



Management's Discussion and Analysis

***For the Three and Nine Months Ended
December 31, 2017***

DATE OF REPORT: February 9, 2018

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") has been prepared as of February 9, 2018, and should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2017 unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes of Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. ("Medicenna", the "Company", "we", "our", "us" and similar expressions). The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and related notes of Medicenna, were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and all dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All statements contained herein that are not clearly historical in nature are forward-looking, and the words such as "plan", "expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimate", "forecast", "contemplate", "intend", "anticipate", or "believe" or variations (including negative variations) of such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might", "shall" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved and similar expressions are generally intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the Company's:

- business strategy;
- expected future loss and accumulated deficit levels;
- projected financial position and estimated cash burn rate;
- requirements for, and the ability to obtain, future funding on favorable terms or at all;
- expectations about the timing of achieving milestones and the cost of the Company's development programs;
- observations and expectations regarding the effectiveness of MDNA55 and the potential benefits to patients;
- expectations regarding the completion of enrolment of the Company's Phase 2b clinical trial;
- expectations about the timing with respect to commencement of additional clinical trials;
- expectations about the Company's products safety and efficacy;
- expectations regarding the Company's ability to arrange for the manufacturing of the Company's products and technologies;
- expectations regarding the progress and successful and timely completion of the various stages of the regulatory approval process;
- ability to secure strategic partnerships with larger pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies;
- strategy to acquire and develop new products and technologies and to enhance the safety and efficacy of existing products and technologies;
- plans to market, sell and distribute the Company's products and technologies;
- expectations regarding the acceptance of the Company's products and technologies by the market;
- ability to retain and access appropriate staff, management, and expert advisers;
- expectations with respect to existing and future corporate alliances and licensing transactions with third parties, and the receipt and timing of any payments to be made by the Company or to the Company in respect of such arrangements; and
- strategy and ability with respect to the protection of the Company's intellectual property.

all as further and more fully described under the section of this MD&A titled "Risk Factors". Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results to differ from those anticipated, estimated or intended.

Although the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based upon what the Company's management believes to be reasonable assumptions, the Company cannot assure readers that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements.

Any forward-looking statements represent the Company's estimates only as of the date of this MD&A and should not be relied upon as representing the Company's estimates as of any subsequent date. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement or statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events, except as may be required by securities laws.

All references in this MD&A to "the Company", "Medicenna", "we", "us", or "our" refer to Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. and the subsidiaries through which it conducts its business, unless otherwise indicated.

COMPANY OVERVIEW

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. is the company resulting from a "three-cornered" amalgamation involving A2 Acquisition Corp ("A2"), 1102209 B.C. Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of A2 and Medicenna Therapeutics Inc. ("MTI"), a privately held clinical stage biotechnology company. A2 was formed by articles of incorporation under the Business Corporations Act (Alberta) ("ABCA") on February 2, 2015, and following its initial public offering, was a "capital pool company" listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange Venture ("TSXV"). As a capital pool company, A2 had no assets other than cash and did not carry on any operations. On March 1, 2017, the Company changed its name to Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. and completed a consolidation of its share capital on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every 14 pre-consolidation common shares (the "Consolidation"). Medicenna completed its qualifying transaction pursuant to the policies of the TSXV by way of reverse takeover of A2 by the shareholders of MTI on March 1, 2017 (the "Transaction").

MTI was identified for accounting purposes as the acquirer, and accordingly the entity is considered to be a continuation of MTI and the net assets of A2 at the date of the Transaction are deemed to have been acquired by MTI. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the results of operations of Medicenna from March 1, 2017. The comparative figures are those of MTI prior to the Transaction. On August 2, 2017 Medicenna graduated to the main board of the Toronto Stock Exchange and on October 18, 2017 Medicenna was listed on the OTCQX International ("OTCQX"). On November 13, 2017, Medicenna continued under the Canadian Business Corporations Act.

Medicenna has three wholly owned subsidiaries, MTI, Medicenna Biopharma Inc. (Delaware) and Medicenna Biopharma Inc. (British Columbia).

Medicenna is a clinical stage immuno-oncology company developing first and best-in-class proprietary super agonist and antagonist versions of cytokines called Superkines™. These proprietary Superkines™ are powerful immune modulators that have the potential to improve efficacy in a variety of diseases while minimizing off-target effects. Superkines™ fused to cell-killing payloads, to form Empowered Cytokines™ ("EC"), are target centric Molecular Trojan Horses being developed for treatment of cancer as superior alternatives to other targeted therapies such as Antibody Drug Conjugates ("ADC").

Our lead program is squarely focused around one target: the Interleukin-4 Receptor ("IL4R"). Expression levels of IL4R are low on the surface of healthy and normal cells, but increase 10-100 fold on cancer cells, cancer stem cells and non-malignant cells of the tumor microenvironment ("TME"). This differential expression of IL-4R therefore provides IL4 Empowered Cytokines™ ("IL4-EC"s) a wide therapeutic window. Furthermore, the IL-4/IL4R bias is a marker for highly aggressive forms of cancer, plays a central role in the establishment of an immunosuppressive TME and is generally associated with poor survival outcomes. We believe that by disrupting this pro-tumoral axis, Medicenna's novel IL4-ECs have the potential of not only targeting cancer cells, but also to weaken the TME that protects cancer from our own immune system.

MDNA55 is our lead IL4-EC in clinical development for the treatment of cancers of the central nervous system ("CNS"). It is a fusion of a circularly permuted version of interleukin- 4 ("IL-4") fused to a potent fragment of the bacterial toxin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin ("PE"). To date, MDNA55 has promising clinical data from 72 patients including 66 adult patients with recurrent glioblastoma ("rGBM"), the most aggressive and uniformly fatal form of brain cancer. It has secured Orphan Drug Status from the United States Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") and the European Medicines Agency ("EMA") as well as Fast Track Designation from the FDA. Medicenna was awarded a non-dilutive product development grant of US\$14.1M from the Cancer Prevention and Research Institute of Texas ("CPRIT"). Grant funds are supporting the Phase 2b clinical trial for treatment of rGBM, pre-clinical development of next generation fully human IL4-ECs for treatment of other solid tumors and development of a companion diagnostic for detection of IL4 receptor expression. The MDNA55 program offers a promising approach to address serious unmet needs affecting adult and pediatric patients with various types of brain cancer. Complementing our lead clinical asset, MDNA55, Medicenna has built a deep pipeline of promising pre-clinical candidates. These include a library of Superkines™ such as IL-2 agonists ("MDNA109"), IL-2 antagonists ("MDNA209"), dual IL-4/IL-13 antagonists ("MDNA413") and IL-13 Superkine ("MDNA132").

