



OTC Markets

Alternative Reporting Standard

Consolidated Financial Statements

(unaudited)

For the Quarter ended March 31, 2016

May 16, 2016

1531 Stout Street, #607
Denver, Colorado 80202
816-256-8561

investorrelations@1stnrg-corp.com

1ST NRG CORP.
BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

		March 31	2016	December 31	
	ASSETS			2015	
Current Assets					
Cash	\$		3,158	\$	15,532
Accounts receivable			142,655		118,997
Marketable Securities			7,980		7,980
Notes Receivable			18,400		18,400
Total current assets			172,194		160,909
Property & Equipment					
Oil & gas properties - successful efforts method			1,998,100		2,017,003
Equipment			10,492		10,492
Asset retirement obligation			239,956		5,005
Undeveloped Properties			-		-
Total property & equipment			2,248,548		2,032,500
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion & accretion			(78,262)		(78,262)
Net property & equipment			2,170,285		1,954,238
Other Assets					
Deposits					40,000
Restricted Cash			14,397,262		14,398,762
TOTAL ASSETS			16,739,741		16,553,909
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$		629,899	\$	797,293
Accrued management compensation			3,439,172		3,182,672
Short term loans payable			524,170		524,020
Advances by related parties			102,083		100,845
Current portion of long term debt			4,243,949		4,161,548
Total current liabilities			8,939,273		8,766,378
Long Term Liabilities					
Asset retirement obligation			239,626		4,675
Secured promissory note			-		-
Total long term liabilities			239,626		4,675
Total liabilities			9,178,899		8,771,053
Stockholders Equity (Deficit)					
Preferred stock - 5,000,000 authorized - par value \$0.001					
Series A - issuable			449		449
Series B - issuable			30,000		30,000
Series B issued			1		1
Series D - issuable			501		501
Series E - issuable			2		2
Unfilled agreements to issue shares			(949)		(949)
Common Stock - 20,000,000,000 authorized - par value \$0.00001					
919,541 Shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.			198,676		198,676
339 Shares to be issued at March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.			66		66
Shares reserved for issuance			500		500
Additional paid in capital			20,816,051		20,816,051
Retained earnings (deficit)			(13,262,441)		(13,262,441)
Period net income (loss)			(222,014)		-
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)			7,560,842		7,782,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY			16,739,741		16,553,909

See notes to the financial statements

1ST NRG CORP.
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three months ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Revenues		
Natural Gas Sales	\$ -	\$ 1,338
COPAS Fees	-	-
Total revenues	-	1,338
Costs and Expenses of Operations		
Transportation/gathering	-	329
Lease operating expense	38,943	1,132
Production taxes	-	142
Total costs and expenses of operations	38,943	1,603
Operating Margin	(38,943)	(265)
Expenses		
Management compensation	83,750	83,750
General and administrative	14,807	27,171
Total Expenses	98,557	110,921
Income (loss) from operations	(137,501)	(111,186)
Other Income (Expense)		
Depreciation, depletion & accretion	-	(300)
Intangible Drilling Costs	-	486
Sales of Properties		
Cost of Properties Sold		
Loss of Properties		
Sale of marketable securities		24,165
Interest Expense	(84,514)	(85,439)
Total Other Income (Expense)	(84,514)	(61,088)
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (222,014)	\$ (172,275)
Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share	\$ (0.241)	\$ (0.187)
Average Number of Shares Outstanding	919,880	919,880

See notes to the financial statements

1ST NRG CORP.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Quarter ended March 31	
	2016	2015
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net loss	\$ (222,014)	\$ (172,275)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from operations		
Depreciation, depletion & accretion expense	-	300
Loss of Undeveloped Properties		
Changes in current assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(23,658)	-
(Increase) decrease in marketable securities	-	-
(Increase) decrease in notes receivable	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(167,393)	5,836
Increase (decrease) in accrued management compensation	256,500	83,750
Increase (decrease) in short term loans payable	150	150
Increase (decrease) in advances by related parties	1,238	1,413
Increase (decrease) in current portion of long term debt	82,401	82,401
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(72,777)	1,574
Investing activities		
Purchase of Properties	-	835
Deposits Made	-	-
Asset Retirement	(234,951)	330
Restricted Cash	1,500	1,500
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(233,451)	2,665
Financing activities		
Long term note payable	-	-
Deposits Used	58,904	
Asset retirement obligation	234,951	(330)
Series B - issued	-	-
Series E - issuable	-	-
Additional paid in capital - Common stock	-	-
Retained Earnings	-	-
Common stock	-	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	293,855	(330)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(12,374)	3,909
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	15,532	514
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 3,158	\$ 4,423

