

INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 (UNAUDITED)

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STATEMENT CONCERNING THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management has compiled the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial report as of March 31, 2015 and 2014. The statements have not been audited or reviewed by the Corporation's auditors or any other firm of chartered professional accountants.

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Unaudited - In Canadian dollars)

			Three	e mo	onths ended March 31,
	Notes		2015		2014
Continuing operations	16	Ś	449 560	¢	202 711
Revenues	10	>	448,560	\$	302,711
Expenses					
Salaries			94,784		120,852
Administration	17		94,100		83,819
Professional fees and outside services	17		81,252		75,343
Depreciation and amortization	10		15,330		14,279
Share-based compensation and payments	19		7,485		3,644
Impairment of mineral properties and deferred exploration expenses	11, 12		51,249		83,408
Gain on foreign exchange			(73,285)		(4,387)
			270,915		376,958
Income (loss) from operations			177,645		(74,247)
Other income (expenses)					
Interest income			2,873		1,607
Increase (decrease) in fair value of financial assets			172,256		(55,711)
Management services	20		-		24,000
Other			4,165		5,829
			179,294		(24,275)
Income (loss) before taxes			356,939		(98,522)
Income and mining taxes	15		170,024		172,296
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		\$	186,915	\$	(270,818)
					······
Income (loss) per common share					
Basic and diluted	18	\$	0.01	\$	(0.01)
Weighted average number of common charge outstanding			11 2/2 755		22 526 612
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding			41,243,755		33,536,612
Shares outstanding at end of period		-	41,258,864		33,536,612

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

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Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited - In Canadian dollars)

Three months ended March 31

				March 31,
	Notes	 2015		2014
Operating activities				
Income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period		\$ 186,915	\$	(270,818)
Adjustments for:				
Disposal of mineral properties for shares	21	(63,750)		(9,750)
Decrease (increase) in fair value of financial assets		(172,256)		55,711
Depreciation and amortization	10	15,330		14,279
Foreign exchange rate changes		(12,116)		(4,668)
Impairment of mineral properties and deferred exploration	11, 12	51,249		83,408
Current tax expense	15	88,056		90,815
Deferred income and mining tax expense	15	81,968		81,481
Income and mining tax payments		(95,359)		-
Share-based compensation and payments	19	7,485		3,644
		 (99,393)	•••••	314,920
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items	21	38,044		(90,215)
		 125,566		(46,113)
Investing activities				
Decrease (increase) in related party payable	20	(936)		123
Deferred exploration expenses	12	(330,002)		(569,572)
Mineral properties acquisitions	11	(7,281)		(2,856)
Proceeds from sale of investment		-		1,500
Proceeds on mineral properties optioned	11, 12	83,144		39,750
		(255,075)		(531,055)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		 (129,509)	•••••	(577,168)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,826,573		2,255,112
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 1,697,064	\$	1,677,944
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 378,046	\$	144,637
Cash reserved for exploration		 1,319,018		1,533,307
	***************************************	\$ 1,697,064	\$	1,677,944

Supplementary cash flows information (note 21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Unaudited - In Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Notes		December 31, 2014
	140103	***************************************	2015	
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4	\$	378,046	\$ 231,713
Cash reserved for exploration	5		1,319,018	1,594,860
Investments	6		541,638	305,632
Accounts receivable	7		293,551	295,706
Prepaid expenses and deposits			158,938	61,916
			2,691,191	2,489,827
Reclamation bonds	8		150,044	137,928
Investment in joint venture	9		142,293	142,293
Properties, plant and equipment	10		444,007	459,337
Mineral properties	11		2,970,306	2,963,217
Deferred exploration expenses	12	***************************************	13,037,279	 12,841,478
		\$	19,435,120	\$ 19,034,080
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Payables and accruals	13	\$	313,680	\$ 180,769
Current income tax	15		68,160	75,463
			381,840	256,232
Related party payable	20		231,887	232,823
Other liabilities	14		188,156	239,131
Deferred tax liabilities	15		1,800,966	1,668,023
Owners' equity				
Share capital	19		52,882,570	52,882,570
Warrants	19		41,902	41,902
Contributed surplus - Equity settled reserve			4,142,618	4,135,133
Deficit			(40,234,819)	 (40,421,734)
			16,832,271	 16,637,871
		\$	19,435,120	\$ 19,034,080

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Approved by the board

"Jack Stoch"

Jack Stoch, Director

"Dianne Stoch"
Dianne Stoch, Director

Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Equity

(Unaudited - In Canadian dollars)

		Thre	e n	nonths ended March 31,
	Notes	2015		2014
Common shares		***************************************		***************************************
Beginning of period	\$	52,882,570	\$	50,677,905
End of period	\$	52,882,570	\$	50,677,905
Warrants				
Beginning of period	\$	41,902	\$	-
End of period	\$	41,902	\$	-
Contributed surplus - Equity settled reserve				
Beginning of period	\$	4,135,133	\$	3,870,098
Share-based compensation		7,485		3,644
End of period	\$	4,142,618	\$	3,873,742
Deficit				
Beginning of period	\$	(40,421,734)	\$	(35,079,621)
Income (loss) attributable to shareholders		186,915		(270,818)
End of period	\$	(40,234,819)	\$	(35,350,439)
Total Equity	Ś	16,832,271	¢	19,201,208

