NRG Corp.

OTC Markets

Alternative Reporting Standard

Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year ended December 31, 2013

March 28, 2014

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1ST NRG CORP. BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

ASSETS		December 31 2013		December 31 2012	
Current Assets					
Cash	\$	60,325	\$	1,616	
Accounts receivable		13		-	
Total current assets		60,338		1,616	
Property & Equipment				-	
Oil & gas properties - successful efforts method					
Oil & gas properties		2,774,926		2,774,926	
Equipment		18,090		18,090	
Asset retirement obligation		7,645		8,965	
Undeveloped Properties		159,721		159,721	
Total property & equipment		2,960,382		2,961,702	
Less accumulated depreciation, depletion & accretion		(65,911)		(57,227)	
Net property & equipment		2,894,471		2,904,475	
Other Assets		, ,		, ,	
Restricted Cash		14,414,028		14,443,014	
TOTAL ASSETS		17,368,838		17,349,106	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		.,,		.,,	
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	323,850	\$	747,637	
Accrued management compensation	Ψ	2,707,922	Ψ	2,395,322	
Short term loans payable		519,320		102,418	
Advances by related parties		100,078		136,582	
Current portion of long term debt		3,613,122		2,634,968	
Total current liabilities		7,264,292			
		7,204,292		6,016,928	
Long Term Liabilities		7 215		0 625	
Asset retirement obligation		7,315		8,635	
Secured promissory note		7.215		675,000	
Total long term liabilities		7,315		683,635	
Total liabilities		7,271,607		6,700,563	
Stockholders Equity (Deficit)					
Preferred stock - 5,000,000 authorized - par value \$0.001					
Series A - issuable		449		449	
Series A - issued					
Series B - issuable		30,000			
Series B - issued					
Series D - issuable		501		500	
Additional paid in capital - preferred stock					
Restricted Cash					
Preferred stock subscription receivable					
Unfilled agreements to issue shares		(949)		(949)	
Common Stock - 20,000,000,000 authorized - par value \$0.00001					
17,364,945,919 Shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2013 and 80,922,872 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2012.		188,426		113,777	
6,610,953, Shares to be issued at December 31, 2013 and 39,610,953 at December 31, 2012		66		99,110	
Shares reserved for issuance		500		500	
Additional paid in capital		20,746,302		20,314,131	
Retained earnings (deficit)		(9,878,975)		(8,998,084)	
Period net income (loss)		(9,878,973)			
				(880,891)	
Total stockholders' equity (deficit)		10,097,231		10,648,543	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY		17,368,838		17,349,106	

1ST NRG CORP. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

		Three m			Year Ended December 31			
		2013	2012		2013		2012	
Revenues								
Natural Gas Sales	\$	5,480	\$ 8,734	\$	27,215	\$	28,803	
Total revenues		5,480	8,734		27,215		28,803	
Costs and Expenses of Operations								
Transportation/gathering		2,044	3,427		10,817		11,639	
Lease operating Expense		1,713	825		21,222		20,987	
Production Taxes		587	937		2,935		2,953	
Intangile Drilling Expense		22,677			27,276			
Total costs and expenses of operations		27,020	5,189		62,250		35,579	
Operating Margin		(21,541)	3,546		(35,035)		(6,776)	
Expenses								
Management compensation		58,750	83,750		441,250		335,000	
General and administrative		30,048	144,037		41,740		230,743	
Total Expenses		88,798	227,787		482,990		565,743	
Income (loss) from operations		(110,339)	(224,241)		(518,025)		(572,519)	
Other Income (Expense)								
Depreciation, depletion & accretion		(1,685)	(2,010)		(8,684)		(13,439)	
Interest Expense		(114,227)	(91,984)		(462,379)		(294,933)	
Total Other Income (Expense)		(115,912)	(93,995)		(471,063)		(308,372)	
Net Income (Loss)	\$	(226,251)	\$ (318,236)	\$	(989,089)	\$	(880,891)	
Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share	\$	(0.000)	\$ (0.003)	\$	(0.000)	\$	(0.007)	
Average Number of Shares Outstanding	17	,371,556,872	120,533,825	1	7,371,556,872		120,533,825	

See notes to the financial statements

1ST NRG CORP. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Year Ended December 31			
	2013		2012	
Cash flow from operating activities				
Net loss	\$ (989,089)	\$	(880,891)	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash from operations				
Depreciation, depletion & accretion expense	8,684		13,439	
Changes in current assets and liabilities				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(13)		888	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(423,787)		171,788	
Increase (decrease) in accrued management compensation	312,600		319,500	
Increase (decrease) in short term loans payable	416,901		57,528	
Increase (decrease) in advances by related parties	(36,505)		(2,750)	
Increase (decrease) in current portion of long term debt	978,154		1,156,500	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	266,946		836,002	
Investing activities				
Asset Retirement	1,320		1,320	
Restricted Cash	28,986		(14,443,014)	
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	30,306		(14,441,694)	
Financing activities				
Long term note payable	(675,000)		(900,000)	
Asset Retirement Obligation	(1,320)		(1,320)	
Additional paid in capital - preferred stock			(14,451,565)	
Restricted Cash			14,447,514	
Issuance of Series A Preferred			(449)	
Series D issuable	30,000			
Series D issuable	1			
Common stock issuable	(99,044)		36,000	
Additional paid in capital - common stock	432,171		14,407,088	
Common stock	74,649		69,927	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	 (238,543)	<u> </u>	13,607,194	
Change in cash and cash equivalents	58,710		1,502	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	1,616		114	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	\$ 60,326	\$	1,616	

See notes to the financial statements

1st NRG Corp.