See notes to the financial statements

1st NRG Corp.
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Organization - The Company is a State of Delaware corporation and its wholly owned subsidiary, 1st NRG Wyoming, Inc. a Wyoming corporation, maintain a December 31 fiscal year end.

Nature of Operations - 1st NRG Corp. (OTCBB: FNRC.PK) is an exploration and production company headquartered in Denver, Colorado. Our activity has been centered upon the development of coal bed methane reserves in Wyoming where we hold a working interest in 43 producing wells and 3,059 undeveloped acres. In Ohio, we have one well completed in the Beekmantown Dolomite and prospective acreage encompassing approximately 7,000 acres.

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements were prepared by the Company and include 1st NRG's and its wholly owned subsidiary's assets, liabilities, income and expenses from the properties in which they have a participating working interest. The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting for financial statement purposes. These statements have not been audited.

Basis of Consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Corporation and its wholly owned controlled subsidiary, 1st NRG Wyoming, Inc. All inter-company transactions, balances, revenue and expenses have been eliminated on consolidation.

Risks and Uncertainties - Historically, oil and natural gas prices have experienced significant fluctuations and natural gas prices have been particularly depressed in recent years. If the Company's assets do not generate income sufficient to meet operating expenses, the Company's perceived market value could adversely be affected. Income from, and the value of, the Company's assets may be adversely affected by the general economic climate, oil & natural gas market conditions such as an oversupply of related assets or a reduction in demand for natural gas or natural gas assets in the areas in which the Company's assets are located, and competition from other energy companies. Revenues from the Company's assets are also affected by such factors as the costs of production and local market conditions.

Cash - Restricted - 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (\$16,057.79 per Unit) and \$14,397,262 is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. Under the terms of the Unit Subscription Agreement (USA), the Investor's cash and the Securities purchased (in certificate form) have been deposited in a restricted account with an Intermediary whereby an Account Management Agreement (AMA) between the Investors, the Company and the Intermediary governs the release of funds to the Company from the restricted account. The Investors may NOT request a return of capital without the agreement of 1st NRG and 1st NRG may not request to unwind or alter the transaction without agreement of the Investors. The shares are fully paid and non-assessable.

The funds were to be released to the Company in 36 periodic installments pursuant to the AMA and a schedule approved by the Company and the Investors. Trading volumes at or above a minimum bid price were to release a percentage of each periodic "Breakout" funds to the Company. There are provisions within the agreement which address release of funds to the Company in the event that 1) trading volume is below the minimums, and 2) average bid prices are above or below the minimums. These provisions are in place to ensure the offering goes forward in a smooth and timely manner and all the funds are disbursed to the Company and the shares distributed to the Investors. The Company and the Investors are negotiating changes to the AMA to continue release of funds to the Company given the recent share price, share structure and trading volumes.

Revenue Recognition - The Company recognizes oil and gas revenues for only its ownership percentage of total production under the entitlement method. Purchase, sale and transportation of natural gas are recognized upon completion of the sale and when transported volumes are delivered.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management will provide for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on management's assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that would remain outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts would be written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade receivables. Accounts receivable are short-term, non-interest bearing and uncollateralized. The Company did not record any allowance for uncollectable receivables in 2016 or 2015.

A working interest owner in 15 of our operated wells is not participating in the current operations and pursuant to the Operating Agreement was deemed to have gone non-consent and thereby relinquished all of its interest in the wells and its share of production until the proceeds of the sale of its share, calculated at the well (after deducting applicable ad valorem, production costs, severance, and excise taxes, royalty, and overriding royalty), equal the total of the following:

Three hundred percent (300%) of the cost of any newly acquired surface equipment beyond the wellhead connections (including but not limited to stock tanks, separators, treaters, pumping equipment and piping), plus One hundred percent (100%) of their share of the cost of operation of the wells; and

Three hundred percent (300%) of (a) the costs and expenses of restarting and completing the wells, and of (b) that portion of the cost of newly acquired equipment in the well (to and including the wellhead connections), which would have been chargeable if Mountain Hawk had participated.

