

Han Tang Technology, Inc.

215 North Jefferson
Box 591
Ossian, Indiana 46777
260-490-9990 Office

ANNUAL REPORT

For The Year Ended

June 30, 2016

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED June 30, 2016

Item 1: Name of the issuer

Han Tang Technology, Inc. (9-2016)

Mariner's Choice International, Inc. (5/30/2007)

Status Wines of Tuscany Inc. (6/27/2000)

Portalzone.com, Inc. (03/01/2000)

International Network Marketing Group (12/29/1995)

Item 2: Address of the Issuer's Principal Executive Offices

Company Headquarters

Address 1: 215 North Jefferson Box 591

Address 2:

Address 3: Ossian Indiana 46777

Phone: 260-490-9990

Email: bkistler1956@gmail.com

Website(s): none

IR Contact

The company currently does not have an outside IR firm,

Item 3: Security Information

COMMON STOCK TRADING SYMBOL: HTTI

CUSIP: 56846 R 100

PAR VALUE: \$0.0001

		For the Year Ended
		June 30,
		2016
i.		
ii.	Number of shares authorized:	2,000,000,000
iii.	Number of shares outstanding:	204,713
iv.	Freely tradable shares (public float); approximately	53,756
v.	Total number of beneficial shareholders:	>100
vi.	Total number of shareholders of record	>100

PREFERRED STOCK

CUSIP: NONE

PAR VALUE: \$0.0001

		For the Year Ended
		June 30,
		2016
	Number of shares authorizes	100,000,000

Class A:

Number of shares outstanding	0
<u>Class B:</u>	
Number of shares outstanding	0
<u>Class C:</u>	
Number of shares outstanding	0

The name and address of the transfer agent.

Name: Capital Transfer Agency Inc.

Address 1: 121 Richmond St. West

Address 2: Ste. 401

Address 3: Toronto, ON M5H 2K1

Phone: 416 350 5007

Transfer Agent is registered under the Exchange Act:

List any restrictions on the transfer of security:

None

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC in the past 12 months.

None

List any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months:

Capital Change=shs decreased by 1 for 500 split Pay date=06/04/2007.

Capital Change=shs decreased by 1 for 1000 split. Ex-date=09/02/2015.

Item 4: Issuance History

List below any events, in chronological order, that resulted in changes in total shares outstanding by the issuer in the past two fiscal years and any interim period. The list shall include all offerings of equity securities, including debt convertible into equity securities, whether private or public, and all shares or any other securities or options to acquire such securities issued for services, describing (1) the securities, (2) the persons or entities to whom such securities were issued and (3) the services provided by such persons or entities. The list shall indicate:

- A. The nature of each offering (e.g., Securities Act Rule 504, intrastate, etc.);
- B. Any jurisdiction where the offering was registered or qualified;
- C. The number of shares offered;
- D. The number of shares sold;
- E. The price at which the shares were offered, and the amount actually paid to the issuer;
- F. The trading status of the shares; and
- G. Whether the certificates or other documents that evidence the shares contain a legend (1) stating that the shares have not been registered under the Securities Act and (2) setting forth or referring to the restrictions on transferability and sale of the shares under the Securities Act.

For Period Ending June 30, 2016, No stock was issued to officers for services rendered However the control block of 134,009 common shares 65% were transferred from Brian Kistler to Cai Boyu the CEO

Item 5: Financial statements.

Han Tang Technologies, Inc.	
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Han Tang Technology, Inc.

Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 340	\$ 2,927
Total Current Assets	340	2,927
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 340	\$ 2,927
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current Liabilities		
Accrued interest	922	73
Note payable	20,000	5,000
Total Current Liabilities	20,922	5,073
TOTAL LIABILITIES	20,922	5,073
Stockholders' Deficit		
Preferred stock: 100,000,000 authorized; \$0.001 par value		
0 and 0 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	—	—
Common stock: 2,000,000,000 authorized; \$0.001 par value		
204,713 and 204,713 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	205	205
Accumulated deficit	(20,787)	(2,351)
Total Stockholders' Deficit	(20,582)	(2,146)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT	\$ 340	\$ 2,927

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Han Tang Technology, Inc.

