

(Formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Unaudited – Prepared by Management

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NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee. The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.)

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

As at			September 30,	December 31,
	Notes	3	2015	2014
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	6	\$	250,856	\$ 200,994
Receivables			1,167,529	737,434
Prepaid expenses			556,801	732,082
Inventory			948,729	1,499,231
			2,923,915	3,169,741
Non-current assets				
Restricted cash equivalents	6		34,500	34,500
Reclamation deposits			27,554	27,554
Property and equipment	7		1,818,567	4,361,982
Mineral properties	8		25,332,512	13,710,520
		\$	30,137,048	\$ 21,304,297
Liabilities and Equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9	\$	2,927,508	\$ 2,778,368
Credit facility	10		207,241	1,288,218
			3,134,749	4,066,586
Non-current liabilities				
Credit facility	10		1,500,000	-
Provision for closure and reclamation			173,363	173,363
Tax Claim	18		6,491,755	_
			11,299,867	4,239,949
Equity				
Share capital	11		153,024,499	147,947,292
Reserves			21,136,945	20,502,885
Deficit			(155,324,263)	(151,385,829)
			18,837,181	17,064,348
		\$	30,137,048	\$ 21,304,297

Approved on behalf of the Board:

<u>"John Lee"</u> John Lee, Director <u>"Greg Hall"</u> Greg Hall, Director

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1)

Commitments (Note 17) Contingencies (Note 18)

Events after the reporting date (Note 19)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

			Months Ended		Months Ended
	Notes	2015	September 30, 2014	2015	September 30, 2014
General and Administrative Expenses	110101			20.0	
Advertising and promotion	\$	58,899 \$	12,446 \$	118,263 \$	45,678
Consulting and management fees	•	77,699	9,303	228,264	42,617
Depreciation		15,506	15,596	44,720	47,794
Director fees		18,300	28,726	74,202	105,771
Insurance		18,551	24,307	64,369	82,005
Office and administration		34,959	37,209	111,071	108,635
Professional fees		24,513	21,793	111,573	148,444
Salaries and benefits		85,368	78,786	301,437	251,052
Share-based payments	11	77,469	104,644	555,850	538,158
Stock exchange and shareholder services		35,483	30,211	142,088	104,137
Travel and accommodation		35,168	18,869	101,620	80,729
		(481,915)	(381,890)	(1,853,457)	(1,555,020)
Other Items					
Costs in excess of impaired value	7	(470,605)	(1,090,524)	(1,063,705)	(3,767,686)
Foreign exchange (loss)/gain		169,080	216,844	(801,956)	614,775
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		-	254,717	-	2,621,630
Interest expense	10	(63,402)	-	(123,139)	-
Interest income		-	3,290	-	14,577
Gain/(loss) on sale of equipment	7	15,186	-	(96,177)	-
Net Loss for Period		(831,656)	(997,563)	(3,938,434)	(2,071,724)
Comprehensive Loss for Period	\$	(831,656) \$	(997,563) \$	(3,938,434) \$	(2,071,724)
Loss Per Common Share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.00) \$	(0.00) \$	(0.01) \$	(0.01)
Weighted Average Number of	_				
Common Shares Outstanding		324,355,793	251,879,733	316,152,825	250,311,088

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPHECY DEVELOPMENT CORP. (formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Numbers of shares		Share Capital		Reserves	(Accumulated Other Comprehensive Gain (Loss)		Deficit		Total
Delayer Desember 24, 2042		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	, ,	Φ.		Φ.	
Balance, December 31, 2013	248,373,819	Ф	147,680,113	Ъ	19,790,089	Ъ	399,271	\$	(136,689,788)	Ф	31,179,685
Share bonus to personnel	963,750		76,600		-		-		-		76,600
Debt Settlement	2,541,065		190,580		-		-		-		190,580
Share-based payments	-		-		605,070		-		-		605,070
Loss for the period	-		-		-		-		(2,071,724)		(2,071,724)
Sale of available-for-sale investments	-		-		-		(399,271)		-		(399,271)
Balance, September 30, 2014	251,878,634	\$	147,947,293	\$	20,395,159	\$	-	\$	(138,761,512)	\$	29,580,940
Balance, December 31, 2014	251,878,634	\$	147,947,292	\$	20,502,885	\$	-	\$	(151,385,829)	\$	17,064,348
Shares issued for acquisition, net of share issue costs	60,000,000		3,900,000		-		-		-		3,900,000
Private placement, net of share issue costs	11,120,000		548,500		-		-		-		548,500
Debt Settlement	12,574,150		628,707		-		-		-		628,707
Share-based payments	-		-		634,060		-		-		634,060
Loss for the period	-		-		-		-		(3,938,434)		(3,938,434)
Balance, September 30, 2015	335,572,784	\$	153,024,499	\$	21,136,945	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(155,324,263)	\$	18,837,181

PROPHECY DEVELOPMENT CORP. (formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

		Nine Months Ended 2015	September 30, 2014
Operating Activities		2013	2017
Net loss for the year	\$	(3,938,434) \$	(2,071,724)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows:	•	(σ,σσσ, ισ ι) φ	(=, = : , : = :)
Depreciation		44,720	47,794
Share-based payments		555,850	538,158
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments		-	(2,621,630)
Loss on sale of equipment		96,177	-
Costs in excess of impaired value		1,063,705	3,767,686
Interest income		-	(14,577)
Interest costs		123,139	-
		(2,054,843)	(354,293)
Working capital adjustments			
Receivables		(430,097)	589,998
Prepaid expenses		175,281	74,707
Inventory		550,502	(973,026)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		885,410	(1,320,070)
		1,181,096	(1,628,391)
Cash Used in Operating Activities		(873,747)	(1,982,684)
Investing Activities			
Acquisition of Apogee Subsidiaries, net of cash acquired (Note 4)		(237,224)	-
Property and equipment expenditures		(1,213,847)	(1,877,369)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		2,926,477	-
Mineral property expenditures		(1,263,609)	(35,228)
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale investments		-	4,532,746
Cash Provided by Investing Activities		211,797	2,620,149
Financing Activities			
Credit facility paid		(1,080,976)	(277,315)
Proceeds from credit facility		1,500,000	-
Interest paid		(255,712)	(172,878)
Shares issued, net of share issuance costs		548,500	-
Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		711,812	(450,193)
Net Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		49,862	187,271
Net foreign exchange difference		,	(32,500)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of period		200,994	507,996
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of period	\$	250,856 \$	662,767

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 16)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Prophecy Development Corp. ("**Prophecy**" or the "**Company**") is amalgamated under the laws of the province of British Columbia, Canada and is engaged in exploring and developing mining properties and energy projects in Canada, Mongolia, and Bolivia. The Company's principal assets are its 100% interest in mining licenses in the Ulaan Ovoo and Chandgana properties in Mongolia and its 100% joint venture interest in the Pulacayo Project (as hereinafter defined) in Bolivia.