Notes to Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Organization - The Company is a State of Delaware corporation and maintains a December 31 fiscal year end.

Nature of Operations - 1st NRG Corp. is an exploration and production company currently engaged in the development of natural gas producing properties in the Powder River Basin of Wyoming. Headquartered in Denver, Colorado, our recent activity has been centered on the development of coal bed methane reserves where we hold a working interest in 42 producing wells, 8 permitted locations and 3,300 undeveloped acres. The Company is expanding its activities into one of North America's most exciting shale plays participating in a development of prospective acreage in SE Ohio encompassing approximately 7,000 acres.

Basis of Presentation - The accompanying financial statements were prepared by the Company and include 1st NRG's share of assets, liabilities, income and expenses from the properties in which the Company has a participating working interest. The Company has no subsidiaries or affiliates with which intercompany transactions are recorded. The Company uses the accrual basis of accounting for financial statement purposes. These statements have not been audited.

Risks and Uncertainties - Historically, oil and natural gas prices have experienced significant fluctuations and natural gas prices have been particularly depressed in recent years. If the Company's assets do not generate income sufficient to meet operating expenses, the Company's perceived market value could adversely be affected. Income from, and the value of, the Company's assets may be adversely affected by the general economic climate, oil & natural gas market conditions such as an oversupply of related assets or a reduction in demand for natural gas or natural gas assets in the areas in which the Company's assets are located, and competition from other energy companies. Revenues from the Company's assets are also affected by such factors as the costs of production and local market conditions.

Cash - Restricted - 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (\$16,057.79 per Unit) and \$14,414,028 is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. Under the terms of the Unit Subscription Agreement (USA), the Investor's cash and the Securities purchased (in certificate form) have been deposited in a restricted account with an Intermediary whereby an Account Management Agreement (AMA) between the Investors, the Company and the Intermediary governs the release of funds to the Company from the restricted account. The Investors may NOT request a return of capital without the agreement of 1st NRG and 1st NRG may not request to unwind or alter the transaction without agreement of the Investors. The shares are fully paid and non assessable.

The funds were to be released to the Company in 36 periodic installments pursuant to the AMA and a schedule approved by the Company and the Investors. Trading volumes at or above a minimum bid price will release a percentage of each periodic "Breakout" funds to the Company. There are provisions within the agreement which address release of funds to the Company in the event that 1) trading volume is below the minimums, and 2) average bid prices are above or below the minimums. These provisions are in place to ensure the offering goes forward in a smooth and timely manner and all the funds are disbursed to the Company and the shares distributed to the Investors. During the fiscal year ended December 31, there was a net \$28,986 released to the Company from the restricted cash account. The Company and the Investors are negotiating changes to the AMA to continue release of funds to the Company given the recent share price, share structure and trading volumes.

Revenue Recognition - The Company recognizes oil and gas revenues for only its ownership percentage of total production under the entitlement method. Purchase, sale and transportation of natural gas are recognized upon completion of the sale and when transported volumes are delivered according to the terms of the contract.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management will provide for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on management's assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that would remain outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts would be written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade receivables. Accounts receivable are short-term, non-interest bearing and uncollateralized. The Company did not record any allowance for uncollectable receivables in 2013 or 2012.

Concentrations of Credit Risk - Financial instruments that subject the Company to credit risk consist principally of cash and receivables. Cash balances are maintained in local financial institutions and at times the balances may be in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes the risk of loss to be minimal. Receivables consist primarily of amounts due from natural gas

purchasers primarily located in the Rocky Mountain region of the United States. The Company does not ordinarily require collateral, but in the case of receivables for joint interest operations, the Company will have the ability to offset amounts due against the participant's share of production from the related property. At December 31, 2013, the Company began joint interest operations with the start of its development program in Wyoming..

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company's significant estimates include estimated life of long lived assets, use of reserves in the estimation of depletion of oil and gas properties and the impairment of oil and gas properties and asset retirement obligations.

Impairment - Long-lived assets, including oil and gas properties, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If the expected undiscounted future cash flow from the use of the assets and their eventual disposition is less than the carrying amount of the assets, an impairment loss is recognized and measured using the asset's fair value or discounted cash flows. Management does not believe the oil and gas properties are impaired as of December 31, 2013 or at December 31, 2012. No provision for impairment has been previously recorded for proved properties.

Fair Value Measurement and Financial Instruments - The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable. The fair market value of these financial instruments approximates or is equal to the book value. In 2009, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurement and Disclosures including the application of the statement to non-recurring, non financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have a material impact on the Company's fair value measurements. ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on the Company's own assumptions.

ASC 820 requires the use of observable market date if such data is available without undue cost and effect.

