

Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements At March 31, 2016 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

The attached financial statements have been prepared by Management of Matamec Explorations Inc. and have not been reviewed by the auditor.

Consolidated Interim Statements of net Operation (For the years ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015)

(In Canadian dollars, excepted the share number)

Revenue         5,646           Rebilling of expenses to the joint operation         23,324           Administrative expenses         28,970           Administrative expenses         35,811           Salaries and fringe benefits         7,512           Rent and office expenses         35,811           Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         (680)           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	Three months ended March 31, 2015	Three months ended March 31, 2016	
Administration fees         5,646           Rebilling of expenses to the joint operation         23,324           28,970         28,970           Administrative expenses         35,811           Salaries and fringe benefits         7,512           Rent and office expenses         35,811           Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         (680)           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742 <th>\$</th> <th>\$</th> <th>P</th>	\$	\$	P
Rebilling of expenses to the joint operation         23,324           28,970           Administrative expenses           Salaries and fringe benefits         7,512           Rent and office expenses         35,811           Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         (680)           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742		5.040	
Administrative expenses         7,512           Salaries and fringe benefits         7,512           Rent and office expenses         35,811           Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,637           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         (680)           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	-		
Salaries and fringe benefits         7,512           Rent and office expenses         35,811           Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742			Rebilling of expenses to the joint operation
Salaries and fringe benefits       7,512         Rent and office expenses       35,811         Consulting fees       28,958         Stock-based compensation       10,331         Trustees and registration fees       8,036         Shareholders' reports       1,333         Professional fees       56,751         Insurance, taxes and licenses       17,009         Travelling and entertainment expenses       2,774         Telecommunications       2,637         Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       -         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742			Administrative expenses
Consulting fees         28,958           Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	5,595	7,512	•
Stock-based compensation         10,331           Trustees and registration fees         8,036           Shareholders' reports         1,333           Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         (680)           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	28,414	35,811	Rent and office expenses
Trustees and registration fees       8,036         Shareholders' reports       1,333         Professional fees       56,751         Insurance, taxes and licenses       17,009         Travelling and entertainment expenses       2,774         Telecommunications       2,637         Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       (680)         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	63,944	28,958	Consulting fees
Shareholders' reports       1,333         Professional fees       56,751         Insurance, taxes and licenses       17,009         Travelling and entertainment expenses       2,774         Telecommunications       2,637         Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       (680)         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	7,817	10,331	Stock-based compensation
Professional fees         56,751           Insurance, taxes and licenses         17,009           Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	8,613	8,036	Trustees and registration fees
Insurance, taxes and licenses       17,009         Travelling and entertainment expenses       2,774         Telecommunications       2,637         Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       -         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	1,822	1,333	Shareholders' reports
Travelling and entertainment expenses         2,774           Telecommunications         2,637           Exploration and evaluation assets         3,217           Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	103,102	56,751	Professional fees
Telecommunications       2,637         Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       -         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	5,350	17,009	Insurance, taxes and licenses
Exploration and evaluation assets       3,217         Amortization of property and equipment       3,294         Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       -         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	8,403	2,774	Travelling and entertainment expenses
Amortization of property and equipment         3,294           Administrative expenses total         177,663           Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	3,690	2,637	Telecommunications
Administrative expenses total       177,663         Operating loss       (148,693)         Financial revenues (fees)       -         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	-	3,217	Exploration and evaluation assets
Operating loss         (148,693)           Financial revenues (fees)         -           Interest and others incomes         -           Financing fees, interest and bank charges         (680)           Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	3,714	3,294	Amortization of property and equipment
Financial revenues (fees)         Interest and others incomes       -         Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	240,464	177,663	Administrative expenses total
Interest and others incomes	(240,464)	(148,693)	Operating loss
Financing fees, interest and bank charges       (680)         Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742			Financial revenues (fees)
Loss before income taxe       (149,373)         Income taxes       17,315         Deferred Income tax expenses       228,800         Net income (Net loss)       96,742	4,369	-	Interest and others incomes
Loss before income taxe         (149,373)           Income taxes         17,315           Deferred Income tax expenses         228,800           Net income (Net loss)         96,742	(7,714)	(680)	Financing fees, interest and bank charges
Income taxes  Deferred Income tax expenses  Net income (Net loss)  17,315  228,800  96,742	(3,345)	(680)	
Deferred Income tax expenses 228,800  Net income (Net loss ) 96,742	(243,809)	(149,373)	Loss before income taxe
Deferred Income tax expenses 228,800  Net income (Net loss ) 96,742	9,380	17,315	Income taxes
Net income (Net loss ) 96,742	72,700		Deferred Income tax expenses
Net vein (Net less ) non chang besig and diluted	(161,729)	96,742	Net income (Net loss )
Net gain (Net loss )per share, basic and diluted	(0.001)	0.001	Net gain (Net loss )per share, basic and diluted
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding basic and diluted (in thousands)  136,967	136,967	136 067	-

Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (For the years ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015)

(In Canadian dollars) **Three Three** months months ended ended March 31, March 31, 2016 2015 \$ \$ Net loss (net income) for the year 96,742 (161,729)Available for sale financial assets: Gain (loss) on sales of available for sale financial assets (20,000)Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to shareholders 96,742 (141,729)

Consolidated Statement Interim of Financial Position (As at December 31, 2016 and 2015)

(In Canadian dollars)			
		December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
		\$	\$
Assets			
Current assets		00.004	
Cash and cash equivalents	0	86,624	- 04.574
Cash restricted to joint operation with Ressources Québec Inc.	3	13,927 10,043	84,574 10,021
Short-term deposit, rate of 1,04 %, maturing on October 2016 Sales taxes recoverable		·	7,722
	0	16,368	·
Tax credits recoverable	6	1,249,835	1,291,519
Other receivables		1,600	-
Prepaid expenses		27,099	11,090
		1,405,496	1,404,926
Non-current assets		4=04=	<b>70.100</b>
Non-current portion of tax credits recoverable	6	17,315	70,138
Investment in shares of a private company		1	1
Available-for-sale financial assets (cost: \$60,000)	7	30,000	30,000
Property and equipment	8	143,677	146,971
Exploration and evaluation assets	9	3,056,791	3,903,842
		3,247,784	4,150,952
Total assets		4,653,280	5,555,878
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft		-	5,801
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,011,271	1,786,341
		1,011,271	1,792,142
Non-current liabilities			
Non current portion of account payable and accrued liabilities			-
Deferred income taxes		468,700	697,500
		468,700	697,500
Total liabilities		1,479,971	2,489,642
Equity attributable to Matamec Explorations Inc.'s shareholders			
Share capital		24,256,671	24,256,671
Contributed surplus		4,873,852	4,863,521
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(30,000)	(30,000)
Deficit		(25,927,214)	(26,023,956)
Total equity		3,173,309	3,066,236
Total liabilities and equity		4,653,280	5,555,878

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS (signed) André Gauthier, Director

(signed) Marcel Bergeron, Director

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity (For the years ended on March 31, 2015 and 2014)

(In Canadian dollars, excepted the share number)

	Number of common shares outstanding	Share capital	Contributed surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Deficit	Total of equity attributable to Matamec shareholders
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance - January 1, 2016	136,966,852	24,256,671	4,863,521	(30,000)	(26,023,956)	3,066,236
Net loss for the period	-	-		-	(96,742)	(96,742)
Other comprehensive income		-	-	-	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>
Comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(96,742)	(96,742)
Shares issued in the private placement framework	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stock options						-
Share-based compensation	-	-	10,331	-	-	10,331
Balance - March 31, 2016	136,966,852	24,256,671	4,873,852	(30,000)	(25,927,214)	3,173,309
Balance - January 1, 2015	136,966,852	24,256,671	4,816,114	(20,000)	(24,096,760)	4,956,025
Net loss for the year		,	-	-	(161,729)	(161,729)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	20,000	(101,720)	20,000
Comprehensive learning for the year	-	-	-	20,000	(161,729)	(141,729)
Share-based compensation	-	-	7,817	-	-	7,817
Balance - March 31, 2015	136,966,852	24,256,671	4,823,931	-	(24,258,489)	4,822,113

Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows (For the years ended on December 31, 2016 and 2015)

(In Canadian dollars)

(III Canadian dollars)			
	Note	Three months ended March 31, 2016	Three months ended March 31, 2015 (restated)
		\$	\$
Operating activities			
Net gain (loss) for the period		96,742	(161,729)
Adjustment for :			
Stock-based compensation		10,331	7,817
Amortization of property and equipment		3,294	3,714
Deferred income tax expense		(228,800)	(72,700)
Deferred income tax expense	<u> </u>	(17,315)	(9,380)
		(135,748)	(222,898)
Change in non-cash working capital items	11	(384,802)	(266,126)
Cash flows used in operating activities	_	(520,550)	(498,404)
Investing activities			
Bank advance		70,647	262,431
Short-term deposit acquisition		(10,043)	(10,051)
Short-term deposit disposal		10,021	10,026
Government assistance received		111,822	352,634
Exploration and evaluation assets		(430,527)	(59,900)
Disposal of exploration and evaluation assets		861,055	-
Cash flows used in investing activities		612,975	555,140
Financing activities			
Bank advances			(79,066)
Cash flows generated from financing activities		-	2,569,004
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalent		92,425	(22,330)
Cash and cash equivalents – beginning of period		(5,801)	98,846
Cash and cash equivalents – end of period		86,624	76,516

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements For the three months period ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In Canadian dollars)

#### 1. Incorporation, nature of operations and going concern

The Company, incorporated under Part 1A of the Québec Companies Act, is a mining exploration business. The Company's head office is located at 1010 Sherbrooke Street West, suite 700, Montreal (Quebec) Canada, H3A 2R7. Shares of the Company are traded on TSX Venture Exchange under the symbot MAT and OTC QX stock exchange under the symbot IMREF. Matamec Explorations Inc. is the ultimate parent company of the group. It has not yet determined whether the mining properties contain economically recoverable ore reserves. The recoverable ore reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary financing to continue exploration work and development of its properties, and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposal of properties.

The Company has not yet determined whether the mining properties and the deferred exploration and evaluation ("E&E") expenditures have economically recoverable ore reserves. Recovery of amounts indicated under mining properties, the deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures and the property and equipment are subject to the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the Company's ability to obtain the financing required to complete exploration, evaluation, development, construction and profitable future production on its assets or the proceeds from the sale of such assets

Theses consolidated financial statements have been prepared using generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but not limited to, 12 months from the end of the reporting period. In making its assessment, management is aware of material uncertainties related to events and conditions that lend a significant doubt on the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern and, accordingly, of the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, as described in the following paragraph. These financial statements do not reflect the adjustment to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, expenses and financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption not appropriate. These adjustments could be material.

For year ended on March 31, 2016 the Company recorded a net loss of \$96,742 (loss of \$161,729 to 2015). In addition to ongoing working capital requirements, the Company must secure sufficient funding to meet its obligations and existing commitments for exploration and evaluation programs and pay general and administration costs. As at March 31, 2016, the Company had a working capital of \$394 225 (negative \$625 058 to 2015). Management estimates that these funds will not be sufficient to meet the Company's obligations and budgeted expenditures through Marchr 31, 2017. Any funding shortfall may be met in the future in a number of ways, including but not limited to, the issuance of new debt or equity instruments, expenditures reductions and/or the introduction of joint venture partners and/or business combinations. amounts reflected in these unaudited condensed interim financial statements.

Management periodically seeks additional form of financing through the issuance of new equity instruments and the exercise of stock options to continue its operations, and while it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. Without new funding being available, the Company may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts realized for its assets may be less than amounts recorded in these consolidated financial statements.

Although management has taken steps to verify title to mining properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and may not be in compliance with regulatory requirements.

The Company's financial year ends on December 31, 2016. These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on May 30, 2016.

## 2. Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of financial statements.

The company has consistently applied the accounting policies throughout all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements.