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements

Notes to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements Periods ending March 31, 2015 and 2014 (In Canadian dollars)

1. General business description

Globex Mining Enterprises Inc. ("Globex", "Corporation") is a North American focused exploration, royalty and development corporation with a mineral portfolio in excess of 120 early to mid-stage exploration and development properties containing: Base Metals (copper, nickel, zinc, lead), Precious Metals (gold, silver, platinum, palladium), Specialty Metals and Minerals (manganese, titanium oxide, iron, molybdenum, uranium, lithium as well as rare earths and associated elements) and Industrial Minerals (mica, silica, potash, salt, apatite as well as talc and magnesite). The Corporation currently generates royalty and/or option income from properties which contain gold, silver, copper, and zinc.

Globex was incorporated in the province of Quebec and following the approval of shareholders on June 12, 2014, it was continued under the Canada Corporations Act, effective October 28, 2014. Its head office is located at 89 Belsize Drive, Toronto, Ontario M4S 1L3 and principal business offices are located at 86, 14th Street, Rouyn-Noranda, Quebec, J9X 2J1, Canada.

Globex trades on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol GMX, in Europe on the Frankfurt, Munich, Stuttgart, Berlin and Xetra exchanges under the symbol G1M and on the OTCQX International in the USA with the symbol GLBXF.

The Corporation seeks to create shareholder value by acquiring mineral properties, enhancing them and either optioning, selling or joint venturing them or developing them to production.

2. Basis of presentation and going concern

Basis of Presentation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of financials assets and financial liabilities at fair value through the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss). All financial information is presented in Canadian dollars.

The Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern depends on its ability to realize its assets and to obtain additional financing. While it has been successful in doing so in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future. The application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) on a going concern basis may be inappropriate, since there is a doubt as to the appropriateness of the going concern assumption.

The recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties and related deferred costs is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, confirmation of the Corporation's interest in the underlying mineral claims, the ability of the Corporation to obtain necessary financing to complete the development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposal thereof.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis which contemplates that the Corporation will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. This assumption is based on the current net assets of the Corporation and management's current operating plans.

2. Basis of presentation and going concern (continued)

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities, the reported amounts of revenues and expenses and the classification of statement of financial position items if the going concern assumption was deemed inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material. Management did not take these adjustments into account as it believes in the validity of the going concern assumption.

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Management in accordance with *IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting*. The disclosure contained in these interim condensed consolidated financial statements does not include all the requirements in *IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements*. Accordingly, the interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The preparation of interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34 requires the use of certain critical judgments and accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment when applying the Corporation's accounting policies.

The Corporation's Board of Directors approved these interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the periods ended March 31, 2015 and March 31, 2014 on May 12, 2015.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) International Financial Reporting Standards adopted.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as the annual consolidated financial statements (Note 4) of the Corporation's audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

(b) New and revised International Financial Reporting Standards issued, but not yet effective

Certain new standards, interpretations, amendments and improvements to existing standards are not yet effective, and have not been applied in preparing these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (replacement of IAS 39):

In July 2014, the IASB completed the final element of the comprehensive responses to the financial crisis with the publication of IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. The package of improvements introduced to IFRS 9 includes a logical model for classification and measurement, a single, forward – looking "expected loss" impairment model and a substantially reformed approach to hedge accounting. The IASB had previously published versions of IFRS 9 that introduced new classification and measurement requirements (in 2009 and 2010) and a new hedge accounting model (in 2013). The July 2014 publication represents the final version of the Standard, replaces earlier versions of IFRS 9 and completes the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Management is in the process of evaluating the impacts of this standard on the Corporation.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers:

In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which establishes the principles that an entity shall apply to report useful information about the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer.

IFRS 15, replaces a number of standards and interpretations including IAS 18 *Revenue* which provides the guidance that the Corporation currently employs in recording Option revenue and Net Metal Royalty Revenues.

IFRS 15 is currently effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017, but may be deferred to January 1, 2018. Early adoption is permitted. Management is in the process of evaluating the impacts of this standard on the Corporation, and they have recognized that under this standard they will need to consider at the outset all forms of payments under the contract and the likelihood that all of the obligations will be met. This new standard may result in revenue recognition timing differences.

In addition to these new standards, amendments to the following standards have been developed:

IFRS 10 Consolidated financial statements and IAS 28 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures

This amendment deals with the recognition of the gain or loss when a transaction involves a business. It is effective for annual periods on or after January 1, 2016, but may be subjected to a delay. Early adoption is permitted. Management is in the process of evaluating the impacts of this standard on the Corporation.

IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements:

This amendment offers new guidance on the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business. It is effective for annual periods on or after January 1, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. Management is in the process of evaluating the impacts of this standard on the Corporation.

IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets:

This amendment offers clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortization and prohibits the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. It is effective for annual periods on or after January 1, 2016. Early adoption is permitted. Management is in the process of evaluating the impacts of this standard on the Corporation.

4. Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31,	Dece	ember 31,
	2015		2014
Bank balances	\$ 378,046	\$	231,713

5. Cash reserved for exploration

	March 31,	Dec	ember 31,
	2015		2014
Bank balances	\$ 90,568	\$	566,410
Short-term deposits	1,228,450		1,028,450
	\$ 1,319,018	\$	1,594,860

The Corporation raises flow-through funds for exploration under subscription agreements which require the Corporation to incur prescribed resource expenditures. The Corporation must use these funds for exploration of mining properties in accordance with restrictions imposed by the financing. If the Corporation does not incur the resource expenditures, then it will be required to indemnify these shareholders for any tax and other costs payable by them.

6. Investments

	March 31,	Dece	ember 31,	
	 2015		2014	
Equity investments (i),(ii)	\$ 541,638	\$	305,632	

- (i) At March 31, 2015, includes 8.6 million Mag Copper Limited shares valued at \$215,995; 3.7 million Laurion Mineral Exploration Inc. shares valued at \$55,500; 250,000 Integra Gold Corp. shares valued at \$80,000, 1 million Xmet Inc. shares valued at \$45,000, 1,000,000 Rogue Resources Inc. shares valued at \$60,000 and other equity investments received under option agreements which total \$85,143. The 8.6 million Mag Copper Ltd. shares held by Globex represented 11% of the outstanding shares at March 31, 2014.
- (ii) At December 31, 2014, includes 8.6 million Mag Copper Limited shares valued at \$129,598; 3.7 million Laurion Mineral Exploration Inc. shares valued at \$37,000; 150,000 Integra Gold Corp. shares valued at \$29,250, 1 million Xmet Inc. shares valued at \$60,000 and other equity investments received under option agreements which total \$49,784. The 8.6 million Mag Copper Ltd. shares held by Globex represented 11% of the outstanding shares at December 31, 2014.

7. Accounts receivable

	March 31,	Dece	ember 31,	
	2015		2014	
Trade receivables	\$ 258,070	\$	233,254	•
Taxes receivable	35,481		62,452	
	\$ 293,551	\$	295,706	•

Trade receivables of \$258,070 consist primarily of amounts recoverable under joint venture arrangements and royalties. These items are all current and the Corporation anticipates full recovery of these amounts.

The taxes receivable represent harmonized and Quebec sales tax ("GST", "HST", "QST") receivable from Canadian taxation authorities.

8. Reclamation bonds

	March 31,	Dece	ember 31,
	2015		2014
Nova Scotia bond - Department of Natural Resources	\$ 57,974	\$	57,974
Option reimbursement	(50,000)		(50,000)
Net Nova Scotia bond	 7,974		7,974
Washington State bond - Department of Natural Resources	 142,070		129,954
	\$ 150,044	\$	137,928

The reclamation and environmental bonds were posted by the Corporation to secure clean-up expenses in the event of mine closure or property abandonment as required by regulations or laws in the various jurisdictions.

The reclamation and environmental bonds are carried at amortized cost and represent management's estimate of their right to reimbursement. Changes in the carrying value of the rights are recognized in income or loss in the period in which these changes occur.

9. Investment in joint venture

Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 142,293
Add:	
Globex's 50% share of DAL's net income for the three month period ended March 31,	 -
2015	
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 142,293

The Corporation holds a 50% ownership interest in Duparquet Assets Limited "DAL", a separate legal entity which was established in connection with a mining option agreement related to the Duquesne West Gold Property. In accordance with IFRS 11, *Joint Arrangements* Globex's investment has been recorded using the equity method.

10. Properties, plant and equipment

		Land and	Mining		Office	Vehicles	Computer	Total
		buildings	equipment		equipment	 	 Systems	
Cost								
2014								
January 1,	\$	497,627	\$ 81,310	\$	146,274	\$ 56,177	\$ 230,803	\$ 1,012,191
Additions		-	6,900	***************************************	-	 -	 3,410	 10,310
December 31,	\$	497,627	\$ 88,210	\$	146,274	\$ 56,177	\$ 234,213	\$ 1,022,501
2015								
Additions		-	-		-	-	-	-
March 31,	\$	497,627	\$ 88,210	\$	146,274	\$ 56,177	\$ 234,213	\$ 1,022,501
Accumulated	depre	eciation						
2014	-							
January 1,	\$	(74,338)	\$ (55,846)	\$	(121,036)	\$ (36,783)	\$ (216,195)	\$ (504,198
Additions		(13,838)	(12,249)		(14,652)	(8,147)	(10,080)	(58,966
December 31,	\$	(88,176)	\$ (68,095)	\$	(135,688)	\$ (44,930)	\$ (226,275)	\$ (563,164
2015								
Additions		(3,460)	(3,436)	1	(3,663)	(2,037)	(2,734)	(15,330)
March 31,		(91,636)	(71,531)		(139,351)	 (46,967)	 (229,009)	 (578,494)
Carrying valu 2014	e							
January 1,	\$	423,289	\$ 25,464	\$	25,238	\$ 19,394	\$ 14,608	\$ 507,993
December 31,	\$	409,451	\$ 20,115	\$	10,586	\$ 11,247	\$ 7,938	\$ 459,337
2015								
March 31,	\$	405,991	\$ 16,679	\$	6,923	\$ 9,210	\$ 5,204	\$ 444,007