The Company maintains its registered and records as well as head office at 2nd Floor, 342 Water Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada, V6B 1B6.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and the payment of liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The Company incurred a net loss of \$3.9 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and as of that date the Company's deficit was \$155.3 million.

The business of mineral exploration involves a high degree of risk and there can be no assurance that the Company's current operations, including exploration programs, will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of mineral properties, and property and equipment interests and the Company's continued on going existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, the ability of the Company to raise additional sources of funding, and/or, alternatively, upon the Company's ability to dispose of some or all of its interests on an advantageous basis. These conditions may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Additional sources of funding, which may not be available at favourable terms, if at all, include: equity and debt financings; coal sales; equity, debt or property level joint ventures with power plant project and coal property developers; and sales of interests in existing assets. In the event that the Company is not able to obtain adequate additional funding to continue as a going concern, material adjustments would be required to be made to both the carrying value and classification of assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

(a) Statement of compliance

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. They do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2014. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2014 ("Annual Financial Statements").

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Audit Committee on November 12, 2015.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd...)

(b) Significant accounting policies

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Annual Financial Statements. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the Annual Financial Statements.

(c) Judgments and estimates

In preparing these unaudited condensed interim financial statements, management makes judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The significant judgements made by management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the Annual Financial Statements.

(d) Comparative figures

Certain prior year figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications are for presentation purposes only and has no effect on previously reported results.

3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods no earlier than January 1, 2018:

- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' This standard was published in July 2014 and replaces the existing guidance in IAS39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and the new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the extent of the impact of the adoption of this standard.
- IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' This standard contains a single model that applies to contracts with customers and two approaches to recognising revenue: at a point in time or over time. The model features a contract-based five-step analysis of transactions to determine whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. New estimates and judgmental thresholds have been introduced, which may affect the amount and/or timing of revenue recognized. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not expect this standard to have a material impact on its financial statements.

There are other new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been published and are not yet effective. The Company believes they will have no material impact to its unaudited consolidated interim financial statements.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

4. ACQUISITION

On January 2, 2015, the Company completed the acquisition of 100% of Apogee Silver Ltd.'s ("Apogee") interest in and to ASC Holdings Limited and ASC Bolivia LDC (which together, hold ASC Bolivia LDC Sucursal Bolivia, which in turn, holds Apogee's joint venture interest in the Pulacayo Paca silver-lead-zinc mining project in Bolivia (the "Pulacayo Project")) and Apogee Minerals Bolivia S.A. (collectively, the "Apogee Subsidiaries") by paying to Apogee \$250,000 in cash and issuing to Apogee 60 million Prophecy Common shares (the "Consideration Shares"). The Company also agreed, pursuant to the terms of the share purchase agreement it entered into with Apogee on November 3, 2014, as amended (the "Agreement"), to assume all liabilities of the Apogee Subsidiaries. Apogee agreed to forgive, waive and discharge the intercompany debt owing by Apogee Minerals Bolivia S.A. to Apogee pursuant to the terms of the Agreement.

The Consideration Shares have been deposited into escrow pursuant to an escrow agreement, which allows for the release of the Consideration Shares over time, when the Company's Common shares trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange (the "TSX") reach certain price levels or in the face of certain major triggering events. The escrow agreement also provides for a standstill on the voting of the Consideration Shares while they are held in escrow, and to not vote the released Consideration Shares against the Company's management so long as Prophecy continues to be engaged in its current business.

The acquisition of the Apogee Subsidiaries has been accounted for as an asset acquisition as their activities at the time of the acquisition consisted of mineral properties under care and maintenance. The consideration was allocated based on the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The purchase price of \$4,150,000 consists of the following:

Cash consideration: Fair value of Common shares issued:	\$	250,000 3,900,000								
Purchase price:	\$	4,150,000								
The preliminary purchase price allocation is as follows:										
Cash and cash equivalents:	\$	12,776								
Plant & equipment:		862,900								
Mineral properties:		9,940,134								
Accounts payable:		(6,665,810)								
Net assets acquired:	\$	4,150,000								

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

5. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in one operating segment, being the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties. Geographic segmentation of Prophecy's assets is as follows:

	September 30, 2015									
	Canada		Mongolia		Bolivia		Total			
Reclamation deposits	\$ 6,500	\$	21,054	\$	- ;	\$	27,554			
Property and equipment	94,587		1,004,206		719,774		1,818,567			
Mineral properties	-		14,113,349		11,219,163		25,332,512			
	\$ 101,087	\$	15,138,609	\$	11,938,937	\$	27,178,633			

		December 31, 2014									
	Canada		Mongolia		Bolivia	Bolivia					
Reclamation deposits	\$ 6,500	\$	21,054	\$	-	\$	27,554				
Property and equipment	131,863		4,230,119		-		4,361,982				
Mineral properties	-		13,710,520		-		13,710,520				
	\$ 138,363	\$	17,961,693	\$	-	\$	18,100,056				

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents of Prophecy are comprised of bank balances and short-term money market instruments with original maturities of three months or less. The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value. Prophecy's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
Denominated in Canadian dollars	\$ 153,228	\$ 154,592
Denominated in US dollars	77,458	3,642
Denominated in Mongolian tugriks	8,074	42,760
Denominated in Bolivian Boliviano	12,096	-
	\$ 250,856	\$ 200,994

