

CLIFTON MINING COMPANY
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

Clifton Mining Company
Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements
December 31, 2015 and 2014

	Page
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm December 31, 2015	1
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm December 31, 2014	2
Consolidated Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations and other Comprehensive Income	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	7



Certified Public Accountants (a professional corporation)
1785 West Printers Row Salt Lake City, Utah 84119 (801) 972-4800 Fax (801) 972-8941

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors
Clifton Mining Company
American Fork, Utah

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Clifton Mining Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Clifton Mining Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2015 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Haynie & Company

Haynie & Company
Salt Lake City, Utah
March 3, 2016

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors
Clifton Mining Company
American Fork, Utah

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Clifton Mining Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Clifton Mining Company and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



HJ & Associates, LLC
Salt Lake City, Utah
March 12, 2015

CLIFTON MINING COMPANY
Consolidated Balance Sheets

ASSETS

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 215,395	\$ 381,699
Available-for-sale securities (Note 9)	441	527
Receivables	91,390	33,221
Prepaid expenses	13,316	12,671
Total Current Assets	320,542	428,118
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		
Mineral properties (Note 3)	916,615	925,627
Buildings, net (Note 5)	193,558	203,030
Milling equipment, net (Note 5)	583,182	622,468
Equipment, net (Note 5)	1,049	1,801
Total Property and Equipment, Net	1,694,404	1,752,926
OTHER ASSETS		
Equity investment in affiliate (Note 2)	940,600	1,089,143
Cost investment in affiliate (Note 9)	22,433	392,577
Restricted cash-reclamation	64,421	61,314
Patent filings (Note 5)	20,621	22,420
Deposit	350	1,575
Total Other Assets	1,048,425	1,567,029
Total Assets	\$ 3,063,371	\$ 3,748,073

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 13,905	\$ 25,894
Accrued related party payables	665,018	716,198
Total Current Liabilities	678,923	742,092
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (Note 4)	39,105	36,844
Total Liabilities	718,028	778,936
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 154,584 and 154,584 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	155	155
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 70,000,000 shares authorized; 58,770,791 and 58,770,791 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	58,771	58,771
Additional paid-in capital	16,529,546	16,433,048
Retained deficit	(14,275,545)	(13,555,675)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	(85)	-
Total Clifton Mining Stockholders' Equity	2,312,842	2,936,299
Noncontrolling interest	32,501	32,838
Total Stockholders' Equity	2,345,343	2,969,137
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 3,063,371	\$ 3,748,073

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CLIFTON MINING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
REVENUE	\$ 161,619	\$ 60,621
EXPENSES		
Exploration costs	14,375	65,563
Research and development	-	250
General and administrative	31,017	43,955
Professional fees	17,824	52,627
Accretion expense	2,261	2,130
Depreciation and amortization	51,309	51,531
Salaries and employee benefits	300,442	337,256
Stock based compensation	96,498	136,849
Property and claim taxes, filing fees and insurance	63,523	68,272
Total Expenses	<u>577,249</u>	<u>758,433</u>
Loss From Operations	<u>(415,630)</u>	<u>(697,812)</u>
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		
Interest income	610	501
Other income and expense	-	100,600
(Loss) gain from equity investment	(83,196)	528,389
Loss on permanent impairment of marketable securities	-	(10,930)
Write down of investment in affiliate	(370,144)	-
Gain on sale of property and equipment	-	6,495
Gain on sale from affiliate stock transactions	148,153	166,705
Other Income (Expense)	<u>(304,577)</u>	<u>791,760</u>
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	<u>(720,207)</u>	<u>93,948</u>
Income Taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net (Loss) Income	<u>(720,207)</u>	<u>93,948</u>
Less: Net Loss (Income) Attributable To Noncontrolling Interest	<u>337</u>	<u>(2,020)</u>
Net (Loss) Income Attributable to Clifton Mining	<u>\$ (719,870)</u>	<u>\$ 91,928</u>
Net Income (loss) per share – basic and fully diluted	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year – basic and fully diluted	<u>58,770,791</u>	<u>58,462,772</u>
Net Income (Loss) Per Above	\$ (719,870)	\$ 91,928
Other comprehensive income, net of tax		
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	(85)	-
Comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (719,955)</u>	<u>\$ 91,928</u>

