CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INTIGOLD MINES LTD.

(an exploration stage company)

Nine Months Ended April 30, 2015 and 2014

(Presented in Canadian dollars)

(Unaudited – See Notice)

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INTIGOLD MINES LTD.

Notice of No Auditor Review

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors.

The Company's independent auditors have been not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standard established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of Condensed Consolidated interim financial statements by an entity's auditors. Readers are cautioned that these statements may not be appropriate for their purpose.

"Lori McClenahan"

Lori McClenahan

President and Director

INTIGOLD MINES LTD.
(an exploration stage company)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Unaudited - prepared by management)
As at April 30, 2015 and July 31, 2014
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	April 30, 2015	July 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 149,771	$ 2,265
Accounts receivable	11,815	13,517
Interest receivable	10	17
Prepaid expense	16,685	3,088
Restricted cash (Note 5)	6,000	6,000
Total current assets	184,281	24,887
Fixed assets (Note 6)	4,816	5,580
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 7)	36,500	36,500
Total assets	$ 225,597	$ 66,967
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 9)	$ 420,400	396,507
Loan pavable	2,000	-
Obligation to issue shares	13,000	28,000
Due to related parties (Note 9)	2,414	91,414
Total current liabilities	437,814	515,921
Shareholders' equity:		
Share capital (Note 10)	5,281,036	4,798,841
Reserves		
Equity settled employee benefits (Note 10e)	1,497,519	1,359,836
Warrants (Note 10d)	839,211	769,548
Deficit	(7,667,378)	(7,234,924)
Total shareholders' equity:	(49,612)	(306,699)
Non - Controlling Interest	(162,605)	(142,255)
Total Shareholders' equity	(212,217)	(448,954)
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities	$ 225,597	$ 66,967

Going concern (Note 2)

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on June 24, 2015. They were signed on its behalf by:

APPROVED BY THE DIRECTORS

"Lori McClenahan"
Lori McClenahan, President and Director

"Paul McDonald"
Paul McDonald, Director

INTIGOLD MINES LTD.
(an exploration stage company)
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(Unaudited - prepared by management)
For the Nine Months Ended April 30, 2015 and 2014
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30, 2015	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2015	April 30, 2014
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Consulting (Note 9)	$ 70,550	$ 39,000	$ 172,421	$ 120,000
Amortization expense	1,594	2,211	4,977	7,858
Exploration expense (Note 7)	-	20,000	-	20,520
Office and general expenses	35,231	33,626	65,958	89,818
Professional fees	17,320	19,768	40,892	49,070
Stock-based compensation (Note 9d, 10e)	104,806	-	157,582	70,672
Transfer agent, listing and filing fees	7,809	8,347	11,009	15,223
Total operating expenses	237,310	122,952	452,839	373,161
Operating loss	(237,310)	(122,952)	(452,839)	(373,161)
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Interest income	12	46	35	132
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	(1,150)	-	(1,150)
Tax credit of mineral exploration expense	-	6,693	-	21,700
Write-off of exploration and evaluation asset (Note 7d)	-	-	-	(163,353)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(237,298)	(117,363)	(452,804)	(515,832)
Total comprehensive loss for the period attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	(221,497)	(103,979)	(432,454)	(494,442)
Non-controlling interest	(15,801)	(13,384)	(20,350)	(21,390)
	(237,298)	(117,363)	(452,804)	(515,832)
Loss per share - basic and diluted	$ (0.01)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.01)	$ (0.02)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	38,283,412	30,977,844	34,479,339	30,832,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