Restricted Cash Equivalents

A guaranteed investment certificate of \$34,500 has been pledged as collateral for the Company's credit card.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.)
Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer Equipment	Furniture & Equipment	Vehicles	Computer Software	I	Leasehold mprovement	S	Mining Equipment	Ulaan Ovoo Deferred Exploration	Total
Cost										
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 171,550	\$ 372,545	\$ 798,599	\$ 196,554	\$	172,818	\$	15,071,500	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 18,783,566
Additions/(disposals)	(15,713)	672	(11,291)	1,259		-		927,423	(33,899)	868,451
Sale of coal	-	-	-	-		-		-	(3,935,612)	(3,935,612)
Cost of coal production	-	-	-	-		-		-	10,045,848	10,045,848
Impairment charge	-	-	-	-		-		(9,750,533)	(8,076,337)	(17,826,870)
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 155,837	\$ 373,217	\$ 787,308	\$ 197,813	\$	172,818	\$	6,248,390	\$ -	\$ 7,935,383
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 99,872	\$ 174,015	\$ 404,587	\$ 131,328	\$	92,709	\$	7,122,469	\$ -	\$ 8,024,980
Depreciation for year	15,338	33,288	73,428	4,356		32,944		1,664,591	400,000	2,223,945
Impairment charge	-	-	-	-		-		(6,275,524)	(400,000)	(6,675,524)
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 115,210	\$ 207,303	\$ 478,015	\$ 135,684	\$	125,653	\$	2,511,536	\$ -	\$ 3,573,401
Carrying amount										
At December 31, 2013	\$ 71,678	\$ 198,530	\$ 394,012	\$ 65,226	\$	80,109	\$	7,949,031	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 10,758,587
At December 31, 2014	\$ 40,627	\$ 165,914	\$ 309,293	\$ 62,129	\$	47,165	\$	3,736,854	\$ -	\$ 4,361,982
Cost										
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 155,837	\$ 373,217	\$ 787,308	\$ 197,813	\$	172,818	\$	6,248,390	\$ -	\$ 7,935,383
Additions	151,046	87,784	33,877	-		-		1,317,931	2,683,544	4,274,182
Disposals			(411,926)					(5,229,103)	-	(5,641,029)
Sale of coal	-	-	-	-		-		-	(692,901)	(692,901)
Costs in excess of impaired value	-	-	-	-		-		-	(1,990,643)	(1,990,643)
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$ 306,883	\$ 461,001	\$ 409,259	\$ 197,813	\$	172,818	\$	2,337,218	\$ -	\$ 3,884,992
Accumulated depreciation										
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 115,210	\$ 207,303	\$ 478,015	\$ 135,684	\$	125,653	\$	2,511,536	\$ -	\$ 3,573,401
Depreciation for period	151,007	46,730	3,852	1,577		26,192		643,081	926,938	1,799,377
Disposals	-	-	(183, 159)	-		-		(2,196,256)	-	(2,379,415)
Costs in excess of impaired value	-	-	- 1	_		_		-	(926,938)	(926,938)
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$ 266,217	\$ 254,033	\$ 298,708	\$ 137,261	\$	151,845	\$	958,361	\$ -	\$ 2,066,425
Carrying amount										
At December 31, 2014	\$ 40,627	\$ 165,914	\$ 309,293	\$ 62,129	\$	47,165	\$	3,736,854	\$ -	\$ 4,361,982
At September 30, 2015	\$ 40,666	\$ 206,968	\$ 110,551	\$ 60,552	\$	20,973	\$	1,378,857	\$ -	\$ 1,818,567

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.)
Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (cont'd...)

Ulaan Ovoo Property

In November 2005, Prophecy entered into a letter of intent with Ochir LLC that set out the terms to acquire a 100% interest in the Ulaan Ovoo property. The Ulaan Ovoo property is located in Selenge province, Mongolia. It is held by Ochir LLC under a transferable, 55-year mining license with a 45-year option for extension granted by the Government of Mongolia. The purchase price for the 100% interest, together with all equipment, buildings, and other facilities assembled and constructed at the property, was US\$9,600,000. Under the terms of the agreement, Ochir LLC retained a 2% net smelter return royalty ("NSR").

In November 2006, Prophecy entered into an agreement with a private Mongolian corporation to purchase 100% title and interest in five mineral licenses including licenses that are contiguous and entirely surrounding the Ulaan Ovoo property. The aggregate purchase price for the licenses was US\$400,000. Under the terms of the agreement the vendor retained a 2% NSR. A finder's fee of 58,500 Common shares of Prophecy was issued to a third party on the acquisition.

In March 2010, Prophecy was granted an option to purchase a 2% NSR on the Ulaan Ovoo property from Dunview Services Ltd., a private British Virgin Islands company, with a cash payment of US\$130,000 and issuance of 2,000,000 Common shares of Prophecy. In April 2010, Prophecy exercised the option and a total of \$1,570,000 was capitalized as acquisition costs of the property.

On November 9, 2010, Prophecy received a mining permit from the Mongolian Ministry of Mineral Resources and Energy for the Ulaan Ovoo property. During the year ended December 31, 2010, Prophecy had reached technical feasibility, commenced development, and achieved some pre-commercial production, and accordingly reclassified mineral property costs to property and equipment.

Pre-commercial operations for the period from commencement in November 2010 until December 31, 2014, along with project exploration and development costs were capitalized to Ulaan Ovoo deferred exploration costs within property and equipment. Coal sales revenue and associated costs to deliver the coal have been recorded against deferred exploration, within property and equipment.

In accordance with *IFRS 6, Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources* and *IAS 36, Impairment of Assets,* at December 31, 2014, the Company assessed the recoverable amount of the Ulaan Ovoo property, which consists of the deferred development costs and the mine equipment, which have both been identified as separate CGU's. As result, at December 31, 2014, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$3,475,009 against the value of the mining equipment and an impairment charge of \$7,676,337 against the value of the deferred development costs.

