ANSELL CAPITAL CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Three and Nine Month Periods Ended

APRIL 30, 2014

INTRODUCTION

The following discussion and analysis, prepared as of June 27, 2014 has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The Company's comparative amounts in this MD&A have been presented in accordance with IFRS. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The following information should be read in conjunction with in conjunction with the condensed interim unaudited financial statements for the three and nine month periods ended April 30, 2014 and the audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2013, and related notes to those financial statements, all of which are available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

Statements in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements involving known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to vary considerably from these statements. Readers are cautioned not to put undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this MD&A constitute "forward-looking statements". Such forward-looking statements involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made, and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks set forth below and as detailed under **RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES** in this MD&A.

Risk factors that could affect the Company's future results include, but are not limited to, risks inherent in mineral exploration and development and mining activities in general, volatility and sensitivity to market prices for commodities, changes in government regulation and policies including environmental regulations and reclamation requirements, receipt of required permits and approvals from governmental authorities, competition from other companies, ability to attract and retain skilled employees and contractors, and changes in foreign currency exchange rates. Further information regarding these and other factors which may cause results to differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statements are included in the Company's filings with securities regulatory authorities. The Company does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that may be made from time to time by the Company or on its behalf, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND OPERATIONS REVIEW

Ansell Capital Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated under the Business Corporations Act (BC) on July 26, 2006. The Company's business is mineral property exploration and development.

OPERATIONS REVIEW

Kuyakuz Mountain Project, British Columbia, Canada

The Company has acquired, for the cost of staking, 14 mineral tenures located in the Omineca Mining Division of the Province of British Columbia covering an area of 6,357 Hectares. The claims are located near New Gold's Blackwater Gold Project in Central British Columbia. The claims, known as the Kuyakuz Mountain Project, are located east of the Blackwater Gold Project in an area with similar geological features. Underlying formations are undivided volcanics of the Hazelton Group that are the host of Richfield's Blackwater gold discovery. Available geological information indicates that the

acquired claims are located in an area where, despite much cover of overburden and tertiary volcanic rocks, several important gold showings have been found. In addition, the very large "Chu" molybdenum deposit is located 25 km. north.

In the year ended July 31, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement with Driven Capital Corp. ("Driven") a Capital Pool Company, whereby Driven was granted the option to acquire an undivided 70% interest in the Company's Kuyakuz Mountain property by incurring exploration expenditures of $1,000,000 over a three year period on the property; paying $160,000 over two years and issuing to the Company 800,000 shares over two years. Upon signing the agreement Driven made a refundable advance of $15,000 to the Company. On February 16, 2011, upon the acceptance by the TSX of the 43-101 Report on the property the deposit became non-refundable. This agreement comprises Drivens' qualifying transaction. The transaction was finalized on April 4, 2011 upon Driven receiving TSX approval for its qualifying transaction. The agreement was amended in May 2013.

In order for Driven to earn its 70% interest in the property the Company will receive consideration aggregating $160,000 cash and 3,000,000 shares of Driven in staged tranches, and Driven has an obligation to incur aggregate exploration expenditures of $1,000,000 in staged tranches as follows:

i) Cash consideration;

$15,000 as a refundable deposit, (received);
$20,000 within five days of the approval date (being April 2011), (received)
$20,000 on April 4, 2012 (received)
$30,000 on October 4, 2012 (received)
$ 5,000 on May 6, 2013 (received)
$70,000 on June 7, 2013 (received)

ii) Stock consideration

200,000 shares within 5 days of approval date, (received at a value of $50,000)
200,000 shares on or before the first anniversary of the approval date (received at a value of $16,000)
400,000 shares on or before the second anniversary of the approval date (received at a value of $4,000)
2,200,000 shares on or before June 7, 2013. (received at a value of $22,000)

iii) Property exploration commitment aggregating $1,000,000 as follows:

$ 100,000 in aggregate on or before the first anniversary of the approval date
$ 300,000 in aggregate on or before the second anniversary of the approval date
$ 584,164 in aggregate on or before the third anniversary of the approval date
$1,000,000 in aggregate on or before October 31, 2014

Driven has the further option to acquire the remaining 30% undivided interest in the property by issuing an additional 2,200,000 pre-consolidation shares to the Company on or before June 7, 2015.

The Company will retain a 2% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") upon commercial production. Driven also has the right to acquire the entire NSR by paying the Company $1,000,000 on or before the sixth anniversary of the approval date.

Charlotte Property, Yukon Territory, Canada

On October 12, 2010, the Company entered into a Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Eagle Trail Properties Inc. ("Eagle Trail") and Guinness Exploration, Inc. ("Guinness") to acquire up to an 85% undivided interest in the Charlotte project in the Yukon Territory (the "property"). On March 4, 2011, the Definitive agreement was executed by all parties.

The effective date of the option agreement was April 29, 2011, the date when all the conditions below were satisfied.

i) the definitive agreement is completed;
ii) a NI 43-101 Technical Report is completed;
iii) regulatory and shareholder approvals are obtained.
iv) the Company has completed a financing to fund the commencement of the project of $3,000,000 or greater.

The Company can acquire a 49% interest by paying Eagle Trail $1,000,000 (paid), issuing 12,000,000 units (issued) to Eagle Trail and spending $5,000,000 on expenditures on the property over 3 years, of which $2,000,000 is to be spent in the first year.

Each unit issued to Eagle Trail consists of one common share and 0.67 share purchase warrants with one full warrant being exercisable to purchase one additional common share of the Company at a price of $0.35 for two years.

The Company will be the operator of the project.

The Company can increase its interests to 85% of which 26% can be earned by the Company delivering to Eagle Trail and Guinness a bankable Feasibility Study within five years of obtaining its 49% interest in the property and the final 10% can be earned by arranging for the production financing to place the property into commercial production.

The property is encumbered with a 3% net smelter return royalty due and payable to Eagle Trail of which 1% can be purchased by the Company for $1,500,000 provided the Company has first acquired a 75% undivided interest in and to the Property.

The Company has issued 12,000,000 Units valued at $3,840,000 and made cash payments aggregating $1,000,000 pursuant to the agreement.

The agreement also gives Eagle Trail and Guinness the right, until the Company acquires a 75% interest, to elect to include any properties acquired from Aurchem, including the Discovery Creek and Etzel properties, as part of the properties subject to this agreement.

Exploration of the Charlotte property

The Charlotte Property and the adjoining Discovery Creek Property are located near Mt. Nansen in the prolific Tintina gold belt, Yukon Territory, Canada. Previous drilling has indicated the presence of significant gold and silver mineralization on the Charlotte Property over considerable widths, and over at least 450 m of strike length, which is open both along strike and down dip.

Historical exploration programs have identified various zones of interest including the Flex, Huestis, Webber, Cabin, Orloff-King, Dickson, and GRW zones.

