BOMBARDIER INC.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

For the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014

(Unaudited)

(Tabular figures are in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

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BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share amounts)

		Three-m	onth լ	periods	Nine-m	onth	periods
		ended S	epten	nber 30	ended S	epte	mber 30
	Notes	2014		2013	2014		2013
Revenues		\$ 4,906	\$	4,058	\$ 14,151	\$	12,827
Cost of sales	10	4,226		3,479	12,220		10,960
Gross margin		680		579	1,931		1,867
SG&A		315		340	1,007		1,066
R&D	4	80		65	235		210
Share of income of joint ventures and associate	es	(14)		(24)	(64)		(102)
Other expense (income)	5	8		(12)	(14)		(14)
Special items	6	120		_	132		(31)
EBIT		171		210	635		738
Financing expense	7	66		58	185		209
Financing income	7	(15)		(22)	(59)		(102)
EBT		120		174	509		631
Income taxes		46		27	165		156
Net income		\$ 74	\$	147	\$ 344	\$	475
Attributable to							
Equity holders of Bombardier Inc.		\$ 68	\$	145	\$ 334	\$	469
NCI		6		2	10		6
		\$ 74	\$	147	\$ 344	\$	475
EPS (in dollars)	8						
Basic and diluted		\$ 0.03	\$	0.08	\$ 0.18	\$	0.26

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

	Three-m ended S			Nine-m ended S	
	2014		2013	2014	2013
Net income	\$ 74	\$	147	\$ 344	\$ 475
OCI					
Items that may be reclassified to net income					
Net change in cash flow hedges					
Foreign exchange re-evaluation	9		(6)	11	(4)
Net gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments	(153)		141	(243)	25
Reclassification to income or to the related non-financial asset	50		(34)	133	(14)
Income taxes	29		(30)	24	(2)
	(65)		71	(75)	5
AFS financial assets	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	-
Net unrealized gain (loss)	_		2	4	(5)
CCTD		'			
Net investments in foreign operations	(108)		104	(69)	3
Net gain (loss) on related hedging items	2		(19)	3	(8)
	(106)	'	85	(66)	(5)
Items that are never reclassified to net income					
Retirement benefits					
Net actuarial gains (losses)	(250)		84	(602)	663
Income taxes	23		(27)	29	(88)
	(227)		57	(573)	575
Total OCI	(398)		215	(710)	570
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (324)	\$	362	\$ (366)	\$ 1,045
Attributable to					
Equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$ (325)	\$	358	\$ (371)	\$ 1,039
NCI	1		4	 5	6
	\$ (324)	\$	362	\$ (366)	\$ 1,045

BOMBARDIER INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Unaudited)

As at

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

		Sep	tember 30	De	cember 31	January 1
	Notes		2014		2013	2013
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	1,935	\$	3,397	\$ 2,557
Trade and other receivables			1,637		1,492	1,311
Inventories	10		8,773		8,234	7,540
Other financial assets	11		574		637	443
Other assets	12		909		881	680
Current assets			13,828	,	14,641	12,531
PP&E			2,095		2,066	1,933
Aerospace program tooling			7,756		6,606	4,770
Goodwill			2,226		2,381	2,316
Deferred income taxes			1,199		1,231	1,421
Investments in joint ventures and associates			309		318	311
Other financial assets	11		1,441		1,568	1,339
Other assets	12		516		552	554
Non-current assets			15,542	,	14,722	12,644
		\$	29,370	\$	29,363	\$ 25,175
Liabilities						
Trade and other payables		\$	3,999	\$	4,089	\$ 3,310
Provisions	13		873		881	1,000
Advances and progress billings in excess of long-term contract inventories			1,800		2,352	1,763
Advances on aerospace programs			3,488		3,228	3,053
Other financial liabilities	14		861		1,009	455
Other liabilities	15		2,010		2,227	2,212
Current liabilities	,		13,031		13,786	11,793
Provisions	13		552		584	608
Advances on aerospace programs			1,943		1,688	1,600
Long-term debt	16		7,619		6,988	5,360
Retirement benefits			2,564		2,161	2,999
Other financial liabilities	14		680		717	601
Other liabilities	15		1,049		990	957
Non-current liabilities			14,407		13,128	12,125
			27,438	,	26,914	23,918
Equity				,		
Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.			1,910		2,426	1,211
Attributable to NCI			22		23	46
			1,932		2,449	1,257
		\$	29,370	\$	29,363	\$ 25,175

Commitments and contingencies

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BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited)
For the three-month periods ended (in millions of U.S. dollars)

Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.

						Attitio	uta	Die to eq	uity	ilolueis o	<u> </u>	ollibarule	1 11110	•					
		Share	capi	ital	F	Retained (def						Ac	cum	ulated OC	CI				
		ferred hares		ommon shares		Other etained arnings		Net ctuarial losses	Co	ontributed surplus		AFS financial assets		sh flow nedges		ССТД	Total	NCI	Total Equity
As at June 30, 2014	\$	347	\$	1,380	\$	2,768	\$	(2,316)	\$	\$ 103	,	\$ 9	\$	(213)	\$	217	\$ 2,295	\$ 27	\$ 2,322
Total comprehensive income						-													
Net income		_		_		68		_		_		_		_		_	68	6	74
OCI		_		_		_		(227)		_		_		(65)		(101)	(393)	(5)	(398)
		_		_		68		(227)		_		_		(65)		(101)	(325)	1	(324)
Dividends		_		_		(48)		_		_		_		_		_	(48)	_	(48)
Capital distribution		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(6)	(6)
Share-based income		_		_		_		_		(12))	_		_		_	(12)	_	(12)
As at September 30, 2014	\$	347	\$	1,380	\$	2,788	\$	(2,543)	\$	\$ 91	•	\$ 9	\$	(278)	\$	116	\$ 1,910	\$ 22	\$ 1,932
As at June 30, 2013	\$	347	\$	1,385	\$	2,460	\$	(2,276)		\$ 92		\$ 3	\$	(263)	\$	67	\$ 1,815	\$ 48	\$ 1,863
Total comprehensive income																			
Net income		_		_		145		_		_		_		_		_	145	2	147
OCI		_		_		_		57		_		2		71		83	213	2	215
		_		_		145		57		_		2		71		83	358	4	362
Dividends	1 -1			_		(52)				_		_		_		_	(52)	_	(52)
Capital distribution		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	_	(29)	(29)
Share-based expense		_		_		_		_		8		_		_		_	8	_	8
As at September 30, 2013	\$	347	\$	1,385	\$	2,553	\$	(2,219)	\$	\$ 100	,	\$ 5	\$	(192)	\$	150	\$ 2,129	\$ 23	\$ 2,152

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Unaudited)
For the nine-month periods ended (in millions of U.S. dollars)

Attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.

