

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

MILLROCK RESOURCES INC.
Notice
Notice of No Auditor Review of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Millrock Resources Inc. (the "Company"), for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 have been prepared by management and have not been the subject of a review by the Company's independent auditor.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

ASSETS		30-Sep-2016		31-Dec-2015			
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,376,547	\$	1,577,421			
Security deposit and restricted cash - Note 4	Ť	335,376	T	386,076			
Marketable securities - Note 5		100,537		60,322			
Amounts receivable		149,414		22,173			
Prepaid expenses and deposit		127,028		117,595			
Total current assets	\$	4,088,902	\$	2,163,587			
Non-current assets							
Exploration and evaluation assets - Note 3		3,430,722		2,994,230			
Property, plant and equipment - Note 6		386,733		13,074			
Total non-current assets	\$	3,817,455	\$	3,007,304			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,906,357	\$	5,170,891			
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY							
Current liabilities	\$	315,330	¢	250,622			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Ф	,	\$	250,623			
Income tax payable		69,091		72,128			
Project cost advance received		290,177		247,190			
Due to related parties - Note 10		- 51 202		-			
Deferred tax liability		51,393	Φ.	60,987			
Total current liabilities	\$	725,991	\$	630,928			
Non-current liabilities							
Note payable - Note 7	\$	253,500	\$	-			
Total non-current liabilities	\$	253,500	\$	-			
Total liabilities	\$	979,491	\$	630,928			
Shareholders' equity							
Share capital - Note 8	\$	36,256,393	\$	32,265,528			
Reserves							
Share-based payments - Note 9		3,906,189		3,590,879			
Warrants - Note 9		503,291		370,425			
Other comprehensive income		56,843		246,457			
Deficit		(33,795,850)		(31,933,327)			
Total shareholders' equity	\$	6,926,866	\$	4,539,963			
TOTAL LIABILITES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	7,906,357	\$	5,170,891			

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 25, 2016. They were signed on its behalf by:

Approved by the directors <u>Gregory Beischer</u> <u>Darryl Cardey</u>
Gregory Beischer Darryl Cardey

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the Nine Months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

		For the Three	Month	s Ended	For the Nine Months Ended						
	Sep	tember 30, 2016	Sept	tember 30, 2015	Sept	tember 30, 2016	Sep	tember 30, 2015			
Revenue											
Overhead recovery fees	\$	115,882	\$	212,461	\$	159,657	\$	237,704			
		115,882		212,461		159,657		237,704			
General and administrative expense											
Accounting, audit and legal		57,157		34,400		186,955		147,582			
Amortization and depreciation - Note 6		7,021		4,115		11,692		14,633			
Consulting, directors and salaries - Note 10		200,876		160,016		693,130		492,975			
Foreign exchange (gain)/loss		69,432		(56,230)		95,609		(6,832)			
General exploration		(20,821)		207,287		125,254		593,270			
Investor relations		129,911		87,388		276,675		214,216			
Office and miscellaneous expense		121,324		78,231		375,667		277,310			
Stock-based compensation - Note 9		-		-		257,412		199,563			
		564,900		515,207		2,022,394		1,932,717			
Loss before other items	\$	(449,018)	\$	(302,746)	\$	(1,862,737)	\$	(1,695,013)			
Other items											
Gain on disposal of assets - Note 6		-		-		-		10,132			
Gain on marketable securities - Note 5		-		81,969		-		81,969			
Net loss before income taxes	\$	(449,018)	\$	(220,777)	\$	(1,862,737)	\$	(1,602,912)			
Income tax (Expense)/Recovery		-		(3,000)		214		(16,377)			
Net loss before other comprehensive loss	\$	(449,018)	\$	(223,777)	\$	(1,862,523)	\$	(1,619,289)			
Other comprehensive income/(loss)											
Unrealized gain/(loss) on marketable securities - Note 5		11,490		-		40,215		-			
Cumulative translation adjustment		(19,378)		6,558		(229,829)		136,331			
Comprehensive loss for the period	\$	(456,906)	\$	(217,220)	\$	(2,052,137)	\$	(1,482,958)			
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.09)	\$	(0.07)			
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted		22,033,032		19,586,427		21,354,675		19,560,989			

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

(An Exploration Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Nine Months ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

	For the Nine	Months	Ended
	2016		2015
Cash provided from (used for)			
Operating activities			
Net loss	\$ (1,862,523)	\$	(1,619,289)
Items not involving cash			
Amortization and depreciation - Note 6	11,692		14,633
Gain on marketable securities	-		(81,969)
Stock-based compensation	257,412		199,563
	\$ (1,593,419)	\$	(1,487,062)
Net change in non-cash working capital items			
Amounts receivable	\$ (127,241)	\$	(235,399)
Prepaid expenses	(9,433)		270,229
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	84,913		(455,333)
Income tax payable	(3,037)		7,325
Project cost advance received	42,987		443,944
Due to related parties - Note 10	-		(86,412)
Total cash outflows from operating activities	\$ (1,605,230)	\$	(1,542,707)
Cashflows from investing activities			
Net expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	\$ (338,574)	\$	(698,089)
Purchase of equipment and property - Note 6	(390,635)		(3,982)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-		10,132
Total outflows from investing activities	\$ (729,209)	\$	(691,939)
Cashflows from financing activities			
Sale of marketable securities - Note 5	\$ -	\$	81,923
Security deposit and restricted cash	50,700		(461,504)
Share issuance costs - Note 8	(292,241)		-
Shares issued for cash - Note 8	3,596,191		-
Shares is sued upon warrant exercise	525,415		-
Note Payable - Note 7	253,500		-
Total (outflows)/inflows from financing activities	\$ 4,133,565	\$	(379,581)
(Decrease)/ Increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,799,126	\$	(2,614,228)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	1,577,421		3,778,151
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	\$ 3,376,547	\$	1,163,923

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes In Stockholders' Equity (Unaudited)

Period From December 31, 2014 to September 30, 2016 (expressed in Canadian dollars)

]	Reserves				
<u>-</u>	Common Sh	ares (Note 8)					Other		Total
			hare-based			(Comprehensive		Shareholders'
-	Shares	Amount	Payment		Varrants		Income	Deficit	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2014	19,504,219	\$ 30,241,769	\$ 3,579,681	\$	331,372	\$	5,478	\$ (28,184,271)	5,974,029
Issuance of common shares for debt	263,252	120,191	(120,191)		-		-	-	-
Anti-Dilution right	872,890	151,734	(151,734)		-		-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	283,124		-		-	-	283,124
Cumulative translation adjustment	-	-	-		-		136,331	-	136,331
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale marketable securities	-	-	-		-		-	-	-
Loss for the period	-	-	-		-		-	(1,619,289)	(1,619,289)
Balance, September 30, 2015	20,640,362	\$ 30,513,694	\$ 3,590,880	\$	331,372	\$	141,809	\$ (29,803,560)	4,774,195
Issuance of common shares for exploration and evaluation assets	2,842,888	515,017	-		-		-	-	515,017
Anti-Dilution right					-		-	-	-
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to									
private placements	8,321,509	1,331,441	-		-		-	-	1,331,441
Share issue costs and finder's fee	-	(94,624)	-		39,054		-	-	(55,570)
Cumulative translation adjustment	-	-	-		-		96,030	-	96,030
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale marketable securities	-	-	-		-		8,618	-	8,618
Loss for the period	-	-	-		-		-	(2,129,767)	(2,129,767)
Balance, December 31, 2015	31,804,758	32,265,528	3,590,880		370,425		246,457	(31,933,327)	4,539,963
Issuance of common shares for exploration and evaluation assets	300,000	133,500	-		-		-	-	133,500
Issuance of common shares for fixed asset	50,000	28,000	-		-		-	-	28,000
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to									
private placements	12,400,660	3,596,191	-		-		-	-	3,596,191
Share issue costs and finder's fee		(292,241)	-		132,865		-	-	(159,376)
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to									
exercise of warrants	2,388,248	525,415	-		-		-	-	525,415
Stock-based compensation	-	-	315,309		-		-	-	315,309
Cumulative translation adjustment	-	-	-		-		(229,829)	-	(229,829)
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale marketable securities	-	-	-		-		40,215	-	40,215
Loss for the period	-	-	-		-		-	(1,862,523)	(1,862,523)
Balance, September 30, 2016	46,943,666	36,256,393	3,906,189		503,291		56,843	(33,795,850)	6,926,866

^{*} Please note that Millrock consolidated its shares 10:1 on October 24, 2014.

All share capital balances have been adjusted to be shown on a consolidated basis.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

1. Nature of Operations

Millrock Resources Inc. ("Millrock" or the "Company") is a public Company listed on the TSX Venture Exchange trading under the symbol "MRO". The registered office of the Company is located at 1177 West Hastings St., Suite 2300 Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6E 2K3.

The Company's principal business activities include exploration and development of mineral resources. All of the Company's projects are considered to be in the exploration stage and the Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain mineral resources that are economically recoverable ("ore reserves"). The Company utilizes the "Project Generator" business model. Through research and early stage exploration, the Company generates new exploration ideas, acquires mineral rights and performs exploration work to clearly identify drilling targets. Earn-in option agreements are made with third parties that fund drilling and more advanced exploration to earn an interest in the Company's properties.

