PHARMAROTH LABS, INC. ANNUAL REPORT

June 30, 2016

(Unaudited)

INDEX TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PAGE
BALANCE SHEET	F-1
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS	F-2
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	F-3
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	F-4
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	1-4

PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

		June 30, 2016		
ASSETS	•			
Current assets				
Cash	\$	762		
Receivables		30,000		
Prepaid expense		74,277		
Inventory		101,704		
Total current assets	•	206,743		
Equipment, net		-		
Total assets	\$	206,743		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	37,801		
Advances from shareholders		48,950		
Taxes payable		56,424		
Related party payable		306,343		
Customer deposits	ı	250,000		
Total current liabilities		699,518		
Stockholders' deficit				
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000		-		
authorized, no shares issued or outstanding				
Common stock, \$0.001 par value,				
500,000,000 shares authorized, 378,681,637				
shares issued and outstanding		378,682		
Additional paid-in capital		1,931,363		
Foreign exchange valuation adjustment		10,022		
Total PharmaRoth accumulated deficit		(2,802,890)		
Non-Controlling Interest		(9,952)		
Total stockholders' deficit		(492,775)		
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$	206,743		

PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Operations (Unaudited)

	Ju	Year ended June 30, 2016		
Product Sales	\$	263,458		
Cost of Product Sales		(155,440)		
Gross Profit		108,018		
Operating Expenses:				
Professional fees		167,763		
General and administrative		173,160		
Total operating expenses		340,923		
Net loss before non-controlling interest Profit attributable to non-controlling interest		(232,905) 59		
Net loss	\$	(232,846)		
Net loss per share - basic	\$	(0.00)		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	_	364,937,971		

PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Year ended June 30, 2016			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss	\$	(232,846)		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss				
to net cash used by operating activities:				
Consulting expense, stock-based		119,819		
Change in foreign currency translation exchange		3,529		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		48,065		
Prepaid expenses		10,248		
Deposits		153		
Inventory		(56,513)		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(14,410)		
Advances from Stockholders		(734)		
Taxes payable		(13,848)		
Related party payables		50,975		
Net cash used by operating activities		(85,562)		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Sale of common stock		85,500		
Net cash provided from financing activities		85,500		
NET CHANGE IN CASH		(62)		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS -				
BEGINNING OF PERIOD		824		
END OF PERIOD	\$	762		

PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. Statement of Stockholders' Deficit Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock			Common Stock								
								Additional		Accumulated	5	Shareholders'
	Shares		Amount	Shares		Amount	F	Paid-in Capital		Deficit		Deficit
BALANCE, June 30, 2015	-	\$	-	348,681,637	\$	348,682	\$	1,756,044	\$	(2,573,503)	\$	(468,777)
Issuance of common stock for cash at \$.0043 per share	-		-	13,500,000		13,500		31,500		-		45,000
Issuance of common stock for cash at \$.003 per share	-		-	13,500,000		13,500		27,000		-		40,500
Issuance of common stock for services				3,000,000		3,000		2,269				5,269
Amortization of common stock issued for services	-		-	-		-		114,550		-		114,550
Change in foreign currency translation valuation	-		-	-		-		-		3,529		3,529
Net loss						-			_	(232,846)		(232,846)
BALANCE, June 30, 2016		\$	-	378,681,637	\$	378,682	\$	1,931,363	\$	(2,802,820)	\$	(492,775)

PHARMAROTH LABS, INC.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2016

1. Description of the Company

PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Colorado on December 11, 2000, under the name Fero Industries, Inc. The Company changed its name to PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. on February 27, 2013. From its inception to December 2006, the Company was dormant. From December 2006 to January 2011, the Company was primarily involved in organizational activities and the acquisition of domain names. Since January 2011, the Company has focused on the manufacture and sale of a treatment for Type II Diabetes called Sucanon. In January of 2011, the Company commenced its planned business activity of marketing and selling nutraceutical drugs.

From inception (December 11, 2000) through June 30, 2016, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$2,802,820. Management is developing an operating plan to grow its business, which will require additional capital financing.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Company has prepared the accompanying consolidated financial statements pursuant to U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and are expressed in US dollars.

The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, or amounts and classification of liabilities that might result from this uncertainty as a result of our financial condition at quarter end.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Management uses its historical records and knowledge of its business in making estimates. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of PharmaRoth Labs, Inc. (a Colorado Corporation) and its 98% owned subsidiary, Pharmaroth Latin America, S.A. de C.V., a company incorporated under the laws of Mexico. All significant intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with ASC 605. Sales revenues are recognized when all of the following have occurred: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) delivery has occurred or services have been rendered, (iii) the price is fixed and determinable, and (iv) the ability to collect is reasonably assured. These criteria are generally satisfied at the time of shipment when risk of loss and title passes to the customer.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk for Cash Deposits at Banks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company measures fair value based on the prices that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements are based on a three tier hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value, using quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1); significant other observable inputs (Level 2); and significant unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Accounts payable are reported at their historical carrying values, which approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature.

Basis for Recording Fixed Assets, Lives, and Depreciation Methods

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has evaluated recent pronouncements and believes that none of them will have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Foreign Translation and Transaction Gains/Losses

We record foreign currency translation adjustments and transaction gains and losses in accordance with SFAS 52, Foreign Currency Translation. For our operations that have a functional currency other than the U.S. dollar, gains and losses resulting from the translation of the functional currency into U.S. dollars for financial statement presentation are not included in determining net loss but are accumulated in the cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment account as a separate component of shareholders' deficit. The Company and its subsidiaries also have transactions in foreign currencies other than the functional currency. We record transaction gains and losses in our consolidated statements of income related to the recurring measurement and settlement of such transactions.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the liability method in accordance with FASB ASC 740-10. Under this standard, deferred income tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using the enacted tax rates expected to be in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred income tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when the Company is unable to make the determination that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred income tax asset will be realized.

Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Company utilizes FASB ASC 260. Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing income available to common stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the denominator is increased to include the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if the potential common shares had been issued and if the additional

common shares were dilutive. Common equivalent shares are excluded from the computation if their effect is antidilutive.

Stock-based compensation

The Company records stock-based compensation issued to non-employees or other external entities for goods and services at either the fair market value of the shares issued or the value of the services received, whichever is more readily determinable, using the measurement date guidelines enumerated in FASB ASC 505-50-30.

3. Acquisition of Domain Names and Deposits.

On April 20, 2007, the Company entered into an asset purchase and sale agreement to purchase a 100% undivided right title and interest in seventeen Internet domain names for a total purchase price of \$180,000. The Company made good faith deposits of \$5,000 and 12,500,000 common stock shares. The Company did not execute this agreement and it never received title and has no right to take possession of the domain names.

4. Acquisition of Sucanon

On May 23, 2010, the Company entered into an Asset Acquisition Agreement (the "Agreement") with Gvest, Inc., ("Gvest"), an Ontario, Canada Corporation. The Agreement provides for the Company's purchase of certain assets directly related to the manufacturing, sale and distribution of that certain product known as Sucanon, which is an herbal remedy for Type II Diabetes. The acquired assets include all of the intellectual property rights, training, and "know how" to manufacture and produce Sucanon, including sources and suppliers of Sucanon ingredients and mixing equipment and certain associated trademarks and patents ("Acquired Assets"). The Acquired Assets include the exclusive world-wide rights to manufacture, sell and distribute Sucanon. The Company purchased the Acquired Assets for an aggregate purchase price of \$250,000. The Agreement contains customary representations and warranties and pre- and post-closing covenants of each party and customary closing conditions. Breaches of the representations and warranties are subject to customary indemnification provisions, subject to specified aggregate limits of liability. This transaction closed on July 7, 2010.

5. Commitments and Contingencies

Facility Leases

On August 1, 2015, the Company entered into a one-year lease of 120 square meters of office space and parking for at a rate of approximately \$1,735 per month at that time. As of June 30, 2016 the Company had and obligation of approximately \$1,735 remaining on this lease.

Employment Contracts

On September 1, 2014, the Company entered into an employment agreement with the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The agreement provides that the officer will receive compensation of \$85,000 per year. As of June 30, 2016, \$306,343 was due and outstanding under the officer's agreement and previous agreements.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal proceedings, which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business.

We are not presently a party to any material litigation, nor to the knowledge of management is any litigation threatened against us, which may materially affect us.

7. Stockholders' Equity

On August 21, 2015, the Company sold 13,500,000 shares of its common stock for \$.00333 per share to three US individuals and one US company.

On February 18, 2016 the Company sold 13,500,000 shares of its common stock for \$.003 per share to a US Limited Liability Corporation.

On April 3, 2016 the Company issued to a US individual 3,000,000 shares of its common stock valued at \$.003 per share in exchange for consulting services for a period of one year

The sales and issuances were made pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

The stockholders' deficit section of the Company's balance sheet reflects 348,681,637 shares issued and outstanding. However, all shares that were due to shareholders above were not issued on a timely basis. As a result 32,400,000 shares were due to shareholders. Furthermore, 27,500,000 shares that were issued to the Company's former CEO and former CFO are currently on administrative hold. As such the Company's records, as maintained by our transfer agent reflected outstanding shares of 288,781,637 at June 30, 2015.

8. Related Party Transactions

Advances from Shareholders

As of June 30, 2016, the Company has received advances from a shareholder in the amount of \$48,950. These advances are non-interest bearing, unsecured, and have no fixed terms of repayment. To date none of these advances have been repaid.

9. Promissory Note

On June 24, 2010, the Company issued a Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000) Promissory Note (the "Note") to an individual (the "Lender"). The Note contains standard representations, and warranties and affirmative and negative covenants. The Note memorializes a loan made by the Lender to the Company, in order for the Company to close that certain Asset Acquisition Agreement with Gvest as described in note 4 to these financial statements. The Note accrued simple interest at a rate equal to 1% over the average Canadian Prime Rate and was due 30 days from the date executed, or thereafter by mutual agreement of the parties hereto, the principal and all accrued interest thereon shall be due and payable within ten (10) days of written demand by Holder. Additionally, the Note could be repaid in whole or in part by the Company without penalty or premium at any time and from time to time prior to the Maturity Date.

On April 25, 2012, the Company entered into an exclusive Distribution and Licensing Agreement (the "License") for the exclusive sale and distribution of the Company's Sucanon in the United States and Canada. Under the License the money owed under the note was converted to a deposit on the purchase of Sucanon product in the future. The License also calls for certain minimum purchases for the first two years of the license at a specified price. To date, no purchases have been made and the licensee is in violation of the covenants of the license. For accounting purposes, the \$250,000 received under the note has been reported as a customer deposit.

10. Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company has minimal sales and has incurred a net loss of \$2,802,820 since inception. The future of the Company is dependent upon its ability to obtain financing and upon future profitable operations from the sale of Sucanon. Management has plans to seek additional capital through a private placement and public offering of its common stock. The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classifications of recorded assets, or the amounts of and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event the Company cannot continue in existence.