OTC Pink Basic Disclosure September 30, 2013

1) Name of the issuer and its predecessors Entertainment Arts Research Inc

2) Address of the issuer's principal executive office: 7249 Misty Harbor Court

Stone Mountain, GA 30087

3) SecurityInformation: Trading Symbol: EARI
Transfer Agent: Empire Stock Transfer
Is registered under exchange act 1859 Whitney Mesa Dr.

Henderson, NV 702-818-5898

Stock ID	Stock Description CUSIP	Active Holders	Authorized Authorized Unissued
479	BLUE-Common A 29382T103	300	95,200,000 9,154,360
CSB	Common B Series B	3	50,000,000 44,800,000
PRA	Pre-Printed: Pref A 29382T202	22	25,000,000 22,460,500
PRB	Blue: Pref B 29382T301	40	25,000,000 23,262,100
PRD	Pref:Series D Convertible Preferred 50 to 1 vote rights	0	25,000,000 25,000,000

List any restrictions on the transfer of security:

None

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC in the past 12 months.

None

List any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months:

None

4) Issuance History

Entertainment Arts has had one event in the last two years that represented a recordable stock change. On August 1, 2013 EARI issued a total of 13,200,000 shares of two year restricted Common A stock to the four principals of Imagination Branding. The stock was sold at July 29th 2013 pricing and represented the stock portion of the purchase of Imagination Branding. EARI deposited the 13,200,000 and \$230,000.00 dollars to the Escrow Agent Charles Fridell, Attorney 4535 Harding Rd, Suite 208, Nashville, TN 37205. Imagination Branding close will be completed upon the escrow agent receiving \$1,270,000.00 cash and the completion of Imagination's audit.

5) Financial Statements

See Exhibit A.

6) EARI's Products and Services

Entertainment Arts Research Inc. (EARI) creates, develops and publishes apps, video games, web content and interactive entertainment that reflect culture, ethnicity and passion of communities the mainstream media overlooks.

EARI is a Nevada sub chapter s corporation that is listed on the OTC Pink Sheets. EARI is the process of finalizing the qualifications of being a reporting company. They will file their filings to get on Bulletin Boards. EARI's main office is in Atlanta and after the Imagination Branding acquisition will have an office in Dallas, Nashville and Rochester, NY.

Products and Services

EARI owns Daily App Dream which is a boutique app platform for Apple apps. It allows app developers to feature their apps to help distinguish them from the 900,000 apps found in the Apple store. Each day Daily App Dream will feature three apps that will allow our 300,000 monthly followers to download them for free.

To expand and differentiate Daily App Dream from its competitors EARI will look to expand into offering marketing and branding services. An effective way to do this will be to look at acquiring companies that will help enhance our marketing and branding vision.

EARI offers game and app design and development services as well as develops and designs their own apps and games.

7) EARI's Facilities

Until the acquisition is completed EARI does not have any leased space.

8) Officers, Directors, and Control Persons

Joseph Saulter, CEO, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Professor Joseph Saulter is our founder, CEO, and Chairman of the Board, and has served in these capacities since 2002. In this role, he has created an organization focused on African-American game design and development, guided the management of a new

educational game for Atlanta Life Financial Group, and developed Urban Video Game Academy, a game technology center for urban school students. Mr. Saulter currently serves as the Chairman of the International Game Developers Association's Diversity Advisory Board and has held the Chairman's position at American Intercontinental University in Atlanta. Mr. Saulter is currently working with video companies, such as EA Sports, in helping to create diversity and opportunity for underprivileged youth in the gaming industry. Through his connections in the gaming industry Mr. Saulter has recruited some of the best designers in the gaming industry to work on EARI's projects.

Mark Gibbs, President

Mark is a recognized marketing and financial leader known for crafting a company's requisite strategic vision. His unique blend of financial and marketing expertise helps to maximize clients' bottom line. For over 25 years as a registered financial consultant, Mark has worked with the most recognized financial firms where he gained experience helping companies go public. In 2005, at the request of his clients, he formed Sail Marketing Inc. to deliver state of the art marketing services to help companies maximize their vertical sales growth through client database management. He was instrumental in helping EARI with the purchase of Daily App Dream and is overseeing the purchase of the brand marketing company Imagination Branding. Mark's responsibilities at EARI will be to keep EARI on track with its new vision as a complete service and promoter of apps and games.