Industry Segment and Geographic Information - The Company operates in one industry segment, the exploration, development, production and sale of natural gas. All of the Company's operations are conducted in the continental United States and consequently, the Company currently reports as a single industry segment.

Earnings per Share - Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing net income (loss) attributable to common stock by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share incorporates the treasury stock method to measure the dilutive impact of potential common stock equivalents by including the effect of outstanding vested and unvested stock options and unvested stock awards in the average number of common shares outstanding during the period.

The following table shows the calculation of basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding and EPS for the periods indicated:

	For the fiscal year ended December 31,				
	2013	2012			
Income (loss) attributable to common stock	(989,089)	(880,891)	-		
Weighted average shares					
Weighted average shares—basic	17,371,556,872	120,533,825			
Earnings (loss) per share - basic	(0.000)	(0.007)			

NOTE 2 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Issues - The Company is engaged in oil and gas exploration and production and may become subject to certain liabilities as they relate to environmental cleanup of well sites or other environmental restoration procedures as they relate to the

drilling of oil and gas wells and the operation thereof. In the Company's acquisition of existing or previously drilled well bores, the Company may not be aware of what environmental safeguards were taken at the time such wells were drilled or during such time the wells were operated. Should it be determined that a liability exists with respect to any environmental clean up or restoration, the liability to cure such a violation could fall upon the Company.

Management believes its properties are operated in conformity with local, state and Federal regulations. No claim has been made, nor is the Company aware of any uninsured liability which the Company may have, as it relates to any environmental cleanup, restoration or the violation of any rules or regulations relating thereto.

Government Regulation - Many aspects of the oil and gas industry are extensively regulated by Federal, state, and local governments in all areas in which the Company has operations. Regulations govern such things as drilling permits, environmental protection and pollution control, spacing of wells, the unitization and pooling of properties, reports concerning operations, royalty rates, and various other matters, including taxation. Oil and gas industry legislation and administrative regulations are periodically changed for a variety of political, economic and other reasons. The Company has not been fined or cited for any violations of governmental regulations that would have a material adverse effect upon the financial condition, capital expenditures, earnings, or competitive position of the Company in the oil and gas industry

Note 3 - PREFERRED STOCK AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Preferred Class A - 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (\$16,057.79 per Unit) and \$14,414,028 is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. Under the terms of the Unit Subscription Agreement (USA), the Investor's cash and the Securities purchased (in certificate form) have been deposited in a restricted account with an Intermediary whereby an Account Management Agreement (AMA) between the Investors, the Company and the Intermediary governs the release of funds to the Company from the restricted account. The Investors may NOT request a return of capital without the agreement of 1st NRG and 1st NRG may not request to unwind or alter the transaction without agreement of the Investors. The shares are fully paid and non assessable.

The funds were to be released to the Company in 36 periodic installments pursuant to the AMA and a schedule approved by the Company and the Investors. Trading volumes at or above a minimum bid price will release a percentage of each periodic "Breakout" funds to the Company. There are provisions within the agreement which address release of funds to the Company in the event that 1) trading volume is below the minimums, and 2) average bid prices are above or below the minimums. These provisions are in place to ensure the offering goes forward in a smooth and timely manner and all the funds are disbursed to the Company and the shares distributed to the Investors. During the fiscal year ended December 31, there was a net \$28,986 released to the Company from the restricted cash account. The Company and the Investors are negotiating changes to the AMA to continue release of funds to the Company given the recent share price, share structure and trading volumes.

If the Average bid for the Company's Common Stock is less than the bid requirements in any Breakout Period the Company at its sole discretion may utilize a pool of 134,781 Preferred "A" Shares (convertible to 13,478,100 Common) which are available to be deposited with the Intermediary to be held for use as the Pricing Workout Pool, (the "PWP"). The PWP would provide additional shares in the event pricing does not meet the expected levels. The existence of the PWP will allow the offering to proceed in a smooth and timely manner.

An additional 314,488 Series "A" Preferred shares make up the Value Added Model (VAM) for the management team. The VAM will bonus shares on a quarterly basis for performance of corporate valuation. Each series of VAM must be preceded by the fulfillment (Delivery or exercise) of either the completed Breakout for that VAM disbursement period as detailed in the AMA. Such bonus pool will be divided as the Company sees fit, but a complete plan will be approved by the Series "A" Investors.

Series B Issuance- Each Series "B" Preferred converts to common shares at par - \$0.00001. Shares of Series B Preferred Stock may not be converted into shares of Common Stock for a period of: a) six (6) months after purchase, if the Company voluntarily or involuntarily files public reports pursuant to Section 12 or 15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; or b) twelve (12) months if the Company does not file such public reports.

The Series B Shares has a face value of \$2.50 per share and does not have voting rights. Upon any liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Corporation, whether voluntary or involuntary, before any distribution or payment shall be made to the holders of any stock ranking junior to the Series B Preferred Stock, the holders of the Series B Preferred Stock shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the Corporation an amount equal to \$1.00 per share or, in the event of an aggregate subscription by a single subscriber for Series B Preferred Stock in excess of \$100,000, \$0.997 per share (as adjusted for any stock dividends, combinations, splits, recapitalizations and the like with respect to such shares) (the "Preference Value"), plus all declared but unpaid dividends, for each share of Series B Preferred Stock held by them. After the payment of the full applicable Preference Value of each share of the Series B Preferred Stock as set forth herein, the remaining assets of the Corporation legally available for distribution, if any, shall be distributed ratably to the holders of the Corporation's Common Stock.

