

**Escue Energy Inc  
BALANCE SHEET**

ASSETS	<u>December 31, 2014</u>	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
<b>Current Assets:</b>			
Cash	\$ -	\$ 19	\$ 576
<b>Total current assets</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>576</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 576</u></u>
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>			
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ -	\$ 1,594,905	\$ 1,324,937
Notes Payable and accrued interest	323,625	300,000	-
Convertible notes payable and accrued interest	<u>0</u>	<u>511,995</u>	<u>5,552,210</u>
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<u>323,625</u>	<u>2,406,900</u>	<u>6,877,147</u>
<b>Total liabilities</b>	323,625	2,406,900	6,877,147
<b>Stockholders' Deficit:</b>			
Series A preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 1,000 shares authorized 1,000 issued and outstanding	1	1	-
Series B preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 4,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	-	-	1
Series C preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 9,100,100 shares authorized, none issued	-	-	1
Series D preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share 1,000 shares authorized, none issued			
Series F preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 50,000,000 shares authorized; 50,000 issued and outstanding, respectively	50	50	50
Series G preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 60,000,000 shares authorized; 47,696 issued and outstanding	49	49	49
Series H preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 5,953 issued and outstanding	6	6	6
Common stock; \$.00001 par value; 2,500,000,000 shares authorized; 2,270,117,716 and 174,261,104 issued and outstanding, respectively	2,270,117	174,261	71,166
Accumulated deficit	<u>(2,593,848)</u>	<u>(2,581,248)</u>	<u>(6,947,844)</u>
<b>Total stockholders' deficit</b>	<u>(323,625)</u>	<u>(2,406,881)</u>	<u>(6,876,571)</u>
<b>Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit</b>	<u><u>\$ (0)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 19</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 576</u></u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Cash, end of period  
Income Statement**

	<u>2014</u>	<u>Years Ended December 31, 2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
<b>Net Revenues</b>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
<b>Operating expenses:</b>			
Selling, general and administrative	37,603	906,765	498,880
Loss on disposal of equipment	-	-	-
<b>Total operating expenses</b>	<u>37,603</u>	<u>906,765</u>	<u>498,880</u>
<b>Operating loss</b>	(37,603)	(906,765)	(498,880)
<b>Other expense:</b>			
Gain on settlement or obligations	717,696	121,423	-
Gain (loss) on debt extinguishment	436,281	4,647,911	-
Interest expense	(28,180)	(4,446)	(5,495)
	<u>1,125,797</u>	<u>4,764,888</u>	<u>(5,495)</u>
<b>Net Gain (loss)</b>	<u>1,088,194</u>	<u>3,858,123</u>	<u>(504,375)</u>
<b>Less dividends Series F Preferred Stock</b>	-	-	-
<b>Net gain (loss) attributable to common stock</b>	<u>\$ 1,088,194</u>	<u>\$ 3,858,123</u>	<u>\$ (504,375)</u>
<b>Earnings per share:</b>			
Basic and diluted	<u>\$ 0.000479</u>	<u>\$ 0.02214</u>	<u>\$ (0.007087)</u>
<b>Basic and diluted weighted average common shares outstanding</b>	<u>2,270,117,716</u>	<u>174,261,104</u>	<u>71,167,090</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Escue Energy Inc**  
**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	Years ended December 31,		
	2014	2013	2012
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>			
Net gain (loss)	\$ 1,088,194	\$ 3,858,123	\$ (504,375)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in Operating activities:</b>			
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	-
Fair value of common stock and preferred stock issued in connection with services rendered	954,185	1,102,765	1,163,662
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,594,904)	(269,968)	488,629
Notes Payable	(447,456)	(4,740,215)	(1,023,032)
<b>Net cash used in operating activities</b>	<u>19</u>	<u>(49,295)</u>	<u>124,884</u>
<b>Cash flows used in investing activities:</b>			
Capital expenditures	-	-	-
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>			
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock for cash		49,890	121,250
<b>Net cash provided by financing activities</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>49,890</u>	<u>121,250</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash</b>	<u>19</u>	<u>595</u>	<u>3,634</u>
<b>Cash, beginning of period</b>	<u>19</u>	<u>576</u>	<u>3,058</u>
<b>Cash, end of period</b>	<u>\$ (0)</u>	<u>\$ 19</u>	<u>\$ 576</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</b>			
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash paid for income taxes	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Non-cash investing and financing activities:</b>			
Increase in deferred financing cost	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Outstanding warrants reclassified to equity	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Conversion of debt for preferred stock	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Conversion of line of credit to preferred stock	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Preferred stock dividends	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Conversion of note payable to common stock	<u>\$ (447,456)</u>	<u>\$ (4,740,215)</u>	<u>\$ (1,023,032)</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION, DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN:**

**Escue Energy Inc.**, or the Company, is a Delaware corporation, incorporated in 1988. It was formerly known as Technicraft Financial, Ltd. Between 1988 and 1994, GK Intelligent Systems, Inc. between 1994 and 2005, M Power Entertainment, Inc. between 2005 and 2007, eDoorways Corporation between 2007 and 2010, eDoorways International Corporation between 2010 and 2015.