11. Mineral properties

	N	lova Scotia	 Ontario	 Quebec	 Other	 Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	18,857	\$ 47,771	\$ 2,928,250	\$ -	\$ 2,994,878
Additions (1)		40	-	171,073	-	171,113
Impairment provisions		(18,857)	(847)	(182,565)	-	(202,269)
Recoveries		-	-	(505)	-	(505)
December 31, 2014	\$	40 5	\$ 46,924	\$ 2,916,253	\$ -	\$ 2,963,217
Additions		-	-	7,281	_	7,281
Impairment provisions		-	-	-	-	-
Recoveries		-	-	(192)	-	(192)
March 31, 2015	\$	40	\$ 46,924	\$ 2,923,342	\$ -	\$ 2,970,306

⁽¹⁾ During 2014, cash of \$43,384 was spent to acquire properties. On August 27, 2014, to acquire the Santa Anna Gold deposit, 450,000 Globex shares were issued with an ascribed value of \$118,000 (\$0.2622 per share) along with 150,000 warrants with an ascribed value of \$9,729 (\$0.0648 per warrant) were issued. The warrants are exercisable in Globex shares at \$0.45 per share for a period of two years.

12. Deferred exploration expenses

	New					
	Brunswick	Nova Scotia	Ontario	Quebec	Other	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 139,095	\$ 126,606 \$	6,582,312 \$	10,534,614 \$	- \$	17,382,627
Additions	982	993	311,160	2,107,657	11,110	2,431,902
Impairment provisions	(140,077)	(5,565)	(40,388)	(6,733,574)	(11,110)	(6,930,714)
Recoveries	-	-	-	(42,337)	-	(42,337)
December 31, 2014	-	122,034	6,853,084	5,866,360	_	12,841,478
Additions		713	38,386	289,555	1,348	330,002
Impairment provisions	-	-	-	(49,901)	(1,348)	(51,249)
Recoveries	-	-	-	(82,952)	-	(82,952)
March 31, 2015	\$ -	\$ 122,747 \$	6,891,470 \$	6,023,062 \$	- \$	13,037,279

The impairment provision of \$82,952 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 reflects the expensing of general exploration and management's review of the exploration plans and budgets for the remainder of the year.

Exploration Expenditures by Type

	March 31,	ecember 31,
	2015	2014
Balance - beginning of period	\$ 12,841,478	\$ 17,382,627
Current exploration expenses		
Consulting	31,088	175,558
Core shack, storage and equipment rental	-	65,166
Drilling	26,867	674,154
Environment	-	1,395
Geology	38,088	166,970
Geophysics	26,120	101,563
Laboratory analysis and sampling	945	237,143
Labour	166,460	853,602
Line cutting	14,880	2,540
Mapping	983	-
Mining property tax and permits	16,848	34,791
Reports, maps and supplies	3,113	58,705
Transport and road access	 4,610	 60,315
Total current exploration expenses	330,002	2,431,902
Impairment provisions	(51,249)	(6,930,714)
Option revenue offset	(82,952)	(42,337)
	(134,201)	 (6,973,051)
Current net deferred exploration expenses	 195,801	 (4,541,149)
Balance - end of period	\$ 13,037,279	\$ 12,841,478

13. Payables and accruals

	March 31,	De	cember 31,
	2015		2014
Trade payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 240,661	\$	100,815
Sundry liabilities	73,019		79,954
	\$ 313,680	\$	180,769

14. Other liabilities

	March 31,	[December 31,
	2015		2014
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 239,131	\$	209,075
Additions during the period	-		265,357
Reduction related to the incurrence of qualified exploration			
expenditures	(50,975)		(235,301)
Balance, end of period	\$ 188,156	\$	239,131

The Other Liabilities represent the excess of the proceeds received from flow-through shares over the fair value of the shares issued. The reduction reflects the qualified expenditures incurred in the period.

