



Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
(formerly Southern Sun Minerals Inc.)
Consolidated Financial Statements
30 June 2016
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

JAMES STAFFORD

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Nevada Energy Metals Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nevada Energy Metals Inc., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at 30 June 2016 and 2015 and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, cash flows and changes in equity (deficiency) for the years then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nevada Energy Metals Inc. as at 30 June 2016 and 2015 and the results of its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements, which describes matters and conditions that indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the ability of Nevada Energy Metals Inc. to continue as a going concern.



Chartered Professional Accountants
Vancouver, Canada
25 October 2016

Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
(formerly Southern Sun Minerals Inc.)
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	As at 30 June 2016	As at 30 June 2015
		\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		666,367	25,293
Trade and other receivables	4	12,695	1,040
Prepaid expenses		121,054	-
		800,116	26,333
Exploration and evaluation property	5	644,303	-
Total assets		1,444,419	26,333
EQUITY (DEFICIENCY) AND LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	6	47,351	46,981
Related party loans	11.3	-	10,999
		47,351	57,980
Equity (Deficiency)			
Common shares	7	2,578,592	689,073
Reserves	7	3,994,446	85,453
Deficit		(5,175,970)	(806,173)
Total equity (deficiency)		1,397,068	(31,647)
Total equity and liabilities		1,444,419	26,333

Nature of operations and going concern (Note 1), **Commitments and Contingencies** (Note 15) and **Subsequent events** (Note 17)

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

“Rick Wilson”
Rick Wilson

“John Oness”
John Oness

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
(formerly Southern Sun Minerals Inc.)
Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2016	Year ended 30 June 2015
		\$	\$
Administration expenses			
Bank charges and interest		1,854	330
Consulting	11.1	181,405	-
Management fees	11.1	30,000	-
Marketing and communications	11.1, 7	158,937	3,750
Office and miscellaneous	11.1	38,046	19,036
Professional fees	11.1	37,989	111,120
Rent	11.1	32,731	19,834
Share-based payments	7.6	931,568	7,227
Transfer agent fees		96,823	18,750
Travel, lodging and food		39,995	4,951
Loss before other items		(1,549,348)	(184,998)
Other items			
Interest income		-	4
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		(14,949)	(3,420)
Valuation allowance on exploration and evaluation properties	5	-	(231,890)
Realized loss on issuance of units	7	(2,805,500)	-
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the year		(4,369,797)	(420,304)
Loss per share			
Basic and diluted	8	(0.092)	(0.048)

Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
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Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Notes	Year ended 30 June 2016	Year ended 30 June 2015
		\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the period		(4,369,797)	(420,304)
Adjustment for:			
Share-based payments	7.6	931,568	7,227
Shares for service	7	9,944	-
Valuation allowance on exploration and evaluation properties	5	-	231,890
Loss on issuance of units	7	2,805,500	-
Changes in operating working capital:			
Decrease (increase) in trade and other receivables		(11,655)	1,177
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		(121,054)	811
Increase in trade and other payables	6	370	38,702
Cash used in operating activities		(755,124)	(140,497)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Exploration and evaluation properties expenditures	5	(483,803)	(14,578)
Cash used in investing activities		(483,803)	(14,578)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of common shares, net of share issuance cost	7	1,117,000	-
Proceeds from exercise of options	7	160,000	-
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	7	614,000	-
Repayment of related party loan	11.3	(10,999)	10,999
Cash from financing activities		1,880,001	10,999
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		641,074	(144,076)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		25,293	169,369
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		666,367	25,293

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
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Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficiency)
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Number of common shares	Common shares	Stock option reserve	Warrant reserve	Deficit	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balances, 1 July 2014	16,935,753	689,073	63,454	14,772	(385,869)	381,430
Share-based payments	-	-	7,227	-	-	7,227
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(420,304)	(420,304)
Balances, 30 June 2015	16,935,753	689,073	70,681	14,772	(806,173)	(31,647)
Shares issued for:						
Common shares	49,350,000	1,120,000	-	-	-	1,120,000
Exercise of options	4,087,500	465,739	(305,739)	-	-	160,000
Exercise of warrants	16,185,000	1,114,972	-	(500,972)	-	614,000
Services	58,494	9,944	-	-	-	9,944
Finder's fees	4,650,000	109,500	-	-	-	109,500
Mineral properties	1,325,000	160,500	-	-	-	160,500
Share-based payments	-	-	931,568	-	-	931,568
Value assigned to warrants	-	(3,784,136)	-	3,784,136	-	-
Share issue costs	-	(112,500)	-	-	-	(112,500)
Loss on issuance of units	-	2,805,500	-	-	-	2,805,500
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(4,369,797)	(4,369,797)
Balances, 30 June 2016	92,591,747	2,578,592	696,510	3,297,936	(5,175,970)	1,397,068

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Nevada Energy Metals Inc.
(formerly Southern Sun Minerals Inc.)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements
30 June 2016 and 2015
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1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

Nevada Energy Metals Inc. (formerly Southern Sun Minerals Inc.) (the “Company”) was incorporated on 2 June 2011 under the laws of the province of British Columbia. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia and Alberta, on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”) under the trading symbol “BFF”, co-listed on the OTC Pink (United States) under the symbol “SSMLF”. The Company is in the process of acquiring, exploring and developing mineral resources located in the states of Alaska and Nevada. The Company will attempt to bring the properties to production, structure joint ventures with others, option or lease properties to third parties, or sell the properties outright. The Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain ore reserves which are economically recoverable and the Company is considered to be in the exploration stage.