INTIGOLD MINES LTD.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited - prepared by management)
For the Periods Ended April 30, 2015 and 2014
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Common Shares		Equity Settled Employee			Non-Controlling	Total Shareholders'
	Shares	Amount	Benefits	Warrants	Deficit	Interest	Equity
Balance, July 31, 2013	30,527,282	$ 4,621,411	$ 1,339,259	$ 769,548	$ (5,030,190)	$ (111,843)	$ 1,588,185
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to exercise of options	640,000	64,000	-	-	-	-	64,000
Transfer share capital on exercise options	-	52,812	(52,812)	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	70,672	-	-	-	70,672
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(494,442)	(21,390)	(515,832)
Balance, April 30, 2014	31,167,282	$ 4,738,223	$ 1,357,119	$ 769,548	$ (5,524,632)	$ (133,233)	$ 1,207,025
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to exercise of options	335,000	33,500	-	-	-	-	33,500
Transfer share capital on exercise options	-	27,118	(27,118)	-	-	-	-
Stock-based compensation	-	-	29,835	-	-	-	29,835
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,710,292)	(9,022)	(1,719,314)
Balance, July 31, 2014	31,502,282	$ 4,798,841	$ 1,359,836	$ 769,548	$ (7,234,924)	$ (142,255)	$ (448,954)
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to private placement	6,480,000	324,000	-	-	-	-	324,000
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to exercise of options	265,000	26,500	-	-	-	-	26,500
Issuance of common shares for cash pursuant to exercise of warrants	1,305,596	195,839	-	-	-	-	195,839
Issuance of common shares for consulting fee	13,000	650	-	(280)	-	-	370
Issuance of common shares for finders' fee	45,000	2,250	-	-	-	-	2,250
Issuance of warrants	-	(138,270)	-	138,270	-	-	-
Transfer share capital on exercise options	-	19,899	(19,899)	-	-	-	-
Transfer share capital on exercise warrants	-	61,072	-	(61,072)	-	-	-
Share issue costs and finders' fee	-	(9,745)	-	(7,255)	-	-	(17,000)
Stock-based compensation	-	-	157,582	-	-	-	157,582
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(432,454)	(20,350)	(452,804)
Balance, April 30, 2015	39,610,878	$ 5,281,036	$ 1,497,519	$ 839,211	$ (7,667,378)	$ (162,605)	$ (212,217)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

INTIGOLD MINES LTD.
(an exploration stage company)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited - prepared by management)
For the Nine Months Ended April 30, 2015 and 2014
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	April 30, 2015	April 30, 2014	April 30, 2015	April 30, 2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net loss for the period	$ (237,298)	$ (117,363)	$ (452,804)	$ (515,832)
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization	1,594	2,211	4,977	7,858
Stock-based compensation (Note 10e)	104,806	-	157,582	70,672
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	1,150	-	1,150
Share issued for services	-	-	370	-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation asset (Note 7d)	-	-	-	163,353
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Decrease in accounts receivables and prepaid expenses	(4,779)	(1,709)	(11,895)	31,503
(Increase) in interest receivables	2	(5)	7	9
(Increase) in exploration advances	-	20,000	-	-
Increase in due to related parties	2,414	17,396	(89,000)	91,414
Increase in loan payable	2,000	-	2,000	-
(Decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	36,562	34,063	23,893	40,273
Cash used in operating activities	(94,699)	(44,257)	(364,870)	(109,600)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of equipment	(4,213)	-	(4,213)	-
Sale of capital assets	-	3,400	-	3,400
Cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	(4,213)	3,400	(4,213)	3,400
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Share subscriptions received	13,000	-	(15,000)	-
Common Shares and warrants issued for cash, net of share issuance cost	-	-	309,250	-
Exercise of warrants for cash	195,839	-	195,839	-
Exercise of options for cash	26,500	36,000	26,500	64,000
Cash generated from financing activities	235,339	36,000	516,589	64,000
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	136,427	(4,857)	147,506	(42,200)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the period	13,344	5,265	2,265	42,608
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the period	$ 149,771	$ 408	$ 149,771	$ 408
Supplementary cash flow information				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Intigold Mines Ltd., ("the Company") is a development stage enterprise that has incurred significant losses to date and currently does not earn revenues. The Company is a junior mineral exploration company currently engaged in the acquisition and exploration of precious metals on mineral properties located in British Columbia, Canada. The Company is also engaged in non-mining activities in the social media sector as a result of acquiring control over TTAGIT Social Networks Inc., ("TTAGIT") on November 14, 2012. TTAGIT's location of business is in Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada. The Company was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on April 18, 2008, and has continued business under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange, having the symbol IGD-V, as a tier 2 mining issuer. The address of the Company's corporate office and principal base of business is 304 – 700 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including *International Accounting Standard ("*IAS*")* 34*, Interim Financial Reporting*, and the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee *("*IFRIC*").*

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified as available for sale which are stated at their fair value. These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the discharge of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The Company incurred a net loss of $452,804 during the nine months ended April 30, 2015 and has a cash balance and a working capital deficiency of $149,771 and $253,533, respectively, as at April 30, 2015. The Company's ability to meet its obligations as they fall due and to continue to operate as a going concern is dependent on the continued financial support of the creditors and the shareholders. In the past, the Company has relied on sales of equity securities to meet its cash requirements. There can be no assurance that funding from this or other sources will be sufficient in the future to continue and develop its mineral properties and provide funding to TTAGIT.