	 Share	capit	al	F	Retained (def	ear		<u></u>	40.00	Accumulated OCI									
	ferred hares		mmon shares		Other etained arnings		Net ctuarial losses	Contri su	buted irplus		AFS nancial assets		h flow edges		CCTD		Total	NCI	Total Equity
As at December 31, 2013	\$ 347	\$	1,380	\$	2,598	\$	(1,970)	\$	92	\$	5	\$	(203)	\$	177	\$	2,426	\$ 23	\$ 2,449
Total comprehensive income																			
Net income	_		_		334		_		_		_		_		_		334	10	344
OCI	_		_		_		(573)		_		4		(75)		(61)		(705)	(5)	(710)
	_		_		334		(573)		_		4		(75)		(61)		(371)	5	(366)
Dividends					(144)		_						_				(144)		(144)
Capital distribution	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	(6)	(6)
Share-based income	_		_		_		_		(1)		_		_		_		(1)	_	(1)
As at September 30, 2014	\$ 347	\$	1,380	\$	2,788	\$	(2,543)	\$	91	\$	9	\$	(278)	\$	116	\$	1,910	\$ 22	\$ 1,932
As at January 1, 2013	\$ 347	\$	1,342	\$	2,239	\$	(2,794)	\$	109	\$	10	\$	(197)	\$	155	\$	1,211	\$ 46	\$ 1,257
Total comprehensive income																			
Net income	_		_		469		_		_		_		_		_		469	6	475
OCI	_		_		_		575		_		(5)		5		(5)		570	_	570
	_		_		469		575		_		(5)		5		(5)		1,039	6	1,045
Options exercised			12		_				(3)		_		_		_		9		9
Dividends	_		_		(155)		_		_		_		_		_		(155)	_	(155)
Capital distribution	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	(29)	(29)
Shares distributed - PSU plans	_		31		_		_		(31)		_		_		_		_	_	_
Share-based expense	_		_		_		_		25		_		_		_		25	_	25
As at September 30, 2013	\$ 347	\$	1,385	\$	2,553	\$	(2,219)	\$	100	\$	5	\$	(192)	\$	150	\$	2,129	\$ 23	\$ 2,152

BOMBARDIER INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

		Three-m ended S		Nine-m ended S		periods nber 30
	Notes	2014	2013	2014		2013
Operating activities						
Net income		\$ 74	\$ 147	\$ 344	\$	475
Non-cash items						
Amortization		105	92	301		285
Deferred income taxes		11	36	59		95
(Gains) losses on disposals of PP&E	5	_	1	(4)		_
Share of income of joint ventures and associate	es	(14)	(24)	(64)		(102)
Share-based expense (income)	17	(12)	8	(1)		25
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt	6, 16	_	_	43		_
Dividends received from joint ventures and associates		1	40	63		97
Net change in non-cash balances	18	(89)	(226)	(979)		(893)
Cash flows from operating activities		76	74	(238)		(18)
Investing activities					-	,
Additions to PP&E and intangible assets		(444)	(612)	(1,484)		(1,716)
Proceeds from disposals of PP&E and intangible assets		_	16	15		56
Additions to AFS investments in securities		_	_	(53)		(122)
Net proceeds from disposal of a business ⁽¹⁾		_	_	25		(·==)
Other		(3)	24	(4)		18
Cash flows from investing activities		(447)	(572)	(1,501)		(1,764)
Financing activities			(- /	() /		(, - ,
Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt	16	5	2	1,815		1,980
Repayments of long-term debt	16	(10)	(9)	(1,318)		(36)
Dividends paid ⁽²⁾		(45)	(49)	(137)		(148)
Other		(3)	` 7 [']	(14)		54
Cash flows from financing activities		(53)	(49)	346		1,850
Effect of exchange rates on cash				(22)		(0.7)
and cash equivalents		(117)	36	(69)		(35)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(541)	(511)	(1,462)		33
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2,476	3,101	3,397		2,557
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		\$ 1,935	\$ 2,590	\$ 1,935	\$	2,590
Supplemental information (3)(4)						
Cash paid for						
Interest		\$ 103	\$ 109	\$ 273	\$	232
Income taxes		\$ 27	\$ 20	\$ 80	\$	51
Cash received for						
Interest		\$ 21	\$ 7	\$ 131	\$	26
Income taxes		\$ 2	\$ 11	\$ 6	\$	13

⁽¹⁾ Represents the balance of sale price related to the sale of the main assets and related liabilities of the Corporation's Flexjet activities.

^{(2) \$5} million and \$16 million of dividends paid relate to preferred shares for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 (\$6 million and \$18 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013).

⁽³⁾ Amounts paid or received for interest are reflected as cash flows from operating activities, except if they were capitalized in PP&E or intangible assets, in which case they are reflected as cash flows from investing activities. Amounts paid or received for income taxes are reflected as cash flows from operating activities.

⁽⁴⁾ Interest paid comprises interest on long-term debt after the effect of hedges, if any, excluding up-front costs paid related to the negotiation of debts or credit facilities. Interest received comprises interest received related to cash and cash equivalents, investments in securities, loans and lease receivable after the effect of hedges, if any, the interest portion of a gain related to the resolution of a litigation in connection with part IV of the Quebec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital and the interest portion related to the settlement of a cross-currency interest-rate swap.

The notes are an integral part of these interim consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 (Unaudited)

(Tabular figures are in millions of U.S. dollars, unless otherwise indicated)

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Bombardier Inc. ("the Corporation") is incorporated under the laws of Canada. The Corporation is a manufacturer of transportation equipment, including business and commercial aircraft and rail transportation equipment and systems, and is a provider of related services. The Corporation carries out its operations in two distinct segments, the aerospace segment (BA) and the transportation segment (BT).

The interim consolidated financial statements are expressed in U.S. dollars and have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, as issued by the IASB. The interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies as the most recent annual consolidated financial statements. The interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Corporation's Financial Report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

These interim consolidated financial statements for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on October 29, 2014.

The results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations and cash flows for the full fiscal year. The fourth quarter has generally been the strongest in terms of revenues, profitability and cash flows.

The comparative periods include the results of the Corporation's Flexjet activities which have been disposed of on December 4, 2013.

The Corporation is subject to currency fluctuations from the translation of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities of its foreign operations with non-U.S. dollar functional currencies, mainly the euro, pound sterling and other European currencies, and from transactions denominated in foreign currencies, mainly the Canadian dollar and pound sterling.

