REELCAUSE INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016

(UNAUDITED)

REELCAUSE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

Index to Unaudited Financial Statements

	Pages
Unaudited Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2016	1
Unaudited Statements of Operations for the period ending March 31, 2016	2
Unaudited Statements of Cash Flows for the period ending March 31, 2016	3
Notes to Unaudited Financial Statements	4- 10

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

REELCAUSE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

REELCAUSE, INC.

Balance Sheet
As of March 31, 2016
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2016 (Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 529	
Accounts receivable – net of allowance for bad debts		
Total Current Assets	**$ 529**	
Plant and Equipment, net	1,202	
Intangible Assets, net	31,058	
TOTAL ASSETS	**$ 32,789**	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		
Loans payable to related parties	$ 181,389	
Tax payable		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	**$ 181,389**	
Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)		
Preferred stock, $.001 par value; 50,000,000 shares authorized,	$ 25,000	
25,000,000 and 25,000,000 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2016		
Common stock, $.001 par value; 100,000 shares authorized,	62,228	
62,227,646 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2016		
Additional paid-in capital	269,687	
Net income/(loss)	(16,895)	
Retained earnings/ (deficits)	(488,620)	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	**$ (148,600)**	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)	**$ 32,789**	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

REELCAUSE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

REELCAUSE, INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016

	YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2016 (UNAUDITED)	
REVENUE	-	-
COST OF REVENUE	-	-
GROSS PROFIT	-	-
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	$ 5,549	
Bad Debts	-	
Depreciation and amortization	8,697	
Interest on notes to related parties	2,649	
Stock based compensation	-	
Total operating expenses	**$ 16,895**	
Operating loss	$ (16,895)	
(Loss) before income tax	**$ (16,895)**	
Income tax expense		
Net (loss)	**$ (16,895)**	
Net loss per share		
Basic:	***	
Weighted average number of shares:		
Basic:	62,227,646	

*** less than $0.01

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

REELCAUSE, INC.
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

REALCAUSE, INC.		
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS		
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016		
(UNAUDITED)		
	YEAR ENDED MARCH 31 2016 (UNAUDITED)	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net Loss	**$ (16,895)**	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash Provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation	**11**	
Amortization of website development	**8,686**	
Accrued interest on notes to related parties	**2,649**	
Bad debt expense on accounts receivable	**-**	
Stock based compensation	**-**	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable – net of bad debt expense	**-**	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	**-**	
Other payables – excluding accrued interest on notes	**-**	
Taxes payable	**-**	
Net cash used by operating activities	**$ (5,549)**	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of intangible assets	**-**	
Purchase of property and equipment	**-**	
Net cash used in investing activities	**-**	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from loans payable	**$ 2,149**	
Shareholders' contribution	**-**	
Net Proceeds from stock issuance	**-**	
Net change from reverse merger	**-**	
Net cash provided by financing activities	**$ 2,149**	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	**$ (3,400)**	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	**3,929**	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	**529**	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

REELCAUSE, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) under the accrual basis of accounting. The Company has adopted a December 31st year end.

NOTE 2 – ORGANIZATION AND BUSINESS BACKGROUND

Reelcause, Inc. (the "Company") was originally incorporated on December 7, 2007 in the State of Nevada under the name of TradeOn, Inc. On September1, 2010, the Company changed its corporate name to China Green Energy Industries, Inc. pursuing a business plan of manufacturing its electric powered vehicle and cable products through contractual VIE arrangements with Jiangsu Best Electrical Appliances Co., Ltd and Chanzhou City Wujin Best Electronic Cables Co., Ltd. The Company was administratively abandoned and reinstated in November 2014 through a court appointed guardian – Custodian.

On December 11, 2014, the Company changed its name to Reelcause, Inc. to reflect the acquisition of Reelcause, Inc., its subsidiary organized and exiting under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company's common shares are quoted on the "Pink Sheets" quotation market under the symbol "RCIT". On October 27, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to issue 25,000,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Series A Stock to Michael Jacobson, President of the Company, for his services in connection with reorganization of the Company. Such issuance gave Michael Jacobson a majority of the then issued and outstanding voting power, or 98.14%, of the Company, resulting in a change in control of the Company. Michael Jacobson is also the President of Reelcause, Inc., organized and exiting under the laws of the State of Delaware ("Reelcause").