The Flex Zone occurs as several sub-parallel anastomosing quartz-sulfide vein systems. These veins host strong gold and silver mineralization associated primarily with pyrite and lesser arsenopyrite, stibnite, galena and sphalerite. The veins often exhibit propylitic, phyllitic, argillic and silicic alteration in broad alteration envelopes. The Flex Zone is hosted in an assemblage of metamorphic rocks comprised dominantly of quartz-feldspar chlorite gneiss which grades locally into quartzite. Dark green amphibolites gneiss, comprised of equal parts plagioclase and actinolite, is commonly intercalated with the quartz-feldspar gneiss. These older rocks are cut by narrow quartz-feldspar dykes and sills. The north end of the Flex Zone, in the vicinity of drill holes 10-240 and 241, is underlain by a quartz-feldspar porphyry stock at depth.

Exploration by previous operators including historical trenching which was carried out to confirm and extend known mineralization on 6 previously identified zones (Huestis, Webber, Cabin, Orloff-King, Dickson, and GRW zones). The trenching program totaled 2,243 metres in 20 trenches.

At both the Huestis and Webber zones, the trenching extended the known mineralization. At the Cabin, Orloff-King and GRW zones, the program has successfully delineated new zones of gold and silver mineralization that are open to depth and along strike. In particular, trenching at the GRW zone identified gold and silver in structural settings similar to the Flex zone, which was drilled in 2010 by Guinness Exploration Inc., and additionally identified the presence of copper (up to 1600 ppm Cu) in intrusive rocks that were identified in the GRW trenches (indicating a potential porphyry target).

Virtually all of the trenches contained zones of anomalous gold and silver. At Orloff King, Cabin, Webber, and GRW zones, the mineralized trends can be tracked from trench to trench. Work on trace element geochemistry continues, and early analysis suggests the presence of geochemical zonation that may be attributed to the presence of porphyry Cu-Au mineralization in the vicinity of the GRW zone.

In 2010 a 1452 meter, 14-hole drill program completed on the Flex zone which expanded the resource potential and confirmed historic results over a strike length of 450m. Hole 243, drilled in 2010, intersected 28.9 meters of 5.06 g/t of gold and 138.1 g/t silver.

The Company's 2011 exploration program consists of drilling approximately 3,654 meters at an approximate cost of $2,000,000. The Company retained the services of Coast Mountain Geological Ltd. of Vancouver to provide project management services for the exploration on both the Charlotte and Discovery Creek properties.

The 2011 exploration program focused on the further delineation of the Flex and Orloff King gold zones by way of drilling 21 holes for 3,654 metres. Drilling this year has intersected broad well-mineralized zones, enhancing the potential for a bulk mineable deposit to be hosted on the property. This year's drilling confirmed and expanded the known high grade gold and silver vein hosted mineralization. The strike length of the deposit has been expanded to 580 metres long and up to 90 metres wide and has not been closed off either along strike or at depth.

The current deposit model is similar to other vein deposits in the area, such as the Webber, Heustis, and the past producing Brown-McDade as well as to the Flex deposit, form a set of mineralizing shears. The mineralizing fluids filled in pockets formed during an extension period and have been subsequently faulted. The deposit is a braided series of gold-silver bearing quartz veins accompanied by significant base metal mineralization. The veins crosscut both the gneisses of the Yukon Terrane and the intruded feldspar and quartz feldspar porphyries of the Mt. Nansen volcanic rocks. The northern extension of the deposit has been cut by the Webber Creek fault, a dextral strike-slip fault with unknown horizontal

and vertical displacement. It is hypothesised that the extension is to the NE, and presents a target for the 2012 exploration program.

This year's regional geochemistry soil program coupled with historic geophysics and geology, has identified 6 new target areas in addition to several others previously and located up to 5 km from the Flex Zone, but still occurring within Ansell's claim block.

All assays have now been received for all of the twenty-one diamond drill holes completed as part of the 2011 exploration program on the Flex and Orloff King Zones.

A 2012 exploration program comprising 1,883.54 metres of diamond drilling in 6 holes, trenching and mapping was completed in August2012. The exploration program was managed by Coast Mountain Geological of Vancouver. The drill strategy was to explore depth and strike extensions of the Flex Zone, and to test the area between the Flex and Webber zones, which has never been previously drilled.
The drill results have opened up the south end of the Flex Zone both along strike and down dip, In addition, the potential for down plunge extensions of the wide and well mineralized zones in the central part of the Flex is considerably enhanced.

Highlights from the 2012 drilling include:

- DDH-12-280 27.7 g/t Au, 429.9 g/t Ag over 2.64 m
  and 2.57 g/t Au, 114.0 g/t Ag over 23.74 m
  including 6.70 g/t Au, 316.7 g/t Ag over 8.14 m

- DDH-12-276 49.43 g/t Au, 871.6 g/t Ag over 1.55 m
  and 1.14 g/t Au, 63.6 g/t Ag over 14.26 m

- DDH-12-278 1.57 g/t Au, 26.2 g/t Ag over 13.00 m
  including 4.15 g/t Au, 73.9 g/t Ag over 4.08 m

The objectives of the 2012 program were to expand the known mineralization in the Flex Zone to the south and at depth. In addition, one hole tested the previously undrilled area between the Flex and Webber zones. In summary:

DDH 12-275 tested the area between the Flex and Webber zones. It intersected one narrow high grade zone (12.2 g/t Au over 0.60 m), as well as a wider low grade zone;

DDH 12-276 successfully tested the down plunge extension of the Hanging Wall Vein, in the centre of the zone. Four well mineralized zones were intersected, including 49.43 g/t Au and 871.6 g/t Ag over 1.55 m, as well as 1.14 g/t Au and 63.6 g/t Ag over 14.26 m;

DDH 12-277 tested for down dip extensions of the central part of the Flex, and intersected three mineralized zones, including 22.88 g/t Au and 192.4 g/t Ag over 1.07 m;

DDH 12-278 tested the potential to expand the Flex to the south and added 30 m to the strike length with two wide intersections, including 1.57 g/t Au over 13.0 m;

DDH 12-279 further tested the potential to expand the Flex to the south, undercutting 12-278 by approximately 30 m and intersected four separate mineralized zones;

DDH 12-280 followed up on the success of DDH 12-276 and expanded the Flex down plunge by at least 60 m with several well mineralized intercepts (27.7 g/t Au and 429.2 g/t Ag over 2.64 m; 2.57 g/t Au and 114.0 g/t Ag over 23.74 m).

During the summer of 2013, a program of high definition, close-spaced IP Resistivity survey was carried out over two areas with known Au-Ag mineralization from drilling. Nine lines were run on the Flex zone and two on the Orloff-King zone, for a total of 4 km of survey. This work was carried out by GroundTruth Exploration of Dawson City. There is a strong correlation between chargeability high features that are coincident with resistivity lows and drillhole mineralization. These target chargeability highs are also shown to be oriented as steeply dipping to the east. Chargeable oxide mineralization, clays and high sulphide content are expected to be the reason for the coincident chargeability high with resistivity low and denote ore zone potential.