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CLIFTON MINING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Years Ended December 31,	
	2015	2014
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:		
Net Loss	\$ (720,207)	\$ 93,948
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	51,309	51,531
Depletion expense	12,300	2,050
Accretion expense	2,261	2,130
Fixed asset traded for services	-	38,369
Investment permanent loss	-	10,930
Issuance of stock for services	-	35,571
Loss (Gain) from equity investment	83,196	(528,389)
Gain on sale from affiliate stock transactions	(148,153)	(166,706)
Write down of investment in affiliate	370,144	-
Valuation for stock based compensation expense related to options	96,498	136,849
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) Decrease in receivables, prepaid expenses, and other assets	(60,696)	(22,657)
(Decrease) Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(63,168)	(59,088)
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(376,516)	(405,462)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		
Acquisition of mining claims	(3,288)	-
Distributions from equity investment	213,500	488,000
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	210,212	488,000
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:		
Issuance of capital stock, net of offering costs	-	126,800
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	-	126,800
Net (decrease) increase in Cash	(166,304)	209,338
Cash, Beginning of Year	381,699	172,361
Cash, End of Year	\$ 215,395	\$ 381,699
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

CLIFTON MINING COMPANY
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Other
Comprehensive Income for the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

	<u>Series A Preferred Shares</u>		<u>Common Shares</u>		<u>Additional</u>	<u>Retained</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Clifton Mining</u>	<u>Non-</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Deficit</u>	<u>Compre-</u> <u>hensive</u> <u>Income</u>	<u>Stockholders'</u> <u>Equity</u>	<u>controlling</u> <u>Interest</u>	<u>Stockholders'</u> <u>Equity</u>
Balance, December 31, 2013	154,584	\$ 155	57,024,106	\$ 57,024	\$ 16,135,575	\$ (13,647,603)	\$ (8,184)	\$ 2,536,967	\$ 30,818	\$ 2,567,785
Compensation related to options	-	-	-	-	136,849	-	-	136,849	-	136,849
Shares issued for cash	-	-	1,585,000	1,585	125,215	-	-	126,800	-	126,800
Shares issued for services	-	-	161,685	162	35,409	-	-	35,571	-	35,571
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	91,928	-	91,928	2,020	93,948
Permanent loss on securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,184	8,184	-	8,184
Balance, December 31, 2014	154,584	155	58,770,791	58,771	16,433,048	(13,555,675)	-	2,936,299	32,838	2,969,137
Compensation related to options	-	-	-	-	96,498	-	-	96,498	-	96,498
Net income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(719,870)	-	(719,870)	(337)	(720,207)
Permanent loss on securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	(85)	(85)	-	(85)
Balance, December 31, 2015	154,584	\$ 155	58,770,791	\$ 58,771	\$ 16,529,546	\$ (14,275,545)	\$ (85)	\$ 2,312,842	\$ 32,501	\$ 2,345,343

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Organization

Clifton Mining Company (the Company), was incorporated on June 8, 1993 under the laws of the State of Utah. In the beginning years, the Company was engaged in the process of acquiring, exploring, and developing properties or selling the properties at an appreciated value. The Company has acquired several claims which have previously been in production, with historical production records. The Company has obtained a report calculating mineralized material for the Clifton shear zone property (see Note 3 – Mineral Properties) and is no longer considered to be in the exploration stage. The Company is now primarily engaged in property management by joint venturing the properties to other companies including the use of the Company's equipment to bring the claims into production and investing in other businesses.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States and include the accounts of its 61% owned subsidiary, Woodman Mining Company. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash includes all cash and investments with original maturities to the Company of three months or less.

Investments in Securities

The Company has investments in equity securities. These securities are classified at the date of acquisition as marketable securities, held-to-maturity securities or available-for-sale securities. Management determines the appropriate classifications of investments at the time of purchase, based on management's intent to use these investments during the normal operating cycle of the business, and reevaluates such designation as of each balance sheet date. Marketable securities, which represent securities purchased for the purpose of resale in the near term, are reported at fair value and unrealized gains and losses are included in earnings. Held-to-maturity securities are reported at amortized cost, as the Company has both the ability and intent to hold such securities until maturity. Available-for-sale securities are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of the related tax effect, reflected as an accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) component of stockholders' equity until such gains or losses are realized. Realized gains and losses on investment securities are determined using the specific identification method. Dividend and interest income are recognized when earned.

The Company regularly monitors and evaluates the value of its marketable securities. In accordance with ASC Topic 320, "Investments - Debt & Equity", and related guidance issued by FASB and the SEC which calls for the classification of impairments as "temporary" or "other-than-temporary." A temporary impairment charge results in an unrealized gain (loss) being recorded in the other comprehensive income gain (loss) component of stockholders' equity. Such an unrealized gain (loss) does not affect net income (loss) for the applicable reporting period. An other-than-temporary impairment charge is recorded as a recognized permanent loss in the consolidated statement of operations and reduces net income (loss) for the applicable reporting period. The differentiating factors between temporary and other-than-temporary impairment are primarily the length of the time and the extent to which the market value has been less than cost, the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer and the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment with the issuer for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in market value.