2. Basis of Preparation and Going Concern

The Company prepares these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by IFRS for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2015 prepared in accordance with IFRS. IAS 34 does not require disclosure of accounting policies used in interim statements. The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those policies applied in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company include the following significant subsidiaries:

	Place of	Percentage
Name of Subsidiary	Domicile	Ownership
Millrock Exploration Corp	USA	100%
Millrock Alaska LLC	USA	100%
Millrock Mexico Holdings Corp	Canada	100%
Recursos Millrock	Mexico	100%

The Company consolidates all of its subsidiaries on the basis that it controls these subsidiaries through its ability to govern their financial and operating policies. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

IFRS Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

IFRS 9 (Amendment) Financial Instruments
IFRS 11 (Amendment) Accounting for Acquisition of Interests in Joint Operations
IFRS 15 (Amendment) Revenue from Contracts with Customers
IAS 16 (Amendment) Property, Plant and Equipment
IAS 38 (Amendment) Intangible Assets

Management intends to adopt the above standards in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of their effective dates, and is currently considering the impact of the adoption of these standards.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which contemplates that the Company will continue in operation for the next twelve months and that it will be able to realize its assets and meet its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Realization value may be substantially different from carrying value as shown and these interim consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values, classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. As of September 30, 2016, the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations, but had working capital of \$3,362,911 (December 31, 2015: \$1,532,659) and accumulated deficit of \$33,795,850 (December 31, 2015 \$31,933,327). Management has carried out an assessment of the going concern assumption and has concluded that the Company has sufficient cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets to continue operating at current levels for the ensuing twelve months. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to raise additional equity, continue some of its existing partnerships, partner additional exploratory prospects, generate overhead recovery fees, and receipt of option payments.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each period end. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Significant areas requiring the use of management's judgments, assumptions and estimates include asset impairment analysis, the useful lives of property, plant and equipment, valuation of share-based payments and warrants, the provision for income tax liabilities, deferred income taxes and assessing and evaluating contingencies. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

3. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

This section describes pertinent changes to each of Millrock's projects during the quarter. The notes should be read in conjunction with prior financial statements that describe the agreement terms underlying property owners and earn-in partners.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee a clear title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and regulatory requirements. The Company is not aware of any disputed claims of title.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

					Α	lask	a				USA
	Est	elle*	Humble	Fortyn	nile*	Р	eninsula	Stellar	Q4P	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	-	\$17,354	\$	-	\$	42,258	\$ 84,209 \$	7,175	\$ 614,388	\$ 765,384
Addition during the year											
Option costs:											
Option payments - cash		-	-		-		-	-	-	35,657	35,657
Shares issued		-	-		-		-	-			-
		-	-		-		-	-		35,657	 35,657
Exploration costs:											
Non-reimbursable costs		-	-		-		14,505	-	-	57,925	72,430
Acquisition		-	-		-		2,748	30,137	-	220,767	253,652
Drilling		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
Geochemistry		-	-		-		18,472	-	-	65,918	84,390
Geology		-	-		-		2,342	-	-	221,186	223,528
Geophysics		-	-		-		-	-	-	32,900	32,900
Environmental and permitting		-	-		-		-	-	-	2,109	2,109
External relations		-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-
Support and equipment		-	-		-		5,065	10,933	-	157,175	173,173
		-	-		-		43,132	41,070		757,981	 842,183
Less:											
Recoveries		_	_		_		28,033	32,234	_	581,503	641,770
Option payments received		-	-		-			32,205	-		32,205
		-	-		-		28,033	64,439		581,503	673,975
Net additions		-	-		-		15,099	(23,369)		212,135	203,865
Foreign currency translation		-	(907)		-		(2,859)	(4,838)	(375)	(37,328)	(46,307)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	-	\$16,447	\$	-	\$	54,498	\$ 56,002 \$	6,801	\$ 789,195	\$ 922,941

^{*}Property was fully written off in 2015

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

				Mexico	1						Brit	ish Columbia	(Corporate
	Coatar	ı* L	os Cuarentas	Guadalcazar	Ramard	Rio Soi	nora*	Los Chinos	Other	Total				Total
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	- \$	625,165	\$ 540,909	\$ 52,774	\$	-	\$ 67,597	103,165	\$1,389,609	\$	839,234	\$	2,994,230
Addition during the year														
Option costs:														
Option payments - cash		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		35,657
Shares issued		-	-	-	-		-					133,500		133,500
		-	-	-	-		-					133,500		169,157
Exploration costs:														
Non-reimbursable costs		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		72,430
Acquisition		-	18,063	4,883	3,495		-	23,410	51,860	101,712		41,817		397,181
Drilling		-	5,582	-	-		-	136,047	-	141,629		-		141,629
Geochemistry		-	82,853	167	-		-	201,570	4,113	288,703		-		373,093
Geology		-	66,552	4,020	834		-	186,415	22,389	280,210		121,302		625,040
Geophysics		-	5,592	-	-		-	9,372	-	14,964		108,775		156,638
Environmental and permitting		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		2,109
External relations		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		-
Support and equipment		-	40,449	228	3,632		-	70,885	5,861	121,055		34,900		329,128
		-	219,091	9,298	7,961		_	627,699	84,224	948,273		306,794		2,097,249
Less:														
Recoveries		-	195,841	-	-		-	701,396	-	897,237		-		1,539,007
Option payments received		-		-	-		-							32,205
		-	195,841	-	-		-	701,396		897,237				1,571,212
Net additions		-	23,250	9,298	7,961		-	(73,698)	84,224	51,035		440,294		695,194
Foreign currency translation		-	(102,024)	(85,460)	(8,843))	-	6,100	(22,165)	(212,393)		-		(258,700)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$	- \$	546,391	\$ 464,747	\$ 51,892	\$	-	\$ -	\$165,224	\$1,228,252	\$	1,279,527	\$	3,430,722

^{*}Property was fully written off in 2015

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

_				Alaska				Arizona		USA
	Cristo*	Estelle	Humble	Fortymile	Peninsula	Stellar	Q4P	Galiuro*	Other	Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ 285,151	\$ 8,049	\$ 132,729	\$ 106,243	\$ 68,871	\$ 5,040	\$ -	\$ 344,897	\$ 950,980
Addition during the year										
Option costs: Option payments - cash Shares issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	- -	1,309	1,309
	-	-	-	-	-	-			1,309	1,309
Exploration costs:							_			
Non-reimbursable costs	-	-	-	-	66,767	18,980	-	-	8,636	94,383
Acquisition	-	-	7,477	25	36,171	14,314	1,121	-	391,949	451,057
Drilling	-	-	-	-	690,250	-	-	-	-	690,250
Geochemistry	-	-	-	-	38,336	-	-	-	210	38,546
Geology	-	-	-	-	56,329	3,884	-	-	259,882	320,095
Geophysics	-	-	-	-	327	-	-	-	-	327
Environmental and permitting	-	-	-	-	35,162	-	-	-	-	35,162
External relations	-	-	-	-	12,615	-	-	-	-	12,615
Support and equipment	-	1,319	-	-	1,079,609	9,902	-		100,101	1,190,932
	-	1,319	7,477	25	2,015,566	47,080	1,121		760,778	2,833,367
Less:										
Recoveries	_	_	-	_	1,948,799	13,791	-	_	499,516	2,462,106
Option payments received	_	-	-	_	-	33,378	-	-	-	33,378
Shares received	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on option payments received	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-
Gain on shares received	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	-
Write off	-	341,605	-	158,372	158,990	-			72,530	731,497
	-	341,605	-	158,372	2,107,789	47,168	-		572,046	3,226,980
Net additions	-	(340,286)	7,477	(158,347)	(92,223)	(88)	1,121		190,041	(392,304)
Foreign currency translation	-	55,135	1,828	25,618	28,237	15,426	1,014	-	79,450	206,709
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ -	\$ -	\$17,354	\$ -	\$ 42,258	\$ 84,209	\$ 7,175	\$ -	\$614,388	\$ 765,384

^{*}Property was fully written off in 2014

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

			M exico	ı					Britis	sh Columbia	 Corporate
	Coatan	Los Cuarentas	Guadalcazar	Ramard	Rio Sonora	Los Chinos	Other	Total			Total
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 52,097	\$ 429,556	\$ 431,528	\$ 87,636	\$ 335,543	\$ 20,469	\$ 9,600	\$1,366,428	\$	-	\$ 2,317,409
Addition during the year											
Option costs:											
Option payments - cash	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	-		313,000	314,309
Shares issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,077	23,077		491,940	515,017
	-	-	-	_	-	-	23,077	23,077		804,940	 829,326
Exploration costs:											
Non-reimbursable costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	94,385
Acquisition	21,511	123,411	78,799	19,377	171,098	6,088	30,620	450,904		5,343	907,304
Drilling	-	87	-	-	-	-	-	87		-	690,337
Geochemistry	168	14,685	11,229	12,841	4,424	8,426	12,637	64,409		-	102,955
Geology	4,532	43,517	10,745	1,719	35,081	28,344	37,971	161,910		-	482,004
Geophysics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	327
Environmental and permitting	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	35,162
External relations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	12,615
Support and equipment	958	4,490	791	92	8,763	3,727	12,486	31,307	-	28,951	 1,251,190
	27,169	186,190	101,564	34,029	219,366	46,585	93,714	708,616		34,294	 3,576,279
Less:											
Recoveries	_	-	-	-	_	-	20,482	20,482		-	2,482,588
Option payments received	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-		-	33,378
Shares received	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	-
Gain on option payments received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Gain on shares received	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Write off	79,873	-	-	70,367	560,960	-	3,631	714,831		-	 1,446,327
	79,873	-	-	70,367	560,960	-	24,113	735,313		-	 3,962,293
Net additions	(52,704)	186,190	101,564	(36,339)	(341,594)	46,585	92,678	(3,620)		839,234	 443,312
Foreign currency translation	606	9,420	7,817	1,477	6,051	543	886	26,800		-	233,509
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ -	\$ 625,165	\$ 540,909	\$ 52,774	\$ -	\$ 67,597	\$103,165	\$1,389,609	\$	839,234	\$ 2,994,230

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Alaska Properties

(a) Estelle Property, Alaska

In February 2009, the Company negotiated an agreement with the underlying property owners, Hidefield Gold Plc. and Mines Trust Co. As a result of the agreement the Company became the owner of a 100% interest in the claims subject to a net smelter return royalty of 3.0% payable from any production that occurs on any of the claims that comprised the property at the time of purchase (1.0% to Hidefield, 1.0% to Mines Trust of which 0.5% may be bought back for US\$1,000,000, and 1.0% to International Tower Hill Mines).

