VIVAKOR, INC.

QUARTERLY REPORT

FOR THE QUARTER

ENDED MARCH 31, 2016

CAUTION REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report contains certain forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements, which may be identified by words including “anticipates,” “believes,” “intends,” “estimates,” “expects,” “forecasts”, “plans,”, “ projects”, and similar expressions include, but are not limited to, statements regarding (i) future plans, objectives, strategies, expenditures, results and objectives of future operations and research, (ii) proposed new products, services, developments or industry rankings; (iii) future revenue, economic conditions or performance; (iv) potential collaborative arrangements and (v) the need for and availability of additional financing.

The forward-looking statements included herein are based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on assumptions regarding our business and technology, which involve judgments with respect to, among other things, future scientific, economic and competitive conditions, and future business decisions, all of which are difficult or impossible to predict accurately and many of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on forward looking statements as they only represent the Company’s views as of the date the statements were made. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements and actual results may differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking information included herein, the inclusion of such information should not be regarded as representation by us or any other person that our objectives or plans will be achieved. We do not intend to and specifically decline any obligation to update any forward-looking statements or to publicly announce the results of any revisions to any statements to reflect new information or future events or developments.

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BUSINESS

General

Vivakor, Inc. (the "Company") was organized in 2008. The Company identifies new and promising technologies and acquires them or provides secured funding for their development and commercialization. The Company may acquire the technology for the Company's sole development, commercialization and use, or the Company may enter into joint ventures or strategic alliances to provide secured funding to commence or expand operations and development in exchange for ownership of the developing technology or participation in revenue streams generated by the developed technology. The Company intends to concentrate future fund raising and development efforts in the following industries:

- Oil Sand Extraction – new processing method and proprietary technology that extracts the hydrocarbons from Utah specific oil sand deposits. This method has also proven to be successful with reclamation and remediation that may be used on a global scale.

- Mining and minerals – new processes and technologies for the extraction of precious metals from sand-based deposits.

- Alternative energy – specifically the use of nano and other new materials in the generation and storage of energy.

Our financial statements include the accounts of our company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, VivaSight, Inc., VivaTherma, Inc. and VivaVentures, Inc., and its majority-owned subsidiaries, VivaVentures Energy Group, Inc. and HealthAmerica, Inc.

Set forth below is a brief description of the business of each of our company's active investments and subsidiaries.

VivaVentures Energy Group, Inc., a green energy alternatives and petroleum asset subsidiary

- Acquired the rights and ownership to the proprietary technology and process for a green energy oil extraction from oil sands.

- Acquired the ownership of certain claims in Utah containing oil-sand deposits.

- Currently developing a production oil sand extraction machine.

- Registered for business operations and opened offices in Doha, Qatar according to our international business model for reclamation and remediation.

VivaVentures, Inc., a green energy alternatives and mineral asset subsidiary

- Acquired the rights and ownership to the proprietary technology for a disruptive metallic vaporization science and process for precious metal extraction

- Acquired ownership of certain precious metal mining claims in Arizona and Colorado.

- Acquired a 39% ownership in VivaVentures Precious Metals, LLC. Two precious metal extraction units have been developed with the proprietary extraction technology. The units are currently operated at our Henderson, Nevada facility.

- Focuses on mineral and other such assets that may be extracted or leveraged. This subsidiary has signed letters of intent that are backed by at least a 10 to 1 in value.

Investment in VivaCeuticals, Inc., a natural and formulary products company

- We have acquired a minority interest in VivaCeuticals, Inc. The Company also has provided secured loan financing and assistance to the development and commercialization of two bioactive beverages and one weight loss beverage, which VivaCeuticals, Inc. markets as RegeneBlend, RegeneBoost, and RegeneSlim. Our loans are collateralized by these formulas and other marketing software assets. Additionally, the Company receives a percentage of total gross sales of VivaCeuticals, Inc. RegeneBlend is a highly concentrated extract of natural products rich in antioxidants and other phytochemicals. RegeneBoost is a nutraceutical, bioactive beverage enriched with phytochemicals and antioxidants. In 2015, VivaCeuticals, Inc. achieved gross sales of $1 million and is expected to achieve gross sales of approximately $1.2 million in 2016.

Investment in Odyssey Group International, Inc., a natural and formulary products company

- We have acquired a minority interest in Odyssey Group International, Inc. (Odyssey). The Company has also provided secured loan financing and assistance to the development and commercialization of a natural athletic enhancement beverage, which Odyssey sells to distributors to market and sell. The Company's loans are collateralized by the formula, and the Company receives a percentage of total gross sales until the loan has been repaid in full. This beverage contains concentrated doses of antioxidants, polyphenols, vitamins, minerals, EGCG, as well as "Young Tissue Extract," and plant-sourced Marine Mineral Complex which contains Algae Cal. It is believed that the formula ingredients fortify the body against degeneration, increase the recovery rate after physical exercise and sports participation, and mediate oxidative stress, which may enhance metabolism, help balance glucose levels, increase fat oxidation and aid in weight management, and that the beverage may reverse bone loss, especially when incorporated with load-bearing sports. Odyssey is a reporting company under the Securities and Exchange

Act of 1934 and expects its common stock to be listed on a quotation system or exchange in 2016.

Our Company's Inactive Subsidiaries

Our company has the following wholly-owned or partially-owned subsidiaries which are either inactive or are not generating material revenue:

- VivaSight, Inc., a Nevada corporation (wholly owned);
- VivaOptics, Inc., a Nevada corporation (wholly owned);
- VivaThermic, Inc., a Nevada corporation (wholly owned); and
- HealthAmerica, Inc., a Nevada corporation (approximately 62%, majority owned).

Our Commercialized Products and Services

Our company intends to continue secured lending and assistance in developing existing technologies and commercial products, which include the products described below:

Petroleum. VivaVentures Energy Group, Inc. has acquired a proprietary technology and process to extract oil from oil-sands. We are currently developing a production oil-sand extraction machine. The production oil-sand extraction machine is projected to be completed in early 2016 and begin production in mid-2016. We have acquired a Designated Oil Sands Lease from the State of Utah, as well as oil-sand claims in Utah. We currently have approximately three hundred (300) million cubic yards of oil sand material to process. Each cubic yard yields approximately 1 barrel of oil. There is a tremendous need for remediation or the clean-up of oil spills across the globe. With our technology, we have the ability to assist companies and governments in this effort, in particular where there is an oil spill and sand is mixed with oil. This provides us with an enormous opportunity in this multi-billion-dollar global market for clean-up of these tainted environments. Our technology adds a component to remediation that is not readily available through traditional remediation processes. We provide the ability to clean AND reclaim the oil that has been spilled. This propels the Company into another market area that is not being served in the manner in which we deliver. After the first extraction unit is fully operational, the Company intends to finance the construction of additional oil-sand extraction machines, which will increase the daily oil production. We believe that this proprietary oil-sand extraction process, when fully implemented, will revolutionize the oil industry.

The Company has agreed to loan VivaVentures Energy Group, Inc. sufficient funds to conduct its operations, including construction of additional oil-sand extraction machines. The Company will be required to raise additional capital to fulfill this commitment but has not received any corresponding commitments to invest. After verification of the initial test results, we expect to attract substantial investment for this venture.