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When assessing marketable securities for other-than-temporary declines in value, the Company considers such factors, among other things, as how significant the decline in value is as a percentage of the original cost, how long the market value of the investment has been less than its original cost, the collateral supporting the investments, insurance policies which protect the Company's investment position, the interval between auction periods, whether or not there have been any failed auctions, and the credit rating issued for the securities by one or more of the major credit rating agencies.

A decline in the market value of any available-for-sale security below cost that is deemed to be other-than-temporary results in a reduction in carrying amount to fair value. The impairment is charged to earnings and a new cost basis for the security is established. In 2014, the Company recognized an other-than-temporary impairment resulting in a permanent impairment of marketable securities.

Equity Investments

The Company accounts for its investments in companies subject to significant influence using the equity method of accounting, under which, the Company's pro-rata share of the net income (loss) of the affiliate is recognized as income (loss) in the Company's income statement. The Company also records its share of the change in equity of the affiliate in the Company's income statement and is added to the investment on the balance sheet. Distributions received from the affiliate are treated as a return of capital and are accordingly deducted from the carrying value of the investment.

Depreciation

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is determined using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets over periods ranging from three to thirty-nine years. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs which do not extend the useful lives of the related assets are expensed as incurred.

Patent

The measurable patent costs that were initially capitalized totaled \$29,695. The patent was granted December 14, 2010 and is being amortized over a 16.5 year life beginning December 2010. The Company evaluates the recoverability of intangibles and reviews the amortization period on a continual basis utilizing the guidance of ASC 350, "Intangibles - Goodwill and Other." Several factors are used to evaluate intangibles, including, but not limited to, management's plans for future operations.

Stock – Based Compensation

ASC Topic 718 and 505, requires that share-based payments be reflected as an expense based upon the grant-date fair value of those awards. The expense is recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the awards. The Company estimates the fair value of these awards using the Black-Scholes model. This model requires management to make certain estimates in the assumptions used in this model, including the expected term the award will be held, volatility of the underlying common stock, discount rate and forfeiture rate. We develop our assumptions based on our past historical trends as well as consider changes for future expectations.

Fair Value Measurements

The fair values of the Company's financial instruments as defined by FASB ASC 825-10-50, reflect the estimates of amounts that would be received from selling an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value estimates presented in this report are based on information available to the Company as of December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents approximate fair value. The authoritative guidance issued by the FASB includes a fair value three-tier hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring the fair value. The first two levels of inputs are considered observable and the last level is considered unobservable, that may be used to measure fair value as follows:

Level 1 - Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;

Level 2 - Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Property Acquisition Evaluations and Mineral Exploration Costs

Acquisition costs of mining properties are deferred in the accounts. Mineral exploration expenditures are expensed as incurred. When production is attained, acquisition costs will be depleted using either the unit of production method based upon estimated proven recoverable reserves or the estimated production life of the properties. When deferred expenditures on individual properties exceed their estimated net realizable value, the properties are written down to the estimated value. Costs relating to properties abandoned are charged to operations in the period in which that determination is made.

Costs include the cash consideration and the fair market value of shares issued for the acquisition of mineral properties. Senior management regularly reviews the carrying amount of mineral properties to assess whether there has been any impairment in value.

Reclamation and Remediation Costs

Current laws and regulations require certain closure, reclamation and remediation work to be done on mineral properties as a result of exploration, development and operating activities. The Company periodically reviews the activities performed on its mineral properties and makes estimates of closure, reclamation and remediation work that will need to be performed as required by those laws and regulations and makes estimates of amounts that are expected to be incurred when the closure, reclamation and remediation work is expected to be performed.

Future closure, reclamation and environmental related expenditures are difficult to estimate in many circumstances due to the early stages of investigation, uncertainties associated with defining the nature and extent of environmental contamination, the uncertainties relating to specific reclamation and remediation methods and costs, application and changing of environmental laws, regulations and interpretation by regulatory authorities and the possible participation of other potentially responsible parties.

Reclamation costs are allocated to expense over the life of the related assets and are periodically adjusted to reflect changes in the estimated present value resulting from the passage of time and revisions to the estimates of either timing or amount of reclamation and abandonment costs. The Company has estimated costs associated with closure, reclamation and environmental reclamation of its properties which have been reflected in its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. (See Note 4 for a related discussion).

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

We recognize revenue when the Company's milling equipment is used to process independently owned ore and the subsequent concentrate has been delivered to a refinery and a reasonable estimate of the value of the concentrate has been determined. The Company recognizes net smelter revenue when the concentrate has been delivered to a refinery and the mineralized ore of gold and silver has been separated and weighted. Any other income is recognized when earned in accordance to ASC 605.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are charged to general and administrative expenses when incurred.

