BOMBARDIER INC.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

For the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015

(Unaudited)

(Tabular figures are in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

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BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

		Three-m ended S			periods mber 30
	Notes	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues		\$ 4,138	\$ 4,906	\$ 13,155	\$ 14,151
Cost of sales	11	3,721	4,226	11,583	12,220
Gross margin		417	680	1,572	1,931
SG&A		284	315	857	1,007
R&D	5	78	80	236	235
Share of income of joint ventures and associates		(19)	(14)	(53)	(64)
Other expense (income)	6	(1)	8	(6)	(14)
Special items	7	4,710	120	4,719	132
EBIT		(4,635)	171	(4,181)	635
Financing expense	8	129	66	326	185
Financing income	8	(12)	(15)	(52)	(59)
EBT		(4,752)	120	(4,455)	509
Income taxes		136	46	208	165
Net income (loss)		\$ (4,888)	\$ 74	\$ (4,663)	\$ 344
Attributable to					
Equity holders of Bombardier Inc.		\$ (4,891)	\$ 68	\$ (4,668)	\$ 334
NCI		3	6	5	10
		\$ (4,888)	\$ 74	\$ (4,663)	\$ 344
EPS (in dollars)	9				
Basic and diluted		\$ (2.20)	\$ 0.03	\$ (2.30)	\$ 0.18

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

	Three-m ended S		Nine-m ended S	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Net income (loss)	\$ (4,888)	\$ 74	\$ (4,663)	\$ 344
OCI				
Items that may be reclassified to net income				
Net change in cash flow hedges				
Foreign exchange re-evaluation	20	9	10	11
Net loss on derivative financial instruments	(47)	(153)	(396)	(243)
Reclassification to income or to the related non-financial asset	116	50	335	133
Income taxes	(6)	29	(5)	24
	83	(65)	(56)	(75)
AFS financial assets				
Net unrealized gain (loss)	(1)	_	(6)	4
CCTD			'	
Net investments in foreign operations	(119)	(108)	(49)	(69)
Net gain on related hedging items	_	2	1	3
	(119)	(106)	(48)	(66)
Items that are never reclassified to net income Retirement benefits				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans ⁽¹⁾	(222)	(250)	237	(602)
Income taxes	41	23	18	29
	(181)	(227)	255	(573)
Total OCI	(218)	(398)	145	(710)
Total comprehensive loss	\$ (5,106)	\$ (324)	\$ (4,518)	\$ (366)
Attributable to				
Equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$ (5,108)	\$ (325)	\$ (4,523)	\$ (371)
NCI	2	1	5	5
	\$ (5,106)	\$ (324)	\$ (4,518)	\$ (366)

⁽¹⁾ Includes net actuarial gains (losses).

BOMBARDIER INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

As at

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

Assets Cash and cash equivalents	Notes	2015	2011	
Cash and cash equivalents		20.0	2014	2014
·				
		\$ 2,344	\$ 2,489	\$ 3,397
Trade and other receivables		1,248	1,538	1,492
Inventories	11	8,056	7,970	8,234
Other financial assets	12	544	530	637
Other assets	13	675	592	626
Current assets		12,867	13,119	14,386
PP&E		2,035	2,092	2,066
Aerospace program tooling		3,907	6,823	6,606
Goodwill		2,017	2,127	2,381
Deferred income taxes		740	875	1,231
Investments in joint ventures and associates		289	294	318
Other financial assets	12	1,099	1,328	1,568
Other assets	13	909	956	807
Non-current assets		10,996	14,495	14,977
		\$ 23,863	\$ 27,614	\$ 29,363
Liabilities				
Trade and other payables		\$ 3,936	\$ 4,216	\$ 4,089
Provisions	14	1,102	990	881
Advances and progress billings in excess of long-term contract inventories		1,392	1,698	2,352
Advances on aerospace programs		2,255	3,339	3,228
Other financial liabilities	15	1,020	1,010	1,009
Other liabilities	16	2,086	2,182	2,227
Current liabilities		11,791	13,435	13,786
Provisions	14	873	562	584
Advances on aerospace programs		1,751	1,608	1,688
Long-term debt	17	9,029	7,627	6,988
Retirement benefits		2,441	2,629	2,161
Other financial liabilities	15	631	602	717
Other liabilities	16	1,007	1,096	990
Non-current liabilities		15,732	14,124	13,128
		27,523	27,559	26,914
Equity (deficit)			<u> </u>	
Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	18	(3,675)	42	2,426
Attributable to NCI		15	13	23
		(3,660)	55	2,449
		\$ 23,863	\$ 27,614	\$ 29,363

Commitments and contingencies

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BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited)
For the three-month periods ended (in millions of U.S. dollars)

Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.

					Attrib	uta	Die to eq	uity iii	Juers of	БО	ilibarule	i iiic.						
	Share	capit	tal	R	etained (def						Ac	cum	ulated OCI	I				
	 erred hares		mmon shares	ea	Other tained rnings deficit)		Remea- rement losses		ributed surplus	fi	AFS nancial assets		h flow edges	С	CTD	Total	NCI	Total Equity
As at June 30, 2015	\$ 347	\$	2,203	\$	1,360	\$	(2,225)	\$	100	\$	7	\$	(461) \$	3	112	\$ 1,443	\$ 16	\$ 1,459
Total comprehensive income																		
Net income (loss)	_		_		(4,891)		_		_		_		_		_	(4,891)	3	(4,888)
OCI	_		_		_		(181)		_		(1)		83		(118)	(217)	(1)	(218)
	_		_		(4,891)		(181)		_		(1)		83		(118)	(5,108)	2	(5,106)
Dividends	_		_		(7)		_		_		_		_		_	(7)	_	(7)
Capital distribution	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(3)	(3)
Shares purchased - RSU plan	_		(9)		_		_		_		_		_		_	(9)	_	(9)
Share-based expense	_		_		_		_		6		_		_		_	6	_	6
As at September 30, 2015	\$ 347	\$	2,194	\$	(3,538)	\$	(2,406)	\$	106	\$	6	\$	(378) \$	5	(6)	\$ (3,675)	\$ 15	\$ (3,660)
As at June 30, 2014	\$ 347	\$	1,380	\$	2,768	\$	(2,316)	\$	103	\$	9	\$	(213) \$	3	217	\$ 2,295	\$ 27	\$ 2,322
Total comprehensive income																		
Net income	_		_		68		_		_		_		_		_	68	6	74
OCI	_		_		_		(227)		_		_		(65)		(101)	(393)	(5)	(398)
			_		68		(227)		_		_		(65)		(101)	(325)	1	(324)
Dividends	 _		_		(48)		_		_		_		_		_	(48)	_	(48)
Capital distribution	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(6)	(6)
Share-based income							_		(12)						_	(12)	 _	(12)
As at September 30, 2014	\$ 347	\$	1,380	\$	2,788	\$	(2,543)	\$	91	\$	9	\$	(278) \$	5	116	\$ 1,910	\$ 22	\$ 1,932

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited)
For the nine-month periods ended (in millions of U.S. dollars)

Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.