In addition, a mineralogical study was carried out on 29 drill core samples from the Flex zone, to characterize the mineralogical composition of the mineralized zones. The mineralization appears to be hosted in quartz-sulphide veins that were emplaced into a quartz-rich rock. The host rock has subsequently been altered to varying degrees to muscovite, and hosts pyrite. Sphalerite, pyrite, and arsenopyrite are among the first sulphide minerals to form, followed by galena and Sb-sulfosalt minerals that infilled around the quartz and sulphides. The latter stage probably included the formation of the first Ag phases. Subsequently, the quartz-sulphide veins were weakly to moderately oxidized, and the sulphide and sulfosalt minerals broke down into sulfate and S-Si-O phases. This breakdown enabled the concentration of Au and Ag. Finally, further oxidation and alteration leached Au and Ag out of the rock, suggesting a late stage metasomatic overprinting.

Dal Property, Yukon Territory, Canada

On March 4, 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement with Shawn Ryan and Wildwood Exploration Inc. to purchase mining claims comprising an area of approximately 3,600 hectares located in the Dawson Mining District of the Yukon Territory. ("The Dal Property") The original agreement was amended on April 27, 2012, to allow the deferral of exploration expenditures to be incurred and certain of the cash consideration to paid.

In order to earn its 100% interest the Company, pursuant to the amended agreement will pay the vendors $440,000 cash, 2,000,000 common shares (450,000 issued) and incur expenditures on the property of $2,150,000 by October 2015 as follows:

i) Cash consideration;

$125,000 on the effective date, (paid);
$30,000 on or before May 1, 2012, (paid)
$35,000 on or before May 1, 2014;
$75,000 on or before May 1, 2015;
$75,000 on or before May 1, 2016;
$100,000 on or before May 1, 2017;

ii) Stock consideration

300,000 on the effective date, (issued at a value of $90,000);
150,000 shares on or May 1, 2012 (issued at a value of $19,500)
150,000 shares on or May 1, 2014
300,000 shares on or May 1, 2015
300,000 shares on or May 1, 2016
300,000 shares on or May 1, 2017
250,000 shares upon incurring cumulative exploration expenditures $4,000,000
250,000 shares upon incurring cumulative exploration expenditures $7,500,000

iii) Property exploration expenditures

$150,000 on or before October 15, 2011
$75,000 on or before October 15, 2012
$75,000 on or before October 15, 2014
$75,000 on or before October 15, 2015
$75,000 on or before October 15, 2016
$1,700,000 on or before October 15, 2017

The interest is subject to a 2% net smelter return royalty of which the Company can purchase 1% for $2,500,000 upon commercial production.

Finders fees are also payable by the Company in staged payments comprising an aggregate of $26,375 cash and the issuance of 65,938 common shares as follows:

i) Cash consideration;

$6,125 on the effective date, (paid);
$4,875 on or before the first anniversary of the effective date (paid)
$4,875 on or before the second anniversary of the effective date
$4,875 on or before the third anniversary of the effective date
$5,675 on or before the fourth anniversary of the effective date

ii) Stock consideration

15,312 on the effective date, (issued);
12,188 shares on or before the first anniversary of the effective date (issued)
12,188 shares on or before the second anniversary of the effective date
12,188 shares on or before the third anniversary of the effective date
14,062 shares on or before the fourth anniversary of the effective date

During the nine month period ended April 30, 2014, the Company determined that it no longer wished to continue its interest in the property and gave notice of termination of the mineral property option agreement to the vendor. As a result of the termination, the Company recorded a mineral property impairment of $484,351 during the period ended April 30, 2014.

Etzel Property, Yukon Territory, Canada

On June 22, 2011, the Company entered into a Mineral Property purchase agreement with Aurchem to acquire up to a 100% interest in 50 mineral claims for $835,000 (paid). The property is subject to 1.5% Net Smelter Return Royalty upon commercial production.

During August 2011, the Company entered into an Option and Joint Venture Agreement with Great Bear Resources Ltd, ("Great Bear") whereby Great Bear would acquire up to a 65% undivided interest in the Etzel mineral claims.

In order for Great Bear to earn its 65% interest in the property Ansell will receive consideration aggregating $500,000 cash and 2,500,000 shares of Great Bear in staged tranches, and Great Bear has an obligation to incur aggregate exploration expenditures of $9,750,000.

Upon the option being earned, a joint venture will be established to further explore the property and the operator will be determined by the establishment of a management committee.

During the year ended July 31, 2012, prior to Great Bear giving notice to terminate the agreement the Company had received $100,000 and 500,000 common shares (with a fair value of $95,000 when received) of Great Bear Resources pursuant to the agreement.

During the year ended July 31, 2012 the Company recorded a write down of exploration and evaluation assets of $390,000 reducing the recorded value of the property at July 31, 2012 to $250,000. On November 1, 2012, the Company sold the property to Rockhaven Resources Ltd. for $250,000.

SUMMARY

Our Company's Board and management is a highly qualified team of professionals with essential experience in resource acquisition, exploration, and development, finance and marketing. We are committed to building a highly valued asset base and a strong, loyal shareholder following.

SELECTED ANNUAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following financial data prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles stated in Canadian dollars is presented as at July 31 of each of the 2013, 2012, and 2011, fiscal years:

	FISCAL YEARS ENDED		
	JULY 31 2013	**JULY 31 2012**	**JULY 31 2011**
Results of Operations			
Total revenue	$ -	$ -	$ -
Net loss before interest income, exploration and evaluation asset cost recoveries, losses on sales of assets and investments, write down of advance and other income	$ (537,154)	$ (1,200,594)	$ (1,041,930)
Net loss for the year	$ (379,903)	$ (997,516)	$ (1,029,185)
Basic and diluted loss per share	$ (0.00)	$ (0.02)	$ (0.03)
Cash Dividends per share	$ -	$ -	$ -
Financial Position			
Working Capital	1,450,573	1,850,457	4,272,513
Total Assets	$ 9,694,352	$ 10,337,336	$ 11,777,223
Total Long Term Liabilities	$ -	$ -	$ -
Total Shareholders' Equity	9,617,626	10,052,913	11,093,529
Cash Dividends per share	$ -	$ -	$ -