Series D Issuance - As part of the private placement of Series "A' Issuance described above and the AMA agreements the Company issued 500,000 shares of Series "D" Preferred Shares to the Management of the Company. If at least one share of Series D Preferred Stock is issued and outstanding, then the total aggregate issued shares of Series D Preferred Stock at any given time, regardless of their number, shall have voting rights equal to four times the sum of: i) the total number of shares of Common Stock which are issued and outstanding at the time of voting, plus ii) the total number of shares of Series A and Series C Preferred Stocks which are issued and outstanding at the time of voting.

In December 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with Natural Gas Fuel Company, LLC (NGFCLLC) whereby NGFCLLC agreed to assign certain rights and agreements it held to purchase assets in Wyoming to the Company, in exchange for 500,000 Preferred Class C Shares. The NGFCLLC Preferred shares were converted into 5,000,000 common shares pursuant to a conversion request dated July 6, 2011. Mr. Kevin Norris, a Director and the Company's CEO was the managing member of NGFCLLC. In addition to Mr. Norris, Mssrs. William Ellingson and Jon Roddy, both current Directors of the Company were also Members of NGFC, LLC. Mr. Norris, Mr. Ellingson and Mr. Roddy hold 2,086,810, 1,043,405 and 834,725 Common Shares as a result of converting the Preferred Class C Shares respectively. At December 31, 2013 these shares still remain unissued.

In February 2012, the Company engaged Ascendiant Capital Partners Client on a non-exclusive basis, to render such assistance, advice, consultation, information, and services to the Officers and/or Directors of Client regarding general business matters including, Capital Structure, Financial Modeling, Merger/Acquisition Activities, Qualifications for Stock Exchange Listings, Corporate Governance, and other Public Company matters. The Company has agreed to issue Ascendiant 300,000 Common Shares in consideration for entering into the consulting arrangement. At December 31, 2013 these shares still remain unissued.

On April 10th 2012, the company received notice that Mr. Robert Cox, a non affiliated individual, had purchased a promissory note between the company and Orange Investments with a principal amount outstanding of \$25,000. Concurrently, the company received notice that Mr. Cox had assigned portions of the Note which had elected to convert portions of the note into common stock of the company. In total, six non affiliated entities converted \$12,250.00 of principal into 12,249,996 shares of common stock.

As discussed above, 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and 47,438,030 Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (\$16,057.79 per Unit) and is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. In October 2012, the Investors converted the Series A Preffered Shares into 44,926,902 shares of the Company's common stock.

On December 18th 2012, the Company received notice that Mr. Robert Cox, had assigned portions of the Note he acquired and those assignees elected to convert portions of the note into common stock of the company. In total, four non affiliated entities converted \$12,750.00 of principal into 12,750,000 shares of common stock.

On December 28th 2012, the Company received notice that four non affiliated entities, had purchased a portion of a promissory note between the company and Orange Investments with a principal amount outstanding of \$20,000. Concurrently, the company received notice that the four had elected to convert portions of the note into common stock of the company. In total, four non affiliated entities converted \$3,300.00 of principal into 33,000,000 shares of common stock.

On March 7th 2013, the Company received notice that seven non affiliated entities, had purchased a portion of a promissory note between the company and Orange Investments with a principal amount outstanding of \$20,000. Concurrently, the company received notice that the seven had elected to convert portions of the note into common stock of the company. In total, the seven non affiliated entities converted \$13,000 of principal into 130,000,000 shares of common stock.

June 13, 2013, the Company issued 7,500,000,000 of common stock each, to Mr. William Ellingson and Mr. Kevin Norris for services rendered. Mr. Ellingson and Mr. Norris are on the Company Board of Directors. Additionally, Mr. Norris is the Company's CEO.

On June 25th 2013, the Company received notice that non affiliated entities, had purchased a promissory note between the Company and Sean T. Norris with a principal amount outstanding of \$11,500. Concurrently, the company received notice that the purchaser had elected to convert the note into 1,477,634,000 shares of common stock of the company.

In November and December 2013, the Company issued 250,000,000, and 400,000,000 shares of its common stock to a non affiliated third party in the State of Delaware, pursuant to an exemption from registration provided under Rule 504 of the Securities Act of 1933. The Company received proceeds of \$50,000 and \$30,000 respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition or Plan of Operation

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition or plan of operation should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this report. The following discussion contains "forward-looking statements" that reflect our future plans, estimates, beliefs and expected performance. We caution that assumptions, expectations, projections, intentions, or beliefs about future events may, and often do, vary from actual results and the differences can be material. Some of the key factors which could cause actual results to vary from our expectations include changes in commodity prices, the timing of planned capital expenditures, availability of acquisitions, uncertainties in estimating proved reserves and forecasting production results, operational factors affecting the commencement or maintenance of producing wells, the condition of the capital markets generally, as well as our ability to access them and uncertainties regarding environmental regulations or litigation and other legal or regulatory developments affecting our business, as well as those factors discussed below, all of which are difficult to predict. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed may not occur.