Even if the Company is able to obtain new financing, it may not be on commercially reasonable terms or terms that are acceptable to it. Failure to obtain such financing on a timely basis or extensions on the option agreements could cause the Company to reduce or terminate its operations. The above indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2.1 Upcoming Changes in Accounting Standards

The following standards and amendments to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning August 1, 2014, or later periods:

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND GOING CONCERN (continued)

2.1 Upcoming Changes in Accounting Standards (continued)

Investment Entities (Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27)
These amendments provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity under IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and must be applied retrospectively, subject to certain transition relief. The exception to consolidation requires investment entities to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss. These amendments have no impact on the Group, since none of the entities in the Group qualifies to be an investment entity under IFRS 10.

Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities – Amendments to IAS 32
These amendments clarify the meaning of currently has a legally enforceable right to set-off and the criteria for non-simultaneous settlement mechanisms of clearing houses to qualify for offsetting and is applied retrospectively.

Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting – Amendments to IAS 39
These amendments provide relief from discontinuing hedge accounting when novation of a derivative designated as a hedging instrument meets certain criteria and retrospective application is required.

IFRIC 21 Levies
IFRIC 21 clarifies that an entity recognises a liability for a levy when the activity that triggers payments, as identified by the relevant legislation, occurs. For a levy that is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold, the interpretation clarifies that no liability should be anticipated before the specified minimum threshold is reached. Retrospective application is required for IFRIC 21.

Management anticipates that the above standards will be adopted in the Company's financial statements for the period beginning August 1, 2014, and has not yet considered the impact of the adoption of these standards.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by the Company's entities.

3.1 Principles of Consolidation

Subsidiaries

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements comprise the financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiary, Ttagit Social Networks Inc. ("Ttagit"), as at April 30, 2015. Ttagit is fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Company obtained control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full. The net assets and net profit attributable to outside shareholders are presented as amounts attributable to non-controlling interests in the condensed consolidated interim statement of financial position and condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Fixed assets

(i) Cost and Valuation

Fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. When an asset is disposed of, it is derecognized and the difference between its carrying value and net sales proceeds is recognized as a gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Fixed assets include expenditures incurred on computer hardware, furniture and equipment which are recorded at cost on initial acquisition. Cost includes the purchase price and the directly attributable costs of acquisition or construction required to bring an asset to the location and condition necessary for the asset to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

(ii) Depreciation

Furniture and equipment is depreciated over a declining balance basis over the estimated useful life of assets and computer hardware is depreciated on a straight line basis over the life of assets. Where components of an asset have a different useful life and cost that is significant to the total cost of the asset, depreciation is calculated on each separate component. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each year.

Computer hardware	Straight – line method	33%
Furniture and equipment	Declining balance	20% to 30%

3.3 Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration expenditures reflect the capitalised costs related to the initial search for mineral deposits with economic potential or obtaining more information about existing mineral deposits. Exploration expenditures typically include costs associated with acquisition of rights to explore, prospecting, sampling, mapping, diamond drilling and other work involved in searching for ore. Evaluation expenditures reflect costs incurred at exploration projects related to establishing the technical and commercial viability of mineral deposits identified through exploration or acquired through a business combination or asset acquisition. Evaluation expenditures include the cost of:

i) establishing the volume and grade of deposits through drilling of core samples, trenching and sampling activities in an ore body that is classified as either a mineral resource or a proven and probable reserve,

ii) determining the optimal methods of extraction and metallurgical and treatment processes,

iii) studies related to surveying, transportation and infrastructure requirements,

iv) permitting activities, and

v) economic evaluations to determine whether development of the mineralized material is commercially justified, including scoping, prefeasibility and final feasibility studies.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.3 Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

From time to time, the Company may acquire or dispose of mineral interests pursuant to the terms of option agreements. Due to the fact that options are exercisable entirely at the discretion of the optionee, the amounts payable or receivable are not recorded. Option payments are recorded as resource property costs or recoveries when the payments are made or received. The Company does not accrue the estimated costs of maintaining its interests in good standing.

From time to time the Company may issue shares for option-in agreements in respect of acquisition of mineral interests. These equity-settled share-based payment transactions are measured by reference to the fair value of the entity instruments granted and the corresponding increase in equity.

The Company capitalises its acquisition costs and expenses all of the exploration and evaluation costs.