Mining and Minerals. We have acquired a proprietary technology which extracts precious metals from sand-based ore materials and we have acquired the rights to certain mining claims located in Arizona and Colorado, which consist of approximately six acres of sand-based ore. We

have also acquired a 39% interest in VivaVentures Precious Metal, LLC which operates the precious metal mining and extraction. The proprietary extraction technology uses a thermal vapor extraction process to remove and process precious metals, including gold, silver, platinum, palladium and rhodium. Since inception of this venture in 2012, our company has funded the establishment of two precious metal extraction units. This venture has produced approximately $4.0 million in precious metals in a concentrate flake form. The Company has received $2.4 million of these precious metals according to agreements for financing and use of the extraction technology. For the three months ended March 31, 2016, total precious metal production is approximately $225,000, which the Company received $133,000. The 2016 production has mainly been produced from the initial thermal vaporization unit. After the second unit is fully operational, the Company intends to finance the construction of additional thermal vaporization machines, which will increase the daily production of the precious metals. We believe that this proprietary thermal vapor extraction process, when fully implemented, will be one of the most efficient methods of extracting precious metals in the world. The mining claims contain an estimated 32,000,000 tons of sand-based ore, which is estimated to include 150 million ounces of gold and 320 million ounces of silver, as well as platinum and valuable rare earth minerals.

The Company has agreed to loan to VivaVentures Precious Metals, LLC sufficient funds to conduct the mining operations, including construction of the additional thermal vaporization machines. The Company will be required to raise additional capital to fulfill this commitment but has not received any corresponding commitments to invest. After completion of the second vapor extraction unit is completed, we expect to attract substantial investment for this venture.

Natural and Formulary Products. We have acquired a minority interest in VivaCeuticals, Inc. The Company has also provided secured loan financing and assistance to the development and commercialization of two bioactive beverages and one weight loss beverage, which VivaCeuticals, Inc. markets as RegeneBlend, RegeneBoost, and RegeneSlim. The Company's loans are secured by the formulas and other marketing software assets, and the Company will receive a percentage of total gross sales until the loan is repaid in full. RegeneBlend is a highly concentrated extract of natural products rich in antioxidants and other phytochemicals. RegeneBoost is a nutraceutical, bioactive beverage enriched with phytochemicals and antioxidants. VivaCeuticals, Inc. achieved gross sale of approximately $1 million in 2015 and is expected to achieve gross sales of approximately $1.2 million in 2016. We also assisted in developing commercial products for cryogenic preservation and storage technology, called VivaThermic Cryovials. The Cryovials are not actively marketed, but VivaCeuticals will occasionally sell cryovials as a result of customer solicitation.

We have acquired a minority interest in Odyssey Group International, Inc. (Odyssey). The Company has also provided secured loan financing and assistance to the development and commercialization of a natural athletic enhancement beverage, which Odyssey sells to distributors to market and sell. The Company's loans are secured by the formula, and the Company will receive a percentage of total gross sales until the loan has been repaid in full. This beverage contains concentrated doses of antioxidants, polyphenols, vitamins, minerals, EGCG, as well as "Young Tissue Extract," and plant-sourced Marine Mineral Complex which contains Algae Cal. It is believed that the formula ingredients fortify the body against degeneration, increase the recovery rate after physical exercise and sports participation, and mediate oxidative stress, which may enhance metabolism, help balance glucose levels, increase fat oxidation and aid in weight

management, and that the beverage may reverse bone loss, especially when incorporated with load-bearing sports. Odyssey is a reporting company under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and expects its common stock to be listed on a quotation system or exchange in 2016.

Future Products; Research and Acquisition

We intend to identify, develop or acquire and bring to market products primarily in the mining and minerals, petroleum and alternative energy industries, but also as opportunities may arise in the natural and formulary products industry. Our general approach is to select products or processes that are at or near commercial viability and have a time to market of less than six months. Once selected, we negotiate agreements to provide secured loan financing to complete development, testing and product launch in exchange for control of, or a significant ownership interest in, the products or companies.

We formed VivaVentures, Inc., our wholly-owned subsidiary, to conduct the operations and hold the investments in the mining and minerals industry and alternative energy industry products, companies or investments acquired in this process.

We formed VivaVentures Energy Group, Inc., a majority-owned subsidiary, to conduct the operations and hold the investments in the petroleum industry, companies or investments acquired in this process.

Competition

Our company competes in numerous industries, all of which are believed by us to be intensively competitive. Our company's competitors have substantially greater resources, financial capabilities, marketing and sales forces and name recognition.

Governmental Regulation

The Company's petroleum and mining activities are subject to federal, state and local laws, regulations and policies, including laws regulating the removal of natural resources from the ground and the discharge of materials into the environment. These regulations mandate, among other things, the maintenance of air and water quality standards and land reclamation. They also set forth limitations on the generation, transportation, storage and disposal of solid and hazardous waste. Exploration and exploitation activities are also subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations which seek to maintain health and safety standards by regulating the design and use of exploration methods and equipment. Environmental and other legal standards imposed by federal, state or local authorities are constantly evolving, and typically in a manner which will require stricter standards and enforcement, and increased fines and penalties for non-compliance. Such changes may prevent us from conducting planned activities or increase our costs of doing so, which would have material adverse effects on our business. Moreover, compliance with such laws may cause substantial delays or require capital outlays in excess of those anticipated, thus causing an adverse effect on us. Additionally, we may be subject to liability for pollution or other environmental damages that we may not be able to or elect not to insure against due to prohibitive premium costs and other reasons. Unknown environmental hazards may exist on our mining claims, or we may acquire properties in the future that have unknown environmental issues caused

by previous owners or operators, or that may have occurred naturally.

Some aspects of our company's medical, biotechnology and nutraceutical supplement businesses and product candidates are subject to some degree of government regulation. As a provider of medical and biotechnology products, we are subject to extensive regulation by, among other governmental entities, the United States Food and Drug Administration (the **"FDA"**). In addition, before selling any of our product candidates, we will be required to comply with the rules and regulations of state, local and foreign regulatory bodies in jurisdictions where we desire to sell our products. These regulations govern the introduction of new products, the observance of certain standards with respect to the manufacture, safety, efficacy and labeling of such products, the maintenance of certain records, the tracking of such products and other matters.

For some of our product candidates, and in some countries, government regulation is significant, and generally there is a trend toward more stringent regulation. In recent years, the FDA and certain foreign regulatory bodies have pursued a more rigorous enforcement program to ensure that regulated businesses like our company's businesses comply with applicable laws and regulations. We devote significant time, effort and expense addressing the extensive governmental regulatory requirements applicable to our company's businesses. To date, we have received no notifications or warning letters from the FDA or any other regulatory body of alleged deficiencies in our company's compliance with the relevant requirements, and we have not recalled or issued safety alerts with respect to any of our company's products. There can be no assurance, however, that a warning letter, recall or safety alert, if it occurred, would not have a material adverse effect on our company.

Failure to comply with applicable federal, state, local or foreign laws or regulations could subject our company to enforcement action, including product seizures, recalls, withdrawal of marketing clearances and civil and criminal penalties, any one or more of which could have a material adverse effect on our company's businesses. We believe that our company is in substantial compliance with such governmental regulations. However, federal, state, local and foreign laws and regulations regarding the manufacture and sale of medical devices are subject to future changes. There can be no assurance that such changes would not have a material adverse effect on our company.

Environmental Regulation

Some aspects of our company's mining, mineral extraction and alternative energy businesses may be subject to certain environmental laws. We have not yet determined the costs and effects of compliance with such environmental laws. Any failure by our company to comply with applicable federal, state or local environment laws could subject our company to enforcement action, including civil and criminal penalties, any one or more of which could have a material adverse effect on our company.

Employees

As of March 31, 2016, we have 15 full-time or contracted employees, consisting of our CEO, Executive Vice President, CFO, and additional administrative personnel.

Principal Executive Office

Our principal executive office is located at 8565 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. 150, Las Vegas, NV 89123. Our telephone number is (949) 281-2606.

RISK FACTORS

Risks Relating to our Business

We are at a very early operational stage, and our success is subject to the substantial risks inherent in the establishment of a new business venture.