## 3. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements are described below.

a) Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for the revaluation of certain financial instruments to their fair value (available-for-sale financial assets). In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flows information.

b) Basis of consolidation

## Subsidiary

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Matamec Explorations Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary Mabec Uranium Inc. The subsidiary is inactive. The reporting date of the annual information of the subsidiary is December 31.

The subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company since it has the power to govern the subsidiary's financial and operating policies. The existence and effect of potentials rights to vote that can actually be exercised or converted are taken into account to evaluate if the Company controls another entity. The subsidiary accounts are consolidated from the date the Company gets control and cease to be consolidated from the date the Company ceases to have that control. The subsidiary accounting policies are in compliance with the Company's policies.

## Jointly controlled asset

In 2013, the Company and Toyota Rare Earth Canada Inc. ("TRECan") control jointly an exploration and evaluation asset, pursuant to a 51/49 joint venture agreement, 51% being the interest of the Company. Information on this asset is presented in Notes 10 (Property Kipawa). Jointly controlled assets involve joint control, and often joint ownership, by the group and venturers of assets contributed or acquired for the purpose of the joint venture, without creating a corporation, partnership or other entity. When the Group's activities are conducted through jointly controlled assets, the Group recognizes its share of jointly controlled assets, any liabilities that it has incurred, and its share of any liabilities incurred jointly with the other venturers in relation to the joint venture, and any expenses that it has incurred in respect of its interest in the joint venture. The agreement between TREcan and the Company, in accordance with the practices most commonly used in the industry, has been accounted for as a farm-out agreement without consideration for the legal form of the agreement. A farm-out arrangement typically involves an entity (i.e., the farmor) agreeing to provide a working interest in a mining property (i.e., the farmee), provided that the farmee makes a cash payment to the farmor and/or incurs certain expenditures on the property to earn that interest.

Until September 18, 2014, termination date of the agreement with TRECan, the Company used the book value of its stake before the conclusion of the agreement with TRECan as book value of the retained interest. The Company has not recorded exploration expenditures for the asset pledged to the funds provided by TRECan for the feasibility study.

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements For the three months period ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In Canadian dollars)

## 3. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Since January 27, 2015, the Company and Ressources Québec Inc. (RQ) control jointly an exploration and evaluation asset, pursuant to a 72/28 joint operation agreement, 72 % being the interest of the Company. Information on this asset is presented in Note 9 (Property Kipawa). Jointly controlled assets supposes joint control, without creating a corporation, partnership or other entity. When the Group's activities are conducted through jointly controlled assets, the Group recognizes its share of jointly controlled assets, any liabilities that it has incurred, and its share of any liabilities incurred jointly with the other venturers. The agreement between RQ and the Company, in accordance with the practices most commonly used in the industry, has been accounted for as a farm-out agreement without consideration for the legal form of the agreement. A farm-out arrangement typically involves an entity (i.e., the farmor) agreeing to provide a working interest in a mining property (i.e., the farmee), provided that the farmee makes a cash payment to the farmor and/or incurs certain expenditures on the property to earn that interest. As of December 31, 2016, a cash amount of \$13,926 is restricted to this asset's exploitation, at the joint operation level.

#### Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealized gains and losses arising from intercompany transactions, are eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

#### c) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Matamec's consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency.

#### d) Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 4. Restated financial statements

The comparative figures of the financials statements for the period ended September 30, 2014 have been restated to correct the accounting treatment of the taking of participation of Toyotsu Rare Earth Canada Inc. (« TRECan ») in the Kipawa property.

The initial accounting treatment of the transaction which resulted in a gain on disposal of exploration and evaluation assets in the consolidated statements of operations was reversed. In accordance with the most commonly used practices in the industry, the transaction is presented as a farm-out contract using the method proposed by the mining industry task Force on IFRS without regards to the legal form of the transaction.