3.4 Research and Development

Development activities involve a plan or design for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes. Development expenditure is capitalized only if development costs can be measured reliably, the product or process is technically and commercially feasible, future economic benefits are probable, and the Company intends to and has sufficient resources to complete development and to use or sell the asset. The expenditure capitalized includes the cost of materials, direct labour and overhead costs that are directly attributable to preparing the asset for its intended use. Other development expenditure is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure on research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new scientific or technical knowledge and understanding, is recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

3.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Other long-lived assets are reviewed for impairment at each date of the statement of financial position is to determine whether circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment test is performed when the impairment indicators demonstrate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is he greater of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. The estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

3.6 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.7 Trade Payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Due to related parties are amounts due to Directors and Officers of the Company which are incurred in the carrying out their respective duties as Directors and Officers of the Company. Due to related parties are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.8 Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Common shares held by the Company are classified as treasury stock and recorded as a reduction to shareholders' equity.

3.9 Share-Based Payment Transactions

The Company applies the fair value method of accounting for all stock option awards. Under this method the Company recognizes a compensation expense for all stock options awarded to employees, based on the fair value of the options on the date of grant which is determined by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model for stock option awards, and the quoted market value of the shares for restricted share units. The fair value of the options is expensed over the vesting period of the options. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest.

All equity shared-based payments are reflected in equity settled employee benefits, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected equity settled employee benefits is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid. Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognises the amount that otherwise would have been recognised for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognised as an expense.

3.10 Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Rehabilitation and Restoration

Provision is made for rehabilitation and restoration when an obligation is incurred. The provision is recognised as a liability with a corresponding asset recognised in relation to the mine site. At each reporting date the rehabilitation liability is re-measured in line with changes in discount rates, and timing or amount of the costs to be incurred. The provision recognised represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future costs required. Significant estimates and assumptions are made in determining the amount of restoration and rehabilitation provisions. Those estimates and assumptions deal with uncertainties such as: requirements of the relevant legal and regulatory framework; the magnitude of necessary remediation activities and the timing, extent and costs of required restoration and rehabilitation activity. These uncertainties may result in future actual expenditure differing from the amounts currently provided. The provision recognised is periodically reviewed and updated based on the facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes to the estimated future costs for operating sites are recognised in the statement of financial position by adjusting both the restoration and rehabilitation asset and provision. Such changes give rise to a change in future depreciation and financial charges. As at April 30, 2015 and July 31, 2014, the Company had no rehabilitation and restoration costs.

3.12 Earnings per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its common shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares, which comprise warrants and share options granted to employees.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed at each period end. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include assumptions and estimates relating to fair values for purposes of purchase price allocations for asset acquisitions, asset impairment analysis, share-based payments and warrants, valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets and assessing and evaluating contingencies. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Restricted cash consists of security of deposits for the Ministry of Energy Mines and Petroleum. For the period ended April 30, 2015, the security deposits balance for the Ministry of Energy Mines and Petroleum was $6,000 (July 31, 2014: $6,000).

6. FIXED ASSETS

	Computer hardware	Furniture and equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at July 31, 2013	$ 29,104	$ 681	$ 29,785
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	(13,429)	-	(13,429)
Balance at July 31, 2014	**$ 15,675**	**$ 681**	**$ 16,356**
Depreciation			
Balance at July 31, 2013	$ 9,792	$ 310	$ 10,102
Depreciation for the year	9,479	74	9,553
Disposals	(8,879)	-	(8,879)
Balance at July 31, 2014	**$ 10,392**	**$ 384**	**$ 10,776**
Carrying amounts			
Balance at July 31, 2013	$ 19,312	$ 371	$ 19,683
Balance at July 31, 2014	**$ 5,283**	**$ 297**	**$ 5,580**

`	Computer hardware	Furniture and equipment	Total
Cost			
Balance at July 31, 2014	$ 15,675	$ 681	$ 16,356
Additions	4,213	-	4,213
Balance at April 30, 2015	**$ 19,888**	**$ 681**	**$ 20,569**
Depreciation			
Balance at July 31, 2014	$ 10,392	$ 384	$ 10,776
Depreciation for the period	4,932	45	4,977
Balance at April 30, 2015	**$ 15,324**	**$ 429**	**$ 15,753**
Carrying amounts			
Balance at July 31, 2014	$ 5,283	$ 297	$ 5,580
Balance at April 30, 2015	**$ 4,564**	**$ 252**	**$ 4,816**

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee a clear title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements and regulatory requirements. The Company is not aware of any disputed claims of title.

