Moss, L. Middleton, B. Tuulaupua, we have judgments in the total amount of \$59,500; Carol Harris Staffing, LLC has a collection lawsuit pending for \$17,986.02; US Food Service, Inc. has a default judgment for \$28,910.91 plus costs; the US Department of Labor, \$28,276; Pick Up Stix, Inc. for \$17,050.

#### C. Beneficial Shareholders:

No greater than 10% shareholders other than James Vowler mentioned above.

### Item 9. Third Party Providers:

### Legal Counsel

# Morrow & Kross, P.C.

304 Ross St. Pittsburgh, PA, 15219 United States

### Don A. Paradiso P.A.

7300 N. Federal Highway Boca Raton, FL, 33487 **United States** 

### Accountant or Auditor

Name: Tracy Lok, CPA

Firm: GreenTree Financial Group, Inc.

Address 1: 7951 S.W. 6th Street

Address 2: Suite 216 Phone: (954) 424-2345

### **Investor Relations Consultant**

Mirador Consulting, Inc. 5499 North Federal Highway Suite D Boca Raton, Florida 33487

Website: None

### Other Advisor:

None

#### **Item 10. Issuer Certification:**

I, James C. Vowler, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report for Unique Pizza & Subs Corp. for the quarter ended March 31, 2015;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statement made, in light of the circumstances under which such statement were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this year-end report; and
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the period presented in this Annual Report.

June 29, 2015

/s/ James C. Vowler James C. Vowler President & CEO