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	NINE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30	
	2014	2013
Expenses		
Amortization	**$** 303	$ 303
Consulting	72,630	73,725
Management fees	54,000	54,000
Office expenses	29,677	53,656
Professional fees	25,653	20,056
Regulatory and filing fees	10,331	8,738
Rent, net of recoveries	16,816	8,796
Shareholder communications	2,122	15,193
Transfer agent fees	4,831	6,518
Travel and property evaluation	26,362	40,736
Wages and salaries	44,233	54,175
	(286,958)	(335,896)
Interest income	11,083	11,697
Exploration and evaluation asset recovery	1,000	51,612
Exploration and evaluation asset impairment	(484,351)	-
Loss on disposal of asset	-	(3,084)
Loss on sale of investments	(78,380)	-
Net Income (Loss) For The Period	(837,606)	(275,671)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
Net unrealized losses on available for sale investments during the period	75,175	(42,500)
Comprehensive Income (Loss) For The Period	**$** (762,431)	$ (318,171)
Basic and Fully Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	**$** (0.01)	$ (0.01)
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding	57,537,532	57,530,653

The Company incurred a net loss of $837,606 and a comprehensive loss of $762,431 during the nine month period ended April 30, 2014 compared to a net loss of $275,671 and comprehensive loss of $318,171 for the comparative period ended April 30, 2013. The most significant changes for current six month period to the comparative period are discussed below:

Office expenses were reduced due to a reduction in corporate activity. In the comparative period the Company incurred costs associated with the redecoration of the office reception area.

Professional fees increased due to the Companies audit fees being approximately $5,000 in excess of the provision made for the prior year.

Rent costs, net of recoveries increased due to there being fewer subtenants in the office facility.

Shareholder communication costs were reduced as a result of the Company reducing promotional activities.

Travel and property investigation costs were reduced again due to there being less corporate activity.

Wages and salaries were reduced as result of one employee leaving the Company during the latter part of the 2013 fiscal year.

Exploration and evaluation asset recovery in the current period related to an unexpected recovery on a property which had been fully impaired in the prior year. The recovery in the comparative period related to consideration due pursuant to the Kuyakuz mineral property option agreement.

Exploration and exploration impairment in the current period relates to the impairment of the Dal property which was abandoned in the current period.

In the current period the sale of the Company's holding of Great Bear Resources shares for proceeds of $9,020 resulted in the Company recording a loss on sale of investment of $78,380. During the comparative period no investments were sold.

All other expenses were relatively consistent with the comparative prior period.

A net unrealized gain on investments held of $75,175 (2013 – loss of $42,500) was recorded as a result of marking the investments held at the respective period ends to market value, and eliminating the other comprehensive loss on the investments sold during the period from accumulated other comprehensive income.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The following is a summary of the Company's quarterly results for the period from May 1, 2012 to April 30, 2014 reported in Canadian currency.

	QUARTER ENDED			
	APRIL 30 2014	JANUARY 31 2014	OCTOBER 31 2013	JULY 31 2013
Total revenue	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Net loss before income taxes	$ (589,713)	$ (88,770)	$ (159,123)	$ (104,232)
Net income (loss) for the period	$ (589,713)	$ (88,770)	$ (159,123)	$ (104,232)
Basic income (loss) per share	$ (0.01)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)

	QUARTER ENDED			
	APRIL 30 2013	JANUARY 31 2013	OCTOBER 31 2012	JULY 31 2012
Total revenue	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Net loss before income taxes	$ (111,873)	$ (85,119)	$ (78,679)	$ (510,520)
Net income (loss) for the period	$ (111,873)	$ (85,119)	$ (78,679)	$ (510,520)
Basic income (loss) per share	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.00)	$ (0.01)

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30, 2014

	THREE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30	
	2014	2013
Expenses		
Amortization	**$** 101	$ 101
Consulting	24,200	24,975
Management fees	18,000	18,000
Office expenses	8,558	17,472
Professional fees	15,074	3,970
Regulatory and filing fees	8,200	5,840
Rent, net of recoveries	4,429	6,424
Shareholder communications	999	6,687
Transfer agent fees	3,216	3,755
Travel and property evaluation	12,655	15,708
Wages and salaries	14,048	17,412
	(109,480)	(120,344)
Interest income	3,118	4,471
Exploration and evaluation asset recovery	1,000	4,000
Exploration and evaluation asset recovery	(484,351)	-
Net Income (Loss) For The Period	(589,713)	$ (111,873)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
Net unrealized losses on available for sale investments during the period	(8,101)	(13,500)
Comprehensive Income (Loss) For The Period	**$** (597,814)	$ (125,373)
Basic and Fully Diluted Earnings (Loss) per Share	**$** (0.01)	$ (0.00)
Weighted Average Number Of Shares Outstanding	57,537,532	57,387,532

The Company incurred a net loss of $589,713 and a comprehensive loss of $597,814 during the three month period ended April 30, 2014 compared to a net loss of $111,873 and comprehensive loss of $125,373 for the comparative period ended April 30, 2014. The most significant changes for current three month period to the comparative period are discussed below:

Office expenses were reduced due to a reduction in corporate activity. In the comparative period the Company incurred certain costs associated with the redecoration of the office reception area.

Professional fees increased due to the Companies audit fees being approximately $5,000 in excess of the provision made for the prior period.

Rent costs, net of recoveries decreased as result of there being additional subtenants in the period compared to the prior period..

Shareholder communication costs were reduced as a result of the Company reducing promotional activities.

Travel and property investigation costs were reduced again due to there being less corporate activity.

Wages and salaries were reduced as result of one employee leaving the Company during the latter part of the 2013 fiscal year.

Exploration and evaluation asset recovery in the current period related to an unexpected recovery on a property which had been fully impaired in the prior year. The recovery in the comparative period related to consideration due pursuant to the Kuyakuz mineral property option agreement.

Exploration and exploration impairment in the current period relates to the impairment of the Dal property which was abandoned in the current period.

All other expenses were relatively consistent with the comparative prior period.

A net unrealized loss on investments held of $8,101 (2013 – $13,500) was recorded as a result of marking the investments held at the respective period ends to market value.

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSET EXPENDITURES MINERAL PROPERTY EXPENDITURES

Net acquisition cost, comprising cash paid and the fair value of common stock together with exploration expenditures incurred on the mineral properties, less recoveries on the sale of options in the properties held, and government grants received during the three month period ended April 30, 2014 totaled a recovery of $51182, (three month period ended January 31, 2013 – cost of $833), as follows:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED APRIL 30	
	2014	2013
Kuyakuz, Canada (Recovery)	$ -	$ -
Charlotte, Canada	(19,338)	2,001
Dal, Canada	(23,747)	1,832
Total, net (recovery)	$ (51,182)	$ 3,833

The amounts recorded were recoveries in the three month period ended April 30, 2014 due to the Yukon government grants for exploration expenditures, which were received in the period

OIL AND GAS INVESTMENT

During the 2013 fiscal year the Company advanced $100,000 toward the cost of drilling an Oil and Gas Well and bringing it into production in Alberta, Canada. The Company agreed to fund 33% of the costs expected to be incurred in order to acquire a 25% interest in the well. Subsequent to the year end the well was drilled and was found to be dry. The Company accordingly wrote off the advance of $100,000 at July 31, 2013.