On 3 March 2016, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary in Nevada, US, Nevada Energy Metals, USA Inc (Note 2.1).

On 18 March 2016, the Company split its share capital on a one and one half (1.5) new common share without par value for every one existing common share without par value basis. All common shares and per share amounts have been restated to give retroactive effect to the share split.

The head office and principal address is located at Suite 1220, 789 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 1H2.

1.1 Going concern

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) applicable to a going concern which assumes that the Company will be able to continue its operations and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future

The Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$666,367 at 30 June 2016 (2015: \$25,293), but management cannot provide assurance that the Company will ultimately achieve profitable operations, or raise additional debt and/or equity capital. Management believes that the Company’s capital resources should be adequate to continue operating and maintaining its business strategy during the coming year. Several conditions cast significant doubt on the validity of this assumption and ultimately the appropriateness of the use of accounting principles related to a going concern. From inception to date, the Company has incurred losses from operations, earned no revenues and has experienced negative cash flows from operating activities. The Company will require additional funding to be able to meet ongoing requirements for general operations and to advance and retain mineral exploration and evaluation property interests.

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Management has been successful in obtaining sufficient funding for operating, exploration and capital requirements from the inception of the Company to date. There is, however, no assurance that additional future funding will be available to the Company, or that it will be available on terms which are acceptable to the management of the Company. If the Company is unable to raise additional capital in the immediate future, management expects that the Company will need to further curtail operations, liquidate assets, seek additional capital on less favourable terms and/or pursue other remedial measures including ceasing operations. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of expenses and statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary if the going concern assumption was not appropriate, such adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as follows:

Name	Country of Incorporation	% Equity interest at 30 June	
		2016	2015
Rock Star Resources Inc.	Canada	100%	100%
Rock Star Resources US, Inc.	USA	100%	100%
Nevada Energy Metals USA Inc. (Note 1)	USA	100%	-

Subsidiaries are those entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control is obtained to the date control ceases. All inter-company transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

2.2 Basis of presentation

The Company's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, as explained in Note 9, and are presented in Canadian dollars except where otherwise indicated.

2.3 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies in full compliance with International Accounting Standards ("IFRS") and International Accounting Standards (IAS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"), effective for the Company's reporting for the year ended 30 June 2016.

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Areas requiring a significant degree of estimation and judgment relate to the recoverability of the carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets, fair value measurements for financial instruments and share-based payments, the recoverability and measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgments.

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

3.3 Taxation

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

3.4 Exploration and evaluation properties

Exploration and evaluation expenditures include the costs of acquiring licenses, costs associated with exploration and evaluation activity, and the fair value (at acquisition date) of exploration and evaluation assets acquired in a business combination. Exploration and evaluation expenditures are capitalized. Costs incurred before the Company has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognized in profit or loss.

Option payments received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the related exploration and evaluation properties and deferred costs until the receipts are in excess of costs incurred, at which time they are credited to income. Option payments are at the discretion of the optionee, and accordingly, are recorded on a cash basis.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment if (i) sufficient data exists to determine technical feasibility and commercial viability, and/or (ii) facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

Once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of the extraction of mineral resources in an area of interest are demonstrable, exploration and evaluation assets attributable to that area of interest are first tested for impairment and then reclassified to mining property and development assets within property, plant and equipment.

Recoverability of the carrying amount of any exploration and evaluation assets is dependent on successful development and commercial exploitation, or alternatively, sale of the respective areas of interest.

3.5 Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities

The Company recognizes provisions for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations associated with the reclamation of mineral properties and retirement of long-term assets, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. The net present value of future cost estimates arising from the decommissioning of plant, site restoration work and other similar retirement activities is added to the carrying amount of the related asset, and depreciated on the same basis as the related asset, along with a corresponding increase in the provision in the period incurred. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the current market assessments of the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value.

The Company's estimates of reclamation costs could change as a result of changes in regulatory requirements, discount rates and assumptions regarding the amount and timing of the future expenditures. These changes are recorded directly to the related asset with a corresponding entry to the provision.

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Changes in the net present value, excluding changes in the Company's estimates of reclamation costs, are charged to profit or loss for the period. The net present value of reclamation costs arising from subsequent site damage that is incurred on an ongoing basis during production are charged to profit or loss in the period incurred. The costs of reclamation projects that were included in the provision are recorded against the provision as incurred. The costs to prevent and control environmental impacts at specific properties are capitalized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation properties. A gain or loss may be incurred upon settlement of the decommissioning obligation.

3.6 Financial assets

Financial assets are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), held-to-maturity, loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. Financial assets are recognized initially at fair value. The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as held for trading and are included in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term or if so designated by management. Derivatives, other than those designated as effective hedging instruments, are also categorized as held for trading. These assets are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss. Transaction costs associated with financial assets at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. Cash and cash equivalents are included in this category of financial assets.

Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables

Held-to-maturity and loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method if the time value of money is significant. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset classified in this category are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset. Amounts receivable are classified as loans and receivables.

Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non-derivative financial assets that are not classified as loans and receivables. After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value, with gains or losses recognized within other comprehensive income. Accumulated changes in fair value are recorded as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or impaired. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of the asset. Available-for-sale assets include short term investments in equities of other entities. The fair value is determined by reference to bid prices at the close of business on the reporting date.

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Where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Where fair value cannot be reliably measured, assets are carried at cost.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

3.7 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL, derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, or as financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, as appropriate. The Company determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition. The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as follows:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL has two subcategories, including financial liabilities held for trading and those designated by management on initial recognition. Transaction costs on financial liabilities at FVTPL are expensed as incurred. These liabilities are carried at fair value with gains or losses recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

All other financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction costs. After initial recognition, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs, and any discount or premium on settlement. Gains and losses arising on the repurchase, settlement or cancellation of liabilities are recognized respectively in interest, other revenues and finance costs. Trade payables are included in this category of financial liabilities.

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge

The Company does not hold or have any exposure to derivative instruments.

3.8 Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than financial assets at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each period end.

Assets carried at amortized cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on assets carried at amortized cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced, with the amount of the loss recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Available-for-sale

If an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss previously recognized in equity is transferred to profit or loss. Any subsequent recovery in the fair value of the asset is recognized within other comprehensive income.

3.9 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire or the financial assets are transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized directly in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

For financial liabilities, they are derecognized when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

3.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets is reviewed for an indication of impairment at the end of each reporting period. If an indication of impairment exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Individual assets are grouped for impairment assessment purposes at the lowest level at which there are identifiable cash flows that are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets. Recoverable amount of an asset group is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are adjusted for the risks specific to the asset group and are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money.

Where the carrying amount of an asset group exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset group is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

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An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.11 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control, related parties may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

3.12 Share-based payments

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and recognized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The fair value of the options, as determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, which incorporates all market vesting conditions are expensed to profit or loss. The corresponding amount is recorded to the stock options reserve. The number of shares and options expected to vest is reviewed and adjusted at the end of each reporting period such that the amount recognized for services received as consideration for the equity instruments granted shall be based on the number of equity instruments that will eventually vest.

3.13 Foreign currency translation

The Company's reporting currency and the functional currency of all of its operations is the Canadian dollar as this is the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Foreign currency monetary items are translated at the period-end exchange rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost continue to be carried at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value are reported at the exchange rate at the date when fair values were determined.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of monetary items or on settlement of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except where deferred in equity as a qualifying cash flow or net investment hedge.

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Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items are recognized in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income to the extent that gains and losses arising on those non-monetary items are also recognized in other comprehensive income. Where the non-monetary gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss, the exchange component is also recognized in profit or loss.

3.14 Earnings (loss) per share

Basic per share amounts are calculated by dividing the earnings or loss attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Diluted per share amounts are determined by adjusting the earnings or loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares, which consist of share purchase warrants and stock options.

3.15 Adoption of new and revised standards and interpretations

At the date of authorization of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB and IFRIC has issued the following new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations which are not yet effective during the period ended 30 June 2016:

- IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: disclosures* clarifies whether a servicing contract is continuing involvement in a transferred financial asset. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*: The IASB has undertaken a three-phase project to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. In November 2009, the IASB issued the first phase of IFRS 9, which details the classification and measurement requirements for financial assets. Requirements for financial liabilities were added to the standard in October 2010. In July 2014, the IASB issued the final elements of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 introduces new requirements for classifying and measuring financial assets, as follows:
 - Financial assets meeting both a “business model” test and a “cash flow characteristics” test are measured at amortized cost (the use of fair value is optional in some limited circumstances)
 - Investments in equity instruments can be designated as “fair value through other comprehensive income” with only dividends being recognized in profit or loss
 - All other instruments (including all derivatives) are measured at fair value with changes recognized in profit or loss
 - The concept of “embedded derivatives” does not apply to financial assets within the scope of the standard and the entire instrument must be classified and measured in accordance with the “business model” test and “cash flow characteristics” test.
 - The revised financial liability provisions maintain the existing amortized cost measurement basis for most liabilities. New requirements apply where an entity chooses to measure a liability at fair value through profit or loss – in these cases, the portion of the change in fair value related to changes in the entity's own credit risk is presented in other comprehensive income rather than within profit or loss.

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The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018.

