

RAPID FIRE MARKETING, INC.
INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

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Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc.
Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

| | September 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash | \$ 24,477 | \$ 3,327 |
| Total Current Assets | | 3,327 |
| Property and equipment, net | 284,398 | 305,384 |
| Loan receivable | - | 11,626 |
| Inventory | 15,289 | 8,025 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$ 324,164</u> | <u>\$ 328,362</u> |
| <u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u> | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Loan payable | \$ - | \$ 70,400 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>-</u> | <u>70,400</u> |
| Stockholders' Equity | | |
| Series A preferred stock, \$.001 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, 12,343,150 and 4,343,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively | 12,343 | 4,343 |
| Common stock, \$.001 par value, 2,000,000,000 shares authorized 1,131,323,736 and 691,918,022 issued and outstanding, respectively | 1,131,324 | 691,918 |
| Common stock payable | 10,000 | 10,000 |
| Stock subscription receivable | (1,450,000) | - |
| Additional paid in capital | 10,211,853 | 8,711,259 |
| Accumulated deficit | (9,591,356) | (9,159,558) |
| Total Stockholders' Equity | <u>324,164</u> | <u>257,962</u> |
| Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity | <u>\$ 324,164</u> | <u>\$ 328,362</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc.
Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

| | For the Nine Months Ended September 31, | | For the Three Months Ended September 31, | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|--------------------|
| | 2012 | 2011 | 2012 | 2011 |
| Revenue – product sales | \$ 26,357 | \$ 50,500 | \$ 24,116 | \$ 3,030 |
| Revenue - consulting | - | 3,030 | - | - |
| Cost of sales | 29,507 | 1,000 | 14,099 | 1,000 |
| Gross revenue | <u>(3,150)</u> | <u>52,530</u> | <u>10,017</u> | <u>2,030</u> |
| Operating Expenses: | | | | |
| Stock for Services | 8,000 | 1,003,000 | - | 3,000 |
| Compensation expense | 95,300 | - | 40,470 | - |
| Consulting | 150,185 | - | 63,143 | - |
| General and administrative | <u>175,163</u> | <u>202,837</u> | <u>76,964</u> | <u>47,569</u> |
| Total operating expenses | 428,648 | 1,205,837 | 180,577 | 50,569 |
| Loss from operations | <u>(431,798)</u> | <u>(1,153,307)</u> | <u>(170,560)</u> | <u>(48,539)</u> |
| Other income and (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | - | 1,126 | - | 500 |
| Interest expense | - | - | - | - |
| Total other income | <u>-</u> | <u>1,126</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>500</u> |
| Net Loss | <u>\$ (431,798)</u> | <u>\$ (1,152,181)</u> | <u>\$ (170,560)</u> | <u>\$ (48,039)</u> |
| Loss per share, basic | <u>\$ (0.00)</u> | <u>\$ (0.00)</u> | <u>\$ (0.00)</u> | <u>\$ (0.00)</u> |
| Weighted average shares outstanding, basic | <u>877,572,737</u> | <u>418,498,577</u> | <u>1,076,199,513</u> | <u>562,490,585</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)

| | For the Nine Months Ended | |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|
| | September 30, | |
| | 2012 | 2011 |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$ (431,798) | \$ (1,152,181) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to total cash used in operations: | | |
| Preferred stock issued for services | 8,000 | - |
| Common stock issued for services | - | 1,003,000 |
| Bad debt expense | 11,626 | - |
| Depreciation expense | 20,986 | 19,512 |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | |
| (Increase) in note receivable | - | (11,126) |
| (Increase) in inventory | (7,264) | (8,170) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | <u>(398,450)</u> | <u>(148,965)</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | |
| Purchase of property and equipment | - | (104,652) |
| Net cash used in investing activities | <u>-</u> | <u>(104,652)</u> |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | |
| Proceeds from the sale of common stock | 440,000 | 139,050 |
| Cash received from loan payable | 9,600 | 46,400 |
| Proceeds from the sale of preferred stock | 50,000 | - |
| Payments on loan payable | (80,000) | - |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | <u>419,600</u> | <u>185,450</u> |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash | 21,150 | (68,167) |
| Cash at beginning of period | <u>3,327</u> | <u>70,034</u> |
| Cash at end of period | <u>\$ 24,477</u> | <u>\$ 1,867</u> |
| Cash paid for: | | |
| Interest | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Taxes | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc.
Statement of Stockholders' Equity
(unaudited)