Our Company

1st NRG Corp. is an exploration and production company currently engaged in the development of natural gas producing properties in the Powder River Basin of Wyoming. Headquartered in Denver, Colorado, our recent activity has been centered on the development of coal bed methane reserves where we hold a working interest in 42 producing wells, 8 permitted locations and 3,300 undeveloped acres. The Company is expanding its activities into one of North America's most exciting shale plays participating in a development of prospective acreage in SE Ohio encompassing approximately 7,000 acres.

Our average daily production for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 was approximately 28 Mcf/d (23 Mcf/d net) which was down 43% from the approximately 40 Mcf/d (32 Mcf/d net) for the same period ended December 31, 2012. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 the Company received an average gross price of \$ 3.25 per net mcf, less transportation and production taxes which averaged \$1.64 per net mcf, resulting in a margin before lease operations and depletion of \$ 1.61 per produced net mcf. Net production to the Company for 2013 was 8,375 mcf. The Company does not operate the current population of producing wells and as a result we have no control over lease operating expenses which averaged \$2.53 per net mcf for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 compared to \$1.76 per net mcf for the same period in 2012. At December 31, 2013 eighteen wells were shut in compared to seventeen wells at December 31, 2012. We hold an average 3.04% (2.5% net) working interest in the producing wells at December 31, 2013.

CBM - Northern Wyoming

Our current properties are characterized by what we believe to be low geologic risk and repeatable development opportunity. Clabaugh Ranch is about 18 miles northwest of Gillette Wyoming and all of the wells drilled there have encountered developed coal seams in the Warner, Upper and Lower Smith, Wyodak/Anderson Lower, Gates and Wall formations. Wire line logging shows gross pay zones of approximately 150-200 feet. The most significant of these are the Warner, Wyodak/Andersen, and Gates coals. The field is operated by Mountain Hawk Exploration, LLC.

The Clabaugh Ranch field now has 43 wells drilled at December 31, 2013 with a success rate of 100%. Our drilling inventory consists of 1 well currently being completed, 7 permitted well locations and 28 future locations, all of which are CBM resource opportunities. We believe there is sufficient long-term pipeline takeaway capacity to accommodate our existing production. As we begin our 2014 development program the Company completed the drilling phase of the Clabaugh Federal 42-15-5376 WA, the first well in a planned eight well infill development drilling program. The well was drilled to 1680' and as expected, wireline logging identified approximately 200' of developed coal seams in the Schwartz, Anderson, Canyon, Cook and Wall formations. The activity extended the lease for a period of two years while we establish production which we still anticipate in Q2 - 2014.

Utica Shale - Eastern Ohio

In Ohio, the initial due diligence and cure periods have concluded with the Company and its operating partner purchasing the initial 40 acre drill site for the vertical test well. The development agreement calls for the vertical test well to be drilled within the next 90 days. Unless extended by agreement, the test well will be drilled through the Utica Shale approximately 6,500 feet in depth. 1st NRG Corp holds a 20% working interest in the development and is carried through the vertical test well.

As information becomes available the size and extent of the Utica Shale resource will become more evident. The Ordovician-aged Utica Shale is distributed across several US states as well as Quebec, Canada and is found approximately 2,000+ ft below the Marcellus Shale. The Utica shale is generally shallower to the West and deepens to the East. In addition to the Utica Shale, other formations such as the Devonian shale, Marcellus shale, Clinton sandstone, Medina Sandstone, Trenton Limestone, Black River, Beekmantown dolomite and Rose Run all are potential targets below the Second Berea. Recently the Ohio Department of Natural

Resources released estimates of the possible Utica-Point Pleasant recoverable reserve potential in Ohio to be between 3.75 to 15.7 trillion cubic feet of natural gas and 1.3 to 5.5 billion barrels of oil. The USGS released its first estimates of the reserve potential of the Utica Shale to be about 38 trillion cubic feet of undiscovered, recoverable natural gas, 940 million barrels of oil and 9 million barrels of natural gas liquids. The USGS estimates included part of Maryland, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and West Virginia.

In order to execute its strategy the Company will need external sources of funds as cash flows from operations are not currently sufficient to meet the Company's capital and operational needs. In late October 2012, the Company executed a credit facility which would make up to \$7,000,000 available to the Company. The facility allows the Company to draw in one or multiple tranches as agreed to between the lender and the Company. The Note will mature in three years and will bear interest at 8%. Any outstanding amounts due under the Note may be converted at maturity into the Company's common stock at the average of the lowest bid for the ten days prior to conversion. At December 31, 2013, the Company had drawn \$118,198 on the facility. Also, in January 2011, 1st NRG Corp closed a transaction with nine qualified investors in January 2011, pursuant to which the Investors purchased a private placement of Units consisting of Preferred Shares (convertible into Common Shares) and Warrants to purchase Common Shares. The total Unit purchase was \$14,452,014.45 (16,057.79 per Unit) and \$14,414,028 is currently reflected on the Company's Balance Sheet as restricted cash. Under the terms of the Unit Subscription Agreement (USA), the Investor's cash and the Securities purchased (in certificate form) have been deposited in a restricted account with an Intermediary whereby an Account Management Agreement (AMA) between the Investors, the Company and the Intermediary governs the release of funds to the Company from the restricted account. The Investors may NOT request a return of capital without the agreement of 1st NRG and 1st NRG may not request to unwind or alter the transaction without agreement of the Investors. The shares are fully paid and non assessable.