- IFRS 10 '*Consolidated Financial Statements*' clarifies the conditions for a parent to present consolidated financial statements for investment entities, and treatment for loss of control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IFRS 11 '*Joint Arrangements*' is an amendment to clarify accounting for acquisition of interest in a joint operation. The amendment is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IAS 1 '*Presentation of Financial Statements*' is an amendment to clarify certain aspects focused on the areas of clarification of concept of materiality and aggregation of items in the financial statements, the use and presentation of subtotals in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss, and providing of additional flexibility in the structure and disclosures of the financial statements to enhance understandability. The amendment is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.
- IAS 7 '*Statement of Cash Flows*' is an amendment to clarify and improve information provided to users of financial statements about an entity's financing activities. The amendment is applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- IAS 12 '*Income Taxes*' is an amendment to clarify criteria used to assess whether future taxable profits can be utilized against deductible temporary differences. The amendment is applicable to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017.
- IAS 28 '*Investments in associates and joint ventures*' is an amendment that clarifies that an entity need not apply the equity method to its investment in an associate or joint venture if the parent is the ultimate parent of the entity in which subsidiaries are consolidated or are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

There is an amendment to sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined by IASB. Earlier application is permitted.

The Company has not early adopted these standards, amendments and interpretations and anticipates that the application of these standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a material impact on the financial position and financial performance of the Company.

4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Company's amounts receivable consist of Goods and Services Tax / Harmonized Sales Tax ("GST/HST") receivable due from the government taxation authorities.

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5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES

<i>For the year ended June 30, 2016</i>	Alkali Lake	Teels Marsh West	Clayton Valley BBF-1	San Emidio Li	Dixie Valley	Black Rock Desert	Big Smokey Valley	Galleon Property	Total
Balance, June 30, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition costs	77,521	44,032	97,754	63,675	103,708	80,105	91,085	3,000	560,880
Assaying	-	1,958	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,958
Consulting	11,239	14,218	2,500	2,500	10,753	-	-	-	41,210
Geology	7,861	1,141	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,002
Maintenance	13,383	24,920	11,747	2,316	5,580	1,629	1,972	4,550	66,097
Recoveries	-	-	(34,844)	-	-	-	-	-	(34,844)
Net (decrease) increase for the year	110,004	86,269	77,157	68,491	120,041	81,734	93,057	7,550	644,303
Balance, June 30, 2016	110,004	86,269	77,157	68,491	120,041	81,734	93,057	7,550	644,303

<i>For the year ended June 30, 2015</i>	Galleon Property	Total
Balance, June 30, 2014	217,312	217,312
Acquisition costs	2,500	2,500
Maintenance	12,078	12,078
Valuation allowance	(231,890)	(231,890)
Net (decrease) increase for the year	-	-
Balance, June 30, 2015	-	-

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5.1 Alkali Lake

On 28 December 2015, the Company entered into an agreement with Dajin Resources Corp. through its wholly owned subsidiary Dajin Resources (US) Corp., a Nevada Corporation, to earn up to a 60% interest in certain mineral property claims located in Esmeralda County, Nevada (the “Alkali Lake Project”).

In order to earn its 60% interest in the Alkali Lake Project, the Company is required to issue shares, make payments and incur exploration expenditures as follows:

	Payments	Shares (Notes 7 and 14)	Exploration Expenditures
Upon signing (paid and issued)	USD\$28,000	375,000	-
On or before 28 December 2016	USD\$28,000	-	USD\$200,000
On or before 28 December 2017	USD\$28,000	-	USD\$250,000
On or before 28 December 2018	-	-	USD\$500,000
	USD\$84,000	375,000	USD\$950,000

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued finders fees of 375,000 common shares valued at \$37,500 per the agreement (Notes 7 and 14).

5.2 Teels Marsh West

The Company has staked approximately 100 placer claims located in Teels Marsh, Mineral County, Nevada. (the “Teels Marsh West Property”).

5.3 Clayton Valley BFF-1

The Company has staked approximately 77 claims located in Clayton Valley, Esmeralda County, Nevada (the “Clayton Valley BFF-1 Property”).

On 31 May 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement with 1074654 Nevada Ltd whereby 1074654 Nevada Ltd. has the option to acquire an undivided 70% interest in the Clayton Valley BFF-1 Property.

In order to earn a 70% interest in the Clayton Valley BFF-1 Property, 1074654 Nevada Ltd. is required to issue shares, make payments and incur exploration expenditures as follows:

		Payments	Shares	Exploration Expenditures
Payment on or before 2 June 2016	(received)	USD\$10,000	-	-
Payment on or before 30 June 2016	(received)	USD\$15,000	-	-
Payment on 19 July 2016		USD\$75,000	400,000	-
On or before 19 July 2017		USD\$100,000	400,000	USD\$100,000
On or before 19 July 2018		USD\$100,000	400,000	USD\$300,000
On or before 19 July 2019		-	-	USD\$600,000
		USD\$300,000	1,200,000	USD\$1,000,000

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During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued finders fees of 400,000 common shares valued at \$64,000 in connection with staking claims in the Clayton Valley BFF-1 Property (Notes 7 and 14).

5.4 San Emidio Li

The Company has staked approximately 143 claims located in the San Emidio Desert, Washoe County, Nevada (the “San Emidio Li Project”).

5.5 Dixie Valley

The Company has staked approximately 907 placer claims located in Churchill County, west central Nevada (the “Dixie Valley Project”) (Note 17).

5.6 Black Rock Desert

The Company has staked approximately 128 claims located in Washoe County, Nevada (the “Black Rock Desert Project”).