| | Common Stock | | Series A Preferred | | Additional Paid in Capital | Common Stock Payable | Stock Subscription Receivable | Retained Earnings | Total |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2010 | 225,438,022 | \$ 225,438 | 11,243,000 | \$ 11,243 | \$ 7,778,689 | \$ 250,100 | \$ - | \$ (7,968,197) | \$ 297,273 |
| Common stock issued | 39,480,000 | 39,480 | - | - | 210,620 | (250,100) | - | - | - |
| Stock issued for services | 100,000,000 | 100,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,000 | 900,000 | - | - | - | 139,050 |
| Cash received for preferred stock | - | - | 1,000,000 | 1,000 | 138,050 | - | - | - | 139,050 |
| Preferred stock converted to common stock | 327,000,000 | 327,000 | (10,900,000) | (10,900)) | (316,100) | - | - | - | - |
| Cash received for common stock payable | - | - | - | - | - | 10,000 | - | - | 10,000 |
| Net loss for the year ended December 31, 2011 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,191,361) | (1,191,361) |
| Balance at December 31, 2011 | 691,918,022 | 691,918 | 4,343,000 | 4,343 | 8,711,259 | 10,000 | - | (9,159,558) | 257,962 |
| Preferred stock issued for services | - | - | 8,000,000 | 8,000 | - | - | - | - | 8,000 |
| Cash received for preferred stock | - | - | 150 | - | 1,500,000 | - | (1,450,000) | - | 50,000 |
| Cash received for common stock | 439,405,714 | 439,406 | - | - | 594 | - | - | - | 440,000 |
| Net loss for the period ended September 30, 2012 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (431,798) | (431,798) |
| Balance at September 30, 2012 | <u>1,131,323,736</u> | <u>\$ 1,131,324</u> | <u>12,343,150</u> | <u>\$ 12,343</u> | <u>\$ 10,211,853</u> | <u>\$ 10,000</u> | <u>\$ (1,450,000)</u> | <u>\$ (9,591,356)</u> | <u>\$ 324,164</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc.
Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements
September 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware in 1989 as G.D.E. Search Corporation. In 2001 the Company changed its name to N-Vision Technology. In July 2007 the Company changed its name to Rapid Fire Marketing, Inc. The Company sells Bionic cigarettes, which operate much the same way as an actual cigarette but instead of smoke, a nicotine vapor is produced that is tar and odor free. The Bionic cigarette is also free of most of the harmful chemicals found in the burning of actual cigarettes.

The Company also provides full service marketing, consulting and management services primarily for medical cannabis under proposition 215 of the California legislature related to the legal dispensing of medical marijuana.

NOTE 2 – PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of accounting internal control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented.

NOTE 3 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all cash on hand and in banks, including accounts in book overdraft positions, certificates of deposit and other highly- liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash and cash equivalents.

B. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures that increase the useful lives or capacities of the property and equipment are capitalized. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

C. Research and development expense

Research and development expenses are charged to operations as incurred. There has been no research and development expense for the periods ended of September 30, 2012 or December 31, 2011.

D. Advertising expenses

Advertising and marketing expenses are charged to operations as incurred. For the quarter ended September 30, 2012 and the year ended December 31, 2011 \$2,500 and \$16,970 was incurred, respectively. These costs were categorized as general and administrative costs.

E. Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue in accordance with ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition", which requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the fee is fixed or determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. The Company generates revenue from consulting services which are recognized when the service is completed pursuant to a consulting agreement. For product sales of Bionic cigarettes revenue is recognized when the purchase is complete and shipping has occurred.

F. Stock Based Compensation

We follow ASC 718-10, "Stock Compensation", which addresses the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, with a primary focus on transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. ASC 718-10 requires measurement of the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). Incremental compensation costs arising from subsequent modifications of awards after the grant date must be recognized. The Company has not adopted a stock option plan and has not granted any stock options. The Company granted stock awards, at market value, to its advisors for services rendered. Accordingly, stock-based compensation has been recorded to date.

G. Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided in accordance with Codifications topic 740, "Income Taxes", which requires an asset and liability approach for the financial accounting and reporting of income taxes. Current income tax expense (benefit) is the amount of income taxes expected to be payable (receivable) for the current year. A deferred tax asset and/or liability is computed for both the expected future impact of differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities and for the expected future tax benefit to be derived from tax loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred income tax expense is generally the net change during the year in the deferred income tax asset and liability. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be "more likely than not" realized in future tax returns. Tax rate changes and changes in tax law are reflected in income in the period such changes are enacted

H. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Per Accounting Standards Codification Topic 260 "Earnings Per Share" (ASC 260), basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing the net income (loss) by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents (primarily outstanding options and warrants). Common stock equivalents represent the dilutive effect of the assumed exercise of the outstanding stock options and warrants, using the treasury stock method. The calculation of fully diluted earnings (loss) per share assumes the dilutive effect of the exercise of outstanding options and warrants at either the beginning of the respective period presented or the date of issuance, whichever is later. As of the balance sheet dates the Company had no outstanding warrants.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (i) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (ii) the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist as of the date the financial statements are published, and (iii) the reported amount of net sales and expenses recognized during the periods presented. Adjustments made with respect to the use of estimates often relate to improved information not previously available. Uncertainties with respect to such estimates and assumptions are inherent in the preparation of financial statements; accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

These estimates and assumptions also affect the reported amounts of revenues, costs and expenses during the reporting period. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Inventory

Inventory consists of finished product, bionic cigarettes valued at the lower of cost or market valuation under the FIFO method of costing.

K. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and notes payable, as applicable, approximates fair value due to the short-term nature of these items. The fair value of the related party notes payable cannot be determined because of the Company's affiliation with the parties with whom the agreements exist. The use of different assumptions or methodologies may have a material effect on the estimates of fair values.

ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures," requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments held by the Company. ASC Topic 825, "Financial Instruments," defines fair value, and establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosures of fair value measurement that enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measures. The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheets for receivables and current liabilities each qualify as financial instruments and are a reasonable estimate of their fair values because of the short period of time between the origination of such instruments and their expected realization and their current market rate of interest. The three levels of valuation hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

The Company analyzes all financial instruments with features of both liabilities and equity under ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity," and ASC 815.

The following table represents our assets and liabilities by level measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2012 and December 30, 2011.

| Description | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
|-------------|---------|---------|---------|
| | none | none | none |

NOTE 4 - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In September 2011 Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-08, Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for impairment. This ASU's objective is to simplify the process of performing impairment testing for Goodwill. With this update a company is allowed to assess qualitative factors, first, to determine if it is more likely than not (greater than 50%) that the FV is less than the carrying amount. This would be done, prior to performing the two-step goodwill impairment testing, as prescribed by Topic 350. Prior to this ASU, all entities were required to test, annually, their good will for impairment by Step 1 - comparing the FV to the carrying amount, and if impaired, then step 2 - calculate and recognize the impairment. Therefore, the fair value measurement is not required, until the "more likely than not" reasonableness test is concluded. Effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011.

In May 2011, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-04, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): *Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs*. This ASU clarifies the board's intent of current guidance, modifies and changes certain guidance and principles, and adds additional disclosure requirements concerning the 3 levels of fair value measurements. Specific amendments are applied to FASB ASC 820-10-35, Subsequent Measurement and FASB ASC 820-10-50, Disclosures. This ASU is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

In June 2011, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-05, Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): *Presentation of Comprehensive Income*. - ASU 2011-05. Current US GAAP allows companies to present the components of comprehensive income as a part of the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. This ASU eliminates that option. In this Update, an entity has the option to present the total of comprehensive income, the components of net income, and the components of other comprehensive income either in a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or in two separate but consecutive statements. In both choices, an entity is required to present each component of net income along with total net income, each component of other comprehensive income along with a total for other comprehensive income, and a total amount for comprehensive income. This ASU is effective interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. This ASU should be applied retrospectively. There are no specific transition disclosures.

The Company has implemented all new accounting pronouncements that are in effect. These pronouncements did not have any material impact on the financial statements unless otherwise disclosed, and the Company does not believe that there are any other new accounting pronouncements that have been issued that might have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 5 - NOTE RECEIVABLE

At December 31, 2011, the Company had a note receivable from an unrelated third party accruing interest at 20%. During the quarter ended March 31, 2012, the Company became aware of certain circumstances for which it was determined that the note receivable and interest due would not be collected. As a result the Company has written off the \$10,000 note and \$1,626 of interest to bad debt expense.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of:

| | September 30, 2012 | December 31, 2011 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Building and Improvements | \$ 277,281 | \$ 277,281 |
| Transportation Equipment | 64,315 | 64,315 |
| Furniture and fixtures | 1,249 | 1,249 |
| Total | 342,845 | 342,845 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | (58,447) | (37,461) |
| Net fixed assets | \$ 284,398 | \$ 305,384 |

Depreciation expense for the periods ended September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 was \$20,986 and \$26,507, respectively.

NOTE 7 - NOTES PAYABLE

As of December 31, 2011, the Company owed an unrelated third party \$70,400, for loans made which were without interest and payable on demand. As of September 30, 2012 the loan has been fully repaid.

NOTE 8 - PREFERRED STOCK TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company issued 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock for cash of \$139,050.

During the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company converted 10,900,000 of preferred shares into common shares and issued 3,000,000 of preferred shares for services valued at \$3,000.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2012, the Company issued 8,000,000 shares of preferred stock for services. The shares were valued at \$8,000.

On September 21, 2012, the Company entered into a Stock Purchase Agreement whereby the purchaser agreed to purchase 150 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for total cash consideration of \$1,500,000. As of September 30, 2012, the shares had been delivered to the purchaser and \$50,000 has been received. The remaining \$1,450,000 has been recorded as a stock subscription receivable.

NOTE 9 – COMMON STOCK TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company issued 466,480,000 shares of stock. Of this amount 100,000,000 was issued to its officer for services valued at market which was \$0.01, resulting in an expense of \$1,000,000 as shown on the statement of operations under stock for services. 327,000,000 shares of stock were issued from the conversion of 10,900,000 shares of preferred stock, and the balance or 39,480,000 shares were issued for \$250,100 of cash received in 2010.

During the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company received \$10,000 for common stock to be issued in 2012.

During the period ended September 30, 2012, the Company issued 439,405,714 shares of common stock for \$439,406 in cash proceeds.

During the period ended September 30, 2012, the Company issued 150 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for \$1,500,000 in cash proceeds, \$1,450,000 of which has not been collected and therefore has been recorded as a stock subscription receivable.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

During the year ended December 31, 2011 the Company issued 100,000,000 shares of common stock to its officer for services and paid \$40,230 in consulting fees to an officer.

NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events in accordance with ASC Topic 855. The Company is not aware of any subsequent events which would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.