According to this method:

- The Company uses the book value of it's participation before the conclusion of the farmout agreement as the book value of the remaining participation
- The Company deducts the cash consideration received, if any, of the book value of the book value of the remaining participation, any surplus being recorded as profit in net results.
- The Company does not record the prospection expenses engaged made with the funds supplied by TREcan for the feasability study.
- The impact on the financial statement is as follows:

	Balance as	Restatement	
	previousy stated	increase (decrease)	Restated balance
Cash Flows for the period ended on March 31, 2015			
Operating Activities			
Change in non-cash working capital items	(300,685) \$	34,559 \$	(266,126) \$
Operating Activities			
Bank advance	- \$	262,431 \$	262,431 \$
Exploration and evaluation assets	(250,642) \$	190,742 \$	(59,900) \$
Gain on disposal of exploration and evaluation assets	3,000,000 \$	(3,000,000) \$	- \$
Financing activities			
Bank advances	- \$	(79,066) \$	(79,066) \$
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(2,591,334) \$	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	A	(0 = 0 t 0 0 t) <b>(</b>	=0 = 4 0 · A
	2,667,850 \$	(2,591,334) \$	76,516 \$

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements For the three months period ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In Canadian dollars)

#### 5. Judgments, estimates and assumption

Many of the amounts included in the financial statements require Management to make judgments and/or estimates. These judgments and estimates are continuously evaluated and are based on Management's experience and knowledge of the relevant facts and circumstances. Actual results may differ from the amounts included in the financial statements.

Areas of significant judgments and estimates affecting the amounts recognized in the consolidated statements include:

1) Exploration and evaluation assets

Probability of cost recovery at initial recognition

According to the significant accounting policies of the Company, once the legal rights of exploration and evaluation assets are obtained, the costs associated with the acquisition of mineral rights, expenditures on exploration and evaluation of mineral properties and that tax credits and credits on duties associated with such costs are charged to cost of exploration and evaluation assets if Management considers probable that the costs will be recovered through future development or sale of the property. Assessing the probability of recover capitalized costs related to exploration and evaluation assets requires the exercise of judgment in determining if the future economic benefits are probable, which may be based on assumptions and estimates made by management regarding future events. Assumptions and estimates may change if new information proves to be available.

If informations become available that give rise to uncertainty of the recovery of capitalized costs, the amounts capitalized will be written down to their recoverable amounts in the period when these informations become available (see the paragraph concerning critical accounting estimates, judgments and assumptions for impairment of property and equipment, impairment of non-financial assets).

2) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company's evaluation of the recoverable amount with respect to the non-financial assets is based on numerous assumptions and may differ significantly from actual values. The recoverable amounts are based, in part, on certain factors that may be partially or totally outside of the Company's control. This evaluation involves a comparison of the estimated recoverable amounts of non-financial assets to their carrying values. The Company's fair value estimates are based on numerous assumptions. The recoverable amount estimates may differ from actual values and these differences may be significant and could have a material impact on the Company's financial position and result of operations. Assets are reviewed for an indication of impairment at each consolidated statement of financial position date and when there are indicators of impairment. This determination requires significant judgment. Factors which could trigger an impairment review include, but are not limited to, expiration of the right to operate in the specific area during the period or in the near future and it is not expected to be renewed; significant expenditures for exploration and subsequent evaluation in a specific area is neither budgeted nor planned; exploration and evaluation of mineral resources commercially viable, the Company decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area; or, sufficient data exist to indicate that, although it is likely that a development in the specific area will continue, the carrying amount of the assets may not be recovered in full following the successful development or sale, strong downward trends in the industry or the economy in general, a significant drop in the price of mineral resources.

#### 3) Valuation of share-based payments

The Company records all share-based payments using the fair value method. The Company uses the Black-Scholes options pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options and warrants. The main factor affecting the estimates of the fair value of stock options and warrants is the stock price expected volatility used. The Company currently estimates the expected volatility of its common shares based on its historical volatility for a period of one year before the options and warrants issuance.

4) The estimated useful lives and residual values of property and equipment and the measurement of depreciation expense

Management estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period during which the assets are expected to be available for use. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for depreciation of property and equipment for any period are affected by these estimated useful lives. The estimates are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations change as a result of physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits to use.

## 5) Going concern

The Company's ability to achieve its strategy by financing its future needs in working capital requires exercising judgments. More information regarding going concern is presented in Note 1.