On May 4, 2010 the Estelle project became the subject of an agreement between Millrock and Teck American Inc. a wholly-owned subsidiary of Teck Resources Limited ("Teck"). Geophysical and geological surveys and drilling were conducted under the agreement. It was agreed to reduce the claim block resulting in a partial write off in 2013. No work on the property was done in 2014 except for camp maintenance. The claim block was further reduced in size and a further write-off was made. In 2015 the partners elected to fully abandon and write off the property. Final reclamation has been recently completed.

(b) Humble Property, Alaska

On November 29, 2010 the Company announced that it had staked the block of claims that comprise the project. Millrock currently owns a 100% interest in the claim block which was significantly reduced in the fourth quarter of 2013. Altius owns a royalty on the claims. Millrock reduced the size of the claim block, took a partial write off in 2013 and further reduced the block to a core holding in 2014. The Company is seeking a funding partner for the project.

(c) Fortymile Property, Alaska

This project was acquired by staking in 2007 and Millrock held a 100% interest. Millrock advanced the project each year until 2013. The claim holding was reduced during 2013 and a portion of the carrying value was written off. The claim block was further reduced in 2014 and a proportional amount of the carrying value was further written off. The remaining claims were abandoned in 2015 and the carrying value was completely written off at year end 2015.

(d) Peninsula Property, Alaska

The Alaska Peninsula project is comprised of mineral lands owned by Bristol Bay Native Corporation. Millrock has previously signed an Exploration Agreement with an Option to lease through which the Company can secure a 100% leasehold interest for mining. The agreement lands covers three known porphyry copper-gold occurrences on the Alaska Peninsula. First Quantum Minerals ("FQM") signed a Right of First Refusal in the first quarter of 2014 and funded a sampling, mapping and geophysics survey. At the end of 2014 FQM decided to enter into an earn-in option agreement and fund a drilling program which took place in the third quarter of 2015. After results of the program FQM terminated the earn-in option agreement. Millrock wrote off the portions of the property that were drilled, but retains rights to a section of the property that was not previously drilled.

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(e) Stellar Property, Alaska

On September 9, 2012 Millrock announced that it had acquired this new copper-gold project by staking of claims. The Company invested substantial effort and expense to research all available information and to acquire some data by purchase agreement. Millrock owns a 100% interest in the project subject to a royalty payable to Altius pursuant to the terms of the strategic alliance with that company. On August 6, 2013 Millrock announced that it had granted a Right of First Refusal to a major mining company. The mining company funded exploration program costs of approximately US\$300,000. The work was completed and results were received. In the fourth quarter of 2013 the mining company decided not to pursue further work on the project. The claim holding was reduced during the fourth quarter of 2013 and a portion of the carrying value was written off. The claim block was further reduced in 2014 and a proportional amount of the carrying value was further written off. In 2015 Millrock made an earn-in option agreement with Vista Minerals. Vista can earn a majority interest in the project by making exploration expenditures and cash payments to Millrock.

(f) Q4P, Alaska

The Q4P program was a strategic alliance with Vale Exploration Canada Inc. and Vale Exploration USA, Inc. both wholly owned subsidiaries of Vale S.A. (Vale) that ended in 2012. As part of the alliance Vale had optioned the AUDN property but also terminated their option on these specific claims. Millrock significantly reduced the claim block and carrying value in 2013. The claim block has now been reduced to a core holding and corresponding costs written off. The Company is seeking a funding partner.

British Columbia Properties

On December 14, 2015 Millrock announced that it had entered into a series of agreements to consolidate three major land packages in the "Golden Triangle" area, northeast of the town of Stewart, British Columbia. In total Millrock paid \$313,000 in cash and Millrock shares valued at \$491,940. Millrock also paid \$28,000 as the initial payment on certain tenures upon which it has taken an option. Millrock has been seeking a partner to fund work on the projects.

During the quarter Millrock made an agreement to purchase the Willoughby project. The vendor was paid \$40,000 and 300,000 Millrock shares.

Mexico Properties

On June 6, 2014 Millrock entered an agreement to purchase Pembrook Mexico Holdings and all of its assets, which include the shares of a wholly-owned Mexican subsidiary and its nine 100%-owned mineral properties which include: Rio Sonora, Los Cuarentas Este, Los Cuarentas Oeste, Los Chinos, Ramard, Los Chivos, Villa Hidalgo, Violeta and La Union. Millrock changed the name of Pembrook Mexico Holdings to Millrock Mexico Holdings. The Mexico subsidiary was renamed Recursos Millrock. The mineral rights contained within the properties at the time of purchase are subject to a net smelter return royalty payable to Pembrook Mining Corporation. The royalty payable is 1.5% on gold and silver and 1.0% on other metals. The purchase also included two mineral properties under option. The first is Guadalcazar, under option from the Servicio Geologico Mexicano, and the second is Coatan, under option from Riverside Resources Inc.

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(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

Millrock has been seeking partners for the various projects and has attracted two different partners to three projects to date.

(g) Rio Sonora, Mexico

On October 20, 2014 Millrock entered into a letter of intent with a third party concerning the Rio Sonora project in northern Sonora, Mexico, pursuant to which the third party agreed to fund a \$250,000 initial exploration program and thereby gain the exclusive right to enter an option to earn-in agreement on the project. The date for exercise of the exclusive right was extended by mutual agreement to March 15, 2015, but the third party elected to terminate the option. Subsequent to the year end, Millrock elected to abandon the property. Carrying costs for the property were written off at year end 2015.

(h) Los Chinos, Mexico

On March 30, 2016 Millrock entered into an earn-in agreement with Centerra Gold concerning the Los Chinos project in northern Sonora, Mexico, pursuant to which Centerra agreed to fund a US\$350,000 initial exploration program. The agreement provides Centerra the option to earn a 70% interest in the project by making US\$5.0 million in exploration expenditures and completing option payments over a five year period.

(i) Los Cuarentas, Mexico

On March 30, 2016 Millrock entered into an earn-in option agreement with Centerra Gold concerning the Los Cuarentas project in northern Sonora, Mexico, pursuant to which Centerra agreed to fund a \$70,000 initial exploration program. The agreement provides Centerra the option to earn a 70% interest in the project by making US\$2.0 million in exploration expenditures and making option payments over a five year period.

(j) Other Properties

Currently the Company has several other very early stage properties in its portfolio. These properties are grouped together as "Other Properties" until such time as Millrock has adequately demonstrated mineral potential that warrants individual description, or until Millrock has made an agreement with another Company on the mineral rights. The Company regularly evaluates prospects on open ground and on the claims of others. Millrock added a number of properties in Mexico and Alaska to its portfolio over the course of 2015. The costs associated with these evaluations are written off annually if the work does not result in development of a project or claim holding by Millrock.

4. Security Deposit and Restricted Cash

Security deposit and restricted cash consists of a security deposit for the Company's credit cards and advances from earn-in partners who have forwarded funds to the Company for use on specific properties. The security deposit for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 was \$335,376 (December 31, 2015: \$386,076).

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For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
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5. Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are available for sale investments consisting of investments in quoted equity shares. The fair value of the listed quoted equity shares has been determined directly by reference to published price quotations in an active market.

		9/30/2016		12/31/2015							
Quoted equity shares	# of shares	per share	Fair Value	# of shares	per share	Fair Value					
Chalice Gold Mines, Ltd TSX-V: CXN	574,505	0.175	100,537	574,505	0.105	60,322					
Total Marketable Securities	3		\$100,537			\$ 60,322					

The Company has an unrealized gain of \$40,215 on shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

	 niture and ixtures	e	Office quipment	easehold provement	S	oftware	•	Vehicle	I	Building	Total
Cost											
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 19,497	\$	317,291	\$ 18,301	\$	83,724	\$	73,562	\$	-	\$ 512,374
Additions	-		3,982	-		-		-			3,982
Disposals	-		(2,793)	-		-		(21,290)		-	(24,083)
Foreign currency translation	3,762		56,781	3,532		16,159		6,933		-	87,167
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 23,259	\$	375,261	\$ 21,833	\$	99,883	\$	59,205	\$	-	\$ 579,440
Additions	-		25,593	-		-		37,042		328,000	390,635
Foreign currency translation	(1,215)		(25,650)	(1,141)		(5,218)		(10,234)		-	(43,457)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 22,044	\$	375,203	\$ 20,692	\$	94,665	\$	86,013	\$	328,000	\$ 1,013,785
Depreciation and impairment losses											
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 19,455	\$	287,158	\$ 18,301	\$	83,724	\$	46,259	\$	-	\$ 454,896
Depreciation for the year	45		14,873	-		-		8,363		-	23,281
Impairment loss	-		8,751	-		-		22,131		-	30,882
Disposals	-		(467)	-		-		(21,290)		-	(21,757)
Foreign currency translation	 3,759		51,872	3,532		16,159		3,742		-	79,064
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 23,259	\$	362,187	\$ 21,833	\$	99,883	\$	59,205	\$	-	\$ 566,366
Depreciation for the year	-		7,601	-		-		3,390		701	11,692
Foreign currency translation	 (1,215)		(23,296)	(1,141)		(5,218)		(7,305)		-	(38,174)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ 22,044	\$	346,492	\$ 20,692	\$	94,665	\$	55,290	\$	701	\$ 539,884
Carrying amounts											
Balance at December 31, 2014	\$ 42	\$	30,133	\$ -	\$	-	\$	27,303	\$	-	\$ 57,478
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ -	\$	13,074	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 13,074
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ -	\$	28,711	\$ -	\$	-	\$	30,723	\$	327,299	\$ 386,733

The property purchased during the quarter ended September 30, 2016 is financed by a note payable referred to in Note 7.