During the nine months ended April 30, 2014, the Company identified a second oil and gas well prospect of which the Company will have a 15% interest. To date the Company has advanced a further $118,526 to the operator in relation to this project. The second well intercepted with 3 prospective reservoir zones, but upon testing did not result in economic flow rates. The Company is awaiting the preparation of relevant geological and engineering reports and has yet to determine how to proceed with this project.

LIQUIDITY

The Company has financed its operations to date primarily through the issuance of common shares. The Company continues to seek capital through various means including the issuance of equity and/or debt.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future.

As at April 30, 2014, the Company has total assets of $8,942,194 (July 31, 2013 - $9,694,352) and working capital of $976,471 (July 31, 2013 - $1,450,573).

As at April 30, 2014, the primary assets of the Company were cash of $926,445, a short term investment of $122,980, receivables primarily consisting of HST recoverable of $13,106, investments with a market value of $16,791, an investment in a oil and gas property with a capitalized value of $118,527 and three mineral property interests with a capitalized value of $7,742,500. At April 30, 2014, the Company had working capital of $976,471. It is management's opinion that the Company has adequate working capital to meet the Company's obligations as they come due and that the Company is not exposed to any significant liquidity risks at this time.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

At April 30, 2014, the Company's capital resources consist of interests in two mineral properties. The Company's 100% interest in the Kuyakuz Mountain project in British Columbia Canada, valued at $nil (costs incurred have been fully recovered); the Company's interest in the Charlotte property in Yukon Territory, Canada, valued at $7,742,500. These amounts totaling $7,742,500 equal the recorded balance of the exploration and evaluation assets at April 30, 2014.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered into any off-Balance Sheet arrangements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management personnel are persons responsible for planning directing and controlling the activities of the Company, and include executive and non-executive directors. The Company considers all Directors and officers of the Company to be key Management personnel.

During the nine month periods ended April 30, 2014 and 2013 the Company entered into the following transactions with key management personnel and company's controlled by key management personnel:

a) Received rent recoveries of $63,650 (2013 - $68,400) from companies with directors and officers in common.

b) Paid or accrued consulting fees of $72,000 (2013 - $72,000) to a company controlled by Rahoul Sharan

c) Paid or accrued consulting fees of $630 (2013 - $nil) to a company controlled by Hrayr Agnerian

d) Paid or accrued management fees of $54,000 (2013 - $54,000) to a company controlled by Jevin Werbes

e) Paid or accrued professional fees of $10,100 (2013 - $9,800) to a company controlled by Matthew Wright

f) Paid or accrued wages of $36,450 (2013 - $36,450) to Bev Funston.

g) Capitalized into exploration and evaluation assets $6,000 (2013 - $7,125) of fees charged by a company controlled by Chris Healey.

h) Capitalized into exploration and evaluation assets $nil (2013 - $375) of fees charged by a company controlled by Hrayr Agnerian.

These transactions were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange value which represented the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As at April 30, 2014, included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is $73,226 owing to three companies controlled individual directors for services rendered (July 31, 2013 – $37,153 owing to three companies for services rendered); $4,000 (July 31, 2013 - $8,788) owing to a Company controlled by Matthew Wright, an officer for professional services; an amount to Rahoul Sharan, a director for expense reimbursement of $590 (July 31, 2013 - $nil) and an amount to Chris Healey, a director for expense reimbursement of $nil (July 31, 2013 - $2,230).

On April 5, 2014, Hrayr Agnerian resigned as a Director of the Company.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURES

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, investments and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

Management does not believe the Company is exposed to significance financial risk arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates, as its' operations are primarily in Canadian dollars. The Company does not use derivative instruments to reduce its exposure to foreign currency risk.

The Company is exposed in varying degrees to a variety of financial instrument related risks. The Board of Directors approves and monitors the risk management process. The overall objectives of the Board are to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility.

The type of risk exposure and the way in which such exposure is managed is as follows:

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company's cash and short term investments are primarily held in large Canadian financial institutions. The Company's receivables consist mainly of GST/HST receivable due from the

Federal Government of Canada. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and short term investments and receivables is remote.

b) Liquidity Risk

The Company ensures that there is sufficient capital in order to meet short term business requirements, after taking into account the Company's holdings of cash. The Company believes that its sources of financing will be sufficient to cover the expected short and long term cash requirements.

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices.

i) Interest rate risk

The Company has cash balances and no interest-bearing debt. The Company's current policy is to invest excess cash in investment-grade short-term deposit certificates issued by its banking institutions. The Company periodically monitors the investments it makes and is satisfied with the credit ratings of its banks.

ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company currently holds no material assets which are denominated in currencies other than the Canadian Dollar. As a result the Company's operations are not subject to significant foreign exchange risks.

iii) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

d) Fair Values

The carrying values of receivables, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short terms to maturity.

Cash short term investments and investment are valued using quoted market prices in active markets.

CRITICAL ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The preparation of the financial statements also requires management to exercise judgment in the process of applying the accounting policies.

On an on-going basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to assets, liabilities and expenses. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances, as the basis for its judgments and estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively from the period in which the estimates are revised. Actual outcomes may differ from those estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The following are the key estimate and assumption uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year.

Share-based payment transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant.

This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

Critical Judgments

Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company, which may be based on assumptions about future events or circumstances. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after the expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of the expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written off in the statement of operations in the period the new information becomes available.

Income taxes

Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Company recognizes liabilities and contingencies for anticipated tax audit issues based on the Company's current understanding of the tax law. For matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company records its best estimate of the tax liability including the related interest and penalties in the current tax provision. Management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters; however, the final outcome may result in a materially different outcome than the amount included in the tax liabilities.

In addition, the Company recognizes deferred tax assets relating to tax losses carried forward to the extent there are sufficient taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities) relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity against which the unused tax losses can be utilized. However, utilization of the tax losses also depends on the ability of the taxable entity to satisfy certain tests at the time the losses are recouped.

PROPOSED TRANSATION

On April 4, 2014, Ansell Capital Corp ("Ansell") entered into a Letter Agreement with BriaCell Theraputics Corp ("BriaCell") whereby the parties will complete a share exchange and Ansell will acquire all the outstanding equity interests of BriaCell, in a transaction whereby the shareholders of BriaCell shall receive common shares of Ansell. As a result of the transaction Ansell will become the sole benefical owner of all outstanding shares of BriaCell. Completion of the Agreement will result in a Reverse Takeover and Change of Business for Ansell. The Agreement is subject to Shareholder and regulatory approval.

The Letter Agreement is intended to be binding until superceeded by a definitive share exchange agreement.

