ID Global Corporation and

Subsidiary Consolidated Financial

Statements For the Six Months Ended

June 30, 2015 and 2014

Contents

	Page
Officer Certification	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets	2
Consolidated Statements of Operations	3
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity/(Deficit)	4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-12

ID Global Corporation and
Subsidiary 112 N. Curry St.
Carson City, NV 89703

I hereby certify that the accompanying unaudited financial statements and related footnotes and supplementary information hereto are based on the best information currently available to the Company. To the best of my knowledge, this information presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and stockholders' equity of ID Global Corporation and Subsidiary as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the Six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

/s/ Sebastien Dufort
Sebastien Dufort,
President

ID Global Corporation and Subsidiary
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014
(Unaudited)

ASSETS

	6/30/2015	12/31/2014
Current assets		
Cash	$ 539	1,072
AR	$ 25,000	
Total current assets	25,539	
Fixed Assets		
Cars & Trucks	$ 4,450	$ 4,450
Office Furniture	1,046	1,046
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(1,158)	(386)
Net Fixed Assets	4,724	5,110
Other assets		
Investments	534,894	304,894
Intangibles	17,500	17,500
Total other assets	322,394	322,394
Total assets	**$ 559,927**	**$ 328,576**

LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT

Current liabilities		
Trade accounts payable	$ 421,072	$ 421,072
Accrued interest	151,598	146,086
Notes payable	354,501	326,059
Convertible notes payable	239,703	229,703
Derivative liability portion of convertible notes	2,265,456	2,073,303
Total current liabilities	3,432,330	3,196,223
Stockholders' deficit		
Common stock (par 0.0001, 7,500,000,000 authorized, and 4,626,915,257 issued and outstanding)	164,687	88,112
Preferred stock (par 0.0001, 100,000,000 authorized, and 50,000,000 issued and outstanding)	500	500
Additional paid in capital	9,721,501	9,728,076
Accumulated deficit	(6,883,797)	(6,949,041)
Total stockholders' deficit	(2,872,403)	(2,867,647)

Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	**$ 559,927**	**$ 328,576**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ID Global Corporation and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statements of
Operations
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended 6/30/2015	Six Months Ended 6/30/2014
Revenue		
Consulting income	$ 100,534	$ -
Operating expenses		
Investor relations		2,968
Licenses & permits		2,529
Travel, Meals & entertainment	5,376	3,824
Office expenses	1,994	5,932
Officer compensation	-	769,002
Outside services	-	123,099
Professional fees	9,990	31,768
Transfer agent fees	916	2,649
Other	5,218	19,240
Total operating expenses	23,494	961,011
Depreciation Expense	772	
Other income / (expenses)		
Capital gain	-	17,586
Unrealized gain	-	92,759
Interest expense	(11,024)	(13,336)
Change in value of derivative liabilities	-	(3,622,806)
Net other (expenses)	(11,024)	(3,622,806)
Net Income (loss)	**$ 65,244**	**$(4,583,817)**
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	4,351,915,257	1,458,302,956

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ID Global Corporation and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity/(Deficit)
From December 31, 2012 to June 30, 2015
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Preferred Stock		Additional Paid-In	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Deficit
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital		
Balance, December 31, 2013	965,867,597	96,587	10,000,000	$1.000	$ 4,901,034	$ (6,357,738)	$(1,359,117)
Stock based compensation				20,000,000	2,000	598,000	
Issuance of common stock for payments on convertible notes	900,200,000	90,020			862,504		1,161,954
Issuance of common stock			20,000,000	200	999,800		1,000,000
Issuance of common stock	1,445,095,360	14,451			1,501,092		1,506,113
Issuance of common stock	765,752,300	76,575			673,425		550,000
Amend Articles of Incorporation		(167,946)		(2,700)	170,646		
Net Income (Loss)for the Year Ended Dec 31, 2014						(591,303)	(591,303)
Balance, December 31, 2014	4,076,915,257	109,687	50,000,000	$ 500	$ 9,706,501	(6,949,041)	(2,867,647)
Issuance of common stock for payments on convertible notes	550,000,000	55,000			15,000		70,000
Net **Profit** (loss) For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015						**65,244**	**65,244**
Balance, June 30, 2015	**4,626,915,257**	**$ 164,687**	**50,000,000**	**$ 500**	**$ 9,721,501**		
						$(6,883,797)	**$ (2,872,403)**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