Income Taxes

We recognize deferred income tax assets or liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the consolidated financial statements or income tax returns. Deferred income tax assets or liabilities are determined based upon the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates expected to apply when the differences are expected to be settled or realized. Deferred income tax assets are reviewed periodically for recoverability and valuation allowances are provided as necessary.

We classify penalties and interest as income taxes as allowed by ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." The Company recognizes tax benefits from uncertain positions if it is "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable, based upon its technical merits. The initial measurement of the tax benefit is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority having full knowledge of all relevant information.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Management reviews the net carrying value of all property and equipment and other long-lived assets, including mineral properties, on a periodic basis. We estimate the net realizable value of an asset based on the estimated undiscounted future cash flows that will be generated from operations at each property, the estimated salvage value of the surface plant and equipment and the value associated with property interests. These estimates of undiscounted future cash flows are dependent upon the estimates of metal to be recovered from proven and probable ore reserves, future production cost estimates and future metal price estimates over the estimated remaining life of the mineral property. If undiscounted cash flows are less than the carrying value of a property, an impairment loss will be recognized based upon the estimated expected future cash flows from the property discounted at an interest rate commensurate with the risk involved.

Management's estimates of metal prices, recoverable proven and probable ore reserves, and operating, capital and reclamation costs are subject to risks and uncertainties of change affecting the recoverability of our investment in various projects. Although management believes it has made a reasonable estimate of these factors based on current conditions and information, it is reasonably possible that changes could occur in the near term which could adversely affect management's estimate of net cash flows expected to be generated from our mineral properties and the need for asset impairment write-downs.

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated in accordance with ASC 260, "Earnings Per Share". Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options and other commitments to issue common stock were exercised resulting in the issuance of common stock of the Company.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist primarily of cash in bank. At times throughout the year, the Company may maintain certain bank accounts in excess of FDIC insured limits.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to current presentation.

NOTE 2 - EQUITY INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATE

The Company owned a 19.41% and 19.73% interest in American Silver, LLC (the "Affiliate"), at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Accordingly, the Company is accounting for this investment, using the equity method under which the Company's share of the net income (loss) of the affiliate is recognized as income (loss) in the Company's income statement and added to or deducted from the investment account.

Distributions received from the Affiliate are treated as a reduction of the investment account. In addition, the Company's ownership interest in the Affiliate changes as the Affiliate obtains additional equity funding. When the Affiliate issues shares through equity funding the Company recognizes a gain or loss in the same manner as if the Company had sold a portion of its investment. The gain or loss is measured by comparing the change in the difference between the carrying amount of the investment and the Company's proportionate share of the net assets of the Affiliate after the sale of shares. American Silver, LLC owns 100% of American Biotech Labs, LLC, ABL Manufacturing, LLC, ABL Medical, LLC and ABL International, LLC. American Biotech Labs, LLC markets and sells products for the dietary supplement and cosmetic markets, including immune support products, a tooth gel product, and gels, lotions, and creams for natural skin care. These products are sold and distributed through health food stores, health care providers, nutritional supplement distributors and other companies throughout the world. ABL Medical, LLC, markets and sells approved wound dressing medical device products cleared under FDA Section 510(k), to pharmacies, medical offices, hospitals, and the tattoo market. ABL Manufacturing, LLC, manufactures these products in an FDA registered facility using patented processes.

Distributions received from American Silver, LLC during 2015 and 2014 amounted to \$213,500 and \$488,000 respectively. The Company's recognized investment in American Silver, LLC for the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$940,600 and \$1,089,143, respectively. As the Affiliate continues to obtain additional equity investment and has income or losses, the investment balance will continue to reflect those changes.

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 2 - EQUITY INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATE (Continued)

Condensed consolidated financial information of American Silver, LLC as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was as follows:

Assets	2015	2014
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 2,335,671	\$ 3,134,568
Account receivables	815,828	784,091
Other current assets (prepaid expenses, inventory)	964,202	915,948
Total current assets	4,115,701	4,834,607
Equipment: less accumulated depreciation	1,308,959	1,081,394
Other Assets	573,723	631,490
Total Assets	<u>\$ 5,998,383</u>	<u>\$ 6,547,491</u>
Liabilities and Members' Equity		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable, current portion and accrued liabilities	\$ 561,535	\$ 410,896
Note payable less current portion	590,666	615,852
Members' equity	4,846,182	5,520,743
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	<u>\$ 5,998,383</u>	<u>\$ 6,547,491</u>
Statements of Operations		
Net sales	\$ 8,811,095	\$ 12,599,508
Cost of goods sold	2,839,459	3,004,069
Gross profit	5,971,636	9,595,439
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(6,427,875)	(6,957,010)
Other income	22,765	3,897
Net income	<u>\$ (433,474)</u>	<u>\$ 2,642,326</u>

NOTE 3 - MINERAL PROPERTIES

At December 31, 2015, the Company's mining claims consist of 38 patented claims including 10 patented claims owned 50% by The Woodman Mining Company ("Woodman Mining"), 402 unpatented lode claims, including 32 placer claims, and five (5) state mineral leases, in total covering approximately 12,100 acres. The properties are located in the Gold Hill/Clifton Mining District, Tooele County, Northwest Utah area.

