INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Periods of 3 Months and 6 Months Ending December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012

December 31, 2013



CORPORATION

(A North Carolina Corporation)

TRADING SYMBOL: FRTN CUSIP NUMBER: 34960D 108

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FORTRAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

	Dece	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,069	\$	82,923	
Receivables, net	\$	233,859	\$	153,925	
Inventories	\$	628,573	\$	469,072	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$	1,014	\$	2,952	
Total current assets	\$	910,515	\$	708,872	
Property, plant and equipment(net)	\$	692,850	\$	560,995	
Other Assets	\$	43,189	\$	52,253	
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	\$	55,225	\$	69,032	
Total assets		1,701,779	\$	1,391,152	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	191,822	\$	196,033	
Deferred revenue	\$	83,279	\$	50,807	
Accrued expenses	\$	71,976	\$	145,044	
Current portion debt & capital lease obiligations, net	\$	351,437	\$	204,239	
Total current liabilities	\$	698,514	\$	596,123	
Long term portion debt & capital lease obiligations, net	\$	381,158	\$	392,075	
Total Liabilities	\$	1,079,672	\$	988,198	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Preferred stock, no par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized, 1,0 and outstanding					
Common stock, no par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 10,7					
8,199,089 shares issued, respectively	\$	564,925	\$	486,597	
Additional paid-in capital Accumulated earnings (deficit)	\$	286,721	\$	286,721	
Total stockholders' equity	\$	(229,539)	\$ \$	(370,364)	
Total stockholders equity	\$	622,107	<u> </u>	402,954	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	1,701,779	\$	1,391,152	

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

FORTRAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

		Three Months Ended December 31,			Six Months Ended			
				December 31,				
		2013		2012		2013		2012
Revenue:								
Managed Services	\$	493,609	\$	426,157	9	51,090,410	\$	898,363
Equipment Sales and Services	\$	276,283	\$	154,137	5	556,566	\$	170,299
Total revenue	\$	769,892	\$	580,294	\$	5 1,646,976	\$	1,068,662
Costs and expenses:			_					
Operating (exclusive of depreciation and								
amortization shown separately below)	\$	359,314	\$	358,753	9	711,694	\$	652,473
Selling, general and administrative	\$	353,072	\$	186,050	9	755,312	\$	408,685
Depreciation and amortization	\$	28,454	\$	18,363	9	47,333	\$	37,838
Total costs and expenses	\$	740,840	\$	563,166	\$	5 1,514,339	\$	1,098,996
Operating income	\$	29,052	\$	17,128	\$	3 132,637	\$	(30,334)
Other	\$	18,286	\$	61,032	9	3 29,962	\$	65,087
Interest expense	\$	(17,597)	\$	(8,519)	9	(45,732)	\$	(33,335)
Income before income taxes	\$	29,741	\$	69,641	\$	116,867	\$	1,418
Income tax expense	\$	1,784	\$	-	9	7,012	\$	-
Net income	\$	27,957	\$	69,641	\$	109,855	\$	1,418
Earnings (loss) per share:								
Basic	\$	0.002	\$	0.007	5	0.009	\$	0.0001
Diluted	\$	0.002	\$	0.007	9	0.009	\$	0.0001
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic		11,742,851	10),199,089		11,742,851	10	0,199,089
Diluted		11,742,851	10),199,089	_	11,742,851	10	0,199,089

FORTRAN CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

Six Months Ended
December 31,

	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 109,855	\$ 1,418
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	\$ 47,333	\$ 37,838
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Receivables, prepaid expenses and other assets	\$ 164,284	\$ 158,097
Accounts payable, deferred revenue and other liabilities	\$ (343,495)	\$ (62,805)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (22,023)	\$ 134,548
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Capital expenditures	\$ (4,102)	\$ (194)
Other investing activities, net	\$ -	\$ -
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (4,102)	\$ (194)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payment of debt and capital lease obligations (net)	\$ (52,457)	\$ (64,611)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (52,457)	\$ (64,611)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (78,582)	\$ 69,743
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	\$ 125,651	\$ 13,180
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 47,069	\$ 82,923
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 45,732	\$ 33,335
Cash paid for income taxes, net of refunds	\$ -	\$ -

FORTRAN CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS AND SIX MONTHS ENDED December 31, 2013 AND 2012

Basis of Presentation and Description of Business

1. Basis of Presentation and Description of Business

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements.

In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed financial statements contain all adjustments consisting only of normal recurring accruals considered necessary to present fairly the Company's financial position for all periods presented.

Description of Business

The Company is primarily engaged in the telecom sales and services business. The Company is headquartered in Hickory, North Carolina and provides these services to businesses and institutions throughout North and South Carolina.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements and notes are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers cash equivalents to be those investments which are highly liquid and readily convertible to cash with a maturity date within three months of the date of purchase.