As there were no benchmark or market changes from January 1, 2015 to September 30, 2015, the impaired value of \$nil for deferred development costs remains unchanged.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company sold most of its mining and transporation equipment at Ulaan Ovoo mine for net proceeds of \$2,926,477 and recorded a loss on sale of equipment of \$96,177 which is reflected on the consolidated statement of operations and comprehensive loss.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.)
Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

8. MINERAL PROPERTIES

	Chandgana	Khavtgai		Okeover,		
	Tal	Uul	Titan others		Pulacayo	Total
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 9,974,172	\$ 2,875,808	\$ 750,628	\$ 1,453,165	\$ -	\$15,053,773
Additions:						
Acquisition cost	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deferred exploration costs:						
Licenses, leases, and power plant application	664,437	41,299	1,049	5,864	-	712,649
Geological core, engineering, and consulting	23,560	-	7,705	30,910	-	62,175
Personnel, camp and general	112,464	18,780	1,500	1,789	-	134,533
Impairment of mineral property	-	-	(760,882)	(1,491,728)	-	(2,252,610)
	800,461	60,079	(750,628)	(1,453,165)	-	(1,343,253)
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$10,774,633	\$ 2,935,887	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$13,710,520
Additions:						
Acquisition cost (Note 4)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,940,134	\$ 9,940,134
Deferred exploration costs:						
Licenses, leases, and power plant application	143,933	192,482	-	-	267,142	603,557
Geological core, engineering, and consulting	50,103	986	-	-	321,745	372,834
Personnel, camp and general	7,663	7,662	-	-	690,142	705,467
	201,699	201,130	-	-	1,279,029	1,681,858
Balance, September 30, 2015	\$10,976,332	\$ 3,137,017	\$ -	\$ -	\$11,219,163	\$25,332,512

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

8. MINERAL PROPERTIES (cont'd...)

(a) Chandgana Tal Property, Mongolia

In March 2006, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Chandgana Tal property, a coal exploration property consisting of two exploration licenses located in the northeast part of the Nyalga coal basin, approximately 290 kilometers east of Ulaanbaatar, Mongolia, by cash payment of US\$400,000 and the issuance of 250,000 Common shares of the Company valued at \$1.20 per Common share. A total of \$814,334, which included a finder's fee of 50,000 Common shares of the Company issued to a third party, was capitalized as acquisition costs of the Chandgana Tal property.

In March 2011, the Company obtained a mine permit from Ministry of Mineral Resources and Energy for the Chandgana Tal coal project.

(b) Khavtgai Uul Property, Mongolia

In 2007, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Chandgana Khavtgai property, a coal exploration property consisting of one license located in the northeast part of the Nyalga coal basin by cash payment of US\$570,000. A total of \$589,053 was capitalized as acquisition costs of the Chandgana Khavtgai property.

(c) Titan Property, Ontario, Canada

The Company has an 80% interest in the Titan property, a vanadium-titanium-iron project located in Ontario, Canada.

In January 2010, the Company entered into an option agreement with Randsburg International Gold Corp. ("Randsburg") whereby the Company had the right to acquire an 80% interest in the Titan property by paying Randsburg an aggregate of \$500,000 (paid), and by incurring exploration expenditures of \$200,000 by December 31, 2010. Pursuant to the option agreement, Randsburg has the option to sell the remaining 20% interest in the Titan property to the Company for \$150,000 cash or 400,000 Common shares of the Company. The Titan property is subject to a 3% NSR that may be purchased for \$20,000.

On June 30, 2011, the Company paid Randsburg the balance of the unexpended amount of \$114,742 according to the terms of an amended option agreement with Randsburg signed on June 30, 2011.

At December 31, 2014, due to market conditions and the difficulty to raise additional financing, as well as Prophecy's inactivity on the Titan property in recent years, the Company impaired the value of \$760,882 to \$nil. Prophecy continues to retain its 80% interest and management will continue to evaluate appropriate financing and strategic alternatives to move the project forward.

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8. MINERAL PROPERTIES (cont'd...)

(d) Okeover Property, British Columbia, Canada

The Company has a 60% interest in the Okeover property, a copper-molybdenum project in the Vancouver Mining Division of southwestern British Columbia, Canada.

At December 31, 2014, due to market conditions and the difficulty to raise additional financing, as well as Prophecy's inactivity on the Okeover property in recent years, the Company impaired the value of \$1,453,897 to \$nil. Prophecy continues to retain its 60% interest and management will continue to evaluate appropriate financing and strategic alternatives to move the project forward.

(e) Pulacayo Property, Bolivia

The Pulacayo property, a silver-lead-zinc project located in southwestern Bolivia, was acquired on January 2, 2015 through the acquisition of 100% of Apogee's interest in ASC Holdings Limited and ASC Bolivia LDC, which together, hold ASC Bolivia LDC Sucursal Bolivia ("ASC"), which in turn, holds a joint venture interest in the Pulacayo Project, by paying to Apogee \$250,000 in cash and issuing to Apogee 60 million Prophecy Common shares (see Note 4).

ASC controls the mining rights to the Pulacayo Project through a joint venture agreement entered into between itself and the Pulacayo Ltda. Mining Cooperative on July 30, 2002 (the "ASC Joint Venture"). The ASC Joint Venture has a term of 23 years which commenced the day the ASC Joint Venture was entered into. Pursuant to the ASC Joint Venture, ASC is committed to pay monthly rent of US\$1,000 to the state-owned Mining Corporation of Bolivia, COMIBOL and US\$1,500 monthly rent to the Pulacayo Ltda. Mining Cooperative until the Pulacayo Project starts commercial production. COMIBOL retained a 2.5% NSR and the Pulacayo Ltda. Mining Cooperative retained a 1.5% NSR. The Pulacayo Ltda. Mining Cooperative holds the mining rights through a lease agreement entered into with COMIBOL.

9. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities of the Company consist of amounts outstanding for trade and other purchases relating to development and exploration, along with administrative activities. The usual credit period taken for trade purchases is between 30 to 90 days.