On July 24, 2009, the Company entered into a Mining Venture Agreement in which the Company and Woodman Mining granted to Desert Hawk Gold Corp. ("Desert Hawk") exclusive possession of the properties for exploration, development and mining, and the right to occupy the properties and to explore, develop and mine the properties for minerals, for which Desert Hawk paid \$250,000 for this right and issued 500,000 of Desert Hawk common shares to the Company in addition to the granting of various net smelter royalties. Desert Hawk has been granted a 20 year lease subject to certain terms and conditions and it has no ownership interest in the Company properties. Desert Hawk issued an additional 60,824 of its common shares to the Company in exchange for the transfer of the reclamation bond posted for the Company's mill site. The total value of cash and shares received from the transactions in 2009 was \$636,265. Desert Hawk had an independent valuation of its stock and the determined value was at \$.04 per share. The Cost investment in affiliate has been written down to \$22,433 as of December 31, 2015. (See Note 9 – Fair Value of Financial Instruments).

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 3 - MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

During 2011 and part of 2012, the mill was in operation concentrating ore. A total of \$1,338 and \$28,494 in royalty revenue was recorded for the years ending December 31, 2012 and 2011. In early 2012, the mill operation ceased pending the availability of additional material to process. The Mining Venture Agreement stipulated that if no operations were being conducted, rent payments are required to maintain the lease on the mining claims. A total of \$0 and \$100,000 lease maintenance payments were received during 2015 and 2014. During the fall of 2014, the heap leach pad was completed by Desert Hawk and net smelter royalty payments began November 2014. A total of \$161,619 and \$60,621 net smelter royalty was earned as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The acquisition costs of the mineral properties in the schedule below are stated at or below the market value and are not to exceed the original purchase price. Mineral properties consist of the following:

	2015	2014
Acquisition costs	\$ 912,459	\$ 909,171
Asset retirement obligation – mineral properties	16,006	16,006
Land	2,500	2,500
(Less) depletion expense	<u>(14,350)</u>	<u>(2,050)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 916,615</u>	<u>\$ 925,627</u>

A study prepared by Behre Dolbear & Company, Inc. dated April 1996 and updated October 2000 by Robert Cameron, Consulting reported the following mineralized material for the Clifton shear zone:

Category	Tons	Ag (opt)	Ag (ounces)	Au (opt)	Au (ounces)	Pb(%)
Measured (1)	107,000	8.41	901,597	0.045	4,802	5.09
Indicated (2)	<u>473,000</u>	<u>8.15</u>	<u>3,905,133</u>	<u>0.051</u>	<u>21,824</u>	<u>5.22</u>
Total	<u>580,000</u>	<u>8.05</u>	<u>4,806,730</u>	<u>0.050</u>	<u>26,626</u>	<u>5.20</u>

Notes:

- (1) Measured Resources are those materials for which tonnage is computed from dimensions revealed in outcrops or mine workings and/or drill holes and for which the grade is computed from the results of adequate sampling. The sites for inspection, sampling and measurement are so spaced and the geological character is so well defined that the size, shape and mineral content are established.
- (2) Indicated Resources are those materials for which tonnage and grade are computed partly from specific measurements, samples, or production data, and partly from projections for a reasonable distance on geological evidence. The sites available for inspection, measurement, and sampling, are too widely or otherwise inappropriately spaced to outline the material completely or to establish its grade throughout.

Behre Dolbear qualified the mineralized material estimate as follows: The majority of the surface samples were collected from old, shallow prospecting pits that occurred at irregular spacing; the underground samples were taken from only readily accessible locations in old mines; and the sampling technique may have biased the Clifton data.

NOTE 4 - RECLAMATION AND REMEDIATION LIABILITIES

Federal, state and local laws and regulations concerning environmental protection affect the Company's operations. Under current regulations, the Company is required to meet performance standards to minimize

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 4 - RECLAMATION AND REMEDIATION LIABILITIES (Continued)

environmental impact from operations and to perform site reclamation and remediation activities. The Company's provisions for reclamation and remediation liabilities are based on known requirements. It is not possible to estimate the impact on operating results, if any, of future legislative or regulatory developments.