The exchange rates for the major currencies used in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements were as follows:

			Exchange rates as at
	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013	January 1, 2013
Euro	1.2701	1.3791	1.3194
Canadian dollar	0.8962	0.9400	1.0043
Pound sterling	1.6227	1.6542	1.6167

	Average e	xchange rates for the	Average e	xchange rates for the
	three-	month periods ended	nine-	month periods ended
	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Euro	1.3283	1.3235	1.3565	1.3174
Canadian dollar	0.9205	0.9623	0.9146	0.9777
Pound sterling	1.6728	1.5495	1.6698	1.5474

2. FUTURE CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial instruments

In July 2014, the IASB completed the three-part project to replace IAS 39, *Financial instruments: recognition and measurement* by issuing IFRS 9, *Financial instruments*. IFRS 9, *Financial instruments* includes classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, a forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting.

IFRS 9 uses a new approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward in IFRS 9. However, the portion of the changes in fair value related to the entity's own credit risk, in measuring a financial liability at FVTP&L, will be presented in OCI rather than in the statement of income.

IFRS 9 also introduced a new, expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new Standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognized and to recognize full lifetime expected losses on a more timely basis.

Lastly, IFRS 9 introduced a new hedge accounting model, together with corresponding disclosures about risk management activities. The new hedge accounting model, represents a substantial overhaul of hedge accounting that will enable entities to better reflect their risk management activities in their financial statements.

IFRS 9 will be effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Corporation has not yet assessed the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

Employee benefits

In November 2013, the IASB amended IAS 19, *Employee benefits*, in order to simplify the accounting for contributions of defined benefit plans that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. This amendment will be effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2015, with earlier application permitted. The Corporation has started to assess the impact the adoption of this standard will have on its consolidated financial statements and no significant impact is expected.

Revenue Recognition

In May 2014, the IASB released IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers, which supersedes IAS 11, Construction Contracts, IAS 18, Revenues, IFRIC 13, Customer Loyalty Programs, IFRIC 15, Agreement for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18, Transfers of Assets from Customers and SIC-31, Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. IFRS 15 will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements. IFRS 15 will be effective for the Corporation's fiscal year beginning on January 1, 2017, with earlier application permitted. The Corporation has not yet assessed the impact of the adoption of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

3. SEGMENT DISCLOSURE

The Corporation has two reportable segments: BA and BT. Each reportable segment offers different products and services and requires different technology and marketing strategies.

BA BT

BA is a world leader in the design, manufacture and support of innovative aviation products. BA's aircraft portfolio includes a comprehensive line of business aircraft, commercial aircraft including regional jets, turboprops and single-aisle mainline jets, as well as specialized and amphibious aircraft. BA also offers aftermarket services. BA was also offering Flexjet fractional ownership and flight entitlement programs up to December 4, 2013.

BT is a world leader in the design, manufacture and support of rail equipment and systems, offering a full range of passenger railcars, locomotives, light rail vehicles and automated people movers. It also provides bogies, electric propulsion, control equipment and maintenance services, as well as complete rail transportation systems and rail control solutions.

The segmented information is prepared using the same accounting policies as those described in the annual consolidated financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

Management assesses segment performance based on EBIT and EBIT before special items. Corporate charges are allocated to segments mostly based on each segment's revenues. The segmented results of operations and other information are as follows:

			Three	-mo	nth perio	ds e	ended Se	pten	nber 30
			2014						2013
	ВА	ВТ	Total		BA		BT		Total
Results of operations									
Revenues	\$ 2,572	\$ 2,334	\$ 4,906	\$	1,999	\$	2,059	\$	4,058
Cost of sales	2,217	2,009	4,226		1,710		1,769		3,479
Gross margin	355	325	680		289		290		579
SG&A	162	153	315		176		164		340
R&D	51	29	80		39		26		65
Share of income of joint ventures and associates	_	(14)	(14)		_		(24)		(24)
Other expense (income)	5	3	8		(12)		_		(12)
EBIT before special items	137	154	291		86		124		210
Special items ⁽¹⁾	63	57	120		_		_		_
EBIT	\$ 74	\$ 97	171	\$	86	\$	124		210
Financing expense			66						58
Financing income			(15)						(22)
EBT			120						174
Income taxes			46						27
Net income			\$ 74					\$	147
Other information									
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽²⁾	\$ 415	\$ 29	\$ 444	\$	585	\$	11	\$	596
Amortization	\$ 76	\$ 29	\$ 105	\$	61	\$	31	\$	92

			Nine	-mo	nth perio	ds e	nded Se	pter	nber 30
			2014						2013
	BA	BT	Total		BA		BT		Total
Results of operations									
Revenues	\$ 7,173	\$ 6,978	\$ 14,151	\$	6,512	\$	6,315	\$	12,827
Cost of sales	6,175	6,045	12,220		5,583		5,377		10,960
Gross margin	998	933	1,931		929		938		1,867
SG&A	490	517	1,007		523		543		1,066
R&D	138	97	235		126		84		210
Share of income of joint ventures and associates	_	(64)	(64)		_		(102)		(102)
Other income	(13)	(1)	(14)		(14)		_		(14)
EBIT before special items	383	384	767		294		413		707
Special items ⁽¹⁾	75	57	132		(31)		_		(31)
EBIT	\$ 308	\$ 327	635	\$	325	\$	413		738
Financing expense			185						209
Financing income			(59)						(102)
EBT			509						631
Income taxes			165						156
Net income			\$ 344					\$	475
Other information									
Net additions to PP&E and intangible assets ⁽²⁾	\$ 1,408	\$ 61	\$ 1,469	\$	1,622	\$	38	\$	1,660
Amortization	\$ 213	\$ 88	\$ 301	\$	193	\$	92	\$	285

⁽¹⁾ See Note 6 – Special items for more details. (2) As per the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The reconciliation of total assets and total liabilities to segmented assets and liabilities is as follows, as at:

	Septem	ber 30, 2014	Decemb	per 31, 2013	Jan	uary 1, 2013
Assets		,-				
Total assets	\$	29,370	\$	29,363	\$	25,175
Assets not allocated to segments						
Cash and cash equivalents		1,935		3,397		2,557
Income tax receivable ⁽¹⁾		27		27		_
Deferred income taxes		1,199		1,231		1,421
Segmented assets		26,209		24,708		21,197
Liabilities						
Total liabilities		27,438		26,914		23,918
Liabilities not allocated to segments						
Interest payable ⁽²⁾		113		116		66
Income taxes payable(3)		206		198		109
Long-term debt ⁽⁴⁾		7,669		7,203		5,405
Deferred income taxes ⁽³⁾		_		_		46
Segmented liabilities	\$	19,450	\$	19,397	\$	18,292
Net segmented assets						
BA	\$	6,055	\$	4,921	\$	2,618
ВТ	\$	704	\$	390	\$	287

⁽¹⁾ Included in other assets.