15. Income taxes

Income and mining tax expense

	Thr	onths ended	
	March 31,		March 31,
	 2015		2014
Current tax expense	\$ 88,056	\$	90,815
Deferred tax provision for income tax and mining duties	132,943		137,223
Recovery of income and mining taxes as a result of the sale of tax benefits (flow-through shares)	(50,975)		(55,742)
	81,968		81,481
	\$ 170,024	\$	172,296

15. Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax balances

	De	December 31, 2014		Recognized in income or loss		Recognized in equity	March 31, 2015	
Temporary differences								
Deferred tax assets								
Non-capital losses carry								
forward	\$	1,488,162	\$	(45,266)	\$	- \$	5	1,442,896
Share issue expenses		115,926		(11,272)		-		104,654
Properties, plant &								
equipment		53,258		6,577		-		59,835
Financial assets at FVTPL		317,708		(23,168)		-		294,540
		1,975,054		(73,129)		-		1,901,925
Less valuation allowance		(317,708)		23,168		-		(294,540)
		1,657,346		(49,961)		-		1,607,385
Deferred tax liabilities Mining properties and								
deferred exploration		(2.225.200)		(02.002)				(2.400.254)
expenses		(3,325,369)		(82,982)	•••••	-		(3,408,351)
Deferred tax liabilities	\$	(1,668,023)	\$	(132,943)	\$	- \$	<u> </u>	(1,800,966)

	January 1,		Recognized in	Recognized	ed December		
	 2014		income or loss	 in equity		2014	
Temporary differences							
Deferred tax assets							
Non-capital losses carry							
forward	\$ 1,056,595	\$	431,567	\$ -	\$	1,488,162	
Share issue expenses	123,637		(50,694)	42,983		115,926	
Properties, plant and							
equipment	53,778		(520)	-		53,258	
Financial assets at FVTPL	 339,275	******	(21,567)	 -		317,708	
	1,573,285		358,786	42,983		1,975,054	
Less valuation allowance	 (339,275)		21,567	 -		(317,708)	
	1,234,010		380,353	42,983		1,657,346	
Deferred tax liabilities Mining properties and deferred exploration							
expenses	(5,200,060)		1,874,691	-		(3,325,369)	
Deferred tax liabilities	\$ (3,966,050)	\$	2,255,044	\$ 42,983	\$	(1,668,023)	

16. Revenues

	March 31,	March 31,
	2015	 2014
Net option income	\$ 155,606	\$ -
Metal royalty income	292,954	302,711
	\$ 448,560	\$ 302,711

17. Expenses by nature

The following is a breakdown of the nature of expenses included in administration expenses and professional fees and outside services:

	March 31,	March 31,
	2015	2014
Administration		
Office expenses	\$ 51,812	\$ 45,552
Conventions and meetings	30,979	19,449
Advertising and shareholder information	1,177	6,976
Other administration expenses	10,132	 11,842
	\$ 94,100	\$ 83,819
Professional fees and outside services		
Investor relations	\$ 24,842	\$ 17,445
Legal fees	1,479	10,853
Audit and accounting fees	20,575	19,350
Other professional fees	 34,356	 27,695
	\$ 81,252	\$ 75,343

18. Income (loss) per common share

Basic income (loss) per common share is calculated by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted income per common share is calculated by dividing the net income applicable to common shares by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year, plus the effects of dilutive common share equivalents such as warrants and stock options.

Diluted net income (loss) per share is calculated using the treasury method, where the exercise of options is assumed to be at the beginning of the period and the proceeds from the exercise of options and the amount of compensation expense measured, but not yet recognized in income are assumed to be used to purchase common shares of the Corporation at the average market price during the period.

18. Income (loss) per common share (continued)

Basic and diluted income (loss) per common share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted income (loss) per share:

	March 31,	March 31,
	2015	2014
Numerator		
Income (loss) for the period	\$ 186,915	\$ (270,818)
Denominator		
Weighted average number of common		
shares - basic	41,243,755	33,536,612
Effect of dilutive shares		
Stock options ("in the money") ⁽ⁱ⁾	15,109	-
Weighted average number of common		
shares - diluted	 41,258,864	 33,536,612
Income (Loss) per share		
Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)
Diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.01)

⁽i) At March 31, 2014, stock options were not included in the diluted income (loss) per share as they are anti-dilutive.

19. Share capital

The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares and an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series.

Changes in capital stock

		March 31, 2015		December 31, 2014
	Number of		Number of	
Fully paid common shares	shares	Capital Stock	shares	Capital Stock
Balance, beginning of period	41,243,755	\$ 52,882,570	33,536,612	\$ 50,677,905
Private placements (i)				
Flow-through shares	-	-	5,307,143	1,592,142
Common shares	-	-	1,950,000	643,500
Fair value of warrants	-	-	-	(32,173
Shares issued in connection with				
mineral property acquisitions (ii)	-	-	450,000	118,000
Share issuance costs (iii)	-	-	-	(116,804
Balance, end of period	41,243,755	\$ 52,882,570	41,243,755	\$ 52,882,570

2015 Issuances

None

2014 Issuances

(i) The Corporation issued 5,307,143 Flow-Through Shares under a private placement which closed on May 5, 2014. The shares were issued at a price of \$0.35 per share for total proceeds of \$1,857,499 and the fair market value was \$1,592,142 based on the TSX closing price of the shares on May 2, 2014.