ACHIEVEMENTS & HIGHLIGHTS

The following are the achievements and highlights for the three months ending December 31, 2017 through to the date hereof:

- On October 10, 2017, new clinical data was presented at the 2017 Congress of Neurological Surgeons (Boston, MA), demonstrating successful delivery in brain cancer patients and a reassuring safety profile for MDNA55 as well as a substantially higher proportion of the target tissue being covered then in previous similar trials. In some cases, close to 100% of the tumor and the 1cm margin around it (at risk for tumor spread) had been successfully covered.
- On October 18, 2017, our common shares were listed on the OTCQX International ("OTCQX"), a segment of the OTC marketplace reserved for high-quality non-U.S. companies, under the symbol, "MDNAF".
- In November, further drug distribution and safety data were presented at the Annual Meeting of the Society for Neuro-Oncology (San Francisco, CA), on the first 15 patients in the study confirming earlier results presented at the Congress of Neurological Surgeons.
- Medicenna was issued a US Patent related to our Superkine platform. U.S. Patent 9,738,696, issued to the Board of Trustees of the Leland Stanford Junior University and licensed exclusively to Medicenna, covers the composition of engineered IL-4 Superkines.

FINANCING UPDATE

Three and nine months ended December 31, 2017

During the nine months ended December 31, 2017, 30,714 stock options with an exercise price of \$1.40 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$43,000. No options were exercised in the three months ended December 31, 2017. The exercised stock options were issued by the predecessor company A2.

Escrowed Securities

In connection with the initial public offering of A2 and pursuant to an escrow agreement dated June 8, 2015, an aggregate of 714,285 common shares were placed in escrow. Subsequent to the Transaction and pursuant to an escrow agreement dated March 1, 2017, an additional 15,600,000 common shares of Medicenna were placed into escrow.

An aggregate of 8,157,144 common shares of the Company remain in escrow as at December 31, 2017. Of the remaining shares held in escrow 4,078,572 will be released on March 2, 2018 and 4,078,572 shares will be released on September 2, 2018.

RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT UPDATE

MDNA55

MDNA55 has been studied in previous clinical trials under two Investigational New Drug Applications (“IND”) for the treatment of recurrent glioblastoma, high grade glioma and non-CNS solid tumors. To date, MDNA55 has promising clinical data from 72 patients including 66 adult patients with rGBM following a single intra-tumoral infusion. It has secured Orphan Drug Status from the FDA and the EMA as well as Fast Track Designation from the FDA.

Since the above mentioned clinical trials, there have been many improvements to the convection enhanced delivery (“CED”) technology, a drug delivery technique for localized delivery of MDNA55 into brain tumors. This includes use of newly developed techniques for high precision insertion and placement of catheters into the tumor bed as well as novel stepped design catheters that prevent backflow and leakage of MDNA55 during treatment. Furthermore, by co-infusion of an MRI (“Magnetic Resonance Imaging”) contrast agent with MDNA55, drug distribution can be monitored in real-time in order to achieve maximum coverage of the tumor bed and the tumor margins. Unlike previous clinical trials, early data from the MDNA55 Phase 2b clinical trial presented in October and November 2017, show that each of these improvements facilitates more accurate targeting and superior distribution of MDNA55 to regions of active tumor growth as well as the margins around the tumor. Medicenna has obtained an exclusive license from the National Institute of Health (“NIH”) to patents covering CED and the use of a surrogate tracer for real-time monitoring of MDNA55 delivery and distribution.

Phase 2b Study Outline for Glioblastoma at First Recurrence or Progression

The Phase 2b trial with MDNA55 using enhanced CED delivery is a multi-center, open-label, single-arm study in approximately 52 subjects with first or second recurrence or progression of GBM after surgery or radiotherapy ± adjuvant therapy or other experimental therapies.

The primary endpoint in the study is to determine the objective response rate (“ORR”) as per modified Response Assessment in Neuro-Oncology (“mRANO”) criteria following a single intra-and peri-tumoral infusion of MDNA55 in adult subjects with rGBM. The ORR will be assessed by gadolinium-enhanced MRI and determined by an independent blinded central imaging lab. The primary efficacy analysis will be assessed according to a single-stage binomial design with primary hypothesis test comparing a null ORR of 6% with an alternative (“pursue”) ORR of 18%, at 1-sided alpha = 0.10. The study will have 80% power with 36 evaluable subjects. Analyses will also be conducted by IL4R stratum, including 95% confidence interval estimates of ORR within strata and examination of the treatment effect by IL4R level.

Phase 2b Study Update

In April 2017, we treated the first patient in the Phase 2b clinical trial of MDNA55 for the treatment rGBM and we currently have nine clinical sites enrolling patients at centers of excellence across the United States and one site in Europe. 24 patients have been treated in the trial to date and we expect to complete enrolment in the study by mid-2018.

On September 28, 2017 we announced that based on encouraging drug distribution and safety data observed in the on-going Phase 2b clinical trial of MDNA55 we had commenced the implementation of an amended protocol which incorporates enhanced drug delivery procedure which will be used for the treatment of the remaining patients. The amended protocol allows higher doses and volumes of MDNA55 as well as an increase in the total expected study size – from 43 patients under the original protocol to 52 total planned patients now expected to enroll. This protocol amendment was based on a planned safety analysis following a unanimous recommendation from MDNA55’s Safety Review Committee after enrollment of the first six patients.

On October 10, 2017, new clinical data was presented at the 2017 Congress of Neurological Surgeons ("CNS") (Boston, MA), demonstrating successful delivery in rGBM patients and a reassuring safety profile for MDNA55. In the study MDNA55-05, investigators administer MDNA55 directly into GBM brain tumors using CED which allows precision delivery of MDNA55 at high concentrations into the tumor tissue while avoiding exposure to the rest of the body. Principal investigator John H. Sampson MD, PhD, of Duke University Medical Center Department of Neurosurgery, presented the data at the CNS meeting which showed a substantially higher proportion of the target tissue being covered than in previous similar trials. In some cases, close to 100% of the tumor and the 1cm margin around it (at risk for tumor spread) had been successfully covered.

Additional clinical data from the on-going Phase 2b rGBM clinical trial of MDNA55 were presented at the 22nd Annual Meeting of the Society of Neuro-Oncology ("SNO") held in San Francisco (November 15-19, 2017). Dr. Krystof Bankiewicz, MD, PhD, Professor in Residence of Neurological Surgery at the University of California San Francisco, provided an update on drug distribution and safety data from the first 15 patients treated in the study. The oral and poster presentations at the SNO conference outlined that through a process of real-time image guided delivery together with the ability to monitor and adjust infusion parameters, drug delivery was dramatically improved with significant enhancement in target coverage. A previous CED study in rGBM, without the advances implemented by Medicenna, [ref: J Neurosurg. 2010 Aug;113(2):301-9], was able to achieve, on average, coverage of only 20% of the target volume. In contrast, in the current study, a comparable estimate for coverage of the tumor and a 1cm high-risk margin around it showed approximately 65% coverage with the figure rising to 75% for the tumor area alone, with some patients achieving near 100% coverage of the target volume.

Superkine and Empowered Cytokine Platforms

IL-4 and IL-13 Superkines

Medicenna's IL-4 and IL-13 Superkines are engineered versions of wild type cytokines which possess enhanced affinity and selectivity for either the Type 1 or Type 2 interleukin-4 receptors (IL4R). This selectivity is achieved through mutations of the IL-4 or IL-13 proteins to enhance affinity for binding to specific IL4R subunits. Additional mutations have also been engineered to modulate their bioactivity, resulting in Superkines with enhanced signaling (super-agonists) or the ability to block signaling (super-antagonists).