At March 31, 2016 the non-consent payout amount for the Mountain Hawk interest is approximately \$1.52 million dollars.

Additionally, two other working interest owners have been unable to pay their share of operating expenses and the shortfall of cash for operations coupled with uneconomic commodity prices forced the shut in of Clabaugh Ranch in December 2015. We have negotiated a Purchase and Sale Agreement with one working interest owner and have a verbal agreement with the other to purchase their interests at Clabaugh Ranch.

Concentrations of Credit Risk - Financial instruments that subject the Company to credit risk consist principally of cash and receivables. Cash balances are maintained in local financial institutions and at times the balances may be in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes the risk of loss to be minimal. Receivables consist primarily of amounts due from joint interest billings to other working interest owners under the JOA.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company's significant estimates include estimated life of long lived assets, use of reserves in the estimation of depletion of oil and gas properties and the impairment of oil and gas properties and asset retirement obligations. Mountain Hawk Energy, the previous operator of the Clabaugh Ranch field, never produced the lease operating statements and revenue statements from April 2014 to January 2015, therefore operating results are based on estimates based upon prior operating expenses, reported production volumes and published commodity prices to estimate our share of revenues and expenses for the comparative period ended March 31, 2015.

Impairment - Long-lived assets, including oil and gas properties, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the expected undiscounted future cash flow from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized and measured using the asset's fair value or discounted cash flows. Management does not believe the oil and gas properties are impaired as of March 31, 2016. No provision for impairment has been previously recorded for proved properties.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments - The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The fair market value of these financial instruments approximates or is equal to the book value. In 2009, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, *Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures* including the application of the statement to non-recurring, non-financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have a material impact on the Company's fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs based on the Company's own assumptions.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market data if such data is available without undue cost and effect.

Industry Segment and Geographic Information - The Company operates in one industry segment, the exploration, development, production and sale of oil and natural gas.

Earnings per Share - Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share incorporates the treasury stock method to measure the dilutive impact of potential common stock equivalents by including the effect

of outstanding vested and unvested stock options and unvested stock awards in the average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

The following table shows the calculation of basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding and EPS for the periods indicated:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2016	2015
Income (loss) attributable to common stock	(\$222,014)	(\$172,275)
Weighted average shares		
Weighted average shares—basic	919,880	919,880
Earnings (loss) per share - basic	(\$0.241)	(\$0.187)

NOTE 2 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Issues - The Company is engaged in oil and gas exploration and production and may become subject to certain liabilities as they relate to environmental cleanup of well sites or other environmental restoration procedures as they relate to the drilling of oil and gas wells and the operation thereof. In the Company's acquisition of existing or previously drilled well bores, the Company may not be aware of what environmental safeguards were taken at the time such wells were drilled or during such time the wells were operated. Should it be determined that a liability exists with respect to any environmental cleanup or restoration, the liability to cure such a violation could fall upon the Company.

Management believes its properties are operated in conformity with local, state and Federal regulations. No claim has been made, nor is the Company aware of any uninsured liability which the Company may have, as it relates to any environmental cleanup, restoration or the violation of any rules or regulations relating thereto.

Government Regulation - Many aspects of the oil and gas industry are extensively regulated by Federal, state, and local governments in all areas in which the Company has operations. Regulations govern such things as drilling permits, environmental protection and pollution control, spacing of wells, the unitization and pooling of properties, reports concerning operations, royalty rates, and various other matters, including taxation. Oil and gas industry legislation and administrative regulations are periodically changed for a variety of political, economic and other reasons. The Company has not been fined or cited for any violations of governmental regulations that would have a material adverse effect upon the financial condition, capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position of the Company in the oil and gas industry.