The following table sets out the activity for the Company's reclamation and remediation liabilities for the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2014.

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Opening Balance	\$ 36,844	\$ 34,714
Accretion	2,261	2,130
Ending Balance	<u>\$ 39,105</u>	<u>\$ 36,844</u>

The Company believes that the reclamation obligations incurred by the exploration work being performed by Desert Hawk are adequately provided for in the current reclamation estimates on mining claims remaining under contract. Desert Hawk, on an ongoing basis, is required to obtain permits and post reclamation bonds and reclaim any disturbances caused by the exploration work. Desert Hawk has posted reclamation bonds for the mill buildings and mill site. At the beginning of 2014 Desert Hawk gave up the rights to one block of mining claims and the reclamation obligation returned to the Company. During 2014 the Bureau of Land management required that two additional cash bonds be posted for increased costs for road reclamation and for storage tanks that had been installed above the Mill. The Company has completed all known required reclamation requirements to date and currently has bonds posted for all of its exploration work. These bonds have escalation clauses that require that the reclamation bonds increase in amount based on the work being performed. During 2012, the Company determined to proceed with additional development work on an area of the Company's property encompassing mainly two of its patented mining claims. For the small mine permit to be granted, the Company posted the required \$35,700 reclamation bond.

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND PATENT

Buildings and equipment, less accumulated depreciation as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 consisted of the following:

<u>2015</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Book Value</u>
Buildings	\$ 347,886	\$ (167,583)	\$ 180,303
Asset retirement obligation - buildings	21,536	(8,281)	13,255
Total	<u>\$ 369,422</u>	<u>\$ (175,864)</u>	<u>\$ 193,558</u>
 Mill Equipment	 <u>\$ 1,014,812</u>	 <u>\$ (431,630)</u>	 <u>\$ 583,182</u>
Equipment:			
Machinery and equipment	\$ 99,623	\$ (98,574)	\$ 1,049
Vehicles	11,539	(11,539)	-
Office equipment and fixtures	10,634	(10,634)	-
Total	<u>\$ 121,796</u>	<u>\$ (120,747)</u>	<u>\$ 1,049</u>
 Patent	 <u>\$ 29,694</u>	 <u>\$ (9,073)</u>	 <u>\$ 20,621</u>

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 5 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT AND PATENT (Continued)

<u>2014</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Book Value</u>
Buildings	\$ 347,886	\$ (158,663)	\$ 189,223
Asset retirement obligation - buildings	21,536	(7,729)	13,807
Total	<u>\$ 369,422</u>	<u>\$ (166,392)</u>	<u>\$ 203,030</u>
Mill Equipment	\$ 1,014,812	\$ (392,344)	\$ 622,468
Equipment:			
Machinery and equipment	\$ 125,390	\$ (123,741)	\$ 1,649
Vehicles	11,539	(11,539)	-
Office equipment and fixtures	10,634	(10,482)	152
Total	<u>\$ 147,563</u>	<u>\$ (145,762)</u>	<u>\$ 1,801</u>
Patent	<u>\$ 29,694</u>	<u>\$ (7,274)</u>	<u>\$ 22,420</u>

The amount of patent amortization expense for each of the next five years will be approximately \$1,800 per year. Total patent amortization expense for the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2014, totals \$1,800 and \$1,800, respectively.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL STOCK

Our authorized capital stock consists of 70,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of which 251,918 have been designated as 1993 Series Preferred A Stock. As of December 31, 2015 and 2014 there were 58,770,791 and 58,770,791 respectively of common stock outstanding and there were 154,584 and 154,584 respectively of 1993 Series Preferred A Stock outstanding. During 2015 and 2014, the Company issued zero and 1,746,685 shares of common stock, respectively, for cash and services. The Company received cash of zero and \$126,800 during 2015 and 2014, respectively.

The 1993 Preferred is voted with the common stock of the Company as a single class and is not entitled to vote as a separate class, except to the extent that the consent of the holders of the 1993 Preferred, voting as a class, is specifically required by the provisions of the corporation laws of the state of Utah, as now existing or as hereafter amended. Each holder of 1993 Preferred is entitled to such number of votes in respect of each share of such stock held by him or her that would be appurtenant to the common stock issuable upon conversion in respect of such stock. Subject to adjustment upon the happening of certain events, the 1993 Preferred is convertible into common stock on a one-for-one basis. The 1993 Preferred may be converted at the option of the holder at any time.