The Corporation's revenues by market segments are as follows:

	Three-m	onth	periods		Nine-month periods			
	ended S	Septer	mber 30		ended S	Septe		
	 2014		2013	1)	2014		2013 (1)	
ВА								
Manufacturing								
Business aircraft	\$ 1,313	\$	1,073	\$	3,706	\$	3,494	
Commercial aircraft	615		208		1,453		781	
Other	122		116		384		366	
Total manufacturing	2,050		1,397		5,543		4,641	
Services ⁽²⁾	404		477		1,200		1,389	
Other ⁽³⁾	118		125		430		482	
	2,572		1,999		7,173		6,512	
ВТ								
Rolling stock ⁽⁴⁾	1,538		1,313		4,584		4,031	
Services ⁽⁵⁾	402		385		1,283		1,146	
System and signalling ⁽⁶⁾	394		361		1,111		1,138	
	2,334		2,059		6,978		6,315	
	\$ 4,906	\$	4,058	\$	14,151	\$	12,827	

⁽¹⁾ Comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the presentation adopted in the current period.

⁽²⁾ Included in trade and other payables.

⁽³⁾ Included in other liabilities.

⁽⁴⁾ The current portion of long-term debt is included in other financial liabilities.

⁽²⁾ Includes revenues from parts services, Flexjet fractional ownership and hourly flight entitlement programs' service activities (prior to disposal on December 4, 2013), product support activities (including aircraft maintenance and commercial training), Specialized Aircraft Solutions and Military Aviation Training.

⁽³⁾ Includes mainly sales of pre-owned aircraft.

⁽⁴⁾ Comprised of revenues from light rail vehicles, metros, commuter and regional trains, intercity trains, high speed and very high speed trains, locomotives, propulsion and controls, and bogies.

⁽⁵⁾ Comprised of revenues from fleet maintenance, refurbishment and overhaul, and material solutions.

⁽⁶⁾ Comprised of revenues from mass transit and airport systems, mainline systems, operation and maintenance systems, e-mobility solutions, mass transit signalling and mainline signalling. Excludes the rolling stock portion of system orders manufactured by the other divisions of the Corporation.

4. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

R&D expense, net of government assistance, was as follows:

	Three-m ended S			Nine-month periods ended September 30			
	2014	2013		2014		2013	
R&D expenditures	\$ 402	\$	544	\$	1,386	\$	1,598
Less: development expenditures capitalized to aerospace program tooling	(365)		(511)		(1,267)		(1,493)
	37		33		119		105
Add: amortization of aerospace program tooling	43		32		116		105
	\$ 80	\$	65	\$	235	\$	210

5. OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME)

Other expense (income) was as follows:

	Three-m ended S				Nine-month periods ended September 30			
	2014 2013 2014						2013	
Changes in estimates and fair value ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1	\$	(10)	\$	(18)	\$	(7)	
Severance and other involuntary termination costs (including changes in estimates)	3		_		8		2	
(Gains) losses on disposals of PP&E	_		1		(4)		_	
Other	4		(3)		_		(9)	
	\$ 8	\$	(12)	\$	(14)	\$	(14)	

⁽¹⁾ Includes net loss (gain) on certain financial instruments measured at fair value and changes in estimates related to certain provisions or certain financial instruments, excluding losses (gains) arising from changes in interest rates.

6. SPECIAL ITEMS

Special items were as follows:

	Three-m ended S	•		Nine-month periode ended September 3			
	2014		2013		2014		2013
Restructuring charge	\$ 120	\$	_	\$	142	\$	
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	_				43		_
Gains on resolution of litigations ⁽²⁾	_				(18)		(43)
	\$ 120	\$	_	\$	167	\$	(43)
Of which is presented in							
Special items in EBIT	\$ 120	\$	_	\$	132	\$	(31)
Financing expense - loss on repurchase of long-term debt	_		_		43		_
Financing income - interests related to the resolution of litigations	_		_		(8)		(12)
	\$ 120	\$	_	\$	167	\$	(43)

⁽¹⁾ Represents the loss related to the redemption of the €785 million (\$1,093 million) Senior Notes. See Note 16 – Long-term debt for more details.

During the three-month period ended September 30, 2014, the Corporation recorded restructuring charges of \$120 million related to the workforce reduction announced in July 2014, of which \$63 million relates to BA and \$57 million to BT. These measures include the reduction of approximately 2,000 employees at BA and 900 employees at BT. In addition, during the three-month period ended March 31, 2014, the Corporation recorded a restructuring charge of \$22 million related to the BA workforce reduction announced in January 2014 of approximately 1,700 positions.

⁽²⁾ Represents a gain at BA upon the successful resolution of a litigation of \$18 million in connection with Part IV of the Quebec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital, of which \$8 million represents the interest portion of the gain for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 (\$43 million of which \$12 million represents the interest portion of the gain for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013).

7. FINANCING EXPENSE AND FINANCING INCOME

Financing expense and financing income were as follows:

	Three-m	-		Nine-m	-	
	ended S	eptem	ber 30	ended S	epten	ıber 30
	2014		2013	2014		2013
Financing expense						
Accretion on net retirement benefit obligations	\$ 19	\$	28	\$ 57	\$	85
Loss on repurchase of long-term debt ⁽¹⁾	_		_	43		_
Amortization of letter of credit facility costs	4		4	11		12
Net loss on certain financial instruments ⁽²⁾	23		_	10		_
Accretion on other financial liabilities	4		8	9		20
Accretion on provisions	2		3	6		4
Other	7		1	20		10
	59		44	156		131
nterest on long-term debt, after effect of hedges	7		14	29		78
	\$ 66	\$	58	\$ 185	\$	209
Financing income						
Interest related to the resolution of litigations ⁽³⁾	\$	\$	_	\$ (8)	\$	(12
Changes in discount rates of provisions	(3)		(1)	(1)		(12
Net gain on certain financial instruments ⁽²⁾	_		(7)	_		(17
Other	_		(1)	(14)		(18
	(3)		(9)	(23)		(59
Interest on loans and lease receivables.	(-)		(-)	()		(
after effect of hedges	(6)		(8)	(21)		(25
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	(3)		(4)	(6)		(11
Income from investment in securities	(3)		(1)	(9)		(7
	(12)		(13)	(36)		(43
	\$ (15)	\$	(22)	\$ (59)	\$	(102

⁽¹⁾ Represents the loss related to the redemption of the €785 million (\$1,093 million) Senior Notes, which was recorded as a special item. See Note 16 – Long-term debt for more details.

September 30, 2014 (\$31 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013).

Borrowing costs capitalized to PP&E and intangible assets totalled \$77 million and \$235 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014, using an average capitalization rate of 4.86% and 4.95%, respectively (\$73 million and \$198 million and 5.50% and 5.65% for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013, respectively). Capitalized borrowing costs are deducted from the related interest expense (i.e. interest on long-term debt or accretion on other financial liabilities, if any).