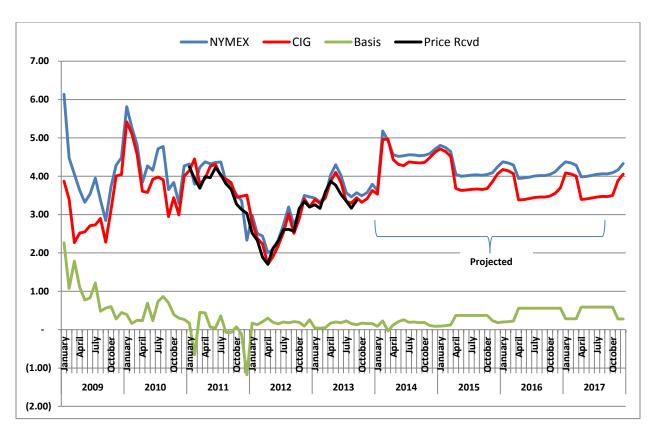
The funds were to be released to the Company in 36 periodic installments pursuant to the AMA and a schedule approved by the Company and the Investors. Trading volumes at or above a minimum bid price will release a percentage of each periodic "Breakout" funds to the Company. There are provisions within the agreement which address release of funds to the Company in the event that 1) trading volume is below the minimums, and 2) average bid prices are above or below the minimums. These provisions are in place to ensure the offering goes forward in a smooth and timely manner and all the funds are disbursed to the Company and the shares distributed to the Investors. During the fiscal year ended December 31, there was a net \$28,986 released to the Company form the restricted cash account. The Company and the Investors are negotiating changes to the AMA to continue release of funds to the Company given the recent share price, share structure and trading volumes.

If the Average bid for the Company's Common Stock is less than the bid requirements in any Breakout Period a pool of 134,781 Preferred "A" Shares (convertible to 13,478,100 Common) are designated to be deposited with the Intermediary to be held for use as the Pricing Workout Pool, (the "PWP"). The PWP would provide additional shares to make up additional shares necessary in the event pricing does not meet the expected levels. The existence of the PWP will allow the offering to proceed in a smooth and timely manner.

An additional 314,488 Series "A" Preferred shares make up the Value Added Model (VAM) for the management team. The VAM will bonus shares on a quarterly basis for performance of corporate valuation. Each series of VAM must be preceded by the fulfillment (Delivery or exercise) of either the completed Breakout for that VAM disbursement period as detailed in the AMA. Such bonus pool will be divided as the Company sees fit, but a complete plan will be approved by the Series "A" Investors.

Source of Our Revenues

Our production revenues are entirely from the natural gas produced at Clabaugh Ranch. Natural gas prices are inherently volatile and are influenced by many factors outside of our control. Additionally, our production is currently sold by Mountain Hawk Energy, LLC, the current operator of the field, under terms of the governing joint operating agreement. Below is a chart of historical and projected natural gas prices for CIG, NYMEX and the CIG basis differential:



Principal Components of Our Cost Structure

- Transportation expense These are the costs incurred to bring the natural gas to the market and include the gathering
 and compression fees charged by third parties. The first stage of gathering, by Wyoming law, is not a cost that is borne
 by the royalty and overriding royalty interest owners and is therefore paid by the working interest owners.
- Lease Operating Expenses These are the daily costs of producing, repairs and work over expenses related to our
 natural gas properties as incurred under terms of the Operating Agreement with Mountain Hawk Energy. Cost levels for
 these expenses can vary based on industry drilling and production activity levels and the resulting demand fluctuations
 for oilfield services.
- Production taxes Production taxes consist of severance and ad valorem taxes and are paid on produced natural gas
 and oil based on a percentage of market prices (not hedged prices) or at fixed rates established by federal, state or local
 taxing authorities.
- Depreciation, depletion and accretion This includes the systematic expensing of the capitalized costs incurred to
 acquire, explore and develop natural gas and oil. As a successful efforts company, we capitalize all costs associated with
 our acquisition and development efforts and all successful exploration efforts, and allocate these costs to each unit of
 production using the units of production method.
- General and administrative expense These costs include overhead, excluding payroll and benefits for our corporate staff, costs of maintaining our headquarters, costs of managing our production and development operations, franchise taxes, audit and other professional fees, and legal compliance.
- Management compensation These costs are the current payroll and benefits for our corporate staff which are being accrued.
- Interest expense We have financed a portion of our working capital requirements and acquisitions with borrowings. We also have fixed interest at 14.8% on the Jackson Energy note having a principal balance of \$2.7 million. We will likely continue to incur significant interest expense as we continue to grow.

Results of Operations

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 Compared to the Fiscal year ended December 31, 2012

The following table sets forth selected operating data for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012.