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements
For the three months period ended on March 31, 2016 and 2015

(In Canadian dollars)

#### 5. Judgments, estimates and assumption (cont'd)

#### 6) Uncertain tax positions

The refundable tax credits relating to resources and mining duties credits for losses ("tax credits") for the current period and prior periods are measured at the amount the company expects to recover the tax administrations the closing date. However, there are incertitures on the interpretation of tax rules, as well as in regard to the amount and timing of the recovery of these tax credits. To determine if its expenses are eligible, the company must demonstrate significant judgment and interpretation, making the recovery of uncertain tax credits. Accordingly, there may be a significant difference between the amount recognized in securities of tax credits receivable and the actual amount of tax credits received as a result of the examination by the tax authorities, questions whose interpretation was uncertain. Should such a difference, an adjustment should be made for tax credits receivable and provisions should potentially be accounted for tax credits previously received by the Company. It may take considerable time before the tax administration report its decisions on issues related to tax credits. Thus, the tax credits payback period can be long. The tax credits that the Company expects to recover within more than one year are classified as non-current assets. The amounts recognized in the financial statements are prepared based on the best estimates of the Company and according to his best judgment, as noted above. However, given the uncertainty inherent in obtaining the approval of the tax administrations, the amount of tax credits that will actually be recovered or the amount to be repaid and the timing of such recovery or disbursed could differ significantly from the accounting estimates, which would affect the financial condition and the Company's cash flows.

#### 7) Mining duties

The accounting treatment of mining duties depends on the Management's intention to achieve production phase or to sell the property to another mining company when the technical feasibility and economical viability of properties are proven. This evaluation is made by property. The Company has determined that it intends to achieve production phase in a near future for Kipawa property only.

Tax credits recoverable	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Quebec refundable credit on mining duties at rate of 16 %	\$	\$
Property Kipawa		
2012	269,470	271,271
2013	896,332	384,929
2014	70,138	20,297
2015	-	22,799
2016	17,315	-
	1,253,255	699,296
Other properties		
2013	13,895	13,895
2014	-	439
	13,895	14,334
Refundable credit for resources related to exploration at rates of 35 % , 38,75 % and 28 % since June 4, 2014		
Property Kipawa		
2013	-	103,633
2014	-	39,384
2015	-	9,380
	-	152,397
Other properties		
2013	-	98,116
2015	<u> </u>	2,955
	<u> </u>	101,071
Total	1,267,150	967,098
Less: Non-current portion of tax credits recoverable	(17,315)	(9,380
Current portion of tax credits recoverable	1,249,835	957,718

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements
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#### 7. Available-for-sale financial assets

The Company owned 100,000 shares of Northen Superior Ressources Inc. ("Northen") that where acquired for \$9,200. In 2014, the Company sold the shares for an amount of \$3,350, which resulted in a loss of \$5,850 in the consolidated statements of operations following the reclassification of the cumulative loss of \$6,200 recorded previously in other comprehensive income.

In 2014, the Company proceeded to sell the shares for a consideration of \$38,410. These shares were pruchased at a \$22,500 cost, thus resulting in a gain of \$15,910 recognized in the consolidated statements of operations following the reclassifying of the \$2,500 cumulative loss recognized previously in other comprehensive income.

On August 19, 2013, the Company signed an agreement with Canada Strategic Metals. This Company can acquire a 50% undivided interest in Sakami property by issuing 2 million common shares and spending \$2,250,000 in deferred exploration expenditures on the property, on a period of 3 years. At the date of the agreement, 500,000 shares were issued for a consideration of \$22,500. In 2014, the Company sold 500,000 shares for a consideration of \$41,760 which generated a gain of \$18,760 in the consolidated statements of operations following the reclassifying of the \$8,700 cumulative loss recognized previously in other comprehensive income. On August 22, 2014, 500,000 shares were issued for a consideration of \$45,000. On December 31, 2014, the shares were trading at \$0.05. Consequently, the Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$20,000 on change in fair value in other comprehensive income. On August 14, 2015, 500,000 shares were issued for a consideration of \$15,000. On December 31, 2015, the shares were trading at \$0.03. Consequently, the Company recorded an unrealized loss of \$10,000 on change in fair value in other comprehensive income.