Statements of Operations

For the Years Ended

June 30,

2016

2015

Revenues	\$	—	\$	—
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Operating Expenses

Professional fees	12,325	1,292
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Selling, general and administrative expense	3,763	986
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Rent expense	1,500	—
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Total operating expenses	17,588	2,278
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Net loss from operations	(17,588)	(2,278)
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Other income (expense)

Interest expense	(848)	(73)
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Income taxes	—	—
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Net loss	\$ (18,436)	\$ (2,351)
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Basic and diluted loss per share	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.00
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Weighted average number of

shares outstanding	204,713	204,713
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Han Tang Technology, Inc.

Statement of Stockholders' Deficit
For the Years Ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

	Common Stock		Additional	Accumulated	Total
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Paid in Capital</u>	<u>Deficit</u>	
Balance, June 30, 2015	<u>204,713</u>	<u>\$ 205</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (2,351)</u>	<u>\$ (2,146)</u>
Net loss				(18,436)	(18,436)
Balance, June 30, 2016	<u>204,713</u>	<u>\$ 205</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ (20,787)</u>	<u>\$ (20,582)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Han Tang Technology, Inc.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended

June 30,

2016

2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net (loss)	\$ (18,436)	\$ (2,351)
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Changes in assets and liabilities:

Accrued interest	849	73
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Net Cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(17,587)	(2,278)
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CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Proceeds from notes payable	15,000	5,000
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Common stock after reverse	—	205
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Net Cash provided by financing activities	15,000	5,205
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Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(2,587)	2,927
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Cash and cash equivalents

Beginning of period	2,927	—
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End of period	\$ 340	\$ 2,927
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Supplemental cash flow information

Cash paid for interest	\$ -	\$ -
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Cash paid for taxes	\$ -	\$ -
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BUSINESS

ORGANIZATION

Han Tang Technologies, Inc., a Wyoming corporation, is a shell company

The Company is headquartered in Ossian, Indiana.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

GOING CONCERN

The Company's financial statements are prepared using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to a going concern which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. The Company has not yet established an ongoing source of revenues sufficient to cover its operating cost and allow it to continue as a going concern. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company obtaining adequate capital to fund operating losses until it becomes profitable. If the Company is unable to obtain adequate capital, it could be forced to cease operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plan to obtain such resources for the Company include, obtaining capital from management and significant stockholders sufficient to meet its minimal operating expenses. However, management cannot provide any assurance that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans.

There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain sufficient additional funds when needed or that such funds, if available, will be obtainable on terms satisfactory to the Company. In addition, profitability will ultimately depend upon the level of revenues received from business operations. However, there is no assurance that the Company will attain profitability. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND USE OF ESTIMATES

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FISCAL YEAR END

The Company elected June 30, as its fiscal year ending date.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The Company prepares its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 were \$340 and \$2,927, respectively.

CASH FLOWS REPORTING

The Company follows ASC 230, Statement of Cash Flows, for cash flows reporting, classifies cash receipts and payments according to whether they stem from operating, investing, or financing activities and provides definitions of each category, and uses the indirect or reconciliation method ("Indirect method") as defined by ASC 230, Statement of Cash Flows, to report net cash flow from operating activities by adjusting net income to reconcile it to net cash flow from operating activities by removing the effects of (a) all deferrals of past operating cash receipts and payments and all accruals of expected future operating cash receipts and payments and (b) all items that are included in net income that do not affect operating cash receipts and payments. The Company reports the reporting currency equivalent of foreign currency cash flows, using the current exchange rate at the time of the cash flows and the effect of exchange rate changes on cash held in foreign currencies is reported as a separate item in the reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of cash and cash equivalents and separately provides information about investing and financing activities not resulting in cash receipts or payments in the period.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's balance sheet includes certain financial instruments. The carrying amounts of current assets and current liabilities approximate their fair value because of the relatively short period of time between the origination of these instruments and their expected realization.

ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, defines fair value as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between (1) market participant assumptions developed based on market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and (2) an entity's own assumptions about market participant assumptions developed based on the best information available in the circumstances (unobservable inputs). The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability (e.g., interest rates); and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.
- Level 3 - Inputs that are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable.

Fair value estimates discussed herein are based upon certain market assumptions and pertinent information available to management as of June 30, 2016. The respective carrying value of certain on-balance-sheet financial instruments approximated their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

DEFERRED INCOME TAXES AND VALUATION ALLOWANCE

The Company accounts for income taxes under FASB ASC 740 "Income Taxes." Under the asset and liability method of FASB ASC 740, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Under FASB ASC 740, the effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the year the enactment occurs. A valuation allowance is provided for certain deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that the Company will not realize tax assets through future operations.

NET INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE

Net income (loss) per share is calculated in accordance with FASB ASC 260, “Earnings Per Share.” The weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each year is used to compute basic earning or loss per share. Diluted earnings or loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares and diluted potential common shares outstanding. Dilutive potential common shares are additional common shares assumed to be exercised.

Basic net income (loss) per common share is based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding at June 30, 2016 and at June 30, 2015. As of June 30, 2016 and at June 30, 2015, the Company had no dilutive potential common shares.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In June 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-10, which eliminated certain financial reporting requirements of companies previously identified as “Development Stage Entities” (Topic 915). The amendments in this ASU simplify accounting guidance by removing all incremental financial reporting requirements for development stage entities. The amendments also reduce data maintenance and, for those entities subject to audit, audit costs by eliminating the requirement for development stage entities to present inception-to-date information in the statements of income, cash flows, and shareholder equity. Early application of each of the amendments is permitted for any annual reporting period or interim period for which the entity’s financial statements have not yet been issued (public business entities) or made available for issuance (other entities). Upon adoption, entities will no longer present or disclose any information required by Topic 915. The Company has adopted this standard.

In May 2014, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The revenue recognition standard affects all entities that have contracts with customers, except for certain items. The new revenue recognition standard eliminates the transaction-and industry-specific revenue recognition guidance under current GAAP and replaces it with a principle-based approach for determining revenue recognition. Public entities are required to adopt the revenue recognition standard for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim and annual reporting periods thereafter. Early adoption is not permitted for public entities. The Company has reviewed the applicable ASU and due to the absence of revenues it believes that there will be no material effect on the financial statements.

In June 2014, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-12 *Compensation — Stock Compensation (Topic 718), Accounting for Share-Based Payments When the Terms of an Award Provide That a Performance Target Could Be Achieved after the Requisite Service Period*. A performance target in a share-based payment that affects vesting and that could be achieved after the requisite service period should be accounted for as a performance condition under Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 718, *Compensation — Stock Compensation*. As a result, the target is not reflected in the estimation of the award’s grant date fair value. Compensation cost would be recognized over the required service period, if it is probable that the performance condition will be achieved. The guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after 15 December 2015 and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted. Management has reviewed the ASU and believes that they currently account for these awards in a manner consistent with the new guidance, therefore there is no anticipation of any effect to the financial statements.

In August 2014, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-15 *Preparation of Financial Statements – Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40), Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity’s Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. Under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), continuation of a reporting entity as a going concern is presumed as the basis for preparing financial statements unless and until the entity’s liquidation becomes imminent. Preparation of financial statements under this presumption is commonly referred to as the going concern basis of accounting. If and when an entity’s liquidation becomes imminent, financial statements should be prepared under the liquidation basis of accounting in accordance with Subtopic 205-30, *Presentation of Financial Statements—Liquidation Basis of Accounting*. Even when an entity’s liquidation is not imminent, there may be conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity’s ability to continue as a going concern. In those situations, financial statements should continue to be prepared under the going concern basis of accounting, but the amendments in this Update should be followed to determine whether to disclose information about the relevant conditions and events. The amendments in this Update are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company will evaluate the going concern considerations in this ASU, however, at the current period, management does not believe that it has met conditions which would subject these financial statements for additional disclosure.