Through December 31, 2012, the Company was in the development stage and has not carried any significant operations and has generated no revenues. The Company has incurred loss since inception aggregating \$6,947,844 at December 31, 2012. The development was for a web-based lifestyle information enhancement and problem solving gateway. And the development did not complete and was shelved.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to obtain the necessary financing to meet its obligations and repay its liabilities arising from normal business operations when they come due, to fund possible future acquisitions, and to generate profitable operations in the future. Management plans may continue to provide for its capital requirements by issuing additional equity securities and debt. Until August 30<sup>th</sup>, 2015, the outcome of these matters could not be predicted, especially there were no activities.

On September 1, 2015, this company signed an agreement to purchase two patents, [a] US 6394745B1 of 28-MAY-2002 Wind Turbine; and [b] Canada 2309850 of 2005/06/07 Wind Turbine, both are valued for a total value of \$40 Million which consideration is payable by share issuance for the same value, on or before November 30, 2015. The financial conditions are expected to change significantly with new projects to use Wind Turbines, based on these two patents.

This company is now specializing in providing alternate energy solutions and entering Green Technology.

**Basis of Presentation**

Until now, this Company is in the development stage. Even with the purchase of Wind Turbine Patents, this company would continue to be in the development stage, until the new projects take off. This company has therefore used the enterprise reporting under the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") no. 7. The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reporting amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results will differ from those estimates. Included in these estimates are legal risks and exposures, valuation of stock-based compensation, the potential outcome of future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the financial statement or tax returns.

**Financial Statements for the past three years, 2009, 2010 and 2011**

For these three past years, the management prepared the financial statements. Engaged the independent audit firm for audit. Though the audit was almost done, it remains unfinished since this company virtually stopped all the developmental projects and ran into cash flow issues. However, this company is now making necessary arrangements for completing the audit for these three past years.

### Reclassification

Certain amounts in the financial statements of the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the current year for comparative purposes.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid temporary cash investments with an original maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

### Concentration of Credit Risks

The Company is subject to concentrations of credit risk primarily from cash and cash equivalents.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents accounts are held at financial institutions and are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or the FDIC, up to \$250,000. As of December 31, 2014, there were no cash balances in excess of federally insured limits.

### Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on arrangements in accordance with ASC Topic 605-10-S99, Revenue Recognition-Overall-SEC Materials. Revenue is recognized only when the price is fixed or determinable, persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the service is performed, and collectability of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. Since inception and until now, this company has not earned any revenue.

### Product Concentration

The Company worked on a web-based personal lifestyle information enhancement and problem solving gateway, lifestyle information source, and business-to-consumer marketplace. The developers could not complete for various reasons. Also, there were no activities since 2012 until now.

### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company accounts, for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, in accordance with ASC Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, or ASC 820. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The Company did not have any Level 2 or Level 3 assets or liabilities as of December 31, 2014, with the exception of its convertible promissory notes. The carrying amount of the convertible promissory notes at December 31, 2014 approximate their respective fair value based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

### ***Additional Disclosures Regarding Fair Value Measurements***

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, interest payable, advances payable, and notes and convertible promissory notes payable approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of these items.

#### Convertible Instruments

The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in its convertible instruments in accordance with ASC 815.

ASC 815 generally provides three criteria that, if met, require companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument.

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when it has determined that the embedded conversion options should not be bifurcated from their host instruments) in accordance with ASC 470-20, Debt with Conversion and Other Options. Accordingly, the Company records, when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are amortized over the term of the related debt to their earliest date of redemption. The Company also records when necessary deemed dividends for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in preferred shares based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note.

ASC 815-40, Contracts in Entity's own Equity, provides that, among other things, generally, if an event is not within the entity's control, such contract could require net cash settlement and shall be classified as an asset or a liability.