	September 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
Current liabilities		_
Trade accounts payable	\$ 2,927,508 \$	2,347,888
Accrued liabilities	-	430,480
	\$ 2,927,508 \$	2,778,368

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10. CREDIT FACILITIES

In October 2013, Prophecy's wholly-owned Mongolian subsidiary, Red Hill Mongolia LLC ("**Red Hill**") arranged a line of credit for US\$1,500,000 ("**LOC**") with the Trade and Development Bank to meet interim working capital requirements. The LOC had a 1.5 year term, with the option of extending it, and bears interest at 15% per annum and a commitment rate of 2% per annum payable monthly. Pursuant to the LOC agreement, Red Hill was scheduled to pay a fixed amount of US\$125,000 monthly against the principal starting May 2014. The credit facility is collateralized by certain equipment and certain mineral and exploration licences.

On June 30, 2014, Red Hill amended the LOC agreement by extending the maturity date to August 2015 and changing the fixed monthly payment against principal to US\$100,000.

On September 23, 2015, Red Hill again amended the LOC agreement by extending the maturity date to January 2016 and changing the interest to 17.4% per annum and the fixed monthly payment against principal to US\$47,500.

As at September 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the LOC was \$207,241. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, Red Hill recorded an interest expense of \$115,602 (capitalized), interest paid of \$132,573 and interest payable of \$3,886.

In order to meet interim working capital requirements to fund the Company's business operations and financial commitments, the Company arranged a revolving credit facility with Linx Partners Ltd., a private company wholly-owned and controlled by John Lee, Director, CEO and Executive Chairman of the Company by entering into an agreement dated March 12, 2015 (the "Credit Facility Agreement"). The Credit Facility Agreement has a maximum principal amount available for advance of \$1.5 million, a two year term (formerly one year, but amended on May 5, 2015 and approved by the TSX) with an option to extend it for any number of subsequent one-year terms subject to TSX approval, and bears a simple interest rate of 18% per annum. The Credit Facility Agreement is secured by promissory notes and a general security agreement.

As at September 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of the Credit Facility Agreement was \$1.5 million. For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded and paid interest of \$123,139.

11. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of Common shares without par value. There are no authorized preferred shares. At September 30, 2015, the Company had 335,572,784 (December 31, 2014 – 251,878,634) Common shares issued and outstanding.

(b) Equity issuances

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, Prophecy had the following Common share capital transactions:

On January 2, 2015, the Company issued 60,000,000 Common shares in relation with Apogee Subsidiaries acquisition (Note 4).

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

(b) Equity issuances (cont'd...)

On June 22, 2015 the Company issued 757,862 Common shares at a value of \$0.05 per Common share as a partial payment for outstanding severance owing by the Company to certain of its consultants located in Bolivia to settle various historical debts owing to them when Prophecy acquired the Apogee Subsidiaries.

On June 24, 2015, the Company issued 11,476,819 units ("**Debt Settlement Units**") as payment for outstanding debt owing by the Company to some of the Company's directors, officers, employees and consultants at a value of \$0.05 per Debt Settlement Unit. Each Debt Settlement Unit is comprised of one Common share of the Company and one share purchase warrant of the Company entitling the holder thereof to purchase, upon exercise, one additional Common share at a price of \$0.06 per Common share until June 24, 2017.

On July 27, 2015, the Company issued 339,469 Common shares at a value of \$0.05 per Common share as a partial payment for outstanding severance owing by the Company to certain of its consultants located in Bolivia to settle various historical debts owing to them when Prophecy acquired the Apogee Subsidiaries.

On September 30, 2015, the Company closed the first tranche of a \$2,000,000 non-brokered private placement (the "**Placement**") announced on September 1, 2015 involving the issuance of up to 40,000,000 units (each a "**Placement Unit**") at a price of \$0.05 per Placement Unit. Each Placement Unit consists of one Common share in the capital of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder to acquire an additional Common share at a price of \$0.07 per Common share for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The first tranche of the Placement raised gross proceeds of \$556,000 through the issuance of 11,120,000 Placement Units of Prophecy to various subscribers including the issuance of 7,000,000 Placement Units of Prophecy to Company management and directors.

In connection with a portion of the first tranche of the Placement, the Company paid finder's fees in cash of 5% of the subscription proceeds raised by the finder.

(c) Equity-based compensation plans

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company granted 13,500,000 stock options to its directors, officers, employees and consultants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.05 and expire dates ranging from April 4, 2020 to June 22, 2020.

The following is a summary of the changes in Prophecy's stock options from December 31, 2013 to September 30, 2015:

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

(c) Equity-based compensation plans (cont'd...)

	Number of	Weighted Average
	Options	Exercise Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2013	31,565,550	\$0.26
Granted	13,535,000	\$0.08
Expired	(1,231,800)	\$0.28
Forfeited	(14,980,000)	\$0.29
Cancelled	(2,325,000)	\$0.23
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	26,563,750	\$0.13
Granted	13,500,000	\$0.05
Expired	(225,000)	\$0.48
Cancelled	(1,900,000)	\$0.06
Outstanding, September 30, 2015	37,938,750	\$0.10
Options exercisable on September 30, 2015	22,868,125	\$0.13

As of September 30, 2015, the following Prophecy stock options were outstanding:

	Septembe	er 30, 2015		Decemb	er 31, 2014	Expiry	At Septemb	er 30, 2015
Е	xercise	Options	E	ercise	Options	Date		
	Price	Outstanding		Price	Outstanding		Exercisable	Unvested
\$	0.050	3,500,000	\$	-	-	June 22, 2020	437,500	3,062,500
\$	0.050	9,700,000	\$	-	-	April 7, 2020	1,212,500	8,487,500
\$	0.055	-	\$	0.055	100,000	October 21, 2019	-	-
\$	0.055	2,468,750	\$	0.055	2,468,750	December 31, 2015	2,468,750	-
\$	0.065	5,555,000	\$	0.065	7,055,000	May 1, 2019	3,471,875	2,083,125
\$	0.08	100,000	\$	0.080	100,000	January 9, 2019	75,000	25,000
\$	0.10	500,000	\$	0.100	500,000	February 3, 2019	375,000	125,000
\$	0.105	5,150,000	\$	0.105	5,150,000	January 27, 2019	3,862,500	1,287,500
\$	0.12	3,450,000	\$	0.120	3,450,000	August 16, 2018	3,450,000	-
\$	0.13	250,000	\$	0.130	250,000	July 22, 2018	250,000	-
\$	0.18	230,000	\$	0.180	230,000	August 16, 2017	230,000	-
\$	0.18	375,000	\$	0.180	375,000	September 24, 2017	375,000	-
\$	0.18	3,654,167	\$	0.180	3,654,167	August 22, 2017	3,654,167	-
\$	0.25	10,000	\$	0.250	10,000	June 1, 2017	10,000	-
\$	0.28	-	\$	0.280	25,000	September 21, 2015	-	-
\$	0.28	100,000	\$	0.280	100,000	February 14, 2016	100,000	-
\$	0.28	445,833	\$	0.280	445,833	December 24, 2015	445,833	-
\$	0.28	2,450,000	\$	0.280	2,450,000	June 18, 2017	2,450,000	-
\$	-	-	\$	0.280	50,000	April 30, 2015	-	-
\$	-	-	\$	0.280	50,000	May 10, 2015	-	-
\$	-	-	\$	0.670	100,000	May 10, 2015	-	
		37,938,750			26,563,750		22,868,125	15,070,625

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11. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

(c) Equity-based compensation plans (cont'd...)

The fair value of stock options granted are recorded using the Black Scholes model. Share-based payment expenses resulting from stock options are amortized over the corresponding vesting periods. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the share-based payment expenses were calculated using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Period en	ded Se	ptember 30
	2015		2014
Risk-free interest rate	1.41%		1.67%
Expected life of options in years	4.49 years		4.35 years
Expected volatility	96.6%		84.0%
Expected dividend yield	Nil		Nil
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period	\$ 0.05	\$	0.05

Share-based payment expenses resulting from stock options are amortized over the corresponding vesting periods. Share-based payments charged to operations and assets were allocated between deferred mineral properties, and general and administrative expenses. Share-based payments are allocated between being either capitalized to property and equipment where related to Ulaan Ovoo, to deferred exploration costs where related to other mineral properties, or expensed as general and administrative expenses where otherwise related to the general operations of the Company. For the nine and three months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, share-based payments were allocated as follows:

		Three	e M	onths Ended	Nine Months Ended			
			Se	September 30,				
		2015		2014	2015		2014	
Consolidated Statement of Operation	าร							
Share based payments	\$	77,469	\$	104,644	\$ 555,850	\$	538,158	
	\$	77,469	\$	104,644	\$ 555,850		538,158	
Consolidated Statement of Financial	Posi	ition						
Chandgana Tal exploration		3,969		-	5,953		-	
Power Plant application		9,613		13,466	22,675		48,803	
Pulacayo exploration		21,084		-	31,949		-	
Ulaan Ovoo exploration		11,553		22,052	17,633		94,709	
		46,219		35,518	78,210		143,512	
Total share-based payments	\$	123,688	\$	140,162	\$ 634,060	\$	681,670	

(d) Share purchase warrants

On May 22, 2015 the Company issued 12,000,000 share purchase warrants, exercisable at a price of \$0.05 per Common share for a period of 5 years from the date of issuance, to the Company's creditor, Linx Partners Ltd., which holds a general security interest over all of the Company's properties (Note 10) as a consideration for receiving his consent for the sale of

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

11. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd...)

(d) Share purchase warrants (cont'd...)

mining equipment which belonged to the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary Red Hill. The fair value of \$333,811 of the share purchase warrants issued to Linx Partners Ltd. was included in share-based payments expense and determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions: (1) a risk-free interest rate of 0.80%; (2) warrant expected life of five years; (3) expected volatility of 97%' and (4) dividend yield of nil.

On June 24, 2015, the Company issued 11,476,819 share purchase warrants as a part of Debt Settlement Units exercisable at a price of \$0.06 per Common share for a period of two years from the date of issuance (Note 11 (b)).

On September 30, 2015, the Company issued 11,120,000 share purchase warrants as a part of the Placement exercisable at a price of \$0.07 per Common share for a period of five years from the date of issuance (Note 11 (b)).

The following is a summary of the changes in Prophecy's share purchase warrants from December 31, 2014 to September 30, 2015:

	Number	Weighted Average
	of Warrants	Exercise Price
Outstanding, December 31, 2014	15,766,648	\$0.15
Issued	34,596,819	\$0.06
Expired	(9,394,071)	\$0.18
Outstanding, September 30, 2015	40,969,396	\$0.07

As of September 30, 2015, the following Prophecy share purchase warrants were outstanding:

Exercise pr	ice Num	ber of Warrants	Expiry date
	At September 30, 2015	At December 31, 2014	
\$0.18	-	3,286,929	April 11, 2015
\$0.18	-	6,107,143	June 4, 2015
\$0.18	2,767,296	2,767,296	October 28, 2015
\$0.055	1,064,215	1,064,215	October 28, 2015
\$0.10	2,541,065	2,541,065	June 19, 2016
\$0.05	12,000,000	-	May 22, 2020
\$0.06	11,476,819	-	June 24, 2017
\$0.07	11,120,000	-	September 30, 2020
·	40,969,396	15,766,648	

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12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair Value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Prophecy utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs are quoted prices in markets that are not active, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (for example, interest rate and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, forward pricing curves used to value currency and commodity contracts and volatility measurements used to value option contracts), or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data or other means; and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. The following table sets forth Prophecy's financial assets measured at fair value by level within the fair value hierarchy:

As at September 30, 2015	Level 1		Level 2 Le		Level 3		Total
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	250,856	\$ -	\$	-	\$	250,856
Restricted cash equivalents		34,500	-		-		34,500
	\$	285,356	\$ -	\$	-	\$	285,356
As at December 31, 2014		Level 1	Level 2	Le	vel 3		Total
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	200,994	\$ -	\$	-	\$	200,994
Restricted cash equivalents	34,500		-		-		34,500
	\$	235,494	\$ -	\$	-	\$	235,494

The Company considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost approximates their fair value. The Company does not offset financial assets with financial liabilities. There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 for the periods presented.

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12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (cont'd...)