ID Global Corporation and Subsidiary
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended 6/30/2015	Six Months Ended 6/30/2014
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net Profit (Loss)	**$ 65,244**	**$ (4,583,817)**
Add back Depreciation	772	111
Adjustment to reconcile net income / (loss) to net cash used in operating activities		
Stock based compensation		754,702
Trade accounts payable change	-	137,756
Change in value of derivative liabilities	-	3,719,815
Unrealized gain		- (92759)
Capital gain		- (17586)
Accrued interest	11,024	13,336
Net cash used in operating activities	11,024	(68,442)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash paid for stock investments	3,307	(15,000)
Cash received from sales of stock	-	20,086
Cash paid for fixed assets		5,496
Net cash provided by investing activities	3,307	(410)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Convertible notes payable	10,000	(4,900)
Notes payable received in cash	28,442	60,612
Net cash (used in) / provided by financing activities	38,442	55,712
Net cash (decrease) increase for the period	**(533)**	**(13,140)**
Cash at the beginning of period	1,072	18,072
Cash at the end of period	**$ 539**	**$ 4,932**

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of ID Global Corporation (the "Company"), which was incorporated in Nevada on March 1, 2006, and its wholly owned subsidiary Fluid Solutions Group, Inc. ("Fluid"), which was incorporated in Nevada on July 26, 2013.

The Company seeks to invest in emerging and established private companies that would benefit from the advantages of a public company. The Company would act as a catalyst between these companies to raise and infuse capital when required and to offer its expertise in management, finance, social media, and eco-friendly products so that the current management of these companies can independently manage and operate their respectivebusinesses.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents
For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents. There were no cash equivalents as of June 30, 2015.

Use of estimates
The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include valuation of convertible notes payable and the valuation allowance of deferred tax assets.

Fair value of financial instruments and fair valuemeasurements
The Company measures financial assets and liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For certain financial instruments the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to their short maturities.

THE FAIR MARKET OPTION FOR FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES –INCLUDING AN AMENDMENT OF FASB STATEMENT NO. 115 & 159.
Management has elected to state the unrealized value of Investments at the most conservative and Fair market valuation in keeping with FASB 115 and FASB 159 to evaluate each instrument individually at the current fair market value.

The Company adopted accounting guidance for financial assets and liabilities. The adoption did not have a material impact on the results of operations, financial position or liquidity. This standard defines fair value, provides guidance for measuring fair value and requires certain disclosures. This standard does not require any new fair value measurements, but rather applies to all other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements. This guidance does not apply to measurements related to share-based payments. This guidance discusses valuation techniques, such as the market approach (comparable market prices), the income approach (present value of future income or cash flow), and the cost approach (cost to replace the service capacity of an asset or replacement cost). The guidance utilizes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels. The following is a brief description of those three levels:

Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active.
Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore developed using estimates and assumptions developed by the Company, which reflect those that a market participant would use.

Revenue recognition
Revenue from sales of products and services is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, products have been shipped or services have been delivered to the customer, the price is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Stock-based compensation
Management has elected not to accept officers compensation until the companies' business plan is fully executed and the company returns to profitability; furthermore in the current Quarter, June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 the company has restated officers compensation previously accrued and prepaid as not accrued and not paid in keeping with GAAP Accounting rules. Management has not received compensation in the 6 months ended June 30, 2015 and the Year ended December 31, 2014 .

Fixed Assets
Fixed assets are recorded at cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures for betterments and renewals are capitalized. The cost of fixed assets and the related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts upon retirement or disposal with any resulting gain or loss being recorded in operations.