- B) There have been no legal or disciplinary issues in the past five years.
- C) Beneficial Shareholders

Common Shareholders

Aaron &Allison Berson 5 Daremy Court

Melville, NY 11747 5,000,000 Shares Common Restricted

Stephen Friedman 2087 Berley Ln Merrick NY 11566

Merrick, NY 11566 Common Restricted

5,000,000 Shares

K&R Investment 33 Main St.

Newton, CT 06470 10,150,000 Shares Common Restricted

Principal Owner and Resident Agent Robert Tassinari

Address: Same as above

Joseph Saulter

7249 Misty Harbor Court

Stone Mountain, GA 30087 17,901,500 Shares Common Restricted

Jonathan Eubanks

36358 North Lakepoint Ln

Palmdale, CA 93550 17,901,500 Shares Common Restricted

Imagination 13,200,000 Shares Common Restricted

230 Grand Circle Nashville, TN 37228

Principal Owners Michael Nathanson

Jan Nathanson Christopher Link Rebecca Link

Charles Fridell Attorney

Resident Agent (stock in escrow)

4535 Harding Rd, Suite 208

Nashville, TN 37205

Preferred A Shareholders

Hilde Kjekstad 24 Llewellyn Dr.

New Canaan, CT 06840 2,000,000 Shares Restricted

Marty Snowden 271 Main St.

Irvine, KY 40336 250,000 Shares Restricted

9) Third Party Providers

Accountant

EARI's accounting services are provided by Steven Corso at Corso and Company. Their telephone number is 310---488---7019, Corso and Company is located at 572 Shasta Drive, Encinitas, California 92024. Steven Corso http://www.linkedin.com/in/stevenjcorso

Attorney

EARI's law services are provided by Kenneth Bart at Bart and Associates LLC. Their telephone number is (720)226-7511. Bart and Associates LLC is located at 8400 East Prentice Ave, suite 1500, Greenwood Village, Co 80111 email: info@kennethbartesq.com

10) Issuer Certification

I, Joseph Saulter certify that:

- 1) I have reviewed this September 30, 2013 disclosure report of Entertainment Arts Research Inc;
- 2) Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement, and
- 3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Dated: December 3, 2013

/s/ Joseph Saulter
Joseph Saulter

EXHIBIT A

ENTERTAINMENT ARTS RESEARCH, INC.

(A Development Stage Company) BALANCE SHEETS

Assets:		September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012
Current assets	=		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	26,324	\$	5,763
Accounts Receivable		-		-
Deposit For Acquisition	-	3,002,000	_	
Total Current Assets	=	3,028,324	_	5,763
Intangible Assets-Technology License		62,000		62,000
Total Assets	\$	3,090,324	\$ _	67,763
Liabilities and Stockholders' Deficit:				
Current Liabilities				
Related Party Loan	\$	25,000	\$	15,000
Notes Payable	-	326,000	_	45,000
Total Current Liabilities	=	351,000	_	60,000
Total Liabilities	=	351,000	_	60,000
Stockholders' Equity: Common Stock, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 85,845,640 and72,543,640 issued and outstanding @.00001 respectively Common Stock, B, 50,000,000 shares authorized, 5,200,000 shares outstanding @.00001 respectively		858		725
D. C. 10. 1 1 25 000 000 1		52		52
Preferred Stock, A,25,000,000 shares authorized, and 2,539,500 shares issued @.0001 par value, respectively Preferred Stock, B, 25,000,000 shares authorized, 1,737,900 and 23,401,600 shares issued@.00001		26		26
respectively, Preferred Stock, D, 25,000,000 shares authorized, 0 and		17		234
25,000,000 shares issued @.00001 par value		-		250
Additional Paid in Capital		6,375,458		3,577,624
Common Stock Payable		-		13,500
Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	-	(3,637,087)	_	(3,584,648)
Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)	\$_	2,739,324	\$_	7,763
Total Liabilities and Stockers Equity	\$ _	3,090,324	\$ _	67,763