One promising IL-13 Superkine antagonist is MDNA413. Compared to wild type IL-13, MDNA413 has been engineered to have 2,000-fold higher selectivity for the Type 2 IL4R and which potently blocks IL-4 and IL-13 signaling (Moraga et al, 2015). Blocking of Type 2 IL4R by MDNA413 may be relevant not only for targeting solid tumors that overexpress this receptor, but also for Th2-mediated diseases such as atopic dermatitis, asthma and idiopathic pulmonary fibrosis. With commercial validation of the IL-4/IL-13 axis as an effective therapeutic target for atopic dermatitis and asthma, Medicenna believes a topical or aerosol formulation of MDNA413 may be an important differentiated product compared to a blocking antibody (Dupixent®: Regeneron Pharmaceuticals and Sanofi) recently approved by the FDA for the treatment of moderate to severe atopic dermatitis. Dupixent® is administered by subcutaneous injection every other week.

Another promising IL-13 Superkine is MDNA132. Unlike MDNA413, MDNA132 is an IL-13 ligand that has been engineered to increase affinity for IL13R alpha2 overexpressed on certain solid tumors while exhibiting sharply decreased affinity for IL13R alpha1. Medicenna believes MDNA132 has superior targeting compared to other IL-13 variants in development, and is an attractively differentiated targeting domain for inclusion in new and exciting field of immuno-oncology based on the Chimeric Antigen Receptor T cell (CAR-T) platform.

IL-4 and IL-13 Empowered Cytokines

As part of the CPRIT funded project, Medicenna is pursuing development of MDNA57. The objective of the development is to further develop MDNA57 (a fully human version of MDNA55) designed to specifically target solid tumors that express the Type 2 IL4R. Being fully human, we expect MDNA57 to be less or non-immunogenic allowing multi-cycle systemic administration. Use of IL-4 or IL-13 Superkines, licensed from Stanford, as targeting domains may provide a higher degree of selectivity and therefore much better safety and efficacy profile.

IL-2 Superkines

Medicenna's lead IL-2 Superkine, in early stage pre-clinical development, is MDNA109. It is an engineered version of recombinant human IL-2 (Proleukin®: Prometheus Therapeutics), an approved product for treatment of metastatic melanoma and renal cell carcinoma. Unlike Proleukin®, MDNA109 signals independently of CD25, thereby preferentially activating effector T cells while limiting stimulation of regulatory T cells, which impede Proleukin's therapeutic response and mediate its toxicity. Consistent with these improved pharmacodynamic characteristics, MDNA109 is more effective than Proleukin® in animal models of cancer. On the basis of these results (Levin et al, 2012), Medicenna is evaluating MDNA109 and other IL-2 Superkine agonists as next-generation cancer immunotherapeutics that can be used alone and in combination with existing immune checkpoint regimens, extending the early success of Proleukin® therapy to the modern immuno-oncology paradigm.

Further engineering of MDNA109 has resulted in generation of the IL-2 Superkine antagonist MDNA209. This Superkine is capable of potentially blocking signaling via the IL-2 and IL-15 receptors. Proof of concept studies show MDNA209 fused to the Fc4 antibody may be relevant for treatment for autoimmune diseases and organ rejection (Mitra et al, 2015).

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	Nine months ended December 31		Three months ended December 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
General and administration expense	1,894,230	1,142,428	824,007	622,785
Research and development expense	4,226,141	2,184,570	1,351,703	1,597,982
Net loss for the period	(6,154,946)	(3,275,522)	(2,181,022)	(2,178,966)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.25)	(0.20)	(0.09)	(0.13)
Total assets	6,838,585	5,851,438	6,838,585	5,851,438
Total current and non-current financial liabilities	4,534,080	1,001,650	4,534,080	1,001,650

We have not earned revenue in any of the previous fiscal years, other than income from interest earned on our cash balances.

For the nine months ended December 31, 2017, we reported a net loss of \$6,154,946 or \$0.25 per share compared to a loss of \$3,275,522 or \$0.20 per share for the nine months ended December 31, 2016. For the three months ended December 31, 2017, we reported a net loss of \$2,181,022 or \$0.09 per share compared to a loss of \$2,178,966 or \$0.13 per share for the three months ended December 31, 2016. The increase in net loss in the three and nine months ended December 31, 2017 compared with the three and nine months ended December 31, 2016 is a result of increased spending on the Phase 2b clinical trial of MDNA55 including headcount necessary to support the ongoing trial and increased general corporate expenditures necessary to operate a public company as well as the non-cash expenditures of stock based compensation and research and development warrant amortization.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 2017

Research and Development Expenses

	Three months ended December 31		Nine months ended December 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Chemistry, manufacturing and controls	112,195	155,656	197,646	883,200
Regulatory	56,380	57,749	123,545	179,867
Discovery and pre-clinical	170,008	151,370	832,808	306,596
Research & Development Warrant	236,858	-	710,574	-
Clinical	1,782,650	668,466	3,558,039	1,454,278
Salaries and benefits	409,235	283,742	1,151,867	516,853
Licensing, patent legal fees and royalties	123,033	206,810	247,317	238,344
Stock based compensation	194,755	-	442,870	-
CPRIT grant claimed on eligible expenses	(1,884,820)	-	(3,334,424)	(1,516,131)
Other research and development expenses	151,409	74,189	295,899	121,563
	1,351,703	1,597,982	4,226,141	2,184,570

Research and development ("R&D") expenses of \$4,226,141 were incurred during the nine months ended December 31, 2017, compared with \$2,184,570 incurred in the nine months ended December 31, 2016. R&D expenses of \$1,351,703 were incurred during the three months ended December 31, 2017, compared with \$1,597,982 incurred in the three months ended December 31, 2016. The increase in the current year periods can be primarily attributed to the following factors:

- Initiation of early discovery and pre-clinical activities associated with the Superkine programs including MDNA109 as well as the development of MDNA57.
- A research and development warrant was issued to consultants working with Medicenna on the development of our early stage programs. The warrant was issued on January 1, 2017 and vests over an expected 24-month period. The year to date expense represents nine months of amortization.
- Clinical costs increased significantly due to patient treatment and related expenses in the Phase 2b clinical trial of MDNA55 for which the first patient was treated in April 2017.
- Salaries and benefits rose in the three and nine months ended December 31, 2017 due to the increased headcount necessary to support the initiation and ongoing management of the Phase 2b clinical trial as well as the ongoing discovery and pre-clinical activities.
- Stock based compensation costs represent the fair value amortization of stock option grants issued to employees in the research and development department. MTI did not previously issue stock options during the same quarter in the prior year and therefore no comparable expense existed.
- Other research and development costs increased as a result of travel required to maintain an ongoing clinical trial, and the recruitment of qualified staff.
- These increases were partially offset by reduced chemistry, manufacturing and controls ("CMC") costs associated with the manufacture, testing and stability studies of MDNA55 drug product currently being used in the Phase 2b clinical trial incurred in nine months ended December 31, 2016 as well as lower licensing, patent legal fees and royalty expense in the current three month period ending December 31, 2017 due to timing.