On March 31, 2016, the shares were trading at \$0.03. Consequently, the Company recorded no loss and no unrealized gain on change in fair value in other comprehensive income.

#### 8. Property and equipment

	Buildings and land	Computer equipment	Office furniture	Exploration amenities and facilities	Total
Net book value	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at January 1, 2016	128,493	60,135	49,842	70,775	309,245
Additions	<del></del>		-	-	-
Balance as at March 31, 2016	128,493	60,135	49,842	70,775	309,245
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at January 1, 2016	18,688	46,826	32,641	64,119	162,274
Depreciation	1,074	861	861	498	3,294
Balance as at March 31, 2016	19,762	47,687	33,502	64,617	165,568
Net book value at March 31,2016	108,731	12,448	16,340	6,158	143,677
Net book value					
Balance as at January 1, 2015	128,493	59,313	49,842	70,775	308,423
Additions	-	822	-	-	_
Balance as at March 31, 2015	128,493	59,313	49,842	70,775	308,423
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at January 1, 2015	14,224	42,398	28,354	61,287	146,263
Depreciation	1,116	1,095	1,071	708	3,990
Balance as at March 31, 2015	15,340	43,493	29,425	61,995	150,253
Net book value at March 31,2015	113,153	15,820	20,417	8,780	158,170

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

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(In Canadian dollars)

# 9. Deferred exploration Mining properties

		December 31,				
	Interest	2015	Additions	Disposal	Write off	March 31 2016
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sakami	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Zeus	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Kipawa Rare Earths JV	72%	701,809	-	-	-	701,809
Valmont	100%	6,986	1,863	-	-	8,849
Vulcain	100%	1,087	-	-	-	1,087
Tansim	100%	-	1,553	-	-	1,553
Matheson Pelangio	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Matheson	50%	861,055	-	(861,055)	-	-
	_	1,570,937	3,416	(861,055)	-	713,298

## Deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures

				Tax		
	December 31, 2015	Additions	Disposal	credits	Write off	March 31 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sakami	-	-	-	-	-	-
Zeus	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kipawa Rare Earths JV	2,272,348	-	-	-	-	2,272,348
Tansim	111	-	-	-	-	111
Valmont	53,707	-	-	-	-	53,707
Vulcain	6,740	-	-	-	-	6,740
Matheson Pelangio	-	-	-	-	-	-
HMR	-	10,587	-	-	-	10,587
Matheson JV		-	-	-	-	-
	2,332,906	10,587	-	-	-	2,343,493
Total	3,903,843	14,003	(861,055)	-	-	3,056,791

## Mining properties

• .		December 31,				
	Interest	2014	Additions	Disposal	Write off	March 31 2015
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sakami	100%	45,110	-	-	-	45,110
Zeus	100%	-	10,000	-	-	10,000
Kipawa Rare Earths JV	72%	701,809	-	-	-	701,809
Tansim	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Valmont	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Vulcain	100%	-	-	-	-	-
Matheson Pelangio	100%	27,141	-	-	-	27,141
Matheson JV	50%	1,581,454	-	-	-	1,581,454
		2,355,514	10,000	-	-	2,365,514

## Deferred exploration and evaluation expenditures

				Tax		
	December 31, 2014	Additions	Disposal	credits	Write off	March 31 2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Sakami	2,213,090	-	-	-	-	2,213,090
Zeus	-	1,657	-	-	-	1,657
Kipawa Rare Earths JV	2,086,322	24,241	-	(22,799)	-	2,087,764
Tansim	-	-	-	-	-	-
Valmont	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vulcain	-	3,978	-	-	-	3,978
Matheson Pelangio	304,971	-	-	-	-	304,971
Matheson JV	960,248	14,698	-	-	-	974,946
	5,564,631	44,574	-	(22,799)	-	5,586,406
Total	7,920,145	54,574	-	(22,799)	-	7,951,920

Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements
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(In Canadian dollars)