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For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
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7. Note Payable

The Company executed a note payable for \$253,500 for the purchase of a property that is used for a base of operations for exploration work in the Stewart area of British Columbia. The security for the note payable is the property purchased. It is to be paid down at \$10,000 per month with no interest charged.

8. Share Capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of voting common shares without par value. The Company has reserved shares for issuance under stock option agreements as described under Note 8.

Issued and outstanding: 46,943,666 common shares (September 30, 2015: 20,640,362).

	Number of	Share	Share-based				XX
	Shares	Capital		payment	Warrants		
Balance December 31, 2014	19,504,219	\$ 30,241,769	\$	3,579,681	\$ 331,372		
Is sued for mineral properties	2,842,888	515,017		-	-		
Issuance of common shares for debt	263,252	120,191		(120,191)	-		
Stock-based compensation	-	-		283,124	-		
Issued for Anti-Dilution right	872,890	151,734		(151,734)	-		
Issued for cash pursuant to							
Private placements	8,321,509	1,331,441		-	-		
Share issue costs and finder's fee	-	(94,624)		-	39,054		
Balance December 31, 2015	31,804,758	\$ 32,265,528	\$	3,590,880	\$ 370,425		
Issued for mineral properties	300,000	133,500			-		
Issuance of common shares for fixed asset	50,000	28,000			-		
Stock-based compensation	-	-		315,309	-		
Issued for cash pursuant to							
Private placements	12,400,660	3,596,191		-	-		
Share issue costs and finder's fee		(292,241)		-	132,865		
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to							
exercise of options	2,388,248	525,415		-	-		
Balance September 30, 2016	46,943,666	\$ 36,256,393	\$	3,906,189	\$ 503,290		

9. Share-Based Payments

(a) Share Option Plans

The Company has a stock option plan whereby the maximum number of shares reserved for issue shall not exceed 10% of the outstanding common shares of the Company, as at the date of the grant. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue to any one person under the plan cannot exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the date of grant. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue to a consultant or a person engaged in investor relations activities cannot exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding number of common shares at the date of grant.

The exercise price of each option granted under the plan may not be less than the Discounted Market Price (as that term is defined in the policies of the TSX). Options may be granted for a maximum term

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of five years from the date of the grant, are non-transferable and expire within 90 days of termination of employment or holding office as director or officer of the Company. Unless otherwise stated share purchase options vest when granted.

The vesting schedule for employees and most non-employees is immediate. Non-employees providing Investor Relations services have various expiry dates determined at the time of issuance.

The fair value of the options granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Dividend yield	Nil	Nil
Expected volatility	134.23%	139.90%
Risk-free rate of return	0.89%	0.51%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years

Total share-based payments recognized in the interim consolidated statements of loss during the quarter ended September 30, 2016 was \$257,412 (September 30, 2015: \$199,563).

Information regarding the Company's outstanding and exercisable share purchase options is summarized as follows:

		Weighted
	Number of Share	Average
		Exercise Price
		(\$CDN)
Issued and outstanding common shares	46,943,666	-
Incentive stock options	2,717,500	\$ 0.48
Share purchase warrants	30,505,378	\$ 0.53
	80,166,544	-

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For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
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The following table summarizes the Company's outstanding and exercisable share purchase options as of September 30, 2016:

Stock options	Options	Exercise Price
Outstanding & Exercisable at December 31, 2014	426,500	\$3.93
Granted March 13, 2015	1,070,000	\$0.50
Forfeited	(15,000)	\$7.50
Forfeited	(35,000)	\$2.10
Expired on July 19, 2015	(20,000)	\$4.00
Expired on August 25, 2015	(35,000)	\$4.00
Expired on November 4, 2015	(58,000)	\$7.50
Outstanding & Exercisable at December 31, 2015	1,333,500	\$1.03
Expired on February 8, 2016	(1,000)	\$8.50
Granted on February 4, 2016	1,450,000	\$0.25
Expired on May 2, 2016	(40,000)	\$6.40
Expired on August 19, 2016	(25,000)	\$6.00
Outstanding & Exercisable at September 30, 2016	2,717,500	\$0.48

The weighted average remaining contractual life of options outstanding at September 30, 2016 is 4.0 years (September 30, 2015: 3.73 years).

(b) Share Purchase Warrants and Agent Warrants

As of September 30, 2016, the Company had outstanding and exercisable warrants and agent warrants for the purchase of 30,505,378 common shares, as follows:

Issued Date	Number of Warrants	Exer	cise Price	Expiry Date
Outstanding at December 31, 2014	12,602,140			
Expired June 11, 2015	(345,000)	\$	4.50	11-Jun-15
Expired October 31, 2015	(904,500)	\$	3.50	31-Oct-15
Issued for private placement - December 10, 2015 #	8,321,509	\$	0.22	10-Dec-19
Agent warrants issued, finders' warrants for private placement, December 10, 2015 #	‡ 269,244	\$	0.22	10-Dec-19
Outstanding at December 31, 2015	19,943,393			
Issued for private placement - May 31, 2016	12,400,660	\$	0.29	25-May-19
Agent warrants issued, finders' warrants for private placement, May 31, 2016	549,573	\$	0.29	25-May-18
Exercised - Issued on December 10, 2015 #	(2,388,248)	\$	0.22	10-Dec-19
Outstanding at September 30, 2016	30,505,378			
**Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of \$0.70 until Oct. 21, 2016 and \$1.00 thereafter until Oct. 21, 2019 **Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of \$0.32 until Dec 10, 2016	Veighted average price	\$	0.53	

Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of \$0.22 until Dec. 10, 2016,

\$0.30 until Dec. 10, 2017, and \$0.40 thereafter until Dec. 10, 2019

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For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

(c) Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following table summarizes the number of common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as of September 30, 2016:

	Amount	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Common Shares outstanding as of September 30, 2016	46,943,666		
Warrants	670,000	\$1.50	October 9, 2018
	2,009,000	\$1.00	June 19, 2019
	120,600	\$1.00	June 19, 2019
**	8,090,000	\$0.70	October 21, 2016
	428,000	\$0.50	October 21, 2019
**	35,040	\$0.70	October 21, 2016
#	6,202,505	\$0.22	December 10, 2019
	12,400,660	\$0.44	May 25, 2019
	549,573	\$0.44	May 25, 2018
Employee Stock Options	6,500	\$4.75	January 31, 2017
	141,000	\$2.10	June 21, 2017
	35,000	\$2.30	November 15, 2017
	15,000	\$1.00	July 17, 2018
	1,070,000	\$0.50	March 13, 2020
	1,450,000	\$0.25	February 4, 2021
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding	80,166,544		

^{**}Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of 0.70 until Oct. 21, 2016 and 1.00 thereafter until Oct. 21, 2019

10. Related Party Transactions

The Company incurred charges with key management personnel and companies with directors and officers in common as follows:

Nine Months Ended September 30

	2016	2015
Consulting, directors and compensation	\$ 554,127 \$	555,267
Stock based compensation	257,412	199,563
	\$ 811,539 \$	754,830

These charges were in the normal course of operations and were measured by the exchange amount which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 there were no funds due to or due from related parties.

[#] Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of \$0.22 until Dec. 10, 2016,

^{\$0.30} until Dec. 10, 2017, and \$0.40 thereafter until Dec. 10, 2019

(An Exploration Stage Company)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

11. Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

(a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair market value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to initial recognition and the fair value hierarchy used to measure them has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The company's financial instruments include: cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, marketable securities, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and due to related parties. The carrying value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximates their fair values.

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable are exposed to credit risk. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash and cash equivalent by placing these instruments with large financial institutions. Deposits are insured by the governments up to US\$250,000 in the US and CAN\$100,000 in Canada, therefore the maximum amount that may be exposed to credit risk totaling cash, restricted cash, and amounts receivable for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is \$3,449,087.

(c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalent balances to enable settlement of transactions on the due date. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are current.

(d) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. The Company has cash and working capital items of \$668,715 (September 30, 2015: \$258,029) denominated in US dollars. A ten percent change in the exchange rate would result in a \$66,871 (September 30, 2015: \$25,803) impact to the Company's net income (loss). The Company has Mexican peso cash and working capital items of \$85,233 (September 30, 2015: \$72,749). A ten percent change in the exchange rate would result in \$8,523 (September 30, 2015: \$7,275) impact to the Company's net income (loss). The Company does not have a formal policy to manage risk; however, management actively monitors movement in foreign currency and

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For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
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forecasts foreign currency payments. Foreign exchange risk is mitigated by the offset of assets against liabilities and the risk is not significant.

(e) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Included in the loss for the period in consolidated financial statements is interest income on Canadian dollar cash and cash equivalents and interest expense on the note payable. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

(f) Management of Capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, to pursue the exploration and development of its mineral properties, and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or bring in earn-in partners. Due to the Company's business, the Company regularly enters into earn-in agreements where funds are forwarded as part of the option-in agreement. As such, these funds are restricted.

12. Commitments

The Company is committed to pay \$42,078 in office rentals for the year 2016.

13. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter 350,000 warrants, originally issued on December 10, 2015, were exercised at \$.22 totaling \$77,000.