On January 19, 2015, the Company entered into a Plan of Exchange with Reelcause, Inc., a corporation organized and exiting under the laws of the State of Delaware ("Reelcause"), pursuant to which the Company acquired 100% of the Capital Shares of Reelcause in exchange for an issuance by the Company of 50,000,000 shares of Common Stock to Reelcause Shareholders, and/or their assigns. The above issuance gave Reelcause Shareholders and/or their assigns a 'controlling interest' in the Company representing approximately 99.06% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Company and Reelcause were hereby reorganized, such that the Company acquired 100% of the Capital Shares of Reelcause, and Reelcause, Inc. became wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

The acquisition date of Reelcause by the Company is deemed to have occurred on October 27, 2014, per GAAP accounting guidance, when Michael Jacobson obtained common control of both the Company and Reelcause, and the transaction has been accounted for as a reverse acquisition and recapitalization of the Company whereby Reelcauseis deemed to be the accounting acquirer (legal acquiree) and the Company to be the accounting acquiree (legal acquirer). The accompanying consolidated financial statements are in substance those of Reelcause, with the assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenses, of the Company being included effective from the date of stock exchange transaction. The Company is deemed to be a continuation of the business of Reelcause. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements include the following:

(1) The balance sheet consists of the net assets of the accounting acquirer at historical cost and the net assets of the accounting acquiree at historical cost;

(2) The financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the accounting acquirer for all periods presented as if the recapitalization had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented and the operations of the accounting acquiree from the date of stock exchange transaction.

Reelcause, Inc. a Nevada corporation, and Reelcause, Inc. a Delaware corporation, are hereinafter referred to as the "Company". The Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiary, is devoted to developing an innovative, entertainment-based fundraising platform with features never before seen in crowdfunding, providing users with multiple automatic streams of funding for their projects or humanitarian causes.

NOTE 3 – GOING CONCERN UNCERTAINTIES

These financial statements have been prepared assuming that Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. As of March 31, 2016, the Company had an accumulated deficit of $ (505,515). Management has taken certain action and continues to implement changes designed to improve the Company's financial results and operating cash flows. The actions involve certain cost-saving initiatives and growing strategies, including (a) reductions in raw materials costs; (b) expansion of the business model into new markets, and; (c) significant reductions in lease costs. Management believes that these actions will enable the Company to improve future profitability and cash flow in its continuing operations through December 31, 2016. As a result, the financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

NOTE 4 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect the application of certain significant accounting policies as described in this note and elsewhere in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements and notes.

Use of estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. These accounts and estimates include, but are not limited to, the valuation of accounts receivables, inventories, income taxes and the estimation on useful lives of property, plant and equipment. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiary, Reelcause, Inc. All significant inter-company balances and transactions within the Company have been eliminated upon consolidation. Cash and cash equivalents The Company considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash equivalents. As of March 31, 2016, the Company had no cash or cash equivalent balances in excess of the federally insured amounts, respectively. The Company's policy is to invest excess funds in only well capitalized financial institutions.

Fixed assets

Fixed assets are carried at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method of depreciation over the assets estimated useful lives. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and improvements are capitalized. When items of fixed assets are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation is removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in income.

Intangibles Assets

The Company is in the process of applying for domestic patents and trademarks. Legal fees and other costs associated with obtaining these patents and trademarks will be amortized over the life of the patents and trademarks using the straight-line method after the patents and trademarks are approved by the authority. The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB Accounting Standards Codification No. 350 Intangible-Goodwill and Other for Website Development. Costs incurred in the planning stage of a website are expensed, while costs incurred in the development stage are capitalized and amortized over the estimated three-year life of the asset. On March 31, 2016, the Company evaluated the impairment by estimating future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the website and its eventual disposition. There was no impairment as of March 31, 2016.

Fair value for financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company follows paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 820-10-35-37 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Paragraph 820-10-35-37") to measure the fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in U.S. GAAP, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

Level 1 Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.

Level 2 Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.