The Company needs to determine whether the instruments issued in the transactions are considered indexed to the Company's own stock. The Company's outstanding instruments did not contain a fixed conversion rate at December 31, 2014. The embedded conversion feature associated with such instruments at December 31, 2014 is not significant.

#### Advertising

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. In 2014, the company did not spend any money for the advertising.

#### Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amounts expected to be realized, but no less than quarterly.

Software Development Costs

Costs incurred in the research and development of software products are expensed as incurred until technological feasibility has been established. After technological feasibility is established, any additional costs are capitalized in accordance with ASC No. 985-30, Software-Research and Development. Costs of maintenance and customer support are charged to expense when related revenue is recognized or when those costs are incurred, whichever occurs first. The Company believes that the current process for developing software is essentially completed concurrently with the establishment of technological feasibility; accordingly, no software development costs have been capitalized at December 31, 2014.

Share-Based Payment

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with ASC Topic 718, Compensation-Stock Compensation, or ASC 718. Under the fair value recognition provisions of this topic, stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is the vesting period.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Recent accounting pronouncements have been issued but deemed by management to be outside the scope of relevance to the Company.

Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing income available to stockholders by the weighted-average number of shares of Common Stock outstanding during each period. Diluted earnings per share are computed using the weighted average number of shares of Common Stock and dilutive Common Stock share equivalents outstanding during the period. Dilutive Common Stock share equivalents consist of shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and warrants (calculated using the modified-treasury stock method).

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2014	2013
Numerator:		
Net loss attributable to common stock	\$ (1,088,194)	\$ (3,858,123)
Denominator:		
Denominator for basic earnings per share- Weighted average shares outstanding	2,270,117,716	174,261,104
Denominator for diluted earnings per share- Weighted average shares outstanding	2,270,117,716	174,261,104
Basic earnings per share	\$ (0.000479)	\$ (0.02214)
Diluted earnings per share	\$ (0.000479)	\$ (0.02214)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of three years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Significant renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Depreciation expense amounted to \$0 during 2014.

**NOTE 3: NOTES AND CONVERTIBLE NOTES PAYABLE**

During the period beginning January 1, 2006 and ending December 31, 2009, the Company issued notes payable and a line of credit aggregating \$3,479,537. In that same period, the Company made principal prepayments aggregating \$1,194,935. Interest expense of \$5,552,353 was recognized by the Company in connection with these conversions.

The Company had convertible notes payable aggregating \$14,272 outstanding at December 31, 2010. During 2011, the Company issued additional notes payable aggregating \$32,500. The Convertible Notes Payable did not bear any interest. The Convertible Notes Payable matured between August 2010 and January 2012. Entries for this maturity effect were made in 2013 accounts

During 2011, an aggregate of \$32,500 convertible notes payable were converted into 1,875,000 shares of common stock. Interest expense of \$22,500 was recognized by the Company in connection with these conversions.

During 2008, payments were made on behalf of the Company by a certain vendor in total of \$10,800. This obligation carries no stated terms and remains outstanding at December 31, 2011.

On March 30, 2007, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement. During April 2008, the Company received notice of default from the holders of these convertible debentures, because the Company had not issued shares of common stock based on conversion notices from the holders of the Convertible Debentures. On August 29, 2008, and amended January 26, 2009, and further amended on August 4, 2009, the Company and the holders of the Convertible Debentures entered into a repayment agreement on the notes ("New Notes"). Under the terms of the New Notes, the Company will be required to make monthly payments in the following amounts beginning April of 2009:

	Monthly Amount	Total Each Period
Months 1-3	\$ 37,783	\$ 113,349
Months 4-6	53,976	161,927
Months 7-12	80,963	485,779
Months 13-24	134,039	1,619,266
Months 25-36	242,889	2,914,679
Total		<u>\$ 5,295,000</u>

On August 4, 2009, the Company entered into an amendment to the New Notes. Under the amendment to the New Notes, the Company, at its option, can elect to make payments with common stock of the Company at the current market value. The number of shares of common stock to be issued upon each payment shall be determined by dividing the amount of the monthly payment by the Conversion Price. The Conversion Price shall equal the lowest trading price for the common stock during the five day trading period ending one day prior to the date that the Company gives the notice that it intends to make its payment in stock.

As of December 31, 2014 \$323,625 was outstanding on the New Notes together with the accrued interest.

**NOTE 4: STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT**Preferred Stock- Series A

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, or Series A Preferred Stock, have a par value of \$0.001 per share.