		Year Ended December 31					
		2013	2012			Chan	ge
Revenue							
Natural Gas Sales - Wellhead	\$	27,215	\$	28,803	\$	(1,588)	-5.51%
		27,215		28,803	,	(1,588)	-5.51%
Total revenue							
Costs and Expenses							
Transportation - Wellhead		10,817		11,639		(822)	-7.06%
Lease operating expenses		21,222		20,987		235	1.12%
Production taxes		2,935		2,953		(18)	-0.59%
Intangible Drilling Costs		27,276		0		27,276	100.00%
Depreciation, depletion and accretion		8,684		13,439		4,755	35.38%
Total Costs and Expenses		70,935		49,018		31,426	64.11%
Operating Margin	<u>-</u>	(43,720)		(20,215)		(33,014)	163.31%
Other Income (Expense)							
General and administrative		41,740		230,743		189,003	-81.91%
Salaries		441,250		335,000		(106,250)	31.72%
Interest expense		462,379		294,933		(167,447)	56.77%
Total Other Income (Expense)		945,369		860,676		(84,694)	9.84%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(989,089)	\$	(880,891)	\$	(117,707)	
Net natural gas production (Mcf)		8,375		11,939		(3,564)	-29.85%
Daily production (Mcf/d)		23		33		(10)	-29.85% -29.85%
Average prices:		23		33		(10)	-29.63/6
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$	3.2496	\$	2.4125	\$	0.8370	34.70%
Average Costs (per Mcf):	Ψ	3.2190	Ψ	2.1123	Ψ	0.0570	31.7070
Transportation expense	\$	1.2916	\$	0.9749	\$	0.3167	32.49%
Lease operating expenses	\$	2.5341	\$	1.7579	\$	0.7761	44.15%
Production taxes	\$	0.3505	\$	0.2473	\$	0.1032	41.71%
Depreciation, depletion and accretion	\$	1.0369	\$	1.1257	\$	(0.0887)	-7.88%
Operating margin (per Mcf)	\$	(1.9635)	\$	(1.6933)	\$	(0.2702)	15.96%

Natural gas sales - Revenues from production of natural gas decreased from \$28,803 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$27,215 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 a decrease of \$1,588, or approximately 5.51%. Higher commodity prices masked declines in gross production where our daily net production decreased by 29.85% from 33 net Mcfd for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 compared to 23 net Mcfd for the corresponding period ended December 31, 2013. The average price received per net mcf increased 34.7% from approximately \$2.41/mcf for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 when compared to the approximately \$3.25 received for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

Lease operating expenses. Lease operating expenses increased \$235 from the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$21,222 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, an increase of approximately 1.12%. On a per unit basis, lease operating expenses increased in total from \$1.7579 per net Mcf for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$2.5341 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The Company does not operate the current population of producing wells and therefore has no control over

expenses at the time they are incurred. The increase in operating costs per unit of net production is reflective of the decrease in net production and an apparent delay in repairs due to depressed natural gas prices.

Gathering and transportation. Gathering and transportation expense decreased \$822 or approximately 7.06% from the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$10,817 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. On a per unit basis, these expenses increased from \$0.9749 per net Mcf for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$1.2916 per net Mcf for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

Production taxes. Total production taxes decreased by \$18 or approximately 0.59% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the prior year fiscal year ended December 31, 2012. Production taxes are based upon values received and therefore increased as a direct result of the higher commodity prices received for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 versus the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 off set by the lower net production volumes. We are also looking into the possibility that property taxes were charged to our interest twice. On a per unit basis, production taxes per Mcf increased by 41.71% from \$0.2473 to \$0.3505 per Mcf.

Intangible Drilling Costs. IDC's increased 100% as the Company began its 2014 drilling program in December 2013 with the initial drilling of the Clabaugh Federal 42-15-5376WA.

General and administrative. General and administrative expense decreased from \$230,743 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to 41,740 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The large offset was due to a recalculation of Delaware franchise taxes.

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$167,447 or approximately 57% for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$462,379 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 primarily because of favorable conditions under an existing agreement allowing certain debt conversions into common stock during the first twelve months of 2013.

Three Months Ended December 31, 2013 Compared to the Three Months Ended December 31, 2012

The following table and discussion sets forth selected operating data for the three months ended December 31, 2013 compared to the three months ended December 31, 2012.

	Three Months Ended December 31						
		2013		2012	Chang		nge
Revenue	<u></u>				<u> </u>		
Natural Gas Sales - Wellhead	\$	5,480	\$	8,734	\$	(3,255)	-37.26%
		5,480		8,734		(3,255)	-37.26%
Total revenue			•		•		
Costs and Expenses							
Transportation - Wellhead		2,044		3,427		(1,383)	-40.36%
Lease operating expenses		1,713		825		888	107.69%
Production taxes		587		937		(350)	-37.37%
Intangible Drilling Costs		22,677		0		22,677	100.00%
Depreciation, depletion and accretion		1,685		2,010		325	16.18%
Total Costs and Expenses		28,706		7,199		22,157	
Operating Margin		(23,226)		1,535		(25,412)	
Other Income (Expense)							
General and administrative		30,048		144,037		113,988	-79.14%
Salaries		58,750		83,750		25,000	-29.85%
Interest expense		114,227		91,984		(22,242)	24.18%
Total Other Income (Expense)		203,025		319,771		116,746	-36.51%
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(226,251)	\$	(318,236)	\$	91,334	
Net natural gas production (Mcf)		1,585		2,817		(1,232)	-43.74%
Daily production (Mcf/d)		17		31		(13)	-43.74%
Average prices:							
Natural gas (per Mcf)	\$	3.4578	\$	3.1005	\$	0.3573	11.52%
Average Costs (per Mcf):							
Transportation expense	\$	1.2898	\$	1.2166	\$	0.0732	6.02%
Lease operating expenses	\$	1.0807	\$	0.2927	\$	0.7880	269.18%