						Attrib	uta	pie to eq	uity no	iders of	BC	mbardie	r inc						
		Share	capi	tal		Retained (def						Ac	cum	ulated OC	CI				
		ferred hares		ommon shares	e	Other etained arnings (deficit)	_	Remea- irement losses	Contr	ibuted urplus	f	AFS inancial assets		sh flow nedges		CCTD	Total	NCI	Total Equity
As at December 31, 2014	\$	347	\$	1,381	\$	1,151	\$	(2,661)	\$	92	\$	12	\$	(322)	\$	42	\$ 42	\$ 13	\$ 55
Total comprehensive income																			
Net income (loss)		_		_		(4,668)		_		_		_		_		_	(4,668)	5	(4,663)
OCI		_		_		_		255				(6)		(56)		(48)	145	_	145
	'	_		_		(4,668)		255		_		(6)		(56)		(48)	(4,523)	5	(4,518)
Issuance of share capital		_		822		_		_		_		_		_		_	822	_	822
Dividends		_		_		(21)		_		_		_		_		_	(21)	_	(21)
Capital distribution		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(3)	(3)
Shares purchased - RSU plan		_		(9)		_		_		_		_		_		_	(9)	_	(9)
Share-based expense		_		_		_		_		14		_		_		_	14	_	14
As at September 30, 2015	\$	347	\$	2,194	\$	(3,538)	\$	(2,406)	\$	106	\$	6	\$	(378)	\$	(6)	\$ (3,675)	\$ 15	\$ (3,660)
As at January 1, 2014	\$	347	\$	1,380	\$	2,598	\$	(1,970)	\$	92	\$	5	\$	(203)	\$	177	\$ 2,426	\$ 23	\$ 2,449
Total comprehensive income																			
Net income		_		_		334		_		_		_		_		_	334	10	344
OCI		_		_		_		(573)		_		4		(75)		(61)	(705)	(5)	(710)
		_		_		334		(573)		_		4		(75)		(61)	(371)	5	(366)
Dividends		_		_		(144)		_		_		_		_			(144)	_	(144)
Capital distribution		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(6)	(6)
Share-based income		_		_		_		_		(1)		_		_		_	(1)	_	(1)
As at September 30, 2014	\$	347	\$	1,380	\$	2,788	\$	(2,543)	\$	91	\$	9	\$	(278)	\$	116	\$ 1,910	\$ 22	\$ 1,932

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

		Three-mo ended Se	nth p	eriods ber 30	Nine-mo	
	Notes	2015		2014	2015	 2014
Operating activities						
Net income (loss)		\$ (4,888)	\$	74	\$ (4,663)	\$ 344
Non-cash items						
Amortization		104		105	315	301
Impairment charges on PP&E and intangible assets	7	4,004		_	4,004	_
Deferred income taxes		104		11	118	59
Gains on disposals of PP&E and intangible assets	6	(1)		_	(3)	(4)
Share of income of joint ventures and associates		(19)		(14)	(53)	(64)
Share-based expense (income)	19	6		(12)	14	(1)
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt	8	_		_	22	43
Dividends received from joint ventures and associates		32		1	59	63
Net change in non-cash balances	20	343		(89)	(863)	(979)
Cash flows from operating activities		(315)		76	(1,050)	(238)
Investing activities						
Additions to PP&E and intangible assets		(502)		(444)	(1,331)	(1,484)
Proceeds from disposals of PP&E and intangible asset	ts	1		_	12	15
Proceeds from investment in financing structure		150		_	150	_
Additions to AFS investments in securities		_		_	(64)	(53)
Proceeds from disposal of AFS investments in securities	es	54			54	
Net proceeds from disposal of a business ⁽¹⁾		_		_	_	25
Other		8		(3)	(2)	(4)
Cash flows from investing activities		(289)		(447)	(1,181)	(1,501)
Financing activities						
Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	17	_		5	2,218	1,815
Repayments of long-term debt	17	(12)		(10)	(816)	(1,318)
Dividends paid ⁽²⁾		(4)		(45)	(14)	(137)
Purchase of Class B shares held in trust		44.			4.5	
under the RSU plan		(9)		_	(9)	_
Net proceeds from issuance of shares	18	_		_	822	_
Other		(88)		(3)	(47)	(14)
Cash flows from financing activities		(113)		(53)	2,154	346
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	3	(44)		(117)	(68)	(69)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(761)		(541)	(145)	(1,462)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		3,105		2,476	2,489	3,397
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 2,344	\$	1,935	\$ 2,344	\$ 1,935
Supplemental information ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾						
Cash paid for						
Interest		\$ 153	\$	88	\$ 343	\$ 258
Income taxes		\$ 22	\$	27	\$ 72	\$ 80
Cash received for						
Interest		\$ 5	\$	6	\$ 16	\$ 116
Income taxes		\$ 2	\$	2	\$ 3	\$ 6

⁽¹⁾ Represents the balance of sale price related to the sale of the main assets and related liabilities of the Corporation's Flexjet activities.

^{(2) \$4} million and \$14 million of dividends paid relate to preferred shares for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 (\$5 million and \$16 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014).

⁽³⁾ Amounts paid or received for interest are reflected as cash flows from operating activities, except if they were capitalized in PP&E or intangible assets, in which case they are reflected as cash flows from investing activities. Amounts paid or received for income taxes are reflected as cash flows from operating activities.

⁽⁴⁾ Interest paid comprises interest on long-term debt after the effect of hedges, if any, excluding up-front costs paid related to the negotiation of debts or credit facilities. Interest received comprises interest received related to cash and cash equivalents, investments in securities, loans and lease receivables after the effect of hedges, if any, and the interest portion of a gain related to the resolution of a litigation in connection with part IV of the Québec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital and the interest portion related to the settlement of a cross-currency interest-rate swap.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 (Unaudited)

(Tabular figures are in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Bombardier Inc. ("the Corporation") is incorporated under the laws of Canada. The Corporation is a manufacturer of transportation equipment, including business and commercial aircraft, as well as major aircraft structural components, and rail transportation equipment and systems, and is a provider of related services. The Corporation carries out its operations in four distinct segments, effective January 1, 2015: Business Aircraft, Commercial Aircraft, Aerostructures and Engineering Services and Transportation.

The interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in U.S. dollars and have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, as issued by the IASB. The interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The Corporation restated Note 4 - Segment disclosure for the comparative periods to reflect its four reportable segments.

These interim consolidated financial statements for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015 were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on October 28, 2015.

The results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations and cash flows for the full fiscal year.

The Corporation is subject to currency fluctuations from the translation of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of its foreign operations with non-U.S. dollar functional currencies, mainly the euro, pound sterling and other European currencies, and from transactions denominated in foreign currencies, mainly the Canadian dollar and pound sterling.

The exchange rates for the major currencies used in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements were as follows:

			Exchange rates as at
	September 30, 2015	December 31, 2014	January 1, 2014
Euro	1.1204	1.2141	1.3791
Canadian dollar	0.7469	0.8633	0.9400
Pound sterling	1.5159	1.5587	1.6542

	Average e	xchange rates for the	Average 6	exchange rates for the
	three-	month periods ended	nine-	month periods ended
	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Euro	1.1116	1.3283	1.1138	1.3565
Canadian dollar	0.7651	0.9205	0.7950	0.9146
Pound sterling	1.5509	1.6728	1.5315	1.6698

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

In November 2013, the IASB amended IAS 19, *Employee benefits*, in order to simplify the accounting for contributions of defined benefit plans that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. This amendment was adopted effective January 1, 2015. The adoption of this amendment had no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation.

3. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial instruments

In July 2014, the IASB completed the three-part project to replace IAS 39, *Financial instruments: recognition and measurement* by issuing IFRS 9, *Financial instruments*. IFRS 9, *Financial instruments* includes classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, a forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 uses a new approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9. However, the portion of the changes in fair value related to the entity's own credit risk, in measuring a financial liability at FVTP&L, will be presented in OCI rather than in the statement of income.

IFRS 9 also introduced a new expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognized and to recognize full lifetime expected losses on a more timely basis.

Lastly, IFRS 9 introduced a new hedge accounting model, together with corresponding disclosures about risk management activities. The new hedge accounting model represents a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will enable entities to better reflect their risk management activities in their financial statements.

IFRS 9 will be effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Corporation has not yet assessed the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the IASB released IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers, which supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenues, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15, Agreement for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. IFRS 15 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements.

IFRS 15 will be effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Corporation has not yet assessed the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

4. SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

Following the reorganization announced in July 2014, the Corporation has adopted a new organizational structure with four reportable segments, effective January 1, 2015: Business Aircraft, Commercial Aircraft, Aerostructures and Engineering Services and Transportation. The Corporation restated the comparative periods to reflect its four reportable segments as described below. Each reportable segment offers different products and services and mostly requires different technology and marketing strategies.

Business Aircraft

Business Aircraft designs, manufactures and provides aftermarket support for three families of business jets (*Learjet, Challenger* and *Global*), spanning from the light to large categories.