Level 3 Pricing inputs that are generally observable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and liabilities, such as cash and short term notes payable approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of these instruments. The Company does not have any assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or a non-recurring basis, consequently, the Company did not have any fair value adjustments for assets and liabilities measured at fair value at March 31, 2016 nor gains or losses are reported in the statement of operations that are attributable to the change in unrealized gains or losses relating to those assets and liabilities still held at the reporting date for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Stock based compensation

The Company recognizes compensation costs to employees under FASB Accounting Standards Codification 718 "Compensation - Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). Under ASC 718, companies are required to measure the compensation costs of share-based compensation arrangements based on the grant-date fair value and recognize the costs in the financial statements over the period during which employees are required to provide services. Share based compensation arrangements include stock options and warrants. As such, compensation cost is measured on the date of grant at their fair value. Such compensation amounts, if any, are amortized over the respective vesting periods of the option grant.

Equity instruments issued to other than employees are recorded on the basis of the fair value of the instruments, as required by FASB Accounting Standards Codification 505, Equity Based Payments to Non-Employees. In general, the measurement date is when either a (a) performance commitment, as defined, is reached or (b) the earlier of (i) the non-employee performance is complete or (ii) the instruments are vested. The measured value related to the instruments is recognized over a period based on the facts and circumstances of each particular grant as defined in the FASB Accounting Standards Codification.

Income taxes

Income taxes are determined in accordance with ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"). Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted income tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Any effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

ASC 740 prescribes a comprehensive model for how companies should recognize, measure, present, and disclose in their financial statements uncertain tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. Under ASC 740, tax

positions must initially be recognized in the financial statements when it is more likely than not the position will be sustained upon examination by the tax authorities. Such tax positions must initially and subsequently be measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that has a greater than 50% likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement with the tax authority assuming full knowledge of the position and relevant facts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to be applied to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to reverse. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the statement of income in the period that includes the enactment date. A valuation allowance is provided for deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not these items will either expire before the Company is able to realize their benefits, or that future deductibility is uncertain.

For the period ending March 31, 2016, the Company did not have any interest and penalties associated with tax positions. As of March 31, 2016, the Company did not have any significant unrecognized uncertain tax positions.

Net loss per share

The Company reports earnings (loss) per share in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification 260 "Earnings per Share" ("ASC 260"). This statement requires dual presentation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) with a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of the earnings (loss) per share computations. Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. If applicable, diluted earnings per share assume the conversion, exercise or issuance of all common stock instruments such as options, warrants and convertible securities, unless the effect is to reduce a loss or increase earnings per share. Therefore, no diluted loss per share figure is presented. There were no adjustments required to net loss for the periods presented in the computation of basic loss per share. The Company has not issued any options or warrants or similar securities since inception.

Related parties

The Company follows subtopic 850-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions.

Pursuant to Section 850-10-20 the related parties include a. affiliates of the Company; b. Entities for which investments in their equity securities would be required, absent the election of the fair value option under the Fair Value Option Subsection of Section 825–10–15, to be accounted for by the equity method by the investing entity; c. trusts for the benefit of employees, such as pension and profit-sharing trusts that are managed by or under the trusteeship of management; d. principal owners of the Company; e. management of the Company; f. other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests; and g. Other parties that can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or that have an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests.

The consolidated financial statements shall include disclosures of material related party transactions, other than compensation arrangements, expense allowances, and other similar items in the ordinary course of business. However, disclosure of transactions that are eliminated in the preparation of consolidated or combined financial statements is not required in those statements. The disclosures shall include: a. the nature of the relationship(s) involved; b. a description of the transactions, including transactions to which no amounts or nominal amounts were ascribed, for each of the periods for which income statements are presented, and such other information deemed necessary to an understanding of the effects of the transactions on the financial statements; c. the dollar amounts of transactions for each of the periods for which income statements are presented and the effects of any change in the method of establishing the terms from that used in the preceding period; and d. amounts due from or to related parties as of the date of each balance sheet

presented and, if not otherwise apparent, the terms and manner of settlement.

Subsequent events

The Company adopted FASB Accounting Standards Codification 855 "Subsequent Events" ("ASC 855") to establish general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued.