The implementation of our business strategy is in a very early stage. We are in the process of assisting in developing numerous technology candidates but none have proven to be commercially successful. Our business and operations should be considered to be in a very early stage and subject to all of the risks inherent in the establishment of a new business venture. Accordingly, our intended business and operations may not prove to be successful in the near future, if at all. Any future success that we might enjoy will depend on many factors, several of which may be beyond our control, or which cannot be predicted at this time, and which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, business prospects and operations and the value of an investment in our company.

We have a very limited operating history, and our business plan is unproven and may not be successful.

Although we began operations in 2008, we recently adopted a new business plan and investment strategy that has not been proven to be successful. We have not sold any substantial amount of products commercially and have not proven that our business model will allow us to identify and develop commercially feasible products or technologies.

We have suffered operating losses since inception, and we may not be able to achieve profitability.

We had an accumulated deficit of $9,832,625 as of March 31, 2016, and we expect to continue to incur significant development expenses in the foreseeable future related to the completion of development and commercialization of our products. As a result, we are incurring substantial operating and net losses, and it is possible that we never will be able to sustain or develop the revenue levels necessary to attain profitability. If we fail to generate sufficient revenues to operate profitably, or if we are unable to fund our continuing losses, you could lose all or part of your investment.

We may have difficulty raising additional capital, which could deprive us of necessary resources, and you may experience dilution or subordinate stockholder rights, preferences and privileges as a result of our financing efforts.

We expect to continue to devote significant capital resources to fund the acquisition and development of new products and processes. In order to support the initiatives envisioned in our business plan, we will need to raise additional funds through the sale of assets, public or private debt or equity financing or other arrangements. Our ability to raise additional financing depends on many factors beyond our control, including the state of capital markets, the market price of our Common Stock and the development or prospects for development of competitive technologies by others. Because our Common Stock is not listed on a national stock exchange, many investors may

not be willing or allowed to purchase it or may demand steep discounts. Sufficient additional financing may not be available to us or may be available only on terms that would result in further dilution to the current owners of our Common Stock.

We expect to raise additional capital during 2016, but we do not have any firm commitments for funding. If we are unsuccessful in raising additional capital or the terms of raising such capital are unacceptable, then we may have to modify our business plan and/or curtail our planned activities and other operations.

Failure to effectively manage our growth could place strains on our managerial, operational and financial resources and could adversely affect our business and operating results.

Our growth has placed, and is expected to continue to place, a strain on our managerial, operational and financial resources. Further, if our subsidiaries' businesses grow, then we will be required to manage multiple relationships. Any further growth by us or our subsidiaries, or any increase in the number of our strategic relationships, will increase this strain on our managerial, operational and financial resources. This strain may inhibit our ability to achieve the rapid execution necessary to implement our business plan and could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, business prospects and operations and the value of an investment in our company.

There are substantial inherent risks in attempting to commercialize new technological applications, and, as a result, we may not be able to successfully develop products or technologies for commercial use.

Our company intends to acquire or invest in products in numerous technological fields. We have limited scientific experience in some of these fields. Often development requires significant amounts of capital and takes an extremely long time to reach commercial viability, if at all. During the development process, we may experience technological barriers that we may be unable to overcome. Because of these uncertainties, it is possible that many of our product candidates may never be successfully developed. If we are unable to successfully develop products or technology for commercial use, then we will be unable to generate revenue or build a sustainable or profitable business.

We will need to achieve commercial acceptance of our products to generate revenues and achieve profitability.

Even if our efforts to acquire or develop products yields technologically feasible applications, we may not successfully develop commercial products, and even if we do, we may not do so on a timely basis. If our research efforts are successful on the technology side, it could take at least several years before this technology will be commercially viable. During this period, superior competitive technologies may be introduced or customer needs may change, which will diminish or extinguish the commercial uses for our applications. We cannot predict when significant commercial market acceptance for our products will develop, if at all, and we cannot reliably estimate the projected size of any such potential market. If markets fail to accept our products, then we may not be able to generate revenues from the commercial application of our

technologies. Our revenue growth and achievement of profitability will depend substantially on our ability to introduce new products that are accepted by customers. If we are unable to cost-effectively achieve acceptance of our technology by customers, or if the associated products do not achieve wide market acceptance, then our business will be materially and adversely affected.

We expect to rely on third parties for the worldwide marketing and distribution of our product candidates, who may not be successful in selling our products.

We currently do not have adequate resources to market and distribute products worldwide and expect to engage third party marketing and distribution companies to perform these tasks. While we believe that distribution partners will be available, we cannot assure you that the distribution partners, if any, will succeed in marketing our products on a global basis. We may not be able to maintain satisfactory arrangements with our marketing and distribution partners, who may not devote adequate resources to selling our products. If this happens, we may not be able to successfully market our products, which would decrease or eliminate our ability to generate revenues.

We may lose out to larger and better-established competitors.

The industries in which we compete are intensely competitive. Most of our competitors have significantly greater financial, technical, manufacturing, marketing and distribution resources as well as greater experience in industry than we have. Competition may result in price reductions, reduced gross margins and loss of market share.

We could be damaged by product liability claims.

Some of our products are intended to be used by consumers. If one of our products malfunctions or a consumer misuses it or has a reaction to it and injury results, then the injured party could assert a product liability claim against our company. We currently do not have product liability insurance and may not be able to obtain such insurance at a rate that is acceptable to us or at all. Furthermore, even if we can obtain insurance, insurance may not be sufficient to cover all of the liabilities resulting from a product liability claim, and we might not have sufficient funds available to pay any claim over the limits of our insurance. Because personal injury claims based on product liability may be very large, an underinsured or an uninsured claim could financially damage our company.

We may indemnify our directors and officer against liability to us and holders of our securities, and such indemnification could increase our operating costs.

Our Bylaws allow us to indemnify our directors and officers against claims associated with carrying out the duties of their offices. Our Bylaws also allow us to reimburse them for the costs of certain legal defenses. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") may be permitted to our directors, officers or control persons, we have been advised by the SEC that such indemnification is against public policy and is therefore unenforceable.

Since our officers and directors are aware that they may be indemnified for carrying out the duties of their offices, they may be less motivated to meet the standards required by law to properly carry out such duties, which could increase our operating costs. Further, if our officers and directors file a claim against us for indemnification, the associated expenses could also increase our operating costs.

We are exposed to risks associated with the recent worldwide economic slowdown and related uncertainties.

We plan to expand our level of operations. Slower economic activity, concerns about inflation or deflation, decreased consumer confidence, reduced corporate profits and capital spending, adverse business conditions and liquidity concerns in the general economy and recent international conflicts and terrorist and military activity have resulted in a downturn in worldwide economic conditions, especially in the United States. Recent political and social turmoil related to international conflicts and terrorist acts can be expected to place further pressure on economic conditions in the United States and worldwide. These political, social and economic conditions make it extremely difficult for us to accurately forecast and plan future business activities. If such conditions continue or worsen, then our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Risks Relating to our Stock

We have issued shares of Series A Preferred Stock, which have super voting rights, permitting the holder of voting power over those shares to control a majority vote over certain business aspects.

AKMN Irrevocable Trust is the record holder of 2,000,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock. Matthew Nicosia, CEO, is the trustee of AKNM Irrevocable Trust, and Johnathan Nicosia (Matthew Nicosia's son) is the beneficiary. The Series A Preferred Stock provides for 25 votes for each share of Common Stock into which such shares of Series A Preferred Stock are restricted for five years from the date of issuance (restrictions remain with the stock if assigned to a third party) and currently may only be converted to Common Stock upon liquidation of the Company. With a current conversion ratio of 10 shares of Common Stock for each outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock, this results in AKMN Irrevocable Trust (currently) having 500,000,000 votes, representing voting control of certain business aspects.

The sale of shares of our Common Stock and securities convertible into shares or our Common Stock in private placements could cause the price of our Common Stock to decline.