Commercial Aircraft

Commercial Aircraft designs and manufactures a broad portfolio of commercial aircraft in the 60- to 149-seat categories, including the *Q400 NextGen* turboprops, the *CRJ700*, 900 and 1000 NextGen regional jets as well as the clean-sheet *CS100* and *CS300* mainline jets. Commercial Aircraft provides aftermarket support for these aircraft as well as for the 20- to 59-seat range category.

Aerostructures and Engineering Services

Aerostructures and Engineering Services designs and manufactures major aircraft structural components (such as engine nacelles, fuselages and wings) and provides aftermarket component repair and overhaul as well as other engineering services for both internal and external clients.

Transportation

Transportation, a global leader in rail technology, offers the broadest portfolio in the rail industry and delivers innovative products and services that set new standards in sustainable mobility.

The segmented information is prepared using the same accounting policies as those described in the annual consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014.

The revenue recognition policies of Aerostructures and Engineering Services follow the Corporation's policies for either long-term contracts or aerospace programs depending on the nature of the contracts. Profit on intercompany transactions is eliminated in the consolidated financial statements and corporate charges that were previously allocated to segments are now part of Corporate and Elimination. Intersegment transaction policies put in place following the adoption of the new organizational structure in 2015 were not applied retroactively, which has not significantly impacted period-over-period variances.

Management assesses segment performance based on EBIT and EBIT before special items. The segmented results of operations and other information are as follows:

							Thre	e-month perio	od end	ed Septem	ber :	30, 2015
	Trans	sportation	В	usiness Aircraft	Co	mmercial Aircraft		ostructures and Engineering Services		orporate and mination		Total
Results of operations												
External revenues	\$	1,985	\$	1,557	\$	477	\$	119	\$	_	\$	4,138
Intersegment revenues		_		1		3		292		(296)		_
Total revenues		1,985		1,558		480		411		(296)		4,138
EBIT before special items		109		54		(63)		30		(55)		75
Special items ⁽¹⁾		_		1,169		3,561		_		(20)		4,710
EBIT	\$	109	\$	(1,115)	\$	(3,624)	\$	30	\$	(35)		(4,635)
Financing expense												129
Financing income												(12)
EBT				'								(4,752)
Income taxes												136
Net loss											\$	(4,888)
Other information						·						
R&D ⁽²⁾	\$	30	\$	31	\$	13	\$	4	\$	_	\$	78
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽³⁾	\$	29	\$	172	\$	299	\$	1	\$	_	\$	501
Amortization	\$	22	\$	45	\$	23	\$	13	\$	1	\$	104
Impairment charges on intangible assets (1)	\$	_	\$	925	\$	3,070	\$	_	\$	(6)	\$	3,989
Impairment charges on PP&E (1)	\$	_	\$	15	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15

							Т	hree-month per	iod er	nded Septen	nber 3	30, 2014
	Trar	nsportation	E	Business Aircraft	Cor	nmercial Aircraft	А	erostructures and Engineering Services		Corporate and Elimination		Total
Results of operations												
External revenues	\$	2,334	\$	1,640	\$	787	\$	145	\$	_	\$	4,906
Intersegment revenues		2		_				299		(301)		
Total revenues		2,336		1,640		787		444		(301)		4,906
EBIT before special items		162		103		13		33		(20)		291
Special items ⁽¹⁾		57		35		18		10				120
EBIT	\$	105	\$	68	\$	(5)	\$	23	\$	(20)		171
Financing expense												66
Financing income												(15)
EBT												120
Income taxes												46
Net income											\$	74
Other information												
R&D ⁽²⁾	\$	29	\$	26	\$	25	\$	_	\$	_	\$	80
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽³⁾	\$	29	\$	198	\$	204	\$	14	\$	(1)	\$	444
Amortization	\$	28	\$	36	\$	28	\$	12	\$	1	\$	105

⁽¹⁾ See Note 7 – Special items for more details.
(2) Includes tooling amortization. See Note 5 – Research and development for more details.
(3) As per the consolidated statements of cash flows.

						Nine	-month perio	d end	ed Septen	ber	30, 2015
	Trans	sportation	usiness Aircraft	Co	mmercial Aircraft		ostructures and ngineering Services		orporate and mination		Total
Results of operations											
External revenues	\$	6,113	\$ 4,909	\$	1,748	\$	385	\$	_	\$	13,155
Intersegment revenues		4	1		3		969		(977)		_
Total revenues		6,117	4,910		1,751		1,354		(977)		13,155
EBIT before special items		342	280		(83)		113		(114)		538
Special items ⁽¹⁾		_	1,180		3,560		(1)		(20)		4,719
EBIT	\$	342	\$ (900)	\$	(3,643)	\$	114	\$	(94)		(4,181)
Financing expense											326
Financing income											(52)
EBT					'						(4,455)
Income taxes											208
Net loss										\$	(4,663)
Other information					'						"
R&D ⁽²⁾	\$	88	\$ 89	\$	50	\$	9	\$	_	\$	236
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽³⁾	\$	62	\$ 508	\$	732	\$	21	\$	(4)	\$	1,319
Amortization	\$	72	\$ 129	\$	75	\$	38	\$	1	\$	315
Impairment charges on intangible assets (1)	\$	_	\$ 925	\$	3,070	\$	_	\$	(6)	\$	3,989
Impairment charges on PP&E (1)	\$	_	\$ 15	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	15

								Nine-month per	iod en	ded Septen	nber :	30, 2014
	Trar	nsportation	E	Business Aircraft	Со	mmercial Aircraft	А	erostructures and Engineering Services		Corporate and limination		Total
Results of operations												
External revenues	\$	6,978	\$	4,738	\$	2,020	\$	415	\$	_	\$	14,151
Intersegment revenues		5		_		_		982		(987)		_
Total revenues		6,983		4,738		2,020		1,397		(987)		14,151
EBIT before special items		415		325		33		75		(81)		767
Special items ⁽¹⁾		57		45		16		14		_		132
EBIT	\$	358	\$	280	\$	17	\$	61	\$	(81)		635
Financing expense												185
Financing income												(59)
EBT												509
Income taxes												165
Net income											\$	344
Other information												
R&D ⁽²⁾	\$	97	\$	68	\$	63	\$	7	\$	_	\$	235
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽³⁾	\$	61	\$	721	\$	654	\$	34	\$	(1)	\$	1,469
Amortization	\$	87	\$	98	\$	75	\$	39	\$	2	\$	301

⁽¹⁾ See Note 7 – Special items for more details.
(2) Includes tooling amortization. See Note 5 – Research and development for more details.
(3) As per the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The reconciliation of total assets and total liabilities to segmented assets and liabilities is as follows, as at:

	Septemi	ber 30, 2015	Decem	ber 31, 2014	Jan	uary 1, 2014
Assets		,				
Total assets	\$	23,863	\$	27,614	\$	29,363
Assets not allocated to segments						
Cash and cash equivalents		2,344		2,489		3,397
Income tax receivable ⁽¹⁾		58		64		27
Deferred income taxes		740		875		1,231
Segmented assets		20,721		24,186		24,708
Liabilities		,				
Total liabilities		27,523		27,559		26,914
Liabilities not allocated to segments						
Interest payable ⁽²⁾		106		124		116
Income taxes payable ⁽³⁾		245		248		198
Long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾		9,098		7,683		7,203
Segmented liabilities	\$	18,074	\$	19,504	\$	19,397
Net segmented assets						
Transportation	\$	672	\$	226	\$	296
Business Aircraft	\$	594	\$	440	\$	1,306
Commercial Aircraft	\$	822	\$	3,693	\$	3,241
Aerostructures and Engineering Services	\$	263	\$	204	\$	221
Corporate and Elimination	\$	296	\$	119	\$	247

⁽¹⁾ Included in other assets.
(2) Included in trade and other payables.
(3) Included in other liabilities.
(4) The current portion of long-term debt is included in other financial liabilities.

5. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

R&D expense, net of government assistance, was as follows:

	Three-m ended S		Nine-m ended S	periods nber 30
	2015	2014	2015	2014
R&D expenditures	\$ 498	\$ 402	\$ 1,311	\$ 1,386
Less: development expenditures capitalized to aerospace program tooling	(463)	(365)	(1,210)	(1,267)
	35	37	101	119
Add: amortization of aerospace program tooling	43	43	135	116
	\$ 78	\$ 80	\$ 236	\$ 235

6. OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME)

Other expense (income) was as follows:

	Three-m ended S		Nine-m ended S	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Severance and other involuntary termination costs (including changes in estimates) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 9	\$ 3	\$ 14	\$ 8
Changes in estimates and fair value ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	2	1	(6)	(18)
Gains on disposals of PP&E and intangible assets	(1)	_	(3)	(4)
Other	(11)	4	(11)	_
	\$ (1)	\$ 8	\$ (6)	\$ (14)

⁽¹⁾ Excludes those presented in special items.

⁽²⁾ Includes net loss (gain) on certain financial instruments measured at fair value and changes in estimates related to certain provisions or certain financial instruments, excluding losses (gains) arising from changes in interest rates.

7. SPECIAL ITEMS

Special items comprise items which do not reflect, in management's opinion, the Corporation's core performance such as the impact of restructuring charges, significant impairment charges and reversals, as well as other significant unusual items.

Special items were as follows:

	Three-mo		Nine-m ended S		
	2015	2014	2015		2014
Impairment and other charges - C Series aircraft program ⁽¹⁾	\$ 3,235	\$ _	\$ 3,235	\$	_
Impairment and other charges - Learjet 85 aircraft program ⁽²⁾	1,163	_	1,163		_
Changes in estimates and fair value ⁽³⁾	353	_	353		_
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	22		43
Restructuring charge ⁽⁵⁾	_	120	9		142
Gain on resolution of a litigation ⁽⁶⁾	_	_	_		(18)
Tax impacts of special items ⁽⁷⁾	106	9	106		11
	\$ 4,857	\$ 129	\$ 4,888	\$	178
Of which is presented in					
Special items in EBIT	\$ 4,710	\$ 120	\$ 4,719	\$	132
Financing expense - loss on financial instruments ⁽³⁾	41	_	41		_
Financing expense - loss on repurchase of long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾	_	_	22		43
Financing income - interests related to the resolution of a litigation ⁽⁶⁾	_	_	_		(8)
Income taxes - effect of special items ⁽⁷⁾	106	9	106		11
	\$ 4,857	\$ 129	\$ 4,888	\$	178

(1) Represents an impairment charge of \$3,070 million on aerospace program tooling, and inventory write-downs and other provisions of \$165 million, following the completion of an in-depth review of the *C Series* aircraft program as well as discussions with the Government of Québec which resulted in the October 2015 memorandum of understanding. See Note 11 - Inventories and Note 14 - Provisions.

(2) Represents an impairment charge of \$919 million on aerospace program tooling, and inventory write-downs, write-downs of other assets and PP&E, other provisions and other financial liabilities of \$244 million, as a result of the cancellation of the *Learjet 85* aircraft program due to the lack of sales following the prolonged market weakness. See Note 11 - Inventories and Note 14 - Provisions.

(3) Related to an increase in provisions for credit and RVGs as a result of changes in assumptions concerning residual value curves of regional aircraft due to difficult market conditions for regional pre-owned aircraft and a higher probability that the guaranteed party will exercise the RVG given the recent experience with respect to RVG guarantees and a loss on certain financial instruments due to changes in estimated fair value.

(4) Represents the loss related to the redemption of the \$750-million Senior Notes for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. See Note 17 - Long-term debt for more details (\$43 million represents the loss related to the redemption of the €785-million (\$1,093-million) Senior Notes for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014).

(5) Represents restructuring charges of \$13 million related to the workforce reduction announced in January 2015 of approximately 1,000 positions, located mostly in Querétaro, Mexico and Wichita, U.S., as a result of the decision to pause the *Learjet 85* aircraft program, and a reversal of restructuring provisions taken in prior year of \$4 million, for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. During the three-month period ended September 30, 2014, the Corporation recorded restructuring charges of \$120 million related to the workforce reduction announced in July 2014, of which \$63 million relates to the Business Aircraft, Commercial Aircraft and Aerostructures and Engineering Services and \$57 million relates to Transportation. In addition, during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, the Corporation recorded a restructuring charge of \$22 million related to the Business Aircraft, Commercial Aircraft and Aerostructures and Engineering Services workforce reduction announced in January 2014.

(6) Represents a gain at Business Aircraft and Commercial Aircraft upon the successful resolution of a litigation in connection with Part IV of the Québec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital, of which \$8 million represents the interest portion of the gain for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014.

(7) Represents net write-downs of deferred income tax assets, mainly due to the reorganization and consolidation of Bombardier Transportation under one holding entity necessary to facilitate the planned placement of a minority stake in Bombardier Transportation, for the three-and nine-month period ended September 30, 2015. This item has a significant impact on the effective income tax rates.

C Series aircraft program

In October 2015, the Corporation entered into a memorandum of understanding for the *C Series* aircraft program with the Government of Québec. See Note 24 – Event after the reporting date for more details. Following the completion of an in-depth review of the *C Series* aircraft program as well as discussions with the Government of Québec which resulted in the memorandum of understanding, the Corporation performed an impairment test on the *C Series* cash generating unit (the "*C Series* program") which principally consists of capitalized development costs. The Corporation determined that the *C Series* program carrying amount exceeded

its recoverable amount, and accordingly recorded an impairment charge of \$3,070 million related to the *C Series* development costs. After the impairment charge, the remaining balance of the *C Series* aerospace program tooling is \$1,633 million.

The calculation of recoverable amounts used in impairment testing require estimates of the expected number of aircraft to be delivered over the life of each program. The expected number of aircraft is based on management's aircraft market forecasts and the Corporation's expected share of each market. Such estimates are reviewed in detail as part of the budget and strategic plan process. The estimated future cash flows for the first five years are based on the strategic plan. After the initial five years, long-range forecasts prepared by management are used. Forecast future cash flows are based on management's risk-adjusted best estimate of future sales under existing firm orders, expected future orders, timing of payments based on expected delivery schedule, revenues from related services, procurement costs based on existing contracts with suppliers, future labour costs, general market conditions, foreign exchange rates and applicable income tax rates.

For purposes of impairment testing, management exercises judgment to identify independent cash inflows to identify CGUs by family of aircraft. Other key estimates used to determine the recoverable amount include the applicable discount rate, the expected future cash flows over the remaining life of each program, which include costs to complete the development activities, if any. They also include future cash flows from aftermarket activities, as well as synergies from the perspective of a market participant.

The recoverable amount of the *C Series* program was based on fair value less costs of disposal. The fair value measurement of the *C Series* program is categorized within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The estimate of the fair value less costs of disposal was determined using forecasted cash flows based on probability-based long-range forecasts prepared by management and an after tax discount rate of 8.75% based on a benchmark sampling of publicly traded companies in the aerospace sector.

Sensitivity analysis

The following analyses are presented in isolation from one another, i.e. all other estimates left unchanged:

A 10% decrease in the expected future net cash inflows for the *C Series* program evenly distributed over future periods, would have resulted in an additional impairment charge of approximately \$403 million.

An increase of 100-basis points in the discount rate used to perform the impairment test would have resulted in an additional impairment charge of approximately \$210 million.

Learjet 85 aircraft program

On October 28, 2015, due to the lack of sales following the prolonged market weakness, the Corporation announced the cancellation of the *Learjet 85* aircraft program. As a result, the Corporation recorded an impairment charge of \$919 million related to the remaining *Learjet 85* development costs.