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

ENTERTAINMENT ARTS RESEARCH, INC. (A Development Stage Company) STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Mon Septeml		Nine Mon Septem	ths Ended lber 30,	Inception to September 30,
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
Total Revenue	\$24,317	\$3,000	\$58,211	\$25,418	\$88,428
Expenses:	-				
Stock for Services			12,000	-	54,802
General and Administrative	76,767	2,462	98,650	25,690	3,670,713
Total operating expenses	76,787	2,462	110,650	25,690	3,725,515
	(52,470)	538			
Profit (Loss) from operations			(52,439)	(272)	(3,637,087)
Other income or (expense)					
Other					
Profit (Loss)	(52,470)	538	(52,439)	\$(272)	\$(3,637,087)
Common shares outstanding	79,535,596	72,543,640	74,956,911	72,543,640	
Net (loss) per share	\$(0.00)	\$0.00	\$(0.00)	\$ (0.00)	
Fully Diluted shares outstanding	89,012,996	82,021,040	84,434,311	82,021,040	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

ENTERTAINMENT ARTS RESEARCH, INC. (A Development Stage Company) STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012	For the Period of Inception to September 30 2013
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (Loss) for the period	\$(52,439)	\$(912)	\$(3,637,087)
Stock Issued	12,000	-	68,302
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities:			
(Increase) in Deposits	(230,000)	=	(230,000)
Increase in Accounts Payable and			
Accrued Expenses			
Net cash (used) by operating activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Purchase of Technology	(270,439)	(912)	(3,798,785)
Cash Flows used in Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			(62,000)
Stock issued for cash		-	3,536,109
Proceeds from Loans	310,000	999	370,000
Loans Repaid	(19,000)	-	(19,000)
Net cash provided by financing activities	291,000	999	3,887,109
Net increase (decrease) in cash	20,561	87	26,324
Cash – beginning	5,763	520	<u> </u>
Cash – ending	\$26,324	\$607	\$26,324

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

(A Development Stage Company) STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

											Stock	Additional		Total
	Comm	non Stock	Comm	on Stock A	Preferre	ed Stock A	Preferred	Stock B	Prefer	Preferred Stock D		Paid-In	Retained	Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Payable	Capital	Earnings	Deficit
Balance November 24, 2008 Loss for period	72,902,960	\$ 729			-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 522,560	(270,731)	\$ 252,558
Balance December 31,													(31,575)	(31,575)
2008	72,902,960	729										522,560	(302,306)	220,983
Preferred Shares Issued Net Loss for the year December 31, 2009 Balance December 31,					2,507,500	25						2,246,475	(1,742,375)	2,246,500 (1,742,375)
2009	72,902,960	729			2,507,500	25						2,769,035	(2,044,681)	725,108
Shares cancelled	-5,000,320	(50)										50		
Shares issued			5,200,000	52	160,000	2						(2)		52
Shares issued					2,622,000	26						648,944		648,970
Shares issued Net Loss	_	_			_	_	23,401,600	234	_	_	_	54,766	(1,403,953)	55,000 -1,403,953
Balance December 31, 2010	67,902,640	679	5,200,000	52	5,289,500	53	23,401,600	234		·	-	3,472,793	(3,448,634)	25,177
Shares issued for Cash	1,041,000	11			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,339	-	62,350
Shares issued for services	850,000	8			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,492	-	42,500
Shares converted	2,750,000	27			2,750,000	-27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net loss					-	-	-	-	-	<u>-</u>			(129,507)	(129,507)
Balance December 31, 2011	72,543,640	725	5,200,000	52	2,539,500	26	23,401,600	234	-	-	-	3,577,624	(3,578,141)	520
Shares issued									25,000,000	250				250
Stock to be issued	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	13,500	-	-	13,500