Note 3 - PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Preferred Class A - 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (\$16,057.79 per Unit) and \$14,397,262 is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. Under the terms of the Unit Subscription Agreement (USA), the Investor's cash and the Securities purchased (in certificate form) have been deposited in a restricted account with an Intermediary whereby an Account Management Agreement (AMA) between the Investors, the Company and the Intermediary governs the release of funds to the Company from the restricted account. The Investors may NOT request a return of capital without the agreement of 1st NRG and 1st NRG may not request to unwind or alter the transaction without agreement of the Investors. The shares are fully paid and non-assessable.

The funds were to be released to the Company in 36 periodic installments pursuant to the AMA and a schedule approved by the Company and the Investors. Trading volumes at or above a minimum bid price will release a percentage of each periodic "Breakout" funds to the Company. There are provisions within the agreement which address release of funds to the Company in the event that 1) trading volume is below the minimums, and 2) average bid prices are above or below the minimums. These provisions are in place to ensure the offering goes forward in a smooth and timely manner and all the funds are disbursed to the Company and the shares distributed to the Investors. The Company and the Investors are negotiating changes to the AMA to continue release of funds to the Company given the recent share price, share structure and trading volumes.

If the Average bid for the Company's Common Stock is less than the bid requirements in any Breakout Period the Company at its sole discretion may utilize a pool of 134,781 Preferred "A" Shares (convertible to 13,478,100 Common) which are available to be deposited with the Intermediary to be held for use as the Pricing Workout Pool, (the "PWP"). The PWP would provide additional

shares in the event pricing does not meet the expected levels. The existence of the PWP will allow the offering to proceed in a smooth and timely manner.

An additional 314,488 Series "A" Preferred shares make up the Value Added Model (VAM) for the management team. The VAM will bonus shares on a quarterly basis for performance of corporate valuation. Each series of VAM must be preceded by the fulfillment (Delivery or exercise) of either the completed Breakout for that VAM disbursement period as detailed in the AMA. Such bonus pool will be divided as the Company sees fit, but a complete plan will be approved by the Series "A" Investors.

Series B Issuance- Each Series "B" Preferred converts to common shares at par - \$0.00001. Shares of Series B Preferred Stock may not be converted into shares of Common Stock for a period of: a) six (6) months after purchase, if the Company voluntarily or involuntarily files public reports pursuant to Section 12 or 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or b) twelve (12) months if the Company does not file such public reports.

The Series B Shares has a face value of \$2.50 per share and does not have voting rights. Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any stock ranking junior to the Series B Preferred Stock, the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the Corporation an amount equal to \$1.00 per share or, in the event of an aggregate subscription by a single subscriber for Series B Preferred Stock in excess of \$100,000, \$0.997 per share (as adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations, splits, recapitalizations and the like with respect to such shares) (the "Preference Value"), plus all declared but unpaid dividends, for each share of Series B Preferred Stock held by them. After the payment of the full applicable Preference Value of each share of the Series B Preferred Stock as set forth herein, the remaining assets of the Corporation legally available for distribution, if any, shall be distributed ratably to the holders of the Corporation's Common Stock.

In April 2015, the Company issued 15,000 shares of its preferred series B stock to a non affiliated third party in the State of Florida, in a private transaction. The series B shares are convertible into 1,500,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. The Company received proceeds of \$20,000. Subsequent to the Quarter Ended March 31, 2016, the company received notice of a partial conversion of 2,400 Series B Preferred Shares which have been converted into 240,000,000 Common Shares.

Series D Issuance - As part of the private placement of Series "A" Issuance described above and the AMA agreements the Company issued 500,000 shares of Series "D" Preferred Shares to the Management of the Company. If at least one share of Series D Preferred Stock is issued and outstanding, then the total aggregate issued shares of Series D Preferred Stock at any given time, regardless of their number, shall have voting rights equal to four times the sum of: i) the total number of shares of Common Stock which are issued and outstanding at the time of voting, plus ii) the total number of shares of Series A and Series C Preferred Stocks which are issued and outstanding at the time of voting.

Series E Issuance - The Company declared a special dividend of its Series "E" Preferred Shares to shareholders of record at 4/28/2014 who held at least 100,000 shares of common stock. Each Series "E" Preferred converts to common shares at par - \$0.00001. Shares of Series E Preferred Stock may not be converted into shares of Common Stock for a period of: a) six (6) months, if the Company voluntarily or involuntarily files public reports pursuant to Section 12 or 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or b) twelve (12) months if the Company does not file such public reports. The Series E Shares have a face value of \$2.50 per share and do not have voting rights. At March 31, 2016 there were 183,969 Series "E" Preferred Shares outstanding.