8. FINANCING EXPENSE AND FINANCING INCOME

Financing expense and financing income were as follows:

		Three-m ended S		Nine-m ended S	
		2015	2014	2015	2014
Financing expense					
Net loss on certain financial instruments ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$	54	\$ 23	\$ 77	\$ 10
Accretion on net retirement benefit obligations		18	19	55	57
Accretion on other financial liabilities		6	4	18	9
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt(3)		_	_	22	43
Amortization of letter of credit facility costs		4	4	11	11
Accretion on provisions		2	2	5	6
Changes in discount rates of provisions		3	_	3	_
Other		5	7	17	20
	-	92	59	208	156
Interest on long-term debt, after effect of hedges		37	7	118	29
	\$	129	\$ 66	\$ 326	\$ 185
Financing income					
Interest related to the resolution of a litigation ⁽⁴⁾	\$	_	\$ 	\$ _	\$ (8
Changes in discount rates of provisions		_	(3)	_	(1
Other		(2)	_	(17)	(14
		(2)	(3)	(17)	(23
Interest on loans and lease receivables,		(=)	(0)	(4=)	(0.4
after effect of hedges		(5)	(6)	(17)	(21
Income from investment in securities		(3)	(3)	(13)	(9
Interest on cash and cash equivalents		(2)	(3)	(5)	(6
		(10)	(12)	(35)	(36
	\$	(12)	\$ (15)	\$ (52)	\$ (59

⁽¹⁾ Net losses (gains) on certain financial instruments classified as FVTP&L, including losses (gains) arising from changes in interest rates.

Borrowing costs capitalized to PP&E and intangible assets totalled \$98 million and \$228 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, using an average capitalization rate of 5.31% and 4.95%, respectively (\$77 million and \$235 million and 4.86% and 4.95% for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively). Capitalized borrowing costs are deducted from the related interest expense (i.e. interest on long-term debt or accretion on other financial liabilities, if any).

⁽²⁾ Includes \$41 million of special items. See Note 7 – Special items for more details.

⁽³⁾ Represents the loss related to the redemption of the \$750-million Senior Notes, which was recorded as a special item for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2015 (\$43 million represents the loss related to the redemption of the €785-million (\$1,093-million) Senior Notes, which was recorded as a special item for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014).

⁽⁴⁾ Represents the interest portion of a gain of \$18 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 upon the successful resolution of a litigation in connection with Part IV of the Québec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital. The remaining \$10 million of the gain was recorded in EBIT as special items for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014.

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted EPS were computed as follows:

		Three-me				Nine-mended S		
		2015		2014		2015		2014
(Number of shares, stock options, PSUs, DSUs and RSUs, i	n tho	ousands)						
Net income (loss) attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$	(4,891)	\$	68	\$	(4,668)	\$	334
Preferred share dividends, including taxes		(7)		(8)		(21)		(23)
Net income (loss) attributable to common equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$	(4,898)	\$	60	\$	(4,689)	\$	311
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	2,	225,636	1,7	41,790	2,	040,938	1,7	41,767
Net effect of stock options, PSUs, DSUs and RSUs		_		320		_		673
Weighted-average diluted number of common shares	2,	,225,636	1,7	'42,110	2,	040,938	1,7	42,440
EPS (in dollars)								
Basic and diluted	\$	(2.20)	\$	0.03	\$	(2.30)	\$	0.18

The effect of the exercise of stock options, PSUs, DSUs and RSUs was included in the calculation of diluted EPS in the above table, except for 83,819,411 and 66,112,810 stock options, PSUs, DSUs and RSUs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively (38,534,187 and 42,714,991 stock options, PSUs and DSUs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively) since the average market value of the underlying shares was lower than the exercise price, or because the predetermined target market price thresholds of the Corporation's Class B Shares (subordinate voting) or predetermined financial performance targets had not been met, or the effect of the exercise would be antidilutive.

10. **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The classification of financial instruments and their carrying amounts and fair values were as follows, as at:

	F۷	/TP&L							
	HFT	Desig	nated	AFS	Amortized cost	(1)	DDHR	Total carrying value	Fair value
September 30, 2015									
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,344	\$	_	\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 2,344	\$ 2,344
Trade and other receivables	_		_	_	1,248		_	1,248	1,248
Other financial assets	36		320	336	386		565	1,643	1,676
	\$ 2,380	\$	320	\$ 336	\$ 1,634	\$	565	\$ 5,235	\$ 5,268
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$	2	n/a	\$ 3,934	\$	_	\$ 3,936	\$ 3,936
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_		_	n/a	9,098		_	9,098	7,010
Other financial liabilities	56		133	n/a	697		696	1,582	1,551
	\$ 56	\$	135	n/a	\$13,729	\$	696	\$14,616	\$ 12,497
December 31, 2014									
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,489	\$	_	\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 2,489	\$ 2,489
Trade and other receivables	_		_	_	1,538		_	1,538	1,538
Other financial assets	43		578	330	422		485	1,858	1,869
	\$ 2,532	\$	578	\$ 330	\$ 1,960	\$	485	\$ 5,885	\$ 5,896
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$	18	n/a	\$ 4,198	\$	_	\$ 4,216	\$ 4,216
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_			n/a	7,683		_	7,683	7,692
Other financial liabilities	73		172	n/a	719		592	1,556	1,655
	\$ 73	\$	190	n/a	\$12,600	\$	592	\$13,455	\$ 13,563
January 1, 2014 Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,397	\$		\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 3,397	\$ 3,397
Trade and other receivables	_			_	1,492		_	1,492	1,492
Other financial assets	129		673	315	425		663	2,205	2,203
	\$ 3,526	\$	673	\$ 315	\$ 1,917	\$	663	\$ 7,094	\$ 7,092
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$	_	n/a	\$ 4,089	\$	_	\$ 4,089	\$ 4,089
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_		_	n/a	7,203		_	7,203	7,346
Other financial liabilities	25		142	n/a	958		386	1,511	1,656
	\$ 25	\$	142	n/a	\$ 12,250	\$	386	\$12,803	\$13,091

⁽¹⁾ Financial assets are classified as L&R and financial liabilities as other than HFT.
(2) Includes the current portion of long-term debt.
n/a: Not applicable

11. INVENTORIES

Inventories were as follows, as at:

	Septeml	per 30, 2015	Decemb	per 31, 2014	Jan	uary 1, 2014
Aerospace programs	\$	4,742	\$	4,600	\$	4,847
Long-term contracts						,
Production contracts						
Cost incurred and recorded margins		8,002		7,369		7,064
Less: advances and progress billings		(6,041)		(5,558)		(5,406)
		1,961		1,811		1,658
Service contracts						
Cost incurred and recorded margins		254		310		420
Less: advances and progress billings		(20)		(17)		(19)
		234		293		401
Finished products ⁽¹⁾		1,119		1,266		1,328
	\$	8,056	\$	7,970	\$	8,234

⁽¹⁾ Finished products include 1 new aircraft not associated with a firm order and 49 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$282 million as at September 30, 2015 (1 new aircraft and 57 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$485 million as at December 31, 2014 and 11 new aircraft and 43 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$535 million as at January 1, 2014).

Finished products as at September 30, 2015 include \$193 million of pre-owned aircraft legally sold to third parties and leased back under sale and leaseback facilities (\$248 million as at December 31, 2014 and \$134 million as at January 1, 2014). The related sales proceeds are accounted for as sale and leaseback obligations.

The amount of inventories recognized as cost of sales totalled \$3,458 million and \$10,795 million for the three-and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively (\$3,567 million and \$11,069 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively). These amounts include \$136 million and \$219 million of write-downs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively (\$37 million and \$104 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively). An additional write-down of \$57 million is recognized in special items for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015. See Note 7 – Special items for more details.

In connection with certain long-term contracts, Transportation enters into arrangements whereby amounts are received from third-party advance providers in exchange for the rights to customer payments. There is no recourse to Transportation if the customer defaults on its payment obligations assigned to the third-party advance provider. Amounts received under these arrangements are included as advances and progress billings in reduction of long-term contracts (production contracts) inventories and amounted to €300 million (\$336 million) as at September 30, 2015. The third-party advance providers could request repayment of these amounts if Transportation fails to perform its contractual obligations under the related long-term contract.

12. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	per 30, 2015	Decemb	er 31, 2014	Jan	uary 1, 2014
Derivative financial instruments	\$	601	\$	528	\$	792
Investments in securities(1)(2)		347		346		335
Long-term contract receivables		305		321		319
Investments in financing structures ⁽¹⁾		198		360		331
Aircraft loans and lease receivables ⁽¹⁾		170		275		400
Restricted cash		10		17		19
Other		12		11		9
	\$	1,643	\$	1,858	\$	2,205
Of which current	\$	544	\$	530	\$	637
Of which non-current		1,099		1,328		1,568
	\$	1,643	\$	1,858	\$	2,205

⁽¹⁾ Carried at fair value, except for \$2 million of aircraft loans and lease receivables, \$11 million of investments in securities and \$46 million of investment in financing structures carried at amortized cost as at September 30, 2015 (\$12 million, \$16 million and \$45 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2014 and \$12 million, \$20 million and \$46 million, respectively, as at January 1, 2014).

13. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	oer 30, 2015	Decemb	er 31, 2014	Jan	uary 1, 2014
Prepaid expenses	\$	722	\$	760	\$	620
Sales tax and other taxes		360		302		344
Retirement benefits		204		159		174
Deferred financing charges		166		138		100
Intangible assets other than aerospace program tooling and goodwill		111		156		186
Other		21		33		9
	\$	1,584	\$	1,548	\$	1,433
Of which current	\$	675	\$	592	\$	626
Of which non-current		909		956		807
	\$	1,584	\$	1,548	\$	1,433

⁽²⁾ Includes \$80 million of securities to secure contingent capital contributions to be made in relation to guarantees issued in connection with the sale of aircraft as at September 30, 2015 (\$70 million as at December 31, 2014, and January 1, 2014).

14. PROVISIONS

Changes in provisions were as follows, for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30:

	-	Product ranties	re	dit and esidual value antees	and term	eturing, erance d other ination enefits	Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2014	\$	773	\$	456	\$	117	\$ 206	\$ 1,552
Additions		160		4		20 (2)	14	198
Utilization		(116)		(23)		(44)	(3)	(186)
Reversals		(50)		(6)		(5) (2)	(16)	(77)
Accretion expense		_		3		_	_	3
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes		(32)		_		(5)	(2)	(39)
Balance as at June 30, 2015	\$	735	\$	434	\$	83	\$ 199	\$ 1,451
Additions		55		250	(3)	7	310 (4)	622
Utilization		(59)		(12)		(8)	(2)	(81)
Reversals		(14)		_		_	(2)	(16)
Accretion expense		1		1		_	_	2
Effect of changes in discount rates		1		2		_	_	3
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes		(4)		_		(1)	(1)	(6)
Balance as at September 30, 2015	\$	715	\$	675	\$	81	\$ 504	\$ 1,975
Of which current	\$	559	\$	69	\$	79	\$ 395	\$ 1,102
Of which non-current		156		606		2	109	873
	\$	715	\$	675	\$	81	\$ 504	\$ 1,975

	Product irranties	r	edit and residual value rantees	se aı terr	icturing, verance nd other mination benefits		Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2014	\$ 863	\$	463	\$	81	\$	58	\$ 1,465
Additions	153		1		40 (2))	8	202
Utilization	(153)		(27)		(55)		(3)	(238)
Reversals	(23)		(5)		(8)		(9)	(45)
Accretion expense	1		3		_		_	4
Effect of changes in discount rates	_		2		_		_	2
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	(4)		_		(1)		_	(5)
Balance as at June 30, 2014	\$ 837	\$	437	\$	57	\$	54	\$ 1,385
Additions	93		_		138 ⁽²⁾)	5	236
Utilization	(76)		(23)		(13)		(1)	(113)
Reversals	(19)		(12)		(5)		(1)	(37)
Accretion expense	_		2		_		_	2
Effect of changes in discount rates	(1)		(2)		_		_	(3)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	(37)		_		(5)		(3)	(45)
Balance as at September 30, 2014	\$ 797	\$	402	\$	172	\$	54	\$ 1,425
Of which current	\$ 641	\$	44	\$	166	\$	22	\$ 873
Of which non-current	156		358		6		32	552
	\$ 797	\$	402	\$	172	\$	54	\$ 1,425

⁽¹⁾ Includes onerous contract provisions, litigations and claims, as well as environmental liabilities.

⁽²⁾ See Note 7 – Special items for more details on the addition and the reversal related to restructuring charges.

⁽³⁾ See Note 7 – Special items for more details on changes in estimates and fair value related to Credit and residual value guarantees.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes other provisions related to the *C Series* aircraft program and to the cancellation of the *Learjet 85* program, which are included in special items. See Note 7 – Special items for more details.

15. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Other financial liabilities were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	er 30, 2015	Decemb	er 31, 2014	January 1, 2014		
Derivative financial instruments	\$	752	\$	665	\$	411	
Government refundable advances		406		363		481	
Sale and leaseback obligations		216		260		138	
Lease subsidies		133		172		142	
Current portion of long-term debt		69		56		215	
Vendor non-recurring costs		27		36		38	
Other		48		60		301	
	\$	1,651	\$	1,612	\$	1,726	
Of which current	\$	1,020	\$	1,010	\$	1,009	
Of which non-current		631		602		717	
	\$	1,651	\$	1,612	\$	1,726	

16. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	per 30, 2015	Decemb	er 31, 2014	January 1, 2014		
Employee benefits	\$	609	\$	661	\$	750	
Supplier contributions to aerospace programs		609		601		529	
Accruals for long-term contract costs		577		631		630	
Deferred revenues		393		450		460	
Income and other taxes payable		338		367		368	
Other		567		568		480	
	\$	3,093	\$	3,278	\$	3,217	
Of which current	\$	2,086	\$	2,182	\$	2,227	
Of which non-current		1,007		1,096		990	
	\$	3,093	\$	3,278	\$	3,217	

17. LONG-TERM DEBT

In March 2015, the Corporation issued, at par, unsecured Senior Notes comprised of \$750 million, bearing interest at 5.50%, due on September 15, 2018 and \$1,500 million, bearing interest at 7.50%, due on March 15, 2025.

The Corporation issued on March 30, 2015 a notice of redemption for the \$750-million Senior Notes due January 15, 2016. The optional redemption was exercised on April 29, 2015.

The Corporation used the net proceeds of \$2,213 million to finance the redemption of the \$750-million Senior Notes due January 15, 2016 with the remainder being for general corporate purposes.

18. SHARE CAPITAL

Following a resolution approved on March 27, 2015, the number of Class A and Class B shares authorized has increased from 1,892,000,000 to 2,742,000,000. In addition, the Corporation issued 487 840 350 Class B shares (subordinate voting). The Corporation used the net proceeds of CDN \$1,035 million (\$822 million) to supplement its working capital and for general corporate purposes.

19. SHARE-BASED PLANS

PSU, DSU and RSU plans

The number of PSUs, DSUs and RSUs has varied as follows:

					Three-montl ended Sept	•
			2015			2014
	PSU	DSU	RSU	PSU	DSU	RSU
Balance at beginning of period	25,084,158	6,989,586	_	16,980,181	6,716,783	_
Granted	_	_	22,390,685	_	16,381	_
Exercised	_	_	_	_	(48,997)	_
Forfeited	(9,084,923)	(1,589,531)	(67,382)	(488,756)	(663,803)	_
Balance at end of period	15,999,235	5,400,055 ⁽¹⁾	22,323,303	16,491,425	6,020,364 ⁽¹⁾	_

					Nine-mont ended Sept	
			2015			2014
	PSU	DSU	RSU	PSU	DSU	RSU
Balance at beginning of period	26,045,936	7,666,464	_	23,596,681	8,169,850	_
Granted	248,757	_	22,390,685	106,641	48,112	_
Exercised	_	(168,486)	_	_	(48,997)	_
Forfeited	(10,295,458)	(2,097,923)	(67,382)	(7,211,897)	(2,148,601)	_
Balance at end of period	15,999,235	5,400,055 ⁽¹⁾	22,323,303	16,491,425	6,020,364 (1)	_

⁽¹⁾ Of which 1,783,649 DSUs are vested as at September 30, 2015 (2,447,687 as at September 30, 2014).

The Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a RSU plan under which RSUs may be granted to executives and other designated employees. The RSUs give recipients the right, upon vesting, to receive a certain number of the Corporation's Class B Shares (Subordinate Voting) or to receive a cash payment equal to the value of the RSUs. RSUs granted will vest regardless of the performance. RSUs generally vest three years following the grant date. For grants issued in August 2015, the vesting date will be in August 2018.