Net loss	 	 -			-	-	-	-	-		-	-	(6,50	17)	(6,507)
Balance December 31, 2012	72,543,640	\$ 725	5,200,000	52	2,539,500	\$ 26	23,401,600	\$ 234	25,000,000	\$ 250	\$ 13,500	\$ 3,577,624	\$ (3,584,64	\$8) \$	7,763
Shares issued for technology Shares issued for	54,000	1									(13,50 0)	13,499			-
services Shares issued deposit on	48,000											12,000			12,000
acquisition	13,200,000	132										2,771,868			2,772,000
Cancelled shares							(21,663,700)	(217)	(25,000,00)	(250)		467			
Net Profit													(52,43	9)	(52,439)
Balance September 30, 2013	85,845,640	858	5,200,000	52	2,539,500	26	1,737,900	17	-	-	_	6,375,458	(3,637,08	37)	2,739,324

ENTERTAINMENT AND ARTS RESEARCH, INC. (A Development Stage Company) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Entertainment and Arts Research, Inc.. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the state of Nevada on March 19, 1999 as a real estate rental corporation under the name Property Investors Ventures, Inc. On November 24, 2008 the company effectuated a reverse merger and changed its name to Entertainment and Arts Research, Inc. The Company created, develops and publishes apps, video games, web content and interactive entertainment.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Management further acknowledges that it is solely responsible for adopting sound accounting practices, establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting control and preventing and detecting fraud. The Company's system of internal accounting control is designed to assure, among other items, that 1) recorded transactions are valid; 2) valid transactions are recorded; and 3) transactions are recorded in the proper period in a timely manner to produce financial statements which present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company for the respective periods being presented

Development Stage Company

The Company is a development stage company as defined by section 915-10-20 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification. Although the Company has recognized some nominal amount of income since inception, the Company is still devoting substantially all of its efforts on establishing the business and, therefore, still qualifies as a development stage company. All losses accumulated since inception have been considered as part of the Company's development stage activities.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include the estimated useful lives of property and equipment. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Fair value of financial instruments

The Company follows paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 820-10-35-37 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Paragraph 820-10-35-37") to measure the fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency

and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three (3) broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three (3) levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.
- Level 3 Pricing inputs that are generally observable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

The carrying amount of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, such as cash, prepaid expenses and accrued expenses approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The Company's notes payable approximate the fair value of such instruments based upon management's best estimate of interest rates that would be available to the Company for similar financial arrangements at September 30, 2013.

The Company does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or a non-recurring basis.

Equipment

Equipment is recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and betterments are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Depreciation of equipment is computed by the straight-line method (after taking into account their respective estimated residual values) over the assets estimated useful life of three (3) or seven (7) years. Upon sale or retirement of equipment, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in statements of operations.

Impairment of long-lived assets

The Company follows paragraph 360-10-05-4 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for its long-lived assets. The Company's long-lived assets, which includes computer equipment is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable.

The Company assesses the recoverability of its long-lived assets by comparing the projected undiscounted net cash flows associated with the related long-lived asset or group of long-lived assets over their remaining estimated useful lives against their respective carrying amounts. Impairment, if any, is based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of those assets. Fair value is generally determined using the asset's expected future discounted cash flows or market value, if readily determinable. If long-lived assets are determined to be recoverable, but the newly determined remaining estimated useful lives are shorter than originally estimated, the net book values of the long-lived assets are depreciated over the newly determined remaining estimated useful lives.

The Company determined that there were no impairments of long-lived assets, licensing technology as of September 30, 2013.

Commitments and contingencies

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report accounting for contingencies. Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines and penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the assessment can be reasonably estimated.

Revenue recognition

The Company follows paragraph 605-10-S99-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for revenue recognition. The Company will recognize revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the product has been shipped or the services have been rendered to the customer, (iii) the sales price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured.

Income taxes

The Company follows Section 740-10-30 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the fiscal year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the fiscal years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company adopted section 740-10-25 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Section 740-10-25") with regards to uncertainty income taxes. Section 740-10-25 addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under Section 740-10-25, the Company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be greater than fifty percent (50%) likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Section 740-10-25 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures. The Company had no material adjustments to its liabilities for unrecognized income tax benefits according to the provisions of Section 740-10-25.