The 1993 Preferred is automatically convertible into common stock upon the happening of any of the following events: (1) the date of effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, (the "Securities Act") or any successor statute, which covers the resale of common stock issuable on the conversion of the 1993 Preferred, (2) the date of effectiveness of a registration statement under the Securities Act, for a firmly underwritten offering of common stock which will provide gross proceeds to the Company of \$5,000,000 or more, (3) the date on which the Company has received gross proceeds of at least \$5,000,000 pursuant to a best-efforts offering of common stock which was registered pursuant to the Securities Act, or (4) the date on which the Board causes a notice to be sent, by first class mail to the latest known address as shown on the Company's records, to the holders of 1993 Preferred which accurately states that: (a) the Company has successfully completed two consecutive fiscal years in which it has shown in each year a net profit before taxes (excluding

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL STOCK (Continued)

nonrecurring and extraordinary items), (b) such net profit is shown on the Company's regular books and records of account and (c) the aggregate amount of the two-year period net profit equals or exceeds \$5,000,000.

NOTE 7 - STOCK OPTIONS

The Company has adopted a stock option plan. Under the plan, options or stock awards may be granted to employees, including officers, of the Company and to other individuals who are not employees of the Company as may be deemed in the best interest of the Company by the board of directors or duly authorized committee.

The plan makes available 10% of the outstanding shares for grants. Options granted under this plan shall have a term established by the board of directors, but in no event will the term exceed five years. The exercise price of each option is to be determined by the board of directors on the date of grant. All options granted to date are for a stated term of five years or less.

Information regarding the option plan is summarized as follows:

Date Granted	Weighted average price per share	Outstanding at January 1, 2014	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ forfeited	Outstanding at December 31, 2014
February 10, 2009	\$ 0.08	2,085,000	-	1,585,000	(500,000)	-
January 19, 2010	\$ 0.22	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
February 23, 2011	\$ 0.32	1,040,000	-	-	-	1,040,000
February 27, 2012	\$ 0.27	1,140,000	-	-	-	1,140,000
March 29, 2013	\$ 0.25	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000
April 30, 2014	\$ 0.15	-	1,250,000	-	-	1,250,000
November 14, 2014	\$ 0.21	-	300,000	-	-	300,000
Total options	\$ 0.24	<u>6,765,000</u>	<u>1,550,000</u>	<u>1,585,000</u>	<u>(500,000)</u>	<u>6,230,000</u>
Exercisable December 31, 2014						<u>4,680,000</u>

Date Granted	Weighted Average Price per share	Outstanding at January 1, 2015	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ Forfeited	Outstanding At December 31, 2015	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)
January 19, 2010	\$ 0.22	1,250,000	-	-	(1,250,000)	-	-
February 23, 2011	\$ 0.32	1,040,000	-	-	-	1,040,000	0.15
February 27, 2012	\$ 0.27	1,140,000	-	-	-	1,140,000	1.16
March 29, 2013	\$ 0.25	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000	2.24
April 30, 2014	\$ 0.15	1,250,000	-	-	-	1,250,000	3.33
November 14, 2014	\$ 0.21	300,000	-	-	-	300,000	3.87
August 12, 2015	\$ 0.14	-	1,050,000	-	-	1,050,000	4.62
Total options	\$ 0.22	<u>6,230,000</u>	<u>1,050,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,250,000)</u>	<u>6,030,000</u>	2.40
Exercisable December 31, 2015						<u>4,980,000</u>	1.93

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 7 - STOCK OPTIONS (Continued)

The valuation for stock based compensation expense recognized for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$96,498 and \$136,849 related to employee stock options issued during the respective periods. The valuation for stock based compensation expense assumes all awards will vest, therefore no reduction has been made for estimated forfeitures. The following assumptions were made in estimating fair value for the options issued in 2015 and 2014.

	August 12, 2015	November 14, 2014	April 30, 2014
Risk-free interest rate	1.52%	1.62%	1.69%
Expected life	5 years	5 years	5 years
Expected volatility	66%	73%	72%

NOTE 8 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Company entered into a net profits interest agreement with two shareholders of the Company in 1995. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will pay 25% of the "net profits" from mining production up to a maximum payout of \$1,500,000 at which time the payment obligation will cease. "Net profits" is defined as being the remaining amount of income from the sale of ores and minerals after all operating, reclamation, general and administrative, and development expenses have been paid. To date there have been no payments made pursuant to this agreement.

Effective July 24, 2009, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Lease and Sublease Agreement in which the Company and Woodman Mining granted to Desert Hawk exclusive possession of the Properties for exploration, development and mining, and the right to occupy the Properties and to explore, develop and mine the Properties for minerals.