Common Stock - In January and February 2014, the Company issued 51,250 shares of its common stock to a non affiliated third party in the State of Delaware, pursuant to an exemption from registration provided under Rule 504 of the Securities Act of 1933. The Company received proceeds of \$60,000.

Effective June 23, 2014 the Company effectuated a reverse stock split comprised of one share of newly issued common stock for each 20,000 shares of common stock held as of the effective date. After the reverse split the Company now has 919,880 common shares outstanding. All quantity references to common shares, both historically and current, have been adjusted to reflect the effect of this action.

On April 20, 2016, subsequent to the Quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Company authorized the issuance of 1,000,000,000 of common stock each, of its Directors and to Mr. Ed Renyk, advisor to the Board for services rendered. The total issuance being 5,000,000,000 shares.

On April 29, 2016, subsequent to the Quarter ended March 31, 2016, the Series B Preferred shareholder converted 2,400 shares into 240,000,000 of common stock.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition or Plan of Operation

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition or plan of operation should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. The following discussion contains “forward-looking statements” that reflect our future plans, estimates, beliefs and expected performance. We caution that assumptions, expectations, projections, intentions, or beliefs about future events may, and often do, vary from actual results and the differences can be material. Some of the key factors which could cause actual results to vary from our expectations include changes in commodity prices, the timing of planned capital expenditures, availability of acquisitions, uncertainties in estimating proved reserves and forecasting production results, operational factors affecting the commencement or maintenance of producing wells, the condition of the capital markets generally, as well as our ability to access them and uncertainties regarding environmental regulations or litigation and other legal or regulatory developments affecting our business, as well as those factors discussed below, all of which are difficult to predict. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed may not occur.

Our Company

1st NRG Corp. (OTCBB: FNRC.PK) is an exploration and production company headquartered in Denver, Colorado. Our activity has been centered upon the development of coal bed methane reserves in Wyoming where through our wholly owned subsidiary, 1st NRG Wyoming, we operate and hold a working interest in 43 producing wells and 3,059 undeveloped acres. The undeveloped acreage could be permitted for up to 36 additional locations which are characterized by what we believe to be low geologic risk, a repeatable development opportunity and are offsetting wells which all demonstrated developed coal seams in the Schwartz, Anderson, Canyon, Cook and Wall formations.

In 2014 we expanded our activities into a development of acreage in SE Ohio encompassing approximately 7,000 acres. We hold a 35% working interest in a development well where we are proceeding in the completion of the Beekmantown Dolomite. We currently hold 100% of the offset development rights.

CBM – Northern Wyoming

Our current properties are characterized by what we believe to be low geologic risk and repeatable development opportunity. Clabaugh Ranch is about 18 miles northwest of Gillette Wyoming and all of the wells drilled there have encountered developed coal seams in the Schwartz, Anderson, Canyon, Cook and Wall formations.

A working interest owner in 15 of our operated wells is not participating in the current operations and pursuant to the Operating Agreement was deemed to have gone non-consent and thereby relinquished all of its interest in the wells and its share of production until the proceeds of the sale of its share, calculated at the well (after deducting applicable ad valorem, production costs, severance, and excise taxes, royalty, and overriding royalty), equal the total of the following:

Three hundred percent (300%) of the cost of any newly acquired surface equipment beyond the wellhead connections (including but not limited to stock tanks, separators, treaters, pumping equipment and piping), plus One hundred percent (100%) of their share of the cost of operation of the wells; and

Three hundred percent (300%) of (a) the costs and expenses of restarting and completing the wells, and of (b) that portion of the cost of newly acquired equipment in the well (to and including the wellhead connections), which would have been chargeable if Mountain Hawk had participated.

At March 31, 2016 the non-consent payout amount for the Mountain Hawk interest is approximately \$1.52 million dollars.