The Company's mineral properties include the following:

	April 30, 2015	July 31, 2014
Scandie, Canada	$ 31,500	$ 31,500
Donnamore, Canada	5,000	5,000
	$ 36,500	$ 36,500

The Company's exploration expenditures that were not capitalised are:

	2015						2014
	Total	Cueva Blanca Peru	Beaverdell Canada	Donnamore Canada	Gold Post Canada	Other Canada	Total
	$	$	$	$	$	$	$
General (other)	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,000
Professional fees and wages	-	-	-	-	-	-	520
	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,520
Exploration and development expenditures, beginning of the period	453,993	3,000	370,668	30,411	25,000	4,394	433,473
Exploration and development expenditures, cumulative to date	453,993	3,000	370,668	30,411	25,000	4,394	453,993

(a) Beaverdell Property, Canada

On August 15, 2007, as amended August 20, 2007, and January 15, 2010, the Company entered into a Property Purchase Agreement (collectively the "Property Agreement") with St. Elias (the "Optionor"), a company listed on the Exchange. Under the terms of the Property Agreement, the Company holds the right to acquire a 100% interest (subject to a 1.5% net smelter royalty) in certain mineral claims referred to as the Beaverdell Property. Pursuant to the terms of the Property Agreement, the Company can acquire a 100% interest in the Beaverdell Property by paying $250,000 to the Optionor, issuing 400,000 common shares of the Company to the Optionor and by incurring $1 million in exploration expenditures on the Beaverdell Property to be paid to the Optionor by the Company.

St. Elias has allowed this property to lapse, which effectively cancels the Property Agreement. Accordingly, the Company has written off $1,385,581 for the year ended July 31, 2014.

(b) Scandie Property, British Columbia, Canada

On February 22, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mining claims located in the Greenwood Mining Division, British Columbia for total consideration of $31,500.

7. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (continued)

(c) Donnamore Property, British Columbia, Canada

On February 24, 2011, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mining claims located in the Kamloops Mining Division, British Columbia for total consideration of $5,000.

(d) Goldpost Project, British Columbia, Canada

On April 25, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in certain mining claims located in the Osoyoos Mining Division, British Columbia for total consideration of $163,353 (US$165,000). This property was allowed to lapse and $163,353 was written off to the Statement of Operations during 2014.

(e) Chance E, Peru

On July 17, 2012, the Company entered into an option agreement with St. Elias Mines Ltd., ("St. Elias"), a related party (see note 9), whereby the Company can earn a 60-per-cent interest in the Chance E mineral concession which adjoins St. Elias's wholly owned Tesoro gold project located in southwestern Peru.

Under the terms of the option agreement, the Company can acquire a 60-per-cent interest in the Chance E claim (subject to a 1.5-per-cent net smelter returns royalty (NSR) in consideration of making cash payments of $500,000 to St. Elias, issuing 1,000,000 common shares in the capital of the Company to St. Elias and incurring $1-million in exploration expenditures on the property over a three-year period. The Company's first year commitment under the option agreement is to pay $50,000 to St. Elias and incur $200,000 in exploration expenditures on the property. As at July 31, 2014, the Company had paid $50,000 of options payment and issued 1,000,000 common shares at the price of $0.10 per share.

St. Elias has allowed this property to lapse, which effectively cancels the option agreement. Accordingly, the Company has written off $150,000 for the year ended July 31, 2014.

8. SOCIAL MEDIA TECHNOLOGY

Acquisition of TTAGIT

On May 8, 2012, the Company entered into a Letter Agreement detailing the investment in TTAGIT Social Networking Inc., ("TTAGIT"), a private company. Pursuant to a Letter Agreement, the Company agreed to purchase 51-per-cent interest, subject to a 2.5-per-cent royalty, in TTAGIT in consideration of the Company paying to TTAGIT the aggregate sum of $300,000 in cash, and financing $500,000 for the development and marketing of TTAGIT over a 12-month period.

In addition, the Company shall have the right to purchase 1.5 per cent of the 2.5-per-cent royalty from TTAGIT for the sum of $10-million thereby reducing the royalty payable to TTAGIT from 2.5 per cent to 1.0 per cent.

The total amount of funds advanced to TTAGIT as at July 31, 2012 is $548,717. This amount includes the initial cash payment of $300,000. On November 14, 2012, the Company completed the acquisition of control of TTAGIT Social Networks Inc. The acquisition has been accounted for as an asset acquisition. The purchase consideration was allocated to the fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired on the date of acquisition.