The above noted increases were partially offset by CPRIT eligible expenses of \$3,334,424 for which the Company was reimbursed in the nine months ended December 31, 2017, compared with \$1,516,131 in the same period in the prior year and a reimbursement of \$1,884,820 in the three months ended December 31, 2017. There were no CPRIT eligible expenses claimed in the same period in the prior year.

General and Administrative Expenses

	Three months ended December 31		Nine months ended December 31	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Depreciation expense	1,704	2,778	7,999	5,251
Stock based compensation	441,644	-	699,788	-
Facilities and operations	48,816	113,856	165,143	160,435
Legal, professional and finance	69,195	159,000	283,681	341,802
Salaries and benefits	238,264	240,545	674,751	826,885
Other expenses	204,057	106,606	587,956	211,545
CPRIT grant claimed in eligible expenses	(179,673)	-	(525,088)	(403,490)
	824,007	622,785	1,894,230	1,142,428

General and administrative (“G&A”) expenses of \$1,894,230 were incurred during the nine months ended December 31, 2017, compared with \$1,142,428 during the nine months ended December 31, 2016. In the three months ended December 31, 2017, G&A expenses of \$824,007 were incurred compared with \$622,785 during the three months ended December 31, 2016. The increase is attributed primarily to the following factors:

- Stock based compensation expense in the current year represents the fair value amortization of stock option grants issued to general and administrative employees and directors. MTI did not previously issue stock options during the same period in the prior year and therefore no comparable expense exists;
- Other expenses increased due to the listing fee associated with the graduation of Medicenna’s common shares from the TSX Venture exchange to the main TSX Board, the OTCQX application fee as well as investor relations activities.
- The above noted increases are offset by lower salary and benefit costs in the nine month period ended December 31, 2017 due to severance costs incurred in the prior year
- In the three months ended December 31, 2017 facilities and operations expenses were lower when compared to the prior year period due to additional rental facilities and IT set up costs. Legal, professional and finance fees were also lower in the three months ended December 31, 2017 when compared with the prior year due to consulting costs incurred in the prior year associated with the RTO transaction.

The above noted increases were partially offset by CPRIT eligible expenses of \$525,088 for which the Company was reimbursed in the nine months ended December 31, 2017, compared with \$403,490 in the same period in the prior year and a reimbursement of \$179,673 in the three months ended December 31, 2017. There were no CPRIT eligible expenses claimed in the same period in the prior year.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Dec. 31 2017	Sept. 30 2017	June 30 2017	March 31 2017	Dec. 31 2016	Sept. 30 2016	June 30 2016	March 31 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
General and administration	824,007	632,132	438,091	542,243	622,785	311,529	208,114	226,535
Research and development	1,351,703	1,069,648	1,804,790	2,044,540	1,597,982	521,587	65,001	(162,654)
Net loss	(2,181,022)	(1,718,252)	(2,255,672)	(4,355,743)	(2,178,966)	(944,654)	(151,902)	(197,732)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.09)	(0.07)	(0.09)	(0.23)	(0.13)	(0.06)	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	6,838,585	9,904,455	12,465,849	14,483,227	5,851,438	6,803,300	*	5,755,008
Total current and non-current financial liabilities	4,534,080	6,323,242	7,593,559	7,826,486	1,001,650	740,050	*	3,510,114

* Quarterly balance sheet results for these quarters are not available as MTI (as a private company) did not prepare complete financial statements for these quarters.

Research and development expenses have increased over the past four quarters when compared with the same quarter in the prior year as the Phase 2b clinical trial with MDNA55 for the treatment of recurrent glioblastoma is

now well underway. In addition, we have initiated activities on our preclinical pipeline which has contributed to the spending increase year over year on a quarter by quarter basis.

General and administrative expenses are higher in the current quarters compared with the same quarters in the prior year due to non-cash stock based compensation costs, financing activities and costs associated with establishing and maintaining a publicly listed company. Costs were higher in the quarters ended December 31, 2016 and March 31, 2017 due to expenses associated with the reverse takeover transaction as well as severance paid to a former Officer. The increase in the quarter ended September 30, 2017 related to costs associated with the graduation to the TSX main board as well as the OTCQX listing. The increase in the quarter ended December 31, 2017 related to costs associated with stock option grants issued to general and administrative employees and directors.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Since inception, the Company has devoted its resources to funding R&D programs, including securing intellectual property rights and licenses, conducting discovery research, manufacturing drug supplies, initiating preclinical and clinical studies, submitting regulatory dossiers and providing administrative support to R&D activities, which has resulted in an accumulated deficit of \$16,771,114 as of December 31, 2017. With current revenues only consisting of interest earned on excess cash, losses are expected to continue while the Company's R&D programs are advanced.

We currently do not earn any revenues from our drug candidates and are therefore considered to be in the development stage. As required, the Company will continue to finance its operations through the sale of equity or pursue non-dilutive funding sources available to the Company in the future. The continuation of our research and development activities and the commercialization of MDNA55 is dependent upon our ability to successfully finance and complete our research and development programs through a combination of equity financing and revenues from strategic partners. We have no current sources of significant revenues from strategic partners. We have approximately US\$6.5 million available to draw down from the CPRIT grant.

CASH POSITION

At December 31, 2017, we had a cash balance of \$6,398,224 compared to \$14,038,115 at March 31, 2017. We invest cash in excess of current operational requirements in highly rated and liquid instruments. Working capital at December 31, 2017 was \$2,532,777 (March 31, 2017: \$7,036,014). In addition, as of December 31, 2017, the Company has \$8.16 million (US\$6.5 million) remaining available to draw down from the CPRIT grant. These funds are in addition to cash currently on hand and if added to the cash balance at December 31, 2017 would increase the cash available for operations to \$14.56 million.

We do not expect to generate positive cash flow from operations for the foreseeable future due to additional R&D expenses, including expenses related to drug discovery, preclinical testing, clinical trials, CMC and operating expenses associated with supporting these activities. It is expected that negative cash flow from operations will continue until such time, if ever, that we receive regulatory approval to commercialize any of our products under development and/or royalty or milestone revenue from any such products should they exceed our expenses.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

As of December 31, 2017, we have the following obligations to make future payments, representing contracts and other commitments that are known and committed:

Contractual obligations	1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	Total
Patent licensing costs, minimum annual royalties per license agreements	\$47,000	\$93,000	\$240,000	\$380,000
Liquidity event payment	\$318,000	\$318,000	\$0	\$636,000

The Company utilizes temporary office space with terms of less than one year.

The Company cannot reasonably estimate future royalties which may be due upon the regulatory approval of MDNA55.

Government assistance

CPRIT

In February 2015, the Company received notice that it had been awarded a grant by the Cancer Prevention Research Institute of Texas ("CPRIT") whereby the Company is eligible to receive up to US\$14,100,000 on eligible expenditures over a three year period related to the development of the Company's phase 2b clinical program for MDNA55. In October 2017 the Company was granted a one year extension to the grant allowing expenses to be claimed over a four year period ending February 28, 2019.

