UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015
Or
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0001290504

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada	41-2122221
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2724 Otter Creek Ct., Suite 101, Las Vegas, Nevada 89117-1732
(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

1-250-954-0263
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

_____
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes [ ] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer [ ]	Accelerated filer [ ]
Non-accelerated filer [ ]	Smaller reporting company [X]
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes [ ] No [X]

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Issued and outstanding 159,321,890 common shares as at March 31, 2015

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

The accompanying unaudited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-QSB and Item 310(b) of Regulation S-B, and, therefore, do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, cash flows, and stockholders' equity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations and financial position have been included and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2015 are not necessarily indicative of the results than can be expected for the year ended December 31, 2015.

The financial statements are attached to this report

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

For the three month Period Ended March 31, 2015 Compared to the same Period Ended March 31, 2014 Net Profit (Loss) for the Period was ($ 6,936.54) (2014 $ 28,402.00). The Company has had only limited operations, and hasn't yet realized any significant revenues from the sale of various products. The Company has realized a net loss from operations of $4,785,536.43 since inception.

Our independent accountant has expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern, which may hinder our ability to obtain future financing. In his report dated April 6, 2015, our independent accountant stated that our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 were prepared assuming that we would continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is an issue raised as a result of recurring losses from operations. We continue to experience net operating losses. Our ability to continue as a going concern is subject to our ability to obtain necessary funding from outside sources, including obtaining additional funding from the sale of our securities. Our continued net operating losses increase the difficulty in meeting such goals and there can be no assurances that such methods will prove successful. We have a limited operating history and if we are not successful in continuing to grow our business, then we may have to scale back or even cease our ongoing business operations. We have yet to generate positive earnings and there can be no assurance that we will ever operate profitably.

If we are not able to effectively manage our anticipated expansion and growth, our business and financial condition will be negatively affected. We have recently expanded our business operations. Any future growth in our business may place significant strain on our limited managerial and operational resources. We cannot assure you that we will be able to implement adequate controls over the risks associated with our planned expansion. If we are unable to effectively manage expanded operations, our revenues may not concurrently increase with rising costs of operations and our business will be negatively affected.

Our compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and SEC rules concerning internal controls may be time consuming, difficult and costly for us. It may be time consuming, difficult and costly for us to develop and implement the internal controls and reporting procedures required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. We may need to hire additional financial reporting, internal controls and other finance staff in order to develop and implement appropriate internal controls and reporting procedures. If we are unable to comply with the internal controls requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, we may not be able to obtain the independent accountant certifications that the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires publicly-traded companies to obtain develop and implement appropriate internal controls and reporting procedures. If we are unable to comply with the internal controls requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, we may not be able to obtain the independent accountant certifications that the Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires publicly-traded companies to obtain.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

If we fail to remain current in our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board which would limit the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market. Companies trading on the OTC Bulletin Board, such as us, must be reporting issuers under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and must be current in their reports under Section 13, in order to maintain price quotation privileges on the OTC Bulletin Board. If we fail to remain current on our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board. As a result, the market liquidity for our securities could be severely adversely affected by limiting the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market. Our shares of common stock is subject to the "penny stock" rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the trading market in our securities is limited, which makes transactions in our shares of common stock cumbersome and may reduce the value of an investment in our shares of common stock. The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than $5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than $5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require: - that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and - the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased. In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must: - obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and - make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks. The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form: - sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and - that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction. Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our shares of common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our shares of common stock. Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks. National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. sales practice requirements may also limit a stockholder's ability to buy and sell our shares of common stock.

In addition to the "penny stock" rules described above, the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. has adopted rules that require that in recommending an investment to a customer, a broker-dealer must have reasonable grounds for believing that the investment is suitable for that customer. Prior to recommending speculative low priced securities to their non-institutional customers, broker-dealers must make reasonable efforts to obtain information about the customer's financial status, tax status, investment objectives and other information. Under interpretations of these rules, the National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. believes that there is a high probability that speculative low priced securities will not be suitable for at least some customers. The National Association of Securities Dealers Inc. requirements make it more difficult for broker dealers to recommend that their customers buy our shares of common stock, which may limit your ability to buy and sell our shares of common stock and have an adverse effect on the market for its shares.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by this report, being, March 31, 2015 we have carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our company's disclosure controls and procedures. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our company's management, including our company's president and our chief financial officer. Based upon that evaluation, our company's president and our chief financial officer concluded that our company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective as at the end of the period covered by this report. There have been no significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting. Disclosure controls and procedures and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to management, including our president and our chief financial officer as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

To the best of our knowledge the company is not a party to any legal proceedings.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

The company has not issued any shares during the past three fiscal years and has funded itself through the issue of a convertible promissory note and from cash advances from related parties.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information.