Recently issued accounting standards

The Company has reviewed all recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements up to ASU 2015-02, and does not believe the future adoption of any such pronouncements may be expected to cause a material impact on its financial condition or the results of its operations.

NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLES ASSETS

The Company had intangible assets of $31,058 at March 31, 2016 consisting of the following:

03/31/16	At Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net
Patents	$ 7,500	$ 0	$ 7,500
Website development	$251,786	$228,228	$23,558

The Company is in the process of applying for domestic patents and trademarks. Legal fees and other costs associated with obtaining these patents and trademarks will be amortized over the life of the patents and trademarks using the straight-line method after the patents and trademarks are approved by the authority.

Costs incurred in the planning stage of a website are expensed, while costs incurred in the development stage are capitalized and amortized over the estimated three-year life of the asset. On March 31, 2016, the Company evaluated the impairment by estimating future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the website and its eventual disposition. There was no impairment as of March 31, 2016.

NOTE 6 – LOANS PAYABLE

Loans payable were $181,389 as of March 31, 2016. The loans borrowed were to fund the Company's daily operations. The loan agreements were not evidenced by any promissory notes, but rather verbal agreements between the loan holders and the Company. The loans bear interest at a rate of 6% per annum, and are due on demand.

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As of March 31, 2016, the Company is authorized to issue 100,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value $0.001, of which 62,227,646 shares issued and outstanding. As of March 31, 2016, the Company was authorized to issue 50,000,000 shares of Preferred Stock, par value $0.001, of which 25,000,000 shares were designated as Convertible Preferred Series A Stock with a conversion ratio of 1:1 shares of common. The total 25,000,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Series A Stock were issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2016.

NOTE 8 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

On December 11, 2014, the Company filed Certificate of Change with Secretary of State of Nevada regarding a 1:50

reverse split of its common stock exchanging fifty (50) existing shares of Common Stock for one (1) share of post reverse split Common Stock. The reverse split was effective as of December 23, 2014. All common stock and per share data for the period presented in these financial statements have been restated to give effect to the reverse split in accordance with SAB Topic 4C.

On January 19, 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance of 50,000,000 shares of common stock of the Company to Reelcause Stockholders, and/or their assigns pursuant to the Plan of Exchange (see Note 2).

During fiscal year ended December 31, 2014, there were $128,233 in cash contributed by the Company's shareholders, of which $111,563 were contributed by Michael Jacobson, President of the Company, and $16,670 were contributed by a third party.

NOTE 9 – STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

On October 27, 2014, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to issue 25,000,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Series A Stock to Michael Jacobson, President of the Company, for his services in connection with reorganization of the Company. The fair value of this stock issuance was $25,000 upon mutual agreement between the Company and Michael Jacobson since there was no market for the Company's Convertible Preferred Series A Stock and the trading volume of the Company's common stock was nominal. Accordingly, the Company recorded the stock based compensation of $25,000 at its fair value for the year ended December 31, 2014.

NOTE 10 – CHANGE IN CONTROL

The issuance of 25,000,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Series A Stock to Michael Jacobson (see Note 9) gave Michael Jacobson a majority of the then issued and outstanding voting power, or 98.14%, of the Company, resulting in a change in control of the Company.

NOTE 11 – NET LOSS PER SHARE

As of March 31, 2016, there were 25,000,000 shares of Convertible Preferred Series A Stock of the Company, which were equivalent to 25,000,000 shares of Common Stock after conversion, whose effect was anti-dilutive and not included in diluted net loss per share for fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. The Convertible Preferred Series A Stock may dilute future earnings per share.

REELCAUSE, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING MARCH 31, 2016
(UNAUDITED)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic net loss per share for the period ending March 31, 2016:

Numerator:	
- Net (loss)	$ (16,895)
Denominator:	
- Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	62,227,646
Net loss per share – basic	***

***Less than $.01

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No reportable events.

I, Michael Jacobson certify that:

1. I have reviewed the consolidated Financial Statements for the period ending March 31, 2016 of Reelcause, Inc.

2. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference hereto, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for, the periods presented hereto.

Date: August 9, 2016

/s/: Michael Jacobson
Michael Jacobson
President