On February 24, 2017, the Company received an advance of US\$5,000,000 from CPRIT and as of March 31, 2017, \$5,949,870 (US\$4,470,226) remained available for offset from the advance. Of this advance \$3,859,512 (US\$3,051,822) was recognized as an offset against eligible expenses during the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The Company has recognized the amount not offset against expenses during the period as a current liability in the amount of \$1,780,239 (US\$1,418,404).

The amount payable at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017 represents funds received and not yet spent on approved grant expenditures.

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has \$8.16 million (US\$6.5 million) remaining available to draw down from the CPRIT grant. These funds are in addition to cash currently on hand and if added to the cash balance at December 31, 2017 would increase the cash available for operations to \$14.56 million.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no material undisclosed off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on our results of operations, financial condition, revenues or expenses, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that is material to investors.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Key management personnel, which consists of the Company's officers (President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Development Officer) and directors, received the following compensation for the following periods:

	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and wages	236,272	250,000	852,284	725,163
Board fees	36,195	-	85,692	-
Stock option expense	548,650	-	926,544	-
	821,117	250,000	1,864,520	725,163

As at December 31, 2017, the Company had trade and other payables owing to related parties of \$349,000 related to expense reimbursements, accrued vacation and bonuses.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

The significant accounting policies of the Company are described in note 2 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 and available on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The determination of estimates requires the exercise of judgement based on various assumptions and other factors such as historical experience and current and expected economic conditions. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies are detailed in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 filed on SEDAR (www.sedar.com).

NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS ADOPTED DURING FISCAL 2018

IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows

In February 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows ("IAS 7") which requires entities to provide disclosures that enable investors to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The IAS 7 amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this amendment has not had a material impact on the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED FOR ADOPTION IN FUTURE PERIODS

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In October 2010, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") which provides added guidance on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. In July 2014, the IASB issued its final version of IFRS 9, which completes the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The final standard is mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Company believes that the adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16, Leases

In January 2016 the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16") which requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for most leases on their balance sheets. Lessees applying IFRS 16 will have a single accounting model for all leases, with certain exemptions. The new standard will be effective for annual periods beginning on or

after January 1, 2019 with limited early application permitted. The Company has not yet determined the impact of this standard on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Fair value

The Company's financial instruments recognized on the consolidated statements of financial position consist of cash, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred government grants and license fee payable. The fair value of these instruments, approximate their carry values due to their short-term maturity.

Classification of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position are summarized into the following fair value hierarchy levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company classifies its financial assets and liabilities depending on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired, their characteristics, and management intent as outlined below:

Cash is measured using Level 1 inputs and changes in fair value are recognized through profit or loss, with changes in fair value being recorded in net earnings at each period end.

Other receivables have been classified as loans and receivables and are measured at amortized cost less impairments.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and deferred government grants have been classified as other financial liabilities.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit, interest rate, currency and liquidity risk. The Company reviews its risk management framework on a quarterly basis and makes adjustments as necessary.

(b) Financial risk management

We have exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. Our Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for the oversight of these risks and reviews our policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that these risks are appropriately managed.

i. Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counterparty will fail to perform its obligations. The financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company attempts to mitigate the risk associated with cash and cash equivalents by dealing only with major Canadian financial institutions with good credit ratings.

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values and future cash flows of the Company will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company believes that its exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles all of its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do so relies on the Company maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs. As at December 31, 2017, the Company's liabilities consist of trade and other payables that have contracted maturities of less than one year.

iv. Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to currency risk from employee costs as well as the purchase of goods and services primarily in the United States and the cash balances held in foreign currencies. Fluctuations in the US dollar exchange rate could have a significant impact on the Company's results. Assuming all other variables remain constant, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would result in an increase or decrease in loss and comprehensive loss for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 of \$202,000 (March 31, 2017 - \$296,000).

Balances in foreign currencies are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Cash	3,532,486	7,069,230
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(502,828)	(389,200)
Deferred government grant	(1,418,404)	(4,470,226)
	1,611,254	2,209,804

(c) Managing Capital

The Company's objectives, when managing capital, are to safeguard cash as well as maintain financial liquidity and flexibility in order to preserve its ability to meet financial obligations and deploy capital to grow its businesses.

The Company's financial strategy is designed to maintain a flexible capital structure consistent with the objectives stated above and to respond to business growth opportunities and changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue shares or issue debt (secured, unsecured, convertible and/or other types of available debt instruments).

There were no changes to the Company's capital management policy during the year. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. Before making an investment decision with respect to our common shares, you should carefully consider the following risk factors, in addition to the other information included or incorporated by reference into the most recently filed annual information form, as well as our historical consolidated financial statements and related notes. Management has reviewed the operations of the Company in conjunction with the Board of Directors and identified the following risk factors which are monitored on a bi-annual basis and reviewed with the Board of Directors. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. If any of the following risks occurs, our business, financial condition, prospects or results of operations and cash flows would likely suffer. In that case, the trading price of our common shares could decline and you may lose all or part of the money you paid to buy our common shares.

Please refer to our MD&A and annual information form for the year ended March 31, 2017 for a complete discussion of risks and uncertainties.

- We have no sources of product revenue and will not be able to maintain operations and research and development without sufficient funding.
- MDNA55 is in the early and mid-stages of clinical development and, as a result, we are unable to predict whether we will be able to profitably commercialize our product.
- We are subject to the restrictions and conditions of the CPRIT agreement. Failure to comply with the CPRIT agreement may adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.
- We are at an early stage of development. Significant additional investment will be necessary to complete the development of any of our products to approval.
- Our future success is dependent primarily on the regulatory approval of a single product.
- If we breach any of the agreements under which we license rights to product candidates or technology from third parties, we can lose license rights that are important to our business. Our current license agreements may not provide an adequate remedy for breach by the licensor.
- Clinical drug development involves a lengthy and expensive process with an uncertain outcome, and results of earlier studies and trials may not be predictive of future trial results and our product candidates may not have favourable results in later trials or in the commercial setting.
- If we are unable to enroll subjects in clinical trials, we will be unable to complete these trials on a timely basis
- We rely and will continue to rely on third parties to plan, conduct and monitor preclinical studies and clinical trials, and their failure to perform as required could cause substantial harm to our business.
- We rely on contract manufacturers over whom we have limited control. If we are subject to regulatory, quality, cost or delivery issues with the preclinical and clinical grade materials supplied by contract manufacturers, business operations could suffer significant harm.
- We rely on third parties for drug delivery technologies, software, catheters and other components over whom we have limited control. If we are subject to regulatory, quality, cost or delivery issues with materials supplied by third parties, our clinical trials could be significantly delayed.
- We are highly dependent upon certain key personnel and their loss could adversely affect our ability to achieve our business objectives.
- If our competitors develop and market products that are more effective than our existing product candidates or any products that we may develop, or obtain marketing approval before we do, our products may be rendered obsolete or uncompetitive.
- We will be subject to extensive government regulation that will increase the cost and uncertainty associated with gaining final regulatory approval of our product candidates.
- Negative results from clinical trials or studies of others and adverse safety events involving the targets of our products may have an adverse impact on future commercialization efforts.
- We face the risk of product liability claims, which could exceed our insurance coverage and produce recalls, each of which could deplete cash resources.
- We may not achieve our publicly announced milestones according to schedule, or at all.
- Changes in government regulations, although beyond our control, could have an adverse effect on our business.
- Our significant shareholders may have material influence over our governance and operations.
- Our discovery and development processes involve use of hazardous and radioactive materials which may result in potential environmental exposure.
- If we are unable to successfully develop companion diagnostics or drug delivery technologies for our therapeutic product candidates, or experience significant delays in doing so, we may not achieve marketing approval or realize the full commercial potential of our therapeutic product candidates.
- Significant disruption in availability of key components for ongoing clinical studies could considerably delay completion of potential clinical trials, product testing and regulatory approval of potential product candidates.
- Our success depends upon our ability to protect our intellectual property and proprietary technology.
- Our potential involvement in intellectual property litigation could negatively affect our business.
- Our reliance on third parties requires us to share our trade secrets, which increases the possibility that a competitor will discover them.

