Coastal Integrated Services, Inc Unaudited Financial Statement

COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC.	31-Mar-2014	31-Dec-2013
BALANCE SHEETS		
SSETS		
Current Cash	539	540
Due from affiliate		234
OTAL ASSETS	539	774
IABILITIES		
Current		
Due to stockholders and affiliates	13,500	13,500
oans payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses	32,244	32,244
fotal Liabilities	45,744	45,744
TOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
SHARE CAPITAL		
Common shares, 2,000,000,000 authorized, no par value -		
ssued and outstanding. December 31.2013 174.850.830 ssued and outstanding, March 31 2014 174,850,830	212,218	212,218
Preferred stock, 20,000,000 shares authorized, par value \$	0.0001	
sued and outstanding, 10,000,000	10,000	10,000
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	(267,423)	(267,188)
Current Deficit	(45,205)	(44,970)
OTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	539	774
COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC. STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS		
Unaudited)		
REVENUE	-	-
COST OF SALES	-	-
COST OF SALES GROSS MARGIN	-	-
GROSS MARGIN	-	-
GROSS MARGIN DPERATING EXPENSES Selling,		- - - 2 260
GROSS MARGIN OPERATING EXPENSES Selling, General and administrative		-
BROSS MARGIN DPERATING EXPENSES Seeling, Seneral and administrative Total Operating Expenses	235	2,260
GROSS MARGIN		
GROSS MARGIN OPERATING EXPENSES Selling, General and administrative Total Operating Expenses	235	2,260

Coastal Integrated Services, Inc Unaudited Financial Statement

	31-Mar-2014	31-Dec-2013
COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Income (loss) Stock issued for services rendered Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts payable	(235) - - -	-2,876 _ _ _
NET CASH FLOWS FROM(USED IN) OPERATING ACTI	(235)	(2,876)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Advances by(to) shareholder Share capital issued	- -	1,150
NET CASH FLOWS FROM(USED IN) FINANCING ACTI\	-	1,150
Net Change In Cash	(235)	(1,726)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - beginning of period	774	2,500
Cash and Cash Equivalents - end of period	539	774
	\$ - \$ -	

COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY AS OF March 31, 2012

	Preferred Shares outstanding	Shares Amount	Common Shares outstanding	Shares Amount	Accumulated Deficit	Current Deficit
Balance - March 31, 2012 Shares issued for services Shares issued for cash	10,000,000	10,000	174,850,830	212,218	-	222,218
Balance - June 30, 2012	10,000,000	10,000	174,850,830	212,218	(273,136)	(50,918)
Shares issued for services Shares issued for cash Balance September 30, 2012	10,000,000	10,000	1,500,000,000 150,000,000 1,824,850,830	150,000 25,000 387,218	(438,086)	(40,868)
Shares canceled Shares issued for services Shares issued for cash			(1,650,000,000)	-		
Balance December 31, 2012	10,000,000	10,000	174,850,830	387,218	(438,962)	(41,744)
Shares issued for services Shares issued for cash Balance December 31, 2013	10,000,000	10,000	174,850,830	212,218	(267,188)	- - (44,970)
Shares issued for services Shares issued for cash Balance March 31, 2014	10,000,000	10,000	174,850,830	212,218	(267,423)	- (45,205)

<u>COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC.</u> NOTES TO INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <u>MARCH 31, 2014 (UNAUDITED)</u>

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

(a) Organization and Business

COASTAL INTEGRATED SERVICES, INC. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of Nevada on May 5, 2002 for the purpose of raising capital that is intended to be used in connection with its business plan which is the buying and selling of industrial fuel oil.

(b) Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. At the balance sheet date, the Company has a stockholders' deficiency and a deficit accumulated during the development stage. Management plans to issue more shares of common stock in order to raise funds.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, these financial statements include all adjustments necessary in order to make them not misleading.

(c) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the balance sheet and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers highly liquid financial instruments purchased with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

(e) Income taxes:

The Company utilizes the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under the liability method deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial reporting basis and the tax basis of the assets and liabilities and are measured using enacted tax rates and laws that will be in effect, when the differences are expected to reverse. An allowance against deferred tax assets is recognized, when it is more likely than not, that such tax benefits will not be realized.

Any deferred tax asset is considered immaterial and has been fully offset by a valuation allowance because at this time the Company believes that it is more likely than not that the future tax benefit will not be realized as the Company has no current operations.

(f) Loss per Common Share:

Basic loss per share is calculated using the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during each reporting period. Diluted loss per share includes potentially dilutive securities such as outstanding options and warrants, using various methods such as the treasury stock or modified treasury stock method in the determination of dilutive shares outstanding during each reporting period. The Company does not have any potentially dilutive instruments.

(g) Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The carrying value of cash, due from affiliate and due to shareholder approximate their fair value due to the short period of time to maturity.

(h) Comprehensive Income:

Comprehensive income (loss) is not presented in the Company's financial statements; there is no difference between net loss and comprehensive loss in any period presented.

NOTE 2 – CAPITAL STOCK

The total number of shares of capital stock, which the Company shall have authority to issue, is 2,000,000,000 shares common shares with no par value and 20,000,000 preferred shares with no par value. In the third quarter 2013 1,650,000,000 common shares were cancelled leaving 174,850,830 common shares outstanding

Holders of shares of common stock shall be entitled to cast one vote for each share held at all stockholders' meetings for all purposes, including the election of directors. The common stock does not have cumulative voting rights.

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM AFFILIATE

Amounts due from affiliates are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

NOTE 4 – DUE TO SHAREHOLDER and OFFICERS

Advances by a shareholders are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. At the option of the holder the shareholder debt may be converted into common stock

NOTE 5 – INCOME TAXES

For the year ended March 31, 2014, the Company has incurred net losses and, therefore, has no tax liability. The net deferred tax asset generated by the loss carry-forward has been fully reserved.

NOTE 6 – GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company incurred losses since its inception and has not produced enough revenues from operations. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets, or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary in the event that the Company cannot continue as a going concern. Management anticipates that it will be able to raise additional working capital through the issuance of stock and through additional loans from investors.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to attain a satisfactory level of profitability and obtain suitable and adequate financing. There can be no assurance that management's plan will be successful.

CERTIFICATION

I, Warren Wheeler President of Coastal Integrated Services, Inc., certify that:

The consolidated financial statements and the attached notes filed herewith are in conformity with consistently applied accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, and in all material respects fairly present the financial position and results of operations for the period ended March 31, 2014

<u>/S/Warren Wheeler</u>, President