On October 5, 2016 Millrock announced the acquisition of multiple claim blocks in the Goodpaster area in Alaska.



Management Discussion & Analysis

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

Introduction

This is Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for Millrock Resources Inc. ("Millrock" or the "Company") and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 and supporting notes. These consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The Company, in compliance with the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB"), adopted the use of the IFRS and transitioned from Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP") to IFRS by the required date of January 1, 2011.

The Company's board of directors follow recommended corporate governance guidelines for public companies to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders. The board's Audit Committee meets with management regularly to review the consolidated financial statements, including the MD&A, and to discuss other financial, operating and internal-control matters.

Readers should note the following:

- This MD&A has been prepared based on information known to management as of November 25, 2016.
- All currency amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.
- Gregory A. Beischer, a Director of the Company and its President and Chief Executive Officer, is the qualified person (as defined in NI 43-101) who approved the technical information in this MD&A.

Description of Business

Millrock Resources Inc. ("Millrock" or the "Company") is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties prospective for gold, copper and other metals. The principal mineral exploration targets include intrusion-related gold and copper-gold porphyry deposits and vein style gold-silver deposits.

Millrock is active in multiple geologic terrains and mineral districts with thirty two mineral exploration projects in three jurisdictions. United States, Canada, and Mexico as follows:

- United States: Ten gold and copper projects in Alaska, one uranium project in New Mexico
- Canada: Four precious and base metal projects in British Columbia
- Mexico: Seventeen gold, silver and copper projects, primarily in Sonora

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

The Company follows a Project Generator – Joint Venture business model that capitalizes on Millrock's knowledge and ability to identify high quality exploration targets and execute exploration programs under the terms of earn-in option agreements. This business model shares risk by forming agreements with other companies that invest capital to move exploration projects toward development and production.

Three companies are presently earning an interest in Millrock's projects: Vista Minerals (Vista"), Centerra Gold ("Centerra"), and another company, which presently wishes to remain anonymous.

Millrock trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol MRO and is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec and Nunavut. The Company also trades on the OTCQX marketplace in the United States under the symbol MLRKF.

Forward Looking Statements

This document may contain "forward-looking information" within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation and "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this document and the Company does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance and reflect Company management's expectations or beliefs regarding future events and include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the estimation of mineral reserves and mineral resources, mineral exploration programs, the realization of mineral reserve estimates, the timing and amount of estimated future production, costs of production, capital expenditures, success of mining operations, environmental risks, unanticipated reclamation expenses, title disputes or claims and limitations on insurance coverage.

In certain cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved" or the negative of these terms or comparable terminology.

By their very nature forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among others, risks related to actual results of current exploration activities; changes in project parameters as plans continue to be refined; future prices of

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

mineral resources; and other risks of the mineral exploration and mining industry; delays in obtaining governmental approvals or financing or in the completion of development or construction activities.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

Risks and Uncertainties

i) Exploration and Development Risk

The Company's properties are in early exploration stages and are without a known body of commercial ore. Exploration for mineral resources involves a high degree of risk and few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Discovery of mineral deposits is dependent upon a number of factors, not the least of which are the technical skills of the exploration personnel involved and the capital required for the programs. The cost of conducting mineral exploration programs may be substantial and the likelihood of success is difficult to assess. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration activities will result in any discoveries of new bodies of commercial ore. There is also no assurance that even if commercial quantities of ore are discovered that an ore body would be developed and brought into commercial production. The commercial viability of a mineral deposit once discovered is also dependent upon a number of factors, some of which are the particular attributes of the deposit such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure, commodity prices and government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting of minerals, and environmental protection. Most of the above factors cannot be predicted and are beyond the control of the Company. The Company attempts to mitigate its exploration risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio that includes several metal commodity targets in a number of geologic and political environments. Management also balances exploration risks through earn-in option agreements with other companies.

Beyond exploration and development risk, management is faced with a number of other risk factors. The more significant ones include:

ii) Financial Markets

Presently, the Company strives to obtain the majority of its working capital from other companies that are funding exploration on Millrock projects in order to earn an interest in the mineral rights. However, the Company will be dependent on the equity markets as its main source of operating working capital and funding for any advanced exploration and

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development activities that may be needed on its projects. The Company's capital resources are largely determined by the strength of the resource markets and by the status of the Company's projects in relation to these markets, and its ability to compete for investor support of its projects. Consequently, there can be no assurance that equity financing will be available to the Company in the amount required at any time or for any period or if available, that it can be obtained on terms satisfactory to the Company.

iii) Metal Prices

The price of gold is affected by numerous factors including central bank sales, producer hedging activities, the relative exchange rate of the U.S. dollar with other major currencies, supply and demand, political, economic conditions and production levels. In addition, the price of gold has been volatile over short periods of time due to speculative activities. The price of other metals and mineral products that the Company may be exploring for, all have the same or similar price risk factors. The prevailing price of metals and speculation on future price of metals by the investing public can have strong impacts on the share prices of exploration companies like Millrock.

iv) Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. The Company conducts business in the USA, Canada and Mexico. Expenditures in each jurisdiction are typically paid in local currency. However, a significant portion of its operating expenses are incurred in U.S. dollars. Financial results are reported in Canadian dollars. Therefore, changes in foreign exchange rates could result in a significant change in the results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations as the Company considers these risks at a minimum.

v) Cash Flows

The Company currently has no revenue from its exploration operations. However, it does generate revenues from overhead recovery fees charged to third parties funding exploration for administration of project development work. If any of its exploration programs are successful and optionees of properties complete the agreed earn-in expenditures, the Company would have to provide its share of ongoing exploration and development costs in order to maintain its interest. Otherwise the Company's interest will normally reduce to a non-participating royalty interest as defined in the agreement. Additional capital would be required to put a property into commercial production. The sources of funds currently available to the Company are the sale of its, marketable securities, equity capital or the offering of an interest in its projects to another party.

vi) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's cash and cash

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equivalents and amounts receivable are exposed to credit risk. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash and cash equivalents by placing these instruments with institutions of high credit worthiness. The majority of the Company's cash is held through large Canadian and US financial institutions with a high investment grade rating.

vii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity risk through the management of its capital structure and financial leverage. The Company insists on pre-payment of costs for exploration programs that have been approved by partner companies. Work does not commence unless funds to cover the cost of the work have been received. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due and paid within the current operating period.

viii) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk arises from the interest rate impact on its cash. There is minimal risk that the Company would recognize any loss as a result of a decrease in the fair value of any short-term investments included in cash due to the short term nature.

ix) Market Volatility for Marketable Securities

The Company's marketable securities consist of shares of exploration companies that are historically very volatile. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to recover the current fair market value of those shares. The Company also may not be able to sell the shares it holds in other companies in an illiquid market.

x) Possible Dilution to Present and Prospective Shareholders

The Company's plan of operation, in part, contemplates the financing of its business by the issuance of securities and possibly incurring debt. Any transaction involving the issuance of previously authorized but unissued shares of common stock, or securities convertible into common stock, would result in dilution, possibly substantial, to present and prospective holders of common stock. The Company usually seeks earn-in option agreement partners to fund in whole or in part exploration projects. This dilutes the Company's interest in properties. This dilution is undertaken to spread or minimize the risk and to expose the Company to more exploration opportunities. However, it means that any increased market capitalization or profit that might result from a possible discovery would be shared with the option agreement partner. There is no guarantee that the Company can find a third party to enter an earn-in agreement for any property.

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xi) Material Risk of Dilution Presented by Large Number of Share Purchase Options and Warrants

At quarter end there were 2,717,500 stock options and 30,505,378 warrants outstanding. Directors and officers held 1,975,000 of the options and 557,869 of the warrants, and 742,500 of the options were held by employees and consultants of the Company. As of the quarter end there were 46,943,666 shares issued and outstanding. On a fully diluted basis including stock options and warrants the Company has a capitalization of 80,166,544 shares.

xii) Trading Volume

The relatively low trading volume of the Company's shares reduces the liquidity of an investment in its shares. Trading volumes fluctuate with market conditions and seasons. The Company attempts to reduce this risk by having multiple projects that are continually generating news and therefore investor interest and trading volume.

xiii) Volatility of Share Price

Market prices for shares of early stage companies are often volatile. Factors such as announcements of mineral discoveries or discouraging exploration results, changes in financial results, and other factors could have a significant effect on share price.

xiv) Competition

There is aggressive competition within the mining industry for the discovery and acquisition of properties considered to have commercial potential. The Company competes with other exploration and mining companies, many of which have greater financial resources than the Company, for the acquisition of mineral claims, leases and other mineral interests as well as for the recruitment and retention of qualified employees and other personnel.

xv) Dependence on Management

The Company depends heavily on the business expertise of its management. There is risk to the Company's ability to execute its business plans if some or all of the current management team were to suddenly leave the Company or become incapable of performing their individual and collective responsibilities. The Company has mitigated the risk of its managers leaving for other companies through competitive compensation, cash bonuses and by providing options to purchase Millrock stock. Some of the senior managers hold substantial share positions in Millrock and are motivated to remain with the Company. The Company has also developed the necessary depth such that it can replace senior managers with more junior staff if necessary. Despite the mitigation measures the Company still depends heavily on its current management.