- Product liability claims are an inherent risk of our business, and if our clinical trial and product liability insurance prove inadequate, product liability claims may harm our business.
- We will have significant additional future capital needs and there are uncertainties as to our ability to raise additional funding.
- Future sales or issuances of equity securities or the conversion of securities to common shares could decrease the value of the common shares, dilute investors' voting power, and reduce earnings per share.
- We are subject to foreign exchange risk relating to the relative value of the United States dollar.
- Any failure to maintain an effective system of internal controls may result in material misstatements of our consolidated financial statements or cause us to fail to meet the reporting obligations or fail to prevent fraud; and in that case, shareholders could lose confidence in our financial reporting, which would harm the business and could negatively impact the price of our common shares.
- Any future profits will likely be used for the continued growth of the business and products and will not be used to pay dividends on the issued and outstanding shares.
- The market for shares in Canada is not stable or predictable and shareholder profits are not in the foreseeable future.
- We may pursue other business opportunities in order to develop our business and/or products.
- Generally, a litigation risk exists for any company that may compromise its ability to conduct our business.
- Our success depends on our ability to effectively manage our growth.
- We are likely a "passive foreign investment company," which may have adverse United States federal income tax consequences for United States shareholders.
- It may be difficult for non-Canadian investors to obtain and enforce judgments against us because of our Canadian incorporation and presence.

OTHER MD&A REQUIREMENTS

Outstanding Share Data

As at the date of this report, the Company has the following securities outstanding:

	Number
Common Shares	24,344,048
Warrants	3,294,105
Stock Options	2,157,143
Total	29,795,296

Additional information relating to the Company, is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Condensed consolidated interim financial statements of

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

For the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2017

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited)

as at

	December 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash (Note 10(a))	6,398,224	14,038,115
Prepays and deposits	189,037	213,825
Other receivables	161,596	133,560
	6,748,857	14,385,500
Intangible assets	87,388	93,983
Fixed assets	2,340	3,744
	6,838,585	14,483,227
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6)	2,435,841	1,399,616
Deferred government grants (Note 10)	1,780,239	5,949,870
	4,216,080	7,349,486
License fee payable	318,000	477,000
	4,534,080	7,826,486
Shareholders' Equity		
Common shares (Note 7)	13,529,984	13,463,734
Contributed surplus (Notes 8 and 9)	5,424,927	3,594,945
Accumulated other comprehensive income	120,708	214,230
Deficit	(16,771,114)	(10,616,168)
	2,304,505	6,656,741
	6,838,585	14,483,227

Commitments (Note 11)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited).

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	3 months ended December 31, 2017	3 months ended December 31, 2016	9 months ended December 31, 2017	9 months ended December 31, 2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Operating expenses				
General and administration (Note 13)	824,007	622,785	1,894,230	1,142,428
Research and development (Note 13)	1,351,703	1,597,982	4,226,141	2,184,570
Total operating expenses	2,175,710	2,220,767	6,120,371	3,326,998
Interest income	376	6,427	3,119	11,978
Foreign exchange (loss) gain	(5,688)	35,374	(37,694)	39,498
	(5,312)	41,801	(34,575)	51,476
Net loss for the period	(2,181,022)	(2,178,966)	(6,154,946)	(3,275,522)
Cummulative translation adjustment	31,057	52,276	(93,522)	71,376
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(2,149,965)	(2,126,690)	(6,248,468)	(3,204,146)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.09)	(0.13)	(0.25)	(0.20)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (Note 7)	24,344,048	16,249,999	24,334,108	16,249,999

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited)

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	(6,154,946)	(3,275,522)
Items not involving cash		
Depreciation	7,999	5,251
Stock based compensation	1,142,658	-
R&D warrant expense	710,574	-
Government grant expense recoveries	(3,859,512)	(1,919,621)
Unrealized foreign exchange	16,555	40,550
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Other receivables and deposits	(3,248)	223,285
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,006,685	396,112
	(7,133,235)	(4,529,945)
Investing activities		
Purchase of fixed assets	-	(1,541)
	-	(1,541)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from issuance of equity instruments (net)	-	4,009,040
Proceeds received on issuance of debentures	-	1,800,000
Warrant and option exercises	43,000	-
Long term license fee payable	(159,000)	-
Loan from shareholders (repayment)	-	(1,459,014)
	(116,000)	4,350,026
Effect of foreign exchange on cash	(390,656)	28,441
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(7,639,891)	(153,019)
Cash, beginning of period	14,038,115	5,338,710
Cash, end of period	6,398,224	5,185,691
Other non-cash transactions		
Broker warrant and incentive warrants issued	\$ -	\$ 1,979,739
Conversion of debentures into special warrants	\$ -	\$ 1,800,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited)

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited)

	Common shares issued and outstanding		Special Warrants	Contributed Surplus	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Deficit	Total shareholders' equity
	Number	Amount					
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, March 31, 2016	16,249,999	1,730,425	2,457,373	865,039	176,960	(2,984,903)	2,244,894
Special warrant financings	-	-	3,805,810	1,979,739	-	-	5,785,549
Effect of Transaction	14,500	2,171,856	-	215,179	-	-	2,387,035
Issued to A2 shareholders	1,071,429	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issued to MTI special warrant holders	4,971,416	6,263,183	(6,263,183)	-	-	-	-
Issued in MTI private placement	2,000,000	3,281,086	-	163,868	-	-	3,444,954
Research and development warrant amortization	-	-	-	236,858	-	-	236,858
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	140,185	-	-	140,185
Warrant and option exercises	5,990	17,184	-	(5,923)	-	-	11,261
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	37,270	(7,631,265)	(7,593,995)
Balance, March 31, 2017	24,313,334	13,463,734	-	3,594,945	214,230	(10,616,168)	6,656,741
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	236,294	-	-	236,294
Research and development warrant amortization	-	-	-	236,858	-	-	236,858
Warrant and option exercises	30,714	66,250	-	(23,250)	-	-	43,000
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(44,931)	(2,255,672)	(2,300,603)
Balance, June 30, 2017	24,344,048	13,529,984	-	4,044,847	169,299	(12,871,840)	4,872,290
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	269,965	-	-	269,965
Research and development warrant amortization	-	-	-	236,858	-	-	236,858
Warrant and option exercises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	(79,648)	(1,718,252)	(1,797,900)
Balance, September 30, 2017	24,344,048	13,529,984	-	4,551,670	89,651	(14,590,092)	3,581,213
Stock based compensation	-	-	-	636,399	-	-	636,399
Research and development warrant amortization	-	-	-	236,858	-	-	236,858
Warrant and option exercises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	31,057	(2,181,022)	(2,149,965)
Balance, December 31, 2017	24,344,048	13,529,984	-	5,424,927	120,708	(16,771,114)	2,304,505