We have reviewed the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) accounting pronouncements and interpretations thereof that have effectiveness dates during the periods reported and in future periods. The Company has carefully considered the new pronouncements that alter previous generally accepted accounting principles and does not believe that any new or modified principles will have a material impact on the corporation’s reported financial position or operations in the near term. The applicability of any standard is subject to the formal review of our financial management and certain standards are under consideration.

NOTE 3: BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes payable consisted of the following:

	For the Years Ended June 30,	
	2016	2015
Fixed loan payable to GrupoEuro, non- related party. The loan is interest only at a fixed rate of Prime plus 1%. Monthly payments are interest only until the principal can be paid in full. The note does not carry a maturity date.	\$ 20,000	\$ 5,000
Total Note Payable	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>

NOTE 4: SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL

The Company's authorized capital stock consists of 2,000,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value per share Common Stock and 100,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value per share preferred stock.

WARRANTS AND OPTIONS

None

NOTE 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time the Company may be a party to litigation matters involving claims against the Company. Management believes that there are no current matters that would have a material effect on the Company’s financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 6: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with ASC 855-10, the company has analyzed its operations subsequent to June 30, 2016, through the date these financial statements were issued (date of filing with the OTC Markets), and has determined that it does not have any material subsequent events to disclose in these financial statements other than the events discussed below.

Item 6: Describe the Issuer’s Business, Products and Services

Date and State (or Jurisdiction) of Incorporation: Wyoming 2013
Issuer’s primary and secondary SIC Codes; Primary: None; Secondary: None
Issuer’s fiscal year end date; June 30

A. Plan of Operation.

None as the company is a shell looking for an acquisition

B. **Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

The following Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results could differ materially from those

anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those set forth under “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this report. The management’s discussion, analysis of financial condition, and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Annual Report.

Results of Operations for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015.

Revenues

Total Revenues. Total revenues were \$0 for the year ending June 30, 2016 and \$0 for the year ending June 30, 2015.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses. Total operating expenses was \$17,588 for the year ending June 30, 2016 and \$2,278 for the year ending June 30, 2015. Total expenses consist of Professional fees, selling, general and administrative expenses and rent. The increase in total operating expenses were due to an increase in professional fees associated with consulting contracts.

Professional fees. Professional fees were \$12,325 for the year ending June 30, 2016 and \$1,292 for the year ending June 30, 2015. Professional fees consist of legal, consulting, transfer agent fees and accounting expenses. The increase was the result of consulting contracts during the period.

Selling, general and administrative expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$3,763 for the year ending June 30, 2016 and \$986 for the year ending June 30, 2015. The increase is associated with the increase in consulting contracts.

Other income and expenses

Interest expense. Interest expense for the years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 was \$848 and \$73, respectively. The increase was the result of increased funds borrowed for operations.

Financial Condition

Total assets. Total assets at June 30, 2016 were \$340 and \$2,927 at June 30, 2015.

Cash at June 30, 2016 was \$340 and \$2,927 at June 30, 2015.

Note payable at June 30, 2016 was \$20,000 and \$5,000 at June 30, 2015. Note payable is the direct result of funds borrowed for operations.

Accrued interest at June 30, 2016 was \$922 and \$73 at June 30, 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern which contemplates, among other things, the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Company had a net loss for years ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 of (\$18,436) and (\$2,351), respectively. The increase was due to normal operations. The Company will require additional funding for continuing the development and marketing of products. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

We are presently able to meet our obligations as they come due. At June 30, 2016 we had a working capital deficit of \$20,582, or the amount by which our current liabilities exceed our current assets. Our working capital deficit was due to the results of operations.