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xvi) Title Risk

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee a clear title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and regulatory requirements. The Company is not aware of any disputed claims of title.

xvii) Environmental

The Company's exploration and development activities are subject to extensive laws and regulations governing environment protection. The Company is also subject to various reclamation related conditions. Although the Company closely follows and believes it is operating in compliance with all applicable environmental regulations, there can be no assurance that all future requirements will be obtainable on reasonable terms. Failure to comply may result in enforcement actions causing operations to cease or be curtailed and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures. Intense lobbying over environmental concerns by non-governmental organizations has caused some governments to cancel or restrict development of mining projects. Current publicized concern over climate change may lead to carbon taxes, requirements for carbon offset purchases or new regulation. The costs or likelihood of such potential issues to the Company cannot be estimated at this time.

xviii) Laws and Regulations

The Company's exploration activities are subject to extensive federal, state and local laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health and safety, mine safety and other matters in all the jurisdictions in which it operates. These laws and regulations are subject to change, can become more stringent and compliance can therefore become more costly. The Company applies the expertise of its management, advisors, employees and contractors to ensure compliance with current laws.

xix) Mineral Resource Estimates

The estimation of reserves and mineralization is a subjective process and the accuracy of any such estimates is a function of the quality of available data and of engineering and geological interpretation and judgment. No assurances can be given that the volume and grade of reserves recovered and rates of production will not be less than anticipated. Millrock has not prepared or published any mineral resource estimates for any of its properties.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

Use of the Terms "Mineral Resources" and "Mineral Reserves"

Any reference in this MD&A to Mineral Resources does not mean Mineral Reserves. Under NI 43-101, a Mineral Reserve is the economically mineable part of a Measured or Indicated Mineral Resource demonstrated by at least a Preliminary Feasibility Study. This Study must include adequate information on mining, processing, metallurgical, economic and other relevant factors that demonstrate, at the time of reporting, that economic extraction can be justified. A Mineral Reserve includes diluting materials and allowances for losses that may occur when the material is mined. Mineral Resources are sub-divided, in order of increasing geologic confidence, into Inferred, Indicated and Measured categories. An Inferred Mineral Resource has a lower level of confidence than that applied to an Indicated Mineral Resource. An Indicated Mineral Resource has a higher level of confidence than an Inferred Mineral Resource but has a lower level of confidence than a Measured Mineral Resource.

The terms "Mineral Reserve," "Proven Mineral Reserve" and "Probable Mineral Reserve" are Canadian mining terms as defined in accordance with NI 43-101 and the CIM Standards. These definitions differ from the definitions in SEC Industry Guide 7 under the U.S. Securities Act. Under SEC Industry Guide 7, a reserve is defined as part of a mineral deposit which could be economically and legally extracted or produced at the time the reserve determination is made. Under SEC Industry Guide 7 standards, a "final" or "bankable" feasibility study is required to report reserves, the three-year historical average price is used in any reserve or cash flow analysis to designate reserves and the primary environmental analysis or report must be filed with the appropriate governmental authority.

In addition, the terms "Mineral Resource," "Measured Mineral Resource," "Indicated Mineral Resource" and "Inferred Mineral Resource" are defined in and required to be disclosed by NI 43-101; however, these terms are not defined terms under SEC Industry Guide 7 and are normally not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves. "Indicated Mineral Resource" and "Inferred Mineral Resource" have a great amount of uncertainty as to their existence, and great uncertainty as to their economic and legal feasibility. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of an Indicated Mineral Resource or Inferred Mineral Resource will ever be upgraded to a higher category. Under Canadian rules, estimates of Inferred Mineral Resources may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. Investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any part of an Inferred Mineral Resource exists or is economically or legally mineable. Disclosure of "contained ounces" in a resource is permitted disclosure under Canadian regulations; however, the SEC normally only permits issuers to report mineralization that does not constitute "reserves" by SEC standards as in place tonnage and grade without reference to unit measures.

Accordingly, information contained in this MD&A filed herewith or incorporated by reference herein contain descriptions of mineral deposits that may not be comparable to

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

similar information made public by U.S. companies subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder.

CAUTIONARY NOTE TO U.S. INVESTORS REGARDING MINERAL RESOURCE AND MINERAL RESERVE ESTIMATES

Cautionary Note – The United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") permits U.S. mining companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only those mineral deposits that a company can economically and legally extract or produce. Millrock Resources Inc. uses certain terms such as "measured", "indicated", "inferred", and "mineral resources," which the SEC guidelines strictly prohibit U.S. registered companies from including in their filings with the SEC. Accordingly, information contained in this MD&A contains descriptions of our mineral deposits that may not be comparable to similar information made public by U.S. companies which are subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements under United States federal securities laws and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder. Millrock is not a U.S. registered company, however, it does trade through the OTCQX marketplace, some of its projects are in the U.S., the Company owns two U.S.-based subsidiary companies, the main operational office is in Anchorage, Alaska, and there are a substantial number of U.S. shareholders of Millrock. For these reasons Millrock cautions U.S. investors regarding mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates that may be mentioned in this MD&A.

Additional Information

Financial statements, MD&A documents and additional information relevant to the Company and the Company's activities can be found on SEDAR at www.SEDAR.com, and/or on the Company's website at http://www.millrockresources.com.

General

The Company continued to advance its business objectives through the third quarter of 2016. In total, Millrock expended \$2,132,906 on exploration year to date through the third quarter of 2016, of which \$1,539,007 was supplied by companies that are earning an interest in Millrock's projects. Additionally, the Company spent \$125,254 on generative exploration through the third quarter.

Highlights for the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

- i) Millrock purchased the Willoughby claims in the Golden Triangle district of British Columbia, as well as an exploration operations base in the town of Stewart, BC.
- **ii)** Millrock advanced exploration on the Los Chinos and Los Cuarentas projects in Sonora, Mexico.
- **iii**) Millrock made property acquisitions in the Goodpaster Mining District, Alaska in conjunction with its strategic partner.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

Outlook

During the third quarter of 2016 it became clearer that signs of change to the adverse market conditions that had prevailed for many years were occurring. Gold price has increased since early 2016 and there is renewed investor interest in mineral exploration equities.

Throughout the past two years Millrock has generated projects throughout Alaska and Mexico and made new acquisitions in the Golden Triangle of British Columbia. Millrock has been able to purchase some excellent exploration projects at very low cost. Now that capital is flowing back into our sector we anticipate making new partnerships to fund exploration and drilling.

Operations Review

United States Properties

Millrock owns and operates ten mineral exploration projects in Alaska and one in New Mexico, USA. The following provides a summary description of the properties at which there were active exploration field operations or office work, or any related corporate developments.

- 1. Liberty Bell, Alaska, United States, Gold: Millrock acquired an option on this project at a modest cost. The Company can earn a 100% interest with no underlying royalty for US\$600,000 with most of this cost coming in the last year of the three-year agreement. The claims host gold mineralization in a small deposit that has not been fully delineated. The deposit is of the distal skarn variety. There is very good exploration potential to find more deposits nearby. Data has been shown to several prospective partners and Millrock personnel inspected the claims along with these groups.
- 2. Apex El Nido, Alaska, United States, High Grade Vien Gold: Millrock made an option agreement with the underlying owner. The option is good for five years and costs Millrock US\$1,000 per year. There are historical underground mine workings on the project from which approximately 25,000 ounces of gold was extracted. No drilling beneath the workings has ever been done. Quartz veins of the mesothermal variety locally contain high grade gold mineralization. The veins may extend below the workings. Millrock has been marketing this project to prospective partners.
- 3. WP project and database, Alaska, United States, Gold: Millrock purchased a database for the Goodpaster Mining District for US\$100,000. It represents more than \$5 million worth of exploration work. Millrock's strategic agreement with a funding company paid the cost of this purchase. Millrock merged the data with its own database and the Company now owns the most comprehensive database for the Goodpaster Mining District. Along with the database Millrock also purchased mining claims. Additional claim blocks were acquired by option agreement and staking in the third quarter. An exploration program consisting of drill core resampling, soil geochemical surveys and geological mapping. Funding for the

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

acquisitions and exploration work was provided by Millrock's strategic partner. The WP project has been offered to the partner to form a designated project with its own budget.

Canada Properties

On December 14, 2015 Millrock announced that it had entered into a series of purchase and option-to-purchase agreements to consolidate three major land packages in the "Golden Triangle" area. This is an attractive, active exploration and mine development district near the town of Stewart, British Columbia, Canada. Later, in the second quarter of 2016 an additional property was purchased. The four properties collectively measure approximately 60,000 hectares (600 square kilometers) in area. The projects, briefly described below are named Todd Creek, Poly, Oweegee Dome and Willoughby. The projects are prospective for gold and polymetallic base metal deposits and cover known mineral occurrences distributed along favourable structures in the lower Hazelton Group rocks that are known to host many of the known mineral deposits in the district.

- 1. Todd Creek property, British Columbia, Canada, Base metals and Gold: The property adjoins the southern boundary of the claim block covering the Brucejack Property, which is owned by Pretivm Resources Inc. A small, high grade gold-copper deposit was discovered at Todd Creek by prior workers. Further exploration is warranted.
- **2. Poly property, British Columbia, Canada, Base and Precious Metals:** The project is located 10 kilometers southeast of Todd Creek and is bisected by Highway 37A and the 138 kilovolt Stewart powerline. Signs of volcanogenic massive sulfide deposits are observed. A large, strong, multi-element soil anomaly occurs on the property.
- **3.** Oweegee Dome property, British Columbia, Canada, Copper: The property adjoins the eastern boundaries of Pretivm's Brucejack property and of the KSM property owned by Seabridge Gold Inc. Highway 37 and the recently constructed Northwest Transmission Line transect the western tenures of the Oweegee Dome property. Indications of porphyry copper deposits are observed on the property.
- **4. Willoughby property, British Columbia, Canada, Gold:** The property is situated adjacent to the Red Mountain project owned by IDM Mining. High grade gold was intersected in veins on the Willoughby property by prior workers in the 1980s. No follow-up drilling has been done. The mineralization occurs in the same geologic setting as Red Mountain.