Earnings (loss) per Share

The Company reports earnings (loss) per share I accordance with Statement of Financial accounting Standard (SFAS) No.128. This statement requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings per share amounts are based on the weighted average share of common outstanding. If applicable, diluted earnings per share assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share. Accordingly, this presentation has been adopted for the periods presented. There were no adjustments required to net income for the period presented in the computation of diluted earnings per share. There were no common stock equivalents (CSE) necessary for the computation of diluted loss per share.

Fixed Assets

Office Equipment, vehicles and computer software are carried at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets or the terms (including renewal periods, as appropriate) of the related leases, whichever is shorter.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, their costs and accumulated depreciation or amortization are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the statement of operations.

The Company incurs repair and maintenance expenses on its vehicles and equipment. These expenses are recognized when incurred, unless such repairs significantly extend the life of the asset, in which case the cost of the repairs is amortized over the remaining useful life of the asset utilizing the straight-line method.

Impairment of Long-lived Assets

In accordance with SFAS NO.144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets", the Company reviews long-lived assets, such rental equipment and fixed assets, for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset group may not be fully recoverable. Recoverability of asset groups to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset group to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset group. If the carrying amount exceeds its estimate future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds the fair value of the asset group. The Company evaluated its long-lived assets and no impairment charges were recorded for any of the periods presented.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted or I accordance with SFAS No.109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". A deferred tax asset or liability is recorded for all temporary differences between financial and tax reporting and for net operating loss carry forwards.

Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or the entire deferred tax asset will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effect of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

There were no items of comprehensive income (loss) applicable to the Company during the periods presented in the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, net income (loss) equals comprehensive income (loss) for all periods.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments consist principally of cash, accounts and related party receivables, trade and related party payables, accrued liabilities and short-term obligations. The carrying amounts of such financial instruments in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets approximate their fair values due to their relatively short-term nature.

The carrying value of the Company's long-term debt approximates fair value based on current market conditions for similar debt instruments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the reporting periods. Actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Impact of Newly Issued Accounting Standards

In September 2006, The FASB issued SFAS No.157 and No.158. Statement No.157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This Statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this Statement does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of this Statement will change current practice.

Statement No.158 is an amendment of FASB Statements No.87, 88,106 and 132 (R). It improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to recognize the over funded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan (other than a multi-employer plan) as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income of a business entity or changes in unrestricted net assets of a not-for-profit organization. This Statement also improves financial reporting by requiring an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position, with limited exceptions.

The Company does not expect application of SFAS No.156, 157 and 158 to have a material effect on its financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No.159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("SFAS No. 159"). This Statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Companies should report unrealized gains and losses on items for which the fair value option has been elected in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. This Statement is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. The Company does not plan to measure any of its existing financial assets or liabilities at fair value under the provisions of SFAS No. 159 and, therefore, does not anticipate any material impact to its results of operations or financial position related to the adoption of this standard.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No.141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations" ("SFAS No. 141R"). SFAS No.141 (R) requires an acquiring entity in a business combination to: (i) recognize all (and only) the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed in the transaction, (ii) establish an acquisition-date fair value as the measurement objective for all assets acquired and the liabilities assumed, and (iii) disclose to investors and other users all of the information they will need to evaluate and understand the nature of, and the financial effect of, the business combination, and, (iv) recognize and measure the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase. SFAS No.141 (R) is effective for, and will be applied by the Company to, business combinations occurring after January 12, 2009.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No.16, "Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements". SFAS No.160 requires: (i) noncontrolling (minority) interests in subsidiaries to be reported in the same manner as equity, but separate from the parent's equity, in consolidated financial statements; (ii) net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest to be clearly indentified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income; and (iii) any changes in the parent's ownership interest, while the parent retains the controlling financial interest in its subsidiary, to be accounted for consistently, SFAS No.160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after January 12, 2009. The Company does not currently have investments in other companies and, therefore, currently does not expect SFAs No.160 to have a material impact on its financial statements.

In March 2008, the FASB released SFAS No.161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." SFAS No.161 requires additional disclosures related to the use of derivative instruments, the accounting for derivatives and the financial statement impact of derivatives. SFAS No.161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company is currently assessing the impact the adoption of SFAS No.161 will have on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2008, the FASB released SFAS No.162 "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." SFAS No.162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements of nongovernmental entities that presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. SFAS No.162 will be effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the PCAOB amendments to AU Section 411, The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The

company does not believe SFAS 161 will have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

Issuer Certification

We, Doug W. Rink, Chief Executive Officer and Richard G. Craft, Chief Financial Officer certify that:

- 1. We have reviewed the interim financial statements for the periods of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 for Fortran Corporation and Subsidiaries.
- 2. Based on our knowledge, the disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to periods covered by this disclosure statement, and
- 3. Based on our knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial included or incorporated by reference in the disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

December 31, 2013

/s/ Doug W. Rink, CEO

/s/ Richard G. Craft, CFO