The trading volume in our shares of Common Stock is very small. A sale of shares at any given time could cause the trading price of our Common Stock to decline. The sale of a substantial number of shares of our Common Stock, or the anticipation of such sales, could make it more difficult for us to sell equity or equity-related securities in the future at a time and at a price at which we otherwise might desire to effect sales.

Our Common Stock is traded in the Pink Sheets, which may deprive stockholders of the full

value of their shares.

Our Common Stock is approved for quotation on the Pink Sheets. Therefore, our Common Stock is expected to have fewer market makers, lower trading volumes and larger spreads between bid and asked prices than securities listed on an exchange such as the New York Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ Stock Market. These factors may result in higher price volatility and less market liquidity for our Common Stock.

A low market price would severely limit the potential market for our Common Stock.

Since trading commenced, our Common Stock has traded at a price substantially below $5.00 per share, subjecting trading in the stock to certain SEC rules requiring additional disclosures by broker-dealers. These rules generally apply to any non-FINRA equity security that has a market price share of less than $5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions (a "penny stock"). Such rules require the delivery, before any penny stock transaction, of a disclosure schedule explaining the penny stock market and the risks associated therewith, and impose various sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell penny stocks to persons other than established customers and institutional or wealthy investors. For these types of transactions, the broker-dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchaser and have received the purchaser's written consent to the transaction before the sale. The broker-dealer also must disclose the commissions payable to the broker-dealer and current bid and offer quotations for the penny stock, and, if the broker-dealer is the sole market maker, the broker-dealer must disclose that fact and the broker-dealer's presumed control over the market. Such information must be provided to the customer orally or in writing before or with the written confirmation of trade sent to the customer. Monthly statements must be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. The additional burdens imposed on broker-dealers by such requirements could discourage broker-dealers from effecting transactions in our Common Stock.

FINRA sales practice requirements also may limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our Common Stock.

In addition to the penny stock rules promulgated by the SEC, which are discussed in the immediately preceding risk factor, FINRA rules require that, in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Before recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, FINRA believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. FINRA requirements make it more difficult for broker-dealers to recommend that their customers buy our Common Stock, which may limit the ability to buy and sell our Common Stock and have an adverse effect on the market value for our shares.

A stockholder's ability to trade our Common Stock may be limited by trading volume.

A consistently active trading market for our Common Stock may not occur on the Pink Sheets. A limited trading volume may prevent our stockholders from selling shares at such times or in such amounts as they otherwise may desire.

Our company has a concentration of stock ownership and control, which may have the effect of delaying, preventing or deterring a change of control.

Our Common Stock ownership is highly concentrated. AKMN Irrevocable Trust, of which Matthew Nicosia, our CEO, is the trustee, is the record owner of all 2,000,000 shares of our Series A Preferred Stock, which has super voting rights to control certain business aspects. As a result of the concentrated ownership of our stock, Mr. Nicosia, as the trustee of this stockholder, will be able to control all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of mergers and other significant corporate transactions. This concentration of ownership may have the effect of delaying, preventing or deterring a change in control of our company. It also could deprive our stockholders of an opportunity to receive a premium for their shares as part of a sale of our company, and it may affect the market price of our Common Stock.

We have not voluntarily implemented various corporate governance measures, in the absence of which stockholders may have more limited protections against interested director transactions, conflicts of interest and similar matters.

Recent federal legislation, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, has resulted in the adoption of various corporate governance measures designed to promote the integrity of corporate management and the securities markets. Some of these measures have been adopted in response to legal requirements. Others have been adopted by companies in response to the requirements of national securities exchanges, such as the NYSE or the NASDAQ Stock Market, on which their securities are listed. Among the corporate governance measures that are required under the rules of national securities exchanges and FINRA are those that address board of directors' independence, audit committee oversight and the adoption of a code of ethics. While our board of directors has adopted a Code of Ethics and Business Conduct, we have not yet adopted any of these corporate governance measures and, since our securities are not listed on a national securities exchange or NASDAQ, we are not required to do so. It is possible that, if we were to adopt some or all of these corporate governance measures, stockholders would benefit from somewhat greater assurances that internal corporate decisions were being made by disinterested directors and that policies had been implemented to define responsible conduct. For example, in the absence of audit, nominating and compensation committees comprised of at least a majority of independent directors, decisions concerning matters such as compensation packages to our senior officers and recommendations for director nominees may be made by a majority of directors who have an interest in the outcome of the matters being decided. Prospective investors should bear in mind our current lack of corporate governance measures in formulating their investment decisions.

Our board of directors has the authority to issue shares of "blank check" Preferred Stock, which may make an acquisition of our company by another company more difficult.

We have adopted and may in the future adopt certain measures that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a takeover or other change in control of our company that a

holder of our Common Stock might consider in its best interest. Specifically, as of March 31, 2016, our board of directors, without further action by our stockholders, had the authority to issue up to approximately 366,590,297 additional shares of Preferred Stock (not counting the 2,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock or the approximate 79,595,294 shares of Series B Preferred Stock or the 1,814,419 shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock) and to fix the rights (including voting rights), preferences and privileges of these shares ("blank check" Preferred Stock). Such Preferred Stock may have rights, including economic rights, senior to our Common Stock. As a result, the issuance of the Preferred Stock could have a material adverse effect on the price of our Common Stock and could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire a majority of our outstanding Common Stock.

Because we will not pay dividends on our Common Stock in the foreseeable future, stockholders will only benefit from owning Common Stock if it appreciates.

We never have paid cash dividends on our Common Stock, and we do not intend to do so in the foreseeable future. We intend to retain any future earnings to finance our growth. Accordingly, any potential investor who anticipates the need for current dividends from his investment should not purchase our Common Stock.

PROPERTIES

We currently lease executive office space in Henderson, Nevada; Cottonwood Heights, Utah; and Irvine, California. The monthly base rent for these offices is approximately $12,000. Additionally, the company has VivaThermic offices in Des Moines, Iowa and an executive office in Las Vegas, Nevada. We believe these facilities are in good condition, but that we may need to expand our leased space as needs increase.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

As of the date of this report, the Company is not party to any legal proceedings.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Market Information

Our stock trades on the Pink Sheets under the symbol "VIVK". The following table sets forth the bid prices quoted for our common stock during each quarter since our stock began trading, as reported by the Pink Sheets, LLC. The following quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail mark-up, markdown or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions. The following quotations also include the effects of any reverse and forward stock splits that may have occurred.

	High	Low
Three Months Ended March 31, 2016		
First Quarter	$ 0.28	$ 0.07
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2015		
Fourth Quarter	$ 0.45	$ 0.25
Third Quarter	0.50	0.21
Second Quarter	0.50	0.32
First Quarter	0.60	0.30

	High	Low
Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2014		
Fourth Quarter	$ 0.68	$ 0.28
Third Quarter	0.69	0.30
Second Quarter	0.60	0.43
First Quarter	0.65	0.40

Transfer Agent

The Company's transfer agent is Empire Stock Transfer, 1859 Whitney Mesa Drive, Henderson, Nevada 89014 (702) 818-5898.

Holders of Common Stock

Our stockholder list contains the names of approximately 101 registered stockholders of record of the Company's Common Stock on March 31, 2016. This number does not include beneficial owners of our common stock whose shares are held in the names of various dealers, clearing agencies, banks, brokers and other fiduciaries.

Dividends and Stock Repurchases

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying such dividends in the foreseeable future. The payment of dividends, if any, will be determined by the Board of Directors in light of conditions then existing, including our financial condition and requirements, future prospects, restrictions in financing agreements, business conditions and other factors deemed relevant by the Board of Directors.

Purchases of Equity Securities

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, we repurchased 18,000 shares of our Common Stock, which is reflected in and carried at cost on our financial statements.

Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The Company has issued 9,000 shares of common stock under its equity compensation plans. The Company has adopted two equity incentive plans, one in 2008 (the "2008 Plan") and one in 2010 (the "2010 Plan"). Pursuant to the 2008 Plan, the Company was authorized to issue up to 7,500,000 shares of common stock and pursuant to the 2010 Plan was authorized to issue an additional 50,000,000 shares. The Company issued options to purchase 600,000 shares under the 2008 Plan, none of which were exercised, and awards of 9,000,000 shares under the 2010 Plan. In March 2011, the Company effectuated a 1 for 1,000 share reverse split, which effectively reduced the number of shares available for issuance under the 2008 Plan to 7,500 shares, all of which are available for issuance, and 50,000 shares under the 2010 plan, of which 41,000 remain available for issuance.

Sales of Unregistered Securities

For the year ended December 31, 2015, convertible debt holders converted $13,439 of convertible debt and related interest expense into 107,520 shares of the Company's Common Stock.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, debt holders of the Company converted $7,500 of convertible debt and related interest expense into 30,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. The

Company also issued 235,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for a $47,000 reduction in accounts payable.

The Company issued 17,043,960 of Series B Preferred Stock for $3,048,792 cash. The Company also issued 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock to acquire mineral rights containing oil-sand deposits and 20,000,000 shares of a subsidiaries stock to acquire intellectual property.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company has issued 5,933,433 shares of Series B Preferred Stock as a $1,483,189 stock interest distribution to Series B Preferred Shareholders. Series B Preferred shareholders also converted $20,000 of Series B Preferred Stock into 100,000 shares of Common Stock.

As of March 31, 2016, $5,000 of Series B Preferred Stock was converted into 25,000 shares of Common Stock.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company issued 800,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for $160,000 cash.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company has issued 1,814,419 shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock as a $453,604 stock interest distribution to Series B Preferred Shareholders.

On January 22, 2016, our majority owned subsidiary's shareholder converted its minority interest ($10,000,000) into 20,000,000 shares of Vivakor Common Stock.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and other financial information appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. In addition to historical information, the following discussion and other parts of this Quarterly Report contain forward-looking information that involves risks and uncertainties.

Plan of Operation

The Company intends to continue secured lending services and investments to current technology development, while developing a business plan and strategy to acquire or invest in new technologies in the mining and mineral, petroleum, alternative energy and natural products industries.

We intend to invest in the companies or persons who have designed or invented such products and technologies, and retain them to continue product development, marketing and sales.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of March 31, 2016, the Company had approximately $758,000 in cash, $2.38 million in precious metals concentrate, $105,000 in accounts receivable, and $39,000 in deposits. As of March 31, 2016 current liabilities consisted of approximately $93,000 in accounts payable, $296,000 in notes payable, and a $167,000 grant payable. The grant payable is required to be repaid upon the occurrence of certain events, including termination of office facilities in Iowa.

Cash reserves decreased by approximately $284,000 with cash and cash equivalents of $758,000 and $1.04 million as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The decrease in cash is attributed to net effect of the following material events:

Net cash used in operating activities as of March 31, 2016 was approximately $301,000, which is mainly due to the net effect of net income ($161,000), amortization and depreciation ($125,000), reduction of accounts receivable (128,000), and accepting commodity of precious metals concentrate in lieu of cash payments on royalties owed to the Company ($132,000).

Net cash used in investing activities as of March 31, 2016 was approximately $98,000, and is due to additions in equipment.

Net cash provided by financing activities as of March 31, 2016 was approximately $115,000 and is due to the net effect of the Company issuing Preferred Series B shares for cash ($160,000), issuance of production contracts ($150,000), payment of notes payable ($45,000) and further investment in ongoing technologies and investments in the mining and minerals, petroleum, alternative energy, and health and nutrition industries ($148,000).

On December 16, 2013, the Company commenced a private offering of Series B Preferred Stock, from which the Company intends to raise approximately $10,000,000 by issuing 98,000,000 shares of 12.5% Cumulative Redeemable Series B Preferred Stock at $0.20 per share.

We do have sufficient cash on hand to fund our administrative and marketing functions, and investments in the health and wellness industry, but we do not have sufficient cash on hand to fund our proposed investments in precious metals technology expansion for the next twelve months. In order to meet our obligations as they come due and to fund the expansion of our asset acquisition strategy, we will require new funding to pay for these expenses. We may do so through loans from current stockholders, public or private equity or debt offerings, grants or strategic arrangements with third parties. There can be no assurance that additional capital will be available to the Company. We currently have no agreements, arrangements or understandings with any person to obtain additional funds through bank loans, lines of credit or any other sources.

We have no material commitments or contractual purchase obligations for the next twelve months other than the amounts that may be agreed to under our acquisition agreements relating to our mining operations.

Significant Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes have been prepared in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods.

See Note 2 in the accompanying financial statements where reference is made to the Company's significant accounting policies.

Impact of New Accounting Pronouncements

Information regarding recent accounting pronouncements that may impact our business is contained in Note 2 to consolidated financial statements, if any are present. Such financial statements are attached to this Quarterly Report.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015

As of March 31, 2016, the Company had a net loss of approximately $160,000 compared to net income of $89,000 as of March 31, 2015. Gross revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 are attributed to financing and service agreements using our precious metal extraction technology and consulting services rendered. Gross revenues from the financing and service agreements for the precious metal mining operations was $133,000 and $248,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015. Gross revenue decreased in the year ended March 31, 2016 due to the devaluing of precious metal market and spot prices used in purchasing metals throughout 2016. Cost of revenues increased from zero to $13,615 or 100% for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016. This is due to the cost of consulting services rendered in relation to our consulting revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2016.Operating expenses increased from approximately $171,000 as of March 31, 2015 to $303,000 as of March 31, 2016. The increase in operating expenses is attributed to consulting and professional expenses realized in 2016 for further development of the oil technology, as well as the Company growing and expanding its investments in other targeted industries. Furthermore, the Company almost doubled its amortization and depreciation expense from $62,500 to $125,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2016. This was mainly due to the purchase of two precious metal extraction machines in December 2015, and the realization of a full quarter depreciation of these units.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues

or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Attached are the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2016. See the Index to Financial Statements at page F-1.

DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Directors

We currently have three members of the Board of Directors and have two vacancies on the Board. We anticipate filling such vacancies as qualified candidates are identified and agree to serve. We have not yet identified any candidates.

Matthew Nicosia. From 2000 to 2007, prior to joining the Company as Executive Chairman of the Board, Mr. Nicosia co-founded Quantum Sphere, Inc. and served as a director until 2004. Mr. Nicosia also currently sits on the Board of Directors and is a director of several private companies. Mr. Nicosia received his Bachelor of Arts degree from Brigham Young University and an MBA degree from Pepperdine University.

Lou Lopez. Lou Lopez has over 20 years of Executive experience working largely with Fortune 500 Corporations. Mr. Lopez began his career working for Merrill Lynch and other financial pedigreed institutions on Wall Street functioning principally in Capital Markets. Over time, Mr. Lopez migrated into Advanced Technologies working for companies including Qwest, Nortel Networks and Marconi Communications where he was responsible for Major Accounts in a Vice Presidential capacity. He exceeded targeted corporate goals and objectives by excelling to top 3% globally while with these organizations. Mr. Lopez has also been involved large scale Commercial Projects throughout the globe in excess of $1 Billion during his career. Mr. Lopez attended Rutgers University with an emphasis in Marketing and Business Administration. Additionally, he has attended EMBA classes at the Harvard Business School.

Pablo Penaloza. Mr. Penaloza is a 15 year veteran of the banking industry and has managed international assets of $1 Billion. Mr. Penaloza has an MBA from Brigham Young University. As a native of Argentina, Mr. Penaloza speaks Spanish and Portuguese fluently and runs Vivakor's Latin American acquisition group.