8. SOCIAL MEDIA TECHNOLOGY (continued)

The fair values and the allocation of the purchase consideration are as follows:

Purchase Price	$	800,000
Transaction costs		106,372
	$	906,372

Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	$	21,162
Bank indebtedness		(98)
Equipment		25,806
Accounts payable		(2,000)
Social network technology		1,732,330
		1,777,200
Non-controlling interest		(870,828)
	$	906,372

The difference between the purchase consideration and book values of TTAGIT's net assets has been assigned to Social Network Technology.

The total cost of the acquisition to obtain 51% interest in TTAGIT was $906,372; it implied that the fair value of TTAGIT was $1,777,200. The portion of the fair value of TTAGIT relating to the non-controlling interest is $870,828 to reflect the 49% ownership interest relating to other shareholders.

During the year ended July 31, 2013, the Company incurred and wrote off an additional $145,005 relating to the Social Network Technology. TTAGIT is an online tool that allows individuals to comment on the internet from an individual browser without having to login to several accounts or register with a number of other websites. The Company has filed patents with the International Bureau of World Intellectual Property Organization.

Management has reviewed the amount attributed to the acquired research and development in accordance with IAS 38. As a result of this review, we have determined that the asset is impaired at this time, as management has not completed developing a business plan for the technology, and has not generated any revenue or signed any contracts for use of the technology. Hence $1,877,335 (2012: $nil) was expensed to the statement of operations during the year ended July 31, 2013.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The expenditures charged by related parties to the Company and not disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements consist of the following:

(a) paid or accrued $45,000 (2014 - $45,000) as management fees and consulting fee to the President and to the CEO of the Company.

(b) paid or accrued $45,000 (2014 - $45,000) as consulting fees to the CFO of the Company. The Company also paid $27,000 (2014 - $27,000) as accounting fees to a company controlled by the CFO.

(c) paid or accrued $22,500 (2014 - $nil) as office expense to the president of TTAGIT.

(d) Stock based compensation was $49,594 for the related parties (2014 - $26,717).

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties are made at terms equivalent to those that prevail on similar transactions to non-key management personnel related entities at an arm's length basis.

As at April 30, 2015, there was $123,555 (July 31, 2014 - $108,350) due to the related parties in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

There are common directors and officers for the Company and St. Elias Mines Ltd., and by virtue of this, makes it a related party.

10. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Issued

Issued and outstanding: 39,610,878 common shares (July 31, 2014 – 31,502,282).

10. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(b) Issued

	April 30, 2015		July 31, 2014	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance, beginning of the period	31,502,282	$ 4,798,841	30,527,282	$ 4,621,411
Share issued for:				
Cash				
Exercise of stock options	265,000	$ 26,500	975,000	$ 97,500
Exercise of warrants	1,305,596	$ 195,839	-	$ -
Private placements	6,480,000	$ 324,000	-	$ -
Share issued for consulting services	13,000	$ 650	-	$ -
Finders' fee	-	$ (9,745)	-	$ -
Issuance of warrants	-	$ (138,270)	-	$ -
Issuance of shares for Finders' fee	45,000	$ 2,250	-	$ -
Transfer of reserves on exercise of options	-	$ 19,899	-	$ 79,930
Transfer of reserves on exercise of options	-	$ 61,072	-	$ -
Balance, end of the period	39,610,878	$ 5,281,036	31,502,282	$ 4,798,841

On December 30, 2014, the Company issued a non-brokered private placement of 6,480,000 units at a price of $0.05 per unit resulting in gross proceeds of $324,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one non-transferable share purchase warrant. Each whole warrant entitles the holder to purchase an additional common share of the Company at a price of $0.10 per share for two years expiring on December 30, 2016. In connection with the private placement, finders' fees of $12,500 were paid in cash and 45,000 units were issued.

On December 30, 2014, the Company issued 13,000 units at a deem price of $0.05 per unit to Earl Hope for consulting services.

During the period ended April 30, 2015, the Company issued 265,000 common shares for the exercise of stock options at a price of $0.10 per common share.

During the period ended April 30, 2015, the Company issued 1,305,596 common shares for the exercise of warrants at a price of $0.15 per common share.

Of the issued and outstanding common shares, 2,000,000 are held in escrow and deposited with a trustee under an escrow agreement. Under the escrow agreement, 10% of the escrowed common shares will be released from escrow on November 4, 2010 and an additional 15% will be released every six months following the initial release over a period of 36 months. These escrow shares may not be transferred, assigned or otherwise dealt with without the consent of the regulatory authorities.

10. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(d) Warrants

On September 10, 2014, 719,500 warrants expired.

On April 25, 2015, 512,586 warrants expired

As of April 30, 2015, the Company had outstanding warrants for the purchase of 6,538,000 common shares, as follows:

	Number of shares	Exercise price	Expiry date
Warrants outstanding, beginning of the period	2,537,682		
Exercised	(1,305,596)	0.15	April 25, 2015
Expired	(719,500)	0.35 exercise in the first year 0.45 exercise in the second year	September 10, 2014
Expired	(512,586)	0.15	April 25, 2015
Issued	6,538,000	0.10	December 30, 2016
Warrants outstanding end of the period	6,538,000		

(e) Share Purchase Options

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options for the period ended April 30, 2015 and year ended July 31, 2014:

	April 30, 2015			July 31, 2014		
	Number of options		Weighted average exercise price	Number of options		Weighted average exercise price
Options outstanding beginning of the period	2,915,000	$	0.11	4,290,000	$	0.15
Options cancelled during the period	(300,000)	$	0.10	(50,000)	$	0.30
	-	$	-	(75,000)	$	0.18
	-	$	-	(500,000)	$	0.10
	-	$	-	(100,000)	$	0.10
Options exercised during the period	(265,000)	$	0.10	(975,000)	$	0.10
Options expired during the period	(315,000)	$	0.18	(400,000)	$	0.27
	(150,000)	$	0.30	(550,000)	$	0.30
	(1,160,000)	$	0.10	-	$	-
Options granted during the period	1,000,000	$	0.10	750,000	$	0.10
	250,000	$	0.10	125,000	$	0.10
	500,000	$	0.10	400,000	$	0.10
	900,000	$	0.10			
Options outstanding end of the period	3,375,000	$	0.10	2,915,000	$	0.11
Options exercisable end of the period (fully vested)	3,375,000			2,840,000		

10. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(e) Share Purchase Options (continued)

The Company has adopted a stock option plan ("the Plan") whereby it can grant options to directors, officers, employees, and consultants of the Company. The maximum number of shares that may be reserved for issuance under the Plan is limited to 5,546,812 of the issued common shares of the Company at any time.

The 3,375,000 stock options outstanding at April 30, 2015 expire as follows:

Number of shares	Price per share	Expiry date
550,000	$ 0.10	September 18, 2015
75,000	$ 0.10	October 4, 2015
200,000	$ 0.10	March 3, 2016
1,000,000	$ 0.10	December 30, 2016
150,000	$ 0.10	January 30, 2017
500,000	$ 0.10	February 18, 2017
900,000	$ 0.10	April 2, 2017
3,375,000		

On March 3, 2014, the Company issued 400,000 incentive stock options to certain of the Company's consultants to purchase up to 400,000 common shares of the Company, exercisable at $0.10 per share until March 3, 2016. 300,000 options granted vested immediately, 100,000 options granted have a vesting period of 25% that vest over the next 12 months at three month intervals. Total fair value of $2,306 has been recognized as stock-based compensation during the six months ended January 31, 2015.

On August 14, 2014, 315,000 stock options expired.

On August 15, 2014, 150,000 stock options expired.

On December 30, 2014, the Company issued 1,000,000 incentive stock options to certain of the Company's directors, officers, employees and consultants to purchase up to 1,000,000 common shares of the Company, exercisable at $0.10 per share until December 30, 2016. The options had a fair value of $33,520 which has been recognized as stock-based compensation during the period ended January 31, 2015.

On January 6, 2015, 1,010,000 stock options expired.

On January 30, 2015, the Company issued 250,000 incentive stock options to certain of the Company's consultants to purchase up to 250,000 common shares of the Company, exercisable at $0.10 per share until January 30, 2017. The options had a fair value of $16,950 which has been recognized as stock-based compensation during the period ended January 31, 2015.

On February 18, 2015, the Company issued 500,000 incentive stock options to certain of the Company's directors, officers and consultants to purchase up to 500,000 common shares of the Company, exercisable at $0.10 per share until February 18, 2017. The options had a fair value of $37,964 which has been recognized as stock-based compensation during the period ended April 30, 2015.

10. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

(e) Share Purchase Options (continued)

On March 12, 2015, 150,000 stock options expired.

On April 2, 2015, the Company issued 900,000 incentive stock options to certain of the Company's consultants to purchase up to 900,000 common shares of the Company, exercisable at $0.10 per share until April 2, 2017. The options had a fair value of $68,861 which has been recognized as stock-based compensation during the period ended April 30, 2015.