⁽²⁾ Net losses (gains) on certain financial instruments classified as FVTP&L, including losses (gains) arising from changes in interest rates.
(3) Represents the interest portion of a gain of \$18 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2014 upon the successful resolution of a litigation in connection with Part IV of the Quebec Income Tax Act, the Tax on Capital (\$43 million for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013). The remaining \$10 million of the gain was recorded in EBIT as special items for the nine-month period ended

8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted EPS were computed as follows:

		Three-mended S				Nine-m ended S		
		2014		2013		2014		2013
(Number of shares, stock options, PSUs and DSUs, in thous	ands)			-				
Net income attributable to equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$	68	\$	145	\$	334	\$	469
Preferred share dividends, including taxes		(8) (8)			(23)		(25)	
Net income attributable to common equity holders of Bombardier Inc.	\$	60	\$	137	\$	311	\$	444
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding	1,7	41,790	1,7	40,007	1,7	41,767	1,7	38,694
Net effect of stock options, PSUs and DSUs		320		2,425		673		2,199
Weighted-average diluted number of common shares	1,7	42,110	1,7	42,432	1,7	42,440	1,7	40,893
EPS (in dollars)								
Basic and diluted	\$	0.03	\$	0.08	\$	0.18	\$	0.26

The effect of the exercise of stock options, PSUs and DSUs was included in the calculation of diluted EPS in the above table, except for 38,534,187 and 42,714,991 stock options, PSUs and DSUs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 (41,738,905 and 44,196,904 stock options, PSUs and DSUs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013) since the average market value of the underlying shares was lower than the exercise price, or because the predetermined target market price thresholds of the Corporation's Class B Shares (subordinate voting) or predetermined financial performance targets had not been met.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The classification of financial instruments and their carrying amounts and fair values were as follows, as at:

	F۷	TP&L							
	HFT	Desig	nated	AFS	Amortized cost	(1)	DDHR	Total carrying value	Fair value
September 30, 2014									
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,935	\$	_	\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 1,935	\$ 1,935
Trade and other receivables	_		_	_	1,637		_	1,637	1,637
Other financial assets	37		603	368	431		576	2,015	2,018
	\$ 1,972	\$	603	\$ 368	\$ 2,068	\$	576	\$ 5,587	\$ 5,590
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$	_	n/a	\$ 3,999	\$	_	\$ 3,999	\$ 3,999
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_		_	n/a	7,669		_	7,669	7,675
Other financial liabilities	55		185	n/a	728		523	1,491	1,596
	\$ 55	\$	185	n/a	\$12,396	\$	523	\$13,159	\$13,270
December 31, 2013									
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,397	\$	_	\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 3,397	\$ 3,397
Trade and other receivables	_		_	_	1,492		_	1,492	1,492
Other financial assets	129		673	315	425		663	2,205	2,203
	\$ 3,526	\$	673	\$ 315	\$ 1,917	\$	663	\$ 7,094	\$ 7,092
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$		n/a	\$ 4,089	\$	_	\$ 4,089	\$ 4,089
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_			n/a	7,203		_	7,203	7,346
Other financial liabilities	25		142	n/a	958		386	1,511	1,656
	\$ 25	\$	142	n/a	\$12,250	\$	386	\$12,803	\$ 13,091
January 1, 2013 Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,557	\$	_	\$ _	\$ —	\$	_	\$ 2,557	\$ 2,557
Trade and other receivables	_			_	1,311		_	1,311	1,311
Other financial assets	92		697	217	133		643	1,782	1,782
	\$ 2,649	\$	697	\$ 217	\$ 1,444	\$	643	\$ 5,650	\$ 5,650
Financial liabilities									
Trade and other payables	\$ _	\$	_	n/a	\$ 3,310	\$	_	\$ 3,310	\$ 3,310
Long-term debt ⁽²⁾	_		_	n/a	5,405		_	5,405	5,272
Other financial liabilities	15		158	n/a	712		126	1,011	1,146
	\$ 15	\$	158	n/a	\$ 9,427	\$	126	\$ 9,726	\$ 9,728

⁽¹⁾ Financial assets are classified as L&R and financial liabilities as other than HFT.
(2) Includes the current portion of long-term debt.
n/a: Not applicable

10. INVENTORIES

Inventories were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	per 30, 2014	Decemb	er 31, 2013	Janı	uary 1, 2013
Aerospace programs	\$	4,988	\$	4,847	\$	4,345
Long-term contracts						
Production contracts						
Cost incurred and recorded margins		7,634		7,064		5,387
Less: advances and progress billings		(5,688)		(5,406)		(4,014)
		1,946		1,658		1,373
Service contracts						
Cost incurred and recorded margins		384		420		408
Less: advances and progress billings		(16)		(19)		(15)
		368		401		393
Finished products ⁽¹⁾		1,471		1,328		1,429
	\$	8,773	\$	8,234	\$	7,540

⁽¹⁾ Finished products include 4 new aircraft not associated with a firm order and 38 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$485 million as at September 30, 2014 (11 new aircraft and 43 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$535 million as at December 31, 2013 and 3 new aircraft and 74 pre-owned aircraft, totalling \$551 million as at January 1, 2013).

Finished products as at September 30, 2014 include \$172 million of pre-owned aircraft legally sold to third parties and leased back under sale and leaseback facilities (\$134 million as at December 31, 2013 and \$147 million as at January 1, 2013). The related sales proceeds are accounted for as sale and leaseback obligations.

The amount of inventories recognized as cost of sales totalled \$3,567 million and \$11,069 million for the three-and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 (\$3,159 million and 9,891 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013). These amounts include \$37 million and \$104 million of write-downs for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 (\$37 million and \$103 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013).

11. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	er 30, 2014	Decemb	per 31, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Derivative financial instruments	\$	613	\$	792	\$	735	
Investments in securities(1)(2)		384		335		243	
Investments in financing structures ⁽¹⁾		360		331		329	
Long-term contract receivables(3)		326		319		_	
Aircraft loans and lease receivables ⁽¹⁾		299		400		423	
Restricted cash		20		19		25	
Other		13		9		27	
	\$	2,015	\$	2,205	\$	1,782	
Of which current	\$	574	\$	637	\$	443	
Of which non-current		1,441		1,568		1,339	
	\$	2,015	\$	2,205	\$	1,782	

⁽¹⁾ Carried at fair value, except for \$12 million of aircraft loans and lease receivables, \$16 million of investments in securities and \$44 million of investment in financing structures carried at amortized cost as at September 30, 2014 (\$12 million, \$20 million and \$46 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2013 and \$11 million, \$26 million and \$44 million, respectively, as at January 1, 2013).

12. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	er 30, 2014	Decemb	er 31, 2013	Jan	uary 1, 2013
Prepaid expenses	\$	649	\$	620	\$	366
Sales tax and other taxes		338		344		281
Intangible assets other than aerospace program tooling and goodwill		159		186		210
Deferred financing charges		142		100		103
Retirement benefits		110		174		38
Flexjet fractional ownership deferred costs		_		_		206
Other		27		9		30
	\$	1,425	\$	1,433	\$	1,234
Of which current	\$	909	\$	881	\$	680
Of which non-current		516		552		554
	\$	1,425	\$	1,433	\$	1,234

⁽²⁾ Includes \$124 million of securities to secure contingent capital contributions to be made in relation to guarantees issued in connection with the sale of aircraft as at September 30, 2014 (\$70 million as at December 31, 2013, and nil as at January 1, 2013).

⁽³⁾ Represents incentive payments related to the reliability of manufactured trains. The carrying value of the receivable is based on estimates of future variations in the relevant index and reassessment of the achievement of the reliability targets, if any. Also, termination of a related service contract in case of our non-performance would extinguish our right to future payments.

13. **PROVISIONS**

Changes in provisions were as follows, for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30:

	-	Product ranties	re	dit and esidual value rantees	an term	cturing, verance d other ination eenefits		Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance as at December 31, 2013	\$	863	\$	463	\$	81	\$	58	\$ 1,465
Additions		153		1		40	(2)	8	202
Utilization		(153)		(27)		(55)		(3)	(238)
Reversals		(23)		(5)		(8)		(9)	(45)
Accretion expense		1		3		_		_	4
Effect of changes in discount rates		_		2		_		_	2
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes		(4)		_		(1)		_	(5)
Balance as at June 30, 2014		837		437		57		54	1,385
Additions		93	,	_		138	(2)	5	236
Utilization		(76)		(23)		(13)		(1)	(113)
Reversals		(19)		(12)		(5)		(1)	(37)
Accretion expense		_		2		_		_	2
Effect of changes in discount rates		(1)		(2)		_		_	(3)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes		(37)		_		(5)		(3)	(45)
Balance as at September 30, 2014	\$	797	\$	402	\$	172	\$	54	\$ 1,425
Of which current	\$	641	\$	44	\$	166	\$	22	\$ 873
Of which non-current		156		358		6		32	552
	\$	797	\$	402	\$	172	\$	54	\$ 1,425

	Product irranties	1	edit and residual value rantees	se a teri	ucturing, verance nd other mination benefits	Other ⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2013	\$ 907	\$	483	\$	127	\$ 91	\$ 1,608
Additions	208		16		4	6	234
Utilization	(181)		(10)		(30)	(11)	(232)
Reversals	(46)		(7)		(1)	(9)	(63)
Accretion expense	_		1		_	_	1
Effect of changes in discount rates	(1)		(10)		_	_	(11)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	(15)		_		(2)	_	(17)
Balance as at June 30, 2013	872		473		98	77	1,520
Additions	48		_		_	1	49
Utilization	(68)		(19)		(6)	(4)	(97)
Reversals	(11)		(2)		(2)	(2)	(17)
Accretion expense	1		2		_	_	3
Effect of changes in discount rates	_		(1)		_	_	(1)
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	20		_		3	1	24
Balance as at September 30, 2013	\$ 862	\$	453	\$	93	\$ 73	\$ 1,481
Of which current	\$ 715	\$	79	\$	89	\$ 31	\$ 914
Of which non-current	147		374		4	42	567
	\$ 862	\$	453	\$	93	\$ 73	\$ 1,481

⁽¹⁾ Includes litigations and claims, as well as environmental liabilities.
(2) Includes special items. For more details on the addition related to the BA and BT restructuring charges, see Note 6 – Special items.

14. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Other financial liabilities were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	er 30, 2014	Decemb	er 31, 2013	Jan	uary 1, 2013
Derivative financial instruments	\$	578	\$	411	\$	141
Government refundable advances		440		481		398
Lease subsidies		185		142		158
Sale and leaseback obligations		176		138		168
Current portion of long-term debt		50		215		45
Vendor non-recurring costs		46		38		53
Other		66		301		93
	\$	1,541	\$	1,726	\$	1,056
Of which current	\$	861	\$	1,009	\$	455
Of which non-current		680		717		601
	\$	1,541	\$	1,726	\$	1,056

15. OTHER LIABILITIES

Other liabilities were as follows, as at:

	Septemb	er 30, 2014	Decemb	December 31, 2013		January 1, 2013	
Employee benefits	\$	695	\$	750	\$	645	
Supplier contributions to aerospace programs		574		529		364	
Accruals for long-term contract costs		547		630		677	
Deferred revenues		398		460		499	
Income and other taxes payable		317		368		252	
Deferred income taxes		_		_		46	
Flexjet fractional ownership deferred revenues		_		_		241	
Other		528		480		445	
	\$	3,059	\$	3,217	\$	3,169	
Of which current	\$	2,010	\$	2,227	\$	2,212	
Of which non-current		1,049		990		957	
	\$	3,059	\$	3,217	\$	3,169	

16. LONG-TERM DEBT

In April 2014, the Corporation issued, at par, unsecured Senior Notes comprised of \$600 million, bearing interest at 4.75%, due on April 15, 2019 and \$1,200 million, bearing interest at 6.00%, due on October 15, 2022.

The Corporation used the net proceeds of \$1,774 million to finance the redemption of the €785 million (\$1,093 million) Senior Notes due November 15, 2016 pursuant to an optional redemption exercised on April 4, 2014, to finance the repayment of the \$162 million Notes due May 1, 2014 with the remainder being for general corporate purposes.

Following the redemption of the €785 million (\$1,093 million) Senior Notes in April 2014, the Corporation recorded in financing expense a related loss of \$43 million, which is treated as a special item (see Note 6 – Special items for more details).

In addition, in May 2014, the Corporation entered into interest-rate swap agreements to convert the interest rate of the \$1,200 million 6.00% Senior Notes from fixed to variable 3-month Libor + 3.5557.

17. SHARE-BASED PLANS

PSU and **DSU** plans

The number of PSUs and DSUs has varied as follows:

			Three-month periods ended September 30					
		2014		2013				
	PSU	DSU	PSU	DSU				
Balance at beginning of period	16,980,181	6,716,783	16,484,434	6,438,438				
Granted	_	16,381	7,597,510	2,117,247				
Exercised	_	(48,997)	_	_				
Cancelled	(488,756)	(663,803)	(153,371)	_				
Balance at end of period	16,491,425	6,020,364	23,928,573	8,555,685 (1)				

			Nine-month periods ended September 30					
		2014		2013				
	PSU	DSU	PSU	DSU				
Balance at beginning of period	23,596,681	8,169,850	24,179,840	6,673,447				
Granted	106,641	48,112	7,857,377	2,216,138				
Performance adjustment	_	_	(1,543,133)	(333,900)				
Exercised	_	(48,997)	(5,805,119)	_				
Cancelled	(7,211,897)	(2,148,601)	(760,392)	_				
Balance at end of period	16,491,425	6,020,364	23,928,573	8,555,685 ⁽¹⁾				

⁽¹⁾ Of which 2,447,687 DSUs are vested as at September 30, 2014 (2,544,396 as at September 30, 2013).