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited)

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited)
For the Three and Nine Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of business

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. ("Medicenna" or the "Company") was incorporated as A2 Acquisition Corp. ("A2") under the Alberta Business Corporations Act on February 2, 2015 and was classified as a Capital Pool Corporation ("CPC") as defined in Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange Inc. (the "Exchange") Corporate Finance Manual. On March 1, 2017, the Company completed a qualifying transaction with Medicenna Therapeutics Inc. ("MTI") and the name of the Company was changed to Medicenna Therapeutics Corp. (the "Transaction"). MTI has been identified for accounting purposes as the acquirer, and accordingly the entity is considered to be a continuation of MTI and the net assets of A2 at the date of the Transaction are deemed to have been acquired by MTI. These consolidated financial statements include the results of operations of Medicenna from March 1, 2017. The comparative figures are those of MTI prior to the Transaction. On August 2, 2017 Medicenna graduated to the main board of the Toronto Stock Exchange and on October 18, 2017 Medicenna was listed on the OTCQX International ("OTCQX"). On November 13, 2017, Medicenna continued under the Canadian Business Corporations Act.

Medicenna has three wholly owned subsidiaries, Medicenna Therapeutics Inc. ("MTI") (British Columbia), Medicenna Biopharma Inc. ("MBI") (Delaware) and Medicenna Biopharma Inc. ("MBIBC") (British Columbia).

The Company's principal business activity is the development and commercialization of Empowered Cytokines™ and Superkines™ for the treatment of cancer.

As at December 31, 2017, the head office is located at 200-1920 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, and the registered office is located at 181 Bay Street, Suite 2100, Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

2. Basis of presentation

(a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 'Interim Financial Reporting' (IAS 34) using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting and Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements were approved by the Company's Board of Directors and authorized for issue on February 9, 2018.

(b) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of an entity and its subsidiary is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the parent company is the Canadian dollar and the functional currency of MBI is the US dollar, the functional currency of MTI and MBIBC is the Canadian dollar and the presentation currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

(c) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates.

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited) For the Three and Nine Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of presentation (continued)

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements include estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty as of the date of the statement of financial position that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next fiscal year arise in connection with the valuation of the fair value of financial instruments, intangible assets, valuation of tax accounts and the determination of the functional currency of the Company. Significant estimates also take place in connection with the valuation of stock-based compensation and warrants.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IFRS and follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2017. They do not include all of the information and disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for fair presentation have been included in these unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements. Operating results for the three and nine month periods ended December 31, 2017, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the full year ended March 31, 2018. For further information, see the Company's audited consolidated financial statements including notes thereto for the year ended March 31, 2017.

(d) New standards, amendments, and interpretations adopted during 2018

IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows

In February 2016, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows ("IAS 7") which requires entities to provide disclosures that enable investors to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The IAS 7 amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017. The adoption of this amendment has not had a material impact on the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

3. Accounting Standards issued for adoption in future periods

The following IFRS pronouncement has been issued but is not yet effective:

IFRS 9, Financial Instruments. In October 2010, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") which provides added guidance on the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. In July 2014, the IASB issued its final version of IFRS 9, which completes the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The final standard is mandatorily effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Company believes that the adoption of this standard will not have a material impact on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 16, Leases. In January 2016 the IASB issued IFRS 16 Leases ("IFRS 16") which requires lessees to recognize assets and liabilities for most leases on their balance sheets. Lessees applying IFRS 16 will have a single accounting model for all leases, with certain exemptions. The new standard will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with limited early application permitted. The Company has not yet determined the impact of this standard on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Medicenna Therapeutics Corp.

Notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial statements (unaudited) For the Three and Nine Months Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Capital disclosures

The Company's objectives, when managing capital, are to safeguard cash as well as maintain financial liquidity and flexibility in order to preserve its ability to meet financial obligations and deploy capital to grow its businesses.

The Company's financial strategy is designed to maintain a flexible capital structure consistent with the objectives stated above and to respond to business growth opportunities and changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue shares or issue debt (secured, unsecured, convertible and/or other types of available debt instruments).

There were no changes to the Company's capital management policy during the year. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

5. Financial risk management

(a) Fair value

The Company's financial instruments recognized on the consolidated statements of financial position consist of cash, other receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred government grants and license fee payable. The fair value of these instruments, approximate their carry values due to their short-term maturity.

Classification of financial instruments

Financial instruments measured at fair value on the statement of financial position are summarized into the following fair value hierarchy levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company classifies its financial assets and liabilities depending on the purpose for which the financial instruments were acquired, their characteristics, and management intent as outlined below:

Cash is measured using Level 1 inputs and changes in fair value are recognized through profit or loss, with changes in fair value being recorded in net earnings at each period end.

Other receivables have been classified as loans and receivables and are measured at amortized cost less impairments.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deferred government grants and license fee payable have been classified as other financial liabilities.

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit, interest rate, currency and liquidity risk. The Company reviews its risk management framework on a quarterly basis and makes adjustments as necessary.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counterparty will fail to perform its obligations. The financial instruments that are exposed to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents.

The Company manages credit risk associated with its cash by maintaining minimum standards of R1-med or A-high investments and the Company invests only in highly rated Canadian corporations which are capable of prompt liquidation.

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5. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values and future cash flows of the Company will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company believes that its exposure to interest rate risk is not significant.

(d) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles all of its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do so relies on the Company maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs. As at December 31, 2017, the Company's liabilities consist of accounts payable and accrued liabilities that have contracted maturities of less than one year.

(e) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to currency risk from employee costs as well as the purchase of goods and services primarily in the United States and cash balances held in foreign currencies. Fluctuations in the US dollar exchange rate could have a significant impact on the Company's results. Assuming all other variables remain constant, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would result in an increase or decrease in loss and comprehensive loss for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 of \$202,000 (March 31, 2017 - \$296,000).