Executive Officers

Name	Age	Position
Matthew Nicosia	41	Executive Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Secretary
Lou Lopez	46	Executive Vice President, Director
Tyler Nelson	35	Chief Financial Officer

Family Relationships. There are no family relationships among the directors and executive officers of the Company.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of business conduct and ethics that applies to our directors, officers and all employees. The code of business conduct and ethics is posted on our website at www.vivakor.com. The code of business conduct and ethics may be also obtained free of charge by writing to us at our corporate headquarters

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following summary compensation table sets forth information concerning compensation for services rendered in all capacities during our past two fiscal years awarded to, earned by or paid to each of the following individuals. Salary and other compensation for these officers and employees are set by the Board of Directors, except for employee compensation which is set by officers of the Company.

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Bonus	(2) Option Awards	(1) All Other Compensation	Total Compensation
Matt Nicosia	2015	$ 50,000	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0
Exec. Chairman of the Board, CEO	2014	$ 50,000	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0	$ 0

None of the executive officers have a written employment agreement.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year End

The Company has not issued any equity awards during 2016 and all prior equity awards have been either fully exercised, relinquished or extinguished by their terms, except 9,000 shares warded pursuant to the Company's 2010 Equity Compensation Plan.

Director Compensation

Our directors do not receive any consideration for their services.

Audit, Compensation and Nominating Committees

As noted above, our common stock is listed on the Pink Sheets, which does not require companies to maintain audit, compensation or nominating committees. Considering the fact that we are an early stage company, we do not maintain standing audits, compensation or nominating committees. The functions typically associated with these committees are performed by the entire Board of Directors which currently consists of three members none of which are considered independent.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Beneficial Ownership of Common Stock

The following table sets forth, to the knowledge of the Company, certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of the Company's Common Stock as of March 31, 2016 by (i) each person known by the Company to be the beneficial owner of more than 5% of the outstanding Common Stock, (ii) each of the Company's directors, (iii) each of the named executive officers in the Summary Compensation Table and (iv) all of the Company's executive officers and directors as a group. Except as indicated in the footnotes to this table, the Company believes that the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares of Common Stock indicated.

Directors, Officers and 5% Stockholders	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Shares of Series A Preferred Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Series A Preferred Stock Beneficially Owned
AKMN Irrevocable Trust[(1)(2)(3)]	160,101,110	70.6%	2,000,000	100.00%
Matt Nicosia[(1)(3)]	78,500	*		

(1) The address for these stockholders is: c/o Vivakor, Inc., 8565 S. Eastern Ave., Ste 150, Las Vegas, NV 89123.
(2) Matt Nicosia is the trustee of the Trust, of which Johnathan Nicosia is the beneficiary. Matt Nicosia disclaims beneficial ownership of these shares.
(3) Restricted stock. In accordance with laws and regulations set forth by the Securities Exchange Commission, restricted stock remains restricted even when assigned to a third party.

* Less than 1%

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

It is our practice and policy to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations regarding related-person transactions, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. A related person is an executive officer, director or more than 5% stockholder of Vivakor, including any immediate family members, and any entity owned or controlled by such persons. Our Board of Directors

(excluding any interested director) is charged with reviewing and approving all related-person transactions, and a special committee of our Board of Directors is established to negotiate the terms of such transactions. In considering related-person transactions, our Board of Directors takes into account all relevant available facts and circumstances.

Related Party Transactions

The Company has a common officer with VivaCeuticals, Inc. As of March 31, 2016 and 2015 the Company had notes receivable from VivaCeuticals, Inc., in the amount of $2,752,860 and $2,754,860 in a secured lending agreement.

Director Independence

Our Board of Directors has adopted the definition of "independence" as described under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Sarbanes-Oxley) Section 301, Rule 10A-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act) and NASDAQ Rules 4200 and 4350. Our Board of Directors has determined that none of its members meet the independence requirements.

ISSUER CERTIFICATION

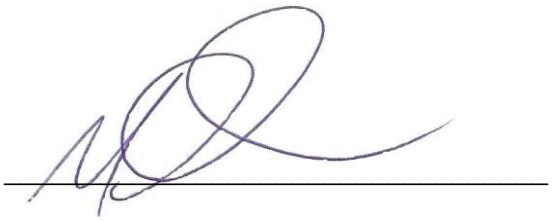
I, Matt Nicosia, Chief Executive Officer of Vivakor, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report of Vivakor, Inc.

2. Based on my knowledge, this Quarterly Report does not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state any fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by the Quarterly Report; and

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this Quarterly Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of Vivakor, Inc. as of, and for, the periods presented in this Quarterly Report.

May 16, 2016



Matt Nicosia, CEO

VIVAKOR, INC.
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated Financial Statements of Vivakor, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015	F-2
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Three Months Ended March 31, 2016 and 2015	F-6
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See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

VIVAKOR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 758,096	$ 1,041,635
Precious metals concentrate	2,380,880	2,108,729
Marketable securities	-	386,498
Accounts receivable	105,469	257,586
Deferred tax asset	44,354	44,354
Deposits	39,234	39,234
Total current assets	3,328,033	3,878,036
Property and equipment, net	8,356,726	8,321,094
Intellectual property, net	9,687,500	9,750,000
Other investments	165,234	165,234
Notes receivable	3,012,553	2,864,996
Total assets	$ 24,550,046	$ 24,979,360
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	$ 93,111	$ 104,811
Grant payable	166,789	166,789
Notes payable	295,849	526,503
Total current liabilities	555,749	798,103
Deferred revenue- oil production contracts	948,915	333,360
Total liabilities	1,504,664	1,131,463
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, $.001 par value; 450,000,000 shares authorized; Series A- 2,000,000 issued and outstanding as of 2016 and 2015	2,000	2,000
Series B- 12.5%, cumulative, 79,595,284 and 79,820,284 issued and outstanding as of 2016 and 2015	79,595	79,820
Series B-1- 1,814,419 and none issued and outstanding as of 2016 and 2015	1,814	-
Common stock, $.001 par value; 1,2500,000,000 shares authorized; 226,918,350 and 206,893,350 were issued and outstanding as of 2016 and 2015	226,918	206,893
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,730)	-
Additional paid-in capital, preferred stock	17,860,343	17,453,328
Additional paid-in capital, common stock	16,195,049	6,210,074
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(1,524,913)	(925,269)
Accumulated deficit	(9,832,625)	(9,218,603)
Non-controlling interest	39,931	10,039,654
Total stockholders' equity	23,045,382	23,847,897
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	$ 24,550,046	$ 24,979,360

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

VIVAKOR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	**2015**
Revenues	$ 164,606	$ 273,681
Cost of revenues	13,615	-
Gross profit	150,991	273,681
Operating expenses:		
Sales and marketing	4,000	23,369
General and administrative	174,309	85,218
Amortization and depreciation	124,628	62,500
Total operating expenses	302,937	171,087
Income from operations	(151,946)	102,594
Interest expense	(7,395)	(13,045)
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	(159,340)	89,549
Provision for income taxes	(800)	(800)
Net income (loss)	(160,141)	88,749
Less: Subsidiary net loss attributable to the non-controlling interest	(69)	-
Net income (loss) attributable to Vivakor, Inc.	$ (160,072)	$ 88,749
Basic earnings per share	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)
Diluted earnings per share	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)
Weighted average shares - Basic	222,297,196	203,772,612
Weighted average shares - Diluted	325,561,899	284,233,609

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

VIVAKOR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	**2015**
Net income (loss)	$ (160,072)	$ 88,749
Other comprehensive income:		
Unrealized gain (loss) on precious metal concentrate, net of tax	90,453	(42,407)
Unrealized loss on oil production contracts	(545,555)	-
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax	(193,249)	3,285
Total other comprehensive income	(648,351)	(39,122)
Comprehensive loss	$ (808,423)	$ 49,627