## 10. Commitments and contingencies

- a) On May 1, 2013, the Company agreed to pay to its President André Gauthier a compensation sum corresponding of two months salaries plus two months salaries per year of services in case of separation and subject to additional conditions. As of March 31, 2016, the obligation represents an amount of \$364,000.
- b) In 2012, the Company entered a three-year lease contract for larger premises that was renewed until March 31, 2017. The commitments resulting from this renewed lease are \$80,357 and \$20,089 respectively for years 2016 and 2017. The lease has a two year renewal option.
  - The rent expense for the year included in the net loss amounts to \$82,417 (\$80,586 in 2014).
- c) On October 2, 2014, the Company signed a subscription agreement with Ressources Québec Inc. Under this agreement, the Company is committed to incur \$1,000,000 less the expenses relating to the issuance of \$67,145, in the phase 1 of Kipawa's heavy rare earths development program. the Company and Ressources Québec Inc. (RQ) control jointly an exploration and evaluation asset, pursuant to a 72/28 joint operation agreement, 72 % being the interest of the Company. To date, Ressources Québec has invested \$ 3 million and the joint venture has spent \$ 1,969,872 on the Kipawa property. Cash available in the joint venture to continue the exploration work of \$ 1,553,628. On March 31, 2016, \$383,452 (\$383,452 as of December 31, 2015) was incurred. In addition, an amount of \$13,927 is restricted for the Kipawa Rare Earths Joint Venture. Therefore, a commitment of \$535,475(\$464,829 as of December 31, 2015) remains to be incurred when the tax credits will be received.

#### 11. Supplemental Cash flow information

	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Changes in non-cash working capital items		
Decrease sales taxes recoverable	(8,646)	(7,815)
Decrease (increase) of other receivables	(1,600)	-
Decrease (increase) of prepaid expenses	(16,009)	(18,067)
Decrease (increase) of tax credits recoverable	-	(22,799)
Increase (decrease) of accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(358,547)	(217,445)
	(384,802)	(266,126)

#### 12. Financial instruments and risk management (cont'd)

Interest rate risk

Part of cash and cash equivalents and short-term deposit bear interest at a fixed rate and the Company is, therefore, exposed to the risk of changes in fair value resulting from interest rate fluctuations. The Company has a cash balance and the Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in term deposits of interest-bearing accounts of Canada'S major chartered bank. As of March 31,2016 the Company had \$10,043 (\$10,021 as at December 31, 2015) invested in term deposits bearing interest at 0,85% (0,85% as at December 31, 2015). Sensitivity to a plus or minus 1% change in the rates would not significantly affect the reported net loss and reported shareholders' equity.

## Fair value

Fair value of financial instruments is presented as follow:

	March 31, 2016		December 31, 2015	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Loans and receivables				
Cash and cash equivalent	86,624	86,624	-	-
Restricted cash to the joint operation with Ressources Québec Inc.	13,927	13,927	84,574	84,574
Short-term deposit	10,043	10,043	10,021	10,021
Other receivables	1,600	1,600	-	-
Total	112,194	112,194	94,595	94,595
Available-for-sale				
Investment in share of a private company	1	1	1	1
Investment in shares of a listed company	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
	30,001	30,001	30,001	30,001
Financial liabilities, at amortized cost				
Bank indebtedness	11,090	11,090	5,801	5,801
Bank advance	-	-	-	-
Trade payable and accrued liabilities	1,011,271	1,011,271	1,786,341	1,786,341
	1,011,271	1,011,271	1,792,142	1,792,142
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Condensed Notes to the Interim Financial Statements
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The estimative fair value is established at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position using the relevant information available on the market and other information on financial instruments.

Above Company's financial instruments, classified as loans and receivables, have a fair value which approximates their carrying value due to their short-term maturity. The fair value of the investment in listed shares is based on market prices.

#### Fair value hierarchy

- Level one includes quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level two includes inputs that are observable other than quoted prices included in level one;
- Level three includes inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Input level used by the Company to assess fair value is level one.

<sup>\*</sup> The fair value of the investment in a private company cannot be determined since it does not trade on an active market.