On September 30, 2014 the company held a special general meeting at which a new board of four directors was appointed followed by approval of a stock consolidation (reverse split) on the following basis one new share for each 25 shares presently held.(1- 25) which was completed on April 30, 2015 following the consolidation the company completed its takeover of Nano Tech West Inc.

Item 6. Exhibits.

The Financial statements are attached

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.
(Registrant)

/s/ Robert Hughes
Robert Hughes
Director, President and CEO

Date: May 6, 2015

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.

To the directors

Cascade Energy, Inc.

Las Vegas Nevada

Dear Sirs:

Please find enclosed the unaudited financial statements of the Company for the three months ended march 31, 2015 (the first quarter of 2015). These financial statements have been prepared by management from material provided by us to us by the vendors of the company. Which information is severely lacking and we are unable at this time to get the accounts audited.

These statements are subject to review and may be changed or updated as new information becomes available.

Thank you

Cascade Energy, Inc.



Robert Hughes
President

2724 Otter Creek Ct., Suite 101, Las Vegas, Nevada 891117 **(250) 954-0263**

Unaudited Financial Statements

(Expressed in U.S. Dollars) as at March 31, 2015

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CASCADE ENERGY, INC.

Balance Sheet

As at March 31, 2015 & 2014

	Mar 31, 15		Mar 31, 14
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Checking/Savings			
Cash	1,208.40		1,784.00
Total Checking/Savings	1,208.40		1,784.00
Accounts Receivable			
Trade A/R	0.00		3,180.00
Total Accounts Receivable	0.00		3,180.00
Other Current Assets			
Inventory	0.00		286.00
Other receivable	0.00		2,976.00
Total Other Current Assets	0.00		3,262.00
Total Current Assets	1,208.40		8,226.00
TOTAL ASSETS	**1,208.40**		**8,226.00**
LIABILITIES & EQUITY			
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable			
A/P & accrued liabilities	25,134.37		8,028.00
Taxes payable	0.00		198.00
Total Accounts Payable	25,134.37		8,226.00
Total Current Liabilities	25,134.37		8,226.00
Long Term Liabilities			
Convertible promissary note	39,000.00		178,000.00
Total Long Term Liabilities	39,000.00		178,000.00
Total Liabilities	64,134.37		186,226.00
Equity			
Additional paid in capital	4,569,225.00		4,430,622.00
Common Stock	159,322.00		159,322.00
Preferred Stock	1,000.00		1,000.00
Retained Earnings	-4,785,536.43		-4,797,346.00
Net Income	-6,936.54		28,402.00
Total Equity	-62,925.97		-178,000.00
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	**1,208.40**		**8,226.00**

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.

Statements of Operations

As at March 31, 2015 and 2014

	Jan - Mar 15		Jan - Mar 14
Ordinary Income/Expense			
Income			
Sales	0.00		152,763.00
Total Income	0.00		152,763.00
Cost of Goods Sold			
Cost of sales	0.00		122,349.00
Total COGS	0.00		122,349.00
Gross Profit	0.00		30,414.00
Expense			
Administration	2,500.00		1,199.00
Automobile Expense	60.98		0.00
Dues and Licences	1,189.53		0.00
Meals and Entertainment	45.24		0.00
Office Supplies	195.72		0.00
Professional Fees	1,855.00		0.00
Selling expense	0.00		813.00
Transfer agent	675.00		0.00
Travel Expense	415.07		0.00
Total Expense	6,936.54		2,012.00
Net Ordinary Income	-6,936.54		28,402.00
Net Income	**-6,936.54**		**28,402.00**

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.

Statement of Cash Flows

As at March 31, 2015 & 2014

	Jan - Mar 15	Jan - Mar 14
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income	-6,936.54	28,402.00
Adjustments to reconcile Net Income to net cash provided by operations:		
Trade A/R		4,566.00
Inventory		1,379.00
Other receivable	1,600.00	4,274.00
A/P & accrued liabilities	5,321.82	-11,515.00
Other payables		-980.00
Taxes payable		-284.00
Net cash provided by Operating Activities	-14.72	25,842.00
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Additional paid in capital		-28,402.00
Net cash provided by Financing Activities	0.00	-28,402.00
Net cash increase for period	-14.72	-2,560.00
Cash at beginning of period	1,223.12	4,344.00
Cash at end of period	**1,208.40**	**1,784.00**

CASCADE ENERGY, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

As at March 31, 2015 & 2014

Note 1 Nature and Continuance of Operations

At December 31, 2014, the Company had a working capital deficit of $ 16,989.43 ($ 0.00 in 2013) and has incurred losses since inception totalling $ 4,797,346 and in the first quarter of 2015 this deficit increased by $ 6,936.54 and has yet to achieve profitable operations. The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on raising additional capital to fund future operations and ultimately to attain profitable operations. Accordingly, these factors raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values and classification of assets and liabilities should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. The Company was incorporated on December 23, 2003 in the State of Nevada and has adopted December 31 as its fiscal year end.