The compensation expense, with respect to the PSU, DSU and RSU plans, amounted to \$4 million and \$9 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively (compensation revenue of \$12 million and \$5 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively).

Share option plans

The number of options issued and outstanding to purchase Class B Shares (Subordinate Voting) has varied as follows:

		nonth periods September 30		nonth periods September 30
	2015	2014	2014	
Balance at beginning of period	32,558,998	28,451,761	31,446,124	29,355,757
Granted	44,722,033	714,924	48,762,044	903,016
Exercised	_	_	_	(23,000)
Forfeited	(209,785)	(1,829,379)	(1,995,532)	(2,165,648)
Expired	(2,583,400)	(3,147,688)	(3,724,790)	(3,880,507)
Balance at end of period	74,487,846	24,189,618	74,487,846	24,189,618

A compensation expense of \$2 million and \$5 million was recorded during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively, with respect to share option plans (nil and \$4 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, respectively).

20. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH BALANCES

Net change in non-cash balances was as follows:

	Three-month periods ended September 30						eriods nber 30
	2015		2014		2015		2014
Trade and other receivables	\$ 15	\$	(70)	\$	208	\$	(237)
Inventories	(68)		22		(298)		(654)
Other financial assets and liabilities, net	173		88		119		86
Other assets	156		49		(102)		(31)
Trade and other payables	(57)		59		(148)		10
Provisions	528		86		467		11
Advances and progress billings in excess of long-term contract inventories	36		(404)		(203)		(480)
Advances on aerospace programs	(181)		172		(941)		515
Retirement benefits liability	(50)		(64)		134		(87)
Other liabilities	(209)		(27)		(99)		(112)
	\$ 343	\$	(89)	\$	(863)	\$	(979)

21. CREDIT FACILITIES

In March 2015, the availability periods of Transportation's €3,500-million (\$3,921-million) letter of credit facility and the \$600-million letter of credit facility, which is available for the Corporation excluding Transportation, were extended by one year to May 2018 and June 2018, respectively. In addition, the maturity dates of Transportation's €500-million (\$560-million) unsecured revolving credit facility and the \$750-million unsecured revolving credit facility, which is available for the Corporation excluding Transportation, were also extended by one year to March 2017 and June 2018, respectively.

In June 2015, Transportation's €3,500-million (\$3,921-million) committed amount increased to €3,640-million (\$4,078-million). Also, in June 2015, the availability period of the PSG facility was extended to August 2016.

The minimum liquidity required at the end of each fiscal quarter to meet the financial covenants related to the \$600-million letter of credit facility and \$750-million unsecured revolving facility, which are available for the Corporation excluding Transportation, has increased from \$500 million to \$750 million. Transportation's €3,640-million (\$4,078-million) letter of credit and €500-million (\$560-million) unsecured revolving facilities still require a minimum liquidity level of €600 million (\$672 million). Minimum liquidity required is not defined as comprising only cash and cash equivalents as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position.

22. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value amounts disclosed in these consolidated financial statements represent the Corporation's estimate of the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a market in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. They are point-in-time estimates that may change in subsequent reporting periods due to market conditions or other factors. Fair value is determined by reference to guoted prices in the principal market for that instrument to which the Corporation has immediate access. However, there is no active market for most of the Corporation's financial instruments. In the absence of an active market, the Corporation determines fair value based on internal or external valuation models, such as stochastic models, option-pricing models and discounted cash flow models. Fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows, discount rates, the creditworthiness of the borrower, the aircraft's expected future value, default probability, generic industrial bond spreads and marketability risk. In determining these assumptions, the Corporation uses primarily external, readily observable market inputs, including factors such as interest rates, credit ratings, credit spreads, default probabilities, currency rates, and price and rate volatilities, as applicable. Assumptions or inputs that are not based on observable market data are used when external data are unavailable. These calculations represent management's best estimates. Since they are based on estimates, the fair values may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the instruments.

Methods and assumptions

The methods and assumptions used to measure fair value for items recorded at FVTP&L and AFS are as follows:

Aircraft loans and lease receivables and investments in financing structures – The Corporation uses an internal valuation model based on stochastic simulations and discounted cash flow analysis to estimate fair value. Fair value is calculated using market data for interest rates, published credit ratings when available, yield curves and default probabilities. The Corporation uses market data to determine the marketability adjustments and also uses internal assumptions to take into account factors that market participants would consider when pricing these financial assets. The Corporation also uses internal assumptions to determine the credit risk of customers without published credit rating. In addition, the Corporation uses aircraft residual value curves reflecting specific factors of the current aircraft market and a balanced market in the medium and long term.

Investments in securities – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow models to estimate the fair value of unquoted investments in fixed-income securities, using market data such as interest-rate.

Lease subsidies – The Corporation uses an internal valuation model based on stochastic simulations to estimate fair value of lease subsidies incurred in connection with the sale of commercial aircraft. Fair value is calculated using market data for interest rates, published credit ratings when available, default probabilities from rating agencies and the Corporation's credit spread. The Corporation also uses internal assumptions to determine the credit risk of customers without published credit rating.

Derivative financial instruments – Fair value of derivative financial instruments generally reflects the estimated amounts that the Corporation would receive to sell favourable contracts i.e. taking into consideration the counterparty credit risk, or pays to transfer unfavourable contracts i.e. taking into consideration the Corporation's credit risk, at the reporting dates. The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses and market data such as interest rates, credit spreads and foreign exchange spot rate to estimate the fair value of forward agreements and interest-rate derivatives.

The Corporation uses an option-adjusted spread model and a discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value of call features on long-term debt, using market data such as interest-rate swap curves and external quotations.

The methods and assumptions used to measure fair value for items recorded at amortized cost are as follows:

Financial instruments whose carrying value approximates fair value – The fair values of trade and other receivables, certain aircraft loans and lease receivables, certain investments in securities, certain investments in financing structures, restricted cash, trade and other payables, and sales and leaseback obligations measured at amortized cost, approximate their carrying value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments, because they bear variable interest-rate or because the terms and conditions are comparable to current market terms and conditions for similar items.

Long-term contract receivables – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value using market data for interest rates.

Long-term debt – The fair value of long-term debt is estimated using public quotations, when available, or discounted cash flow analyses, based on the current corresponding borrowing rate for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

Government refundable advances and vendor non-recurring costs – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value using market data for interest rates and credit spreads.

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables present financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized using the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs from observable markets other than quoted prices included in Level 1, including indirectly observable data (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (Level 3).

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities by level of hierarchy was as follows, as at September 30 2015:

	Total	L	evel 1	L	evel 2	evel 3
Financial assets						
Aircraft loans and lease receivables	\$ 168	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 168
Derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	601		_		601	_
Investments in securities	323 ⁽²	2)	36		287	_
Investments in financing structures	152		_		_	152
	\$ 1,244	\$	36	\$	888	\$ 320
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	\$ (2)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (2)
Lease subsidies	(133)		_		_	(133)
Derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾	(752)		_		(752)	· —
	\$ (887)	\$	_	\$	(752)	\$ (135)

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial instruments consist of forward foreign exchange contracts, interest-rate swap agreements and embedded derivatives.

Changes in the fair value of Level 3 financial instruments were as follows, for the three- and nine-month periods ended:

	an	ft loans d lease ivables	in fir	Investments in financing structures		Trade and other payables		Lease ibsidies
Balance as at December 31, 2014	\$	263	\$	165	\$	(18)	\$	(172)
Net gains and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		16		15		_		2
Issuances		_		_		(6)		_
Settlements		(28)		_		18		11
Balance as at June 30, 2015	\$	251	\$	180	\$	(6)	\$	(159)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		(81)		(27)		_		19
Issuances		4		_		_		_
Settlements		(6)		(1)		4		7
Balance as at September 30, 2015	\$	168	\$	152	\$	(2)	\$	(133)

	ar	and lease in financing o			rade and other payables	Lease subsidies	
Balance as at January 1, 2014	\$	388	\$	135	\$	_	\$ (142)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		41		32		_	(21)
Issuances		4		_		_	(38)
Settlements		(125)		(1)		_	12
Balance as at June 30, 2014	\$	308	\$	166	\$	_	\$ (189)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		(15)		1		_	(2)
Settlements		(6)		(1)		_	6
Balance as at September 30, 2014	\$	287	\$	166	\$	_	\$ (185)

⁽¹⁾ Of which \$3 million and \$7 million represent realized gains for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2015, respectively, which are recorded in financing income (\$2 million and \$10 million represent realized gains for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, which are recorded in financing income).