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued finders fees of 200,000 common shares valued at \$28,000 in connection with staking claims in the Black Rock Desert Project (Notes 7 and 14).

5.7 Big Smokey Valley

The Company has staked approximately 160 claims located in Nye County, Nevada (the “Big Smokey Valley Project”).

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued finders fees of 200,000 common shares valued at \$28,000 in connection with staking claims in the Big Smokey Valley Project (Notes 7 and 14).

5.8 Galleon Property

The Company entered into an agreement with Anglo Alaska Gold Corporation (“Anglo”) dated 16 September 2013 (the “Option”) and amended on 28 November 2014 to acquire the sole and exclusive right, privilege and option to purchase 100% interest in certain claims located in the Bonnifield Mining District of Alaska and the Fairbanks and Nenana Recording Districts in Alaska (the “Galleon Property”).

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In order to earn a 100% interest in the Galleon Property, the Company, at its option, can issue shares and make payments and incur exploration expenditures as follows:

		Payments	Shares	Exploration Expenditures
Within 10 days upon signing	(paid)	USD\$2,500	-	-
On or before 30 November 2013	(issued)	-	750,000	-
On or before 30 August 2014	(issued) (Notes 7 and 14)	-	150,000	-
On or before 14 December 2015	(paid)	USD\$2,500	-	-
On or before 14 December 2016		USD\$2,500	-	-
On or before 30 November 2017	(paid)	USD\$75,000	-	-
On or before 31 December 2017	(completed)	-	-	USD\$200,000
On or before 30 November 2018		USD\$45,000	-	-
On or before 31 December 2018		-	-	USD\$50,000
On or before 30 November 2019		USD\$45,000	-	-
On or before 31 December 2019		-	-	USD\$300,000
		US\$172,500	900,000	USD\$550,000

The property is subject to a 1% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") and the Company has the right to purchase 1% of the NSR for US\$1,000,000.

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued 150,000 common shares valued at \$3,000 (Notes 7 and 14).

During the year ended 30 June 2015, due to prevailing junior resource market conditions, the uncertainty associated with the Company's ability to exploit any future economic benefits from the property and the Company not having sufficient funds to spend on its exploration program, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$231,890 with respect to the Galleon Property (Note 14).

6. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

The Company's trade payables and accrued liabilities are principally comprised of amounts for administrative activities. These are broken down as follows:

As at 30 June	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Trade payables	37,351	17,121
Due to related parties (Note 11)	-	14,860
Accrued liabilities	10,000	15,000
Total trade and other payables	47,351	46,981

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7. SHARE CAPITAL

7.1 Authorized share capital

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common shares with no par value.

As at 30 June 2016, the Company had 92,591,747 common shares outstanding (2015: 16,935,753 common shares).

7.2 Common shares issuances

a) Private Placements

- On 13 January 2016, the Company issued 26,850,000 units at \$0.033 per unit for gross proceeds of \$895,000. The Company issued 2,700,000 units valued at \$90,000 as finder's fee. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.07 per share for a period of 2 years. The Company recorded a loss of \$244,500 related to the issuance of the units.
- On 28 October 2015, the Company issued 22,500,000 units at \$0.010 per unit for gross proceeds of \$225,000. The Company issued 1,950,000 units valued at \$19,500 and paid cash of \$3,000 as finder's fee. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.03 per share for a period of 2 years. The Company recorded a loss of \$2,561,000 related to the issuance of the units.

b) Other

- On 7 June 2016, the Company issued 200,000 common shares valued at \$28,000 as finder's fee in relation to the acquisition of Black Rock Desert Project and 200,000 common shares valued at \$28,000 as finder's fee in relation to the acquisition of Big Smokey Valley Project (Notes 5 and 14).
- On 17 May 2016, the Company issued 400,000 common shares valued at \$64,000 as finder's fee in relation to the acquisition of the Clayton Valley BFF-1 Property (Notes 5 and 14).
- On 1 April 2016, the Company issued 58,494 common shares valued at \$9,944 for marketing services (Note 15).
- On 8 January 2016, the Company issued 375,000 common shares valued at \$37,500, pursuant to an option agreement to acquire 60% interest in the Alkali Lake Project (Notes 5 and 14).
- On 28 October 2015, the Company issued 150,000 common shares valued at \$3,000, pursuant to an option agreement to acquire 100% interest in the Galleon Property (Notes 5 and 14).

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c) Exercise of Warrants

- On 16 June 2016, the Company issued 150,000 common shares related to the exercise of 150,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 16 May 2016, the Company issued 375,000 common shares related to the exercise of 375,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 28 April 2016, the Company issued 1,560,000 common shares related to the exercise of 1,560,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 25 April 2016, the Company issued 750,000 common shares related to the exercise of 750,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share and 150,000 common shares related to the exercise of 150,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 21 April 2016, the Company issued 1,650,000 common shares related to the exercise of 1,650,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 19 April 2016, the Company issued 9,000,000 common shares related to the exercise of 9,000,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 31 March 2016, the Company issued 150,000 common shares related to the exercise of 150,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 22 March 2016, the Company issued 1,950,000 common share related to the exercise of 1,950,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 25 January 2016, the Company issued 150,000 common shares related to the exercise of 150,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 21 January 2016, the Company issued 300,000 common shares related to the exercise of 300,000 warrants at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.

d) Exercise of Options

- On 17 May 2016, the Company issued 225,000 common shares related to the exercise of 225,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 5 May 2016, the Company issued 600,000 common shares related to the exercise of 600,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 5 May 2016, the Company issued 225,000 common shares related to the exercise of 225,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.067 per share.
- On 14 April 2016, the Company issued 600,000 common shares related to the exercise of 600,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.