Production taxes	\$ 0.3702	\$ 0.3326	\$ 0.0377	11.32%
Depreciation, depletion and accretion	\$ 1.0634	\$ 0.7137	\$ 0.3497	49.00%
Operating margin (per Mcf)	\$ (0.3463)	\$ 0.5450	\$ (0.8913)	-163.55%

Natural gas sales - Revenues from production of natural gas decreased from \$8,734 for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$5,480 for the quarter ended December 31, 2013, a decrease of \$3,255, or approximately 37.26%. Our daily net production decreased by 43.7% from 31 net Mcfd for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 compared to 17 net Mcfd for the corresponding period ended December 31, 2013. The average price received per net mcf increased 11.52% from approximately \$3.1005/mcf for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 when compared to the approximately \$3.4578 received for the quarter ended December 31, 2013

Lease operating expenses. Lease operating expenses increased \$888 for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$1,713 for the quarter ended December 31, 2013, an increase of approximately 107.69%. On a per unit basis, lease operating expenses also increased in total from \$0.2927 per net Mcf for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$1.0807 for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. The Company does not operate the current population of producing wells and therefore has no control over expenses at the time they are incurred.

Gathering and transportation. Gathering and transportation expense decreased \$1,383 or approximately 40.36% for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$2,044 for the quarter ended December 31, 2013. On a per unit basis, these expenses increased from \$1.2166 per net Mcf for the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$1.2898 per net Mcf for the quarter ended December 31, 2013.

Production taxes. Total production taxes decreased by \$350 or approximately 37.37% for the quarter ended December 31, 2013 compared to the prior year quarter ended December 31, 2012. Production taxes are based upon values received and therefore decreased as a direct result of the decline in revenues received for the quarter ended December 31, 2013 versus the quarter ended December 31, 2012. On a per unit basis, production taxes per Mcf increased by 11.32% from \$0.3326 to \$0.3702 per Mcf.

Intangible Drilling Costs. IDC's increased 100% as the Company began its 2014 drilling program in December 2013 with the initial drilling of the Clabaugh Federal 42-15-5376WA.

General and administrative. General and administrative expense decreased from \$144,037 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 to \$30,048 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013. The large offset was due to a recalculation of Delaware franchise taxes.

Interest expense. Interest expense increased \$22,242 or approximately 24.18% from the quarter ended December 31, 2012 to \$114,227 during the quarter ended December 31, 2013 because of favorable conditions under existing agreements allowing conversions of certain debt into Equity.

Cash Flow Provided by Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$ 337,208 and \$ 667,954 for the quarters ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The Company reclassified current accounts payable to loans payable.

Our operating cash flow is sensitive to many variables, the most significant of which is the volatility of prices for natural gas. Prices for these commodities are determined primarily by prevailing market conditions. Regional and worldwide economic activity, weather, infrastructure, and the capacity to reach markets and other variable factors influence market conditions for natural gas. These factors are beyond our control and are difficult to predict.

Cash Flow Used by Investing Activities

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had cash provided by investing activities of \$30,306 and (\$14,441,694), respectively.

Our capital budget may be adjusted as business conditions warrant. The amount, timing and allocation of capital expenditures is largely discretionary and within our control. If natural gas decline to levels below our acceptable levels or costs increase to levels above our acceptable levels, we could choose to defer a significant portion of our budgeted capital expenditures until later periods to achieve the desired balance between sources and uses of liquidity and prioritize capital projects that we believe have the highest expected returns and potential to generate near-term cash flow. We routinely monitor and adjust our capital expenditures in response to changes in prices, availability of financing, drilling and acquisition costs, industry conditions, the timing of regulatory approvals,

the availability of rigs, success or lack of success in drilling activities, contractual obligations, internally generated cash flow and other factors both within and outside our control.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of our financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Certain accounting policies involve judgments and uncertainties to such an extent that there is reasonable likelihood that materially different amounts could have been reported under different conditions, or if different assumptions had been used. We evaluate our estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. We base our estimates on historical experience and various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions used in preparation of our consolidated financial statements. Our more significant accounting policies and estimates include the successful efforts method of accounting for oil and gas production activities, estimates of natural gas and oil reserve quantities and standardized measures of future cash flows, and impairment of unproved properties. We believe these accounting policies reflect our more significant estimates and assumptions used in preparation of our financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements other than operating leases.

Issuer's Certifications

I, Kevin Norris, certify that: 1. I have reviewed this initial disclosure statement of 1st NRG Corp.; 2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Date: March 28, 2014

Kevin Norris CEO