Net income (loss) per common share

Net income (loss) per common share is computed pursuant to section 260-10-45 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potentially outstanding shares of common stock during the period. The weighted average number of common shares outstanding and potentially outstanding common shares assumes that the Company incorporated as of the beginning of the first period presented.

There are potentially dilutive shares outstanding as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 as the preferred shares are convertible into common.

Cash flows reporting

The Company adopted paragraph 230-10-45-24 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for cash flows reporting, classifies cash receipts and payments according to whether they stem from operating, investing, or financing activities and provides definitions of each category, and uses the indirect or reconciliation method ("Indirect method") as defined by paragraph 230-10-45-25 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report net cash flow from operating activities by adjusting net income to reconcile it to net cash flow from operating activities by removing the effects of (a) all deferrals of past operating cash receipts and payments and all accruals of expected future operating cash receipts and payments and (b) all items that are included in net income that do not affect operating cash receipts and payments. The Company reports the reporting currency equivalent of foreign currency cash flows, using the current exchange rate at the time of the cash flows and the effect of exchange rate changes on cash held in foreign currencies is reported as a separate item in the reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of cash and cash equivalents and separately provides information about investing and financing activities not resulting in cash receipts or payments in the period pursuant to paragraph 830-230-45-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses the cost of advertising and promotional materials when incurred. Total Advertising costs were zero for all periods.

Subsequent events

The Company follows the guidance in Section 855-10-50 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for the disclosure of subsequent events. The Company will evaluate subsequent events through the date when the financial statements were issued. Pursuant to ASU 2010-09 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Company as an SEC filer considers its financial statements issued when they are widely distributed to users, such as through filing them on EDGAR.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements

The following accounting standards were issued as of December 26, 2011:

ASU 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) – Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements.

This ASU affects all entities that are required to make disclosures about recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements under FASB ASC Topic 820, originally issued as FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*. The ASU requires certain new disclosures and clarifies two existing disclosure requirements. The new disclosures and clarifications of existing disclosures are effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years.

ASU 2011-04, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) – Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs

This ASU supersedes most of the guidance in Topic 820, although many of the changes are clarifications of existing guidance or wording changes to align with IFRS 13. In addition, certain amendments in ASU 2011-04 change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements. The amendments in ASU 2011-04 are effective for public entities for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

NOTE 3 – GOING CONCERN

As reflected in the accompanying financial statements, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$3,637,087 at September 30, 2013 and limited cash.

While the Company is attempting to increase revenues, the Company's cash position may not be significant enough to support the Company's daily operations. Management intends to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. Management believes that the actions presently being taken to further implement its business plan and generate revenues provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to generate revenues and in its ability to raise additional funds, there can be no assurances to that effect. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to further implement its business plan and generate revenues.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Commitments and contingencies

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report accounting for contingencies. Liabilities for loss contingencies arising from claims, assessments, litigation, fines

and penalties and other sources are recorded when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the assessment can be reasonably estimated.

Revenue recognition

The Company follows paragraph 605-10-S99-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for revenue recognition. The Company will recognize revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the product has been shipped or the services have been rendered to the customer, (iii) the sales price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured. The Company specifically derives income from the following:

- 1. App and game design development, contract for services
- 2. Clients pay a fee for a feature app or downloading apps
- 3. Consulting services for consulting on designs
- 4. In the future clients will pay for products and services that help build brand identity

For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 \$55,065 was revenue was derived from design development and consulting while \$3,146 was from app downloads and fees .For the nine months ended September 20, 2012 \$24,368 and \$1,050 were the revenues earned.

NOTE 4-DEPOSIT FOR ACQUISITION

From July 1, 2013 to September 21, 2013 the Company issued 13,200,000 shares of common stock, for the acquisition of Imagination Specialties, Inc. plus cash of \$1,500,000 in exchange for all the outstanding shares of Imagination. In September \$230,000 was paid into escrow with the balance of \$1,270,000 payable no later than November 8, 2013. The value of the transaction at market is \$2,772,000 in shares plus cash of \$1,500,000 resulting in a total price before any impairment of \$4,272,000. The Companys assets are estimated to be \$1,092,000 with its liabilities at \$1,185,000. The Company is evaluating the level of impairment necessary The Company anticipates closing this transaction in November of 2013.