Categories of financial instruments

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are categorized as follows:

	As at S	September 30,	As at D	December 31,
		2015		2014
Fair value through profit or loss				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	250,856	\$	200,994
Restricted cash equivalents		34,500		34,500
Loans and receivables				
Trade receivable and other		634,671		731,447
VAT receivable		532,858		-
	\$	1,452,884	\$	966,941
Other financial liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,927,508	\$	2,778,368
Credit facility		207,241		1,288,218
	\$	3,134,749	\$	4,066,586

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES

(a) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will be unable to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by preparing cash flow forecasts of upcoming cash requirements. As at September 30, 2015, the Company had a cash and cash equivalents balance of \$250,856 (at December 31, 2014 – \$200,994) in order to meet short-term business requirements. At September 30, 2015, the Company had trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$2,927,508 (December 31, 2014 - \$2,778,368), which have contractual maturities of 90 days or less and short-term line of credit payments of \$207,241 (December 31, 2014 - \$1,288,218). The Company is seeking financings in order to be in a position to satisfy its current liabilities.

The Company has a planning and budgeting process in place by which it anticipates and determines the funds required to support normal operation requirements as well as the growth and development of its mineral property interests. The Company coordinates this planning and budgeting process with its financing activities through the capital management process in normal circumstances.

The following table details the Company's current and expected remaining contractual maturities for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table is based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities.

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13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES (cont'd...)

(a) Liquidity risk (cont'd...)

	0 to 6 months	6 to 12 months	6 to 12 months			
As at September 30, 2015						
Trade accounts payable	\$ 2,927,508	\$ -	\$	2,927,508		
Credit facilities	207,241	-		207,241		
	\$ 3,134,749	\$ -	\$	3,134,749		
				_		
As at December 31, 2014						
Trade accounts payable	\$ 2,347,888	\$ -	\$	2,347,888		
Credit facilities	1,055,678	232,540		1,288,218		
	\$ 3,403,566	\$ 232,540	\$	3,636,106		

Additional sources of funding, which may not be available on favourable terms, if at all, include: share equity and debt financings; coal sales from stockpiled inventory; equity, debt or property level joint ventures with power plant project and coal property developers; and sale of interests in existing assets. In the event that the Company is not able to obtain adequate additional funding to continue as a going concern, material adjustment would be required to both the carrying value and classification of assets and liabilities on the statement of financial position (Note 1).

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk primarily associated to cash and cash equivalents and receivables, net of allowances.

The significant concentration of credit risk is situated in Mongolia. The carrying amount of assets included on the statements of financial position represents the maximum credit exposure.

(c) Market risk

The significant market risks to which the Company is exposed are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, and commodity and equity price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's cash equivalents primarily include highly liquid investments that earn interest at market rates that are fixed to maturity or at variable interest rates. The Company also drew down \$1,707,241 on its credit facilities bearing an annual coupon rate of 17.4%, and 18% with monthly interest payments. Due to the short-term nature of these financial instruments, and that the Company's credit facilities bear interest at fixed rates, fluctuations in market rates do not have a significant impact on the fair values or future cash flows of the financial instruments as of September 30, 2015.

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13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT DISCLOSURES (cont'd...)

- (c) Market risk (cont'd...)
 - (i) Interest rate risk (cont'd...)

The Company manages interest rate risk by maintaining an investment policy that focuses primarily on preservation of capital and liquidity.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk to the extent that monetary assets and liabilities held by the Company are not denominated in Canadian dollars. The Company has exploration and development projects in Mongolia and Bolivia and undertakes transactions in various foreign currencies. The Company is therefore exposed to foreign currency risk arising from transactions denominated in a foreign currency and the translation of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and Mongolia tugrik into its functional and reporting currency, the Canadian dollar.

Based on the above, net exposures as at September 30, 2015, with other variables unchanged, a 10% (December 31, 2014 - 10%) strengthening (weakening) of the Canadian dollar against the Mongolian tugrik would impact earnings with other variables unchanged by \$349,734. A 10% (December 31, 2014 - 10%) strengthening (weakening) of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would impact earnings with other variables unchanged by \$411,250. The Company currently does not use any foreign exchange contracts to hedge this currency risk.

(iii) Commodity and equity price risk

Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. Commodity prices fluctuate on a daily basis and are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control.

The supply and demand for these commodities, the level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, investment decisions by large holders of commodities including governmental reserves and stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in prices. Such external economic factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns and monetary systems and political developments. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, individual equity movements and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. Fluctuations in value may be significant.

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14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Prophecy had related party transactions with the following companies, related by way of directors and key management personnel:

- Linx Partners Ltd., a private company wholly-owned and controlled by John Lee, Director, CEO and Executive Chairman of Prophecy, provides management and consulting services to the Company.
- MaKevCo Consulting Inc., a private company 50% owned by Greg Hall, Director of Prophecy, provides consulting services to the Company.
- Sophir Asia Ltd., a private company wholly-owned and controlled by Masa Igata, Director of Prophecy, provides consulting services to the Company.

A summary of amounts paid and accrued to related parties for services provided is as follows:

		T		Nine Months			
	Ended	d Se	led S	September 30,			
Related parties	2015	2015 2014				2015 2	
Directors and officers	\$ 90,780	\$	85,506	\$	260,581	\$	263,812
Linx Partners Ltd.	105,000		103,803		323,988		313,809
MaKevCo Consulting Inc.	6,300		10,000		27,019		35,300
Sophir Asia Ltd.	6,000		-		24,242		-
	\$ 208,080	\$	199,309	\$	635,830	\$	612,921

A summary of the transactions by nature among the related parties is as follows:

	Т	hree Months		Nine Months		
	Ended Se	ptember 30,	Ended S	Ended September 30,		
Related parties	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Consulting and management fees \$	107,700 \$	9,303 \$	235,133 \$	36,560		
Directors' fees	18,300	28,726	75,502	105,771		
Mineral properties	15,300	47,250	124,855	141,750		
Property and equipment	-	47,250	-	141,750		
Salaries and benefits	66,780	66,780	200,340	187,090		
\$	208,080 \$	199,309 \$	635,830 \$	612,921		

As at September 30, 2015, amounts due to related parties totaled of \$118,506 (December 31, 2014 – \$463,578) and was comprised of \$33,920 (December 31, 2014 - \$70,845) for directors' fees and \$84,586 (December 31, 2014 - \$157,312) for consulting and management.