Balances in foreign currencies are as follows:

	December 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Cash	3,532,486	7,069,230
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(502,828)	(389,200)
Deferred government grant	(1,418,404)	(4,470,226)
	1,611,254	2,209,804

6. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	December 31, 2017	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Trade payables	377,888	486,786
Accrued liabilities	2,057,953	912,830
	2,435,841	1,399,616

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7. Share Capital

Authorized

Unlimited common shares

Escrowed securities

Pursuant to the policies of the Toronto Stock Exchange, 8,157,144 common shares of the Company are held in escrow as at December 31, 2017. Of the remaining shares held in escrow 4,078,572 will be released on March 2, 2018 and 4,078,572 shares will be released on September 2, 2018.

Calculation of loss per share

Loss per common share is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. For the three and nine months ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 the calculation was as follows:

	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Issued common shares beginning of the period	24,344,048	16,249,999	24,313,334	16,249,999
Effect of warrant and option exercises	-	-	20,774	-
	24,344,048	16,249,999	24,334,108	16,249,999

The effect of any potential exercise of the Company's stock options and warrants outstanding during the year has been excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per common share as it would be anti-dilutive.

8. Warrants

Warrant continuity:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Balance outstanding at March 31, 2016	1,435,040	2.00
Warrants issued during the year		
Broker warrants	484,772	2.00
Incentive warrants	1,379,083	2.00
Warrants exercised during the year	(4,790)	2.00
Balance outstanding at March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2017	3,294,105	2.00
Warrants exercisable at March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31, 2017	1,915,022	2.00

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8. Warrants (continued)

At December 31, 2017, warrants were outstanding enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
	\$	
147,040	2.00	March 4, 2018
1,288,000	2.00	March 1, 2021
198,000	2.00	April 5, 2021
68,360	2.00	April 5, 2018
31,080	2.00	April 22, 2018
30,820	2.00	November 30, 2018
1,379,083	2.00	January 1, 2021
151,722	2.00	February 28, 2019
3,294,105		

9. Stock Options

During the nine months ended December 31, 2017 the Company granted 125,000 stock options exercisable at \$2.40 per share, 700,000 stock options exercisable at \$2.01 per share and 200,000 stock options exercisable at \$2.88 per share. 825,000 stock options vest 50% after one year, 25% after two years and 25% after three years and have a ten-year life. 200,000 stock options vest 50% on issuance and 50% after one year, and have a five year life. There were no stock options granted in the three or nine months ended December 31, 2016.

Stock option transactions for the three and nine months ended December 31, 2017 are set forth below:

	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price
		\$
Balance outstanding at March 31, 2017	1,291,657	1.97
Granted	125,000	2.40
Exercised	(30,714)	1.40
Balance outstanding at June 30, 2017	1,385,943	2.02
Granted	700,000	2.01
Expired	(3,800)	1.40
Forfeited	(125,000)	2.40
Balance outstanding at September 30, 2017	1,957,143	2.00
Granted	200,000	2.88
Balance outstanding at December 31, 2017	2,157,143	2.08

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9. Stock Options (continued)

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2017:

Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Options	Weighted average remaining contractual life	Weighted average exercise price	Options	Weighted average exercise price
\$		Years	\$		\$
1.40	107,143	7.52	1.40	107,143	1.40
2.00	1,100,000	9.13	2.00	-	-
2.01	700,000	9.73	2.01	-	-
2.88	200,000	4.86	2.88	100,000	2.88
3.00	50,000	4.24	3.00	37,500	3.00
	2,157,143	8.73	2.08	244,643	2.25

The following assumptions were used in the Black-Scholes option-pricing model to determine the fair value of stock options granted during the following period:

	December 31, 2017
Exercise price	\$ 2.01-2.88
Grant date share price	\$ 2.01-2.88
Risk free interest rate	0.52-1.75%
Expected life of options	5 years
Expected volatility	85-100%
Expected dividend yield	-
Weighted average fair value of options granted during the period	\$1.63

10. Government assistance

CPRIT assistance

In February 2015, the Company received notice that it had been awarded a grant by the Cancer Prevention Research Institute of Texas ("CPRIT") whereby the Company is eligible to receive up to US\$14,100,000 on eligible expenditures over a three year period related to the development of the Company's phase 2b clinical program for MDNA55. In October 2017 the Company was granted a one year extension to the grant allowing expenses to be claimed over a four year period ending February 28, 2019.

On February 24, 2017, the Company received an advance of US\$5,000,000 from CPRIT and as of March 31, 2017, \$5,949,870 (US\$4,470,226) remained available for offset from the advance. Of this advance \$3,859,512 (US\$3,051,822) was recognized as an offset against eligible expenses during the nine months ended December 31, 2017. The Company has recognized the amount not offset against expenses during the period as a current liability in the amount of \$1,780,239 (US\$1,418,404).

The amount payable at December 31, 2017 and March 31, 2017 represents funds received and not yet spent on approved grant expenditures.

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10. Government assistance (continued)

(a) Funds available

As of December 31, 2017, the Company has \$8.16 million (US\$6.5 million) remaining available to draw down from the CPRIT grant. These funds are in addition to cash currently on hand and if added to the cash balance at December 31, 2017 would increase the cash available for operations to \$14.56 million.

11. Commitments

Contractual obligations	1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	Total
Patent licensing costs, minimum annual royalties per license agreements	\$47,000	\$93,000	\$240,000	\$380,000
Liquidity event payment	\$318,000	\$318,000	\$0	\$636,000

12. Related party disclosures

(a) Key management personnel

Key management personnel, which consists of the Company's officers (President and Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Chief Development Officer) and directors, received the following compensation for the following periods:

	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Salaries and wages	236,272	250,000	852,284	725,163
Board fees	36,195	-	85,692	-
Stock option expense	548,650	-	926,544	-
	821,117	250,000	1,864,520	725,163

(b) Amounts payable to related parties

As at December 31, 2017, the Company had trade and other payables owing to related parties of \$349,000 related to expense reimbursements and accrued vacation and bonuses.

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13. Components of Expenses

	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
General and Administration Expenses				
Depreciation expense	1,704	2,778	7,999	5,251
Stock based compensation	441,644	-	699,788	-
Facilities and operations	48,816	113,856	165,143	160,435
Legal, professional and finance	69,195	159,000	283,681	341,802
Salaries and benefits	238,264	240,545	674,751	826,885
Other expenses	204,057	106,606	587,956	211,545
CPRIT grant claimed in eligible expenses (Note 10)	(179,673)	-	(525,088)	(403,490)
	824,007	622,785	1,894,230	1,142,428
	Three months ended December 31,		Nine months ended December 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Research and Development Expenses				
Chemistry, manufacturing and controls	112,195	155,656	197,646	883,200
Regulatory	56,380	57,749	123,545	179,867
Discovery and pre-clinical	170,008	151,370	832,808	306,596
Research and development warrant	236,858	-	710,574	-
Clinical	1,782,650	668,466	3,558,039	1,454,278
Salaries and benefits	409,235	283,742	1,151,867	516,853
Licensing, patent legal fees and royalties	123,033	206,810	247,317	238,344
Stock based compensation	194,755	-	442,870	-
CPRIT grant claimed on eligible expenses (Note 10)	(1,884,820)	-	(3,334,424)	(1,516,131)
Other research and development expenses	151,409	74,189	295,899	121,563
	1,351,703	1,597,982	4,226,141	2,184,570