The compensation revenue, with respect to the PSU and DSU plans, amounted to \$12 million and \$5 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 due to the revision of assumptions related to future performance (compensation expense of \$6 million and \$20 million during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013).

Share option plans

The number of options issued and outstanding to purchase Class B Shares (Subordinate Voting) has varied as follows:

		nonth periods September 30	Nine-month peri- ended September		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Balance at beginning of period	28,451,761	25,359,949	29,355,757	28,490,089	
Granted	714,924	4,769,043	903,016	5,478,566	
Exercised	_	(118,000)	(23,000)	(3,027,764)	
Cancelled	(1,829,379)	(112,250)	(2,165,648)	(517,399)	
Expired	(3,147,688)	_	(3,880,507)	(524,750)	
Balance at end of period	24,189,618	29,898,742	24,189,618	29,898,742	

A compensation expense of nil and \$4 million was recorded during the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 with respect to share option plans (\$2 million and \$5 million for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013).

18. NET CHANGE IN NON-CASH BALANCES

Net change in non-cash balances was as follows:

	Three-m ended S		Nine-month periods ended September 30			
	2014		2013	2014		2013
Trade and other receivables	\$ (70)	\$	(42)	\$ (237)	\$	(144)
Inventories	22		(415)	(654)		(1,167)
Other financial assets and liabilities, net	88		24	86		193
Other assets	49		(101)	(31)		(378)
Trade and other payables	59		45	10		374
Provisions	86		(62)	11		(134)
Advances and progress billings in excess of long-term contract inventories	(404)		16	(480)		(53)
Advances on aerospace programs	172		309	515		177
Retirement benefits liability	(64)		(2)	(87)		47
Other liabilities	(27)		2	(112)		192
	\$ (89)	\$	(226)	\$ (979)	\$	(893)

19. CREDIT FACILITIES

In March 2014, the availability periods of the BT and the BA letter of credit facilities were extended by one year to May 2017 and June 2017, respectively. In addition, the maturity dates of the BT €500 million (\$635 million) and the \$750 million unsecured revolving credit facilities were also extended by one year to March 2016 and June 2017, respectively. Also, in June 2014, the availability period of the PSG facility was extended by one year to June 2015.

20. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value amounts disclosed in these consolidated financial statements represent the Corporation's estimate of the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a market in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties who are under no compulsion to act. They are point-in-time estimates that may change in subsequent reporting periods due to market conditions or other factors. Fair value is determined by reference to guoted prices in the principal market for that instrument to which the Corporation has immediate access. However, there is no active market for most of the Corporation's financial instruments. In the absence of an active market, the Corporation determines fair value based on internal or external valuation models, such as stochastic models, option-pricing models and discounted cash flow models. Fair value determined using valuation models requires the use of assumptions concerning the amount and timing of estimated future cash flows, discount rates, the creditworthiness of the borrower, the aircraft's expected future value, default probability, generic industrial bond spreads and marketability risk. In determining these assumptions, the Corporation uses primarily external, readily observable market inputs, including factors such as interest rates, credit ratings, credit spreads, default probabilities, currency rates, and price and rate volatilities, as applicable. Assumptions or inputs that are not based on observable market data are used when external data are unavailable. These calculations represent management's best estimates. Since they are based on estimates, the fair values may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the instruments.

Methods and assumptions

The methods and assumptions used to measure fair value for items recorded at FVTP&L and AFS are as follows:

Aircraft loans and lease receivables and investments in financing structures – The Corporation uses an internal valuation model based on stochastic simulations and discounted cash flow analysis to estimate fair value. Fair value is calculated using market data for interest rates, published credit ratings when available, yield curves and default probabilities. The Corporation uses market data to determine the marketability adjustments and also uses internal assumptions to take into account factors that market participants would consider when pricing these financial assets. The Corporation also uses internal assumptions to determine the credit risk of customers without published credit rating. In addition, the Corporation uses aircraft residual value curves reflecting specific factors of the current aircraft market and a balanced market in the medium and long term.

Investments in securities – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow models to estimate the fair value of unquoted investments in fixed-income securities, using market data such as interest-rate.

Lease subsidies – The Corporation uses an internal valuation model based on stochastic simulations to estimate fair value of lease subsidies incurred in connection with the sale of commercial aircraft. Fair value is calculated using market data for interest rates, published credit ratings when available, default probabilities from rating agencies and the Corporation's credit spread. The Corporation also uses internal assumptions to determine the credit risk of customers without published credit rating.

Derivative financial instruments – Fair value of derivative financial instruments generally reflects the estimated amounts that the Corporation would receive to sell favourable contracts i.e. taking into consideration the counterparty credit risk, or pays to transfer unfavourable contracts i.e. taking into consideration the Corporation's credit risk, at the reporting dates. The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses and market data such as interest rates, credit spreads and foreign exchange spot rate to estimate the fair value of forward agreements and interest-rate derivatives.

The Corporation uses an option-adjusted spread model and a discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value of call features on long-term debt, using market data such as interest-rate swap curves and external quotations.

The methods and assumptions used to measure fair value for items recorded at amortized cost are as follows:

Financial instruments whose carrying value approximates fair value – The fair values of trade and other receivables, certain aircraft loans and lease receivables, certain investments in securities, certain investments in financing structures, restricted cash, trade and other payables, and sales and leaseback obligations measured at amortized cost, approximate their carrying value due to the short-term maturities of these instruments, because they bear variable interest-rate or because the terms and conditions are comparable to current market terms and conditions for similar items.

Long-term contract receivables – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value using market data for interest rates.

Long-term debt – The fair value of long-term debt is estimated using public quotations, when available, or discounted cash flow analyses, based on the current corresponding borrowing rate for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

Government refundable advances and vendor non-recurring costs – The Corporation uses discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value using market data for interest rates and credit spreads.

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables present financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis categorized using the fair value hierarchy as follows:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs from observable markets other than quoted prices included in Level 1, including indirectly observable data (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (Level 3).

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities by level of hierarchy was as follows, as at September 30 2014:

	Total Lo		evel 1	Level 2		Level 3		
Financial assets								
Aircraft loans and lease receivables	\$	287	\$	_	\$	_	\$	287
Derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾		613		_		613		_
Investments in securities		354 ⁽²)	89		265		_
Investments in financing structures		316		_		150		166
	\$	1,570	\$	89	\$	1,028	\$	453
Financial liabilities								
Lease subsidies	\$	(185)	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(185)
Derivative financial instruments ⁽¹⁾		(578)		_		(578)		_
	\$	(763)	\$	_	\$	(578)	\$	(185)

⁽¹⁾ Derivative financial instruments consist of forward foreign exchange contracts, interest-rate swap agreements and embedded derivatives.