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities for the year ending June 30, 2016 was (\$17,587) and (\$2,278) for the year ending June 30, 2015. Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities included net income, current assets and accrued interest.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ending June 30, 2016 was \$15,000 and \$5,205 for the year ending June 30, 2015. Net cash provided by financing activities included proceeds from notes payable.

We anticipate that our future liquidity requirements will arise from the need to fund our growth from operations, pay current obligations and future capital expenditures. The primary sources of funding for such requirements are expected to be cash generated from operations and raising additional funds from the private sources and/or debt financing. However, we can provide no assurances that we will be able to generate sufficient cash flow from operations and/or obtain additional financing on terms satisfactory to us, if at all, to remain a going concern. Our continuation as a going concern is dependent upon our ability to generate sufficient cash flow to meet our obligations on a timely basis and ultimately to attain profitability. In addition, our Plan of Operation for the next twelve months is to raise capital to continue to expand our operations. We would most likely rely upon the transaction exemptions from registration provided by Regulation D, Rule 504(b), Rule 506 or conduct another private offering under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act of 1933. See "Note 2 – Going Concern" in our financial statements for additional information as to the possibility that we may not be able to continue as a "going concern."

C. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements.

NONE

Item 7: describe the Issuer's Facilities:

We are currently leasing our office at 215 North Jefferson Box 591, Ossian, Indiana 46777

Item 8: Officers, Directors and Control Persons

A. Officers and Directors.

1. Full name;

Cai Boyu is the CEO and Director.

2. Business address;

215 North Jefferson Box 591, Ossian, Indiana 46777

3. Employment history (which must list all previous employers for the past 5 years, positions held, responsibilities and employment dates);

Business entrepreneur in Mainland China

4. Board memberships and other affiliations;

None

5. There is no compensation agreement and there has not been any compensation paid to any officer or director.

6. Number and class of the issuer's securities beneficially owned by each such person.

Cai Boyu - 134,009 common

1. Full name;

Brian Kistler is the President and Director.

2. Business address;

215 North Jefferson Box 591, Ossian, Indiana 46777

3. Employment history (which must list all previous employers for the past 5 years, positions held, responsibilities and employment dates);

Brian Kistler -Freedom Energy Holdings, CEO 2005 to present

4. Board memberships and other affiliations;

Brian Kistler – KMRB Acquisitions Corp. II, - CEO
Brian Kistler – Success Holding Group Corp, USA- President
Brian Kistler – Success Holding Group International, Inc.- President
Brian Kistler – Success Entertainment Group Inc. - President
Brian Kistler – Global Senior Enterprises, Inc- CEO

5. Compensation by the issuer; and

There is no compensation agreement and there has not been any compensation paid to any officer or director.

6. Number and class of the issuer's securities beneficially owned by each such person.

Brian Kistler - 0 common

B. Legal/Disciplinary History. Please identify whether any of the foregoing persons have, in the last five years, been the subject of:

1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);

The foregoing persons have not had a conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding.

2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;

The foregoing persons have not had an entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities.

3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; or

The foregoing persons have not been found by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.

The foregoing persons have not been the subject of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.

- C. Beneficial Ownership. Provide a list of the name, address and shareholdings or the percentage of Shares owned by all persons beneficially owning more than ten percent (10%) of any class of the issuer's equity securities. If any of the beneficial shareholders are corporate shareholders, provide the name and address of the person(s) owning or controlling such corporate shareholders and the resident agent of the corporate shareholders.

Cai Boyu, CEO – 215 North Jefferson Box 591, Ossian, Indiana 46777

<u>Class of Stock</u>	<u>Shares owned</u>	<u>Percentage of Ownership</u>
Common	134,009	65.4%

Item 9: Third Party Providers

None

Item 10. Certifications

The issuer shall include certifications by the chief executive officer and chief financial officer of the issuer (or any other persons with different titles, but having the same responsibilities).

I, Brian Kistler, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual disclosure statement of Han Tang Technology, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

This 31st day of August 2016,



Brian Kistler
President