Additionally, two other working interest owners have been unable to pay their share of operating expenses and the shortfall of cash for operations coupled with uneconomic commodity prices forced the shut in of Clabaugh Ranch in December 2015. We have negotiated a Purchase and Sale Agreement with one working interest owner and have a verbal agreement with the other to purchase their interests at Clabaugh Ranch.

South Eastern Ohio

In Ohio, a vertical test well was drilled, logged, cored and cased to a depth of approximately 7,620 feet by Energy Corporation of America (ECA) under terms of a farm out agreement. Testing of the well, the results of a diagnostic fracture injection test and analysis of the cores, proved inconclusive in the Utica Shale and because of the inconclusive results and the decline in oil prices, ECA assigned the well back to 1st NRG and its partner. We now hold a 35% working interest in the well after selling 15% to pay for the completion costs in the Beekmantown Dolomite. The well appears to be capable of producing natural gas and oil. Currently the well is shut in pending installation of a pumping unit in Q2 2016.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

In order to execute its strategy the Company will need external sources of funds as cash flows from operations are not currently sufficient to meet the Company's capital and operational needs. Our capital budget needs are adjusted as business conditions warrant and availability of capital. The amount, timing and allocation of capital expenditures is largely discretionary and within our control. If natural gas decline to levels below our acceptable levels or costs increase to levels above our acceptable levels, we could choose to defer a significant portion of our budgeted capital expenditures until later periods to achieve the desired balance between sources and uses of liquidity and prioritize capital projects that we believe have the highest expected returns and potential to generate near-term cash flow. We routinely monitor and adjust our capital expenditures in response to changes in prices, availability of financing, drilling and acquisition costs, industry conditions, the timing of regulatory approvals, the availability of rigs, success or lack of success in drilling activities, contractual obligations, internally generated cash flow and other factors both within and outside our control.

We are in a number of discussions with individual investors, Banks and Investment firms to finance the working capital needs and capital expenditure programs.

Source of Our Revenues

Currently, our production revenues are entirely generated from the natural gas produced at Clabaugh Ranch. Natural gas prices are inherently volatile and are influenced by many factors outside of our control. The Company also receives revenue under the terms of industry standard operating agreements with its other working interest owner/partners.

Principal Components of Our Cost Structure

- *Transportation expense* - These are the costs incurred to bring the natural gas to the market and include the gathering and compression fees charged by third parties. The first stage of gathering, by Wyoming law, is not a cost that is borne by the royalty and overriding royalty interest owners and is therefore paid by the working interest owners.
- *Lease Operating Expenses* - These are the daily costs of producing, repairs and work over expenses related to our natural gas properties as incurred under terms of the Operating Agreement with Mountain Hawk Energy. Cost levels for these expenses can vary based on industry drilling and production activity levels and the resulting demand fluctuations for oilfield services.
- *Production taxes* - Production taxes consist of severance and ad valorem taxes and are paid on produced natural gas and oil based on a percentage of market prices (not hedged prices) or at fixed rates established by federal, state or local taxing authorities.
- *Depreciation, depletion and accretion* - This includes the systematic expensing of the capitalized costs incurred to acquire, explore and develop natural gas and oil. As a successful efforts company, we capitalize all costs associated with our acquisition and development efforts and all successful exploration efforts, and allocate these costs to each unit of production using the units of production method.
- *General and administrative expense* - These costs include overhead, excluding payroll and benefits for our corporate staff, costs of maintaining our headquarters, costs of managing our production and development operations, franchise taxes, audit and other professional fees, and legal compliance.
- *Management compensation* - These costs are the current payroll and benefits for our corporate staff which are being accrued.
- *Interest expense* - We have financed a portion of our working capital requirements and acquisitions with borrowings. We also have fixed interest at 14.8% on the Jackson Energy note having a principal balance of \$2.7 million. We will likely continue to incur significant interest expense as we continue to grow.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 Compared to the Three Months Ended March 31, 2015

The following table and discussion sets forth selected operating data for the three months ended March 31, 2016 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015. Our only producing assets were shut in from January 2015 to June 2015 and have been currently shut in since January 2016.