In addition, the Corporation issued 1,950,000 Common Share Units at \$0.33 per share for gross proceeds of \$643,500. Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Corporation and one-half common share purchase warrant. In addition to the issuance of common shares this resulted in the issuance of 975,000 warrants. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per warrant share for a period of twelve months.

(ii) On August 27, 2014, the Corporation issued 450,000 Common Shares in connection with the acquisition of the Santa Anna Gold Deposit. The Globex shares had an ascribed value of \$118,000 (\$0.2622 per share). In addition, 150,000 share purchase warrants were issued with an ascribed value of \$9,729 (\$0.0648 per warrant). The warrants are exercisable at a price of \$0.45 per share for a period of two years.

Share Issuance costs

(iii) Net of taxes of \$42,983.

At March 31, 2015, 36,100 (December 31, 2014 - 36,100) common share are held in escrow. These shares were issued as consideration for a property, which has since been abandoned, thus the shares will remain in escrow.

Warrants

		March 31,		De	ecember 31,
	Number of warrants	 2015 Fair value	Number of warrants		2014 Fair value
Balance, beginning of period	1,125,000	\$ 41,902	-	\$	-
Issued in connection with private placement	-	-	975,000		32,173
Issued in connection with mineral property acquisitions)	-	-	150,000		9,729
Balance, end of period	1,125,000	\$ 41,902	1,125,000	\$	41,902

On May 5, 2014, 975,000 warrants were issued which entitled the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per warrant up to May 5, 2015.

On August 27, 2014, 150,000 share purchase warrants were issued. Each warrant entitles the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.45 per warrant for a period of twenty four months.

Stock options

Under the Corporation's stock option plan (the "Plan"), the Board of Directors may, from time to time, grant stock options to directors, officers, employees of and service providers to, the Corporation and its subsidiaries. Stock options granted under the Plan may have a term of up to ten years, as determined by the Board of Directors at the time of granting the stock options.

At March 31, 2015, no additional options may be granted in addition to the common share purchase options currently outstanding.

The following is a summary of option transactions under the Plan for the relevant periods:

		March 31,		De	cember 31,
		2015			2014
		Weighted			Weighted
	Number	average	Number		average
	of options	exercise price	of options	exe	ercise price
Balance - beginning of period	3,067,500	\$ 0.28	1,300,000	\$	0.59
Cancelled	-	-	-		-
Price Modification on 550,000 Options	-	-	-		(0.15)
Expired	-	-	(330,000)		0.59
Granted - Directors and employees	-	-	2,097,500		0.23
Granted - Service providers	-	-	-		-
Balance - end of period	3,067,500	\$ 0.28	3,067,500	\$	0.28
Options exercisable	2,677,500	\$ 0.29	2,677,500	\$	0.29

The following table summarizes information regarding the stock options outstanding and exercisable as at March 31, 2015:

			Weighted		
		Number of	average		
	Number of	options	remaining	١	Weighted
	options	outstanding	contractual		average
Range of prices	outstanding	and exercisable	life (years)	exer	cise price
\$ 0.20 - 0.29	2,597,500	2,207,500	4.23	\$	0.23
0.40 - 0.59	270,000	270,000	2.51		0.51
0.63 - 0.92	200,000	200,000	0.61		0.63
	3,067,500	2,677,500	3.79	\$	0.28

Stock-based compensation and payments

The Corporation uses the fair value method for stock options granted to directors, officers, employees and non-employees. Accordingly, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to operations, with an offsetting credit to contributed surplus, over vesting periods (which can vary from immediate vesting to 5 years).

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the total expense related to stock-based compensation costs and payments amounting to \$7,485 has been recorded and presented separately in the Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss) (March 31, 2014 - \$3,644).

Restricted Share Unit Plan

On April 11, 2012, the Board of Directors adopted a Restricted Share Unit Plan (the "RSU Plan") for the Corporation's executives and key employees, subject to regulatory approval. The RSU Plan is designed to attract and retain qualified individuals, to serve as executives and key employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and to promote the alignment of interests of such executives and key employees, on the one hand, and the shareholders of the Corporation, on the other hand. A maximum of 600,000 common shares may be issued from treasury under the RSU Plan.

Under the RSU Plan, from time-to-time, the Board of Directors may, in its sole discretion, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee after consultation with the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Corporation, may grant RSUs to executives and key employees in lieu of a bonus or other similar arrangements.

The RSU Plan was approved by the Shareholders on June 1, 2012 and subsequently on June 19, 2012, the TSX confirmed that it had listed and reserved 600,000 common shares of the Corporation for issuance under the Plan.

To date, no shares have been issued under the RSU Plan.

Shareholders' Rights Plan

On June 12, 2014, the Shareholders approved the adoption of a new Shareholder Rights Plan (the "Rights Plan"). The Rights Plan was adopted to: (i) provide shareholders and the Board of Directors with adequate time to consider and evaluate any take-over bid made for the outstanding shares of the Corporation; (ii) provide the Board of Directors with adequate time to identify, develop and negotiate value-enhancing alternatives to any such take-over bid; (iii) encourage the fair treatment of shareholders.