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

VIVAKOR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock			Common Stock							
	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Shares	Amount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Accum. Other Comp. Income	Accum. (Deficit)	Non-controlling Interest	Equity
January 1, 2015	57,763,117	$ 57,763	55,763,077	204,685,830	$ 204,686	$ 5,178,842	$ -	$ 168,501	$ (7,843,394)	$ -	$ 10,363,055
Issuance of subs. shares to non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40,000	40,000
Issuance of subsidiary shares for acquisition of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000,000	10,000,000
Issuance of Preferred Stock for services	235,000	235	46,765	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	47,000
Issuance stock for a reduction in liabilities	30,000	30	7,470	107,520	107	13,332	-	-	-	-	20,939
Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common Stock	(100,000)	(100)	(19,900)	100,000	100	19,900	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of Preferred Stock to production contracts	(875,000)	(875)	(174,125)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(175,000)
Issuance of Preferred Stock or acquisition of assets	-	-	-	2,000,000	2,000	998,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Issuance of Preferred Stock for cash	17,043,960	17,044	3,391,748	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,408,792
Interest distribution- Series B Preferred	5,933,433	5,933	1,477,256	-	-	-	-	-	(1,483,189)	-	-
Equity restructure	1,789,774	1,790	127,457	-	-	-	-	-	(18,746)	-	110,501
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	126,726	(346)	126,380
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,093,770)	-	-	(1,093,770)
December 31, 2015	81,820,284	81,820	17,453,328	206,893,350	206,893	6,210,074	-	(925,269)	(9,218,603)	10,039,654	23,847,897
Conversion of subsidiary shares to Preferred Stock	-	-	-	20,000,000	20,000	9,980,000	-	-	-	(10,000,000)	-
Conversion of Preferred Stock to Common Stock	(25,000)	(25)	(4,975)	25,000	25	4,975	-	-	-	-	-
Conversion of Preferred Stock to production contracts	(1,000,000)	(1,000)	(199,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(200,000)
Issuance of Preferred Stock for cash	800,000	800	159,200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	160,000
Interest distribution- Series B-1 Preferred Stock	1,814,419	1,814	451,790	-	-	-	-	-	(453,604)	-	-
Treasury Stock	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,730)	-	-	-	(2,730)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(160,418)	277	(160,141)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(599,644)	-	-	(599,644)
March 31, 2016	83,409,703	$ 83,409	17,860,343	226,918,350	$ 226,918	$ 16,195,049	$ (2,730)	$ (1,524,913)	$ (9,832,625)	$ 39,931	$ 23,045,382

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

VIVAKOR, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2016	**2015**
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income (loss)	$ (160,141)	$ 88,749
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	124,628	62,500
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(127,883)	(25,417)
Precious metal concentrate	(132,991)	(248,264)
Deposits	-	(3,225)
Accounts payable	(11,700)	800
Accrued interest	7,395	13,044
Net cash used in operating activities	(300,692)	(111,813)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of equipment	(97,760)	(52,356)
Purchase of other investments and securities	-	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(97,760)	(25,000)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Issuance of notes receivable	(147,557)	(1,017,844)
Payment of notes payable	(44,800)	-
Issuance of production contracts	150,000	-
Issuance of preferred stock	160,000	1,100,800
Purchase of treasury stock	(2,730)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	114,913	82,956
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(283,539)	(81,213)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,041,635	1,205,577
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	$ 758,096	$ 1,124,364
SUPPLEMENTAL CASHFLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid for interest on notes payable	$ 4,800	$ -
Noncash transactions**:**		
Common Stock issued for a reduction of liabilities	$ 13,439	$ 13,439
Series B Preferred shares issued for a reduction of notes payable	$ 54,500	$ 7,500
Series B Preferred shares converted to oil production contracts	$ 175,000	$ -
Common Stock issued to acquire assets	$ 1,000,000	$ 1,000,000
Subsidiary's stock issued to non-controlling interest to acquire assets	$ 10,000,000	$ 10,000,000
Stock interest distribution to Series B Preferred shareholders	$ 1,483,189	$ 306,553

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

VIVAKOR, INC.
NOTES TO THE CONSOLDIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Vivakor, Inc. (collectively "we," "us," "our," "Vivakor" or the "Company") is a Nevada corporation with offices in Las Vegas, Nevada, Pleasant Hill, Iowa and Irvine, California and is an asset acquisition company that develops and acquires assets that generate revenue currently or in the near term. The Company acquires technologies and assets in the fields of precious minerals, petroleum, biotechnology, and alternative energy.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for financial information and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission applicable to interim financial information. Accordingly, certain information normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has been condensed and/or omitted. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included (consisting of normal recurring adjustments). The results for the interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Vivakor, Inc., its wholly-owned and majority owned active subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"). Intercompany balances and transactions between consolidated entities are eliminated.

Prior Period Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables are carried at original invoice amount less an estimated allowance for doubtful accounts, if deemed necessary by management, and based on a review of all outstanding amounts on a monthly basis. Management determines the allowance for doubtful accounts, if any, by identifying troubled accounts and by using historical experience applied to an aging of accounts. No allowance for doubtful accounts was considered necessary by management as of March 31, 2016.

Precious Metal Concentrate

Precious metal concentrate includes metal concentrates located either at the Company's facilities or in transit to its customer's port. Concentrates consist of gold, silver, platinum, palladium and rhodium. Interest in precious metals are received as payment in commodity for interest in production from operating and lending agreements on production and are acquired at the market price. Precious metal concentrate reserves are evaluated on a quarterly basis and valued at the lower of average acquisition cost or quoted market value prices. Adjustments typically do not vary materially from production estimates; however, mark-to-market price adjustments could vary materially based on the precious metals market.

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Property includes mineral rights that we own. Equipment includes precious metal extraction machines, other equipment, and construction-in-process of oil extraction production machines. Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, $62,128 and $620 depreciation expense was recognized. The precious metals extraction machines were purchased in December 2015, and no depreciation expense was realized for the oil extraction machine as it is still under construction and has not been placed into production.

Cost Method Investments

Initial investments in equity securities are recorded at cost and subsequently adjusted to fair value if fair value is readily determinable; otherwise, the investment remains at cost. As of March 31, 2016, the Company has a non-controlling interest in the following entities: VivaCeuticals, Inc. (approximately 15%), a private company, VivaVentures Precious Metals, LLC (approximately 39%), a private company, and Odyssey Group International, Inc. (approximately 2%), which has registered with the SEC, but is not yet actively trading, nor valued on an active securities exchange. As of March 31, 2016, the Company is considered to hold a non-controlling interest in VivaVentures Precious Metals LLC due to the lack of voting rights that are carried with its 39% interest, and the investee's management is independent of the Company. The Company does not exercise significant influence over these investees, and the investments are accounted for using the cost method and included in "Other investments".

Convertible Instruments

The Company reviews the terms of convertible debt and preferred stock for indications requiring bifurcation, and separate accounting for the embedded conversion feature. Generally, embedded conversion features where the ability to physical or net-share settle the conversion option is not within the control of the Company or the number of shares is variable are bifurcated and accounted for as derivative financial instruments. (See Derivative Financial Instruments below). Bifurcation of the embedded derivative instrument requires allocation of the proceeds first to the fair value of the embedded derivative instrument with the residual allocated to the host instrument. The resulting discount to the debt instrument or to the redemption value of convertible preferred securities is accreted through periodic charges to interest expense over the term of the note or to dividends over the period to earliest conversion date using the effective interest rate method, respectively.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge exposures to cash-flow or market risks. However, certain other financial instruments, such as warrants to purchase the Company's common stock and the embedded conversion features of debt and preferred instruments that are not considered indexed to the Company's common stock are classified as liabilities when either (a) the holder possesses rights to net-cash settlement, (b) physical or net share settlement is not within the control of the Company, or (c) based on its anti-dilutive provisions. In such instances, net-cash settlement is assumed for financial accounting and reporting. Such financial instruments are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently adjusted to fair value at the close of each reporting period. Fair value for option-based derivative financial instruments is determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model.