The terms of the transaction provide for Ansell to consolidate its Common shares on a 3.25 old shares for 1 new share basis resulting in an aggregate of 17,703,856 shares being outstanding subsequent to consolidation. Ansell will then issue on Closing 53,111,568 post consolidation shares to the shareholders of BriaCell in exchange for 100% of the issued and outstanding share capital of BriaCell.

As a condition of closing the Proposed Transaction, a private placement (the "Financing") will be conducted of common shares of BriaCell for gross proceeds of a minimum of $2 million or such other form of equity or debt securities as is determined by BriaCell, in each case to be concluded on terms and conditions satisfactory to the market and subject to negotiations between BriaCell and Ansell. Proceeds from the Offering will be used for growth, research and development, and general working capital purposes.

The Company has retained Sunel Securities Inc. and M Partners Inc., who will colead the Offering of at least 11,111,112 units at the price of $0.18 per unit, for aggregate gross proceeds of at least $2 million.

On May 26, 2014, Ansell and BriaCell completed the first tranch of the Financing. Ansell issued 10,139,347 subscription receipts (the "Subscription Receipts") at a price of $0.18 per Subscription Receipt for gross proceeds of approximately $1.825 million. Each Subscription Receipt entitles the holder thereof, upon conversion in accordance with the provisions of the subscription receipt, to acquire one unit (a "Unit") of the combined entity (the "Resulting Issuer") for no additional consideration. The conversion of the Subscription Receipts into Units is conditional upon the satisfaction of various conditions including the satisfaction of conditions necessary for the completion of the Reverse Takeover and Change of Business.

Each Unit is comprised of one common share of the Resulting Issuer (each, a "Share") and one common share purchase warrant (each a "Warrant") which is exercisable into one Share of the Resulting Issuer at a price of Cdn $0.25 for a period of 12 months post the closing of the Proposed Transaction, and at a price of $0.35 during the subsequent 24 months. In the event that the closing price of the Shares on the TSX Venture Exchange is $0.50 or greater per Share during any twenty (20) consecutive trading day period at any time after the initial 12 months following the closing of the Proposed Transaction, the Warrants will expire, at the sole discretion of Ansell, on the 30th day after the date on which Ansell provides notice of such fact to the subscribers of the financing.

It is anticipated that a finder's fee on the transaction may be payable.

About BriaCell

BriaCell is a Los Angeles based biotechnology company, with a strong focus on cancer immunotherapy. BriaCell is developing and advancing its patented SV-BR-1-GM Immunotherapy

Vaccine for patients with advanced breast cancer. BriaCell has already successfully implemented two U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA") Phase-I studies, wherein the Vaccine has proved safe and has demonstrated significant promise in patients with advanced breast cancer.

In the latest FDA Phase I human study, the vaccine showed unprecedented results in a patient with advanced breast cancer whose tumor was resistant to other types of cancer treatment. In that particular patient, the observed regressions of the cancer occurred in local-regional and distant metastatic sites, including the brain.

BriaCell is uniquely positioned to rapidly advance its cancer immunotherapy technology in an FDA approved Phase-I/II expanded clinical trial with up to 24 breast cancer patients with advanced stages of solid tumors. Additionally, the FDA-approved protocol has provision to allow testing the vaccine in selected patients with other cancers as well, including prostate, ovarian, pancreas, lung and bladder cancers among others; and BriaCell is excited to potentially apply its vaccine technology in managing such other solid tumours in future trials.

Early Clinical Proof of Concept

Studies of the SV-BR-1-GM vaccine have been conducted in humans under an FDA Phase I protocol. To date, the vaccine has demonstrated significant promise with little toxicity in two separate FDA Phase-I clinical studies. FDA permission has been granted for an expanded Phase I/II clinical trial to be conducted on late staged breast cancer patients, with the ability to include select cases of other tumours such as lung, bladder and prostate.

The causal efficacy of the SV-BR-1-GM vaccine is supported by the rapid induction of remission and re-induction of remission, including brain metastases, in one the four patients treated with the vaccine in the last Phase I clinical trial**.**

The observed regressions are considered unprecedented and were seen in advanced cancer that was resistant to other types of cancer treatment. The overall median survival time for the small SV-BR-1 GM vaccine group was 35 months, which is 5 times longer than expected from published reports.

Market Overview

In the U.S. alone, there are about approximately 3 million women who have breast cancer. One out of eight American women is expected to develop breast cancer during her lifetime, and for the year 2013, there were an estimated 39,626 deaths due to the disease. Approximately 232,340 new cases of breast cancer were diagnosed in the U.S. in 2013.

Immunotherapeutical technologies are coming to the forefront of cutting edge cancer management approaches. Unlike current therapies such as chemotherapy, vaccines are expected to be much less toxic, more selective to specific cancers, and more likely to prevent the recurrence of the disease.

According to the American Cancer Society, worldwide about 1.3 million women will be diagnosed with breast cancer annually and about 465,000 will die from the disease each year. Metastatic cancer, or cancer spread beyond the breast, generally results in death within three years and complete remission of metastatic cancer currently occurs in only approximately 10% of cases. Even with successful chemotherapy inducing complete remission of metastatic cancer, only 3.1% of breast cancer patients will still be alive in five years.

Initial target population for the vaccine would be patients who are at a terminal or pre-terminal stage. Using this very restricted criteria, the annual death rates for certain HER-2 positive cancers

can be considered a conservative estimate for the number of eligible patients. While breast cancer patients are eligible for the Vaccine if negative or positive to HER-2 (BriaCell's case report showed the unprecedented responses in a HER-2 negative patient), to be eligible for the current FDA approved protocol, non-breast cancer patients must test positive for the HER-2/neu antigen. This antigen is estimated to be present in patients in 15% to 30% of lung, gastric, ovary, bladder, pancreas and prostate cancers.

Experienced Leadership

BriaCell's experiences team is led a highly accomplished and seasoned clinician scientist, Dr. Charles L. Wiseman (biography below). Dr. Wiseman is a leader in the field of cancer management, and pioneered chemotherapy treatments for breast cancer that are considered the standard care of today.

Innovative Therapy

BriaCell's technology is based on a whole-cell vaccination approach known as SV-BR-1-GM. It was created by genetically engineering a cancer cell line derived from one of Dr. Wiseman's breast cancer patients, to synthesize the naturally occurring cytokine GM-CSF. This cytokine is a powerful stimulant that is being used to initiate an anticancer immune response in the body.

Ability to Launch into Expanded FDA Phase-I/II

FDA permission has been granted for an expanded Phase I/II clinical trial to be conducted on selected cases of breast, lung, bladder, prostate and other solid tumors, pending a resubmission of the revised protocol. The vaccine research program is described in a detailed protocol, submitted and approved by the FDA for imminent clinical application. The protocol for the expanded clinical trial has passed the review of the Western Institutional Review Board. A new and effective treatment for breast cancer and certain other HER-2 positive cancers can be a compelling reason for the FDA to grant "fast track" approval. BriaCell is hopeful that the vaccine will potentially be a candidate for fast track approval.