Note 2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all investment instrument purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Accounting Estimates

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements for a period necessarily involves the use of estimates which have been made using careful judgement. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The financial statements, in management's opinion, have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

Financial Instruments

The carrying values of the Company's financial instruments, consisting of cash, accounts receivable, due from related parties, accounts payable and note payable approximate their fair value due to the short maturity of such instruments. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments. The Company maintains the majority of its cash balances with one financial institution, in the form of demand deposits. For accounts receivable, the Company estimates, on a continuing basis, the probable losses and provides a provision for losses based on the estimated realizable value. The Company is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies through its operations in the United States. The Company monitors this exposure, but has no hedge positions. As at March 31, 2015, the Company had cash totalling $ 1,208.40 (2014 $ 1,784.00) held in US dollars. Fixed Assets Fixed Assets are stated at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations;
Improvements are capitalized.

The cost of fixed assets sold or otherwise disposed of and the accumulated amortization thereon is eliminated from the fixed asset and related accumulated amortization accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is credited or charged to income.

Income Taxes

The Company follows Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" which requires the use of the asset and liability method of accounting of income taxes. Under the assets and liability method of FAS 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statements carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and loss carry forwards and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Basic and Diluted Loss per Share

The Company reports basic loss per share in accordance with the FAS No. 128, "Earnings per Share". Basic loss per share is computed using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period. Instruments that can be converted to common stock have not been included in the fully diluted computations since the result would be antidilutive.

Revenues

The Company recognizes revenue from various interests. Shipping and handling costs in connection with such deliveries are included in production costs. Revenue under carried interest agreements is recorded in the period when the net proceeds become receivable, measurable and collection is reasonably assured. The time the net revenues become receivable and collection is reasonably assured and depends on the terms and conditions of the relevant agreements and the practices followed by the operator. As a result, net revenues may lag the production month by one or more months.

New Accounting Standards

Management does not believe that any recently issued but not effective accounting standards if currently adapted could have a material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Note 3 Agreement with Nano Tech West, Inc.

At a Special General Meeting Held September 30, 2014 the shareholders agreed to either merge or acquire Nano Tech West, Inc., an the basis of a share for share deal, the agreement is dependent on the company consolidating its common shares on the basis of one new share being exchanged for twenty five existing common shares (1 for 25), as of the date of these financial statements this event has not yet taken place.

Note 4 Related party transactions

During the Quarter ended March 31, 2015 Hughes Maritime Corp. (controlled by the president) charged and accrued $ 2,500 for administration (2013 nil). There were also $ 6,365 in advances payable to related parties (2013 nil).

Note 5 Income tax

As at March 31, 2015 the Company has non-capital losses sufficient to wipe out any potential tax liability.

Note 6 Convertible promissory note

On 26 June 2012 the company executed a convertible promissory note in the amount of $100,000 the balance outstanding as at December 31, 2014 was $ 39,000 (2013 $ 178,000) the convertible promissory note can be converted into common shares on the basis of 1 new share for each $ 0.0001 of debt.

Note 7 Discontinued Operations

In September 2014 new management acquired control of the company, and the previous operations were discontinued at that time, and present management determined to bring the company current in its filings, and to proceed with the acquisition or merger with Nano Tech West, Inc.

Note 8 Capital Stock

On September 30, 2014, the Shareholders approved a reverse split of its common stock on the basis of 1 new share for 25 old shares. The number of shares referred to in these financial statements have not been restated until such time as the Reverse split has been accomplished. The Company's capitalization is 988,000,000 common shares, of which 159,321,890 are issued and outstanding, with a par value of $0.001 per share and 5,000,000 preferred shares, of which 1,000,000 are issued and outstanding, with a par value of $0.001 per share.

EXHIBIT 31

Certification of Chief Executive and Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Robert Hughes, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Cascade Energy Corp;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. As Chief Financial Officer, I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15(d) - 15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;

5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2015

/s/ Robert Hughes
Name: Robert Hughes
Title: Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Executive and Financial Officer)

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE AND FINANCIAL OFFICER

PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002*

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Cascade Energy, Inc.. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2015 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, Robert Hughes, Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to his knowledge, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2015

/s/ Robert Hughes
Name: Robert Hughes
Title: Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Executive and Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Cascade Energy, Inc. and will be retained by Cascade Energy, Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

* This certification is being furnished solely to accompany the Report pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company, whether made before or after the date hereof, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.