⁽²⁾ Excludes \$14 million of AFS investments carried at cost.

Changes in the fair value of Level 3 financial instruments were as follows, for the three- and nine-month periods ended:

	Aircraft loans and lease receivables		Investments in financing structures			Lease subsidies
Balance as at December 31, 2013	\$	388	\$	135	\$	(142)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		41		32		(21)
Issuances		4		_		(38)
Settlements		(125)		(1)		12
Balance as at June 30, 2014		308		166		(189)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		(15)		1		(2)
Settlements		(6)		(1)		6
Balance as at September 30, 2014	\$	287	\$	166	\$	(185)

	Aircraft loans and lease receivables		Investments in financing structures		Lease subsidies
Balance as at January 1, 2013	\$	412	\$	135	\$ (158)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		1		5	(6)
Issuances		8		_	_
Settlements		(18)		(1)	20
Balance as at June 30, 2013		403		139	(144)
Net gains (losses) and interest included in net income ⁽¹⁾		11		2	(4)
Settlements		(7)		_	8
Balance as at September 30, 2013	\$	407	\$	141	\$ (140)

⁽¹⁾ Of which an amount of \$2 million and \$10 million represents realized gains for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2014 (nil and \$9 million represent realized losses for the three- and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2013).

Main assumptions developed internally for Level 3 hierarchy

When measuring Level 3 financial instruments at fair value, some assumptions are not derived from an observable market. The main assumptions developed internally relate to credit risks of customers without published credit rating and marketability adjustments to discount rates specific to our financial assets.

These main assumptions are as follows as at September 30 2014:

Main assumptions (weighted average)	Aircraft loans and lease receivables		Lease subsidies
Internally assigned credit rating	Between BB to C (B+)	Between BB- to CCC+ (B+)	Between BB- to CCC (B+)
Discount rate adjustments for marketability	Between 2.85% and 4.74% (4.47%)	Between 1.42% and 6.64% (5.19%)	n/a

Also, aircraft residual value curves are important inputs in assessing the fair value of certain financial instruments. These curves are prepared by management based on information obtained from external appraisals and reflect specific factors of the current aircraft market and a balanced market in the medium and long term.

Sensitivity to selected changes of assumptions for Level 3 hierarchy

These assumptions, not derived from an observable market, are established by management using estimates and judgments that can have a significant effect on revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities. Changing one or more of these assumptions to other reasonably possible alternative assumptions, for which the impact on their fair value would be significant, would change their fair value as follows as at September 30, 2014:

Impact on EBT							Change	e of	assumptions
Change in	fair valu	e recognize	d in	EBT for the :					
Three-month period ended September 30, Gain (loss) Nine-month period ended September 30, 2014		Downgrade the internally Decrease in assigned credit rating of unrated residual value customers curves by 5% by 1 notch				Increase the marketability adjustments by 100 bps			
Aircraft loans and lease receivables	\$	(21)	\$	6	\$ (4)	\$	(11)	\$	(15)
Investment in financing structures	\$	(3)	\$	24	\$ (4)	\$	(11)	\$	(12)
Lease subsidies	\$	(1)	\$	(20)	n/a	\$	3		n/a

n/a: not applicable

21. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The table below presents the maximum potential exposure for each major group of exposure, as at:

	Septemb	September 30, 2014		December 31, 2013		ary 1, 2013
Aircraft sales						
Residual value	\$	1,762	\$	1,828	\$	1,812
Credit		1,275		1,297		1,218
Mutually exclusive exposure(1)		(628)		(639)		(594)
Total credit and residual value exposure	\$	2,409	\$	2,486	\$	2,436
Trade-in commitments	\$	3,131	\$	3,416	\$	3,098
Conditional repurchase obligations	\$	315	\$	472	\$	489
Other						
Credit	\$	48	\$	48	\$	47
Performance guarantees	\$	39	\$	43	\$	41

⁽¹⁾ Some of the residual value guarantees can only be exercised once the credit guarantees have expired without exercise. Therefore, the guarantees must not be added together to calculate the combined maximum exposure for the Corporation.

Provisions for anticipated losses amounted to \$402 million as at September 30, 2014 (\$463 million as at December 31, 2013 and \$483 million as at January 1, 2013) have been established to cover the risks from these guarantees. In addition, lease subsidies, which would be extinguished in the event of credit default by certain customers, amounted to \$185 million as at September 30, 2014 (\$142 million as at December 31, 2013 and \$158 million as at January 1, 2013).

Litigation

In the normal course of operations, the Corporation is a defendant in certain legal proceedings currently pending before various courts in relation to product liability and contract disputes with customers and other third parties. The Corporation intends to vigorously defend its position in these matters.

While the Corporation cannot predict the final outcome of all legal proceedings pending as at September 30, 2014, based on information currently available, management believes that the resolution of these legal proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

S-Bahn claim

On March 4, 2013, S-Bahn Berlin GMBH ("SB") filed a claim against Bombardier Transportation GmbH, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation, in the Berlin District Court ("Landgericht Berlin"), concerning the trains of the 481 Series delivered to SB between 1996 and 2004.

This lawsuit alleges damages of an aggregate value of €348 million (\$442 million) related to allegedly defective wheels and braking systems. The claim is for payment of €241 million (\$306 million) and also for a declaratory judgment obliging the Corporation to compensate SB for further damages. SB currently alleges such further damages to be €107 million (\$136 million).

It is the Corporation's position that this claim i) is filed in absence of any defect, ii) is not founded on any enforceable warranty, iii) is filed after the expiry of any statute of limitations and iv) is based on inapplicable standards. The lawsuit contains allegations against the Corporation which the Corporation rejects as unfounded and defamatory.

The Corporation intends to vigorously defend its position and will undertake all actions necessary to protect its reputation.

Investigation in Brazil

On March 20, 2014, Bombardier Transportation Brasil Ltda ("BT Brazil"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation, received notice that it was among the 18 companies and over 100 individuals named in administrative proceedings initiated by governmental authorities in Brazil, including the Administrative Council for Economic Protection ("CADE"), and the Sao Paulo Public Prosecutor's office, following previously disclosed investigations carried on by such governmental authorities with respect to allegations of cartel activity in the public procurement of railway equipment and the construction and maintenance of railway lines in Sao Paulo and other areas.

Companies found to have engaged in unlawful cartel conduct are subject to administrative fines, state actions for repayment of overcharges and potentially disqualification for a certain period. The Corporation and BT Brazil continue to cooperate with investigations relating to the administrative proceedings and intend to defend themselves vigorously.