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- On 11 April 2016, the Company issued 1,950,000 common shares related to the exercise of 1,950,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share.
- On 8 March 2016, the Company issued 300,000 common shares related to the exercise of 300,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.033 per share and 90,000 common shares related to the exercise of 90,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.080 per share.
- On 3 February 2016, the Company issued 97,500 common shares related to the exercise of 97,500 stock options at an exercise price of \$0.080 per share.

7.3 Shares in escrow

During the year ended 30 June 2016, 3,978,900 (2015: 3,978,900) of the Company's common shares were released from escrow. As at 30 June 2016, a total of 1,989,450 (2015: 5,968,350) of the Company's common shares remained in escrow. These shares have been excluded from the calculation of the weighted number of common shares outstanding (Note 8).

7.4 Share purchase warrants

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's share purchase warrants for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

	30 June 2016		30 June 2015	
	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price	Number of warrants	Weighted-average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of year	-	\$ -	322,575	\$ 0.066
Granted	54,000,000	0.380	-	-
Exercised	(16,185,000)	0.121	-	-
Expired	-	-	(322,575)	(0.066)
Forfeited	-	-	-	-
Outstanding, end of year	37,815,000	0.491	-	-

The following table summarizes information regarding share purchase warrants outstanding as at 30 June 2016:

Number of warrants	Exercise price	Expiry date
10,500,000	\$0.03	28 October 2017
27,315,000	\$0.67	13 January 2018
37,815,000		

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During the year ended 30 June 2016, in conjunction with the private placements, the Company issued a total of 54,000,000 (2015 - Nil) share purchase warrants.

The fair value of the 54,000,000 warrants granted during the year ended 30 June 2016 was estimated at \$3,784,136 (2015 - \$Nil for Nil warrants) at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Pricing Model. The weighted average assumptions used for the calculation were:

	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
Risk free interest rate	0.41%	-
Expected life	2 years	-
Expected volatility	246.89%	-
Expected dividend per share	-	-

7.5 Stock options

Effective 4 November 2015, the Company has adopted a stock option plan whereby it is authorized to grant options to executive officers and directors, employees and/or consultants enabling them to acquire up to 20% of the issued and outstanding common stock of the Company. The aggregate maximum number of common shares issuable under the plan is 18,518,349 common shares. The aggregate number of options granted to one optionee in a 12-month period is limited to 5% of the issued common shares of the Company.

The exercise price of any options granted under the plan will be determined by the Board of Directors, at its sole discretion, but shall not be less than the last closing price of the Company's common shares on the day before the date on which the Directors grant such options.

The following is a summary of the changes in the Company's stock option activities for the year ended 30 June 2016 and 2015:

	30 June 2016		30 June 2015	
	Number of options	Weighted- average exercise price	Number of options	Weighted- average exercise price
Outstanding, beginning of year	1,327,500	\$ 0.071	1,417,500	\$ 0.073
Granted	10,200,000	0.062	-	-
Exercised	(4,087,500)	0.039	-	-
Expired	-	-	-	-
Cancelled	(285,000)	0.069	(90,000)	(0.080)
Outstanding, end of year	7,155,000	0.077	1,327,500	0.071

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The fair value of the options granted during the year ended 30 June 2016 was estimated at \$1,073,961 (2015 - \$Nil) at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model. The weighted average assumptions used for the calculation were:

	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
Risk free interest rate	0.67%	-
Expected life	5 years	-
Expected volatility	210.26%	-
Expected dividend per share	-	-

The following table summarizes information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable as at 30 June 2016:

Exercise price	Number of options outstanding	Number of options exercisable	Weighted- average remaining contractual life (years)	Weighted- average exercise price
Options				
\$0.033	3,450,000	3,450,000	4.53	\$0.033
\$0.067	225,000	225,000	1.80	\$0.067
\$0.080	180,000	180,000	2.83	\$0.080
\$0.120	2,450,000	2,450,000	4.78	\$0.120
\$0.130	850,000	-	4.76	\$0.130
Total	7,155,000	6,305,000		

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7.6 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Share-based payments for the following options granted by the Company will be amortized over the vesting period, of which \$931,568 was recognized in the year ended 30 June 2016 (2015: \$7,227):

Grant date	Fair value	Amount vested to 30 June 2016	Amount vested to 30 June 2015
29 April 2014	16,087	\$ -	\$ 7,227
7 January 2016	545,228	545,228	-
1 April 2016	142,393	-	-
11 April 2016	386,340	386,340	-
Total	1,090,048	931,568	7,227

8. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following data:

Year ended 30 June	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Net loss for the year	4,369,797	420,304
Weighted average number of shares – basic and diluted	47,638,009	8,699,975
Loss per share, basic and diluted	(0.092)	(0.048)

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as outstanding stock options and share purchase warrants, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. All of the stock options and share purchase warrants were anti-dilutive for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.