While drug development often takes 5 years or more, a much more rapid timeline to FDA approval may be possible provided certain criteria are met. Additionally, a new FDA category called "break-through therapy" has recent been established. Under this program, the FDA actively engages with qualifying companies to expedite meeting regulatory milestones to expedite faster approvals. Without question, this program would be sought out by BriaCell. However, there is no way to predict how the FDA will evaluate BriaCell's submission.

Financial Information

It is estimated that a similar company to BriaCell could reasonably be expected to incur costs totaling approximately $7 - 10 million in order to get through a single FDA approved Phase I clinical trial. BriaCell has successfully completed two such FDA approved Phase-I trials with a fraction of that cost, approximately $1.5 million, utilizing operational efficiency, its network of key contacts, while taking advantage of hospital assistance and grants. BriaCell intends to implement that same level of capital discipline in taking BriaCell to the next level. Currently, BriaCell's financials are not audited.

Proposed Management of the Resulting Issuer

The current officers and directors of Ansell, except for Mr. Rahoul Sharan, are expected to resign as of the closing of the Proposed Transaction. The proposed board of directors of the Resulting Issuer upon closing will comprise Dr. Charles Wiseman (chairman), Dr. Saeid Babaei, Mr. Rahoul Sharan and Mr. Isaac B. Maresky. The new management team will be led by Dr. Charles

Wiseman as Physician in Chief and interim Chief Executive Officer, and Rahoul Sharan as interim Chief Financial Officer. Dr. Senthamil R. Selvan will join the Resulting Issuer in the capacity of Senior Scientist.

Dr. Charles Wiseman, MD, FACP – Chairman and Physician in Chief

Dr. Wiseman is a highly accomplished oncologist with nearly 40 years of experience as a doctor. Dr. Wiseman began his medical career as a Major in the U.S. Army Medical Corps. He became the Director of the Breast Cancer Basic Research Lab at the University of Texas' M.D. Anderson Hospital, one of the original 3 Cancer Centers in the U.S. Dr. Wiseman pioneered chemotherapy treatments for breast cancer that are considered the standard care of today. At that time, he recognized the importance of genetics in breast cancer biology. Considered irrelevant 30 years ago, today family history and genetic analysis are accepted as fundamentally important in the medical management of cancer. Additionally, his previous work with monoclonal antibodies has benefited patients with brain tumors.

He was the Principal Investigator on innovative treatment protocols at the St. Vincent Cancer Treatment Center and the Los Angeles Oncologic Institute, and participated in local and national cooperative cancer treatment organizations such as the National Surgical Adjuvant Breast and Bowel Projects ant the Southwest Oncology Group. Dr. Wiseman is a Clinical Professor at the Division of Medical Oncology, USC School of Medicine, and was Acting Chief of Division of Oncology & Hematology at the White Memorial Medical Center. Dr. Wiseman was also the Co-Director of the 2005 Palo Alto symposium on mathematical modeling of Cancer, a conference sponsored by the American Institute of Mathematics.

Dr. Wiseman has authored more than 100 papers and medical text book chapters. He has presented his research at such forums as the American Association for Cancer Research, the Society for Biological Therapy, and the American Association for Clinical Oncology. His celebrated work on "Objective Clinical Regression of Metastatic Breast Cancer in Disparate Sites after Use of Whole-Cell Vaccine Genetically Modified to Release Sargramostim" is published in the Breast Journal.

Dr. Wiseman draws patients from around the world and his peers have elected him for inclusion in the Best Doctors in America® from 2001 to 2013. He has been listed in Cambridge Who's Who and in the U.S. News & World Report's list of Top Doctors, from 1999 to 2013. Dr. Wiseman received his medical degree from the UCLA School of Medicine, where he served as President of the Student American Medical Association in his senior year. He received a B.Sc. in Chemistry, also from UCLA, where he was designated the Outstanding Senior of his faculty at graduation. Dr. Wiseman has sat on several boards of directors, and has retained medical staff privileges at Cedars-Sinai, St. Vincent Medical Center, Hollywood Presbyterian, and LAC-USC Healthcare Center.

Dr. Saeid Babaei, PhD, MBA – Director

Dr. Babaei is an accomplished entrepreneur with a unique combination of experience in both the scientific and business realms. He is currently the President & CEO of AbCelex Technologies, a Toronto based Biotech Company focused in molecular approaches to human and animal health. AbCelex has been successful in securing a number of key strategic partnerships including a collaboration agreement with Ireland's largest poultry processor as well as an exclusive worldwide license agreement with Canada's National Research Council's antibody platform for all in vitro clinical diagnostic and food safety applications. Recently, Dr. Babaei has successfully negotiated funding from a large US venture capital fund to back AbCelex's lead program.

Prior to AbCelex, Dr. Babaei was the VP of corporate development at Lorus Therapeutics, where he was largely responsible for helping to turn around the company. During his tenure at Lorus, he successfully assessed, negotiated, and closed several key strategic transactions including out-licensing a Phase III cancer immunotherapy program to a US-based biopharma, which resulted in over $12mm upfront and potential milestone payment, high double digit tiered royalty, and an equity investment in the Licensee. Prior to Lorus, Dr. Babaei led corporate development activities at Northern Therapeutics, where he played a key role for the launch of the 'first' cell-based gene therapy clinical trial in patients with pulmonary arterial hypertension. Northern was bought out by United Therapeutics (NASDAQ: UTHR).

Dr. Babaei received his Ph.D. from the Department of Laboratory Medicine & Pathobiology, Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, as well as an Executive MBA from the Rotman School of Management, also at the University of Toronto. Dr. Babaei sits on several charitable boards, has lectured around the world, and has been published well over 50 times

Rahoul Sharan, CA - Director

Mr. Sharan brings over 25 years of finance and accounting experience to Ansell Capital Corp. He is responsible for managing all of Ansell Capital's accounting and financial matters. Prior to joining Ansell Capital, Mr. Sharan was a partner of the S&P Group, which specializes in investment financing for venture capital projects, real estate development and construction. At S&P Group, Mr. Sharan has led the successful financing efforts for over 15 companies in several industries totaling several hundred million dollars' worth of transactions. Mr. Sharan is the founder, chairman and director of Potash Ridge Corporation (TSX: PRK), a Tier 1 issuer on the Toronto Stock Exchange. Mr. Sharan is the President of KJN Management Ltd., which provides a broad range of administrative, management and financial services.

He also worked in public accounting for three years with Coopers & Lybrand. At C&L, Mr. Sharan worked in both the tax and audit groups for a wide variety of large and small clients. Mr. Sharan holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from the University of British Columbia and is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of British Columbia.