NOTE 9 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying values and estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments according to the hierarchy based on the three levels of inputs for the periods are presented as follows:

December 31, 2015

Financial Assets:	Carrying Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Cash	\$ 215,395	\$ 215,395	\$ -	\$ -
Available-for-sale securities	441	441	-	-
Cost investment in affiliate	22,433	-	22,433	-
	<u>22,433</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,433</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 238,269	\$ 215,836	\$ 22,433	\$ -

December 31, 2014

Financial Assets:	Carrying Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
Cash	\$ 381,699	\$ 381,699	\$ -	\$ -
Available-for-sale securities	527	527	-	-
Cost investment in affiliate	392,577	-	392,577	-
	<u>392,577</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>392,577</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 774,803	\$ 382,226	\$ 392,577	\$ -

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 9 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Level 1 - The Company's Level 1 assets consist of cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities as quoted in active markets.

Level 2 - The Company's Level 2 assets consisted of the cost of the investment in an affiliate by observable market data from other share placements made by affiliate during the current period.

Level 3 - The Company had no investments which were considered to be Level 3 assets.

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company shares office space with American Biotech Labs, LLC and incurs rent and ancillary charges in connection with this arrangement. The Company incurred \$13,310 and \$20,160 of such costs which were charged to operations in each year for 2015 and 2014, respectively. The unconsolidated affiliate American Silver, LLC, is considered to be a related party due to several of the Company's management and board members have similar positions with the affiliate. The Company has recorded accrued wages and accounts payable to its officers and directors of the Company. The total amount due to these individuals as December 31, 2015 and 2014 was \$665,018 and \$716,198, respectively.

NOTE 11 - INCOME TAXES

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions of ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements in accordance with FASB Statement No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. ASC 740-10 requires a company to determine whether it is more likely than not that a tax position will be sustained upon examination based upon the technical merits of the position.

Interpretations of and guidance surrounding income tax laws and regulations change over time. As such, changes in the subjective assumptions and judgments can materially affect amounts recognized in the balance sheets and statements of income.

At the adoption date of January 1, 2007, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefit which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized. There has been no significant change in the unrecognized tax benefit during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014.

The Company classifies interest and penalties arising from the underpayment of income taxes in the statement of income under general and administrative expenses. As of December 31, 2014, we had no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions. The Company is no longer subject to federal and state income tax examinations for the years prior to 2007.

The Company files income tax returns in the US federal jurisdiction and one State jurisdiction. The income tax refund from the State of Utah came as a result of a five percent (5%) Utah State tax withholding requirement on distributions made by American Silver, LLC.

At December 31, 2015, the Company has net operating loss carry-forwards available to offset future taxable income from the year 2015 through 2034 of approximately \$8,667,000. The utilization of the net operating loss carry-forwards is dependent upon the tax laws in effect at the time the net carry-forwards can be utilized. The Internal Revenue Code contains provisions that likely could reduce or limit the availability and utilization of these net operating loss carry-forwards. For example, limitations are imposed on the utilization of net operating loss carry-forwards if certain ownership changes have taken place. The Company will perform an analysis to determine whether any such limitations have occurred as the net operating losses are utilized. The amount of, and ultimate realization of, the benefits from the net operating losses is dependent, in part, upon

Clifton Mining Company
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Years Ended December 31, 2015 and 2014

NOTE 11 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

the tax laws in effect, the Company's future earnings, and other future events, the effects of which cannot be determined.

The Company has established a valuation allowance for all deferred income tax assets not offset by deferred income tax liabilities due to the uncertainty of their realization. Accordingly, there is no benefit for income taxes in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Deferred income taxes are determined based on the estimated future effects of differences between the financial statement and income tax reporting bases of assets and liabilities given the provisions of currently enacted tax laws and the tax rates expected to be in place.

The deferred income tax assets (liabilities) are comprised of the following calculated at an expected U.S. Federal Statutory tax rate of 34% at December 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014:

	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
<u>Deferred Tax Assets:</u>		
NOL Carryover	\$ 2,946,600	\$ 2,846,300
Impairment of marketable securities	-	3,700
Accrued compensation	214,500	222,700
Value allowance	(3,161,100)	(3,072,700)
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The income tax provision differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate to pretax loss for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 due to the following:

	2015	2014
Federal income tax benefit at statutory rate	\$ (244,800)	\$ 31,900
Accretion	800	700
Unrealized loss from equity investment	11,500	3,700
Stock based compensation	32,800	46,500
NOL carryover used	-	(91,055)
Expired NOL	-	-
Accrued compensation - related party	(8,200)	4,300
Difference in book to tax on investment	-	3,955
Valuation allowance	207,900	-
Income tax benefit for fiscal year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

NOTE 12 - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

There were no new accounting pronouncements issued during the year ended December 31, 2015 and through the date of filing of this report that the Company believes are applicable to or would have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

NOTE 13 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 3, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued, under the provisions of ASC 855. Based upon this evaluation, we have determined that no material subsequent events occurred that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements other than those already disclosed above.