Intangible Assets
Intangible assets with no determinable life are initially assessed for impairment upon purchase, with subsequent assessments required annually. When there is reason to suspect that their values have been diminished or impaired, a write-down is recognized as necessary. Intangible assets with rights that expire over time are amortized over the time period that the rights exist.

Income taxes
The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the provisions of ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Deferred tax assets and liabilities are computed based upon the difference between the financial statement and income tax basis of assets and liabilities using the enacted marginal tax rate applicable when the related asset or liability is expected to be realized or settled. Deferred income tax expenses or benefits are based on the changes in the asset or liability each period. If available evidence suggests that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized, a valuation allowance is required to reduce the deferred tax assets to the amount that is more likely than not to be realized. Future changes in such valuation allowance are included in the provision for deferred income taxes in the period of change.

The Company adopted "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes". These standards provide detailed guidance for the financial statement recognition, measurement and disclosure of uncertain tax positions recognized in the financial statements. Tax positions must meet a "more-likely-than- not" recognition threshold. The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, no adjustments were recognized for uncertain tax benefits.

Net loss per share

The Company computes net earnings (loss) per share in accordance with ASC 260-10, "Earnings per Share." ASC 260-10 requires presentation of both basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS") on the face of the income statement. Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income (loss) available to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS gives effect to all dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS excludes all dilutive potential common shares if their effect is anti-dilutive. For the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, basic loss per share is presented because presentment of diluted loss per share would have an anti-dilutive effect.

3. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable Securities are adjusted to fair market value on the balance sheet date. The resulting difference between cost and market value is reflected as unrealized gain or (loss) on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

4. INVESTMENT HOLDINGS

The Company owns 1,000,000 shares of common stock in PYHH. This constitutes a Level I asset because there are quoted prices for the stock in an active market, and is therefore valued at $0.27 per share, the market price on the balance sheet date. The Company considers this to be a trading security because the intent of the investment is profit maximization through market appreciation. During the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, $54,500 and $0 of unrealized gain is reflected in the Statements of Operations.

The Company owns 198,385 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock in PHYH. Each share can be converted into 40 shares of common stock, a total of 7,935,400 common shares if they were all converted. This is considered a Level 3 investment. Its currently NOT QUOTED.

The Company owns 500,000 shares of common stock in Jack Rockwell, Inc. ("JR, Inc."). This constitutes a Level 3 asset because it is a startup private company in which there are not any quoted prices in an active market and fair market value is difficult to determine. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, JR, Inc. raised money from investors through subscription agreements at $0.25 per share. This is the best estimation of the fair market value per share and therefore the Company valued the shares at this price. The Company considers this to be a trading security because the intent of the investment is profit maximization through market appreciation. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, $120,000 and $0 of unrealized gain is reflected in the Statements of Operations.

The Company signed an agreement with PYHH. The Company now owes $25,000 on a note payable and owes another $75,000 worth of stock to PYHH. In exchange, PYHH gave the Company interests in notes and claims in four companies, MLH Investments, Star Stream Capital, Teknocreations, and Bottled Water Media. This constitutes a Level 3 asset because they are private companies in which there are not any quoted prices in an active markets and fair market value is difficult to determine. The Company therefore valued these at their cost of $100,000, $25,000 allocated to each security. The Company considers these to be a trading securities because the intent of the investment is profit maximization through market appreciation. During the six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, no unrealized gain is reflected in the Statements of Operations. The Company has retained an attorney to pursue the outstanding balance of $ 75,000 due the company related to the Star Stream Capital assignment from PYHH.