Millrock is carrying out surface exploration to advance these projects but will be looking to create funding partnerships with other companies in strict keeping with our earn-in option agreement business model.

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Mexico Properties

On June 6, 2014 the Company entered an agreement to purchase Pembrook Mexico Holdings ("PMXH") and all of its assets, which included the shares of a wholly-owned Mexican subsidiary and nine 100%-owned mineral properties, two mineral properties under option, an extensive geological database and various exploration equipment. The projects, primarily located in the State of Sonora, Mexico, have potential for large-scale copper-gold porphyry deposits, high-sulphidation epithermal gold deposits, high-grade vein gold deposits, and skarn and replacement-style silver-zinc-lead deposits. Throughout 2015 Millrock actively generated more projects and acquired one by purchase with stock as consideration.

The Company worked actively to secure funding agreements for the projects. At the end of the quarter Centerra Gold entered into earn-in agreements for the Los Cuarentas and Los Chinos properties. Millrock continues to actively market all other properties to potential exploration partners.

- 1. Los Cuarentas, Sonora, Mexico, Gold, Silver, Copper, 100%: Previously Millrock had divided Los Cuarentas into two portions. The eastern portion hosts very large, intense, zoned alteration system typical of porphyry copper deposits. The western portion is situated on a continuation of the mineralized structure associated with the adjoining Mercedes gold-silver mine that is operated by Yamana Gold Inc. In this area of the claim block there is potential for high-grade epithermal gold deposits. During the quarter an extensive stream sediment sampling program was conducted in the eastern portion of the property. Rock sampling and mapping was also completed.
- 2. Los Chinos Project, Sonora, Mexico, Gold, 100%: This project targets Herradura-type, orogenic-style gold deposits. It is located along a juxtaposed contact of high grade Proterozoic metamorphic rocks against relatively unmetamorphosed but deformed metasedimentary rocks of Jura-Cretaceous age. Several known gold showings suggest a favourable exploration environment. Preliminary exploration has defined some interesting gold values, including a newly discovered zone of oxidized pegmatite and quartz veins in the Proterozoic rocks. An integrated exploration program comprised of induced polarization and magnetic geophysical surveys, extensive soil sampling, and geological mapping. Trenching of anomalous zones was completed during the quarter. A drilling program to test the anomalous zones was executed during the third quarter.
- 3. Violeta Project, northern Sonora, Mexico, Gold-bearing veins/breccias, 100%: This is a fractional claim block in the core of a known mineralized system in northern Sonora. The surrounding claims are owned by another company that has expressed interest in purchasing this key land block.

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- **4. Ramard Project, Sonora, Mexico, epithermal / vein Gold, 100%:** The claims cover a historic, polymetallic stream sediment anomaly as well as a known epithermal stockwork vein showing. Two areas of high grade gold in vein float (boulders) with magnetite stockworks are present. Additionally, a large skarn system was recently discovered. The skarn contained anomalous silver, lead and zinc. Millrock carried out soil sampling and prospecting on the claims in 2015.
- 5. Villa Hidalgo, Sonora, Mexico, Gold, 100%: This claim was dropped, but subsequently there was interest from a placer mining company. With funding from this company Millrock was able to reacquire the claims by reversing the relinquishment. Once the claim is returned fully to Millrock ownership and subdivided, the portion of interest will be sold to the placer mining company.
- **6.** La Union Project, Sonora, Mexico, Gold-Silver, 100%: This project is situated in the Herradura district of northwest Sonora. Mapping has identified an area with high-grade silver-gold (and lead-zinc) veins. Millrock has done geochemical work to advance the project.
- 7. Los Chivos Project, Baja California Norte, Mexico, Gold, 100%: Reconnaissance exploration has defined some high grade vein mineralization in the district and there may be potential for larger Herradura-style orogenic gold deposits. Adjacent claims will need to be secured in order to make a comprehensive land package.
- **8.** Guadalcazar Project, San Luis Potosí, central Mexico, Gold-Silver, 100% Option from Servicio Geologico Mexico: At this project a silver-bearing skarn zone is known. Pembrook, from a 2013 drilling program, has reported high grade silver over significant drill intervals including 22 m @ 148 grams per tonne silver.

Summary of Quarterly Results

The following is a summary of the Company's financial results for the eight most recently completed quarters:

	Sept. 30 2016 O3	Jun. 30 2016 O2	Mar. 31 2016 O1	Dec. 31 2015 O4	2	ep. 30 2015 O3	•	Jun. 30 2015 O2	Mar. 31 2015 O1		Dec. 31 2014 O4
Mineral expenditures	198,766	31,331	206,395	\$ (225,986)	\$:	311,066	\$	27,811	\$ 563,930	\$	(689,207)
Overhead Recovery Fees	90,639	64,544	4,474	17,168		163,030		49,431	25,243		22,988
G&A expense (including stock-based comp.)	565,114	610,002	847,278	711,239		501,830		503,499	927,388		808,653
Stock-based compensation	-	-	257,412	-		-		-	199,563		120,191
Adjusted G&A (excluding stock-based comp.)	565,114	610,002	589,866	711,239		501,830		503,499	727,825		688,462
Mineral properties write-off	-	-	-	1,446,327		-		-	-		1,102,833
Net Income/(loss)	\$ (474,475)	\$ (545,458)	\$ (842,804)	(2,146,144)	(2	256,831)		(454,068)	(892,013)	(1,862,886)
Loss per share	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.04)	\$ (0.11)	\$	(0.01)	\$	-	\$ (0.07)	\$	(0.15)

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The company recognized the bulk of its revenue via Overhead Recovery Fees in both the third quarters of 2016 and 2015.

Millrock has observed seasonality in the past in regards to Overhead Recovery Fees as these are charged on earn-in projects where the Company conducts most of its Alaska exploration in the second and third quarters of the year. As the Company actively markets properties in geographically diverse jurisdictions it hopes to offset the seasonality with Mexican property exploration occurring primarily in the first and fourth quarters of the year. The earn-in agreements with Centerra on two Mexican properties occurred at the end of the first quarter, with work beginning on the properties during the second quarter of the year. There was also work performed on Alaskan properties for an earn-in partner.

The stock based compensation shown on the table for Q4 2014 is for the accrual of deferred salaries during the year, and in Q1 of 2015 and 2016 is for the issuance of stock options to employees.

G&A expenses typically remain fairly consistent throughout the years. There is a slight decrease of expense items in the second and third quarters of the years as employees are more fully engaged on active exploration projects and therefore costs being capitalized to those projects.

The net loss and loss per share see a substantial increase in the fourth quarters of both years because of the property write offs that occur in those quarters.

In recent years the US dollar (USD) has grown stronger relative to the Canadian dollar (CAD). Since the Company holds most of its cash in CAD, this negatively impacts expenses and exploration costs incurred in the USA. It also has a negative impact on potential partner companies for US projects that also raise financing denominated in CAD.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers Without Significant Revenue

As the Company has had little revenue since inception, the following is a breakdown of the material costs incurred:

	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2015	September 30, 2014
Stock-based compensation	257,412	\$ 199,563	\$ -
Investor relations	276,675	\$ 214,216	\$ 75,900
Office and miscellaneous	375,667	\$ 277,310	\$ 227,617
Consulting, directors and salaries	693,130	\$ 492,975	\$ 349,412
General Exploration	125,254	\$ 593,270	\$ 251,710
Accounting, audit and legal	186,955	\$ 147,582	\$ 126,414
Amortization and depreciation	11,692	\$ 14,633	\$ 26,909

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The Company's annual financial results for the quarters ended September 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014 have been prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Quarter Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to the Quarter Ended September 30, 2015

The Company had overhead recovery fees of \$115,882 for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 compared to overhead recovery fees of \$212,461 for the quarter ended September 30, 2015, and a net operating loss of \$449,018 as compared to its net operating loss of \$233,777 for the third quarter 2015. The revenue is attributable to overhead recovery fees received from earn in partners. In 2016 the majority of overhead recovery fees were earned from Mexican projects, whereas in 2015 the overhead recovery fees were from Alaskan projects.

General and Administrative expenses overall for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 totaled \$564,900 as compared to \$515,207 for the corresponding quarter end 2015. The five largest expense items for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are:

- Consulting, director and salary expenses of \$200,876;
- Investor relation expenses of \$129,911,
- Office and miscellaneous expenses of \$121,324;
- Foreign exchange loss of \$69,432;
- Accounting, audit and legal expenses of \$57,157.

These items comprise approximately 99% of the total general and administrative expenses of the Company.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015

The Company had revenue of \$159,657 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 compared to \$237,704 of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, and a net loss before other comprehensive loss of \$1,862,523, as compared to \$1,619,289 for its net loss before other comprehensive loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

General & administrative expenses overall for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 totalled \$2,022,394 as compared to \$1,932,717 for the same period in 2015. The five largest expense items are:

- Consulting, director and salary costs of \$693,130;
- Office and miscellaneous expenses of \$375,667;
- Investor relation expenses of \$276,675;
- Stock based compensation of \$257,412;
- Accounting, audit and legal expenses of \$186,955

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These items comprise approximately 88% of the total general and administrative expenses of the Company.

Salaries and benefit costs as a portion of the total general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was approximately 34% compared to 26% for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. This increase was due to expanding staff in Canada and Mexico to meet the needs of the Company for its additional projects and exploration programs.

Office and miscellaneous expenses relative to the total general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 amount to approximately 17% compared to 15% for the same period 2015. The Company has been able to keep costs relatively stable but does expect modest increases in office and miscellaneous expenses as staff and exploration efforts increase.

Stock based compensation relative to the Company's administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was approximately 13% compared to 10% for nine months ended September 30, 2015. The options issued to employees in 2016 had a higher value than the options issued in 2015.