The amounts due to related parties are non-interest bearing and are due upon demand.

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

15. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, including directors of the Company.

		Th	ree Months		Nine Months		
	Ended S	Sep	otember 30,	Ended September 30,			
Key Management Personnel	2015		2014		2015		2014
Salaries and short term benefits	\$ 67,670	\$	88,309	\$	202,667	\$	266,615
Share-based payments	97,118		106,808		523,868		359,701
	\$ 164,788	\$	195,117	\$	726,535	\$	626,316

16. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Nine Months Ended September 30,					
		2015		2014	
Supplementary information					
Interest paid	\$	255,712	\$	172,878	
Non-Cash Financing and Investing Activities					
Shares issued as bonus shares	\$	-	\$	76,600	
Shares issued for business acquisition	\$	3,900,000	\$	-	
Shares issued to settle debt	\$	628,707	\$	190,581	
Shares issued in private placement					
Capitalized depreciation	\$	1,462,256	\$	1,393,603	
Capitalized interest	\$	115,602	\$	172,878	
Property & equipment expenditures included in accounts payable	\$	1,282,451	\$	961,236	
Mineral property expenditures included in accounts payable	\$	627,623	\$	351,401	
Share-based payments capitalized in property and equipment	\$	17,633	\$	94,709	
Share-based payments capitalized in mineral properties	\$	60,577	\$	48,803	

17. COMMITMENTS

Commitments, not disclosed elsewhere in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements, are as follows:

Office rental commitments			
Year	Amount		
2015	\$ 26,330		
2016	21,214		
	\$ 47,544		

(formerly Prophecy Coal Corp.) Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine month period ended September 30, 2015 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

18. CONTINGENCIES

The Company accrues for liabilities when both a liability is probable and the amount payable can be reasonably estimated.

ASC tax claim

Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, Prophecy agreed to assume all liabilities of the Apogee Subsidiaries, including legal and tax liabilities associated with the Pulacayo Project. During Apogee's financial year ended June 30, 2014, it received notice from the Servicio de Impuestos Nacionales, the national tax authority in Bolivia, that ASC Bolivia LDC Sucursal Bolivia, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, owed approximately Bs42,000,000 (\$6,536,326) in taxes, interest and penalties relating to a historical tax liability in an amount originally assessed at approximately \$760,000 in 2004, prior to Apogee acquiring the subsidiary in 2011. Apogee disputed the assessment and disclosed to the Company that it believed the notice was improperly issued. The Company continued to dispute the assessment and hired local legal counsel to pursue an appeal of the tax authority's assessment on both substantive and procedural grounds.

On May 26, 2015, the Company received a positive Resolution issued by the Bolivian Constitutional Court that among other things, declared null and void the previous Resolution of the Bolivian Supreme Court issued in 2011 (that imposed the tax liability on ASC Bolivia LDC Sucursal Bolivia) and sent the matter back to the Supreme Court to consider and issue a new Resolution. The Company plans to continue to vigorously defend its position and make submissions to the Supreme Court during the new hearing. Based on these developments, the tax claim amount of \$6,491,755 was classified as non-current liabilities.

Red Hill tax claim

During the year ended December 31, 2014, Red Hill was issued a letter from the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division notifying it of the results of the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division's VAT inspection of Red Hill's 2009-2013 tax imposition and payments that resulted in validating VAT credit of only MNT235,718,533 from Red Hill's claimed VAT credit of MNT2,654,175,507. Red Hill disagreed with the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division's findings as the tax assessment appeared to the Company to be unfounded. The Company disputed the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division's assessment and submitted a complaint to the Capital City Tax Tribunal. On March 24, 2015, the Capital City Tax Tribunal resolved to refer the matter back to the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division for revision and separation of the action between confirmation of Red Hill's VAT credit, and the imposition of the penalty/deduction for the tax assessment. The Sukhbaatar District Tax Division appealed the Capital City Tax Tribunal's resolution to the General Tax Tribunal office, but was denied on June 4, 2015 on procedural grounds. As a result, the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division implemented the Capital City Tax Tribunal's resolution on June 25, 2015, finding: (1) with respect to confirmation of Red Hill's VAT credit, that after inspection the amount was to be MNT235,718,533; and (2) with respect to the imposition of the penalty/deduction for the tax assessment, that no penalty was to be issued but that Red Hill's loss to be depreciated and reported to be MNT1,396,668,549 in 2010 and MNT4,462,083,700 in 2011. The Company continues to dispute the Sukhbaatar District Tax Division's assessment and delivered a complaint to Capital City Tax Tribunal on July 24, 2015. In the opinion of Prophecy, at September 30, 2015 a provision for this matter is not required.

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18. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On October 28, 2015, 3,831,511 share purchase warrants previously issued by the Company, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.15, expired unexercised.

On November 13, 2015, the Company closed the first tranche of a \$1,000,000 non-brokered private placement (the "New Placement") announced on November 12, 2015 involving the issuance of up to 25,000,000 units (each a "New Placement Unit") at a price of \$0.04 per New Placement Unit. Each New Placement Unit consists of one Common share in the capital of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each share purchase warrant entitles the holder to acquire an additional Common share at a price of \$0.07 per Common share for a period of five years from the date of issuance. The first tranche of the New Placement raised gross proceeds of \$250,000 through the issuance of 6,250,000 New Placement Units of Prophecy to various subscribers including the issuance of 2,500,000 New Placement Units of Prophecy to Company management and directors.

In connection with a portion of the first tranche of the New Placement, the Company paid finder's fees in cash of 7% of the subscription proceeds raised by the finder and finders warrants equal to 7% of the number of New Placement Units sold to subscribers introduced by the finder. The finder's warrants are identical in all respects to the share purchase warrants attached to the New Placement Units, except that they are exercisable for a period of two years from the date of issuance.