The fair value of warrants and stock options has been estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Assumptions used in the pricing model were as follows:

	2015	2014
Risk-free interest rate	1.12% - 0.39%	0.99% - 1.23%
Annual dividends	-	-
Expected stock price volatility	190.61% - 176.38%	183.55% - 183.73%
Expected life of stock options	2 years	2 years
Expected life of warrants	2 years	2 years

Option pricing models require the use of highly subjective estimates and assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Change in the underlying assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimates and, therefore, in management's opinion existing models do not necessarily provide reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of these outstanding options is 1.48 years. The weighted average exercise price of these options is $0.07 per option (July 31, 2014: $0.10).

Equity settled employee benefits

	April 30, 2015	July 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of the period	$ 1,359,836	$ 1,339,259
Stock-based compensation	$ 157,582	$ 100,507
Transfer of contributed surplus on exercise of options	$ (19,899)	$ (79,930)
Balance, end of the period	$ 1,497,519	$ 1,359,836

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's primary objective when managing capital is to maintain sufficient resources and raise funding to support current and long term operating needs. The ability to continue as a going concern is essential to the Company's goal of providing returns for shareholders and other stakeholders. The capital of the Company consists of shareholder's equity. The Company manages its capital and makes adjustments to it, based on the level of funds available to the Company to manage its operations. The Company balances its overall capital through new share issuances or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate in the circumstances. The Company is not subject to internally imposed capital requirements. There have been no significant changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the nine months ended April 30, 2015. The non-compliance of property option agreements may require the Company to raise additional capital through the issuance of new shares.

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Categories of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables. For cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables, carrying value is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The fair value of financial instruments at the reporting date was calculated on the basis of available market data.

The Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis in periods subsequent to initial recognition and the fair value hierarchy used to measure them are presented in the table below. The Company classifies its other financial assets and other financial liabilities measured at fair value using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that is not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments, which are the same as their fair values, are classified into the following categories:

Financial Instrument	Category	April 30, 2015	July 31, 2014
Cash and cash equivalents	Designated held for trading	$ 149,771	$ 2,265
Restricted cash	Designated held for trading	$ 6,000	$ 6,000
GST recoverable, interest receivable	Loans and receivables	$ 11,825	$ 13,534
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Other liabilities	$ 420,400	$ 396,507
Loan payable	Other liabilities	$ 2,000	$ -
Due to related parties	Other liabilities	$ 2,414	$ 91,414

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Categories of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities (continued)

The Company's carrying value and fair value of cash and cash equivalents under the fair value hierarchy is measured using Level 1 inputs. There are no financial instruments measured using Level 2 or Level 3 inputs.

a) Market risk

The Company does not hold certain marketable securities that will fluctuate in value as a result of trading on global financial markets.

b) Interest rate risk

Included in the loss for the year in these financial statements is investment income on the Company's cash and cash equivalent. The Company does not have any debt obligations which expose it to interest rate risk.

c) Credit risk

The Company considers that the following financial assets are exposed to credit risk: cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and foreign currency. Credit risk is the risk that one party will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other parties to incur a significant financial loss. At April 30, 2015, the Company's cash and cash equivalents were invested in major financial institutions. Deposits are insured up to $100,000, the amount that may be subject to credit risk for the nine months ended April 30, 2015 was $nil (July 31, 2014 - $ nil).

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 7, 2015, the Company issued 100,000 common shares for exercise of stock options at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On May 15, 2015, the Company issued 262,000 common shares for exercise of warrants at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On June 3, 2015, the Company issued 20,000 common shares for exercise of warrants at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On June 9, 2015, the Company issued 50,000 common shares for exercise of warrants at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On June 10, 2015, the Company issued 10,000 common shares for exercise of warrants at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On June 18, 2015, the Company issued 5,000 common shares for exercise of warrants at a price of $0.10 per common share.

On June 22, 2015, the Company issued 100,000 common shares for exercise of stock options at a price of $0.10 per common share.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

On May 28, 2015, the Company announced a non-brokered private placement of up to 1,250,000 units at a price of $0.20 per unit raising gross proceeds of up to $250,000. Each unit will consist of one common share and one common share purchase warrant (a "Warrant"). Each Warrant will entitle the holder to purchase one additional common share at a price of $0.25 per share for a period of two years from closing. The proceeds of the private placement will be used for working capital. The Company will pay finder's fees of up to 10% of the gross proceeds raised, payable in cash or shares or a combination thereof.