Isaac B. Maresky – Director

Mr. Maresky is a Principal with Sunel Securities, and is largely responsible for identifying and bringing forth the BriaCell opportunity. At Sunel, Mr. Maresky focuses on helping to seek out and execute unique and attractive investment opportunities for the firm and its investors. In that regard, Mr. Maresky has visited and assessed assets and investment opportunities in several countries around the globe, and to date has been involved in hundreds of millions of dollars of transactions. Mr. Maresky is actively engaged with Sunel's institutional investors and has published research reports for clients internationally.

Previously, Mr. Maresky worked for Standard Chartered Bank as an Analyst in their Mergers and Acquisitions group. There, Mr. Maresky focused on the analytical side of the bank's mandates for large corporate clients. Mr. Maresky began his financial career as an intern with the Royal Bank of Canada in their Wealth Management group, where he quickly became the top-performing intern of his class. Mr. Maresky holds a degree from the Faculty of Health at York University in Toronto.

Senthamil R. Selvan, PhD – Senior Scientist

Dr. Selvan is currently serving as the Director of Immunotherapy at Thomas Jefferson University in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Dr. Selvan received his undergraduate and master's degrees in Zoology from the University of Madras, Tamil Nadu, India and PhD in Cancer and Immunology from the Jawaharlal Nehru University in New Delhi, India. Dr. Selvan was a post-doctoral fellow in

tumor immunology in the department of microbiology and immunology at Virginia Tech, Blacksburg, Virginia in 1988. He moved to Duke University Medical Center, Durham, North Carolina as a post-doctoral research associate in the Department of Immunology, Duke University Medical Center from 1989 to 1994. He also worked as a Principal Investigator of transplant and tumor immunology in the Department of Surgery at the Duke University Medical Center from 1995 to 1999. During his tenure at Duke, Dr. Selvan served as Associate Member at the Duke Comprehensive Cancer center. He left Duke in late 1999 to become Senior Scientist of Cell Biology at the Hoag Cancer Center, to direct tumor cell vaccine clinical trial and research programs. He was promoted to Associate Scientific Director/Principal Scientist in 2004 and directed the program at Hoag until 2009.

Dr. Selvan's research stems from a deep interest in cancer immunology and immunotherapy. He was one of the first scientists to develop an autologous human model to identify and characterize tumor immune response and tumor-associated antigens recognized by pancreatic tumor-specific T cells. His work extended to cancer cell biology, personalized vaccine using autologous tumor cells, immune monitoring of cancer vaccine, biomarkers of therapeutic response and cancer progression, and botanicals of immunomodulators.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The following details the common shares, stock options, and warrants outstanding as of the date of this MD&A

Common Shares

	Number of Shares
Authorized	
Unlimited common shares, without par value	
Issued	
Balance at June 27, 2014	57,537,532

Stock Options

NUMBER OF STOCK OPTIONS	EXERCISE PRICE	NUMBER EXERCISABLE AT MARCH 28, 2014	EXPIRY DATE
800,000	$ 0.38	800,000	June 17, 2016

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Limited Operating History

The Company is in the early stages of mineral property exploration and development. As a result, it is difficult to evaluate the Company's prospects, and its future success is more uncertain than if it had a longer or more proven history of operations.

History of Losses

The Company has incurred net losses every period since inception and as of April 30, 2014 had an accumulated deficit of $4,388,113.

No History of Dividends

Since incorporation, the Company has not paid any cash or other dividends on its common stock and does not expect to pay such dividends in the foreseeable future, as all available funds will be invested primarily to finance its mineral exploration programs. The Company will need to achieve profitability prior to any dividends being declared.

Dilution

The Company does not generate any revenues from operating and does not have sufficient financial resources to undertake by itself all of its planned activities. The Company has limited financial resources and has financed its operations primarily through the sale of securities such as common shares. The Company will need to continue its reliance on the sale of such securities for future financing, resulting in dilution to the Company's existing shareholders.

Capital and Liquidity Risk

The amount of financial resources available to invest for the enhancement of shareholder value is dependent upon the size of the treasury, profitable operations, a willingness to utilize debt and issue equity. Due to the size of the Company, financial resources are limited and if the Company exceeds growth expectations or finds investment opportunities it may require debt or equity financing. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain additional financial resources that may be required to successfully finance transactions or compete in its markets on favourable commercial terms.

Acquisition and Expansion Risk

The Company intends to expand its operations through organic growth and depending on certain conditions, by identifying a proposed qualifying transaction. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to identify, acquire or profitably manage additional properties or businesses.

Dependence on Key Personnel

Loss of certain members of the executive team or key operational leaders of the company could have a disruptive effect on the implementation of the Company's business strategy and the efficient running of day-to-day operations until their replacement is found. Recruiting personnel is time consuming and expensive and the competition for professionals is intense. The Company may be unable to retain its key employees or attract, assimilate, retain or train other necessary qualified employees, which may restrict its growth potential.

MD&A PREPARATION

This MD&A was prepared as of June 27, 2014. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the condensed interim unaudited financial statements for the three and nine month periods ended April 30, 2014 and the audited financial statements for the year ended July 31, 2013. This MD&A is intended to assist the reader's understanding of **Ansell Capital Corp**. and its' operations, business, strategies, performance and future outlook from the perspective of management. The documents mentioned above, as well as news releases and other important information may be viewed through the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com

Managements Responsibility for Financial Statements

The information provided in this report, including the financial statements is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

Management maintains a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the company's assets are safeguarded and to facilitate the preparation of relevant and timely information.

Ansell Capital's Board of Directors follows recommended corporate governance guidelines for public companies to ensure transparency and accountability to shareholders. The Board's Audit Committee meets with management quarterly to review the financial statement results, including the MD&A, and to discuss other financial, operating and internal control matters. The Audit Committee receives a report from the independent auditors annually, and is free to meet with them throughout the year.

ANSELL CAPITAL CORP

SCHEDULE A

SCHEDULE OF DEFERRED EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

APRIL 30, 2014

	CHARLOTTE PROPERTY (CANADA)	DAL PROPERTY (CANADA)	TOTAL
Balance, July 31, 2013	$ 2,860,369	$ 151,490	$ 3,011,859
Camp costs	1,712	25,705	27,417
Drilling	-	-	-
Engineering & Consulting	40,258	26,532	66,790
Equipment rental	2,049	-	2,049
Geophysics & Assaying	7,621	16,027	23,648
Reports and Mapping	14,650	7,063	21,713
Transportation	-	-	-
Travel	3,276	-	3,276
Total Additions For The Period	69,566	75,327	144,893
Recovered from optionee	-	-	-
Recovered from government	(27,435)	(27,435)	(54,870)
Write Offs	-	(199,382)	(199,382)
	(27,435)	(226,817)	(254,252)
Balance, April 30, 2014	**$** 2,904,500	$ -	$ 2,902,500