Investor relations expenses as a portion the Company's administrative expenses for nine months ended September 30, 2016 were approximately 14% compared to 11% for the same period ended 2015. The Company has remained consistently engaged with shareholders and investors, but has recently begun to expand its outreach as markets improve.

Accounting, audit and legal costs relative to the total general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 amount to approximately 9% compared to 8% for the same period in 2015. Legal and accounting fees have slightly increased as the company continues to expand operations in Mexico and British Columbia.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of September 30, 2016, the Company has accumulated a deficit of \$33,795,850 and has working capital of \$3,362,911 based on current assets of \$4,088,902 and current liabilities of \$725,991.

The Company realizes income from option agreement payments, and from management fees it collects as the operator of earn in projects (option payments are recorded against the related property cost and not considered revenue until the property is reduced to zero but overhead recovery fees are recorded as revenue). These funds can cover a significant portion of the Company's overhead costs. The Company relies on equity financing to fund generative exploration programs on its open ground and on some of its properties. There are 2,717,500 options and 30,505,378 warrants outstanding as of the report date. Funding for most of the property exploration carried out by Millrock comes from partner companies earning in to Millrock's projects. Management has carried out an assessment of the going

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

concern assumption and has concluded that the Company has sufficient cash and cash equivalents and other financial assets to continue operating at current levels for the ensuing twelve months. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to continue some of its existing partnerships, partner additional exploratory prospects, generate overhead recovery fees, and receipt of option payments. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing through the sale of equity securities, and by making earn-in agreements with partner companies there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financings will be favourable.

Related Party Transactions

The Company incurred charges with key management personnel and companies with directors and officers in common as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30					
	2016	·)	2015			
Consulting, directors and compensation	\$ 554,127	\$	555,267			
Stock based compensation	257,412		199,563			
	\$ 811,539	\$	754,830			

These charges were in the normal course of operations and were measured by the exchange amount which is the amount agreed upon by the transacting parties.

As of September 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 there were no funds due to or due from related parties.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each period end. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include assumptions and estimates relating to determining defined proven and probable reserves, value beyond proven and probable reserves, fair values for purposes of purchase price allocations for business acquisitions, asset impairment analysis, valuation of derivative contracts, determination of recoverable metal on leach pads, reclamation obligations, share-based payments and warrants, pension benefits, valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets, the provision for income tax liabilities, deferred income taxes and assessing and evaluating contingencies. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

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The most significant accounting estimates for the Company relate to the carrying value of its mineral property assets. All deferred mineral property expenditures are reviewed on a property-by-property basis to consider whether there are any conditions that may indicate impairment. When the carrying value of a property exceeds its net recoverable amount that may be estimated by quantifiable evidence of an economic geological resource or reserve, earn-in expenditure commitments or the Company's assessment of its ability to sell the property for an amount exceeding the deferred costs, a provision is made for the impairment in value.

Management's estimates of mineral prices, recoverable proven and probable reserves and operating, capital and reclamation costs are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, which may affect the recoverability of mineral property costs. Although management has made its best estimate of these factors, it is possible that changes could occur in the near term that could adversely affect management's estimate of the net cash flow to be generated from its properties.

Another significant accounting estimate relates to accounting for stock-based compensation. The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and, therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options granted or vested during the year.

Changes in Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

The Company prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance and compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are effective as of December 31, 2012.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its obligations and continue its operations for its next twelve months. Realization value may be substantially different from carrying value as shown and these consolidated financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. As of September 30, 2016 the Company had not yet achieved profitable operations, but had working capital of \$3,362,911 (December 31, 2015: \$1,532,659). The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to generate revenue from overhead recovery fees and option payments.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

IFRS Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

IFRS 9 (Amendment) Financial Instruments

IFRS 11 (Amendment) Accounting for Acquisition of Interests in Joint Operations

IFRS 15 (Amendment) Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IAS 16 (Amendment) Property, Plant and Equipment

IAS 38 (Amendment) Intangible Assets

Management intends to adopt the above standards in the Company's consolidated financial statements as of their effective dates, and is currently considering the impact of the adoption of these standards.

Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

i) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair market value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to initial recognition and the fair value hierarchy used to measure them has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The company's financial instruments include: cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, marketable securities, prepaid expenses, accounts payable, and due to related parties. The carrying value of cash and equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximates their fair values. The Company has no financial instruments whose fair values are measured using level 2 or level 3 inputs.

ii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Company's cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable are exposed to credit risk. The Company reduces its credit risk on cash and cash equivalent by placing these instruments with large financial institutions. Deposits are insured by the governments up to US\$250,000 in the US and CAN\$100,000 in Canada, therefore the maximum amount that may be exposed to credit risk totaling cash, restricted cash, and amounts receivable for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 is \$3,449,087.

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalent balances to enable settlement of transactions on the due date. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are current.

iv) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. The Company has cash and working capital items of \$668,715 (September 30, 2015: \$258,029) denominated in US dollars. A ten percent change in the exchange rate would result in a \$66,871 (September 30, 2015: \$25,803) impact to the Company's net income (loss). The Company has Mexican peso cash and working capital items of \$85,233 (September 30, 2015: \$72,749). A ten percent change in the exchange rate would result in \$8,523 (September 30, 2015: \$7,275) impact to the Company's net income (loss). The Company does not have a formal policy to manage foreign exchange risk; however, management actively monitors movement in foreign currency and forecasts foreign currency payments. Foreign exchange risk is mitigated by the offset of assets against liabilities and the risk is not significant.

v) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Included in the loss for the period in consolidated financial statements is interest income on Canadian dollar cash and cash equivalents and interest expense on the note payable. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

vi) Management of Capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, to pursue the exploration and development of its mineral properties, and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital within a framework of acceptable risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of shareholders' equity.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments in response to changing economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. To maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or bring in earn-in partners. Due to the Company's business, the Company regularly enters into earn-in agreements

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

where funds are forwarded to the Company in accordance with the agreement. As such, these funds are restricted.

Commitments

The Company is committed to pay \$42,078 in office rentals for the year 2016.

Share Capital

i) Authorized

Unlimited common shares without par value.

ii) Issued and outstanding common shares for the quarter ended September 30, 2016 was 46,943,666.

Legal Claims and Contingent Liabilities

At September 30, 2016, there were no material legal claims or contingent liabilities outstanding.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent to the end of the third quarter 350,000 warrants, originally issued on December 10, 2015, were exercised at \$.22 totaling \$77,000.

On October 5, 2016 Millrock announced the acquisition of multiple claim blocks in the Goodpaster area in Alaska.

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following table summarizes the number of common shares, stock options and share purchase warrants as of November 25, 2016:

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

	Amount	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
Common Shares outstanding as of November 25, 2016	46,943,666		
Warrants	670,000	\$1.50	October 9, 2018
	2,009,000	\$1.00	June 19, 2019
	120,600	\$1.00	June 19, 2019
**	8,090,000	\$0.70	October 21, 2016
	428,000	\$0.50	October 21, 2019
**	35,040	\$0.70	October 21, 2016
#	5,852,505	\$0.22	December 10, 2019
	12,400,660	\$0.44	May 25, 2019
	549,573	\$0.44	May 25, 2018
Employee Stock Options	6,500	\$4.75	January 31, 2017
	141,000	\$2.10	June 21, 2017
	35,000	\$2.30	November 15, 2017
	15,000	\$1.00	July 17, 2018
	1,070,000	\$0.50	March 13, 2020
	1,450,000	\$0.25	February 4, 2021
Fully Diluted Shares Outstanding	79,816,544		

^{**}Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of 0.70 until Oct. 21, 2016 and 0.00 thereafter until Oct. 21, 2019

\$0.30 until Dec. 10, 2017, and \$0.40 thereafter until Dec. 10, 2019

The following table summarizes the weighted average of stock options and share purchase warrants as of November 25, 2016:

		Weighted
	Number of Share	Average
		Exercise Price
		(\$CDN)
Issued and outstanding common shares	47,293,666	-
Incentive stock options	2,717,500	\$ 0.48
Share purchase warrants	30,155,378	\$ 0.53
	80,166,544	-

[#] Note these warrants have tiered exercise price of \$0.22 until Dec. 10, 2016,

Management Discussion and Analysis For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2016

HEAD OFFICE

Millrock Resources Inc.

Suite 2300 – 1177 West Hastings St. Vancouver, BC V6E 2K3

Tel: (604) 638-3164

Toll Free: (877) 217-8978

Email: info@millrockresources.com

OFFICERS & DIRECTORS

Gregory Beischer, B.Sc., CPG President & CEO, Director

Philip St. George, B.S. (Geol.) *Chief Exploration Officer*

Keith Granberry, CPA, CFE Chief Financial Officer

Janice Davies

Corporate Secretary

Darryl Cardey, CA
Director & Chairman, Audit Committee

Roland Butler, B.Sc., Geology

Director & Chairman, Corporate Governance

Committee

Peter J. Chilibeck, LL.B. *Director & Chairman, Compensation Committee*

Larry J. Cooper *Director*

LISTINGS

TSX Venture Exchange: MRO

OTC Markets Group (OTCQX): MLRKF

CAPITALIZATION

(as at November 25, 2016)

Shares Authorized: Unlimited Shares Issued: 47,293,666

REGISTRAR & TRUST AGENT

Computershare 2nd Floor, 510 Burrard Street Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 3B9

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young LLP
Pacific Centre
700 West Georgia Street
P.O. Box 10101
Vancouver, British Columbia
V7Y 1C7

LEGAL COUNSEL

Owen Bird Suite 2900, 595 Burrard St. P.O Box 49130 Vancouver, British Columbia V7X 1J5