The holders of Series A Preferred Stock shall receive a dividend of 6% per annum, payable semi-annually. Each share of Series A Preferred Stock carries voting rights equal to the number of common stock equivalents held on the date of the vote. The shares of Series A Preferred Stock, and any accrued dividends, are convertible into shares of common stock, at any time, at a rate of \$6.00 per common stock share as

adjusted for certain events. The shares of Series A Preferred stock can also be redeemed at a rate of \$6.00 per share, plus any accrued dividends.

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 1,000 shares as authorized, issued and outstanding.

#### Preferred Stock- Series B

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 4,000,000 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series B, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. No shares are issued in Preferred Stock – Series B.

The holders of Series B Preferred Stock are not entitled to dividends and the shares of Series B Preferred Stock carry no liquidation preference. The shares of Series B Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, at any time, at a rate of 3.15 shares of common stock for each one share of Series B Preferred Stock.

#### Preferred Stock- Series C

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 9,100,100 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series C, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. No shares are issued in Preferred Stock – Series C.

The holders of Series C Preferred Stock are not entitled to dividends and the shares of Series C Preferred Stock carry no liquidation preference. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock carries 4 times the number of common stock votes. The shares of Series C Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, at any time, at a rate of conversion of 4 shares of common stock for each one share of Series C Preferred Stock. The shares of Series C Preferred stock can also be redeemed at a rate of \$4.00 per share.

#### Preferred Stock- Series D

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 1,000 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series D, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. No shares are issued in Preferred Stock – Series D.

The holders of the Series D Preferred Stock are not entitled to dividends and the shares of Series D Preferred Stock carry a liquidating preference eight times the sum available for distribution to common shareholders. Each share of Series D Preferred Stock carries 5 times the number of common stock votes. The shares of Series D Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, one year after issuance, at a rate of conversion of 20 shares of common stock for each one share of Series D Preferred Stock. The shares of Series D Preferred Stock are not subject to reverse stock splits and other changes to the common stock of eDoorways.

#### Preferred Stock- Series F

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 50,000,000 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series F, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. 50,000 shares are issued and outstanding in Preferred Stock – Series F.

The holders of Series F Preferred Stock shall receive a dividend of 5% per annum, payable quarterly on the last day of each calendar quarter. Any accrued dividends may be converted into common stock, at the holder's option, at a rate equal to the closing price of the Company's common stock on the date each dividend is declared.

The shares of Series F Preferred Stock include a liquidation preference equal to \$5,000,000, plus unpaid accrued dividends. Each share of Series F Preferred Stock carries 1 vote. The shares of Series F Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, 90 days after issuance, at a rate of conversion of 5 shares of common stock for each one share of Series F Preferred Stock.

Preferred Stock- Series G

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 60,000,000 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series G, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. 47,696 shares are issued and outstanding in Preferred Stock – Series G

The holders of Series G Preferred Stock are not entitled to dividends and the shares of Series G Preferred Stock carry no liquidation preference. Each share of Series G Preferred Stock carries 1 vote. The shares of Series G Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, six months after issuance, at a rate of conversion of 1.5 shares of common stock for each one share of Series G Preferred Stock.

Preferred Stock- Series H

As on September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2015 there are 10,000,000 shares as authorized in Preferred Stock – Series H, with the par value of \$0.001 per share. No shares are issued in Preferred Stock – Series H.

The holders of Series H Preferred Stock are not entitled to dividends and the shares of Series H Preferred Stock carry no liquidation preference. Each share of Series H Preferred Stock carries 1 vote. The shares of Series H Preferred Stock are convertible into shares of common stock, 90 days after issuance, at a rate of conversion of 5 shares of common stock for each one share of Series H Preferred Stock.

Stock Option Plan

During 1998, this company established a stock option plan subsequently amended and now known as the "2004 Stock Option Plan" to promote its interests by attracting and retaining exceptional employees and directors. The Plan provides for the issuance of up to 2,000,000 shares of common stock. Any employee or consultant is eligible to be designated a participant. The Board has sole and complete authority to determine the employees to whom options shall be granted, the number of each grant and any additional conditions and limitations. The exercise price shall not be less than the fair market value of the underlying shares. In March 2009, the Company issued 2,000,000 shares under the stock incentive compensation program.

In July 2009, the Company terminated the 2004 Stock Option Plan.