In connection with any take-over bid made for the outstanding shares of the Corporation; and (iv) generally prevent any person from acquiring beneficial ownership of or the right to vote more than 20% of the outstanding shares of the Corporation (or where such person already owns more than 20% of the shares, from acquiring ownership of or the right to vote any additional shares) while this process is ongoing or entering into arrangements or relationships that have a similar effect.

The Rights Plan will be in effect until the close of business on the date of the first annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation following the third anniversary of the date of the Rights Plan (June 12, 2014).

The objective of the Rights Plan is to ensure, to the extent possible, that all of the Corporation's shareholders will be treated equally and fairly in connection with any take-over bid for the Corporation.

The Rights Plan is designed to prevent the use of coercive and/or abusive take-over techniques and to encourage any potential acquirer to negotiate directly with the Board of Directors for the benefit of all of the Corporation's shareholders. In addition, the Rights Plan is intended to provide increased assurance that a potential acquirer would pay an appropriate control premium in connection with any acquisition of the Corporation.

The Rights Plan utilizes the mechanism of a "Permitted Bid" (as defined therein) to attempt to ensure that a person seeking to acquire beneficial ownership of 20% or more of the Corporation's shares gives shareholders and the Board of Directors sufficient time to evaluate the transaction, negotiate with the proposed acquirer, encourage competing bids to emerge, and ensure that all alternatives to the transaction designed to maximize shareholder value have been considered.

The Rights Plan will provide the Board of Directors with time to review any unsolicited take-over bid that may be made and to take action, if appropriate, to enhance shareholder value. The Rights Plan attempts to protect the Corporation's shareholders by requiring all potential bidders to comply with the conditions specified in the Permitted Bid provisions, failing which such bidders are subject to the dilutive features of the Rights Plan. By creating the potential for substantial dilution of a bidder's position, the Rights Plan encourages an offer or to proceed by way of a Permitted Bid or to approach the Board of Directors with a view to negotiation.

20. Related party information

	March 31,	De	cember 31,
Related party payable (receivable)	 2015		2014
Jack Stoch Geoconsultant Services Limited ("GJSL") Chibougamau Independent Mines Inc.	\$ (6,717) (15,382)	\$	(6,717) (15,382)
Duparquet Assets Limited	253,986		254,922
	\$ 231,887	\$	232,823

Chibougamau Independent Mines Inc. (CIM)

CIM is considered a related party as Globex Management consisting of the President and CEO, Executive Vice-President and Chief Financial Officer hold the same positions with both entities. In addition, the President and CEO holds a large number of common shares of both organizations through GJSL, a private company which is the principal shareholder of CIM, and Globex and therefore can significantly influence the operations of both entities.

Management Services

On December 29, 2012, Globex entered into a Management Services Agreement with CIM under which the Corporation agreed to provide management services including administrative, compliance, corporate secretarial, risk management support and advisory services to CIM. No Management Services income was earned for the three month period ended March 31, 2015 (March 31, 2014 – \$24,000) as CIM currently has minimal operational activities.

Management compensation

The total compensation for the respective periods paid to directors and key management personnel having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Corporation (Management personnel includes President and CEO, Executive Vice-President, Vice-President Operations and Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Corporate Secretary) follows:

20. Related party information (continued)

	March 31,		March 31,
	2015		2014
Management compensation			
Salaries and other benefits (i)	\$ 64,629	\$	74,345
Professionnal fees and outside services	22,449		-
Deferred exploration expenses - Consulting	6,914		-
Fair value of share-based compensation	7,485		-
	\$ 101,477	\$	74,345

⁽i) The Vice-President Operations is an independent contractor and his compensation is included in other professional fees in the expenses by nature (note 17) to the Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements at March 31, 2015. In addition, a portion of his compensation has been reflected as deferred exploration expenses - consulting. The fair value of share based compensation of \$7,485 represents the amortization related to 300,000 options issued on June 16, 2014 which vest on June 16, 2016.

21. Supplementary cash flows information

Changes in non-cash working capital items

	March 31,	March 31,
	2015	2014
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,155	\$ (139,259)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(97,022)	(50,916)
Payables and accruals	132,911	99,960
	\$ 38,044	\$ (90,215)

Non-cash financing and investing activities

	ı	March 31,	March 31,	
		2015		2014
Transfer of investments to CIM	\$	-	\$	243,010
	\$	-	\$	243,010

22. Financial instruments

Capital risk management

The Corporation manages its common shares, stock options and retained earnings (deficit) as capital. The Corporation's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern while it pursues its objective of enhancing projects, properties or the development of properties to the benefit of all stakeholders. As a Canadian exploration corporation, its principal sources of funds consist of; (a) Option income on properties; (b) Metal royalty income; (c) Investment income; (d) proceeds from the issuance of common and flow-through shares and (e) other working capital items.

The Corporation manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of operating results in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Corporation issues shares, enters into joint venture property arrangements or disposes of properties.