Main assumptions developed internally for Level 3 hierarchy

When measuring Level 3 financial instruments at fair value, some assumptions are not derived from an observable market. The main assumptions developed internally relate to credit risks of customers without published credit rating and marketability adjustments to discount rates specific to our financial assets.

⁽²⁾ Excludes \$13 million of AFS investments carried at cost.

These main assumptions are as follows as at September 30, 2015:

Main assumptions (weighted average)	Aircraft loans and lease receivables		Lease subsidies
Internally assigned credit rating	Between BB to C (B+)	Between BB- to CCC+ (B+)	Between BB- to CCC (B+)
Discount rate adjustments for marketability	Between 7.71% and 10.19% (10.13%)	Between 1.86% and 8.67% (6.62%)	n/a

Also, aircraft residual value curves are important inputs in assessing the fair value of certain financial instruments. These curves are prepared by management based on information obtained from external appraisals and reflect specific factors of the current aircraft market and a balanced market in the medium and long term.

Sensitivity to selected changes of assumptions for Level 3 hierarchy

These assumptions, not derived from an observable market, are established by management using estimates and judgments that can have a significant effect on revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities. Changing one or more of these assumptions to other reasonably possible alternative assumptions, for which the impact on their fair value would be significant, would change their fair value as follows as at September 30, 2015:

Impact on EBT							Change	of	assumptions
Change in	fair valu	ie recogniz	ed in	EBT for the :					
Gain (loss)	per	ree-month iod ended ember 30, 2015		Nine-month period ended eptember 30, 2015	Decrease in aircraft esidual value curves by 5%	ass	wngrade the internally signed credit g of unrated customers by 1 notch		Increase the marketability adjustments by 100 bps
Aircraft loans and lease receivables	\$	(87)	\$	(83)	\$ (2)	\$	(5)	\$	(8)
Investment in financing structures	\$	(31)	\$	(22)	\$ (3)	\$	(10)	\$	(11)
Lease subsidies	\$	21	\$	26	n/a	\$	2		n/a

n/a: not applicable

23. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The table below presents the maximum potential exposure for each major group of exposure, as at:

	September 30, 2015		December 31, 2014		January 1, 2014	
Aircraft sales						
Residual value	\$	1,677	\$	1,749	\$	1,828
Credit		1,242		1,275		1,297
Mutually exclusive exposure(1)		(593)		(628)		(639)
Total credit and residual value exposure	\$	2,326	\$	2,396	\$	2,486
Trade-in commitments	\$	1,932	\$	2,696	\$	3,416
Conditional repurchase obligations	\$	212	\$	204	\$	472
Other						
Credit	\$	48	\$	48	\$	48
Performance guarantees	\$	35	\$	38	\$	43

⁽¹⁾ Some of the residual value guarantees can only be exercised once the credit guarantees have expired without exercise. Therefore, the guarantees must not be added together to calculate the combined maximum exposure for the Corporation.

Provisions for anticipated losses amounting to \$675 million as at September 30, 2015 (\$456 million as at December 31, 2014 and \$463 million as at January 1, 2014) have been established to cover the risks from credit and residual value guarantees. In addition, lease subsidies, which would be extinguished in the event of credit default by certain customers, amounted to \$133 million as at September 30, 2015 (\$172 million as at December 31, 2014 and \$142 million as at January 1, 2014).

Litigation

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation is a defendant in certain legal proceedings currently pending before various courts in relation to product liability and contract disputes with customers and other third parties. The Corporation intends to vigorously defend its position in these matters.

While the Corporation cannot predict the final outcome of all legal proceedings pending as at September 30, 2015, based on information currently available, management believes that the resolution of these legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

S-Bahn claim

On March 20, 2015, Deutsche Bahn and Transportation announced that they had agreed on an out-of-court Settlement regarding various claims. The out-of-court Settlement terminated the claim filed on March 4, 2013 by S-Bahn Berlin GmbH ("SB") against Bombardier Transportation GmbH, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation, in the Berlin District Court ("Landgericht Berlin"), concerning the trains of the 481 Series delivered to SB between 1996 and 2004. Under the out-of-court Settlement, Bombardier Transportation GmbH made no admission of liability.

Investigation in Brazil

On March 20, 2014, Bombardier Transportation Brasil Ltda ("BT Brazil"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation, received notice that it was among the 18 companies and over 100 individuals named in administrative proceedings initiated by governmental authorities in Brazil, including the Administrative Council for Economic Protection ("CADE"), and the Sao Paulo Public Prosecutor's office, following previously disclosed investigations carried on by such governmental authorities with respect to allegations of cartel activity in the public procurement of railway equipment and the construction and maintenance of railway lines in Sao Paulo and other areas.

BT Brazil as a result of the administrative proceedings initiated by CADE in 2014 became a party as defendant to legal proceedings brought by the Sao Paulo State prosecution service against it and other companies for alleged 'administrative improbity' in relation to refurbishment contracts awarded in 2009 by the Sao Paulo metro operator CMSP and for 'cartel' in relation to a five year-maintenance contract with the Sao Paulo urban transit operator CPTM signed in 2002. In addition, BT Brazil was served notice and joined in December 2014 to a civil suit as codefendant first commenced by the Sao Paulo state government against Siemens AG in the fall of 2013 and with which the State government seeks to recover loss for alleged cartel activities.

Companies found to have engaged in unlawful cartel conduct are subject to administrative fines, state actions for repayment of overcharges and potentially disqualification for a certain period. The Corporation and BT Brazil continue to cooperate with investigations relating to the administrative proceedings and intend to defend themselves vigorously.

24. EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

In October 2015, the Corporation entered into a memorandum of understanding which contemplates a \$1.0 billion investment by the Ministère de l'Économie, de l'Innovation et des Exportations du Québec (through Investissement Québec) (the Government) for a 49.5% equity stake in a newly-created limited partnership to which would be transferred the assets, liabilities and obligations of the *C Series* aircraft program. This newly created limited partnership will be owned 50.5% by the Corporation and, as a subsidiary of the Corporation, will carry on the operations related to the Corporation's *C Series* aircraft program. After the investment, the newly created limited partnership will be consolidated in its financial results. The investment remains conditional upon the completion of definitive agreements, the receipt of consents from third parties, the completion of an internal pre-closing reorganization, the receipt of required regulatory approvals and other customary conditions precedent. The proceeds of the investment will be used entirely for cash flow purposes of the *C Series* aircraft program.

The investment also includes the issuance to the Government of warrants exercisable to acquire up to 200,000,000 Class B Shares (subordinate voting) in the capital of Bombardier Inc. (Class B Shares), at an exercise price per share equal to the U.S. dollar equivalent of \$2.21 Cdn on the date of execution of definitive agreements.

The definitive agreements are expected to be entered into on or before January 1, 2016, or such other date as the Corporation and the Government shall agree, and disbursement of the investment and issuance of the warrants will occur over two equal installments, expected to take place on April 1, 2016 and June 30, 2016, subject to the conditions to closing.

The investment contemplates a continuity undertaking providing that the Corporation shall maintain in the Province of Québec, for a period of 20 years, the newly-created limited partnership's operational, financial and strategic headquarters, manufacturing and engineering activities, shared services, policies, practices and investment plans for research and development, in each case in respect of the design, manufacture and marketing of *CS100* and *CS300* aircraft and after-sales services for these aircraft and that the Corporation will operate the facilities located in Mirabel for these purposes.

The Government's interest in the partnership will be redeemable in certain circumstances.