**NOTE 5: INCOME TAXES**

A reconciliation of the Company's effective tax rate to the statutory federal rate is as follows:

	Years Ended	
	December 31,	
	2014	2013
Statutory federal rate	-34.0%	-34.0%
State income taxes net of federal income tax benefit	-5.2%	-5.2%
Permanent differences for tax purposes, primarily due non-cash financing costs	14.7%	7.3%
Change in valuation allowance	24.5%	31.9%
Effective income tax rate:	0.0%	0.0%

The components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	December 31,	
	2014	2013
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryovers	\$ 2,270,117	\$ 2,581,248
Stock-based compensation	-	-
Other temporary differences	-	-
Total deferred tax assets	2,270,117	2,581,248
Valuation allowance	(2,270,117)	(2,581,248)

At December 31, 2012, the Company had available net operating loss carryovers of approximately \$6.9 million that may be applied against future taxable income and expires at various dates between 2026 and 2031, subject to certain limitations. The Company has a deferred tax asset arising substantially from the benefits of such net operating loss deduction and has recorded a valuation allowance for the full amount of this deferred tax asset since it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax asset may not be realized.

#### NOTE 6: COMMITMENTS

As of January 2009, the Company entered into a three year employment agreement with an employee. The agreement will renew for an additional three years at the end of the term, unless notification is given by either party to terminate. The aggregate compensation to be paid under the agreement amounts to \$360,000 per year. The agreement also provided for 50,000 shares of restricted common stock to be issued upon signing the agreement. If the employee arrangement is terminated without cause by the Company, the Company is under obligation to pay the employee, in lump sum cash within 10 days of termination, the three times the annual base salary of the employee, plus the average for the last three annual incentive bonuses actually paid to the executive. If the employment agreement is terminated with cause, the Company has no liability for further payments.

Year	Commitments
2012	\$360,000
2013	\$360,000
2014	\$360,000

#### NOTE 7: CONTINGENCIES

Prior to January 1<sup>st</sup>, 2012, this Company received quite a few legal notices for non-payment and non-fulfillment of obligations for the various projects in the development stage. This company had an in-house attorney to defend, conciliate, negotiate and settle all such claims. These are all very common for a cash trapped companies. These matters arise in the normal course of business. Since this company had no activities since 2012 and until now, the claimants did not pursue legal action, though it may not be correct to conclude that the claimants dropped the legal action. This company expects many possible claims, when the cash flow begins with new projects or otherwise. The legal department negotiated almost all the claims with share issuance. Yet, this company expects litigation and many more claims in the future. While the company is fully prepared to defend, it is not at all possible to estimate the claims. Hence, no provision is made in the financial statements.

**NOTE 8: Debt forgiven agreements**

This company negotiated and signed many debt forgiven agreements. Some creditors agreed orally, but not did not sign. This company expects no future litigation. Further, it is almost impossible to determine the possible future liability in this regard. Hence no provision is made in the financial statements.

**Note 9: Payables**

By applying the law of limitation, this company removed the payables from the books and accounted it as other income. Even if it is as per law, this company expects claims in the future in this regard. Further, it is almost impossible to determine the possible future claims from the payables. Hence no provision is made in the financial statements.

The Board of Directors approved the financial statements including the notes on accounts for the three years, 2012, 2013 and 2014 today, the 27<sup>th</sup> day of September, 2015

*East West Accounting Services LLC*  
  
**Eastwest Accounting Services LLC**





**Florida Certified Public Accountant and Business Advisor**

**East West Accounting Services LLC**

10030 SW 147 CT, Miami, FL 33196 Phone 954-770-8297 Email [thesolarcpa@gmail.com](mailto:thesolarcpa@gmail.com)

**REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

September 27, 2015

To the Board of Directors of:  
**Escue Energy, Inc.**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of **Escue Energy, Inc.** as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' deficiency and cash flows for the three years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In **2014**, this Company reports a loss of \$ 37,603 from operations, a negative cash flow of \$ 954,167 from operations, and a stockholders' deficiency of \$ 323,625 as of December 31, **2014**.

In **2013**, this Company reports a loss of \$ 906,765 from operations, a net cash flow of \$ 595, and a stockholders' deficiency of \$2,406,881 as of December 31, **2013**.

In **2013**, this Company reports a loss of \$ 498,880 from operations, a net cash flow of \$ 3,634, and a stockholders' deficiency of \$ 6,876,571 as of December 31, **2012**.

This company has earned no revenue in all the three years and until now.

We have not come across any serious lapses in internal control. However, the management is informed the need to strengthen the internal controls for reconciling and updating the share registers. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from this deficiency.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of **Escue Energy, Inc.** as of December 31, **2014** and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern.

**Eastwest Accounting Services LLC**



Principal: **FRASAT FAROOQ CPA CFE**

Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 1991 (AICPA)

Life Member of Association of Certified Fraud Examiners (ACFE)