22. Financial instruments (continued)

The Corporation's investment policy is to invest its cash in low risk highly liquid short-term interest-bearing instruments selected with a duration which is expected to align with the Corporation's planned expenditures.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Corporation prepares annual expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary. The annual and updated budgets are approved by the Board of Directors. For capital management purposes, the Corporation has developed two objectives which are as follows:

- Retain cash and cash equivalents, cash reserved for exploration expenditures and accounts receivable which are equal to or greater than the committed exploration expenditures,
- Retain equity investments and debt instruments with a combined fair market value which are greater than twelve months of projected operating and administrative expenditures.

The Corporation may need additional capital resources to complete or carry out its exploration and development plans beyond December 31, 2015. The Corporation is currently actively pursuing a number of options including option and sale of properties as well as other financing activities.

The Corporation is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Corporation's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2014.

The fair values of the Corporation's cash and cash equivalents, cash reserved for exploration, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued charges approximate their carrying values due to their short-term nature. The equity investments have been adjusted to reflect the fair market value at the period end based on quoted market rates.

Financial risk management objectives

The Corporation's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks including credit risk, liquidity risk, equity market risk, currency risk and fair value measurements recognized in the statement of financial position.

(a) Credit risk

The Corporation had cash and cash equivalents as well as cash reserved for exploration which totalled \$1,697,064 as at March 31, 2015, (December 31, 2014 - \$1,826,573). These funds are subject to a combination of the \$100,000 maximum guarantee per individual institution as provided by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation ("CDIC"): CDIC, a federal Crown Corporation as well as a guarantee of \$1,000,000 provided by the Canadian Investors Protection Fund ("CIPF").

The Corporation does not believe that it is subject to any significant concentration of credit risk. Cash and cash equivalents are in place with major Canadian financial institutions.

22. Financial instruments (continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk was:

		March 31,		De	cember 31,
	Notes		2015		2014
Cash and cash equivalents	4	\$	378,046	\$	231,713
Cash reserved for exploration	5		1,319,018		1,594,860
Investments	6		541,638		305,632
Accounts receivable	7		293,551		295,706
		\$	2,532,253	\$	2,427,911

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation manages liquidity risk through its capital structure and by continuously monitoring actual and projected cash flows. The Corporation finances its exploration activities through flow-through shares, operating cash flows and the utilization of its liquidity reserves.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the Corporation's operating and capital budgets, as well as any material transactions out of the ordinary course of business.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities are all under one year.

(c) Equity market risk

Equity market risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Corporation's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Corporation closely monitors the general trends in the stock markets and individual equity movements, and determines the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Corporation.

The Corporation currently holds investments in a number of Optionee companies which are subject to fair value fluctuations arising from changes in the Canadian mining sector and equity markets and currently these amount to \$541,638 (December 31, 2014 - \$305,632). Based on the balance outstanding at March 31, 2015, a 10% increase or decrease would impact income and loss by \$54,164 (December 31, 2014 - \$30,563).

(d) Currency risk

Globex receives US dollars representing gross metal royalty payments related to Nyrstar's Zinc operations in Tennessee and it is required to pay U.S. tax on these receipts. Globex's practice is to convert the U.S. dollars to Canadian dollars as the funds are received after retaining sufficient funds to meet its U.S. dollar tax obligations.

During the three month period ended March 31, 2015, we received royalty payments of U.S. \$231,553 and recorded a tax expense of U.S. \$69,633. During the quarter, we estimated the average exchange rate USD\$/\$CAD exchange rates of 1.26. At March 31, 2015, we had receivables of U.S. \$86,975 and a foreign tax liability of U.S. \$55,841.

22. Financial instruments (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements recognized in the statement of consolidated financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

				tal financial Issets at fair
March 31, 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	value
Financial assets				
Equity investments	\$ 325,643	\$ 215,995	\$ -	\$ 541,638
Reclamation bonds	-	150,044	-	150,044
Total financial assets	\$ 325,643	\$ 366,039	\$ -	\$ 691,682

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the period.

The level 2 equity investments have been measured using the quoted price of the shares on the market which has been determined to be non-active. For all other financial assets and liabilities, the fair value is equal to the carrying value.

				otal financial assets at fair
December 31, 2014	 Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3	 value
Financial assets				
Equity investments	\$ 176,035	\$ 129,597	\$ -	\$ 305,632
Reclamation bonds	 -	 137,928	 -	 137,928
Total financial assets	\$ 176,035	\$ 267,525	\$ -	\$ 443,560

There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 during the year.

23. Commitments and contingencies

At the period-end, the Corporation had no outstanding commitments other than in the normal course of business other than its commitment to incur qualified exploration expenditures to meet its flow-through obligations as described in note 5. At this time, Management anticipates meeting that obligation and as a result, no additional disclosures are required.

24. Subsequent Events – Expiry of Warrants:

Under the private placement which closed on May 5, 2014, 975,000 warrants were issued which entitled the holder to acquire one additional common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 per warrant up to May 5, 2015. These warrant expired on May 5, 2015.