	Three months ended March 31		Change	
	2016	2015		
Revenue				
Natural Gas Sales - Wellhead	-	1,338	\$ (1,338)	-100.00%
COPAS Fees	-	-	-	100.00%
Total revenue	0	1,338	(1,338)	-100.00%
Costs and Expenses				
Transportation - Wellhead	0	329	(329)	-100.00%
Lease operating expenses	38,943	1,132	37,811	3339.01%
Production taxes	0	142	(142)	-100.00%
Total Costs and Expenses	38,943	1,603	37,340	2329.54%
Operating Margin	(38,943)	(265)	(38,678)	14588.94%
Other Income (Expense)				
Depreciation, depletion and accretion	0	(300)	300	-100.00%
General and administrative	(14,807)	(27,171)	12,364	-45.50%
Management salaries	(83,750)	(83,750)	0	0.00%
Intangible drilling costs	0	486	(486)	100.00%
Sales of Properties	0	0	0	100.00%
Cost of Properties Sold	0	0	0	100.00%
Loss of Properties	0	0	0	100.00%
Sale of marketable securities	0	24,165	(24,165)	-100.00%
Interest expense	(84,514)	(85,439)	926	1.08%
Total Other Income (Expense)	(183,071)	(172,009)	(11,361)	-6.60%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (222,014)	\$ (172,275)	\$ (50,039)	
Natural gas (Mcf)	-	382	(382)	-100.00%
Daily production (Mcf/d)	-	4	(4)	-100.00%
Average prices:				
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$ -	\$ 3.5021	\$ (3.5021)	-100.00%
Average Costs (per Mcf):				
Transportation expense	\$ -	\$ 0.8605	\$ (0.8605)	-100.00%
Lease operating expenses	\$ -	\$ 2.9644	\$ (2.9644)	-100.00%
Production taxes	\$ -	\$ 0.3712	\$ (0.3712)	-100.00%
Operating margin (per Mcf)	\$ -	\$ (0.6940)	\$ 0.6940	-100.00%

Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided (Used) by operating activities was (\$72,777) and \$1,574 for the Quarters ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Our operating cash flow is sensitive to many variables, the most significant of which is the volatility of prices for natural gas. Prices for these commodities are determined primarily by prevailing market conditions. Regional and worldwide economic activity, weather, infrastructure, and the capacity to reach markets and other variable factors influence market conditions for natural gas. These factors are beyond our control and are difficult to predict.

Cash Flow Used by Investing Activities

For the Quarters ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, we had cash provided (Used) by investing activities of (\$233,451) and \$2,665, respectively.

Cash Flow Used by Financing Activities

For the Quarters ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, we had cash provided (Used) by financing activities of \$293,855 and (\$330), respectively.

Our capital budget needs are adjusted as business conditions warrant and availability of capital. The amount, timing and allocation of capital expenditures is largely discretionary and within our control. If natural gas decline to levels below our acceptable levels or costs increase to levels above our acceptable levels, we could choose to defer a significant portion of our budgeted capital expenditures until later periods to achieve the desired balance between sources and uses of liquidity and prioritize capital projects that we believe have the highest expected returns and potential to generate near-term cash flow. We routinely monitor and adjust our capital expenditures in response to changes in prices, availability of financing, drilling and acquisition costs, industry conditions, the timing of regulatory approvals, the availability of rigs, success or lack of success in drilling activities, contractual obligations, internally generated cash flow and other factors both within and outside our control.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of our financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Certain accounting policies involve judgments and uncertainties to such an extent that there is reasonable likelihood that materially different amounts could have been reported under different conditions, or if different assumptions had been used. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions used in preparation of our consolidated financial statements. Our more significant accounting policies and estimates include the successful efforts method of accounting for oil and gas production activities, estimates of natural gas and oil reserve quantities and standardized measures of future cash flows, and impairment of unproved properties. We believe these accounting policies reflect our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparation of our financial statements.

Litigation

The Company's only producing assets at Clabaugh Ranch have been shut in since January 2016 and when coupled with its outside working interest owners inability to pay on their accounts the result has severely effecting the Company's cash flows. The Company has had a number of vendors making claims against it for lack of payment and the claims are in the process of being settled.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements other than operating leases.

Issuer's Certifications

I, Kevin Norris, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly disclosure statement of 1st NRG Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Date: May 16, 2016



Kevin Norris
CEO