

SECURITY FIRST INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS, INC. ("SCFR")

Note 1 – Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization and Line of Business

The Company was incorporated on March 9th, 1990, "Buckaroom, Inc." On July 3, 2000, changed its name to "Shaft, Inc." On January 14th, 2003 Shaft Inc. changed its name to "Elegant Concrete, Inc." On July 15th, 2005 Elegant Concrete, Inc. changed its name to "Security First International Holdings, Inc." On February 23, 2012, Security First International Holdings, Inc. changed its name to "GamesGamesGames Technology, Inc."

Security First International Holdings, Inc. *fka* GamesGamesGames Technology, Inc. ("SCFR" or "the company") (OTC: SCFR) is a development-stage company Nevada "C" Corporation. On August 9, 2012, controlling interest in the company was transferred to a new management team. The new team brought with it a new and innovative business plan concerning Internet sales and marketing. By teaming with strategic partners such as Google and American Express, the company plans to expand its base of operations and interests throughout North America

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

No prior year information regarding the financial position of the company during the year ending December 31, 2010 is available other than that reflected on OTC Markets. As a result, certain aspects of the financial statements may be inaccurate and/or may be restated when further information is obtained. Due to the lack of financial data, certain assumptions were made preparing the attached statements. First, it is assumed that there were no outstanding liabilities from the company prior to January 1, 2011. Second, it is assumed that the NOBO shareholder list provided by Broadridge Capital to the company on December 13, 2011 is accurate and complete regarding the issuance and holders of common stock. Third, the financial records began with a "clean slate" as of January 1, 2011, with the exception of deferred losses and the accounting for same which was derived from public filings made by the company prior to the year ending December 31, 2010.

Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The financial statements are not consolidated as there are no subsidiary or affiliates of the company requiring consolidation.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and cash in time deposits, certificates of deposit and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. During this development period, many of the expenses of the company were funded by the officers and directors, thus alleviating the need for a bank account.

Prepaid Expenses

None

Investments in Marketable Securities

None

Deposits

Deposits are the balances outstanding that have not been redeemed as of the date of the Financial Statements. As of September 30, 2012, there are no deposits.

Accounts Receivable/Other Receivable

Accounts Receivable are amounts due to the company from sales or services rendered. As of September 30, 2012, there are no accounts receivable.

Notes Receivable

Notes Receivable are executed contractual obligations to pay the company reflecting amounts due for sales or services rendered to another by the company. As of September 30, 2012, there are no notes receivable.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to earnings as incurred; additions, renewals and betterments are capitalized. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and any gain or loss is included in operations.

Depreciation of property and equipment is provided using the MACRS method for substantially all assets with estimated lives of 5 years and, to the extent available, accelerated depreciation per Internal Revenue Code Sec. 179.

As of September 30, 2012, there is no property or equipment. All equipment in use is the property of officers and/or consultants to the company.

Inventory

Inventory consists of items for sale through wholesale or retail distribution means. As of September 30, 2012, there is no inventory.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue recognition policies are in compliance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") 104.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for its stock-based compensation in accordance with SFAS No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment, an Amendment of FASB Statement no. 123." The Company recognizes in the statement of operations the grant-date fair value of stock options and other equity-based compensation issued to employees and non-employees. During the period from April 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012, no shares were issued to consultants for establishing and assisting the corporation, nor to corporate officers as compensation. Management expects to issue shares to consultants in the future to obtain services while preserving cash.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes the SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes," which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in the future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period and based on enacted tax laws and statutory tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

At this point in time, it is difficult to ascertain the company's tax position due to the lack of income tax documents. Transcripts for prior years' returns have been ordered from the Internal Revenue Service in order that the company may become fully compliant. It is probable that the company may need to restate financial information based upon information received from the Internal Revenue Service, filing of returns for prior periods and/or changes in accounting, including but not limited to characterization of deferred losses.

Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share

Earnings per share are calculated in accordance with the SFAS No. 128 ("SFAS No. 128"), "Earnings per Share." Net earnings per share for all periods presented have been restated to reflect the adoption of

SFAS No. 128. Basic earnings per share is based upon the weighted average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is based on the assumption that all dilutive convertible shares and stock options were converted or exercised. There are convertible shares as discussed in Note 8. There are no options or warrants. Dilution is computed by applying the treasury stock method. Under this method, options and warrants are assumed to be exercised at the beginning of the period (or at the time of issuance, if later), and as if funds obtained thereby were used to purchase common stock at the average market price during the period. At this time there are no stock options granted.

Note 3 – Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America, which contemplates continuation of the Company as a going concern.

Note 4 – Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent amounts owed to vendors for products and/or services rendered but not yet paid for in full. At the close of business on December 30, 2012, there was only one account having an outstanding balance.

Note 5 – Notes Payable

None.

Note 6 – Loans To/From Officers

Loans are stated at par and are presented in aggregate. Such sum represents the loan of funds and/or withdrawal of funds by officers and is not considered revenue to the company, nor income to individual officers. As of September 30, 2012, there are several officer loans which were made to sponsor developmental costs of the company and expenses associated with the transition of the new management team.

Note 7 – Stock Options and Warrants

None.

Note 8 – Preferred Shares

There are currently no preferred shares outstanding.

Note 9 – Prepaid Expenses

None.

Note 10 – Capital Stock

During the period, no stock transactions took place.

Note 11 – Significant Events

Efforts progressed on development of Internet-based sales and financing transactions and applications. Negotiation with strategic partners and the general development of an expanded sales base as well as customer awareness of Security First International Holding, Inc.'s position in the market.

Note 12 – Subsequent Events

On August 9, 2012, the controlling interest in the company was transferred pursuant to agreement. As a result, the company is pursuing a related business, *i.e.*, internet-platform based transaction as well as other opportunities in the technology area.