Assets	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Total
PYHH	$ 270,000			$ 270,000
PHYH			794	794
Jack Rockwell, Inc.			125,000	125,000
MLH Investments			25,000	25,000
Star Stream Capital			25,000	25,000
Teknocreations			25,000	25,000
Bottled Water Media			25,000	25,000
TWDL	9,100			9,100
POTN	20,000			20,000
WOMO			10,000	10,000
Total	$ 299,894	$0	$235,794	$534,894

5. GOING CONCERN

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which implies the Company will continue to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As of June 30, 2015, the Company had accumulated deficits of $ 6,883,797. In addition, for the three months ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, the Company has not generated sufficient revenues to support ongoing operations. These factors raise substantial doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the continued financial support from its stockholders, the ability of the Company to obtain necessary debt or equity financing to continue operations, and the attainment of profitable operations. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

6. INCOME TAXES

There was no income tax expense for the six months ended June 30, 2015 or 2014 due to the Company's net losses.

7. NOTES PAYABLE AND DERIVATIVE LIABILITY

There are currently three convertible note agreements. The $90,000 note was due on September 1, 2009 and had a default interest rate of 36% per annum. On December 19, 2013, there was a settlement agreement adjusting the past due interest on this note such that the principle plus accrued interest is $260,566. The Company recorded a gain on interest settlement of $170,750 as a result of this settlement agreement. No further interest will accrue on this note. The $85,000 note was due on September 1, 2009 and has a default interest rate of 36% per annum. This note was renegotiated such that the default 36% interest rate stopped accruing on November 21, 2012. No further interest will accrue and the due date was extended indefinitely. For the third note, the investor purchased $100,000 worth of interest from the $85,000 note and formed a new note with the same terms except that interest accrues at 10% per annum. This note is due on September 1, 2014. For all three notes, the lenders have the option to convert all principle and interest into the Company's common stock at a conversion rate of $0.0001 per share. All three convertible notes were adjusted to fair market value on the balance sheet date based on the market price of the stock and conversion features. The change in value is reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The Company holds 11 notes payable, each with an interest rate of 10% per annum. The notes have due dates ranging from April 26 to November 4, 2013 and are now indefault.

In 2013, the Company executed and collected $75,000 on an $82,500 note payable from an investor with an interest rate of 12% per annum. The Company recorded a $7,500 interest adjustment on the Consolidated Statement of Operations to reflect the difference in the stated principle amount and the amount collected. The note is due on June 5, 2014.

On March 27, 2014, the Company executed a $25,000 note payable along with an agreement to pay the investor an additional $75,000 worth of the Company stock, which was exchanged for securities valued at $100,000 (Note 4). The $25,000 note has an interest rate of 5% per annum. The first monthly payment of $2,187.50 is due on May 27, 2014 and the final payment is due on April 27, 2015.

10. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The Company is authorized to issue 7,500,000,000 shares of common stock and 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock as of the balance sheet date. 4,626,915,257 common shares and 50,000,000 preferred shares are issued and outstanding as of the balance sheet date. The preferred shares that were issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015 have been designated as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock. Each Series A share can be converted into 100 shares of common stock and has voting rights equal to 100 votes per share. They also have preferred liquidation rights equal to $0.001 per share before common shareholders. The Company also designated 10,000,000 preferred shares as Series B Convertible Preferred Stock. Each Series B share can be converted into 100 shares of common stock, but has no voting rights. They also have preferred liquidation rights equal to $1.00 per share before common shareholders. No Series B shares have been issued as of the balance sheet date.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS -

In August 2015 ID Global Corp. has acquired a 10% Profit Participation interest, estimated at $ 1,000,000 per year from Gear International of Washington, Inc., a subsidiary of Gear International, Inc. ticker symbol (GEAR), in the revenue producing property owned and operated by Cannaworx Personnel. The initial product focus is Medical Marijuana and Extracts (*e.g*. oils, lotions, tinctures, etc.) and in year two we will greatly expand our products lines, including edibles, capsules, CBD's, etc. The business model created also provides for duplication in other states as well, including staying compliant with each states various rules and regulations. The Master Grower for the property has over twenty-five years of experience and is well recognized as an industry expert. The first Cannaworx harvest is anticipated for the end of October 2015.