NOTE 5 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Free office space

The Company has been provided office space by its Chief Executive Officer at no cost. The management determined that such cost is nominal and did not recognize the rent expense in its financial statements.

Related Party Payable

In 2012 the Company received \$15,000 as a loan from its chief executive officer. Terms indicate it is without interest due upon demand.

In 2013 an additional \$10,000 was loaned

Consulting Services

Included in the general and administrative costs for 2013 is \$17,500 paid to the officers consulting firm for services.

NOTE 6- INTANGIBLEASSET-LICENSE TECHNOLOGY AND NOTES PAYABLE

The Company in November 2012 acquired technology related to the "Daily App Dream" for a total price of \$62,000, payable over 12 months @ \$3,500 per month plus a one time payment of \$6,500 and \$13,500 worth of the Company's stock. The Company has evaluated the asset of \$62,000 for future cash flows and determined that

there should not be any impairment on this asset. At September 30, 2013, the Company was obligated for \$26,000 in remaining payments.

On August 1, 2013 the Company received a loan for \$300,000. Repayment is due within 6 months by 3,000,000 shares of preferred b shares convertible into common anytime after 6 months of August 1, 2013.

NOTE 7-STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

<u>Issuance of common stock</u>

The Company in 2011 issued 1,041,000 shares for cash of \$62,350 and 850,000 shares for services valued at market of .05 cents resulting in an expense for stock for services of \$42,500. Also in 2011 preferred a stock was converted into common for 2,750,000.

In 2013 the Company issued 102,000 shares at market, 54,000 for the stock part of the intangible asset purchase and 48,000 for services. Both issuances were valued at market on date of issuance of..25 per share

In July to September of 2013 the Company issued 13,200,000 shares of stock referred to in note 4.

Common Stock B

The Company has 50,000,000 authorized shares of Common Stock B, convertible on a 1 to 1 basis with Common Stock. At September 30, 2013 5,200,000 shares are issued and outstanding of which the CEO retains 2,700,000 shares.

Preferred Stock

The Company has authorized 25,000,000 shares each of preferred stock A, B, and D with a par value of .00001. At September 30, 2013, 2,539,500 shares of preferred A were outstanding, 1,737,900 of B, and 0 of D. All classes of preferred are convertible on an 1 to 1 basis to common. During the period of July to September 2013 21, 663, 700 of the preferred B were cancelled resulting in the balance of 1,737,900 and 25,000,000 shares of D were cancelled resulting in zero.

NOTE 8 – INCOME TAX

Deferred taxes are provided on a liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Net deferred tax assets consist of the following components as of December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	D	ecember 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Deferred Tax Assets – Non-current:			
NOL Carryover	\$	3,541,846	\$3,535,589
Payroll Accrual	=	-	-
Less valuation allowance		(3,541,846)	(3,535,589)
Payroll Accrual	\$ =	-	

Deferred tax assets, net of valuation allowance	\$ -	\$ -

The income tax provision differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate to pretax income from continuing operations for the period ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 due to the following:

	2012	2011
Book Income	\$(6,506)	\$(129,507)
Meals and Entertainment	-	=
Stock for Services	250	42,500
Accrued Payroll	-	-
Valuation allowance	6,256	87,007
	\$ -	\$ -

At December 31, 2012, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$3,541,846 that may be offset against future taxable income from the year 2012 to 2032. No tax benefit has been reported in the December 31, 2012 financial statements since the potential tax benefit is offset by a valuation allowance of the same amount.

Due to the change in ownership provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986, net operating loss carryforwards for Federal Income tax reporting purposes are subject to annual limitations. Should a change in ownership occur, net operating loss carryforwards may be limited as to use in future years.

NOTE 8– SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated all events that occurred after the balance sheet date through the date when the financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. The Management of the Company determined that there were no reportable subsequent event to be disclosed.