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9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

9.1 Categories of financial instruments

	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
	\$	\$
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
FVTPL, at fair value		
Cash and cash equivalents	666,367	25,293
Total financial assets	666,367	25,293
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Other liabilities, at amortized cost		
Trade payables	37,351	17,121
Due to related parties	-	14,860
Related party loans	-	10,999
Total financial liabilities	37,351	42,980

9.2 Fair value

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost is determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions. The Company considers that the carrying amount of all its financial assets and financial liabilities recognized at amortized cost in the consolidated financial statements approximates their fair value due to the demand nature or short term maturity of these instruments.

The following table provides an analysis of the Company's financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the inputs used to determine the fair value are observable.

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data. As at 30 June 2016, the Company does not have any Level 3 financial instruments.

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As at 30 June 2016	Level 1	Level 2	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value			
Cash and cash equivalents	666,367	-	666,367
Total financial assets at fair value	666,367	-	666,367

As at 30 June 2015	Level 1	Level 2	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets at fair value			
Cash and cash equivalents	25,293	-	25,293
Total financial assets at fair value	25,293	-	25,293

There were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the period ended 30 June 2016 and 2015.

9.3 Management of financial risks

The financial risk arising from the Company's operations are credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk and currency risk. These risks arise from the normal course of operations and all transactions undertaken are to support the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Credit risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and amounts receivable. The Company deposits cash and cash equivalents with high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies and amounts receivable are due from the Government of Canada and financial institutions. As a result, the Company is not subject to significant credit risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they become due (Note 1.1). The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered. The Company has no steady source of revenue and has obligations to meet its administrative overheads, maintain its mineral investments and to settle amounts payable to its creditors. The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future. As at 30 June 2016, the Company had a working capital of \$752,765 (2015: \$31,647 deficit) (Note 1.1).

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Interest rate risk

The Company's interest rate risk is primarily related to the Company's cash and cash equivalents for which amounts were invested at interest rates in effect at the time of investment. Changes in market interest rates affect the fair market value of the cash and cash equivalents. However, as these investments come to maturity within a short period of time, the impact would likely not be significant.

Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk by incurring certain expenditures and holding assets denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its currency risk. Assuming all other variables remain constant, a 1% change in the Canadian dollar against the US dollar would not result in a significant change to the Company's operations.

Commodity price risk

The Company is not exposed to commodity price risk as it is still in exploration stage.

10. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to support the Company's normal operating requirements.

The Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out its planned business strategy, the Company may issue new shares, issue new debt, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash and cash equivalents.

As at 30 June 2016, the Company's capital structure consists of the equity of the Company (Note 7). The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay dividends.

There were no significant changes in the Company's approach or the Company's objectives and policies for managing its capital.

As at 30 June 2016, the Company's available capital resources, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, totaled \$666,367 (2015: \$25,293). As at 30 June 2016, the Company's total payables are \$47,351 (2015: \$57,980). The Company has been successful in raising equity financing in the past; however, there is no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

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11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company had transactions with the following companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common:

- Pacific North West Capital Corp. (“PFN”), a company with management and directors in common with the Company. PFN provides office and consulting services to the Company.
- Onestar Consulting Inc. (“Oonestar”), a company with a director in common with the Company. Onestar provides consulting services on a month-to-month basis.
- Canadian Gravity Recovery Inc. (“CGR”), a company owned by the former Chief Executive Officer of the Company. CGR provides management services on a month-to-month basis.

11.1 Related party expenses

The Company’s related party expenses are summarized as follows:

Year ended 30 June	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Marketing and communication	-	3,750
Office and administration	3,497	18,009
Rent	923	19,834
Consulting	62,250	28,834
Management	30,000	-
Total related party expenses	96,670	70,427

11.2 Due from/to related parties

The assets and liabilities of the Company include the following amounts due to related parties:

	2016	2015
As at 30 June	\$	\$
Oonestar	-	7,875
PFN	-	5,220
Harry Barr	-	1,765
Total amount due to related parties (Note 6)	-	14,860

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11.3 Related party loans

The Company's related party loans are summarized as follows:

As at 30 June	2016	2015
Beginning balance	\$ 10,999	\$ -
Additional	-	10,999
Payment	(10,999)	-
Total related party loans	-	10,999

On 17 June 2015, a loan in the amount of \$10,999 was received from the former CEO of the Company. The loan bears interest at a rate of Nil% per annum on any unpaid principal balance, is unsecured and has no fixed terms of repayment. The Company repaid the loan as at the year ended 30 June 2016.

12. KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL COMPENSATION

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

Year ended 30 June	2016	2015
Short-term benefits – management and consulting fees	\$ 92,250	\$ 22,500
Share-based payments (Note 7)	153,930	1,177
Total key management personnel compensation	246,180	23,677

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13. TAXES

13.1 Provision for income taxes

Year ended 30 June	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Loss before tax	(4,369,797)	(420,304)
Statutory tax rate	26.00%	26.00%
Expected tax recovery	1,136,147	109,279
Non-deductible items	(1,019,369)	(1,968)
Change in prior year provision to actual	-	(556)
Change in future tax rates	-	-
Change in valuation allowance	(116,778)	(106,755)
Tax recovery for the year	-	-

13.2 Deferred tax balances

As at 30 June	2016	2015
	\$	\$
Tax loss carry-forwards	298,515	138,119
Share issue costs	2,975	4,863
Mineral properties	15,074	56,804
Valuation allowance	316,564 (316,564)	199,786 (199,786)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	-	-

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13.3 Expiry dates

The Company's recognized and unrecognized deferred tax assets related to unused tax losses have the following expiry dates:

As at 30 June	2016
	\$
Non-capital losses	
2031	1,097
2032	11,988
2033	90,956
2034	236,681
2035	190,507
2036	616,906
Total non-capital losses	1,148,135
Total resource-related deduction, no expiry	702,279

14. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

14.1 Cash payments for interest and taxes

The Company made the following cash payments for interest and income taxes:

	30 June 2016	30 June 2015
	\$	\$
Interest paid (received)	-	(4)
Taxes paid	-	-
Total cash payments	-	(4)

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company issued 1,325,000 shares valued at \$160,500 related to mineral properties (Notes 5 and 7).

During the year ended 30 June 2016, the Company paid finder's fees related to private placements by issuing 4,650,000 shares valued at \$109,500 (Note 7).

During the year ended 30 June 2015, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$231,890 with respect to the Galleon Property Project (Note 5).

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15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at 30 June 2016, the Company had the following commitments and contingent liabilities:

- a) Effective 1 November 2015, the Company entered into a twelve month consulting agreement with a third party individual for \$5,000 (CDN) plus GST per month to provide services in relation to business development.
- b) Effective 1 November 2015, the Company entered into a twelve month consulting agreement with a third party individual for \$5,000 (CDN) plus GST per month to provide services in relation to corporate communications and office management.
- c) Effective 1 March 2016, the Company entered into a nine month consulting agreement with a third party company for \$5,000 (CDN) plus GST/HST per month to provide consulting services in relation to mineral exploration.
- d) The Company has an agreement (the “Advertising Agreement”) with Agora Internet Relations Corp. (“Agoracom”) in relation to an online marketing and awareness program and has agreed to pay ongoing work fees in the amount of \$44,000 (CDN) plus HST per month via shares as follows:
 - a. \$8,800+HST shares for advertisement services on 1 April 2016 (Note 7)
 - b. \$8,800+HST shares for advertisement services on 16 June 2016 (Note 17)
 - c. \$8,800+HST shares for advertisement services on 16 September 2016 (Note 17)
 - d. \$8,800+HST shares for advertisement services on 16 December 2016
 - e. \$8,800+HST shares for advertisement services on 16 March 2017
- e) The Company has certain commitments to make payments or issue common shares related to various exploration and evaluations property agreements (Note 5).
- f) The Company’s exploration and evaluation activities are subject to various Canadian federal and provincial laws and regulations governing the protection of the government. These laws and regulations are continually changing and generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect public health and the environment and believes its operations are materially in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations.
- g) As at 30 June 2016, the Company owns various exploration and evaluation properties (Note 5). Management does not consider that any amounts related to decommissioning liabilities are payable although there is no assurance that a formal claim will not be made against the Company for some or all of these obligations in the future.

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16. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's only business activity is exploration and development of exploration and evaluation properties. This activity is carried out in the USA.

The breakdown of geographic area for the years ended 30 June 2016 and 2015 is as follows:

Year ended 30 June 2016	Canada \$	USA \$	Total \$
Total expenses	4,369,797	-	4,369,797
Current assets	800,116	-	800,116
Exploration and evaluation properties	-	644,303	644,303
Total assets	800,116	644,303	1,444,419
Year ended 30 June 2015	Canada \$	USA \$	Total \$
Total expenses	188,414	231,890	420,304
Current assets	26,333	-	26,333
Exploration and evaluation properties	-	-	-
Total assets	26,333	-	26,333

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a) On 15 July 2016, the Company entered to an option agreement whereby Wildcat Exploration Ltd. can acquire a 100% interest in 348 claims in the Dixie Valley Project, subject to a 3% Net Smelter Royalty (the "Agreement"). Wildcat Exploration Ltd. is related to the Company by way of officers in common. (Note 5).
- b) On 16 August 2016, the Company entered into a twelve month consulting agreement with a third party individual for services in relation to shareholder liaison and investor relations, for 100,000 shares of the Company and 250,000 stock options of the Company and an amount equal to \$3,000 (CDN) plus GST/HST per month. On 1 September 2016, the Company granted 250,000 stock options related to this agreement.
- c) Effective 1 September 2016, the Company is committed to pay monthly salaries ranging from \$3,000 to \$4,000 to the officers of the Company until 31 August 2017.
- d) On 16 September 2016, the Company issued 152,984 common shares valued at \$19,888 to Agoracom for advertisement services (Note 15).

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18. APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2016 were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on 25 October 2016.