Other convertible instruments that are not derivative financial instruments are accounted for by recording the intrinsic value of the embedded conversion feature as a discount from the initial value of the instrument and accreting it back to face value over the period to the earliest conversion date using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when all four of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists; (ii) delivery of the products and/or services has occurred; (iii) the fees earned can be readily determined; and (iv) collectability of the fees is reasonably assured. The Company recognizes revenue from research contracts as services are performed under the agreements. The Company records grant revenues as the expenses related to the grant projects are incurred. Up front license fee revenues are deferred and recognized over the term of the license on a straight-line basis.

Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by subtracting any preferred interest distributions from net income, all divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding for the period, without consideration for common stock equivalents. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing the net income by the weighted-average number of common share equivalents outstanding for the period determined using the treasury-stock method if their effect is dilutive.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Marketable Securities

For the three months ended March 31, 2016 there were no marketable securities. For the year ended December 31, 2015, marketable securities consist of equity securities recorded at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Valuations for marketable securities are based on quoted prices for identical assets in active markets.

4. Notes Receivable

The Company has lending agreements for investments that state the Company is to receive an interest in production or sales (dependent upon the lending agreement) until the notes are paid in full. Notes receivable from these lending agreements were $3,012,553 and $2,864,996 as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

5. Convertible Notes Payable

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company carried notes payable that may convert to stock in the amount of $223,381 and $262,616. The notes convert at the holder's option after 1 year of issuance, and may be converted into shares of common stock. In 2014 the Company also entered into long term convertible notes in the amount of $61,000. These notes bear interest at 12% per annum and mature 24 months from the date of investment. The balance of such notes was $72,468 and $70,638 as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. The notes convert at the holder's option at the end of the term, and may be converted into shares of common stock. The conversion price for all convertible notes is generally equal to 10% of the average of the lowest three closing bid price on the Over-the-Counter Bulletin Board in the ten-day trading period prior to the date of the notice of conversion, or specified per share conversion rate a noted in the debt agreements, which ever less. The note may be prepaid without the holder's consent.

6. Stockholders' Equity

Series A, Series B, and Series B-1 Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 450,000,000 shares of preferred stock. The Company has issued 2,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock. Shares of Series A Preferred Stock are restricted for 5 years from the date of issuance, and currently may only be converted to Common Stock upon liquidation of the Company (with a current conversion ratio of 10 shares of Common Stock for each outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock), and such restrictions remain with these shares even if the stock were assigned to a third party. The conversion price is subject to adjustment under certain customary circumstances, including as a result of stock splits and combinations, dividends and distributions and certain issuances of common stock. Holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have the right to 25 votes for each share of Common Stock into which such shares of Series A Preferred Stock can then be converted (with a current conversion ratio of 10 shares of Common Stock for each outstanding share of Series A Preferred Stock) and the right to a liquidation preference. Holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock are not currently entitled to dividends. The Company has the right, but not the obligation, to redeem shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

The Company has issued 79,595,284 and 79,820,284 of Series B Preferred Stock as of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015. Shares of Series B Preferred Stock are convertible one year after issuance, at any time at the option of the holder, into shares of Common Stock (with a current conversion ratio of one share of Common Stock for each outstanding share of Series B Preferred Stock). In addition, automatic conversion of shares of Series B Preferred Stock into shares of Common Stock may occur due to public offerings entered into or by written consent of a majority of the holders of Series B Preferred Stock. The conversion price is subject to adjustment under certain customary circumstances, including as a result of stock splits and combinations, dividends and distributions and certain issuances of common stock. The Company has the right, but not the obligation, to redeem shares of Series B Preferred Stock one year after issuance. Holders of Series B Preferred Stock will have the right to one vote for each share. Dividends are 12.5% and cumulative and are payable only when, as and if declared by the Board of Directors.

The Company has issued 1,814,419 of Series B-1 Preferred Stock as of March 31, 2016. Shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock are convertible one year after issuance, at any time at the option of the holder, into shares of Common Stock (with a current conversion ratio of one share of Common Stock for each outstanding share). In addition, automatic conversion of shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock into shares of Common Stock may occur due to public offerings entered into or by written consent of a majority of the holders of Series B-1 Preferred Stock. The conversion price is subject to adjustment under certain customary circumstances, including as a result of stock splits and combinations, dividends and distributions and certain issuances of common stock. The Company has the right, but not the obligation, to redeem shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock one year after issuance. Holders of Series B-1 Preferred Stock have no voting or dividend rights.

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, $5,000 and $20,000 of Series B Preferred Stock was converted into 25,000 and 100,000 shares of Common Stock.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company issued 800,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for $160,000 cash.

For the three months ended March 31, 2016, the Company has issued 1,814,419 shares of Series B-1 Preferred Stock as a $453,604 stock interest distribution to Series B Preferred Shareholders.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, debt holders of the Company converted $7,500 of convertible debt and related interest expense into 30,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock. The Company also issued 235,000 shares of Series B Preferred Stock for a $47,000 reduction in accounts payable. The Company issued 17,043,960 of Series B Preferred Stock for $3,048,792 cash.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company has issued 5,933,433 shares of Series B Preferred Stock as a $1,483,189 stock interest distribution to Series B Preferred Shareholders. Series B Preferred shareholders also converted $20,000 of Series B Preferred Stock into 100,000 shares of Common Stock.

Common Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 1,250,000,000 shares of common stock. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, there were 226,918,350 and 206,893,350 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding. Treasury stock is carried at cost.

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, $5,000 and $20,000 of Series B Preferred Stock was converted into 25,000 and 100,000 shares of Common Stock.

On January 22, 2016, our majority owned subsidiary's shareholder converted its minority interest ($10,000,000) into 20,000,000 shares of Vivakor Common Stock.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, convertible debt holders converted $13,439 of convertible debt and related interest expense into 107,520 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Company also issued 2,000,000 shares of Common Stock to acquire mineral rights containing oil-sand deposits. All of these conversions carry liquidation restrictions limited to 10% of the 10-day average once every 90 days.

7. Income Taxes

As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 201, the Company has a net deferred tax asset of $1,962,102 and 1,906,357 consisting of net operating loss carryforwards net of an effective offsetting valuation allowance of 100%. Deferred tax assets represent future tax benefits to be received when certain expenses and losses previously recognized in the financial statements become deductible under applicable income tax laws. The realization of deferred tax assets is dependent on future taxable income against which these deductions can be applied. Due to previous consecutive losses the Company has only realized a deferred tax asset in the amount of tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2015, which was estimated to be $44,354. The Company has established the valuation allowance because it is more likely than not that all or a portion of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Periodic adjustments will be made to the valuation allowance in future periods if there are changes in the evidence of realizability.

8. Related Party Transactions

The Company has a common officer with VivaCeuticals, Inc. As of March 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company had notes receivable from VivaCeuticals, Inc., in the amount of $2,752,860 and $2,754,860 in a secured lending agreement.

9. Subsequent Events

On April 28, 2016 the Company entered into a Royalty Agreement, in which the Company purchased a revenue stream in enhanced oil recovery services in YPFB Andina in Bolivia through the holder of an EOR Contract. For $250,000 the Company will receive a royalty of $2.00 per barrel of oil under the agreement and is entitled to the first right of refusal to all future EOR services with its servicing contact throughout the world.